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Withdrawn Publication			
Series/Number	NIST SP 800-140D		
Title	CMVP Approved Sensitive Parameter Generation and Establishment Methods:		
	CMVP Validation Authority Updates to ISO/IEC 24759		
Publication Date(s)	March 2020		
Withdrawal Date	May 20, 2022		
Withdrawal Note	NIST SP 800-140D is superseded in its entirety by the publication of NIST SP		
	800-140Dr1		
Superseding Publication(s) (if applicable)			
The attached publication has been superseded by the following publication(s):			
Series/Number	NIST SP 800-140Dr1		
Title	CMVP Approved Sensitive Parameter Generation and Establishment Methods:		
	CMVP Validation Authority Updates to ISO/IEC 24759		
Author(s)	Kim Schaffer; Alexander Calis		
Publication Date(s)	May 2022		
URL/DOI	https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-140Dr1		
Additional Information (if applicable)			
Contact	Computer Security Division (Information Technology Laboratory)		
Latest revision of the			
attached publication			
Related Information	https://csrc.nist.gov/publications/detail/sp/800-140d/rev-1/final		
	https://nist.gov/cmvp		
Withdrawal			



Date updated: May 20, 2022

Announcement Link

NIST Special Publication 800-140D

CMVP Approved Sensitive Security Parameter Generation and Establishment Methods:

CMVP Validation Authority Updates to ISO/IEC 24759

Kim Schaffer

This publication is available free of charge from: https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-140D

INFORMATION SECURITY



NIST Special Publication 800-140D

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CMVP Validation Authority Updates to ISO/IEC 24759

Kim Schaffer Computer Security Division Information Technology Laboratory

This publication is available free of charge from: https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-140D

March 2020



U.S. Department of Commerce Wilbur L. Ross, Jr., Secretary

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National Institute of Standards and Technology Special Publication 800-140D Natl. Inst. Stand. Technol. Spec. Publ. 800-140D, 10 pages (March 2020) CODEN: NSPUE2

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Abstract

NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-140D replaces the approved sensitive security parameter generation and establishment methods of ISO/IEC 19790 Annex D. As a validation authority, the Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) may supersede this Annex in its entirety. This document supersedes ISO/IEC 19790 Annex D and ISO/IEC 24759 paragraph 6.16.

Keywords

Cryptographic Module Validation Program; CMVP; FIPS 140 testing; FIPS 140-3; ISO/IEC 19790; ISO/IEC 24759; sensitive security parameter establishment methods; sensitive security parameter generation; testing requirement; vendor evidence; vendor documentation.

Audience

This document is focused toward the vendors, testing labs, and CMVP for the purpose of addressing issues in cryptographic module testing.

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1 Scope

This document specifies the Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) approved sensitive security parameter generation and establishment methods and supersedes those specified in ISO/IEC 19790 Annex D and ISO/IEC 24759 paragraph 6.16.

2 Normative references

This section identifies the normative references cited as ISO/IEC 19790 and ISO/IEC 24759. The specific editions to be used are ISO/IEC 19790:2012 and ISO/IEC 24759:2017. Please note that the version 19790:2012 referenced here includes the corrections made in 2015.

National Institute of Standards and Technology (2019) *Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules*. (U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC), Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS) 140-3. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.140-3

3 Terms and definitions

The following terms and definitions supersede or are in addition to ISO/IEC 19790 and ISO/IEC 24759.

None at this time

4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

The following symbols and abbreviated terms supersede or are in addition to ISO/IEC 19790 and ISO/IEC 24759 throughout this document:

CCCS	Canadian Centre for Cyber Security
CMVP	Cryptographic Module Validation Program
CSD	Computer Security Division
CSTL	Cryptographic and Security Testing Laboratory
FIPS	Federal Information Processing Standard
FISMA	Federal Information Security Management/Modernization Act
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
SP 800-XXX	NIST Special Publication 800 series document

5 Document organization

5.1 General

Section 6 of this document replaces the approved sensitive security parameter generation and establishment methods of ISO/IEC 19790 Annex D and ISO/IEC 24759 paragraph 6.16.

5.2 Modifications

Modifications will follow a similar format to that used in ISO/IEC 24759. For additions to test requirements, new Test Evidence (TEs) or Vendor Evidence (VEs) will be listed by increasing the "sequence_number." Modifications can include a combination of additions using <u>underline</u> and deletions using <u>strikethrough</u>. If no changes are required, the paragraph will indicate "No change."

6 CMVP-approved sensitive security parameter generation and establishment requirements

6.1 Purpose

This document identifies CMVP-approved sensitive security parameter generation and establishment methods. It precludes the use of all other sensitive security parameter generation and establishment methods.

6.2 Sensitive security parameter generation and establishment methods

6.2.1 Transitions

Barker EB, Roginsky AL (2019) *Transitioning the Use of Cryptographic Algorithms and Key Lengths*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-131A, Rev. 2. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-131Ar2

• Sections relevant to this Annex: 1, 5, 6, 7, and 8.

6.2.2 Key Establishment Techniques

- 1. National Institute of Standards and Technology (2013) Digital Signature Standard (DSS). (U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC), Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS) 186-4. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.FIPS.186-4
 - DSA, RSA, and ECDSA.

- **Note**. For the purposes of the key establishment techniques, the Digital Signature Standard is only used to define the domain parameters and the (private, public) keypair generation.
- 2. Barker EB, Chen L, Roginsky AL, Vassilev A, Davis R (2018) *Recommendation for Pair-Wise Key-Establishment Schemes Using Discrete Logarithm Cryptography*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-56A, Rev. 3. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-56Ar3
- 3. Barker EB, Chen L, Roginsky AL, Vassilev A, Davis R, Simon S (2019) Recommendation for Pair-Wise Key-Establishment Using Integer Factorization Cryptography. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-56B, Rev. 2. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-56Br2
- 4. Chen L (2009) Recommendation for Key Derivation Using Pseudorandom Functions (Revised). (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-108, Revised. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-108
- 5. Sönmez Turan M, Barker EB, Burr WE, Chen L (2010) *Recommendation for Password-Based Key Derivation: Part 1: Storage Applications*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-132. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-132
- 6. Dang QH (2011) Recommendation for Existing Application-Specific Key Derivation Functions. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-135, Rev. 1. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-135r1
- 7. Barker EB, Chen L, Davis R (2018) *Recommendation for Key-Derivation Methods in Key-Establishment Schemes*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-56C, Rev. 1. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-56Cr1
- 8. Chen L (2011) Recommendation for Key-Derivation through Extraction-then-Expansion. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-56C. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-56C
- 9. Dworkin MJ (2012) Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation: Methods for Key Wrapping. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-38F. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-38F
- 10. Barker EB, Roginsky AL (2019) *Recommendation for Cryptographic Key Generation*. (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-133, Rev. 1. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-133r1
- 11. Barker EB, Kelsey J (2015) Recommendation for Random Number Generation Using Deterministic Random Bit Generators. (National Institute of Standards and Technology,

Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-90A, Rev. 1. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-90Ar1

12. Sonmez Turan M, Barker EB, Kelsey J, McKay KA, Baish, ML, Boyle M (2018) *Recommendation for Entropy Sources Used for Random Number Generation.* (National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD), NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-90B. https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-90B

Document Revisions

Date	Change