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NIST Time and Frequency Bulletin

Kelsey Rodriguez, Editor

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Abstract

The Time and Frequency Bulletin provides information on performance of time scales and a variety of broadcasts (and related information) to users of the NIST services.

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1. Time Scale Information

The values listed in the table below are based on data from the IERS, the USNO, and NIST. The UTC(USNO, MC) – UTC(NIST) values are obtained from the BIPM. UTC – UTC(NIST) data are on page 3.

0000 HOURS COORDINATED UNIVERSAL TIME						
November	MJD	UT1 –	UTC(USNO, MC) – UTC(NIST)			
2022		UTC(NIST)	(±5 ns)			
		(±1 ms)				
1	59884	-10.2 ms	+2.5 ns			
6	59889	-13.8 ms	+3.1 ns			
11	59894	-16.2 ms	+3.3ns			
16	59899	-15.3 ms	+2.1 ns			
21	59904	-17.9 ms	+0.9 ns			
26	59909	-19.7 ms	-0.3 ns			

Table 1. Variation in UT1 – UTC(NIST) and UTC(USNO, MC) – UTC(NIST) Time Scales.

The clock pulses used by the WWV, WWVH, and WWVB time-code transmissions are referenced to the UTC (NIST) time scale. Occasionally, 1 s is added to the UTC time scale. This second is called a leap second. Its purpose is to keep the UTC time scale within ± 0.9 s of the UT1 astronomical time scale, which changes slightly due to variations in the Earth's period of rotation.

Positive leap seconds, beginning at 23 h 59 min 60 s UTC and ending at 0 h 0 min 0 s UTC, were inserted in the UTC time scale on 30 June 1972, 1981, 1983, 1985, 1992-1994, 1997, 2012, 2015 and on 31 December 1972-1979, 1987, 1989, 1990, 1995, 1998, 2005, 2008, 2016.

No leap second will be introduced at the end of December 2022.

The insertion of leap seconds ensures that UT1 - UTC will always be held within ± 0.9 s. The current value of UT1 – UTC is called the DUT1 correction. DUT1 corrections are broadcast by WWV, WWVH, WWVB, and ACTS and are printed below. These corrections may be added to the received UTC time signals in order to obtain UT1.

	-0.1 s beginning 0000 UTC 17 July 2021
	-0.2 s beginning 0000 UTC 02 May 2019
	-0.1 s beginning 0000 UTC 17 January 2019
	+0.0 s beginning 0000 UTC 21 September 2018
	+0.1 s beginning 0000 UTC 15 March 2018
DUT1 = UT1 - UTC =	+0.2 s beginning 0000 UTC 30 November 2017
	+0.3 s beginning 0000 UTC 29 June 2017
	+0.4 s beginning 0000 UTC 30 March 2017
	+0.5 s beginning 0000 UTC 26 January 2017
	+0.6 s beginning 0000 UTC 01 January 2017
	-0.4 s beginning 0000 UTC 17 November 2016

Table 2. Corrections made to DUT1.

The difference between UTC(NIST) and UTC has been within ± 100 ns since July 6, 1994. The table below shows values of UTC - UTC(NIST) as supplied by the BIPM in their *Circular T* publication for recent periods where data are available. Data are given at ten-day intervals. Five-day interval data are available in *Circular T*.

0000 Hours Coordinated Universal Time							
DATE	MJD	UTC-UTC(NIST), ns					
Nov. 26, 2022	59909	-0.7					
Nov. 16, 2022	59899	1.2					
Nov. 6, 2022	59889	2.3					
Oct. 27, 2022	59879	0.8					
Oct. 17, 2022	59869	-0.8					
Oct. 7, 2022	59859	-1.3					
Sep. 27, 2022	59849	-1.9					
Sep. 17, 2022	59839	-2.6					
Sep. 07, 2022	59829	-1.8					
Aug. 28, 2022	59819	-1.1					
Aug. 18, 2022	59809	-0.7					
Aug. 8, 2022	59799	-0.8					
Jul. 29, 2022	59789	-1.5					
Jul. 19, 2022	59779	-2.4					
Jul. 9, 2022	59769	-1.8					
Jun. 29, 2022	59759	-0.4					
Jun. 19, 2022	59749	0.2					
Jun. 9, 2022	59739	0.3					
May 30, 2022	59729	-0.2					
May 20, 2022	59719	-1					
May 10, 2022	59709	0					
Apr. 30, 2022	59699	1.4					
Apr. 20, 2022	59689	1.5					
Apr. 10, 2022	59679	0.1					
Mar. 31, 2022	59669	-1.4					
Mar. 21, 2022	59659	0.3					
Mar. 11, 2022	59649	0.2					

Table 3. UTC – UTC(NIST).

2. Broadcast Outages Over Five Minutes and WWVB Phase Perturbations

OUTAGES OF 5 MINUTES OR MORE				PHASE PERTURBATIONS 2 ms					
Station	November 2022	MJD	Began UTC	Ended UTC	Freq.	November 2022	MJD	Began UTC	End UTC
WWVB	17 06	59900 59899	0156 1410	0224 1437	60 kHz 60 kHz	None			
WWV	None					None			
WWVH	None					None			

Table 4. Broadcast Outages and Phase Perturbations.

