

CRPL-F51

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IONOSPHERIC DATA

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**PREPARED BY CENTRAL RADIO PROPAGATION LABORATORY
National Bureau of Standards
Washington, D.C.**

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TERMINOLOGY AND SCALING PRACTICES

The symbols and terminology used in this report are those adopted by the International Radio Propagation Conference, and given in detail on pages 24 to 26 of the report IRPL-C61, "Report of International Radio Propagation Conference," and in the section on "Terminology" in report IRPL-F5.

Beginning with IRPL-F14 the symbol L, defined as follows, is used in detailed tabulations of hourly values of ionosphere characteristics observed at Washington:

L or l = critical frequency, muf, or muf factor for F1 layer omitted because no definite and abrupt change in slope of the $h'f$ curve occurs either for the first reflection or for any of the multiples.

In the past, ionospheric conditions were summarized on a monthly basis by using average or mean values for each hour of the day for each month. However, following the recommendations of the International Radio Propagation Conference, held in Washington April 17 to May 5, 1944, beginning with data for January 1, 1945, median values are published wherever possible.

Where averages are reported, they are, at any hour, the average for all the days during the month for which numerical data exist.

The monthly median values used here are the values equaled or exceeded on half the days of the month at the given hour. The following conventions are used in determining the medians for hours when no measured values are given because of equipment limitations and ionospheric irregularities. Symbols used are those given in the report referred to above, IRPL-C61.

a. For all ionospheric characteristics:

Values missing because of A, B, C, or F (see terminology referred to above) are omitted from the median count.

b. For critical frequencies and virtual heights:

Values of f^oF2 (and f^oE near sunrise and sunset) missing because of E are counted as equal to or less than the lower limit of the recorder. Values of $h'F2$ (and $h'E$ near sunrise and sunset) missing for this reason are counted as equal to or greater than the median. Other characteristics missing because of E are omitted from the median count. See CRPL-F38, page 9.

Values missing because of D are counted as equal to or greater than the upper limit of the recorder.

Values missing because of G are counted:

1. For f^oF2 , as equal to or less than f^oF1 .

2. For $h'F2$, as equal to or greater than the median.

Values missing for any other reason are omitted from the median count.

c. For muf factors (M-factors):

Values missing because of G are counted as equal to or less than the median.

Values missing for any other reason are omitted from the median count.

d. For sporadic E (Es):

Values of fEs missing because no Es reflections appeared, the equipment functioning normally otherwise, are counted as equal to or less than the median $f^{\circ}E$, or equal to or less than the lower frequency count of the recorder.

Values of fEs missing for any other reason, and values of hEs missing for any reason at all are omitted from the median count.

Beginning with data for November 1945, doubtful monthly median values for ionospheric observations at Washington, D. C., are indicated by parentheses, in accordance with the practice already in use for doubtful hourly values. The following are the conventions used to determine whether or not a median value is doubtful:

1. If only four values or less are available, the data are considered insufficient and no median value is computed.

2. For the F2 layer, if only five to nine values are available, the median is considered doubtful. The E and F1 layers are so regular in their characteristics that, as long as there are at least five values, the median is not considered doubtful.

3. For all layers, if more than half of the values used to compute the median are doubtful (either doubtful or interpolated), the median is considered doubtful.

The same conventions are used by the CRPL in computing the medians from tabulations of daily and hourly data for stations other than Washington, beginning with the tables in IRPL-F18.

Beginning with CRPL-F33, an additional group of symbols is used in recording the Washington, D. C., data. The list of additional symbols and their meanings follows:

N - unable to make logical interpretation.

P - trace extrapolated to a critical frequency.

Q - the F1 layer not present as a distinct layer.

R - curve becomes incoherent near the F2 critical frequency.

S - no observation obtainable because of interference.

V - forked record

Z - triple split near critical frequency.

For a more detailed explanation of the meaning and use of these symbols, see the report CRPL-7-1, "Preliminary Instructions for Obtaining and Reducing Manual Ionospheric Records."

MONTHLY AVERAGE AND MEDIAN VALUES OF WORLD-WIDE IONOSPHERIC DATA

The ionospheric data given here in tables 1 to 36 and figures 1 to 71 were assembled by the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory for analysis and correlation, incidental to CRPL predictions of radio propagation conditions. The data are median values unless otherwise indicated. The following are the sources of the data in this issue:

Australian Council for Scientific and Industrial Research,
Radio Research Board:

Brisbane, Australia
Canberra, Australia
Hobart, Tasmania

Australian Department of Supply and Shipping, Bureau of
Mineral Resources, Geophysical Section:
Watheroo, W. Australia

British Department of Scientific and Industrial Research,
Radio Research Board:
Lindau/Harz, Germany

Canadian Radio Wave Propagation Committee:
Ottawa, Canada
St. John's, Newfoundland

South African Council for Scientific and Industrial Research:
Johannesburg, Union of S. Africa
Capetown, Union of S. Africa

National Bureau of Standards (Central Radio Propagation Laboratory):
Baton Rouge, Louisiana (Louisiana State University)
Boston, Massachusetts (Harvard University)
Guam I.
Huancayo, Peru (Instituto Geofisico de Huancayo)
Maui, Hawaii
Palmyra I.
San Francisco, California (Stanford University)
San Juan, Puerto Rico (University of Puerto Rico)
Trinidad, British West Indies
Washington, D. C.
White Sands, New Mexico
Wuchang, China (National Wuhan University)

All India Radio (Government of India), New Delhi, India:
Bombay, India
Delhi, India
Madras, India

Radio Wave Research Laboratory, Central Broadcasting Administration:

Chungking, China
Lanchow, China
Nanking, China
Peiping, China

French Ministry of Naval Armaments (Section for Scientific Research):

Fribourg, Germany

National Laboratory of Radio-Electricity (French Ionospheric Bureau):

Bagneux, France

Philippine Republic, Radio Control Division, Department of Commerce
and Industry:

Leyte, Philippine Is.

The tables and graphs of ionospheric data are correct for the values reported to the CRPL, but, because of variations in practice in the interpretation of records and scaling and manner of reporting of values, may at times give an erroneous conception of typical ionospheric characteristics at the station. Some of the errors are due to:

- a. Differences in scaling records when spread echoes are present.
- b. Omission of values when f^0F2 is less than or equal to f^0F1 , leading to erroneously high values of monthly averages or median values.
- c. Omission of values when critical frequencies are less than the lower frequency limit of the recorder, also leading to erroneously high values of monthly average or median values.

These effects were discussed on pages 6 and 7 of the previous F-series report IRPL-F5.

The dashed-line prediction curves of the graphs of ionospheric data are obtained from the predicted zero-muf contour charts of the CRPL-D series publications. The following points are worthy of note:

- a. Predictions for individual stations used to construct the charts may be more accurate than the values read from the charts since some smoothing of the contours is necessary to allow for the longitude effect within a zone. Thus, inasmuch as the predicted contours are for the center of each zone, part of the discrepancy between the predicted and observed values as given in the F series may be caused by the fact that the station is not centrally located within the zone.
- b. The final presentation of the predictions is dependent upon the latest available ionospheric and radio propagation data, as well as upon predicted sunspot number.

- c. There is no indication on the graphs of the relative reliability of the data; it is necessary to consult the tables for such information.

The following predicted smoothed 12-month running-average Zürich sunspot numbers were used in constructing the contour charts:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Predicted Sunspot No.</u>			
	<u>1948</u>	<u>1947</u>	<u>1946</u>	<u>1945</u>
December	126	85	38	
November	124	83	36	
October	116	119	81	23
September	117	121	79	22
August	123	122	77	20
July	125	116	73	
June	129	112	67	
May	130	109	67	
April	133	107	62	
March	133	105	51	
February	133	90	46	
January	130	88	42	

IONOSPHERIC DATA FOR EVERY DAY AND HOUR AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

The data given in tables 37 to 48 follow the scaling practices given in the report IRPL-C61, "Report of International Radio Propagation Conference," pages 36 to 39, and the median values are determined by the conventions given above under "Terminology and Scaling Practices."

IONOSPHERE DISTURBANCES

Table 49 presents ionosphere character figures for Washington, D. C., during October 1948, as determined by the criteria presented in the report IRPL-R5, "Criteria for Ionospheric Storminess," together with Cheltenham, Maryland, geomagnetic K-figures, which are usually covariant with them.

Table 50 lists for the stations whose locations are given the sudden ionosphere disturbances observed on the continuous field intensity recordings made at the Sterling Radio Propagation Laboratory during October 1948.

Table 51 lists for the stations whose locations are given the sudden ionosphere disturbances observed at the Point Reyes, California, receiving station of RCA Communications, Inc., for October 15 and 18, 1948.

Table 52 lists for the stations whose locations are given the sudden ionosphere disturbances observed at the Prentwood and Somerton, England, receiving stations of Cable and Wireless, Ltd., for October 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, and 13, 1948.

Table 53 lists for the stations whose locations are given the sudden ionosphere disturbances observed at the Platanos, Argentina, receiving station of the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation for August 1 and 5, and September 16, 1948.

Table 54 gives provisional radio propagation quality figures for the North Atlantic and North Pacific areas, for Cl to 12 and 13 to 24 GCT, September 1948, compared with the CRPL daily radio disturbance warnings, which are primarily for the North Atlantic paths, the CRPL weekly radio propagation forecasts of probable disturbed periods, and the half-day Cheltenham, Maryland, geomagnetic K-figures.

The radio propagation quality figures are prepared from radio traffic and ionospheric data reported to the CRPL, in a manner basically the same as that described in IRPL-R31, "North Atlantic Radio Propagation Disturbances, October 1943 through October 1945," issued February 1, 1946. The scale conversions for each report are revised for use with the data beginning January 1948, and statistical weighting replaces what was, in effect, subjective weighting. Separate master distribution curves of the type described in IRPL-R31 were derived for the part of 1946 covered by each report; data received only since 1946 are compared with the master curve for the period of the available data. A report whose distribution is the same as the master is thereby converted linearly to the Q-figure scale. Each report is given a statistical weight which is the reciprocal of the departure from linearity. The half-daily radio propagation quality figure, beginning January 1948, is the weighted mean of the reports received for that period.

These radio propagation quality figures give a consensus of opinion of actual radio propagation conditions as reported by the half day over the two general areas. It should be borne in mind, however, that though the quality may be disturbed according to the CRPL scale, the cause of the disturbance is not necessarily known. There are many variables that must be considered. In addition to ionospheric storminess itself as the cause, conditions may be reported as disturbed because of seasonal characteristics, such as are particularly evident in the pronounced day and night contrast over North Pacific paths during the winter months, or because of improper frequency usage for the path and time of day in question. Insofar as possible, frequency usage is included in rating the reports. Where the actual frequency is not shown in the report to the CRPL, it has been assumed that the report is made on the use of optimum working frequencies for the path and time of day in question. Since there is a possibility that all the disturbance shown by the quality figures is not due to ionospheric storminess alone, care should be taken in using the quality figures in research correlations with solar, auroral, geomagnetic, or other data. Nevertheless, these quality figures do reflect a consensus of opinion of actual radio propagation conditions as found on any one half day in either of the two general areas.

AMERICAN AND ZÜRICH PROVISIONAL RELATIVE SUNSPOT NUMBERS

Table 55 presents the daily American relative sunspot number, R_A , computed from observations communicated to CRPL by observers in America and abroad. Beginning with the observations for January 1948, a new method of reduction of observations is employed such that each observer is assigned a scale-determining "observatory coefficient," ultimately referred to Zürich observations in a standard period, December 1944 to September 1945, and a statistical weight, the reciprocal of the variance of the observatory coefficient. The daily numbers listed in the table are the weighted means of all observations received for each day. Details of the procedure will be published shortly. The American relative sunspot number computed in this way is designated R_A . It is noted that a number of observatories abroad, including the Zürich observatory, are included in R_A . The scale of R_A was referred specifically to that of the Zürich relative sunspot numbers in the standard comparison period; since that time, R_A is influenced by the Zürich observations only in that Zürich proves to be a consistent observer and receives a high statistical weight. In addition, this table lists the daily provisional Zürich sunspot numbers, R_Z .

SOLAR CORONAL INTENSITIES OBSERVED AT CLIMAX, COLORADO

In tables 56a and 56b are listed the intensities of the green (5303A) line of the emission spectrum of the solar corona as observed during October 1948 by the High Altitude Observatory of Harvard University and the University of Colorado at Climax, Colorado, for east and west limbs, respectively, at 5° intervals of position angle north and south of the solar equator at the limb computed to the nearest 5° . A correction, P , as listed, has been applied to the position angles of the actual observations which were on astronomical coordinates. The time of observation is given to the nearest tenth of a day, GCT. The tables of coronal observations in CRPL-F29 to F41 listed the data on astronomical coordinates; the present format on solar rotation coordinates is in conformity with the tables of CRPL-1-4, "Observations of the Solar Corona at Climax, 1944-46."

Tables 57a and 57b give similarly the intensities of the first red (6374A) coronal line; tables 58a and 58b list the intensities of the second red (6704A) coronal line. The following symbols are used in tables 56, 57, and 58: a, observation of low weight; -, corona not visible; and x, position angle not included in plate estimates.

NOTE ON $f^{\circ}F_1$ AT TROPICAL STATIONS

Mr. R. F. Carle, engineer-in-charge of the CRPL Trinidad Radio Propagation Field Station, has called attention to a phenomenon that is often observed on ionosphere records at Trinidad and other tropical ionosphere stations. Fig. A illustrates the phenomenon.

F_1 ORDINARY WAVE EXTRAPOLATED TO $f^{\circ}F_1$

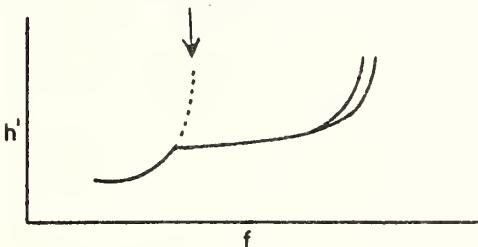


Fig. A

F_1 EXTRAORDINARY WAVE EXTRAPOLATED TO $f \times F_1$

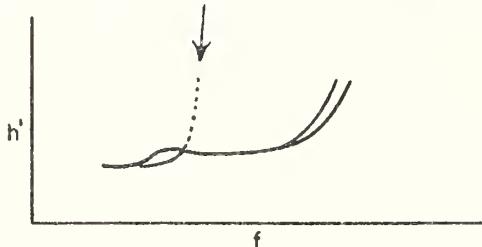


Fig. B

There is a definite change of slope of the $h'f$ curve where the F_1 and F_2 traces intersect. However, the slope of the F_1 part of the curve does not approach the vertical at the change of slope as it should near a critical frequency. Also, no retardation is observed in the F_2 part of the curve near the change in slope.

This indicates that the F_2 -layer ionization overlaps that of the F_1 layer, with greater F_2 -layer ionization extending below the level of maximum F_1 ionization. Therefore, in cases of this type, the convention of taking the change of slope as $f^{\circ}F_1$ gives an erroneous value, since, presumably, the actual $f^{\circ}F_1$ would be observed at a higher frequency if the F_2 -layer ionization did not obscure it.

In the future, in cases of this type, it is recommended that the F_1 trace be extrapolated to obtain the $f^{\circ}F_1$, as indicated by the dotted line of Fig. A. Of course, the $f^{\circ}F_1$ obtained in this way is doubtful, and should be recorded in parentheses on the tabulation sheet, accompanied by the symbol P. The usual care should be taken to avoid extrapolating too far. When available, the extraordinary-wave trace may assist in the interpretation of this phenomenon, as indicated in Fig. B. In cases of this type, the doubtful deduced value of $f^{\circ}F_1$ should be recorded in parentheses on the tabulation sheet with the symbols, J and P.

This recommendation applies only to the type of record considered here. Established practice should be followed in scaling records showing retardation in the F2 trace near the f^oF1, and in cases where the change of slope between F1 and F2 is gradual.

Since the phenomenon considered here is a common occurrence at Trinidad and other tropical stations, median values of f^oF1 reported in the past from these locations are probably too low.

ERRATA

1. CRPL-F50, p. 15, table 21: f^oF2 column at 07 should read 9.6; p. 52, fig. 41: The corresponding change should be made in the curve.
2. CRPL-F50, p. 16, table 25: f^oE column at 06 should read 2.5.
3. CRPL-F50, p. 19, table 38: In the F2-M3000 column, all values should be inclosed in parentheses.

TABLES OF IONOSPHERIC DATA

Table 1

Washington, D.C. (39.0°N , 77.5°W)

October 1948

Time	h'F2	f ^o F2	h'F1	f ^o F1	h'E	f ^o E	fEs	F2-M3000
00	270	5.3				2.8		
01	270	5.2				2.8		
02	260	4.7				(2.8)		
03	250	4.7				2.8		
04	250	4.2				2.8		
05	250	3.7				2.8		
06	250	4.1				2.9		
07	230	6.8			110	2.1		
08	230	8.8			100	2.8		
09	240	9.8	215	4.2	100	3.1		
10	240	10.6	210	4.6	100	(3.3)		
11	250	11.0	210		100	(3.3)		
12	260	11.5	210		100	3.5		
13	255	11.6	220		100	3.4		
14	250	11.4	220		100	3.3		
15	240	(11.5)	230		100	3.1		
16	230	(10.9)	230		100	2.7		
17	230	(9.8)			110	2.1		
18	220	(9.3)				3.2		
19	220	8.2				3.1		
20	230	7.1				3.0		
21	240	6.4				2.9		
22	250	(5.9)				2.9		
23	250	5.6				2.8		

Time: 75.0°W .

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 15 seconds.

Table 2

Lindau/Harz, Germany (51.6°N , 10.1°E)

September 1948

Time	h'F2	f ^o F2	h'F1	f ^o F1	h'E	f ^o E	fEs	F2-M3000
00	300	5.6						3.2
01	300	6.4						3.2
02	300	4.9						3.1
03	300	4.6						3.2
04	300	4.4						3.2
05	290	4.0						3.2
06	280	5.2						3.4
07	215	6.7	205			110	2.4	3.3
08	215	7.6	205			105	2.8	3.4
09	215	7.9	200	4.7		105	3.1	3.6
10	215	8.4	200	4.8	100	3.3	4.0	
11	220	9.1	200	4.8	100	3.4	3.8	
12	270	9.6	200	4.9	100	3.4	3.8	
13	215	9.1	200	4.9	100	3.5	3.5	
14	220	9.2	200		100	3.4	3.4	
15	220	9.2	200		100	3.2	3.4	
16	220	9.4	205		100	3.0	3.6	
17	225	9.4			105	2.6	3.4	
18	220	9.6			110			
19	225	9.0						3.4
20	220	8.0						3.5
21	230	6.8						3.2
22	250	6.0						3.3
23	300	5.8						3.0

Time: 15.0°E .

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 16.0 Mc in 12 minutes.

Table 3

St. John's Newfoundland (47.6°N , 52.7°W)

September 1948

Time	h'F2	f ^o F2	h'F1	f ^o F1	h'E	f ^o E	fEs	F2-M3000
00	280	4.7				2.9		
01	280	4.2				2.9		
02	280	3.9				2.9		
03	280	3.7				2.9		
04	270	3.6				3.0		
05	270	3.6				3.0		
06	265	5.0			110	2.0		
07	260	6.2	240	3.8	110	2.4		
08	260	7.1	230	4.2	110	2.9		
09	275	8.1	230	4.6	115	3.2		
10	280	8.2	230	4.9	110	3.4		
11	275	8.8	220	5.0	110	3.6		
12	300	8.9	220	5.2	110	3.6		
13	300	9.2	225	5.1	110	3.6		
14	280	9.6	230	4.8	110	3.5		
15	270	9.4	230	4.7	110	3.3		
16	260	9.4	240	4.2	110	2.9		
17	260	9.6	250	4.0	110	2.6		
18	260	9.5			110	2.0	1.6	
19	240	8.6				2.0		
20	230	7.5				2.8		
21	240	6.6				2.8		
22	260	5.8				2.8		
23	280	5.0				2.8		

Time: 52.5°W .

Sweep: 1.2 Mc to 20.0 Mc, manual operation.

Table 4

Ottawa, Canada (45.5°N , 75.8°W)

September 1948

Time	h'F2	f ^o F2	h'F1	f ^o F1	h'E	f ^o E	fEs	F2-M3000
00	360	5.0						2.5
01	355	4.6						2.6
02	365	4.6						2.6
03	360	4.4						2.7
04	360	4.2						2.7
05	340	4.3						2.7
06	305	5.1						2.8
07	280	6.3						2.9
08	280	7.4	250	4.3		3.1		2.9
09	290	8.1	240	4.8	120	3.3		2.8
10	290	8.8	220	4.9	120	3.6		2.8
11	300	9.4	230	5.1	120	3.7		2.7
12	300	9.1	230	5.2	120	3.6		2.7
13	320	9.5	240	5.2	120	3.6		2.6
14	310	9.3	240	5.2	120			2.7
15	285	9.0	240	5.0				2.7
16	270	9.1	250	4.6				2.7
17	280	9.2						2.7
18	280	9.0						2.7
19	280	8.3						2.6
20	290	7.4						2.7
21	310	6.8						2.7
22	340	5.9						2.6
23	350	5.5						2.5

Time: 75.0°W .

Sweep: 1.7 Mc to 18.0 Mc, manual operation.

Table 5

Boston, Massachusetts (42.4°N , 71.2°W)

September 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-N3000
00	298	5.6				2.6		
01	300	5.0				2.6		
02	305	4.8				2.6		
03	290	4.5				2.6		
04	290	4.4				2.7		
05	275	4.8				2.8		
06	275	5.1				2.0		
07	265	6.6				2.9		
08	270	7.3				3.0		
09	285	7.2	242	4.9		3.0		
10	295	7.2	245	5.0		2.9		
11	340	7.5	250	5.1		2.8		
12	328	7.2	262	5.4		2.8		
13	305	7.5	270	5.2		2.8		
14	280	7.4	280	4.8		2.8		
15	275	7.6				2.9		
16	275	8.3				2.9		
17	260	8.2				3.0		
18	260	8.3				2.9		
19	268	7.0				2.8		
20	275	6.6				2.7		
21	285	6.4				2.7		
22	295	6.2				2.6		
23	290	6.0				2.6		

Time: 75.0°W .

Sweep: 0.8 Mc to 14.0 Mc in 1 minute.

Table 6

San Francisco, California (37.4°N , 122.2°W)

September 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-N3000
00	300	4.8						2.5
01	310	4.8						2.5
02	300	4.7						2.5
03	300	4.7						2.5
04	290	4.5						2.6
05	300	4.4						2.6
06	260	5.4						2.8
07	240	7.6						3.0
08	240	8.7	230		120	2.6		3.0
09	260	9.3	220		120	3.4		3.0
10	275	9.4	220		120	3.6		2.8
11	280	10.1	220	5.2	120	3.8		2.7
12	300	10.5	220	5.4	120	3.8		2.6
13	300	10.8	220		120	3.7		2.7
14	280	10.6	220	5.1	120	3.7		2.7
15	260	10.3	230		120	3.5		2.8
16	240	10.0	220		120	3.2		2.9
17	210	9.6			120	2.6		3.0
18	240	9.2						3.0
19	230	8.0						2.9
20	240	6.6						2.9
21	240	5.8						2.8
22	270	5.0						2.7
23	280	4.9						2.6

Time: 120.0°W .

Sweep: 1.3 Mc to 18.5 Mc in 4 minutes 30 seconds.

Table 7

White Sands, New Mexico (32.3°N , 106.5°W)

September 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-N3000
00	300	5.2				2.5		
01	300	5.2				2.5		
02	285	5.3				2.6		
03	230	5.0				2.6		
04	275	5.0				2.6		
05	280	4.8				2.6		
06	260	6.2	120	(1.9)	3.0	2.8		
07	240	8.4	120	2.6	4.2	3.1		
08	240	9.4	225	1.0	3.1	4.3	3.0	
09	230	9.6	220	5.0	110	3.4	4.2	
10	290	10.0	220	5.4	120	3.7	4.3	
11	315	10.4	220	5.5	120	3.8	2.7	
12	320	11.0	220	5.6	120	3.8	2.7	
13	310	11.4	220	5.4	120	3.8	2.7	
14	300	11.4	225	5.4	120	3.7	2.7	
15	280	11.0	225	5.0	110	3.5	2.7	
16	255	10.9	230	110	3.1	3.9	2.8	
17	240	10.4	120	2.5	3.4	2.9		
18	240	10.0	110	(1.8)	2.7	3.0		
19	220	8.3			1.9	2.9		
20	240	6.9				2.8		
21	250	5.9				2.7		
22	280	5.5				2.7		
23	280	5.3				2.6		

Time: 105.0°W .

Sweep: 0.79 Mc to 17.0 Mc in 2 minutes.

Table 8

Wuchang, China (30.6°N , 114.4°E)

September 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-N3000
00	260	8.2						2.4
01	270	7.8						2.9
02	250	7.2						3.0
03	250	6.6						2.9
04	245	5.9						3.0
05	250	5.1						2.9
06	255	6.6						3.1
07	230	9.0						3.4
08	230	10.5						3.3
09	225	10.5						3.2
10	260	11.2	212	5.6	100	3.4	4.5	
11	262	12.2	210	5.9	100	3.7	4.2	
12	280	13.5	210	5.4	100	3.9		
13	290	13.8	210	5.4	100	3.8		
14	290	14.2	220	5.6	100	3.8		
15	265	15.2	225	5.4	100	3.6	4.0	
16	265	15.3	220	5.0	100	3.3	3.0	
17	240	14.0				100	2.9	
18	242	13.2					3.4	
19	240	12.5					3.0	
20	230	12.0					3.5	
21	245	10.0					2.8	
22	255	9.0					2.6	
23	265	9.2					2.8	

Time: 120.0°E .

Sweep: 1.2 Mc to 19.0 Mc in 15 minutes, automatic operation.

