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CRPL-F 17O PART A

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PART A  
IONOSPHERIC DATA

ISSUED  
OCTOBER 1958

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS  
CENTRAL RADIO PROPAGATION LABORATORY  
BOULDER, COLORADO



CRPL-F17O  
PART A

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS  
CENTRAL RADIO PROPAGATION LABORATORY  
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Issued  
22 Oct. 1958

## IONOSPHERIC DATA

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## SYMBOLS, TERMINOLOGY, CONVENTIONS

Beginning with data reported for January 1952, and continuing through December 1956, the symbols, terminology, and conventions for the determination of median values used in this report (CRPL-F series) conform as far as practicable to those adopted at the Sixth Meeting of the International Radio Consultative Committee (C.C.I.R.) in Geneva, 1951. Excerpts concerning symbols and terminology from Document No. 626-E of this Meeting are given on pages 2-7 of the report CRPL-F89, "Ionospheric Data," issued January 1952. Reprints of these pages are available upon request.

Beginning with data for January 1957, the symbols used are given in NBS Report 5033, "Summary of Changes in Ionospheric Vertical Soundings, Observing and Scaling Procedures - Effective 1 January 1957," which draws upon the First Report of the Special Committee on World-Wide Ionospheric Soundings (URSI/AGI), Brussels, Sept. 2, 1956. A list of these symbols is available upon request.

In the Second Report of the Special Committee on World-Wide Ionospheric Soundings of the URSI/AGI Committee, May 1957, a new descriptive letter was introduced:

M Measurement questionable because the ordinary and extraordinary components are not distinguishable.

There was an expansion in meaning of the following:

Z (1) (qualifying letter) Measurement deduced from the third magnetoionic component.  
(2) (descriptive letter) Third magnetoionic component present.

Beginning with data for January 1945, median values are published wherever possible. Where averages are reported, they are, at any hour, the average for all the days during the month for which numerical data exist.

The following conventions are used in determining the medians for hours when no measured values are given because of equipment limitations and ionospheric irregularities. Symbols used are those given above.

a. For all ionospheric characteristics:

Values missing because of A, C, F, H, L, N or R are omitted from the median count.

b. For critical frequencies and virtual heights:

Values of foF2 (and foE near sunrise and sunset) missing because of E are counted as equal to or less than the lower limit of the recorder. Values of h'F (and h'E near sunrise and sunset) missing for this reason are counted usually as equal to or greater than the median. Other characteristics missing because of E are omitted from the median count.

Values missing because of G are counted:

1. For foF2, as equal to or less than foF1.
2. For h'F2, as equal to or greater than the median.

The symbol W is included in the median count only when it replaces a height characteristic; the descriptive symbol D, only when it replaces a frequency characteristic.

Values missing for any other reason are omitted from the median count.

c. For MUF factor (M-factors):

Values missing because of G or W are counted as equal to or less than the median.

Values missing for any other reason are omitted from the median count.

d. For sporadic E (Es):

Values of fEs missing because of E or G are counted as equal to or less than the median foE, or equal to or less than the lower frequency limit of the recorder.

B for fEs is counted on the low side when there is a numerical value of a higher layer characteristic; otherwise it is omitted from the median count.

S for fEs is counted on the low side at night; during the day it is omitted from the median count (beginning with data for November 1957).

Values of fEs missing for any other reason, and values of h'Es missing for any reason at all are omitted from the median count.

Beginning with data for November 1945, doubtful monthly median values for ionospheric observations at Washington, D.C., are indicated by parentheses, in accordance with the practice already in use for doubtful hourly values. The following are the conventions used to determine whether or not a median value is doubtful:

1. If the count is four or less, the data are considered insufficient and no median value is computed.

2. For the F2 layer, h'F or foEs, if the count is from five to nine, the median is considered doubtful. The E and F1 layers are so regular in their characteristics that, as long as the count is at least five, the median is not considered doubtful. A count of at least 5 is considered sufficient for an h'Es median.

3. For all layers, if more than half of the data used to compute the medians are doubtful (either doubtful or interpolated), the median is considered doubtful.

The same conventions are used by the CRPL in computing the medians from tabulations of daily and hourly data for stations other than Washington, beginning with the tables in IRPL-F18.

Ordinarily, a blank space in the fEs or foEs column of a table is the result of the fact that a majority of the readings for the month are below the lower limit of the recorder or less than the corresponding values of foE. Blank spaces at the beginning and end of columns of h'F2 or h'F1, foF1, h'E, and foE are usually the result of diurnal variation in these characteristics. Complete absence of medians of h'F1 and foF1 is usually the result of seasonal effects.

The dashed-line prediction curves of the graphs of ionospheric data are obtained from the predicted zero-muf contour charts of the CRPL-D series publications. The following points are worthy of note:

- a. Predictions for individual stations used to construct the charts may be more accurate than the values read from the charts since some smoothing of the contours is necessary to allow for the longitude effect within a zone. Thus, inasmuch as the predicted contours are for the center of each zone, part of the discrepancy between the predicted and observed values as given in the F series may be caused by the fact that the station is not centrally located within the zone.
- b. The final presentation of the predictions is dependent upon the latest available ionospheric and radio propagation data, as well as upon predicted sunspot number.
- c. There is no indication on the graphs of the relative reliability of the data; it is necessary to consult the tables for such information.
- d. The tables may contain median values of either foEs or fEs. The graph of median Es corresponds to the table. Percentage curves of fEs are estimated from values of foEs when necessary.

## PREDICTED AND OBSERVED SUNSPOT NUMBERS

The following predicted smoothed 12-month running-average Zürich sunspot numbers were used in constructing the contour charts:

Month	Predicted Sunspot Number										
	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949
December	150*	150*	150	42	11	15	33	53	86	108	
November	150*	150*	147	35	10	16	38	52	87	112	
October	150*	150*	135	31	10	17	43	52	90	114	
September	150*	150*	119	30	8	18	46	54	91	115	
August	150*	150*	105	27	8	18	49	57	96	111	
July	150*	150*	95	22	8	20	51	60	101	108	
June	150*	150*	89	18	9	21	52	63	103	108	
May	150*	150*	77	16	10	22	52	68	102	108	
April	150*	150*	68	13	10	24	52	74	101	109	
March	150*	150*	150*	60	14	11	27	52	78	103	111
February	150*	150*	150*	53	14	12	29	51	82	103	113
January	150*	150*	150*	48	12	14	30	53	85	105	112

\*This number is believed representative of solar activity at a maximum portion of the current sunspot cycle.