3. Notes on NIST Time Scales and Primary Standards

Primary frequency standards developed and operated by NIST are used to provide accuracy (rate) input to the BIPM and to provide the best possible realization of the SI second. Cold-atom cesium fountain frequency standards, currently NIST-F1 and NIST-F3, have served as the U.S. primary standards of time and frequency since 1999. The uncertainty of the primary standards is currently parts in 10¹⁶.

The AT1 scale is run in real-time by use of data from an ensemble of cesium standards and hydrogen masers. It is a free-running scale whose frequency is maintained as nearly constant as possible by choosing the optimum weight for each clock that contributes to the computation.

UTC is generated at the BIPM by use of a post-processed time-scale algorithm and is not available in real-time. The parameters that we use to generate UTC(NIST) in real-time are therefore based on an extrapolation of UTC from the most recent available data.

UTC(NIST) is generated as an offset from our real-time scale AT1. Time steps are never used. Instead, the frequency is steered so that the time output remains close to UTC. This is accomplished by using data published by the BIPM in its *Circular T* and by weekly estimates of UTC, which are published by the BIPM as rapid UTC or UTCr. Changes in the frequency may be made as often as once per week and are limited to $\pm 2.3 \times 10^{-14}$. The frequency of UTC(NIST) is kept as stable as possible at other times.

4. UTC NIST – AT1 Parameters

Table 5 lists parameters that are used to define UTC(NIST) with respect to our real-time scale AT1. To find the value of UTC(NIST) – AT1 at any time T (expressed as a Modified Julian Date, including a fraction if needed), the appropriate equation to use is the one for which the desired T is greater than or equal to the entry in the T_0 column and less than the entry in the last column.

The values of x_{ls} , x, and y for that month are then used in the equation below to find the desired value. The parameters x and y represent the offsets in time and frequency, respectively, between UTC(NIST) and AT1; the parameter x_{ls} is the number of leap seconds applied to both UTC(NIST) and UTC, as specified by the IERS. Leap seconds are not applied to AT1.

$UTC(NIST) - AT1 = x_{ls} + x + y(T - T_0)$							
Month	$x_{ m ls}$	x	У	T_0	Valid until 0000 on:		
Wiontin	(s)	(ns)	(ns/d)	(MJD)	(MJD)		
Nov 22	-37	-520002.44	-37.88†	59907	59914		
Nov 22	-37	-519513.25	-37.63†	59894	59907		
Nov 22	-37	-519210.61	-37.83†	59886	59894		
Nov 22	-37	-519134.55	-38.03	59884	59886		
Oct 22	-37	-518411.98	-38.03†	59865	59884		
Oct 22	-37	-518146.47	-37.93†	59858	59865		
Oct 22	-37	-517956.07	-38.08	59853	59858		
Sep 22	-37	-517346.79	-38.08†	59837	59853*		
Sep 22	-37	-517157.14	-37.93†	59832	59837		
Sep 22	-37	-516816.22	-37.88	59823	59832		
Aug 22	-37	-515641.94	-37.88	59792	59823		
Jul 22	-37	-515225.26	-37.88†	59781	59792		
Jul 22	-37	-514961.15	-37.73†	59774	59781		
Jul 22	-37	-514698.44	-37.53†	59767	59774		
Jul 22	-37	-514473.86	-37.43	59761	59767		
Jun 22	-37	-513912.41	-37.43†	59746	59761		
Jun 22	-37	-513389.79	-37.33†	59732	59746		
Jun 22	-37	-513352.36	-37.43	59731	59732		
May 22	-37	-512603.76	-37.43†	59711	59731		
May 22	-37	-512193.13	-37.33	59700	59711		
Apr 22	-37	-512081.14	-37.33†	59697	59700		
Apr 22	-37	-511818.78	-37.48†	59690	59697		
Apr 22	-37	-511065.18	-37.68	59670	59690		
Mar 22	-37	-510501.48	-37.58†	59655	59670		
Mar 22	-37	-509897	-37.78	59639	59655		
Feb 22	-37	-508916.12	-37.63†	59613	59620		
Feb 22	-37	-508841	-37.56	59611	59613		
Jan 22	-37	-508127.36	-37.56†	59592	59611		
Jan 22	-37	-507675.44	-37.66	59580	59592		
Dec 21	-37	-506507.98	37.66	59549	59580		
Nov 21	-37	-506018.4	-37.66†	59536	59549		
Nov 21	-37	-505754.08	-37.76†	59529	59536		
Nov 21	-37	-505490.46	-37.66†	59522	59529		

Table 5. UTC(NIST) - AT1.

† Rate change in mid-month

*Provisional value

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Appendix A. List of Symbols, Abbreviations, and Acronyms

ACTS

Automated Computer Time Service

BIPM

Bureau International des Poids et Mesures

GPS

Global Positioning System

IERS International Earth Rotation Service

MC Master Clock

min minute

MJD Modified Julian Date

ms Millisecond

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology

ns Nanosecond

SI International System of Units

TA Atomic Time

TAI

International Atomic Time

S

Second

USNO United States Naval Observatory

UT1 Universal Time (Astronomical)

UTC

Coordinated Universal Time

μs

Microsecond