Table 9

Baton Rouge, Louisiana (30.5°N, 91.2°W)

September 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}Es$	F2-N3000
00	300	5.5				2.8		
01	300	5.4				2.8		
02	300	5.4				2.8		
03	300	5.2				2.8		
04	290	5.2				2.8		
05	290	5.1				2.9		
06	270	6.3				3.1		
07	260	8.6	230		120	2.6	3.2	
08	260	9.4	220		120	3.2	3.1	
09	280	10.0	220		120	(3.6)	3.1	
10	290	10.2	220		110	(3.6)	3.0	
11	300	11.2	(225)		110	(3.7)	2.9	
12	310	11.2			110	(3.6)	2.9	
13	310	11.6			120	(3.7)	2.9	
14	305	11.7	230		110		2.9	
15	295	11.6	230		115	(3.5)	2.9	
16	290	11.0	230		120	3.2	2.9	
17	265	10.6	230		120	2.7	3.0	
18	230	10.0				3.0		
19	220	8.0				3.1		
20	245	6.9				3.0		
21	275	6.3				2.9		
22	280	6.2				2.9		
23	290	5.7				2.9		

Time: 90.0°W.

Sweep: 2.12 Mc to 15.3 Mc in 8 minutes 30 seconds, automatic operation.

Table 10

Meui, Hawaii (20.8°N, 156.5°W)

September 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}Es$	F2-N3000
00	210	9.0						3.2
01	210	7.6						3.2
02	210	6.8						3.3
03	210	5.4						3.2
04	220	5.1						3.1
05	250	4.2						3.1
06	250	4.8						3.0
07	210	8.2					130	3.5
08	200	9.5					110	3.4
09	200	11.1					100	3.2
10	230	12.4					105	3.1
11	260	13.5	190				110	3.0
12	280	14.1	200				100	3.1
13	280	14.7	200				5.7	3.0
14	270	15.4	200				100	3.1
15	260	15.5	200				3.7	3.2
16	210	15.4	200				100	3.2
17	210	14.2					100	3.2
18	200	13.4					2.3	3.3
19	200	12.4						2.8
20	200	12.2						3.2
21	210	11.2						3.1
22	220	11.0						3.2
23	210	10.5						3.2

Time: 150.0°W.

Sweep: 2.2 Mc to 16.0 Mc in 1 minute.

Table 11

San Juan, Puerto Rico (18.4°N, 66.1°W)

September 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}Es$	F2-N3000
00		8.0				2.8		
01		8.0				2.9		
02		7.1				2.9		
03		6.2				2.8		
04		6.2				2.8		
05		6.1				2.8		
06		6.0				3.0		
07	220	8.3				3.2		
08	240	9.5				3.1		
09	250	10.5				3.5		
10	280	11.5				(3.8)		
11	290	11.6				(3.9)		
12	310	12.0				2.7		
13	300	12.4				2.7		
14	300	12.5				2.7		
15	300	12.5				2.7		
16	280	12.5				2.7		
17	260	11.8				2.8		
18	250	11.0				2.9		
19	250	10.0				2.8		
20		9.1				2.8		
21		8.9				2.8		
22		8.4				2.7		
23		8.2				2.8		

Time: 60.0°W.

Sweep: 2.8 Mc to 13.0 Mc in 9 minutes; supplemented by manual operation.

Table 12

Guam I. (13.6°N, 144.9°E)

September 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}Es$	F2-N3000
00	250	13.2						3.2
01	240	12.5						2.5 (3.2)
02	230	11.5						2.4
03	230	8.2						3.1
04	230	7.6						2.6
05	230	6.9						3.2
06	240	6.8						3.6
07	250	9.8						3.1
08	240	11.6						4.6
09	230	12.8						4.4
10	230	13.1						2.8
11	220	13.5						4.4 (2.4)
12	215	13.0	210			5.8		2.4
13	215	13.6	215			5.7		4.8
14	220	14.2	220					2.3
15	230	15.0	220			6.2		5.0
16	240	15.2	230					5.0
17	250	15.2						2.6
18	260	14.8						5.2
19	340	14.2						2.6
20	330							3.4
21	280							2.2
22	250							3.2
23	260	(13.5)						4.0 (2.7)

Time: 150.0°E.

Sweep: 1.25 Mc to 19.0 Mc in 12 minutes, manual operation.

Table 13

Trinidad, Brit. West Indies (10.6°N , 61.2°W)

September 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-M3000
00	260	10.0						2.9
01	250	8.5						
02	250	7.4						2.8
03	250	6.8						3.0
04	250	6.2						2.9
05	250	5.4						2.8
06	260	6.4						
07	240	8.6						3.0
08	240	10.4	220	4.2	120	3.2	2.7	
09	270	11.4	230	5.0	120	3.5	4.2	
10	280	12.1	220	5.4	120	3.9	4.6	2.8
11	300	12.6	220	5.5	120	4.1	4.6	2.8
12	300	13.1	220	5.6	120	4.1	4.8	2.8
13	330	13.6	230	5.8	120	4.1	4.8	2.8
14	320	13.8	230	5.4	120	4.0	5.0	2.8
15	300	12.6	240	5.1	120	3.7	5.0	2.8
16	280	12.9	240	4.8	120	3.3	5.0	2.8
17	260	12.7	250		120	2.7	4.7	2.7
18	260	12.0			100		4.0	2.8
19	270	11.4					4.0	2.7
20	265	11.3					2.4	2.7
21	270	10.8					2.7	
22	270	10.1					2.8	
23	270	10.2					2.8	

Time: 60.0°W .

Sweep: 1.2 Mc to 18.0 Mc, manual operation.

Table 15

Huancayo, Peru (12.0°S , 75.3°W)

September 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-M3000
00	240	8.7						2.8
01	240	7.9						
02	250	7.1						3.0
03	260	6.6						2.9
04	260	6.2						2.9
05	260	4.9						3.0
06	280	7.0						
07	250	10.0						2.8
08	240	12.0						2.9
09	240	12.8	230	5.4	3.9	11.9	2.5	
10	230	12.8	220	5.5	4.2	12.2	2.2	
11	255	12.0	220	5.4	4.2	12.3	2.2	
12	220	11.6	220	5.3	4.1	12.2	2.2	
13	220	11.5			4.2	12.4	2.1	
14	220	11.4	210	5.5	3.9	12.0	2.2	
15	230	11.4			3.5	12.0	2.1	
16	240	11.3			3.2	11.7	2.1	
17	270	11.0			2.5	8.4	2.1	
18	320	10.8			1.3		2.1	
19	430	9.1					2.1	
20	420	9.0					2.2	
21	300	9.0					2.4	
22	260	9.3					2.7	
23	240	9.1					2.8	

Time: 75.0°W .

Sweep: 16.0 Mc to 0.5 Mc in 15 minutes, automatic operation.

Table 13

Trinidad, Brit. West Indies (10.6°N , 61.2°W)

September 1948

Palmyra I. (5.9°N , 162.1°W)

September 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-M3000
00	250	13.2						2.0
01	240	(12.9)						(3.1)
02	230	(10.0)						1.5
03	230	8.4						(3.1)
04	235	8.8						3.1
05	240	5.0						3.1
06	290	5.0						2.7
07	265	8.0						2.8
08	245	10.3						2.6
09	260	11.3	230					2.4
10	270	11.7	220					2.4
11	270	12.3	220					2.4
12	280	12.6	220					2.3
13	280	13.1	220					2.3
14	270	13.6	230					2.4
15	270	13.9	230					2.5
16	250	13.8	230					2.5
17	250	13.3						2.4
18	280	13.0						2.3
19	340	12.3						2.2
20	365	12.0						(2.2)
21	300	12.8						2.4
22	270	(13.3)						(2.6)
23	250	(13.5)						(2.8)

Time: 157.5°W .

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 13.0 Mc in 1 minute 36 seconds, automatic operation; 13.0 Mc to 18.0 Mc, manual operation.

Table 15

Huancayo, Peru (12.0°S , 75.3°W)

September 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-M3000
00	240	8.7						2.8
01	240	7.9						2.9
02	250	7.1						2.9
03	(250)	3.9						2.8
04	(270)	3.8						2.8
05	(280)	4.0						2.8
06	270	5.8						2.9
07	230	8.8						3.3
08	280	10.2	230					3.2
09	280	11.0	230		5.0	100	3.5	3.1
10	285	11.4	210	(5.0)	100	3.7		3.0
11	270	12.0	210	5.0	110	3.8		2.9
12	280	12.0	210	5.0	100	3.9		2.8
13	280	12.0	210	5.0	110	3.9	4.0	2.8
14	280	11.9	210		110	3.8	3.9	2.7
15	(295)	11.5	220	4.5	110	3.6	3.8	2.8
16	(270)	11.6	230		110	3.1	3.4	2.8
17	240	11.5			110	2.6	2.8	2.8
18	240	11.2					1.8	2.9
19	230	10.4						3.0
20	230	9.1						3.0
21	230	7.8						3.0
22	240	6.8						3.0
23	(250)	5.4						2.9

Time: 30.0°E .

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 15.0 Mc in 7 seconds.

Table 14

Palmyra I. (5.9°N , 162.1°W)

September 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-M3000
00	250	13.2						2.0
01	240	(12.9)						(3.1)
02	230	(10.0)						1.5
03	230	8.4						3.1
04	235	8.8						3.1
05	240	5.0						3.0
06	290	5.0						3.0
07	265	8.0						2.7
08	245	10.3						2.6
09	260	11.3	230					2.4
10	270	11.7	220					2.4
11	270	12.3	220					2.4
12	280	12.6	220					2.3
13	280	13.1	220					2.3
14	270	13.6	230					2.4
15	270	13.9	230					2.5
16	250	13.8	230					2.5
17	250	13.3						2.4
18	280	13.0						2.3
19	340	12.3						2.2
20	365	12.0						(2.2)
21	300	12.8						2.4
22	270	(13.3)						(2.6)
23	250	(13.5)						(2.8)

Table 17

Peiping, China (39.9°N , 116.4°E)

August 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	fEs	F2-N3000
00								
01								
02	8.2							
03	8.1							
04	8.0							
05	8.1							
06	8.8							
07	9.5							
08								
09								
10	11.3							
11	11.3							
12	11.5							
13	11.6							
14	11.4							
15	11.5							
16								
17								
18	10.4							
19	9.6							
20	8.6							
21	8.6							
22	8.4							
23	8.2							

Time: 120.0°E .

Sweep: 2.3 Mc to 14.5 Mc in 15 minutes, manual operation.

Table 19

Leyte, Philippine Ie. (11.0°N , 125.0°E)

August 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	fEs	F2-N3000
00	9.6				2.6	2.9		
01	8.9				1.8	3.0		
02	3.2					3.0		
03	7.3				1.8	3.2		
04	6.2				3.2	3.2		
05	4.8				3.4	3.0		
06	7.6			2.5	4.2	2.9		
07	9.6			3.6	4.9	2.8		
08	10.4			3.9	5.0	2.6		
09	10.7			4.2	5.0	2.3		
10	11.0			4.5	6.2	2.3		
11	11.2			4.7	5.2	2.3		
12	11.5			4.7	5.5	2.2		
13	11.6			4.5	5.0	2.1		
14	11.8			4.4	5.0	2.2		
15	12.2			4.0	4.8	2.2		
16	12.0			3.6	4.9	2.3		
17	12.0			2.8	4.8	2.2		
18	11.1				3.0	2.3		
19	10.1				2.2	2.1		
20	10.4					2.3		
21	10.1				1.8	2.4		
22	10.1				2.7	2.6		
23	10.1				2.6	2.7		

Time: 120.0°E .

Sweep: 1.6 Mc to 16.0 Mc, manual operation.

Table 18

Chungking, China (29.4°N , 106.8°E)

August 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	fEs	F2-N3000
00		320	8.8					4.1
01		300	8.6					3.8
02		280	8.5					3.6
03		260	7.4					3.6
04		280	6.6					3.0
05		280	8.0					3.5
06		280	7.6			120	2.0	2.8
07		260	8.9	240		100	2.8	4.7
08		270	9.4	240		120	3.3	5.0
09		280	9.8	240	5.1	115	3.6	5.7
10		335	10.0	230	6.1	105	3.9	5.8
11		340	10.7	230	5.8	105	4.2	5.9
12		375	12.0	230	6.2	120	4.1	5.3
13		380	12.5	230	5.8	120	4.1	5.2
14		360	13.0	240	5.9	120	4.1	4.8
15		360	14.0	240	5.3	120	3.8	5.0
16		340	13.8	240	5.2	120	3.4	4.3
17		300	13.3	240	4.6	120	3.0	4.3
18		290	12.2	270		120	2.5	3.7
19		270	11.8					3.6
20		290	11.5					3.1
21		290	10.0					3.4
22		300	9.6					3.6
23		300	9.2					4.0

Time: 105.0°E .

Sweep: 1.7 Mc to 20.0 Mc in 15 minutes, manual operation.

Table 20

Palmyra I. (5.9°N , 162.1°W)

August 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	fEs	F2-N3000
00		250	12.0					3.1
01		250	(11.2)					(2.9)
02		250	(10.4)					(2.9)
03		250	(9.8)					(3.0)
04		240	(8.4)					1.7
05		240	6.0					(3.1)
06		270	5.4					1.8
07		270	7.5					3.0
08		240	9.0			120	2.6	2.8
09		250	9.8	230		120	3.7	2.4
10		250	10.2	220		120	4.0	2.3
11		270	10.7	220		120	4.3	2.3
12		290	11.3	220		120	4.3	(2.3)
13		280	11.6	220		120	4.3	2.3
14		270	12.3	220		120	4.2	2.3
15		260	12.5	220		120	3.9	2.3
16		250	12.7	230		120	3.5	2.3
17		240	12.0			120	3.0	4.3
18		280	(11.7)			120	(2.2)	4.3
19		330	(10.4)					3.6
20		370	(9.4)					2.0
21		350	(10.4)					(2.4)
22		300	(11.2)					1.7
23		280	(12.6)					(2.6)

Time: 157.5°W .Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 13.0 Mc in 1 minute 36 seconds, automatic operation;
13.0 Mc to 18.0 Mc, manual operation.

Table 21

Watheroo, W. Australia (30.3° S, 115.9° E)

August 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	FEs	$F2-N3000$
00	260	4.6				3.0	2.7	
01	265	4.6				3.2	2.8	
02	268	4.0				3.2	2.8	
03	255	4.0				3.1	2.9	
04	260	3.6				3.2	2.7	
05	278	3.6				3.2	2.7	
06	268	3.7				3.1	2.8	
07	245	6.5			1.9	3.1	3.2	
08	250	9.0			2.7	3.2	3.2	
09	245	9.8	240		3.1	3.2	3.1	
10	270	10.5	235	5.0	3.4	3.3	3.0	
11	275	10.9	235	5.0	3.6	3.8	3.0	
12	280	10.8	225	5.0	3.7	3.8	2.9	
13	300	10.8	230	5.3	3.6	3.9	2.8	
14	280	10.9	230	4.9	3.6	3.7	2.8	
15	270	10.5	238	4.6	3.3	3.6	2.8	
16	250	10.2			2.9	3.2	2.9	
17	248	10.0			2.3	3.2	2.9	
18	235	9.2			3.1	3.0		
19	220	7.6			3.0	3.0		
20	240	6.1			3.0	3.0		
21	245	5.6			3.1	2.9		
22	250	5.4			3.1	2.9		
23	258	5.0			3.1	2.8		

Time: 120.0° E.

Sweep: 16.0 Mc to 0.5 Mc in 15 minutes, automatic operation.

Table 23

Nanking, China (32.1° N, 119.0° E)

July 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	FEs	$F2-N3000$
00								
01								
02								
03								
04	280	7.4				3.6	2.7	
05	280	7.6				2.9	2.7	
06	280	8.2	260		120	2.5	3.5	2.7
07	270	8.7	240		120	3.1	4.4	2.8
08	280	8.8	240	5.4	120	3.5	6.0	2.7
09	320	8.8	230	5.8	120	3.8	6.9	2.6
10	390	9.1	220	6.0	120	4.0	8.3	2.4
11	400	10.1	240	6.0		7.7	2.5	
12	400	10.7	240	6.0	120	4.4	7.0	2.5
13	400	11.0	220	6.0		6.4	2.5	
14	390	11.0	235	5.8	110	4.2	6.0	2.5
15	360	11.2	235	5.6	120	4.0	5.6	2.5
16	340	11.0	240	5.4	120	4.0	5.2	2.5
17	320	10.7	240	5.0	120	3.1	4.6	2.6
18	295	10.1	240		120	2.9	5.2	2.7
19	280	9.3				4.5	2.7	
20	260	8.7				4.0	2.5	
21	300	8.8				4.4	2.5	
22								
23								

Time: 120.0° E.

Sweep: 1.7 Mc to 16.0 Mc in 15 minutes, manual operation.

Table 22

Lanchow, China (36.1° N, 103.8° E)

July 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	FEs	$F2-N3000$
00								
01								
02								
03								
04								
05								
06								
07								
08								
09								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								

Time: 105.0° E.

Sweep: 2.4 Mc to 16.0 Mc in 15 minutes, manual operation.

Table 24

Brisbane, Australia (27.5° S, 153.0° E)

July 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	FEs	$F2-N3000$
00								
01								
02								
03								
04								
05								
06								
07								
08								
09								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								

Time: 150.0° E.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 16.0 Mc in 1 minute 55 seconds.

Table 25

Capetown, Union of S. Africa (34.2° S, 18.3° E)

July 1948*

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}Es$	F2-N3000
00	(280)	2.5			3.6	2.8		
01	285	2.7			3.5	2.8		
02	(280)	2.8			3.4	2.9		
03	260	3.0				3.0		
04	270	2.8			2.8	2.9		
05	250	2.7			2.0	2.9		
06	260	2.7			3.6	3.0		
07	255	2.8				3.0		
08	240	6.1			2.0	3.2		
09	230	8.3			120	2.8	3.3	
10	250	9.0	230		110	3.2	3.1	
11	260	9.8	230		110	3.4	3.1	
12	270	10.6	220		110	3.6	2.9	
13	270	11.1	230		110	3.6	3.1	
14	275	11.0	220		110	3.5	3.7	
15	280	11.0	220		110	3.4	3.6	
16	270	11.0	235		110	3.1	3.1	
17	240	10.8			115	2.6	2.6	
18	220	9.1				3.0		
19	220	6.8			1.8	1.9	3.1	
20	220	5.5				1.7	3.1	
21	230	3.4				1.4	3.2	
22	250	2.6				1.8	3.2	
23	280	2.4				3.3	3.1	
						3.2	3.0	

Time: 30.0° E.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 15.0 Mc in 7 seconds.

*Data taken July 15 through 31, only.

Table 26

Canberra, Australia (35.3° S, 149.0° E)

July 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}Es$	F2-N3000
00		270			4.3			2.8
01		280			4.4			2.8
02		280			4.3			3.4
03		275			4.4			2.7
04		255			4.5			3.6
05		250			4.2			2.7
06		250			3.9			3.5
07		240			5.4			2.8
08		230			8.3			2.9
09		240			10.0			3.0
10		230			10.5			3.5
11		230			10.9			3.4
12		230			10.9			4.0
13		230			11.0			3.0
14		220			10.8			3.4
15		225			10.5			4.0
16		235			9.8			2.9
17		240			9.5			3.5
18		228			8.2			3.0
19		230			7.1			3.5
20		240			6.0			3.0
21		250			5.4			2.8
22		250			4.7			2.6
23		260			4.5			2.8

Time: 150.0° E.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 16.0 Mc in 1 minute 55 seconds.

Table 27

Hobart, Tasmania (42.8° S, 147.4° E)

July 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}F2$	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}Es$	F2-N3000
00	285	3.5			2.8	2.6		
01	285	3.6			3.5	2.6		
02	290	3.8			3.5	2.6		
03	285	4.0			3.0	2.7		
04	260	3.8			3.0	2.8		
05	250	3.8			2.6	2.8		
06	250	3.4			3.2	2.8		
07	250	3.5			2.7	2.9		
08	240	7.0			2.1	2.7	3.4	
09	240	8.8			2.5	3.8	3.5	
10	238	10.0			3.0	4.0	3.4	
11	232	(10.3)			3.2	4.2	(3.4)	
12	245	(10.5)			3.2	4.0	(3.2)	
13	240	(10.5)			3.2	4.0	(3.2)	
14	240	10.5			3.0	4.0	(3.1)	
15	238	10.5			2.9	4.0	3.2	
16	240	10.2			2.4	3.5	3.1	
17	230	9.5				3.0	3.2	
18	238	8.3				2.5	3.3	
19	235	6.9				2.7	3.2	
20	240	5.8				2.8	3.1	
21	248	5.0				2.4	2.9	
22	250	4.1				2.6	2.9	
23	257	3.7				2.6	2.8	

Time: 150.0° E.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 13.0 Mc in 1 minute 55 seconds.

Table 28

Delhi, India (28.6° N, 77.1° E)

June 1948

**

Time	*	$f^{\circ}F2$	$h^{\circ}F1$	$f^{\circ}F1$	$h^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}E$	$f^{\circ}Es$	F2-N3000
00		540	9.2					2.2
01	(530)	8.7						
02		520	9.1					
03								
04		480	8.1					
05		420	8.2					2.3
06		440	8.7					
07		440	9.4					
08		480	9.6					
09		520	10.3					
10		510	10.9					
11		560	11.2					
12		560	12.0					
13		540	12.4					2.1
14		520	(12.5)					
15		520	(12.6)					
16		500	12.4					
17		480	12.0					
18								
19								
20		480	9.4					
21		520	9.1					
22		520	9.0					
23		520	9.0					

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.8 Mc to 16.0 Mc in 5 minutes, manual operation.

*Height at 0.83 f^oF2.

**Average values; other columns, median values.

Table 29

Bombay, India (19.0°N , 73.0°E)

June 1948

Time	*	$f^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$h^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$f^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$h^{\circ}\text{E}$	$f^{\circ}\text{E}$	$f^{\circ}\text{Es}$	$F2-\text{M}3000$	**
00	(450)	(8.9)							2.4
01	(450)	(8.0)							
02	(420)	(6.3)							
03	(420)	(5.3)							
04	(420)	(5.7)							2.6
05	390	(5.8)							
06	360	(7.4)							
07	330	9.4							
08	420	10.1							2.7
09	510	10.4							
10	540	11.5							
11	570	11.8							
12	570	12.7							2.2
13	570	13.2							
14	540	13.4							
15	480	13.7							
16	480	14.0							2.4
17	480	13.9							
18	480	13.8							
19	480	12.8							
20	510	11.8							2.4
21	510	10.6							
22	525	9.8							
23	510	(9.8)							

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.8 Mc to 16.0 Mc in 5 minutes, manual operation.

*Height at 0.83 $f^{\circ}\text{F2}$.

**Average values; other columns, median values.

Table 30

Madras, India (13.0°N , 80.2°E)

June 1948

Time	*	$f^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$h^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$f^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$h^{\circ}\text{E}$	$f^{\circ}\text{E}$	$f^{\circ}\text{Es}$	$F2-\text{M}3000$	**
00									
01									
02									
03									
04									
05									
06									
07	450	9.8							2.5
08	480	10.7							
09	540	10.9							
10	600	11.2							
11	600	10.9							
12	600	11.0							
13	600	11.2							
14	600	11.2							
15	600	11.6							
16	600	12.0							
17	600	12.2							
18	600	12.2							
19	600	11.9							
20	600	(10.8)							
21	585	(10.7)							
22		(10.2)							
23									

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.8 Mc to 16.0 Mc in 5 minutes, manual operation.

*Height at 0.83 $f^{\circ}\text{F2}$.

**Average values; other columns, median values.

Table 31

Hobart, Tasmania (42.8°S , 147.4°E)

June 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$f^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$h^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$f^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$h^{\circ}\text{E}$	$f^{\circ}\text{E}$	$f^{\circ}\text{Es}$	$F2-\text{M}3000$
00	275	3.8				2.6		2.8
01	290	3.8				2.4		2.7
02	290	3.8				2.6		
03	290	3.9				2.7		
04	275	4.0				2.5		2.8
05	250	4.0				2.5		3.0
06	245	3.7				3.0		2.8
07	250	3.8				2.6		3.1
08	238	7.0		120	(2.1)	2.6		3.6
09	235	9.5		110		2.5		3.6
10	235	10.3		110	3.0	3.0		3.6
11	238	10.5		110	3.2	2.6	(3.4)	
12	240	10.5	222	4.2	110	3.3	3.5	(3.3)
13	240	222			110	3.2	3.4	
14	240	(10.4)	235		120	3.0	2.9	(3.2)
15	235	(10.5)			105	2.6	(3.3)	
16	230	(10.5)			120	2.2	2.5	
17	230	10.0				2.5		3.4
18	235	9.0				2.4		3.4
19	240	7.1				2.5		3.3
20	240	5.8				2.1		3.2
21	245	4.8				2.0		3.2
22	255	4.0				2.3		2.8
23	255	3.8				2.5		2.8

Time: 150.0°E.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 13.0 Mc in 1 minute 55 seconds.

Table 32

Fribourg, Germany (48.1°N , 7.8°E)

March 1948

Time	$h^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$f^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$h^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$f^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$h^{\circ}\text{E}$	$f^{\circ}\text{E}$	$f^{\circ}\text{Es}$	$F2-\text{M}3000$
00	(300)	5.6						2.1
01	(300)	5.5						2.6
02	(290)	5.2						2.6
03	(300)	5.1						2.6
04	280	4.8						2.7
05	260	4.1						2.7
06	250	5.0						3.0
07	240	7.0					1.7	
08	240	8.2	230		120	2.2		(3.2)
09	240	9.5	215	3.8	110	3.0		(3.0)
10	245	10.6	210	4.7	105	3.3	3.7	3.0
11	260	11.0	210	4.6	105	3.4		3.0
12	260	11.0	210	(4.7)	105	3.5	4.1	3.0
13	268	11.2	220	4.7	105	3.5		2.9
14	260	11.0	230	4.8	105	3.4		2.9
15	250	10.8	230		105	3.2		2.9
16	240	10.6	230		110	2.9		2.9
17	240	10.2			115	2.3	3.1	(3.0)
18	240	(9.6)			130	1.8	2.7	(3.1)
19	230	(8.4)					2.0	
20	235	(7.2)						(3.0)
21	250	(6.5)						(2.9)
22	270	5.9						2.7
23	285	5.8						2.7

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.6 Mc to 17.6 Mc in 10 minutes, automatic operation.