The latest available information follows concerning the corresponding observed Zürich numbers beginning with the minimum of April 1954. Final numbers are listed through June 1957.

### Observed Sunspot Number

## WORLD-WIDE SOURCES OF IONOSPHERIC DATA

The ionospheric data given here in tables 1 to 72 and figures 1 to 144 were assembled by the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory for analysis and correlation, incidental to CRPL prediction of radio propagation conditions. The data are median values unless otherwise indicated. The following are the sources of the data in this issue:

Republica Argentina, Ministerio de Marina:  
Deception I.  
Tucuman, Argentina

Commonwealth of Australia, Department of the Interior:  
Macquarie I.

Meteorological Service of the Belgian Congo and Ruanda-Urundi:  
Elisabethville, Belgian Congo  
Leopoldville, Belgian Congo

Escola Politecnica, University of Sao Paulo:  
Sao Paulo, Brazil

British Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, Radio Research Board:  
Ibadan, Nigeria (University College of Ibadan)  
Inverness, Scotland  
Slough, England

Defence Research Board, Canada:  
Resolute Bay, Canada

Danish National Committee of URSI:  
Narsarssuak, Greenland

Central Institute of Meteorology, Budapest, Hungary:  
Budapest, Hungary

Icelandic Post and Telegraph Administration:  
Reykjavik, Iceland

Indian Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, Radio Research Committee, New Delhi, India:  
Ahmedabad (Physical Research Laboratory)  
Calcutta (Institute of Radio Physics and Electronics)

Ministry of Postal Services, Radio Research Laboratories, Tokyo, Japan:  
Akita, Japan  
Tokyo (Kokubunji), Japan  
Wakkanai, Japan  
Yamagawa, Japan

Christchurch Geophysical Observatory, New Zealand Department  
of Scientific and Industrial Research:

Cape Hallett (Adare)  
Christchurch, New Zealand  
Rarotonga, Cook Is.

Manila Observatory:  
Baguio, P. I.

Institute of Terrestrial Magnetism, Ionosphere and Radio Prop-  
agation, Moscow, U.S.S.R.:

Alma-Ata  
Ashkabad  
Moscow  
Murmansk  
Rostov-on-Don  
Salehard  
Sverdlovsk  
Tomsk

Research Institute of National Defence, Stockholm, Sweden:  
Upsala, Sweden

United States Army Signal Corps:  
Adak, Alaska  
Fletchers Ice I.  
Grand Bahama I.  
St. John's, Newfoundland  
Thule, Greenland  
White Sands, New Mexico

National Bureau of Standards (Central Radio Propagation Labor-  
atory):

Anchorage, Alaska  
Chiclayo, Peru  
Chimbote, Peru  
Huancayo, Peru (Instituto Geofisico de Huancayo)  
Maui, Hawaii  
Panama Canal Zone  
Point Barrow, Alaska  
Puerto Rico, W. I.  
San Francisco, California (Stanford University)  
Talara, Peru (Instituto Geofisico de Huancayo)  
Washington, D. C.

ERRATA

1. CRPL-F161 and 168(A): (M3000)F2 data from Rarotonga I. for the months of June, October and December 1957 as listed in the tables and plotted in the figs. are in error.
2. CRPL-F156, 158, 161, 167, and 169(A): (M3000)F2 data from Scott Base for the months of March - June 1957, and October - December 1957 as listed in the tables and plotted in the figs. are in error.

Note: Also see Erratum 4, CRPL-F163(A), p. viii.











Table 31

Slough, England (51.5°N, 0.6°W)

April 1958

Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F	foF1	h'E	foE	foEs	(M3000)F2
00	>7.0	335			<1.3	2.20		
01	>7.0	325			1.0	2.25		
02	6.4	315			1.0	2.25		
03	6.1	330			<1.0	2.20		
04	5.8	325		---	(1.35)	2.30		
05	5.7	300		140	1.70	2.50		
06	6.5	260		115	2.30	2.75		
07	7.4	245		105	2.85	2.65		
08	8.2	230		105	3.35	2.60		
09	450	9.4	225	---	100	3.60	3.7	
10	450	10.4	225	5.7	100	3.80	2.55	
11	450	10.9	220	5.7	100	3.90	2.50	
12	445	11.2	225	5.8	100	4.00	2.50	
13	430	11.2	230	---	100	3.90	2.50	
14	440	11.0	230	---	100	3.05	2.50	
15	---	10.8	235	---	100	3.70	2.55	
16	10.6	240	---	105	3.35	2.55		
17	10.6	250		105	2.90	2.60		
18	10.4	255		115	2.40	2.65		
19	10.2	260		150	1.75	2.65		
20	9.3	255		---	<1.6	2.60		
21	6.4	260		---	<1.6	2.45		
22	7.9	300		---	<1.6	2.25		
23	>7.0	335		---	<1.6	2.20		

Time: 0.0°.

Sweep: 0.67 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 5 minutes, automatic operation.

Table 33

Grand Bahama I. (26.6°N, 78.2°W)

April 1958

Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F	foF1	h'E	foE	foEs	(M3000)F2
00	8.6	<310				2.55		
01	8.55	(300)				2.60		
02	8.25	290				2.60		
03	7.9	280				2.60		
04	7.6	270				2.60		
05	7.15	<200				2.60		
06	8.0	265		---	---	2.75		
07	---	10.05	240	---	109	(2.80)	>2.4	2.90
08	---	11.35	230	---	109	3.25	>3.2	2.80
09	---	12.15	220	---	109	(3.60)	2.75	
10	---	12.75	215	---	109	4.00	2.60	
11	(365)	13.05	220	---	109	(4.05)	2.60	
12	390	13.2	230	6.4	109	(4.18)	2.55	
13	400	13.0	230	6.6	109	(4.20)	2.50	
14	410	12.95	230	6.5	111	4.05	2.50	
15	(430)	12.7	230	---	110	(3.92)	2.50	
16	---	12.05	240	---	111	3.60	3.9	2.50
17	---	11.65	240	---	111	(3.08)	3.4	2.55
18	---	11.2	260	<117	---	2.5	2.65	
19	10.3	250				2.60		
20	9.35	(270)				2.55		
21	9.35	(290)				2.55		
22	9.15	(300)				2.60		
23	9.05	<310				2.55		

Time: 75.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.