Table 33Bagnoux, France (48.8°N , 2.3°E)

February 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-M3000
00								
01								
02								
03								
04								
05								
06	320	4.2						
07	250	6.1						
08	230	9.5						
09	230	10.5						
10	240	11.6	230					
11	230	12.1	220					
12	230	11.8	210					
13	230	11.3						
14	230	10.8						
15	225	10.5	220					
16	220	10.3						
17	220	9.5						
18	240	8.2						
19	250	6.1						
20	265	5.8						
21	305	5.5						
22	310	5.1						
23								

Time: 0.0° .Sweep: Feb. 1 through 10: 4.0 Mc to 11.2 Mc in 12 minutes; Feb. 11 through 29: 3.9 Mc to 6.8 Mc end 7.8 Mc to 13.5 Mc in 12 minutes.*Medians in this column were obtained from observed values of $\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$ and values derived from $\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$.Table 34Fribourg, Germany (48.1°N , 7.8°E)

February 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-M3000
00								
01	310	4.2						
02	(310)	4.2						
03	(320)	4.2						
04	(310)	4.0						
05	(290)	3.7						
06	280	3.2						
07	280	3.2						
08	250	5.1						
09	230	10.1	230					
10	230	(11.0)	230					
11	240	(11.2)	225					
12	232	(11.4)	222					
13	230	11.2	225					
14	230	(10.8)	230					
15	240	10.4	230					
16	235	(10.1)						
17	230	(8.8)						
18	225	(7.9)						
19	230	6.2						
20	(240)	5.4						
21	(255)	(5.0)						
22	(290)	4.4						
23	(300)	4.4						

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.6 Mc to 17.6 Mc in 10 minutes, automatic operation.Table 35Bagnoux, France (48.8°N , 2.3°E)

January 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-M3000
00								
01								
02								
03								
04								
05								
06								
07	290	4.5						
08	250	8.3	220					
09	240	D	215					
10	220	D	230					
11	220	D						
12	230	D	210					
13	245	D						
14	230	D	220					
15	230	D	220					
16	250	9.3						
17	250	8.0	225					
18	260	5.9						
19	280	5.1						
20	305	4.1						
21	(390)	3.9						
22	(440)	3.6						
23								

Time: 0.0° .Sweep: 4.0 Mc to 11.2 Mc in 12 minutes.*Medians in this column were obtained from observed values of $\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$ and values derived from $\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$.Table 36Fribourg, Germany (48.1°N , 7.8°E)

January 1948

Time	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F2}$	$\text{h}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{F1}$	h°E	f°E	$\text{f}^{\circ}\text{Es}$	F2-M3000
00								
01	330	3.7						
02	(350)	3.6						
03	340	3.6						
04	360	3.5						
05	315	3.3						
06	300	3.3						
07	295	3.1						
08	260	3.6						
09	230	7.0						
10	230	(9.6)						
11	240	10.6						
12	230	(11.1)						
13	240	(10.9)						
14	250	(10.6)						
15	250	10.5						
16	230	(9.2)						
17	230	8.4						
18	240	7.0						
19	250	5.5						
20	250	4.2						
21	300	3.9						
22	(330)	3.8						
23	310	3.8						

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.6 Mc to 17.6 Mc in 10 minutes, automatic operation.

TABLE 37
IONOSPHERIC DATA

Km
 (Characteristic)
 Observed at Washington, D. C.

Lat 39.0°N, Long 77.5°W

h'F2
 (In m)

Day
 (Month)

October, 1948

100 Km
 (In m)

00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

		75°W Mean Time																															
		00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22									
1	2.70	340	320	320	X	280	X	260	X	300	X	(3.10)	X	250	X	420	X	430	F	350	X	340	X	260	X	230							
2	2.80	X	300	X	370	X	350	X	300	X	290	X	(2.70)	X	250	X	400	X	370	X	340	X	270	X	250	X	280						
3	2.90	2.80	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.60	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.20	2.40	2.40	2.30	2.30	2.00	2.80	2.80	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.50								
4	2.50	2.80	2.80	2.90	2.60	2.50	2.40	2.30	2.30	2.10	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.30	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40							
5	2.60	1.80	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.70	2.70	2.40	2.40	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30							
6	2.60	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30						
7	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.60	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40						
8	2.50	2.60	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.70	2.30	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40						
9	2.70	2.70	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.60	2.60	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30						
10	2.90	3.00	X	370	X	360	X	(3.30)	X	330	X	320	X	320	X	320	X	320	X	320	X	320	X	320	X	320	X	320					
11	2.70	X	300	X	330	X	350	X	300	X	290	X	(3.05)	X	280	X	280	X	280	X	280	X	280	X	280	X	280	X	280				
12	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50						
13	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30						
14	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.60	2.60	2.40	2.40	2.30	2.50	2.30	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40					
15	3.00	F	2.80	F	2.50	X	300	F	310	F	280	F	2.90	F	2.90	X	(3.05)	X	280														
16	2.80	F	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.30	2.50	2.30	2.30	2.10	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20					
17	2.30	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	2.60	2.40	2.31	2.20	2.20	2.00	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60					
18	3.00	F	3.80	F	4.00	X	360	X	340	X	300	X	270	X	270	X	270	X	310	X	320	X	300	X	270	X	270	X	270				
19	F	X	400	F	360	X	310	X	370	X	360	X	630	X	630	X	630	X	650	X	540	X	450	X	440	X	330	X	320				
20	2.80	2.60	2.60	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.90	2.40	2.20	2.30	2.50	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70					
21	3.00	F	(4.00)	F	(3.70)	X	(3.05)	X	(2.80)	X	270	X	280	X	280	X	(2.30)	X	280	X	270												
22	(2.70)	A	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50				
23	2.80	2.50	2.70	2.70	2.60	2.60	2.20	1.40	2.20	2.30	2.40	2.30	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60				
24	2.50	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.40	2.40	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50				
25	2.50	2.50	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30				
26	2.70	2.70	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.60	2.60	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50				
27	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50				
28	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.40	2.50	2.40	4.30	2.40	2.40	2.30	2.30	2.40	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30				
29	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.40	2.40	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30				
30	2.40	2.70	2.90	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30				
31	2.70	2.80	2.70	2.70	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30				
Median	2.70	2.60	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.30	2.30	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50				
Count	30	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31

Sweep 10—Mc in 25.0 Mc in 25.0 min

Manual Automatic

Calculated by E. J. S., F. J. M. C., A. G. J.
 (Institution) J. M. C.

National Bureau of Standards

Form adopted June 1946

TABLE 38
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.

IONOSPHERIC DATA

Mc **October**, 1948
(Characteristic) (Month)

Observed at **Washington, D.C.**

Lat. 39°0'N., Long 77.5°W.

Day	75°W												Mean Time												
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1	5.7 ^F	4.2 ^F	4.7 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.1 ^F									
2	4.8 ^F	3.9 ^F	3.2 ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F	(3.3) ^F		
3	4.9 ^F	4.9 ^F	4.7 ^F	4.5 ^F	4.5 ^F	3.9 ^F	3.5 ^F	4.1 ^F	6.4 ^F	7.5 ^F	8.4 ^F	9.4 ^F	(9.8) ^F	(10.3) ^F	10.8	(10.3) ^F									
4	5.3	4.7 ^F	4.2 ^F	4.2 ^F	4.3 ^F	(4.2) ^F	(4.2) ^F	8.6	9.5	11.2	(11.2) ^F	(11.5) ^F													
5	(6.1) ^F	(6.1) ^F	(6.0) ^F	(5.9) ^F	(5.9) ^F	(5.5) ^F	(5.5) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F	(5.2) ^F		
6	(6.1) ^F	(5.9) ^F	(5.4) ^F	4.9	(4.7) ^F	(4.7) ^F	(4.7) ^F	3.9 ^F	4.9	7.9	(7.6) ^F	(7.8) ^F													
7	6.0	5.7	5.2 ^F	5.2 ^F	4.9	4.3 ^F	(4.1) ^S	(4.7) ^S	(7.5) ^S	(8.0) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S	(9.6) ^S		
8	(5.3) ^P	5.3	(5.5) ^P	5.2 ^P	(5.3) ^P	5.2 ^P	4.8	4.2	4.9	7.6	(9.6) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P	(11.0) ^P		
9	5.6	(5.5) ^S	5.3	(5.3) ^S	(5.3) ^S	5.0	4.5	4.5	8.1	8.9	(8.8) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S	(10.0) ^S		
10	5.4	(5.3) ^S	(2.8) ^E	(3.8) ^E	(3.8) ^E	(2.7) ^E	(3.2) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E	(4.1) ^E		
11	(4.5) ^E	(4.2) ^E	(4.2) ^E	(3.9) ^E	(3.9) ^E	(3.2) ^E	(3.2) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E	(3.5) ^E		
12	5.3	5.2 ^S	5.1	(4.9) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S	(5.4) ^S								
13	5.7 ^F	5.7 ^F	5.7 ^F	5.1 ^F	4.6 ^F	4.5 ^F	5.2 ^F	8.4 ^F	8.4 ^F	7.7 ^F	7.9 ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F	(8.5) ^F		
14	(6.5) ^E	(6.1) ^E	(5.5) ^E	(5.5) ^E	(5.5) ^E	(5.5) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E	(4.3) ^E						
15	(3.1) ^E	(3.0) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E	(3.1) ^E										
16	(5.4) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E	(5.1) ^E											
17	6.3 ^F	(5.9) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F	(5.7) ^F										
18	3.2 ^F	(2.6) ^F	(2.7) ^F	2.8 ^F	2.8 ^F	3.0 ^F	3.7 ^F	3.7 ^F	7.0 ^F	8.3 ^F	8.9 ^F	9.2 ^F	9.7 ^F												
19	(2.5) ^F	(2.4) ^F	(2.3) ^F	2.5 ^F	[2.3] ^F	2.8 ^F	3.3 ^F	3.3 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F		
20	4.7 ^F	4.6 ^F	4.1 ^F	3.7	3.5 ^F	3.1 ^F	3.5	8.3	(7.2) ^F	(9.7) ^F	(10.7) ^F	(11.5) ^F													
21	4.7 ^F	F	F	(2.5) ^E	(3.6) ^E	(3.6) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E	(3.7) ^E						
22	4.9 ^F	4.7 ^F	4.2 ^F	3.1 ^F	2.8 ^F	3.1 ^F	6.3	8.5	(7.5) ^F	11.0	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7		
23	(3.2) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F	(2.9) ^F											
24	4.9 ^F	5.2 ^F	(4.0) ^F	(2.7) ^F	(2.7) ^F	2.8 ^F	3.0 ^F	3.0 ^F	11.1	11.7	12.8	(12.8) ^F													
25	5.7	5.3	5.3	(5.0) ^E	(4.6) ^E	4.6 ^E	4.5 ^E	(4.1) ^E	7.1	9.6	11.0	11.0	11.0	12.0	(12.0) ^E										
26	6.8 ^F	6.8 ^F	6.3 ^F	5.3 ^F	4.7 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.7 ^F	7.2	8.4	7.4	10.2	11.2	11.6	11.6	(11.5) ^F										
27	6.8	6.2	5.7	4.8 ^F	3.0 ^F	3.3 ^F	5.6 ^F	7.4 ^F	8.3 ^F	8.7 ^F	10.3	10.8	10.8	10.8	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	
28	5.1	4.9 ^F	(4.4) ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	3.4 ^F	8.6	10.0	10.7	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	(11.4) ^F										
29	4.9 ^F	4.9 ^F	4.7 ^F	(4.7) ^F	(4.2) ^F	(3.8) ^F	(3.8) ^F	(3.8) ^F	8.8	10.3	11.4	10.8	12.0	12.0	12.0	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	
30	4.9 ^F	4.3 ^F	(4.2) ^F	4.5 ^F	4.5 ^F	(4.1) ^F	(3.7) ^F	6.8	7.4	10.7	11.5	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3		
31	5.2 ^F	5.1 ^F	5.0 ^F	4.9 ^F	4.9 ^F	(4.1) ^F	3.8 ^F	6.3	7.9	9.3	9.6 ^F	9.7 ^F													
Median	-3	5.2	4.7	4.7	4.2	3.7	4.1	6.8	8.8	9.8	10.6	11.3	11.5	11.6	11.4	(11.5) ^F	(10.9) ^F								
Count	31	36	30	31	31	31	31	30	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31

5 GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1946 7-218

Sweep-LO Mc in. 0.25 min

Automatic

Form adopted July 1946

TABLE 40
National Bureau of Standards
IONOSPHERIC DATA

Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.

h'F (Characteristic) , Km (Unit) October, 1948 (Month)

Observed at

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1440-0-702318

U. S GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1946 O - 707518

TABLE 41
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.

$f^{\circ}F_1$. Mc
(Characteristic) (Unit)
Observed at Washington, D. C.
(Month)

Lat 39.0°N Long 77.5°W

Oct 1948

Mc

0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.2 2.3

Mean Time

75°N

Day	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1																								
2																								
3																								
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29																								
30																								
31																								
Median																								
Count																								

Swept 10 Mc to 250 Mc in 0.25 min

Manual Automatic

Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.
TABLE 42
IONOSPHERIC DATA
Observed at Washington, D.C.

Form adopted June 1946
Scale by: E.J.W., J.J.S., F.J.M.C., A.G.J.
National Bureau of Standards
(Institution)
Calculated by: J.J.S., F.J.M.C., A.G.J.

Oct 48

Km

(Unit)

Month

Lat 39.0°N

Long 77.5°W

Day

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(Unit)

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77.5°W

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Km

(Unit)

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77.5°W

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Km

(Unit)

Month

Lat

39.0°N

Long

77.5°W

Day

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TABLE 43
IONOSPHERIC DATA

Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.

f^oE Mc October 1948
(Characteristic) (Unit) (Month)

Observed at Washington, D.C.

Lat 39.0°N, Long 77.5°W

IONOSPHERIC DATA

National Bureau of Standards
Scaled by: E. J. W., J. J. S., J. M. C.
(Institution)

Calculated by: J. J. S., F. J. MC., A. G. J.

Day	75°W												Mean Time												
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1																									
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3																									
4																									
5																									
6																									
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Week 10 Mc 10 250 Mc in 9.25 min
Manual □ Automatic □

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1946 O-70318

TABLE 45
IONOSPHERIC DATA

F2-M1500, (Unit) October, 1948
(Characteristic) (Month)

Observed at Washington, D. C.

Lat 39°0'N, Long 77.75°W

75°W Mean Time																										
59°W Mean Time																										
Day	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
1	1.9	F	1.6	F	1.6	F	1.8	(1.7)	1.8	F	1.8	F	1.9	K	2.0	K	2.1	K	2.1	K	1.9	K	1.9	K	1.8	K
2	1.8	K	1.7	F	1.6	K	1.6	F	1.6	K	1.6	K	1.7	K	1.8	K	1.9	K	2.0	K	2.1	K	1.9	K	1.8	F
3	1.8	F	1.8	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	2.0	K	2.1	K	2.1	K	2.1	K	2.0	K	2.0	K	1.9	F
4	2.1	F	2.0	F	1.8	F	1.7	F	1.9	(2.0)	1.9	F	2.0	K	2.1	K	2.1	C	2.1	K	2.0	K	2.0	K	1.9	J
5	(1.8)	J	(1.8)	J	(1.8)	J	(1.9)	J	(1.9)	J	(1.9)	J	(2.0)	P	(2.0)	P	(2.1)	P	(2.1)	P	(2.1)	P	(2.0)	P	(2.0)	F
6	(1.9)	J	(2.0)	J	(2.0)	J	(2.0)	J	(1.9)	F	(2.0)	J	(2.0)	J	(2.1)	J	(2.1)	J	(2.0)	J	(2.0)	J	(2.0)	J	(2.0)	J
7	2.0	F	2.0	F	2.0	F	2.0	S	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	C	(2.0)	C	(2.1)	S	(2.1)	S	(2.1)	S	(2.1)	S	(2.1)	S
8	(2.0)	P	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	P	(2.0)	P	(2.1)	S	(2.1)	S	(2.1)	S	(2.1)	S	(2.1)	S
9	1.9	(2.0)	S	2.0	(2.0)	S	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
10	1.8	(1.8)	S	K	(1.8)	F	(1.8)	K	(1.8)	F	(1.8)	K	(1.8)	K												
11	(1.9)	K	F	K	(1.7)	S	(1.6)	K	(1.7)	F	(1.7)	K	(1.7)	F	(1.7)	K	(1.7)	S	(1.7)	K	(1.7)	S	(1.7)	K	(1.7)	S
12	1.8	F	1.8	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.8	F	1.8	F	1.9	F												
13	1.9	F	1.8	F	1.9	F	1.7	F	1.8	F	1.7	F	1.8	F	1.7	F	1.8	F	1.7	F	1.8	F	1.7	F	1.8	F
14	(1.8)	F	(1.9)	J	(1.9)	J	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F
15	(1.8)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.5)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F
16	(1.7)	F	(1.8)	F	(1.8)	F	(1.8)	F	(1.8)	F	(1.8)	F	(1.8)	F	(1.8)	F	(1.8)	F								
17	2.0	F	(1.7)	S	(2.0)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F
18	1.7	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.6)	F								
19	F	K	1.5	K	1.5	K	1.5	K	1.6	K	1.6	K	1.6	K	G	K	1.6	K	1.7	K	1.8	K	1.8	K	1.8	K
20	1.8	F	1.9	F	1.8	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	2.0	K	(2.0)	P	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	P	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	S
21	1.7	F	F	K	(1.7)	K	(1.7)	F	(1.6)	F	(1.5)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	C	(2.0)	C	(2.0)	C	(2.0)	C	(2.0)	S
22	1.9	F	1.9	F	2.0	F	1.9	F	1.8	F	1.8	F	2.1	F	(2.0)	S	2.1	F	(2.0)	S	2.1	F	(2.0)	S	1.9	F
23	(1.8)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F								
24	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.9	F								
25	1.9	F	1.9	F	(1.9)	S	(1.9)	F	(1.9)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	S	(2.0)	S	(2.1)	S								
26	1.8	F	1.8	F	1.9	F	1.9	F	1.8	F	1.8	F	2.0	F	2.1	F	2.1	F	(2.1)	P	(2.1)	P	(2.1)	P	(2.1)	P
27	1.9	F	1.9	F	2.0	F	1.9	F	1.7	F	1.9	F	2.3	F	2.1	F	2.1	F	(2.1)	P	(2.1)	P	(2.1)	P	(2.1)	P
28	1.9	F	2.0	F	(1.9)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F
29	2.0	F	2.0	F	1.9	F	(1.8)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F	(2.0)	F
30	1.7	F	1.9	F	1.8	F	1.8	F	1.7	F	1.7	F	1.8	F	1.7	F	1.8	F	1.7	F	1.8	F	1.7	F	1.8	F
31	1.8	F	1.8	S	1.8	F	1.8	F	1.8	F	1.8	F	2.1	F	2.3	F	2.2	F	2.2	F	2.1	F	2.2	F	2.1	F
Median	1.8	1.9	1.9	(1.9)	1.9	(1.9)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Count	30	28	29	31	30	31	31	30	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	

Manual □ Automatic X

Sweep 1.0 Mc 10.250 Mc Int. 0.35 min

Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.

TABLE 46
IONOSPHERIC DATA
F2-M3000, **October**, **1948**
 (Characteristic) **(Unit)** **Washington, D.C.**

 Observed at **Lat. 39°0'N., Long. 77°5'W.**

Day	75°W														Mean Time														
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23					
1	2.8 F	24 F	24 F	2.7 K	2.8 K	3.0 K	3.2 K	3.1 K	3.0 K	2.9 K	2.8 K	2.8 K																	
2	2.7 K	26 F	24 F	2.3 F	2.3 F	2.4 F	2.4 F	2.7 F	2.9 F	2.9 F	3.0 F	2.8 F	2.7 F	2.8 F	2.9 F	2.9 F	2.9 F	3.0 F	2.7 F										
3	2.8 F	27 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.9 F	3.1 F	3.4	3.3	3.0	3.1	(3.0) P	(2.9) P	2.9	(2.9) P	(3.0) P	(3.2) P	3.0	2.9	(3.0) P	2.9						
4	3.1	30 F	2.7 F	2.6 F	2.6 F	2.8	(3.0) F	3.2 F	3.4	3.5	3.3	(3.2)	(3.0) P	C	C	(3.3) P	(3.3) P	(3.6) P	3.2	2.9	(2.8) P	2.9							
5	(2.8) P	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.5	(3.3) P	(3.3) P	3.1	(3.2) P	(3.2) P	3.2	(3.0) P	(3.2) P	(2.8) P									
6	(2.9) F	(3.0) F	(3.1) F	(3.1) F	(3.1) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	3.1	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	3.2	(3.5) P	(3.6) P	3.1	(3.2) P	(3.2) P	3.1	(3.1) P											
7	3.0	30	3.0	(3.1) F	3.1	(3.0) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(3.1) S	(3.3) S	(3.3) S	(3.4) S	(3.4) S	(3.2) S	(3.2) S	3.2	3.1	(3.1) S											
8	(3.1) P	30	(2.9) P	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.3	(3.4) P	(3.2) P	(3.2) P	(3.1) P	(3.1) P	(3.1) P	(3.1) P	3.1	(3.1) S												
9	2.9	(2.8) S	2.9	(3.0) S	3.2	3.2	2.9	3.1	3.6	3.4	(3.5) P	(3.4) P	(3.4) P	(3.4) P	3.1	(3.1) S													
10	2.7	(2.6) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S	(2.4) S			
11	(2.8) F	F	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S	(2.5) S															
12	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7		
13	2.8 F	(2.7) F	2.9 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F													
14	(4.7) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S	(2.9) S			
15	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F	(2.5) F			
16	(2.6) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S	(2.7) S			
17	2.9 F	S(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F														
18	2.5 F	(2.4) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F	(2.3) F			
19	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X		
20	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.9	3.3	3.2	(3.1) S	(3.1) S	3.1	(3.2) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P	(3.0) P		
21	2.7 F	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X	F X			
22	2.9 F	2.9 F	2.9 F	2.8 F	2.8 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.6 F	3.2	3.4	(3.4) S	(3.4) S	(3.2) S	(3.2) S	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	(3.1) S								
23	(2.6) F	(3.1) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F			
24	2.9 F	2.9 F	5 F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F	(2.8) F			
25	3.0	2.8	2.8	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F														
26	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.9 F	2.9 F	2.6 F	2.8 F	3.0 F	3.2 F	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2		
27	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9 F	2.9 F	3.3 F	2.7 F	2.9 F	3.2 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F	3.4 F								
28	2.9	3.1 F	(2.8) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F														
29	2.9 F	3.0 F	2.9 F	(2.9) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F	(3.0) F													
30	2.7 F	2.8 F	2.7 F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F	(2.9) F			
31	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	2.7 F	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1		
Median	2.8	2.8	2.8	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	(2.8)	
Count	30	28	29	31	30	31	31	31	30	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31

Sweep 1.0 Mc 10.25.0 Mr. in 2.25-min

C

C

C

C

C

C

C

Manual □ Automatic □

C

C

C

C

C

C

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1948 O-7025-19

TABLE 47
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.

F1-M3000, **Washington, D.C.** (Characteristic) **Octoher, 1948** (Month)

Observed at **Lat. 39.0°N**, Long **77.5°W**

Day	75°W Mean Time																								
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1																									
2																									
3																									
4																									
5																									
6																									
7																									
8																									
9																									
10																									
11																									
12																									
13																									
14																									
15																									
16																									
17																									
18																									
19																									
20																									
21																									
22																									
23																									
24																									
25																									
26																									
27																									
28																									
29																									
30																									
31																									
Median Count																									
	3.5	3.9																							
	5	5																							

Sweep 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc min. 0.25 min
Manual Automatic

TABLE 48
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.
IONOSPHERIC DATA

Form adopted June 1946
National Bureau of Standards
(Institution)
Scaled by: E. J. W., J. J. S., F. J. M. C., A. G. J.

E-M1500, (Unit)
(Characteristic) October, 1948
(Month)

Observed at Washington, D. C.

Lat. 39.0°N., Long. 77.5°W.

Day	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1																								
2																								
3																								
4																								
5																								
6																								
7																								
8																								
9																								
10																								
11																								
12																								
13																								
14																								
15																								
16																								
17																								
18																								
19																								
20																								
21																								
22																								
23																								
24																								
25																								
26																								
27																								
28																								
29																								
30																								
31																								
Median Count	22	24	28	22	22	21																		

Sweep i.o. Mc to 30.0 Mc in 0.25-min
Manual Automatic

Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.

Form adopted June 1946

National Bureau of Standards

(Institution)
Scaled by: E. J. W., J. J. S., F. J. M. C., A. G. J.

Calculated by: J. J. S., F. J. M. C., A. G. J.

75°W Mean Time

Table 49Ionospheric Storminess at Washington, D. C.October 1948

Day	Ionospheric character*		Principal storms		Geomagnetic character**	
	00-12 GCT	12-24 GCT	Beginning GCT	End GCT	00-12 GCT	12-24 GCT
1	4	4	0600	----	5	4
2	4	4	----	----	5	3
3	2	2	----	0100	3	3
4	2	1			3	3
5	0	1			4	1
6	0	1			1	1
7	1	1			1	2
8	0	1			2	2
9	1	1			1	1
10	4	4	0600	----	4	3
11	4	4	----	2200	3	3
12	1	1			3	2
13	1	1			2	3
14	1	1	2100	----	2	5
15	4	1	----	1000	5	4
16	1	1			1	2
17	1	2	2200	----	2	2
18	5	4	----	----	5	4
19	6	7	----	----	7	3
20	1	1	----	0500	1	3
21	4	3	0200	1500	5	4
22	2	0			3	4
23	2	3			4	3
24	1	2			3	3
25	0	2			2	3
26	2	2			3	3
27	0	3			4	4
28	1	1			3	2
29	0	1			3	2
30	1	1			2	1
31	1	4	1500	----	3	1

*Ionosphere character figure (I-figure) for ionospheric storminess at Washington, D. C., during 12-hour period, on an arbitrary scale of 0 to 9, 9 representing the greatest disturbance.

**Average for 12 hours of Cheltenham, Maryland, geomagnetic K-figures on an arbitrary scale of 0 to 9, 9 representing the greatest disturbance.

----Dashes indicate continuing storm.

Table 50Sudden Ionosphere Disturbances Observed at Washington, D. C.October 1948

Day	GCT		Location of transmitters	Relative intensity at minimum*	Other phenomena
	Beginning	End			
2	1516	1610	Ohio, D.C.	0.1	Terr. mag. pulse** 1528-1535 Solar flare*** 1529
6	1440	1510	Ohio, D.C.	0.1	
6	1533	1610	Ohio, D.C.	0.1	
7	1207	1300	England	0.02	Solar flare*** 1215
7	1553	1650	Ohio, D.C., England	0.01	
9	1013	1050	England	0.05	
9	1650	1710	Ohio, D.C., England	0.05	
10	1719	1735	Ohio, D.C., England, New Brunswick	0.01	
11	1220	1320	Ohio, D.C., England	0.03	
11	1727	1740	Ohio	0.1	
13	1216	1235	England	0.1	
13	1253	1320	Ohio, D.C., England	0.2	
15	2120	2200	Ohio, D.C., England	0.01	
21	1350	1430	Ohio, D.C., England	0.05	Solar flare**** 1405
23	1649	1910	Ohio, D.C., England, New Brunswick	0.1	

*Ratio of received field intensity during SID to average field intensity before and after, for station W8XAL, 6080 kilocycles, 600 kilometers, for all SID except the following: Station GLH, 13525 kilocycles, received in New York, was used for the SID on October 7 at 1207, on October 9 at 1013, and on October 13 at 1216.

**As observed on Cheltenham magnetogram of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

***Time of observation at Meudon Observatory, France.

****Time of observation at McMath-Hulbert Observatory, Michigan.

Table 51Sudden Ionosphere Disturbances Reported byRCA Communications, Inc., as Observedat Point Reyes, California

1948 Day	GCT		Location of transmitters
	Beginning	End	
October 15	2120	2230	Australia, China, Hawaii, Japan, Philippine Is.
18	0040	0100	Java, Philippine Is.
18	0515	0605	Australia, China, Chosen, Japan

Table 52

Sudden Ionosphere Disturbances Reported by Engineer-in-Chief,Cable and Wireless, Ltd., as Observed in England

1948 Day	GCT		Receiving station	Location of transmitters
	Beginning	End		
October 5	0614	0730	Somerton	Ceylon, India
6	1228	1245	Brentwood	Bahrein I., Belgian Congo, Canary Is., Greece, Kenya, Portugal, Southern Rhodesia, Switzerland
7	1000	1115	Brentwood	Canary Is., Kenya, Southern Rhodesia, Spain, Zanzibar
7	1225	1300	Brentwood	Austria, Barbados, Belgian Congo, Canary Is., France, Greece, Kenya, Malta, Southern Rhodesia, Spain, Switzerland, Yugoslavia, Zanzibar
7	1228	1310	Somerton	Argentina, Brazil, Union of S. Africa
9	1015	1055	Brentwood	Austria, Bahrein I., Belgian Congo, Canary Is., France, Greece, India, Iran, Kenya, Palestine, Portugal, Southern Rhodesia, Spain, Switzerland, Syria, Trans-Jordan, Turkey, U.S.S.R., Yugoslavia, Zanzibar
9	1017	1045	Somerton	Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, Ceylon, China, Gold Coast, India, Union of S. Africa
11	1215	1345	Brentwood	Afghanistan, Austria, Bahrein I., Barbados, Belgian Congo, Canary Is., Colombia, France, Greece, India, Iran, Madagascar, Malta, Palestine, Portugal, Southern Rhodesia, Spain, Surinam, Switzerland, Syria, Turkey, U.S.S.R., Yugoslavia, Zanzibar
11	1220	1345	Somerton	Argentina, Australia, Barbados, Brazil, Canada, Ceylon, China, Gold Coast, India, New York, Union of S. Africa
13	1210	1230	Brentwood	Canary Is., France, Greece, Kenya, Southern Rhodesia, Spain, Switzerland, Turkey, Yugoslavia, Zanzibar
13	1255	1315	Brentwood	Canary Is., Colombia, France, Kenya, Palestine, Southern Rhodesia, Spain, Turkey

Table 52 (Continued)

1948 Day	GCT		Receiving station	Location of transmitters
	Beginning	End		
October 13	1300	1310	Somerton	Argentina, Brazil, Ceylon, Gold Coast, India, Union of S. Africa

Table 53

Sudden Ionosphere Disturbances Reported by
International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation,
as Observed at Platanos, Argentina

1948 Day	GCT		Location of transmitters
	Beginning	End	
August 1	1612	1625	Bolivia, France, Germany, New York, Spain, Venezuela
			Brazil, Colombia, England, Germany, New York, Switzerland, Venezuela
September 16	1600	1615	Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Cuba, Denmark, Germany, Netherlands, New York, Peru, Spain, Venezuela

Note: Observers are invited to send to the CRPL information on times of beginning and end of sudden ionosphere disturbances for publication as above. Address letters to the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D. C.

Table 54

Provisional Radio Propagation Quality Figures
 (Including Comparisons with CRPL Warnings and CRPL Probable Disturbed Period Forecasts)
September 1948

Day	North Atlantic						North Pacific						<u>Quality Figure Scale:</u>
	Quality figure	CRPL* Warning	CRPL** Forecast of probable disturbed periods	Geo-magnetic K _{Ch}	Quality figure	CRPL* Warning	CRPL** Forecast of probable disturbed periods	Geo-magnetic K _{Ch}	01-12 GCT	13-24 GCT	01-12 GCT	13-24 GCT	
1	(4) (4)	X		3 4	6 7	X					3 4		
2	(3) 5	X X		5 2	6 5	X X					5 2		
3	(4) 6	X X		2 3	6 6	X X					2 3		
4	(4) 5	X X		3 3	6 7	X X					3 3		
5	5 6	X		3 1	7 6	X					3 1		
6	6 7	X		2 2	7 7						2 2		
7	6 6	X		3 2	7 6						3 2		
8	6 6			2 2	7 8						2 2		
9	6 6			2 2	6 7						2 2		
10	7 7			1 3	8 7						1 3		
11	7 6			3 2	8 6						3 2		
12	6 6			3 4	7 7						3 4		
13	7 7			2 2	7 8						2 2		
14	7 7			2 1	7 7						2 1		
15	7 6			2 3	7 8						2 3		
16	7 6			3 3	6 8						3 3		
17	6 7	X		2 2	7 8	X					2 2		
18	6 6	X		1 3	7 7						1 3		
19	5 6	X		3 2	7 7						3 2		
20	6 6			1 2	7 7						1 2		
21	6 6			2 2	7 7						2 2		
22	6 7			2 3	7 7						2 3		
23	6 6			3 3	6 8						3 3		
24	6 6			3 3	7 6						3 3		
25	5 5			4 4	5 5						4 4		
26	(3) 6			4 3	7 7						4 3		
27	6 7			1 1	7 7						1 1		
28	7 7			0 0	6 8						0 0		
29	6 6	X		4 3	6 7						4 3		
30	5 6	X X	X	3 3	6 5 X X						3 3		

Score:

H	4	1
M	1	4
G	22	18
(S)	2	3
S	1	4

0	0
0	0
23	22
2	1
5	7

Geomagnetic K_{Ch} on the standard scale of 0 to 9, 9 representing the greatest disturbance

*Broadcast on WWV, Washington, D.C. Times of warnings recorded to nearest half day as broadcast.

**In addition to dates marked X, the following was designated as a probable disturbed day on forecasts more than eight days in advance of said date: September 28.

Table 52

American and Zürich Provisional Relative Sunspot NumbersOctober 1948

Date	R _A *	R _Z **	Date	R _A *	R _Z **
1	155	118	16	213	205
2	144	139	17	208	192
3	122	106	18	174	179
4	139	96	19	181	162
5	124	95	20	208	147
6	95	70	21	241	174
7	77	66	22	213	188
8	95	68	23	201	159
9	102	90	24	167	158
10	149	117	25	144	102
11	192	164	26	143	101
12	222	175	27	140	106
13	273	200	28	133	111
14	288	222	29	149	115
15	240	197	30	114	108
			31	108	101
			Mean:	166.3	136.5

*Combination of 43 observers; see page 8.

**Dependent on observations at Zürich Observatory and its stations at Locarno and Arosa.

Table 56a

Coronal observations at Climax, Colorado (5303A), east limb

Date GCT	Degrees north of the solar equator															0°	Degrees south of the solar equator															P														
	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90												
1948	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5	4	7	9	9	-	5	7	5	4	6	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	f25										
Oct. 1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	8	9	12	6	4	4	3	3	6	6	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25										
2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	8	10	7	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25											
3.7	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	8	10	7	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	f25											
7.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	14	12	14	12	14	15	13	12	10	8	5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	f25										
8.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5	5	5	3	3	15	21	16	17	17	17	20	23	20	18	14	12	7	5	3	-	-	-	-	f25											
9.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	8	9	9	10	11	10	14	26	22	20	21	23	22	20	14	18	16	16	15	8	5	8	6	3	-	f25											
10.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	5	7	9	11	12	17	26	22	20	20	18	16	20	22	22	13	13	11	10	8	7	5	5	-	-	f25										
12.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	13	14	15	15	20	22	22	23	20	20	15	13	11	12	10	9	8	-	-	f25									
13.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	18	16	18	13	12	13	15	18	16	10	7	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	f25										
14.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	6	8	14	12	10	11	13	18	22	25	23	15	9	8	4	3	3	4	3	2	-	f25							
15.7	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	8	10	10	7	8	10	15	17	18	12	10	7	5	6	-	-	-	-	f25										
17.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	10	9	8	11	11	12	14	15	15	14	12	5	3	5	4	3	4	5	4	3	-	f25						
18.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	7	9	11	12	13	13	13	9	14	15	13	11	8	7	4	4	5	4	3	5	-	f25						
20.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	9	10	11	9	8	5	3	9	10	12	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25									
21.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	8	10	10	9	-	6	8	9	10	7	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25										
23.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	4	6	7	9	10	12	11	9	11	11	8	8	7	4	3	-	-	-	f25									
24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	5	5	3	12	14	13	14	13	10	10	11	10	10	9	7	5	4	4	5	5	4	2	-	f25				
25.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	7	10	13	12	11	10	10	11	7	8	9	10	9	7	4	4	2	3	3	2	2	-	f25					
26.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	9	9	12	13	14	10	9	8	9	8	9	10	10	9	5	5	-	-	-	-	f25						
29.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	9	11	15	17	16	15	13	13	12	10	9	8	7	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	f25							
31.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	-	-	-	12	12	14	17	18	22	30	35	40	20	13	10	7	9	10	10	6	3	X	X	X	X	f25

Table 57a

Coronal observations at Climax, Colorado (6374A), east limb

Date GCT	Degrees north of the solar equator															0°	Degrees south of the solar equator															P					
	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	
1948	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	6	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	f25
Oct. 1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	11	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25	
2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	8	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25	
3.7	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	8	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25	
7.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25		
8.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25		
9.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	11	1	1	3	6	7	-	-	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25			
10.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	3	5	13	12	3	1	2	10	5	1	-	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25			
12.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	8	8	8	13	14	1	10	8	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25				
13.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	3	14	13	10	15	1	1	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25				
14.6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	11	10	3	5	4	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25				
15.7	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	4	5	6	6	3	1	1	3	10	9	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25			
17.6	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	5	3	1	-	2	7	8	8	8	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	f25				
18.6	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	1	-	1	3	4	2	1	1	-	1	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
20.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	f25				
21.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25				
23.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	3	4	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25				
25.6	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
26.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
29.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	12	8	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25				
31.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	4	5	5	6	-	111	8	9	10	10	5	1	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	X	X	X	X	f25	

Table 56b

Coronal observations at Climax, Colorado (5303A), west limb

Date GCT	Degrees south of the solar equator										0°	Degrees north of the solar equator										P																			
	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90												
1948																																									
Oct. 1.8	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	6	7	11	8	5	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	A25									
2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	9	10	12	11	8	6	5	9	10	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25											
3.7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	A25												
7.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	9	14	13	10	12	12	8	10	13	14	11	13	13	7	3	-	-	-	A25											
8.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	8	15	16	15	13	13	15	16	17	17	16	14	15	13	5	-	-	A25											
9.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	5	5	10	12	12	11	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	A25										
10.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	5	6	10	11	11	12	11	11	12	13	13	13	16	18	19	16	12	10	8	6	5	A25							
12.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	5	5	6	7	9	13	12	12	11	11	12	12	10	12	16	18	15	13	11	7	5	6	3	A25					
13.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	5	5	9	11	10	8	4	-	-	-	-	-	A25										
14.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	7	10	10	9	9	8	9	10	11	12	10	8	5	9	12	10	9	8	5	3	2	A25							
15.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	5	9	10	10	10	9	8	10	12	15	20	16	12	8	5	9	11	8	3	4	5	5	4	3	X	X	X	X	A25
17.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	15	13	10	9	11	18	16	18	22	23	20	18	16	15	14	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25						
18.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	5	10	12	14	11	9	-	-	20	34	38	30	33	25	22	20	19	19	15	15	-	-	-	5	5	4	3	A25	
20.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	10	12	10	10	10	33	38	38	37	35	32	30	25	22	25	10	9	5	3	3	-	-	-	A25					
21.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	9	11	14	22	20	19	18	15	13	12	10	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25								
23.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5	7	9	13	15	17	16	16	18	18	17	10	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25								
24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	3	3	2	11	13	13	17	16	15	12	11	16	20	19	27	26	31	25	18	10	8	7	7	4	-	A25		
25.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	5	4	7	13	14	15	16	20	25	13	17	20	20	23	28	30	22	11	10	8	5	3	2	-	A25				
26.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	4	5	5	9	12	13	15	20	23	24	13	15	14	13	15	18	11	8	5	3	-	-	A25						
29.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	10	12	28	27	23	20	15	12	10	8	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25								
31.7	X	X	X	X	X	4	5	5	7	5	7	8	7	8	12	22	43	41	31	28	25	25	14	14	14	11	8	7	6	3	-	-	2	3	2	2	A25				

Table 57b

Coronal observations at Climax, Colorado (6374A), west limb

Date GCT	Degrees south of the solar equator										0°	Degrees north of the solar equator										P												
	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90					
1948																																		
Oct. 1.8	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	5	10	2	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	A25		
2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	12	2	1	-	1	8	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25			
3.7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	A25					
7.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	1	-	2	4	9	1	-	8	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25			
8.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	13	11	13	-	3	11	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25			
9.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	1	2	2	6	12	5	2	8	8	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	A25			
10.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25			
12.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25				
13.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25					
14.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	A25			
15.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	10	1	1	1	2	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	A25			
17.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	7	9	10	5	8	4	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25			
18.6	-	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	2	2	-	5	5	2	1	1	1	5	8	10	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	A25			
20.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	8	5	2	3	1	-	3	8	14	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25				
21.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	4	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25				
23.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	4	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25					
24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	3	4	10	7	7	10	10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25				
25.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	4	8	12	13	10	8	7	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25				
26.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	11	1	10	11	14	12	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A25					
29.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	14	16	10	8	8	2	5	3	-	8	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	-	A25				
31.7	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	1	10	30	22	12	5	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	I	I	A25

Table 58a

Coronal observations at Climax, Colorado (6704A), east limb

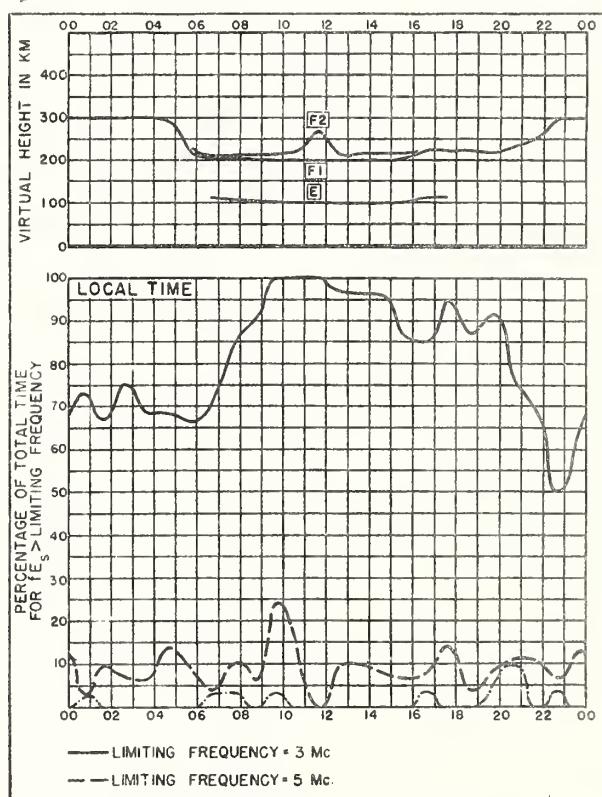
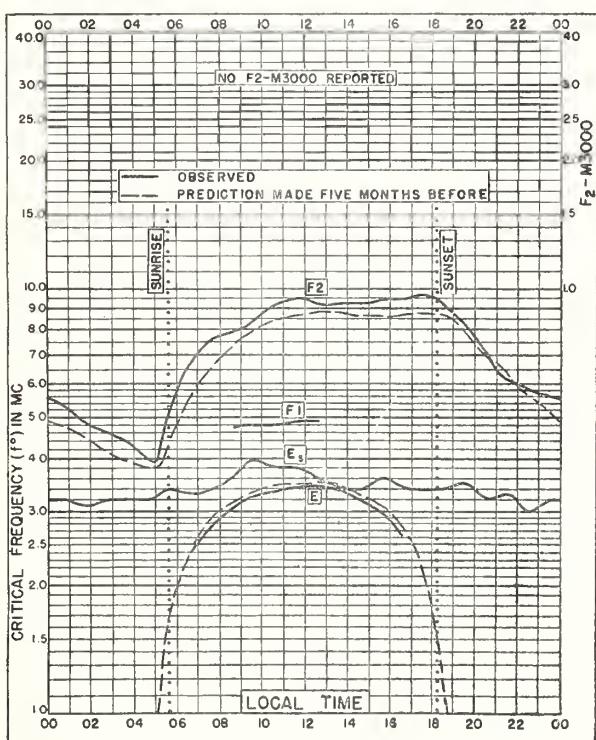
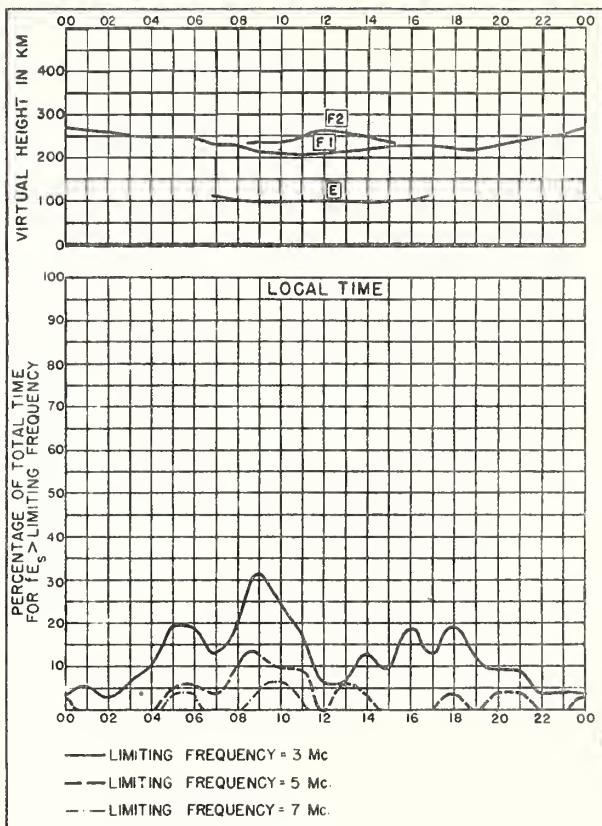
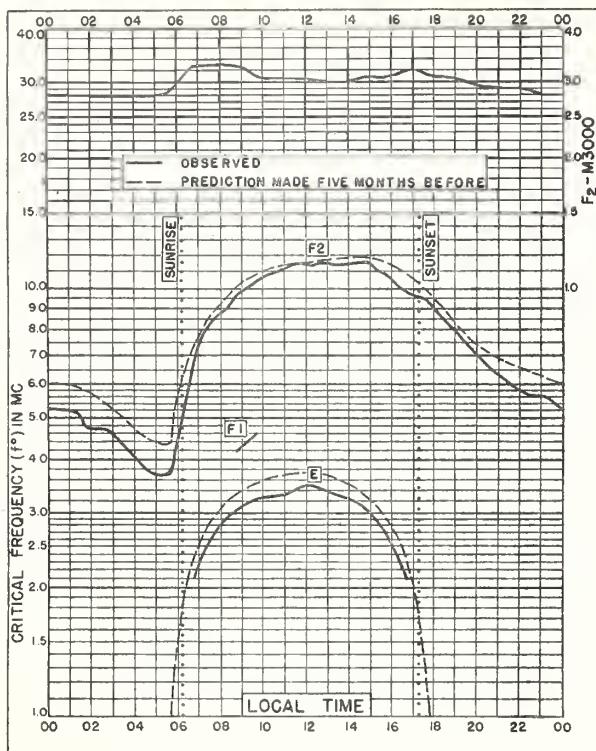
Date GCT	Degrees north of the solar equator															0°	Degrees south of the solar equator															P					
	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	
19/8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25				
Oct. 1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25				
2.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25				
3.7	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	f25				
7.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	5	4	4	4	1	1	-	-	-	f25			
8.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	2	2	3	3	4	5	5	5	4	4	-	-	-	f25			
9.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	f25			
10.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	f25			
12.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	f25				
13.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
14.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
15.7	X	X	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	f25			
17.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
18.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
20.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
21.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
23.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
25.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
26.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
29.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	f25					
31.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	X	X	X	f25

Table 58b

Coronal observations at Climax, Colorado (6704A), west limb

GRAPHS OF IONOSPHERIC DATA

42



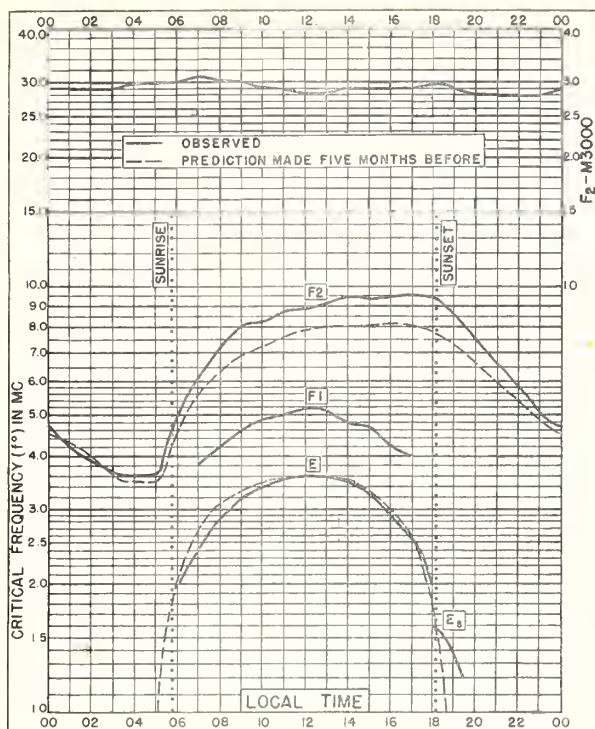


Fig. 5 ST JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND
47°6'N, 52.7°W SEPTEMBER 1948

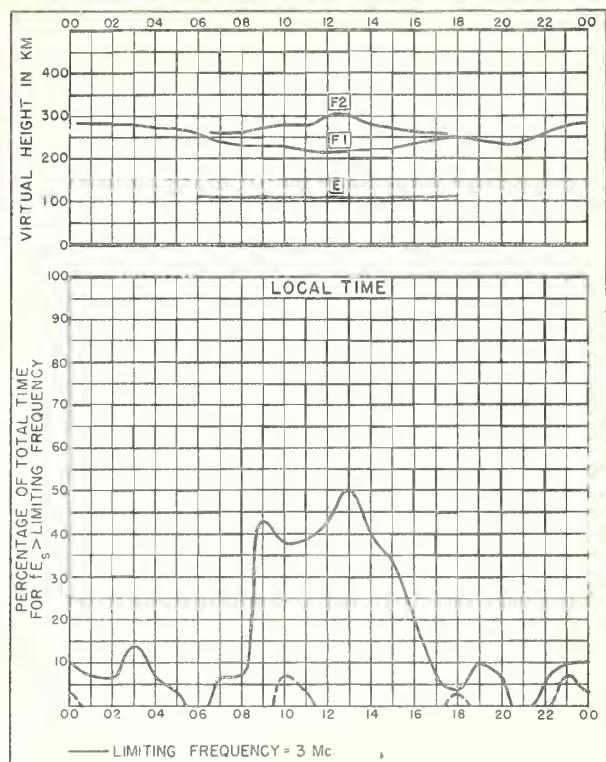


Fig. 6 ST JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND SEPTEMBER 1948