Table 35

Chiclayo, Peru (6.0°S, 79.8°W)

April 1958

Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F	foF1	h'E	foE	foEs	(M3000)F2
00	10.8	230				2.6	2.60	
01	10.6	240				2.70		
02	10.3	245				2.00		
03	9.2	245				2.85		
04	0.6	250				2.05		
05	8.05	245				2.90		
06	7.4	255		---	---	2.85		
07	10.2	265		127	2.50	2.90		
08	12.7	250		119	3.30	2.75		
09	14.0	240		117	3.70	>3.4	2.50	
10	14.6	230		115	4.10	2.35		
11	14.65	225		113	(4.20)	2.15		
12	14.55	220		113	4.28	2.05		
13	14.25	220		113	4.30	2.02		
14	13.8	<225		111	(4.10)	2.05		
15	13.8	225		111	3.90	2.05		
16	13.7	245		111	3.45	3.8	2.00	
17	13.2	260		113	(3.00)	3.6	2.00	
18	12.35	300		---	2.20	2.7	2.00	
19	11.45	390				1.95		
20	>11.0	410				2.02		
21	>11.5	320			1.8	2.30		
22	11.0	260			2.4	(2.40)		
23	>11.0	230			2.5	2.55		

Time: 75.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.

Table 32

San Francisco, California (37.4°N, 122.2°W)

April 1958

Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F	foF1	h'E	foE	foEs	(M3000)F2
00			6.8	(300)				2.50
01			6.8	300				2.50
02			6.5	305				2.40
03			6.5	310				2.35
04			6.05	(320)				2.35
05			6.05	310				2.42
06			7.2	260				2.70
07			9.2	240				2.90
08			10.5	230				2.75
09			11.6	225				2.70
10			12.4	215				2.55
11			12.7	215				2.55
12			(390)	13.0				2.55
13			(400)	13.0				2.55
14			13.0	220				2.55
15			13.0	225				2.50
16			12.45	230				2.50
17			11.7	235				2.55
18			11.45	240				2.60
19			11.0	245				2.6
20			10.3	240				2.70
21			9.0	240				2.65
22			7.9	250				2.55
23			7.2	(280)				2.50
			7.1	(300)				2.50

Time: 120.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.

Table 34

Talara, Peru (4.6°S, 81.3°W)

April 1958

Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F	foF1	h'E	foE	foEs	(M3000)F2
00			11.6	225				3.0
01			12.1	240				2.75
02			11.2	250				2.05
03			10.2	240				2.90
04			9.1	240				2.85
05			8.0	250				2.90
06			7.5	255				2.90
07			10.0	270				2.85
08			12.5	250				2.80
09			13.5	240				2.60
10			14.2	230				2.40
11			14.5	225				2.30
12			14.4	220				2.15
13			14.5	220				2.10
14			13.2	220				2.05
15			13.3	220				2.05
16			13.05	245				2.05
17			12.45	270				2.00
18			11.35	310				(2.05)
19			9.5	415				2.00
20			(9.1)	410				2.10
21			>10.0	325				2.25
22			9.8	260				2.55
23			9.6	240				2.60

Time: 75.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.









Table 61

Murmansk, U.S.S.R. (69.0°N, 33.0°E)								July 1957
Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F	foF1	h'E	foE	foEs	(M3000)F2
00	6.1	310			2.7	2.6		
01	6.4	320	---		3.0	2.6		
02	350	6.2	280	---	2.0	3.5	2.6	
03	450	6.4	270	3.6	2.2	3.0	2.6	
04	430	6.1	250	4.0	2.6	2.7	2.7	
05	400	6.1	230	4.1	2.0		2.6	
06	420	6.5	230	4.4	3.0	3.0	2.6	
07	380	6.9	230	4.8	3.2	3.2	2.6	
08	420	7.0	220	5.0	3.2	3.2	2.5	
09	420	7.1	220	5.1	3.4	3.7	2.6	
10	430	7.0	220	5.1	3.2	3.0	2.5	
11	420	7.2	220	5.2	3.3	3.9	2.6	
12	420	7.2	220	5.3	3.5	3.8	2.6	
13	430	6.8	220	5.2	3.4	3.5	2.6	
14	430	6.8	210	5.2	3.3		2.6	
15	410	6.8	220	5.1	3.3		2.6	
16	420	6.6	220	5.0	3.2		2.7	
17	380	6.6	220	4.8	3.1		2.7	
18	(330)	6.4	230	---	3.0		2.8	
19	(400)	6.5	250	---	2.6	3.0	2.8	
20	(310)	6.6	260	---	2.3	3.0	2.0	
21	350	6.4	260	---	2.2	2.5	2.0	
22	(350)	6.5	200	---	---	2.8	2.7	
23		6.2	320			3.0	2.6	

Time: 30.0°E.

Sweep: 0.5 Mc to 20.0 Mc in 30 seconds.

Table 63

Sverdlovsk, U.S.S.R. (56.7°N, 61.1°E)								July 1957
Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F	foF1	h'E	foE	foEs	(M3000)F2
00	6.6	300					2.55	
01	6.4	320			2.2		2.50	
02	6.2	320					2.45	
03	6.1	330			---		2.50	
04	(440)	6.2	310	(3.2)	1.9		2.50	
05	420	6.6	280	---	2.4		2.50	
06	420	7.0	260	(4.4)	2.0		2.55	
07	420	7.5	250	(4.8)	3.2	3.6	2.50	
08	420	7.7	240	5.2	3.4	3.0	2.50	
09	430	7.9	240	5.3	3.6	4.2	2.50	
10	430	8.0	230	5.5	3.7	4.4	2.45	
11	440	8.3	230	5.6	3.8	4.4	2.50	
12	430	8.3	230	5.7	3.8	4.3	2.50	
13	420	8.4	240	5.6	3.8	4.3	2.55	
14	400	8.1	230	5.6	3.8	4.0	2.55	
15	410	7.9	240	(5.5)	3.6	3.9	2.55	
16	380	7.6	240	(5.2)	3.4	3.8	2.55	
17	370	7.5	250	(4.9)	3.2		2.65	
18	340	7.5	260	---	2.9	3.5	2.65	
19	(350)	7.5	270	---	2.5	3.1	2.70	
20		7.5	280		1.9	3.0	2.70	
21		7.4	300	---	---	3.0	2.65	
22		7.3	300			3.0	2.60	
23		7.1	300			2.8	2.60	

Time: 60.0°E.