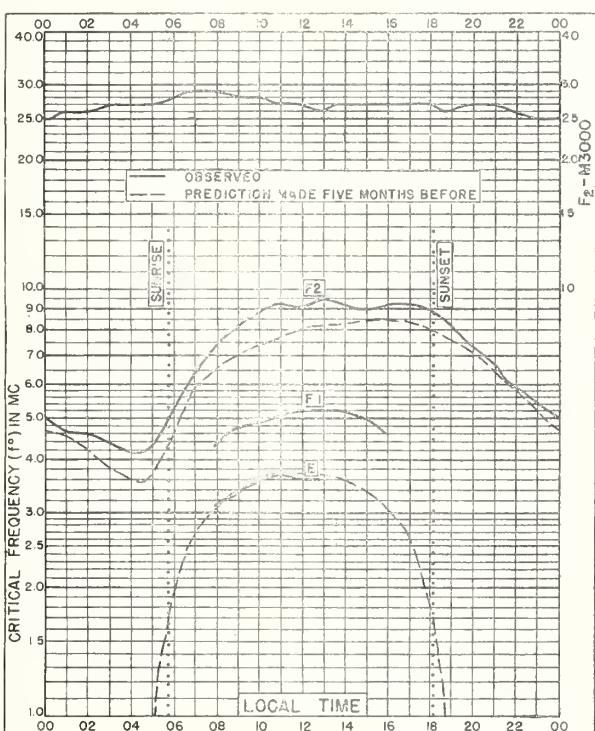


Fig. 7 OTTAWA, CANADA
45.5°N, 75.8°W SEPTEMBER 1948

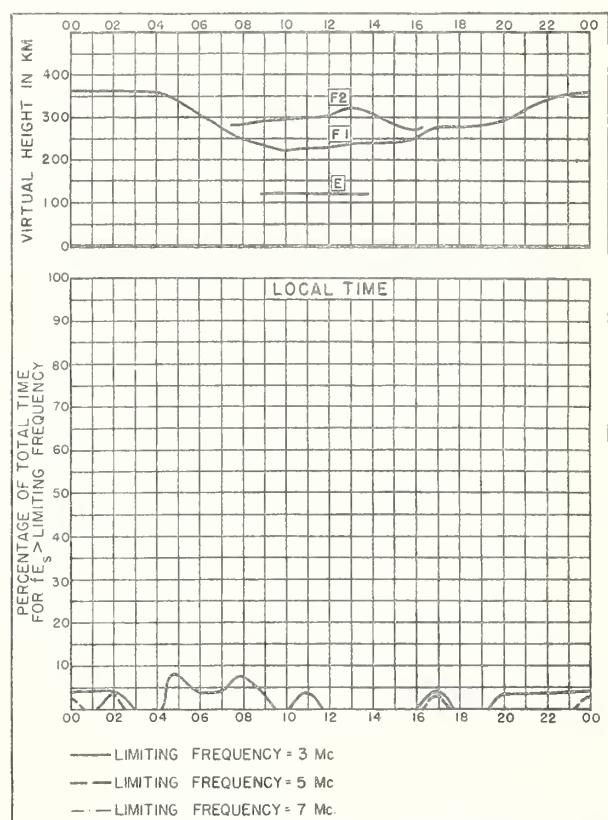
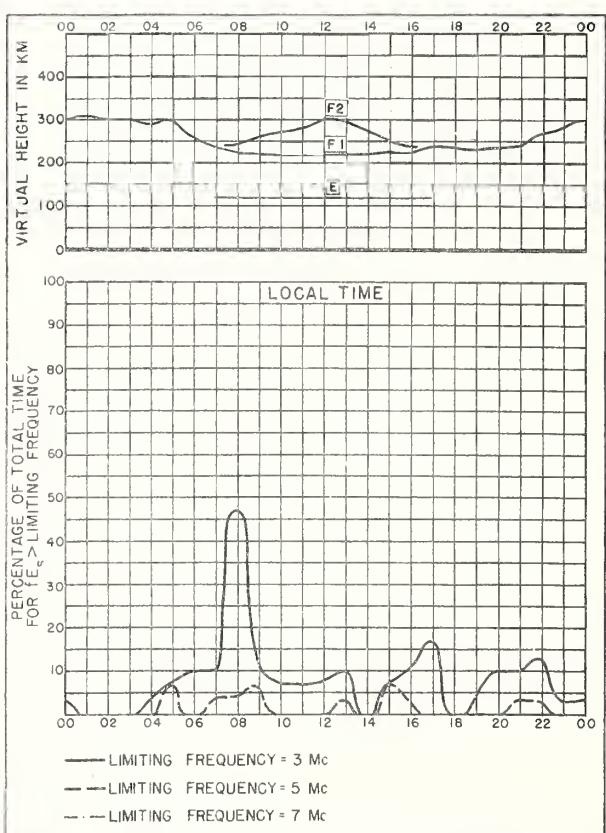
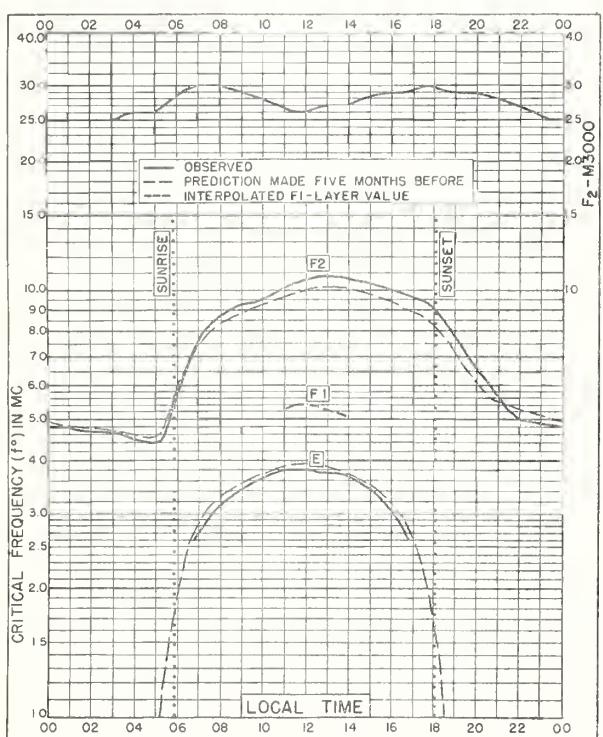
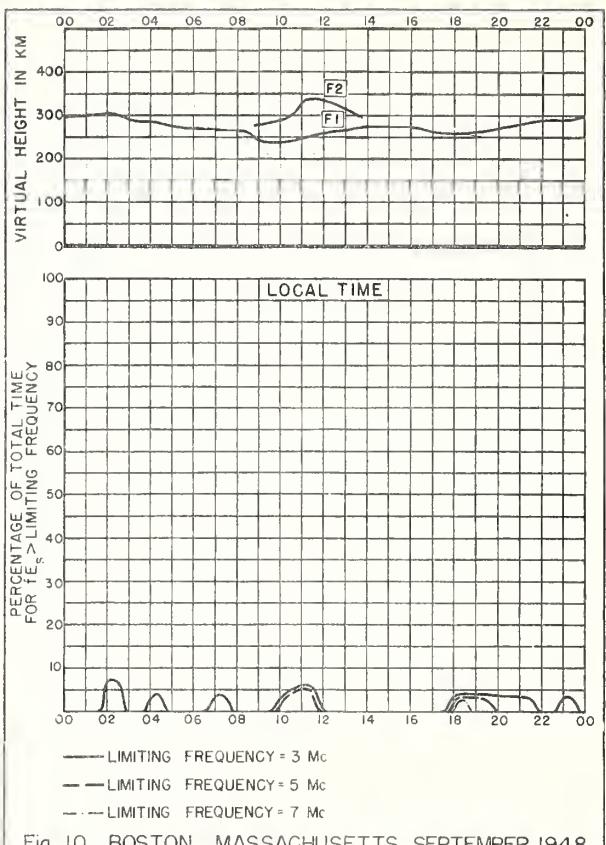
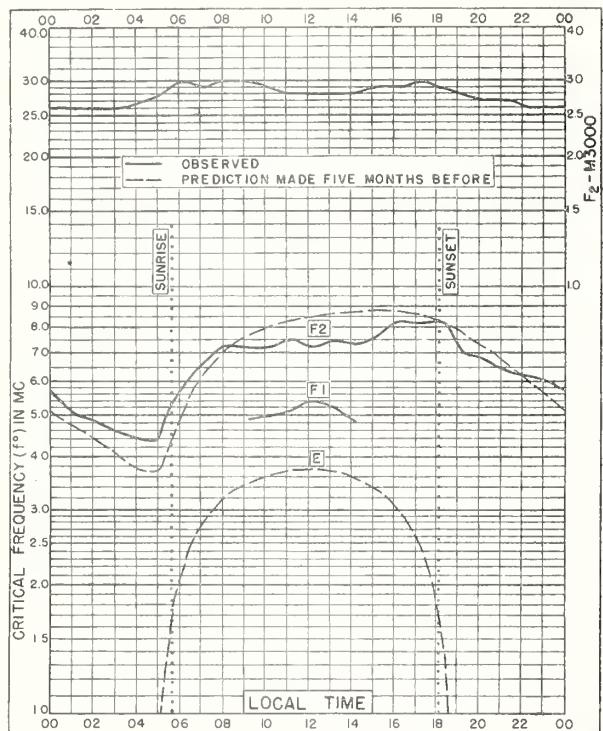


Fig. 8 OTTAWA, CANADA SEPTEMBER 1948



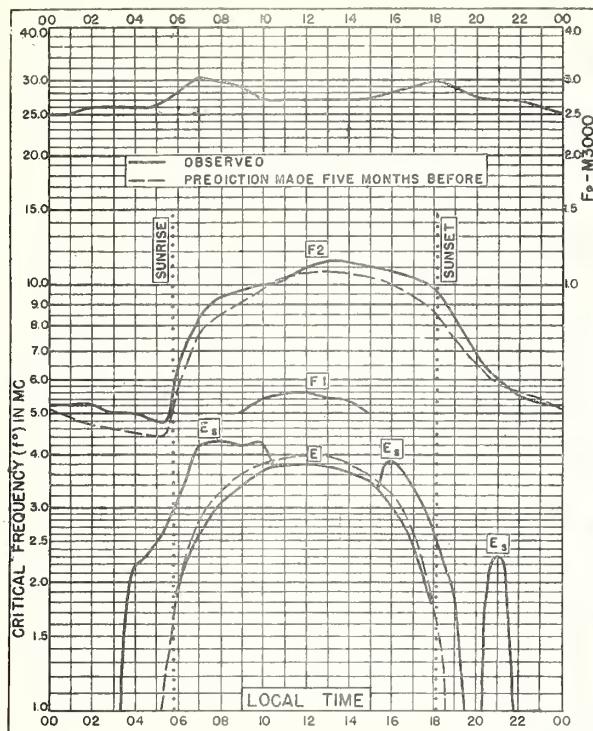


Fig. 13. WHITE SANDS, NEW MEXICO
32.3°N, 106.5°W SEPTEMBER 1948

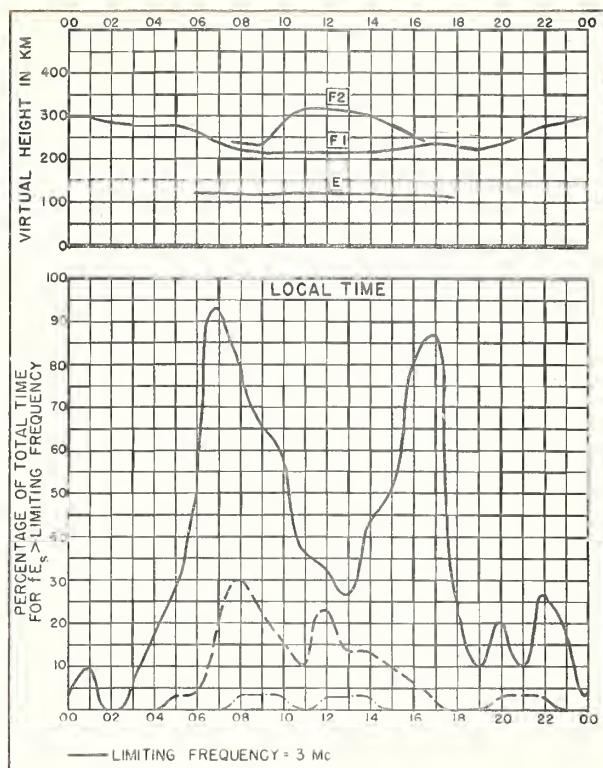


Fig. 14. WHITE SANDS, NEW MEXICO SEPTEMBER 1948

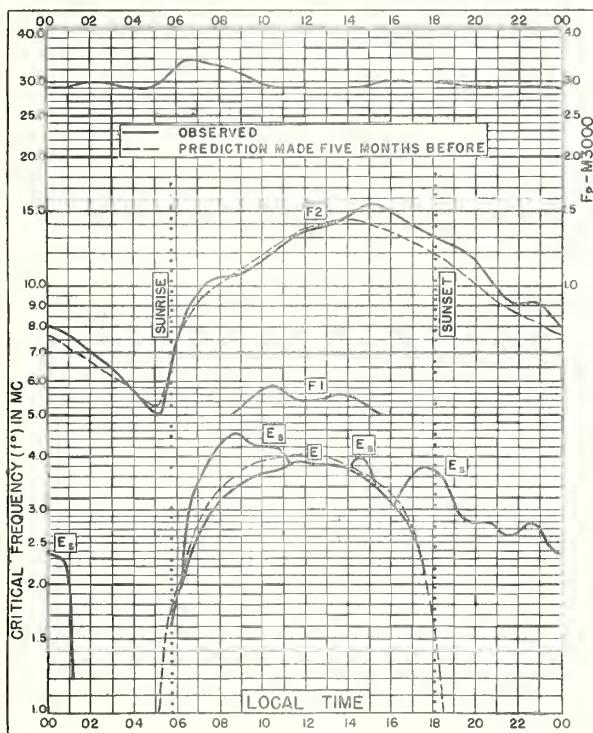


Fig. 15. WUCHANG, CHINA
30.6°N, 114.4°E SEPTEMBER 1948

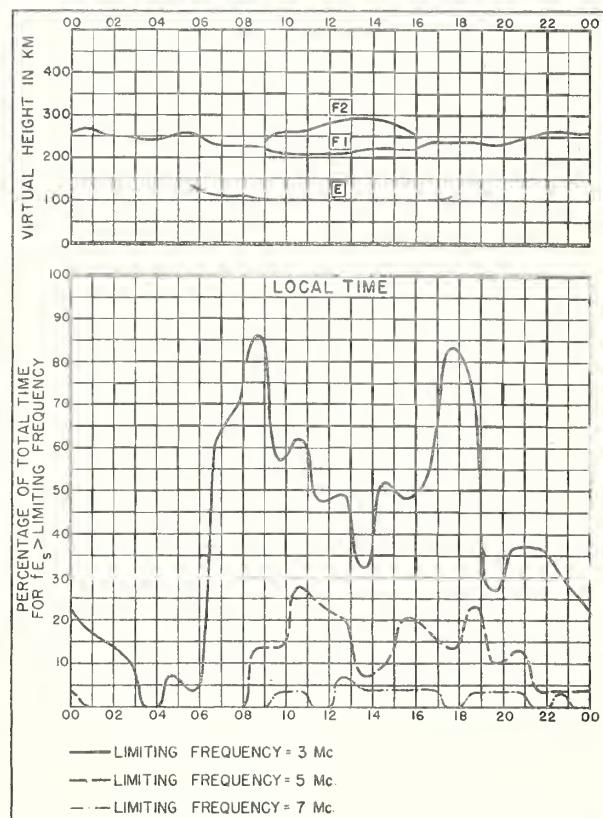


Fig. 16. WUCHANG, CHINA SEPTEMBER 1948

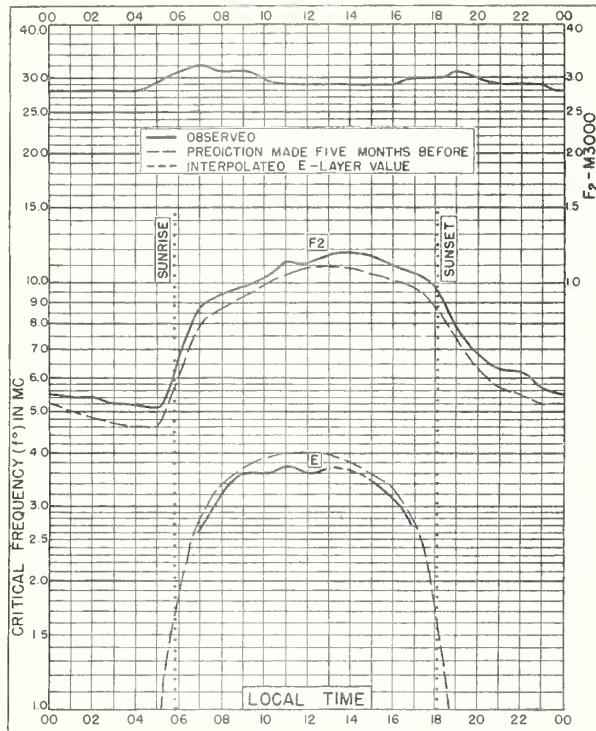


Fig. 17. BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA
30.5°N, 91.2°W SEPTEMBER 1948

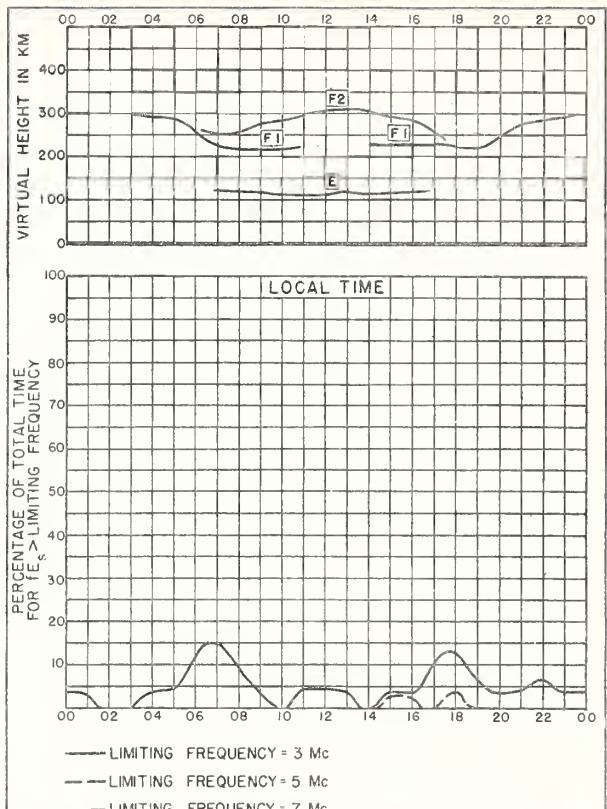


Fig. 18. BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA SEPTEMBER 1948

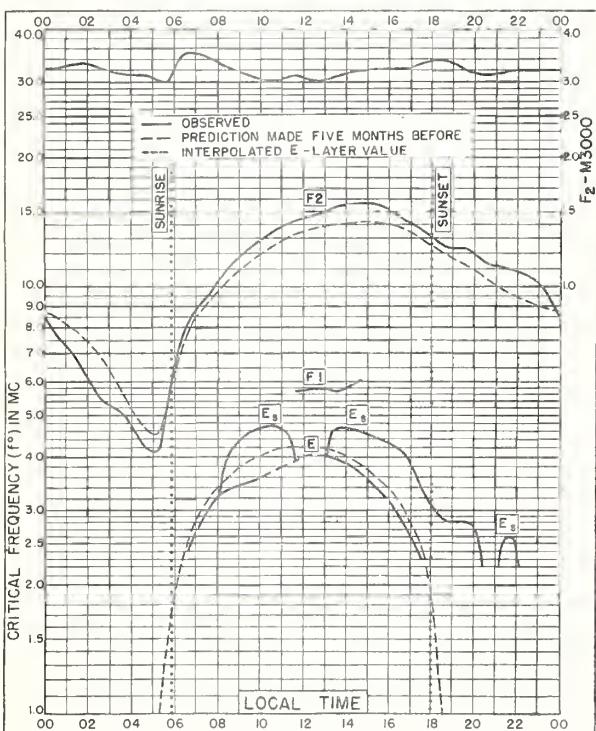


Fig. 19. MAUI, HAWAII
20.8°N, 156.5°W SEPTEMBER 1948

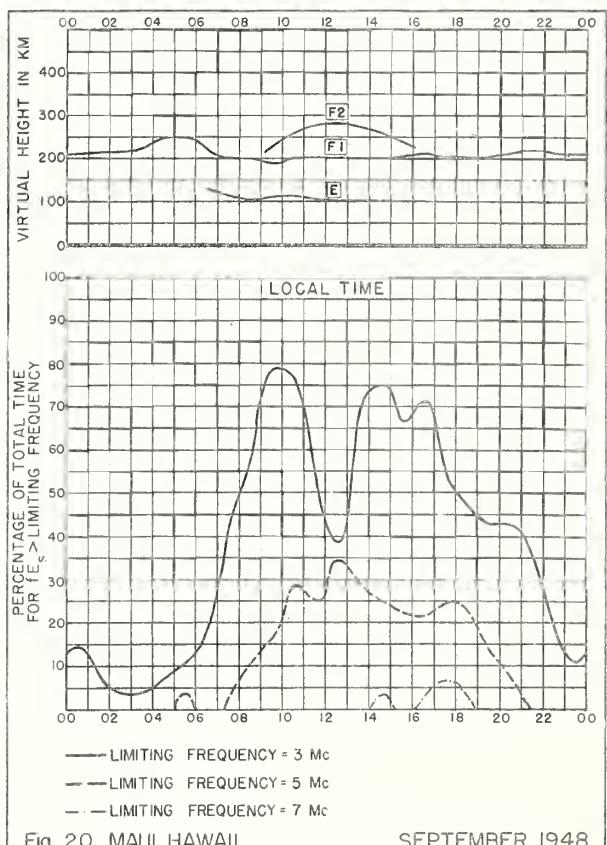


Fig. 20. MAUI, HAWAII SEPTEMBER 1948

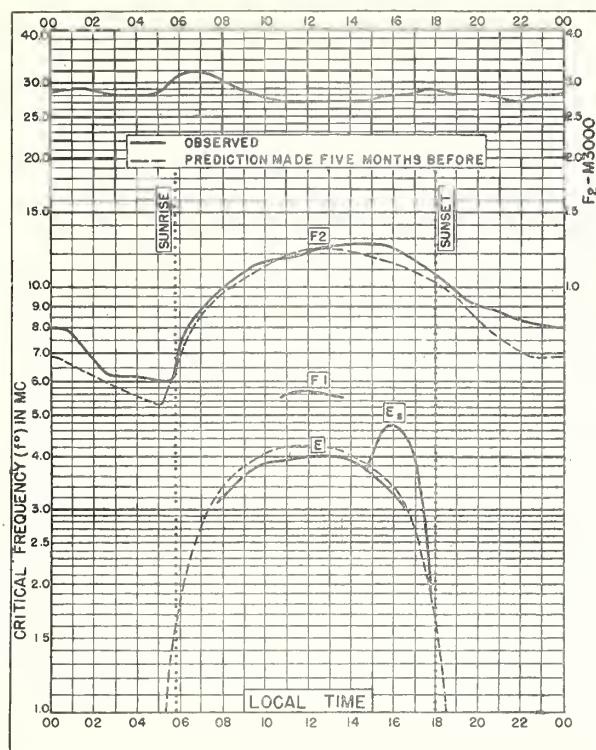


Fig. 21. SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO
18.4°N, 66.1°W SEPTEMBER 1948