Sweep: 1.5 Mc to 18.0 Mc in 10 minutes, manual operation.

Table 65

Moscow, U.S.S.R. (55.5°N, 37.3°E)								July 1957
Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F	foF1	h'E	foE	foEs	(M3000)F2
00	6.7	300			---	(2.4)	2.50	
01	6.3	300	---		E	(2.3)	2.50	
02	6.0	300			E	(2.1)	2.50	
03	380	5.7	310	2.7	1.40	(2.7)	2.50	
04	320	6.4	275	3.6	2.10	(3.0)	2.60	
05	330	6.7	250	4.2	2.45	3.1	2.60	
06	360	6.8	240	4.8	3.00	3.4	2.50	
07	390	7.1	240	5.1	3.30	4.0	2.55	
08	410	7.3	240	5.3	3.50	4.3	2.50	
09	400	7.6	230	5.5	3.60	4.5	2.50	
10	400	8.1	220	5.6	3.70	4.3	2.55	
11	430	8.2	225	5.7	3.80	4.3	2.50	
12	420	8.0	220	5.7	3.80	4.2	2.55	
13	420	7.7	220	5.6	3.80	4.2	2.50	
14	420	7.5	225	5.6	3.70	4.2	2.60	
15	390	7.5	230	5.5	3.50	4.0	2.60	
16	380	7.4	230	5.2	3.35	3.8	2.60	
17	340	7.3	240	4.8	3.10	3.4	2.70	
18	320	7.4	250	4.5	2.60	3.4	2.70	
19	300	7.4	270	3.3	2.10	2.9	2.75	
20	---	7.4	270		1.40	(2.8)	2.70	
21		7.5	280		E	(2.6)	2.70	
22		7.4	280		E	(2.4)	2.60	
23		7.0	290	---	(2.3)	2.55		

Time: 30.0°E.

Sweep: 0.5 Mc to 20.0 Mc in 30 seconds.

Table 66

Rostov-on-Don, U.S.S.R. (47.2°N, 39.7°E)								July 1957	
Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F	foF1	h'E	foE	foEs	(M3000)F2	
00					7.4	320		3.0	2.45
01					7.1	320		3.4	2.50
02					7.4	330		2.6	2.50
03					7.0	320		3.0	2.50
04					6.8	320		2.0	2.55
05					(340)	7.0	300	1.7	2.3
06					340	7.4	260	2.6	2.65
07					320	7.8	250	3.1	3.6
08					370	8.4	240	3.5	4.2
09					350	8.8	240	3.8	5.1
10					390	8.9	240	3.9	5.3
11					380	9.2	230	4.0	5.4
12					390	9.4	230	4.2	4.8
13					400	9.1	230	4.1	4.8
14					400	9.0	230	4.1	5.0
15					400	8.6	220	3.8	4.6
16					400	8.4	230	3.9	4.5
17					350	8.5	240	3.5	4.2
18					320	8.4	250	3.2	3.9
19					300	8.5	250	2.5	4.3
20						8.6	280		3.8
21						7.9	270		3.5
22						7.7	290		3.8
23						7.6	320		3.6

Time: 45.0°E.

Sweep: 1.6 Mc to 10.0 Mc in 10 minutes, manual operation.



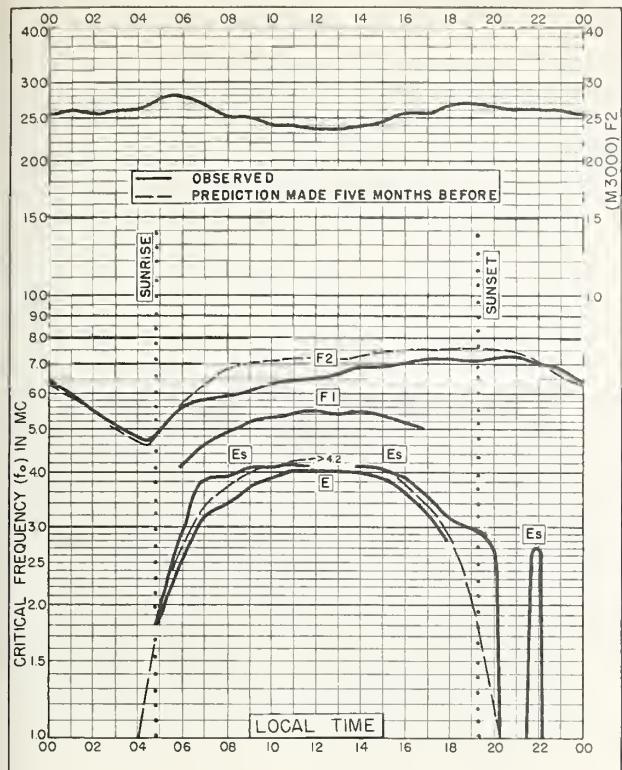


Fig. 1. WASHINGTON, D. C.  
38.7°N, 77.1°W

JULY 1958

NBS 503

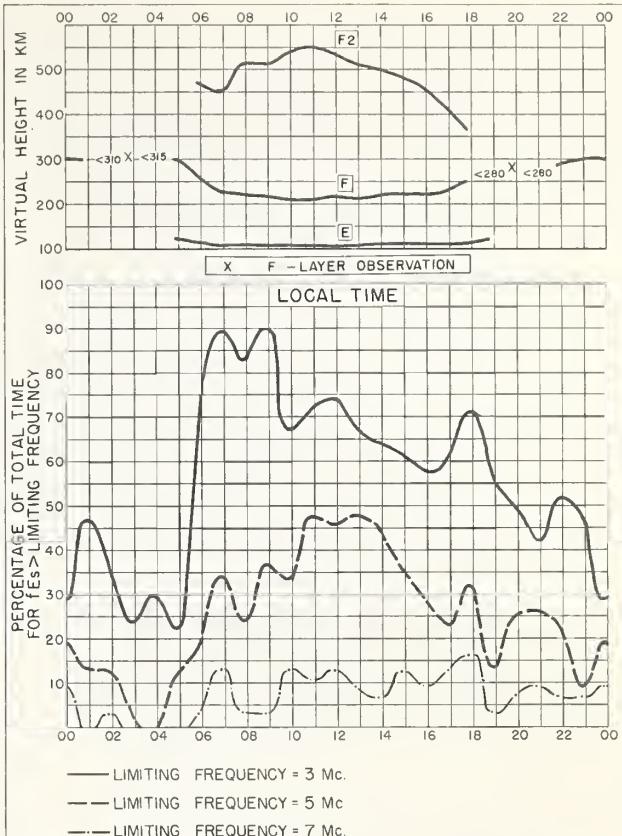


Fig. 2. WASHINGTON, D. C.

JULY 1958

NBS 490

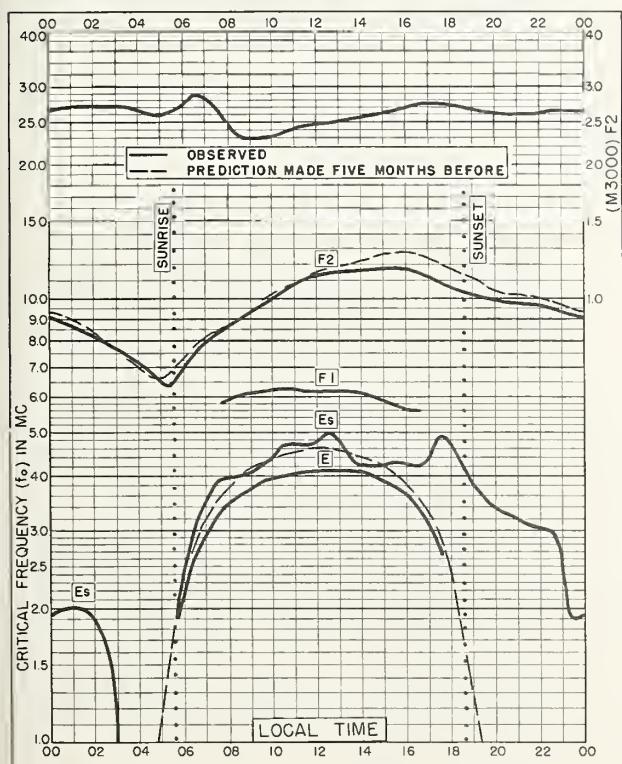


Fig. 3. MAUI, HAWAII  
20.8°N, 156.5°W

JULY 1958

NBS 503

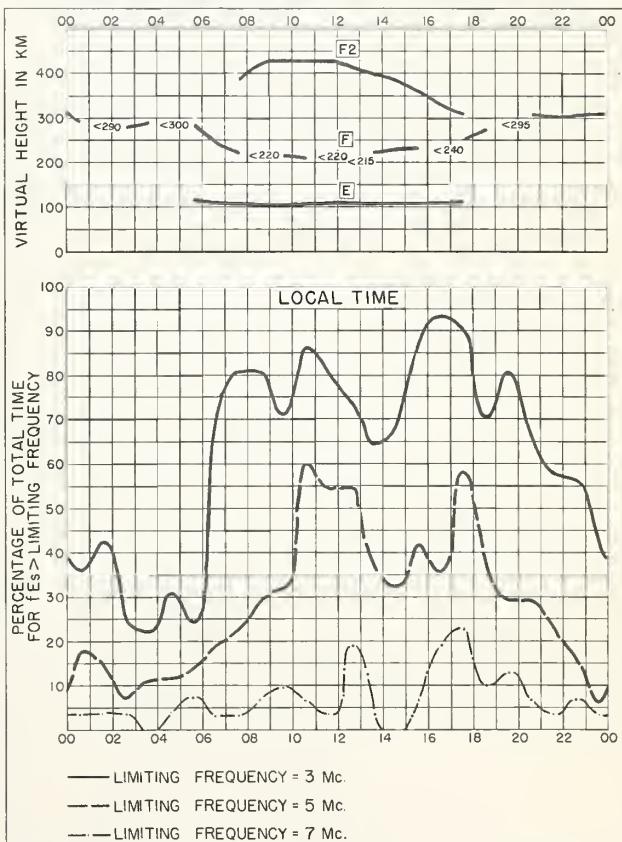