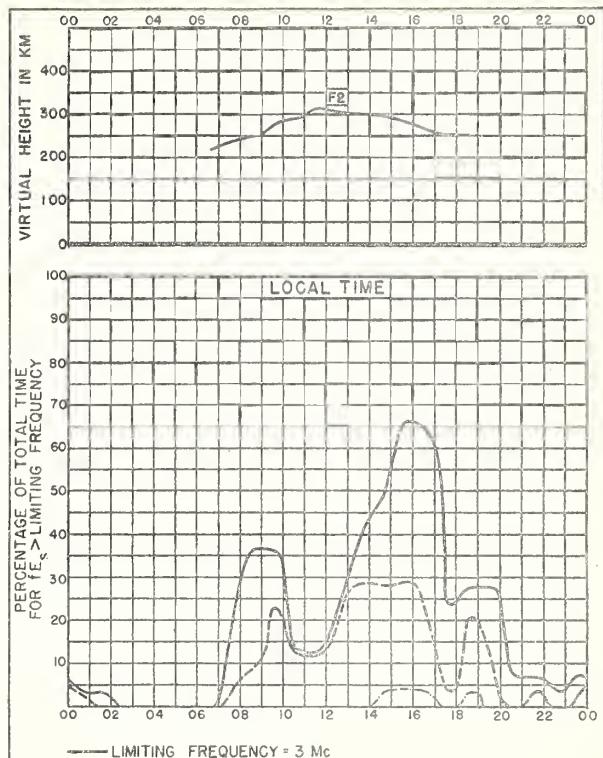


Fig. 22. SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO SEPTEMBER 1948

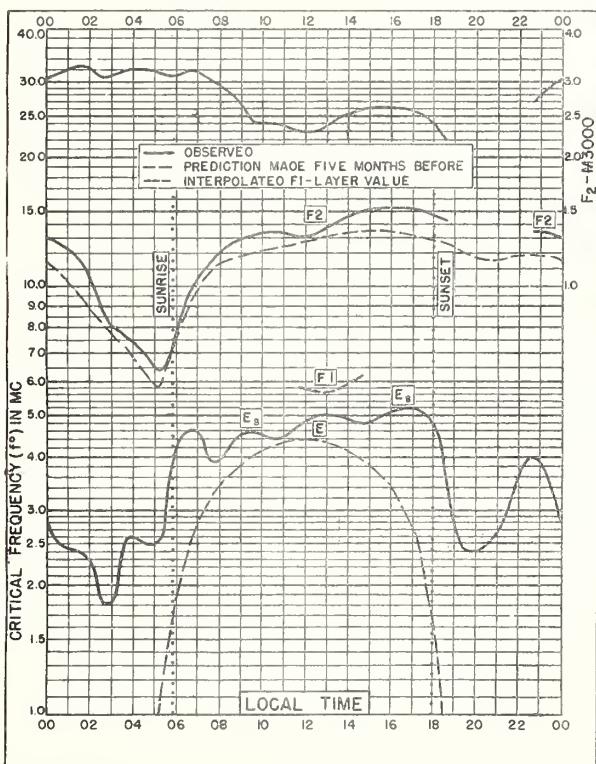


Fig. 23. GUAM I.
13.6°N, 144.9°E SEPTEMBER 1948

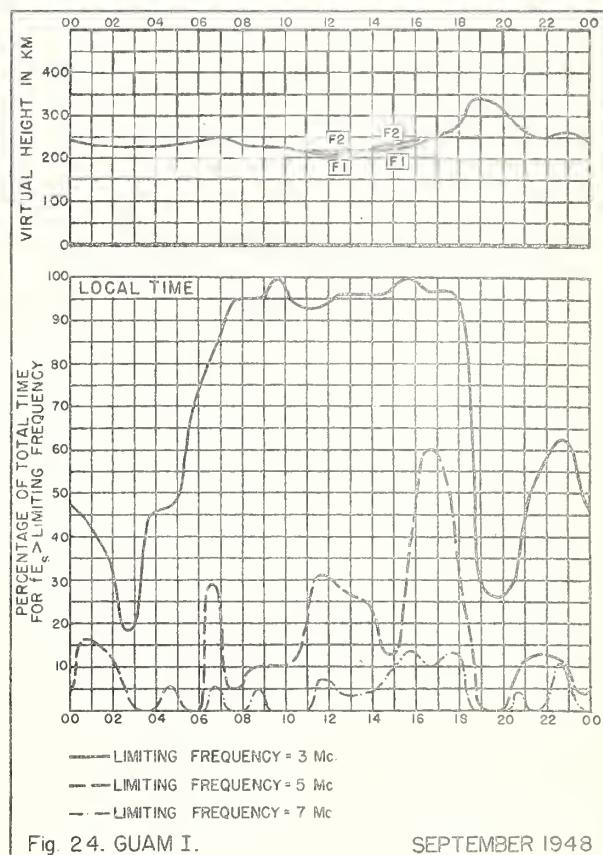


Fig. 24. GUAM I. SEPTEMBER 1948

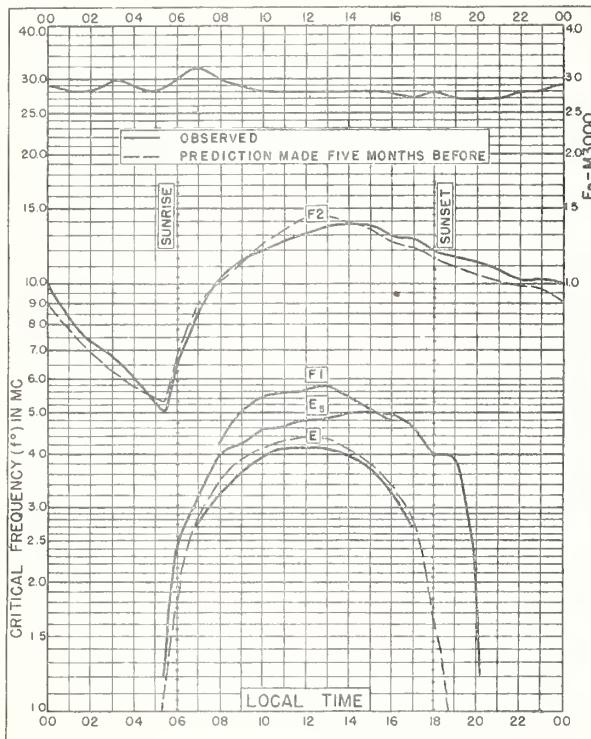


Fig. 25. TRINIDAD, BRIT. WEST INDIES
10. 6°N, 61.2°W SEPTEMBER 1948

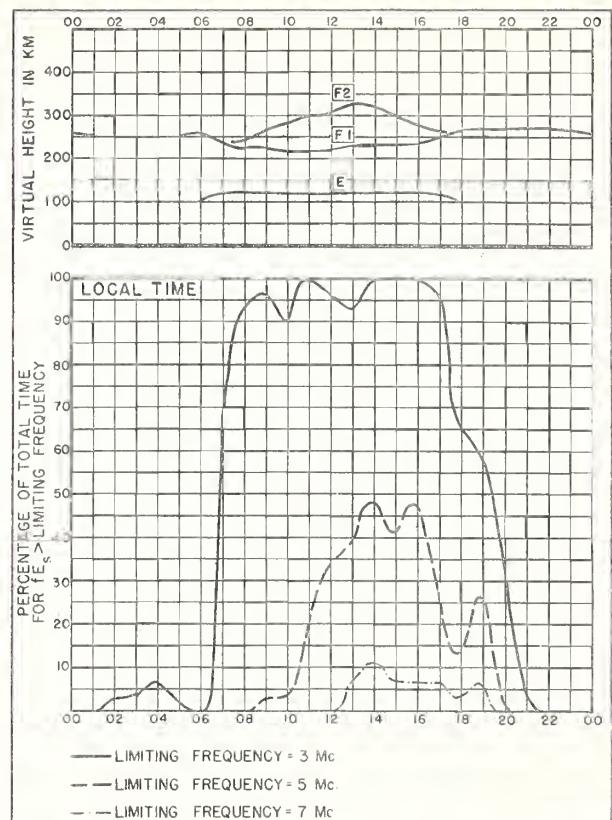


Fig. 26. TRINIDAD, BRIT. WEST INDIES SEPTEMBER 1948

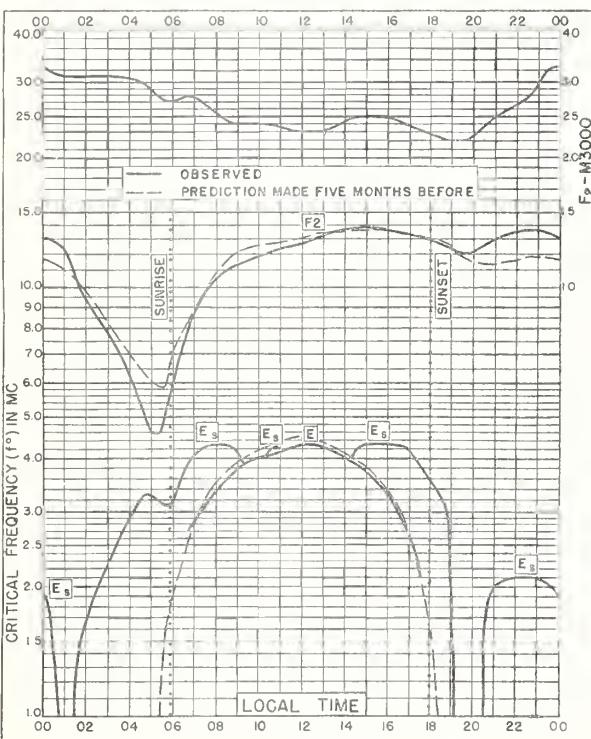


Fig. 27. PALMYRA I.
5.9°N 162.1°W SEPTEMBER 1948

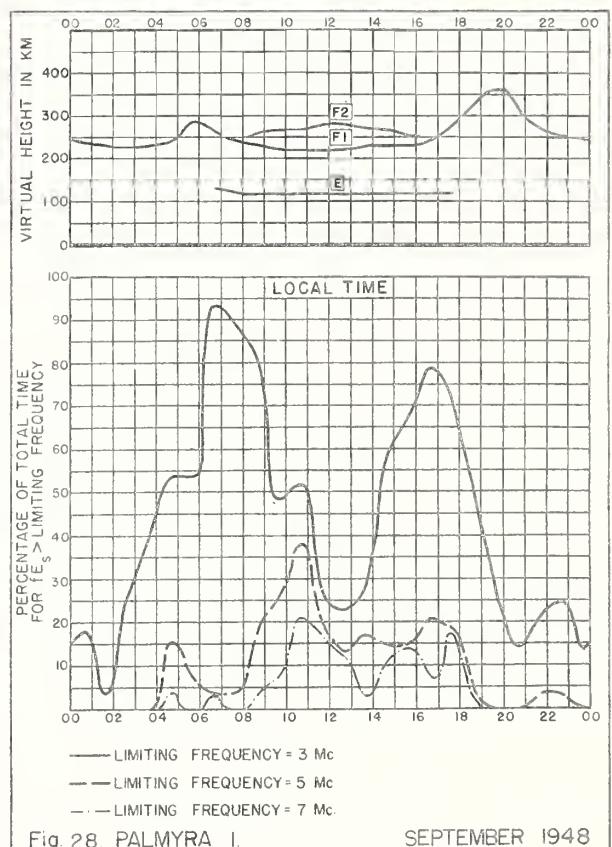
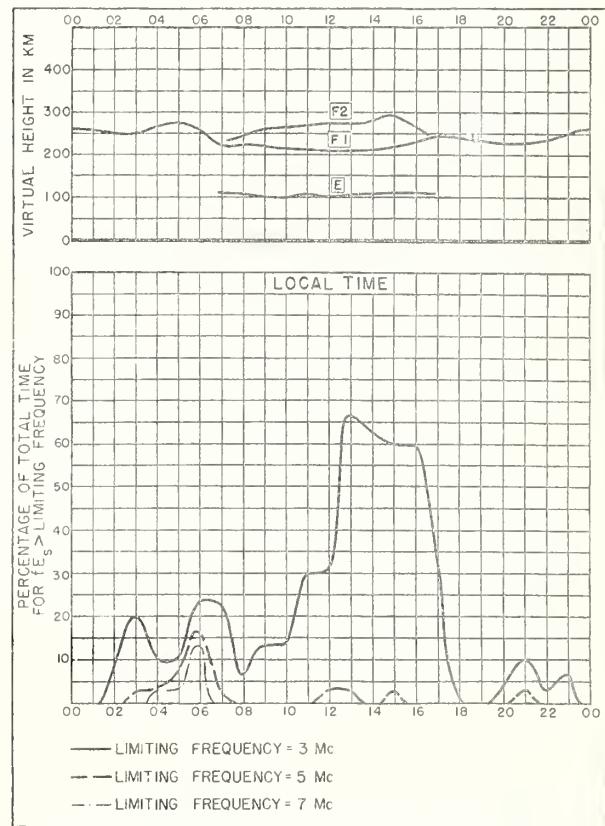
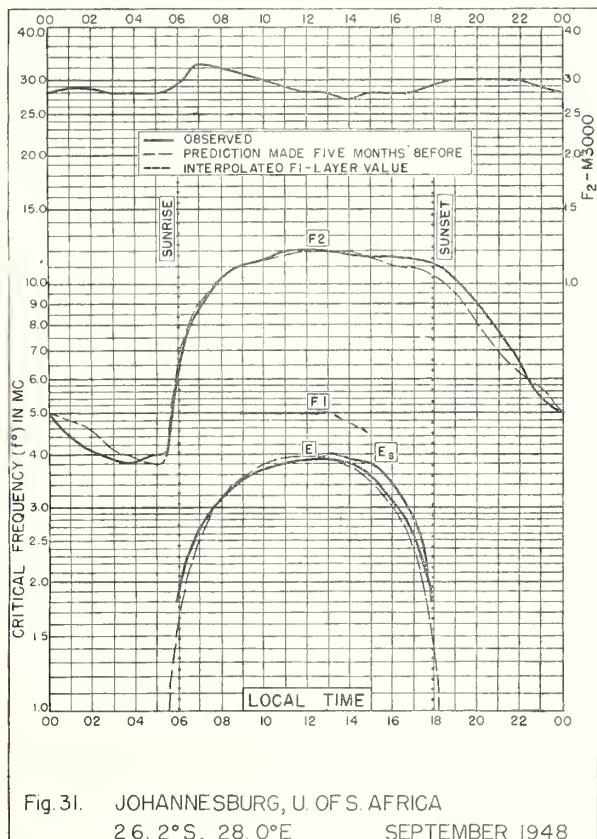
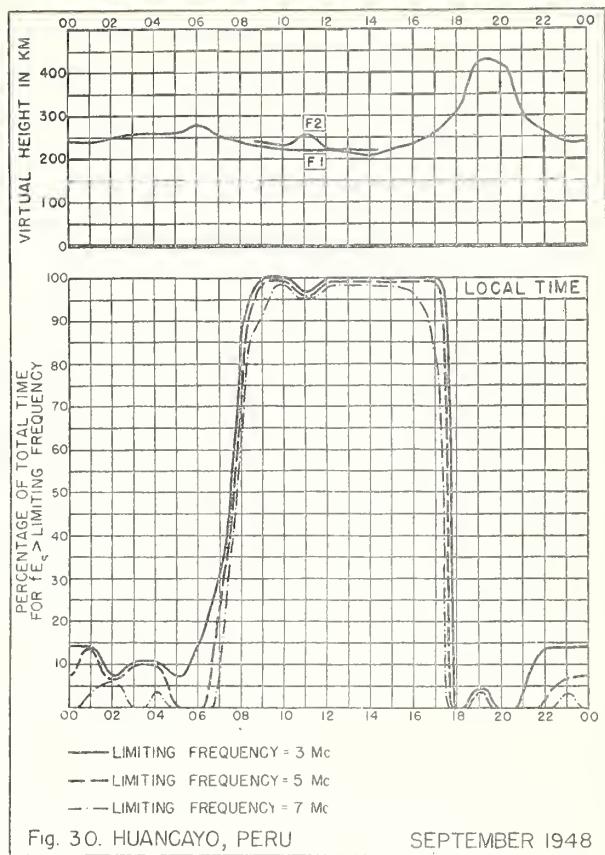
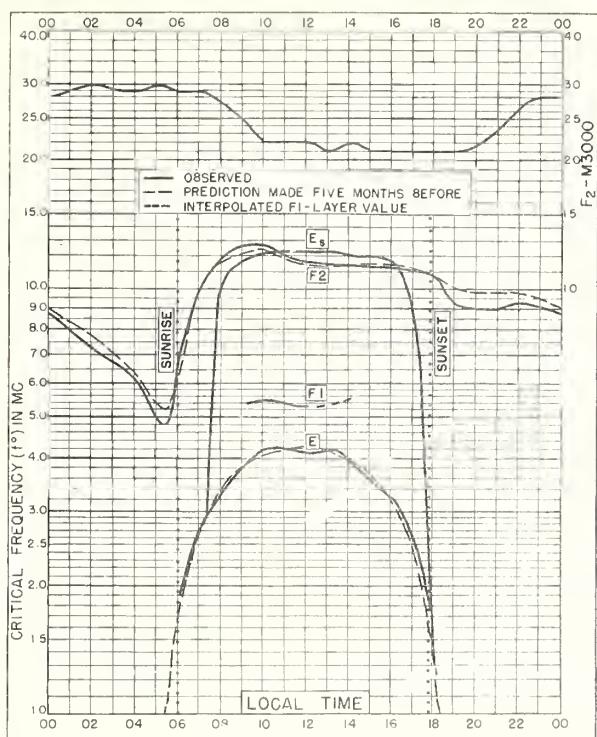
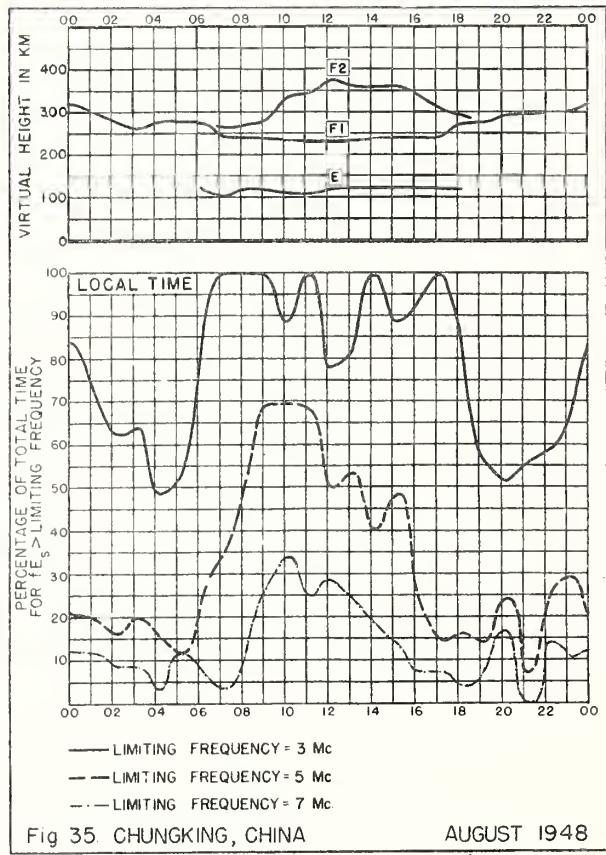
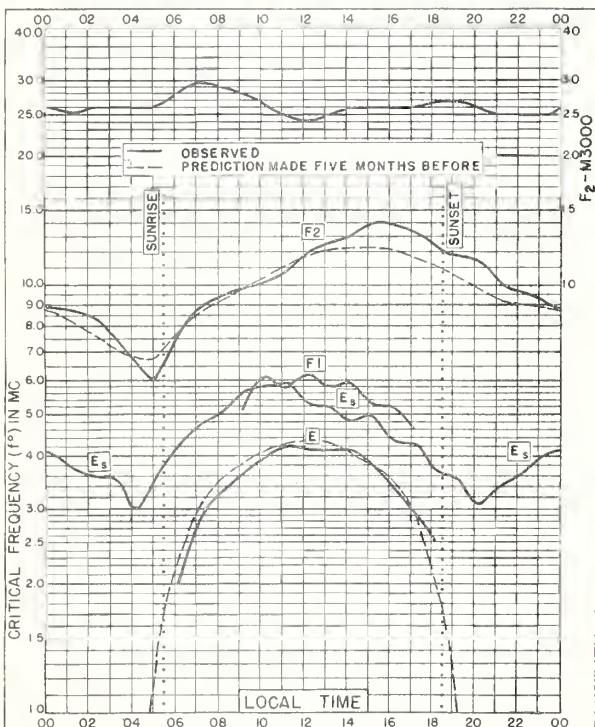
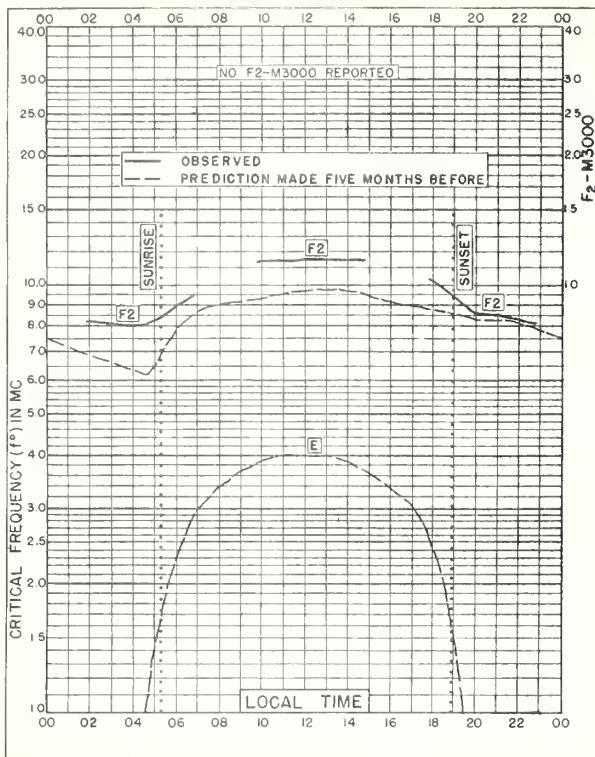
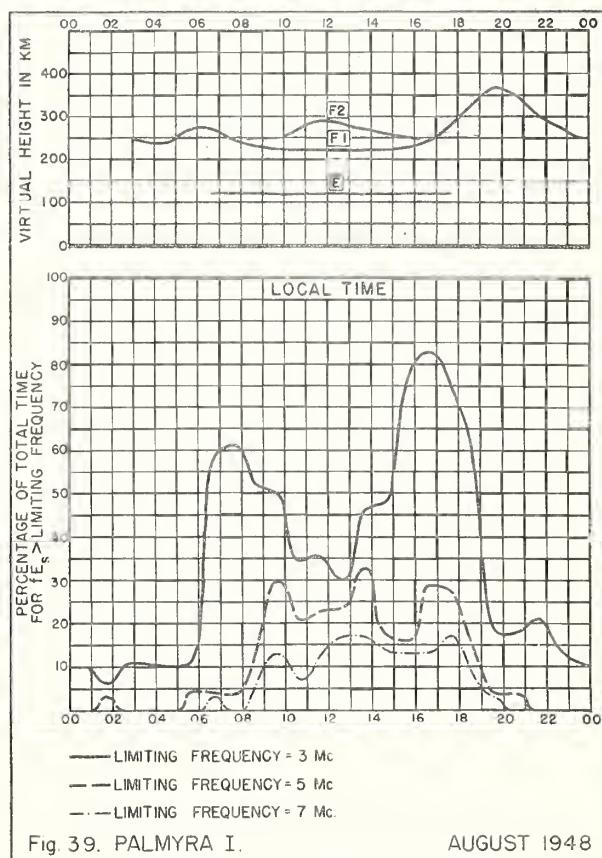
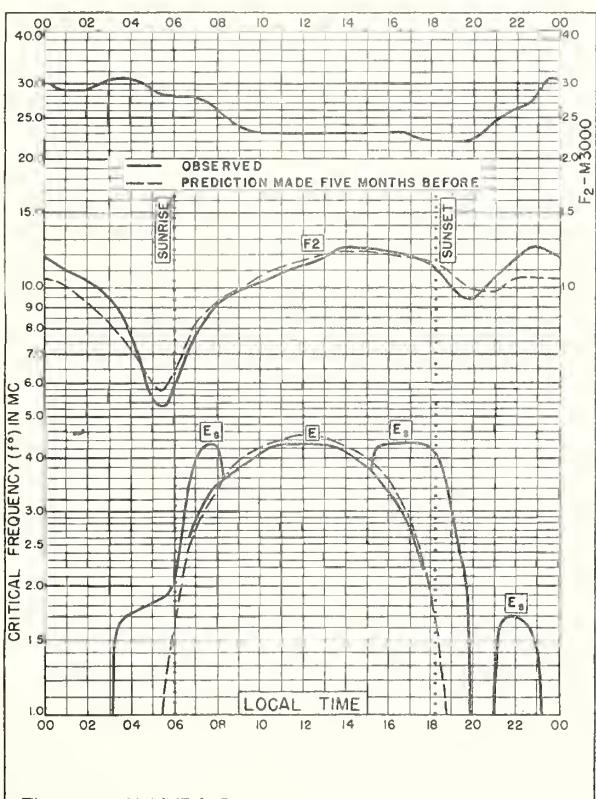
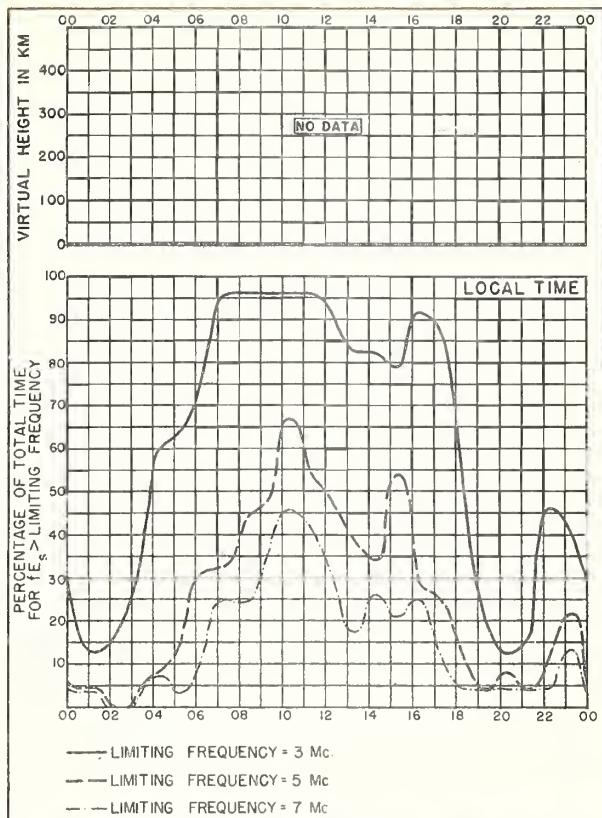
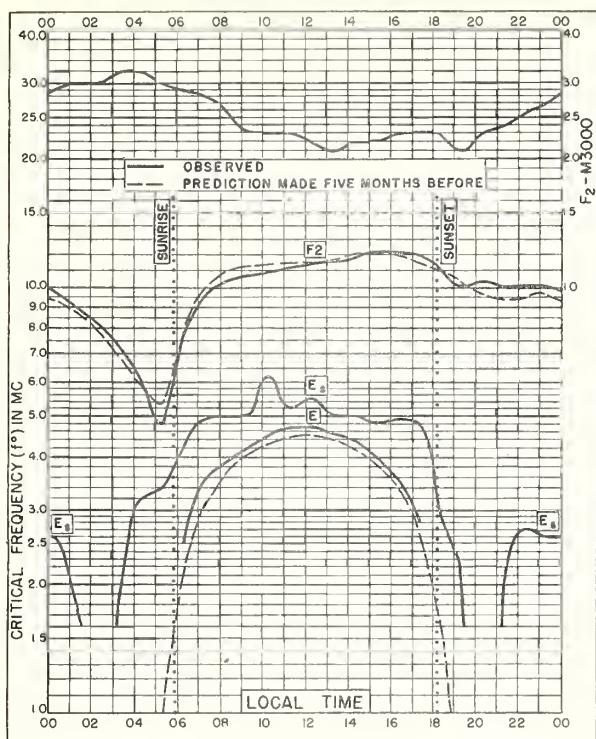