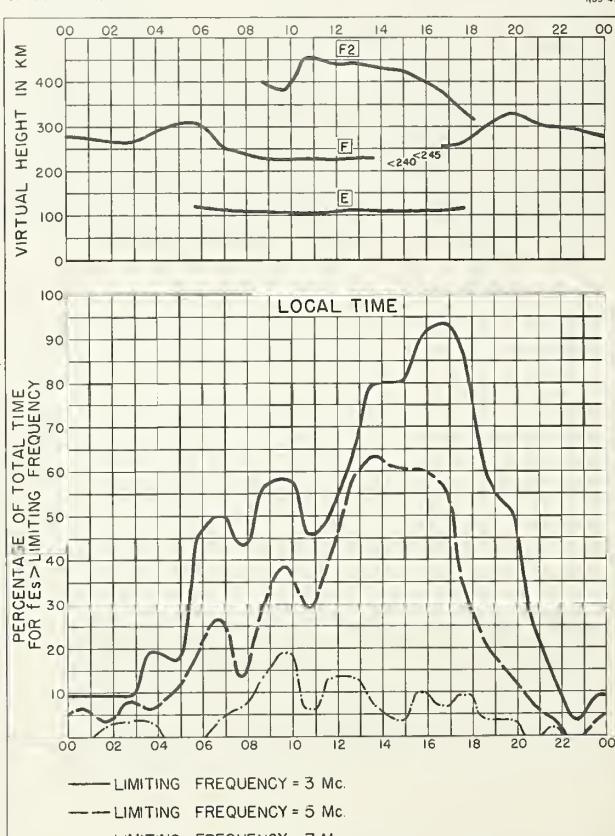
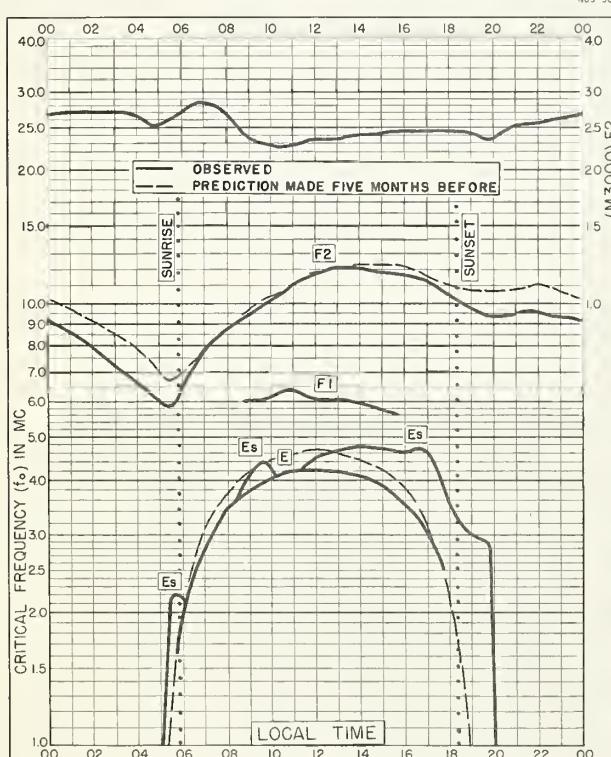
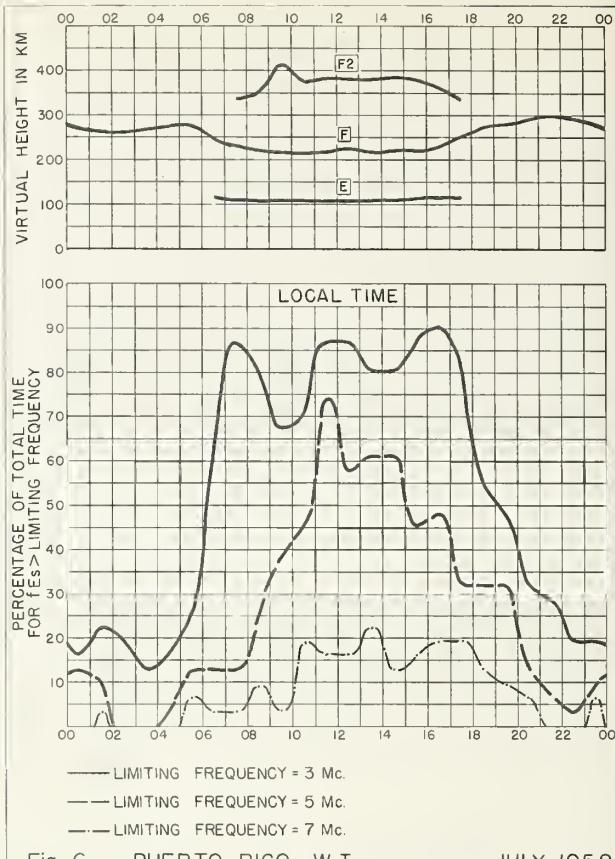
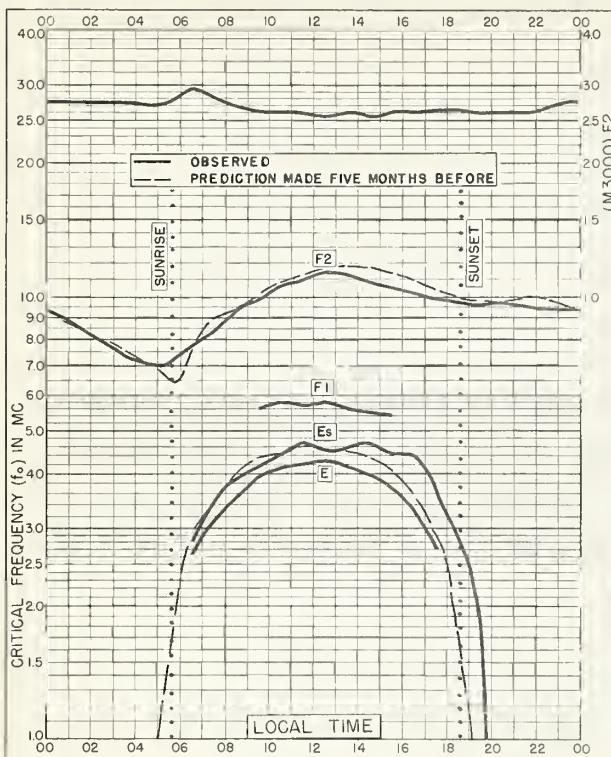
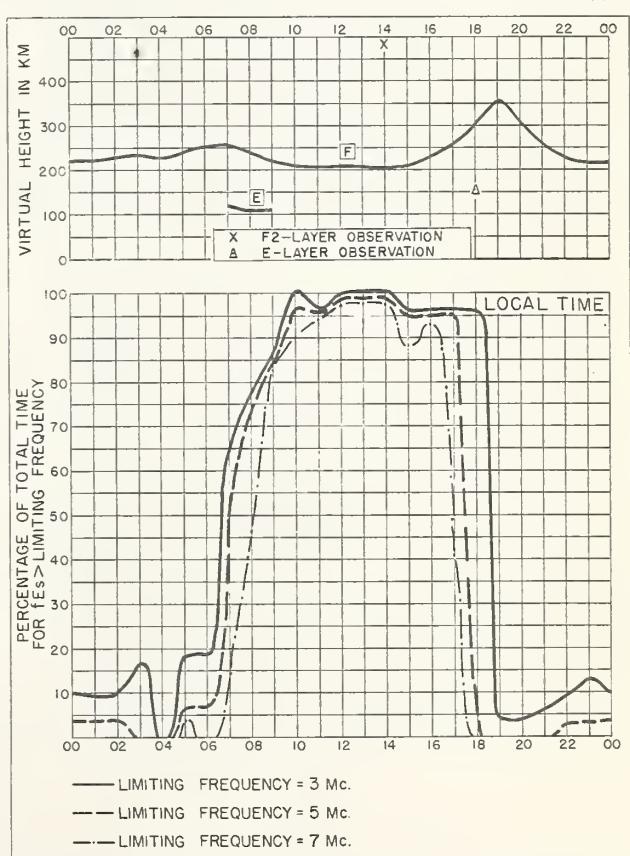
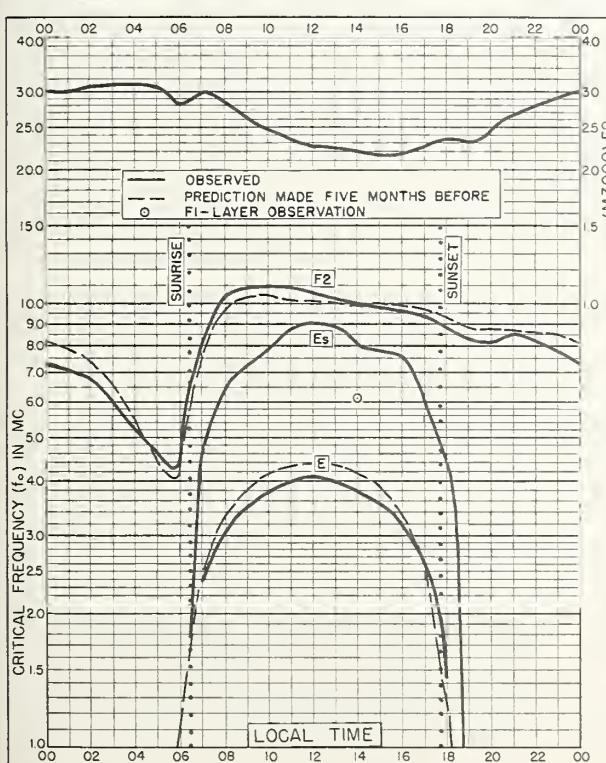
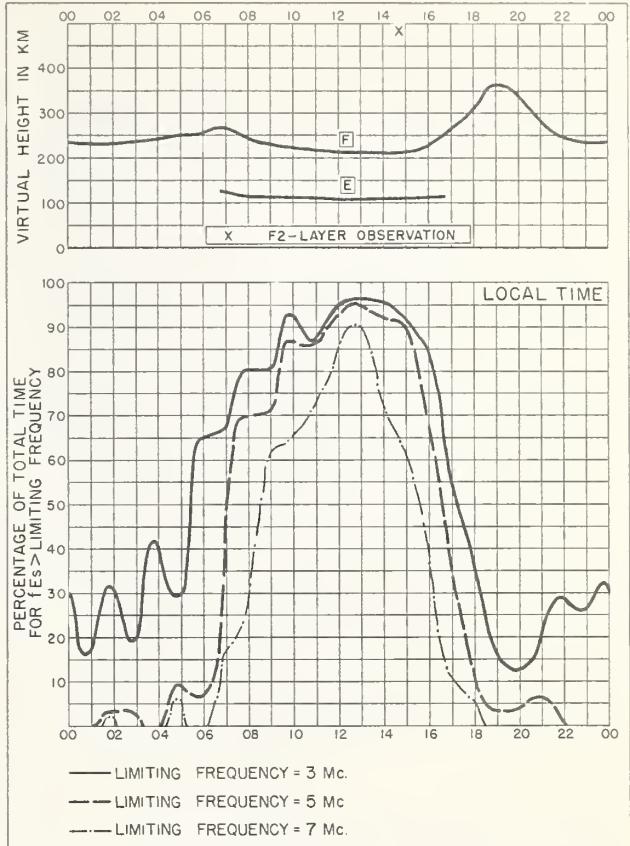
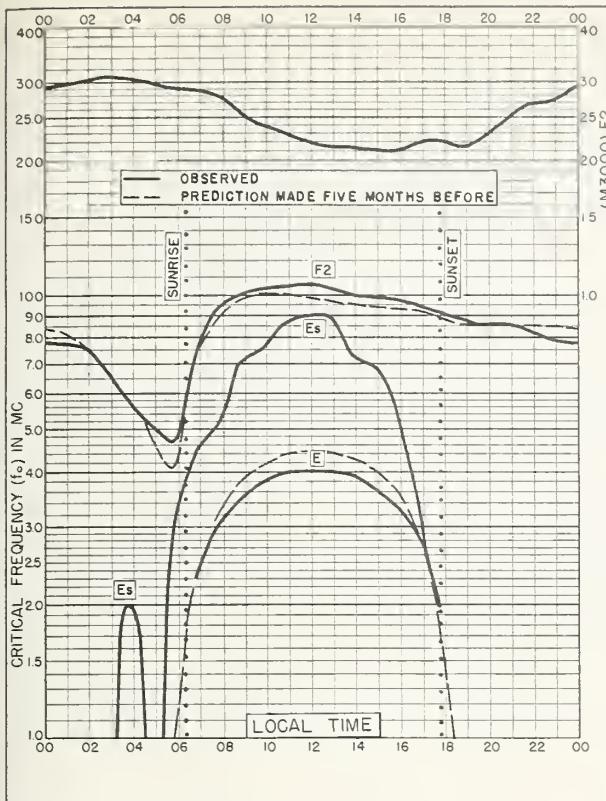