Fig. 28. PALMYRA I. SEPTEMBER 1948







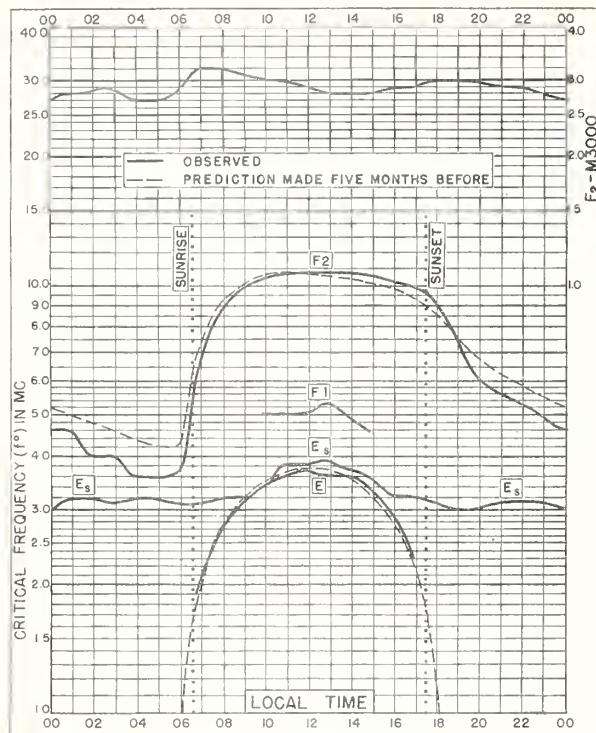


Fig. 40. WATHEROO, W AUSTRALIA

30.3°S, 115.9°E

AUGUST 1948

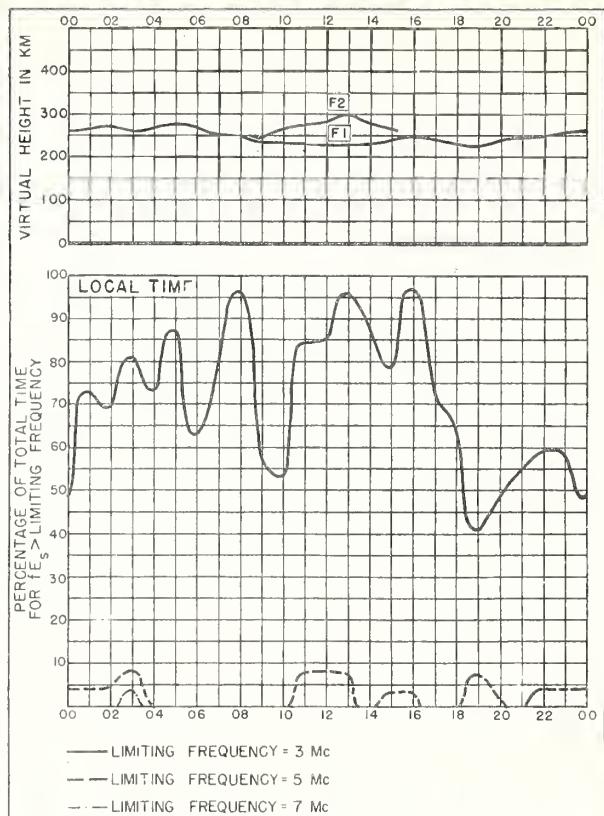


Fig. 41. WATHEROO, W. AUSTRALIA

AUGUST 1948

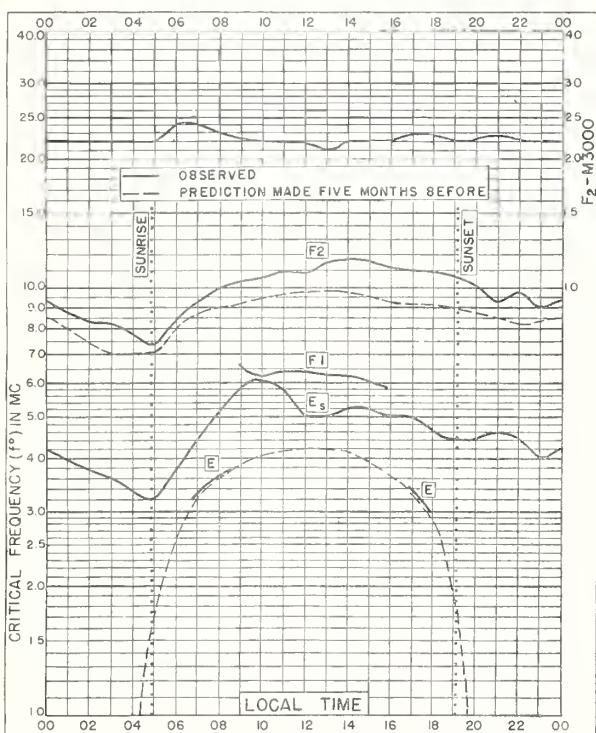


Fig. 42. LANCHOW, CHINA

36.1°N, 103.8°E

JULY 1948

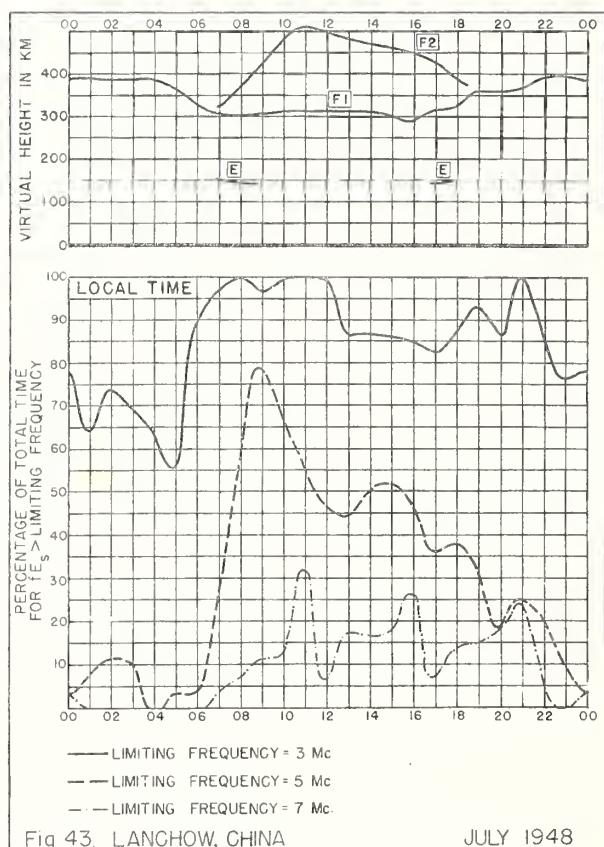


Fig. 43. LANCHOW, CHINA

JULY 1948

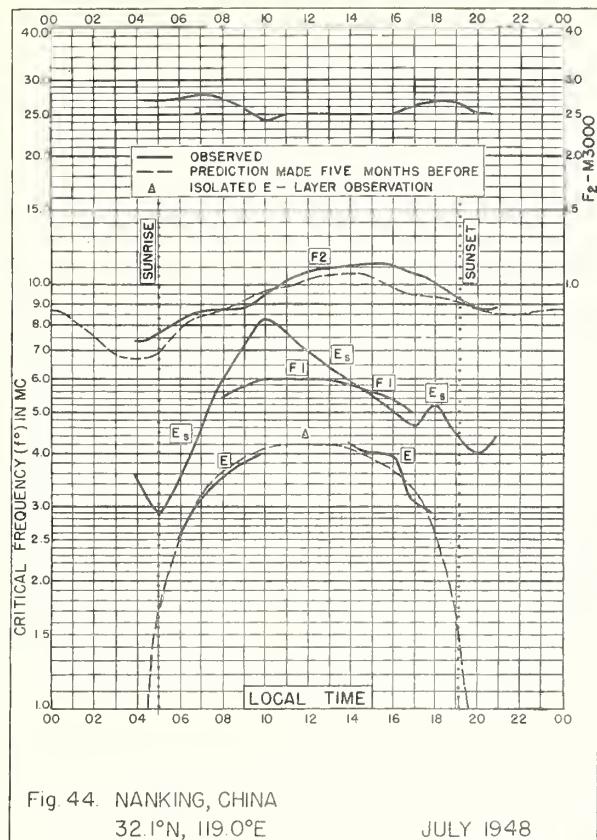


Fig. 44. NANKING, CHINA

32°10'N, 119°0'E

JULY 1948

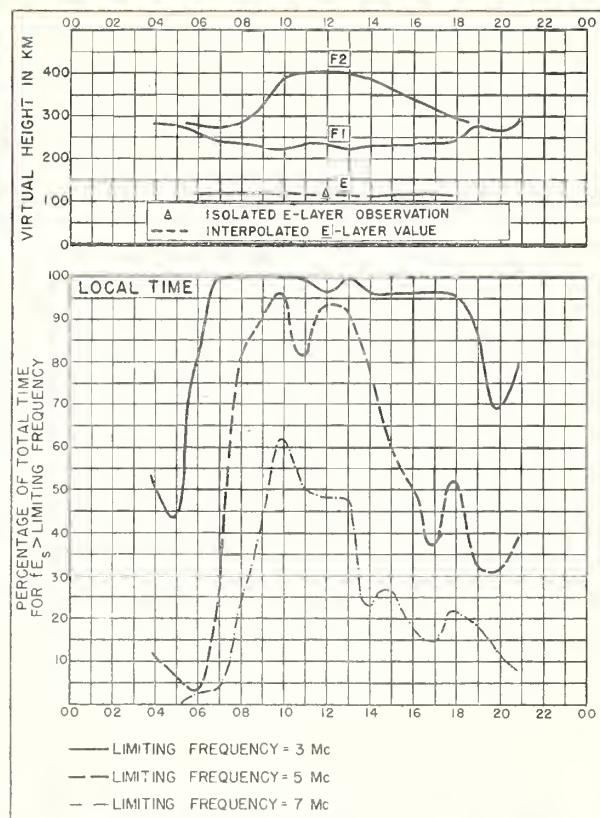


Fig. 45. NANKING, CHINA

JULY 1948

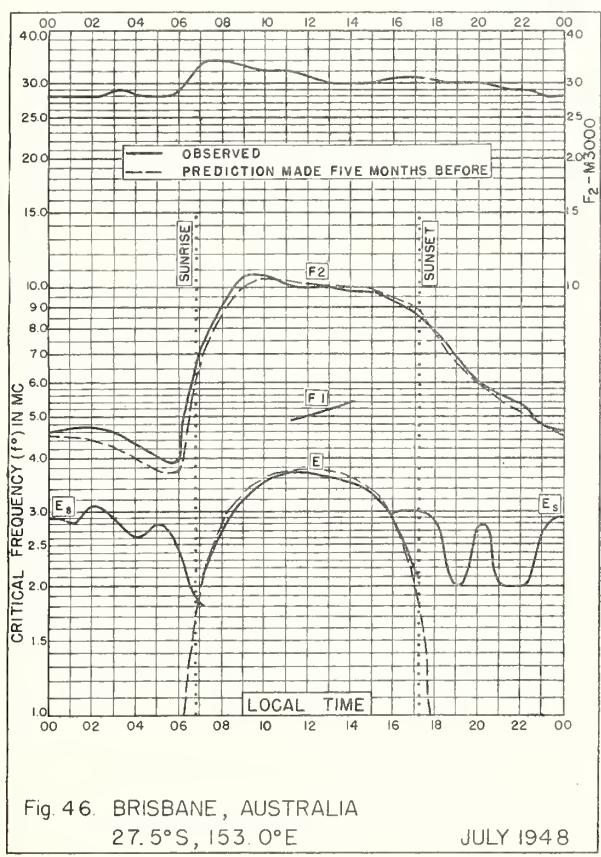


Fig. 46. BRISBANE, AUSTRALIA

27.5°S, 153.0°E

JULY 1948

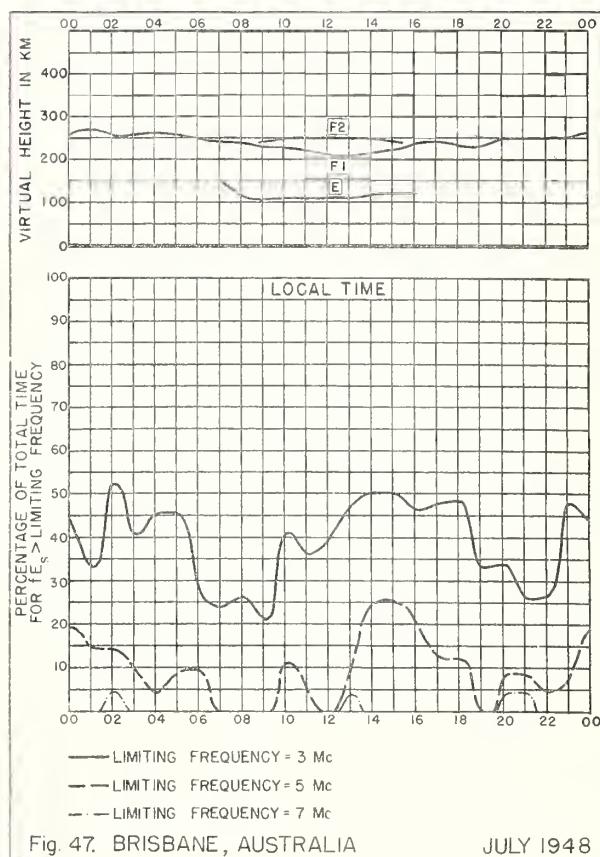


Fig. 47. BRISBANE, AUSTRALIA

JULY 1948

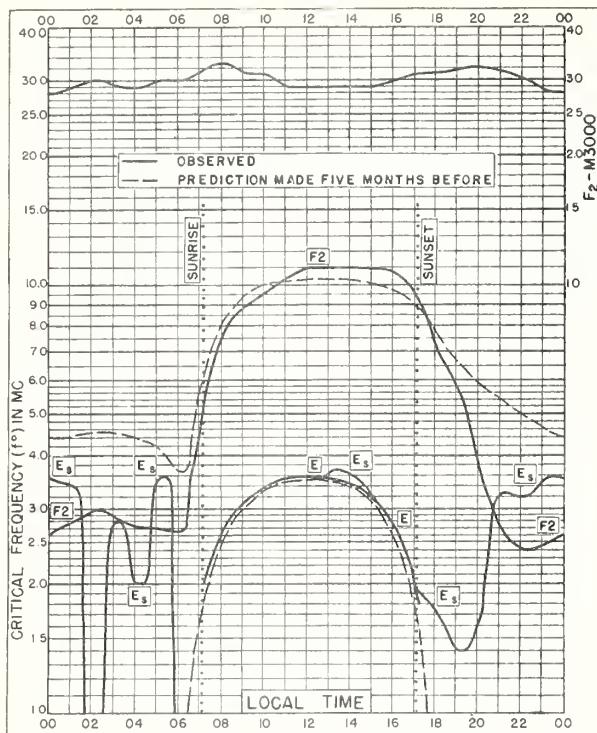


Fig. 48. CAPETOWN, U. OF S. AFRICA
34.2°S, 18.3°E

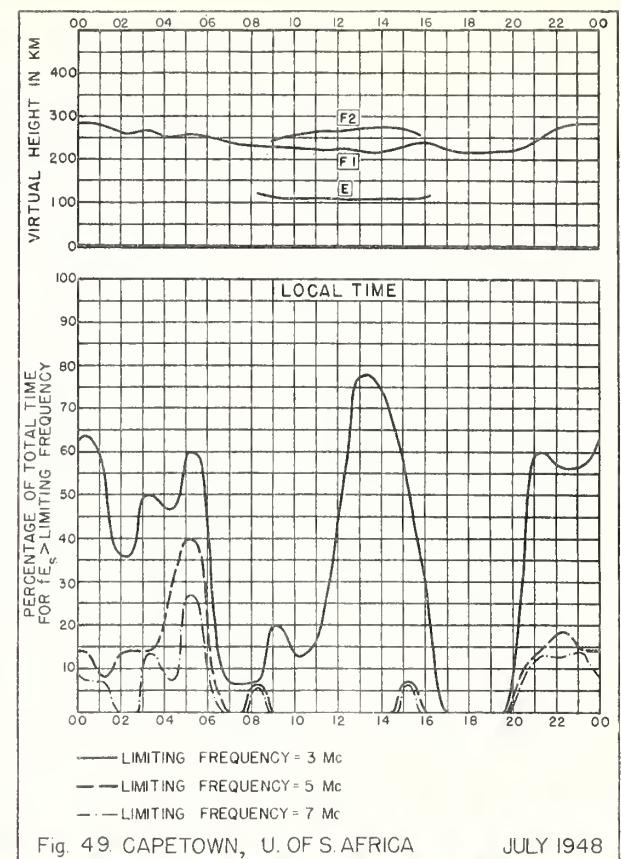


Fig. 49. CAPETOWN, U. OF S. AFRICA JULY 1948

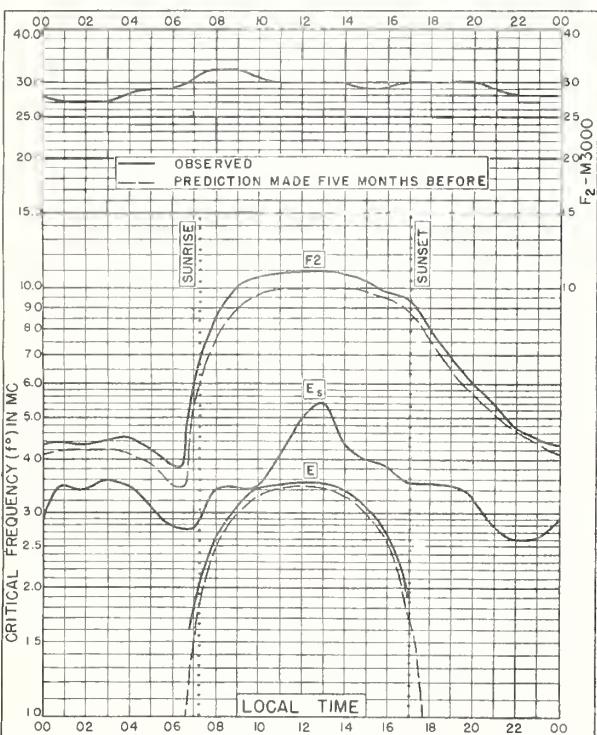


Fig. 50. CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA
35.3°S, 149.0°E

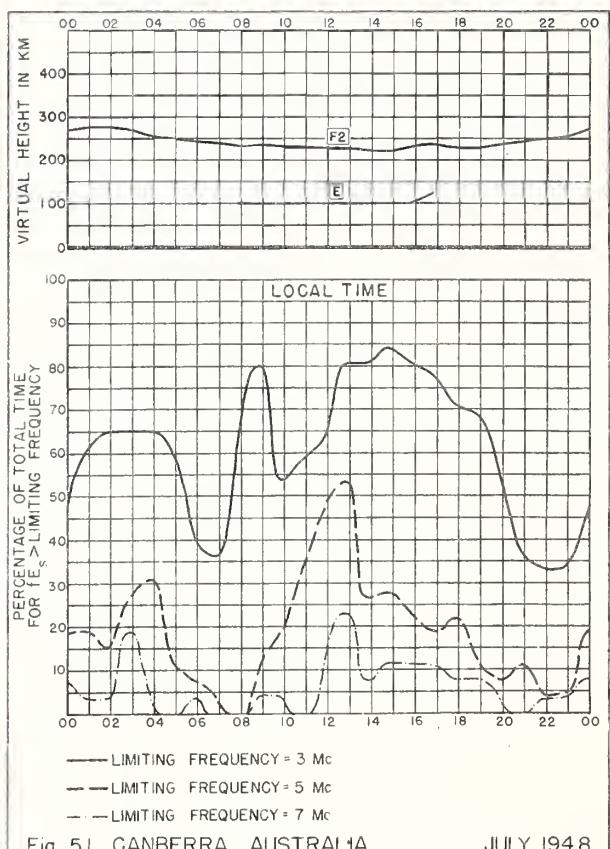


Fig. 51. CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA JULY 1948

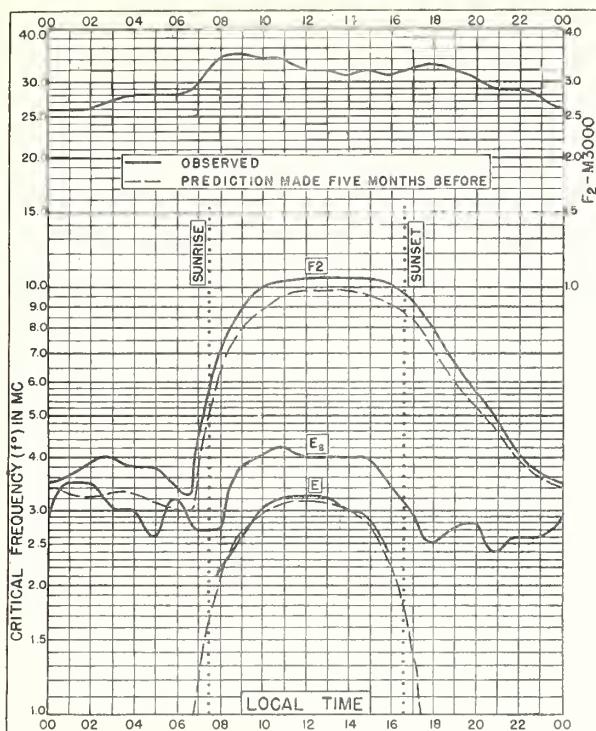


Fig. 52. HOBART, TASMANIA
42.8°S, 147.4°E JULY 1948

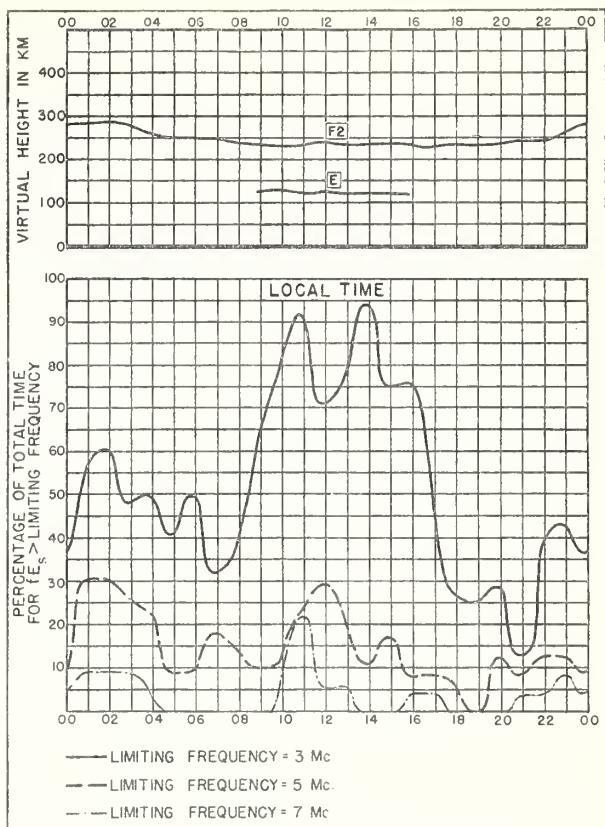


Fig. 53. HOBART, TASMANIA JULY 1948

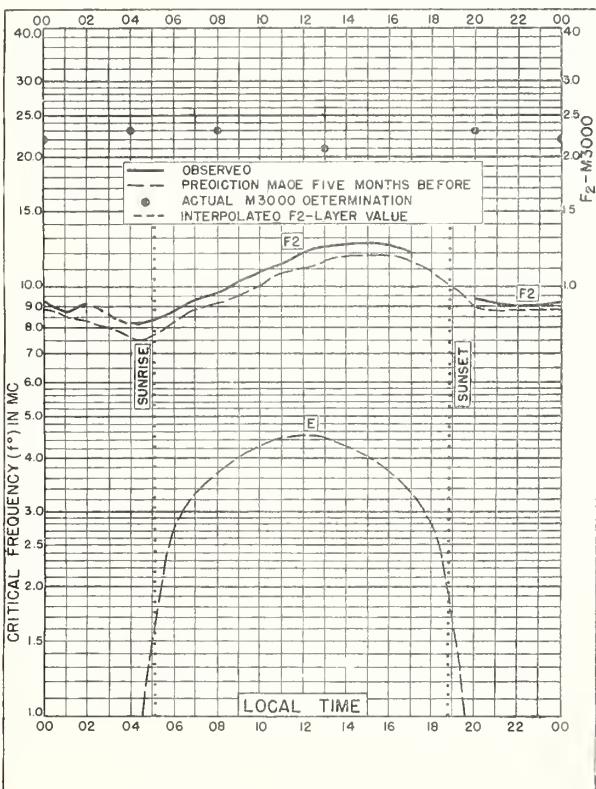


Fig. 54. DELHI, INDIA
28.6°N, 77.1°E JUNE 1948

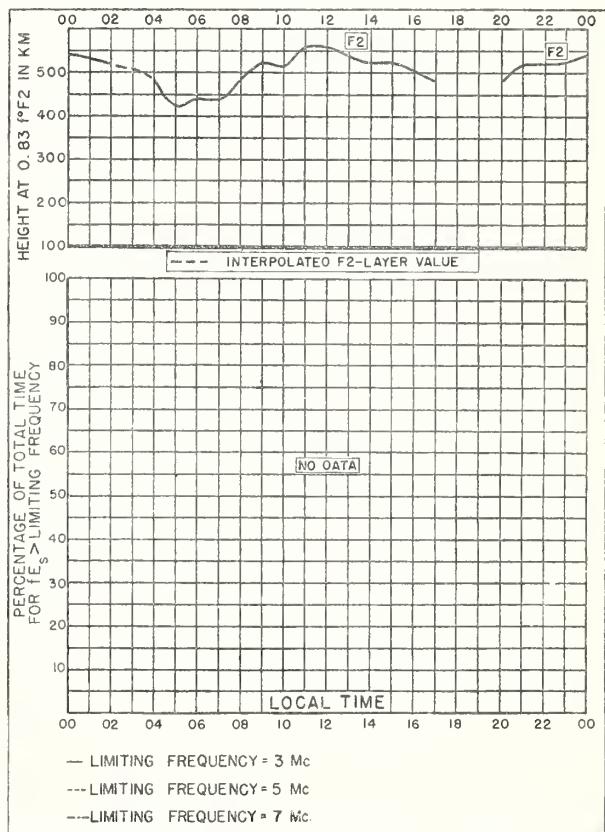


Fig. 55. DELHI, INDIA JUNE 1948

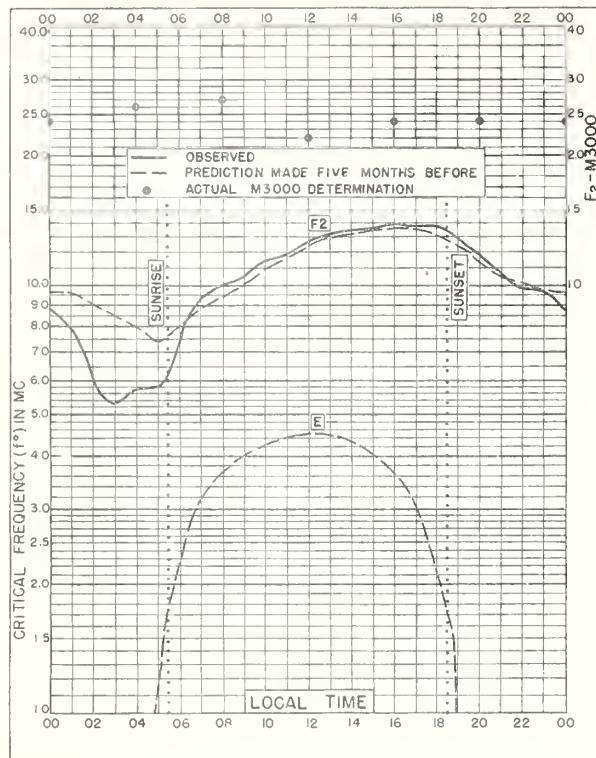


Fig. 56. BOMBAY, INDIA

19.0°N, 73.0°E

JUNE 1948

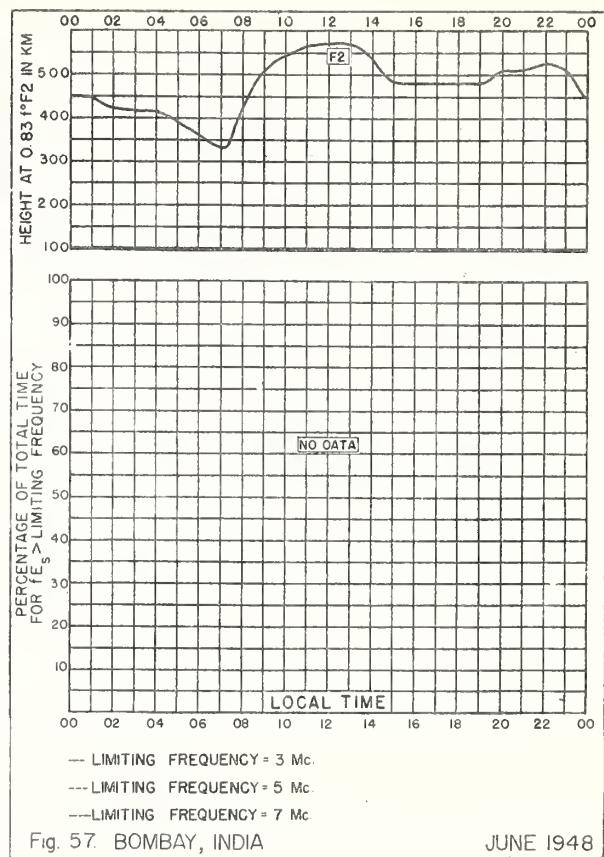


Fig. 57. BOMBAY, INDIA

JUNE 1948

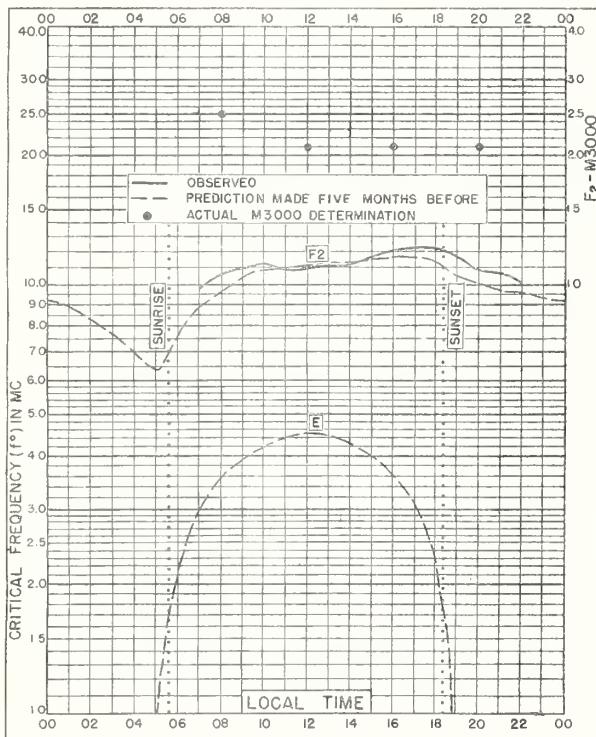


Fig. 58. MADRAS, INDIA

13.0°N, 80.2°E

JUNE 1948

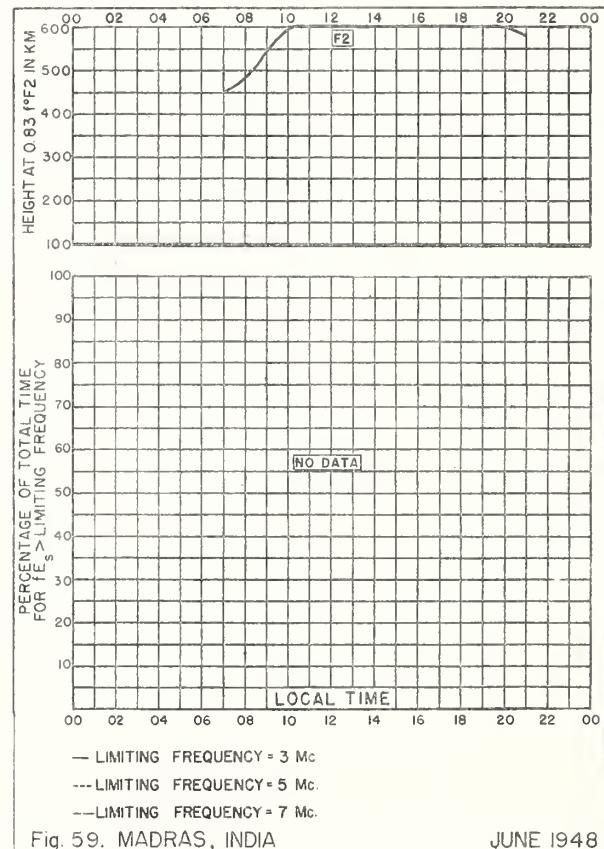
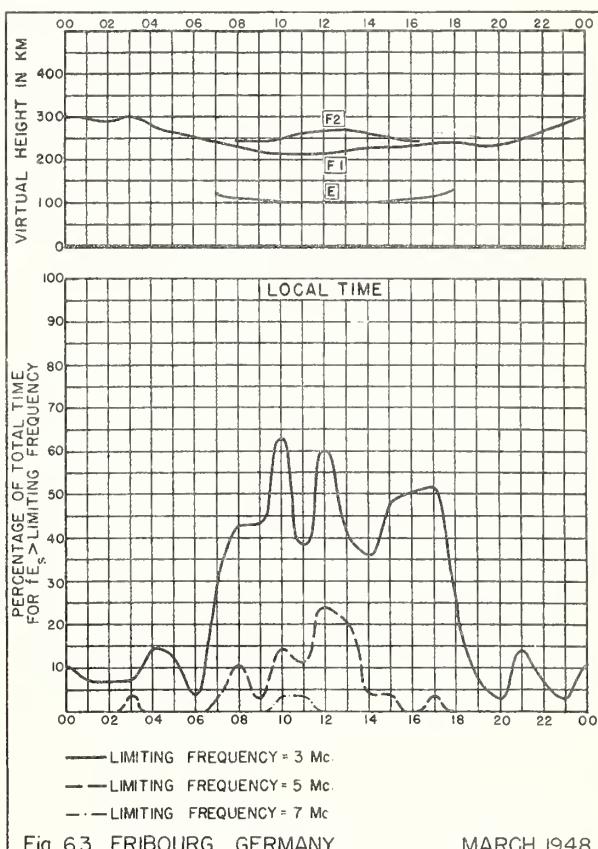
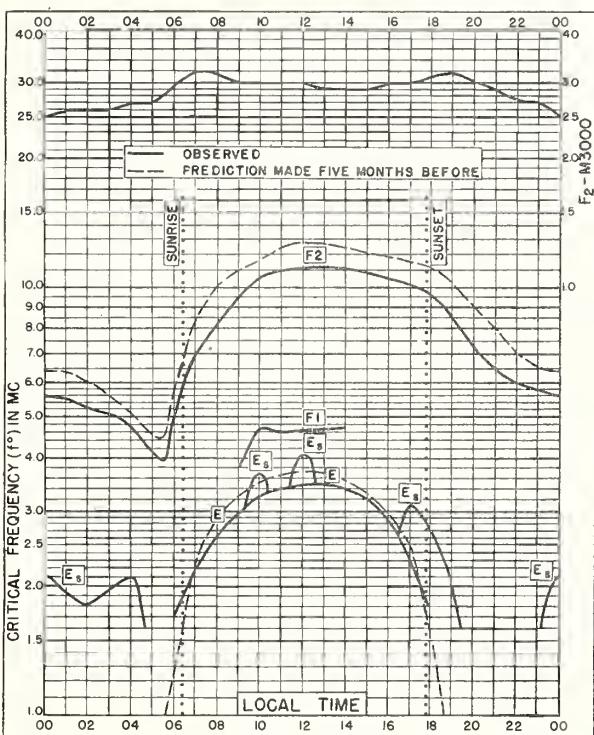
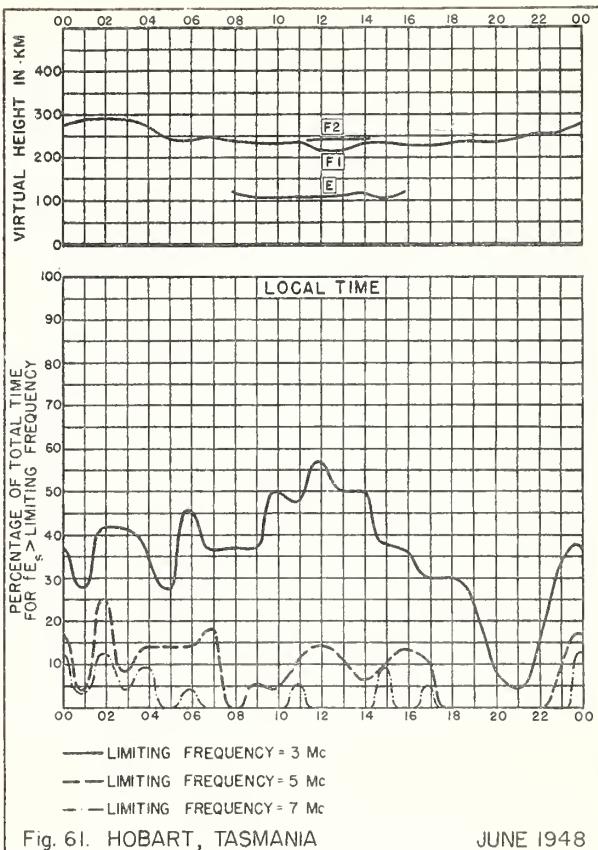
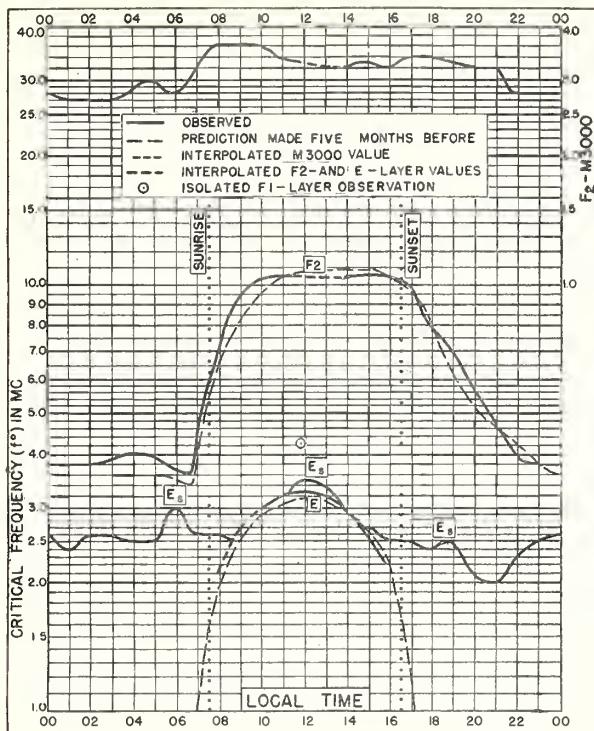


Fig. 59. MADRAS, INDIA

JUNE 1948



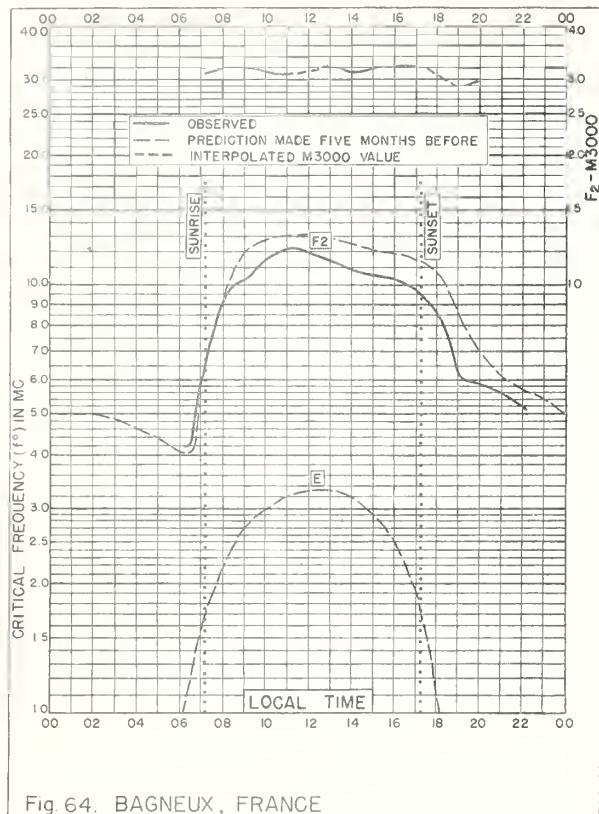


Fig. 64. BAGNEUX, FRANCE
48° 8'N, 2° 3'E FEBRUARY 1948

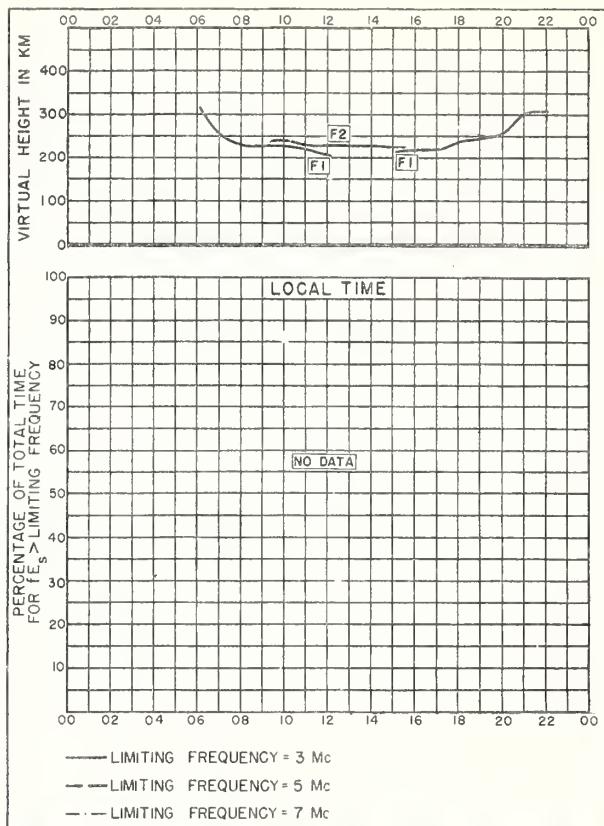


Fig. 65. BAGNEUX, FRANCE FEBRUARY 1948

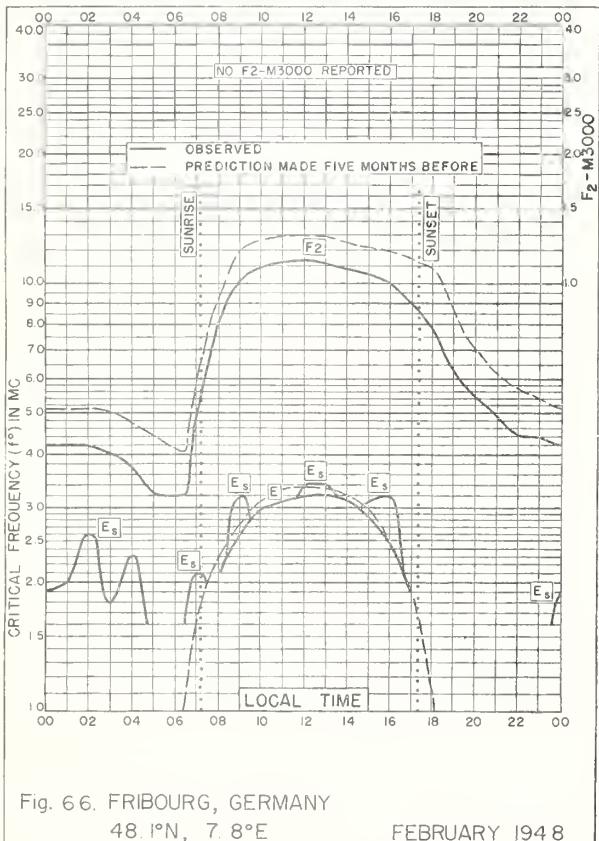


Fig. 66. FRIBOURG, GERMANY
48° 1'N, 7° 8'E FEBRUARY 1948

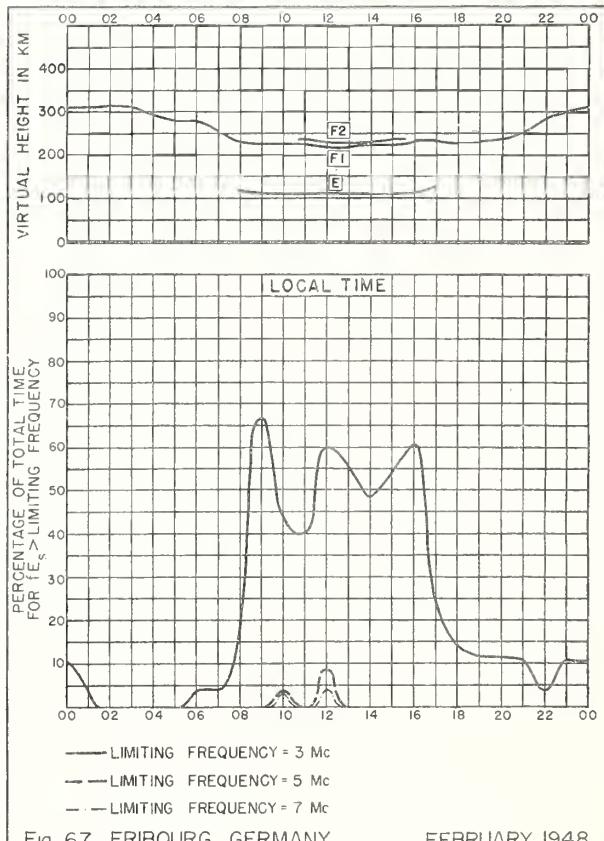


Fig. 67. FRIBOURG, GERMANY FEBRUARY 1948

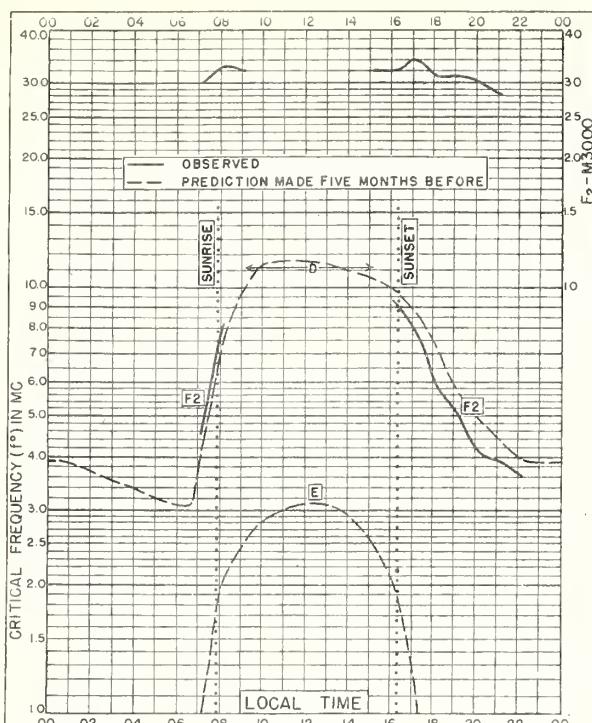


Fig. 68. BAGNEUX, FRANCE
48° 8'N, 2.3°E JANUARY 1948

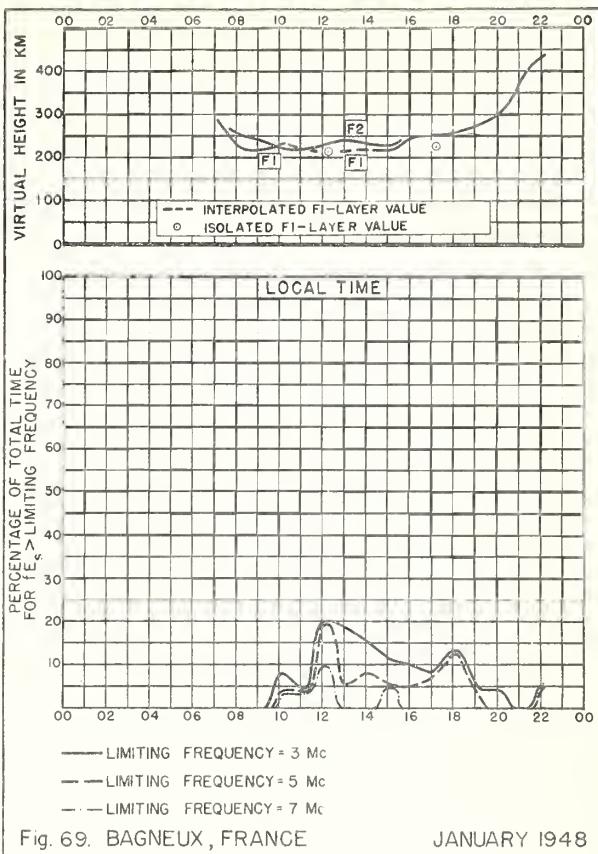


Fig. 69. BAGNEUX, FRANCE JANUARY 1948

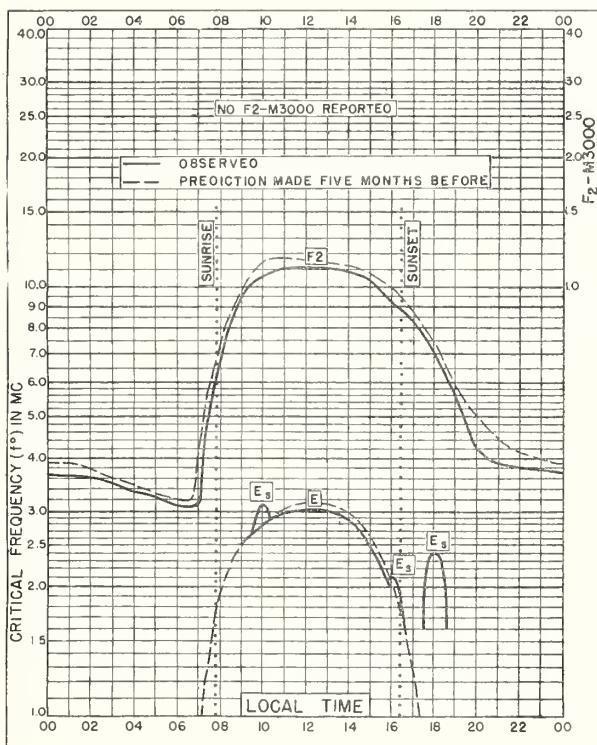


Fig. 70. FRIBOURG, GERMANY
48.1°N, 7.8°E JANUARY 1948

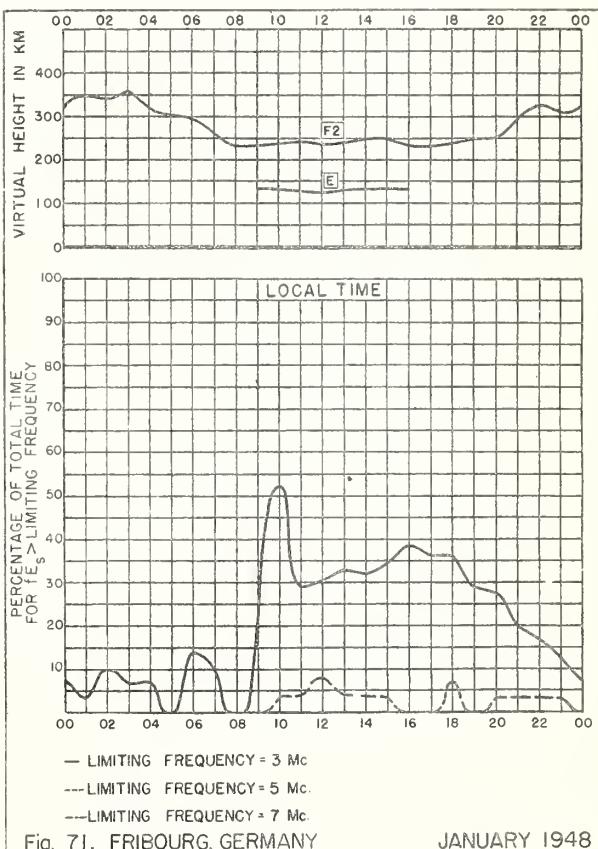


Fig. 71. FRIBOURG, GERMANY JANUARY 1948

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CRPL and IRPL Reports

Daily:

Radio disturbance warnings, every half hour from broadcast station WWV of the National Bureau of Standards.
Telephoned and telegraphed reports of ionospheric, solar, geomagnetic, and radio propagation data.

Weekly:

CRPL-J. Radio Propagation Forecast (of days most likely to be disturbed during following month).

Semimonthly:

CRPL-Ja. Semimonthly Frequency Revision Factors for CRPL Basic Radio Propagation Prediction Reports.

Monthly:

CRPL-D. Basic Radio Propagation Predictions—Three months in advance. (Dept. of the Army, TB 11-499—
monthly supplements to TM 11-499; Dept. of the Navy, DNC-13-1 (), monthly supplements to
DNC-13-1.)

CRPL-F. Ionospheric Data.

Quarterly:

*IRPL-A. Recommended Frequency Bands for Ships and Aircraft in the Atlantic and Pacific.

*IRPL-H. Frequency Guide for Operating Personnel.

Nonscheduled reports:

CRPL-1-1. Prediction of Annual Sunspot Numbers.

CRPL-1-2, 3-1. High Frequency Radio Propagation Charts for Sunspot Minimum and Sunspot Maximum.

CRPL-1-3. Some Methods for General Prediction of Sudden Ionospheric Disturbances.

CRPL-1-4. Observations of the Solar Corona at Climax, 1944-46.

CRPL-1-5. Comparison of Predictions of Radio Noise with Observed Noise Levels.

CRPL-1-6. The Variability of Sky-Wave Field Intensities at Medium and High Frequencies.

CRPL-7-1. Preliminary Instructions for Obtaining and Reducing Manual Ionospheric Records.

NBS Circular 462. Ionospheric Radio Propagation.

NBS Circular 465. Instructions for the Use of Basic Radio Propagation Predictions.

Reports issued in past:

IRPL-C61. Report of the International Radio Propagation Conference, 17 April to 5 May 1944.

IRPL-G1 through G12. Correlation of D. F. Errors With Ionospheric Conditions.

IRPL-R. Nonscheduled reports:

R4. Methods Used by IRPL for the Prediction of Ionosphere Characteristics and Maximum Usable Frequencies.

R5. Criteria for Ionospheric Storminess.

R6. Experimental Studies of Ionospheric Propagation as Applied to the Loran System.

R7. Second Report on Experimental Studies of Ionospheric Propagation as Applied to the Loran System.

R9. An Automatic Instantaneous Indicator of Skip Distance and MUF.

R10. A Proposal for the Use of Rockets for the Study of the Ionosphere.

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T1. Radar operation and weather. (Superseded by JANP 101.)

T2. Radar coverage and weather. (Superseded by JANP 102.)

CRPL-T3. Tropospheric Propagation and Radio-Meteorology. (Reissue of Columbia Wave Propagation Group WPG-5.)

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