Fig. 4. MAUI, HAWAII

JULY 1958

NBS 490





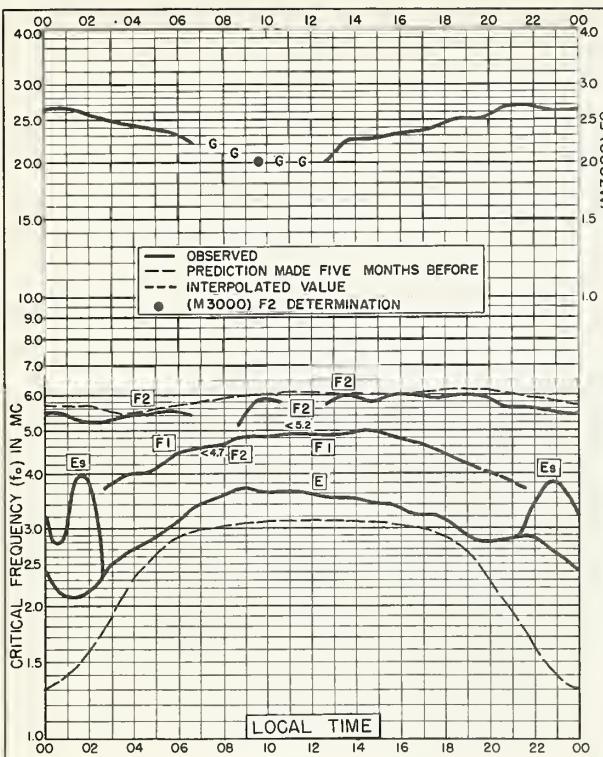


Fig. 13. POINT BARROW, ALASKA  
71.3°N, 156.8°W JUNE 1958

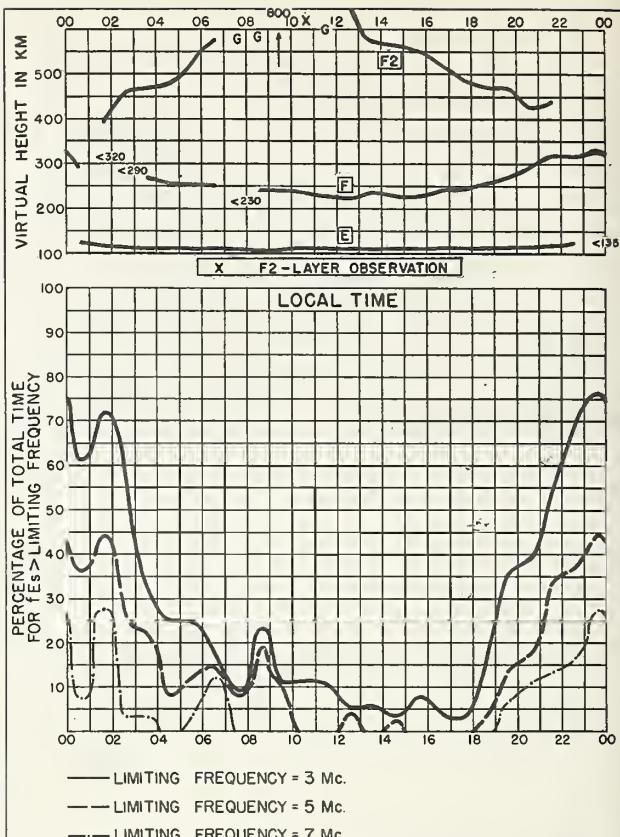


Fig. 14. POINT BARROW, ALASKA JUNE 1958

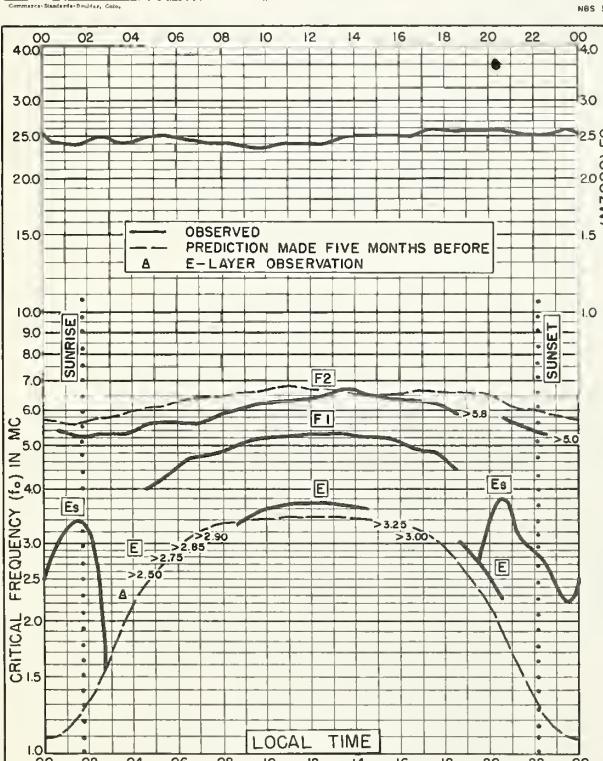


Fig. 15. REYKJAVIK, ICELAND  
64.1°N, 21.8°W JUNE 1958

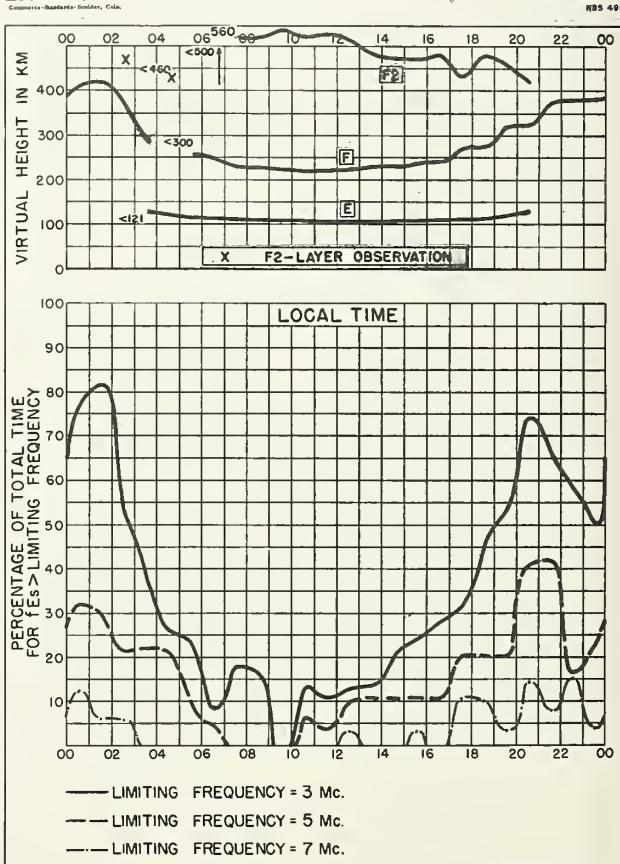


Fig. 16. REYKJAVIK, ICELAND JUNE 1958

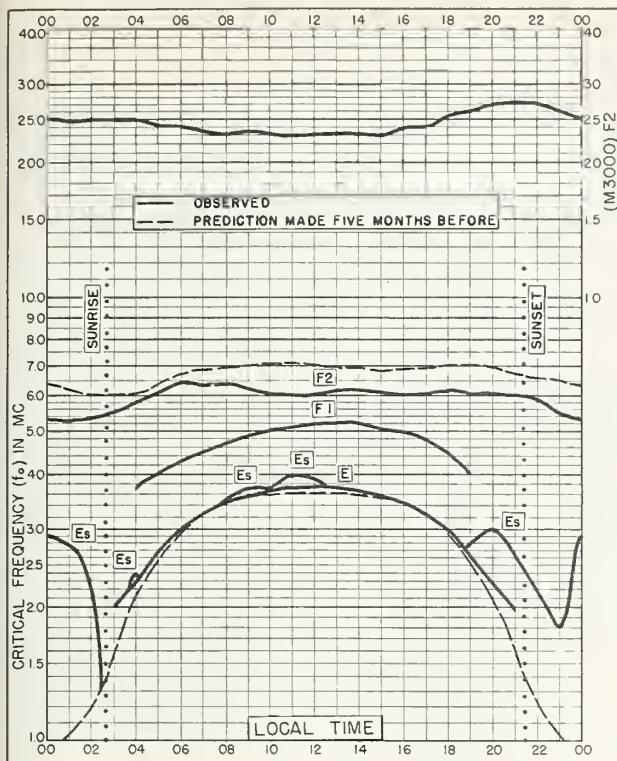


Fig. 17. ANCHORAGE, ALASKA  
61.2°N, 149.9°W JUNE 1958

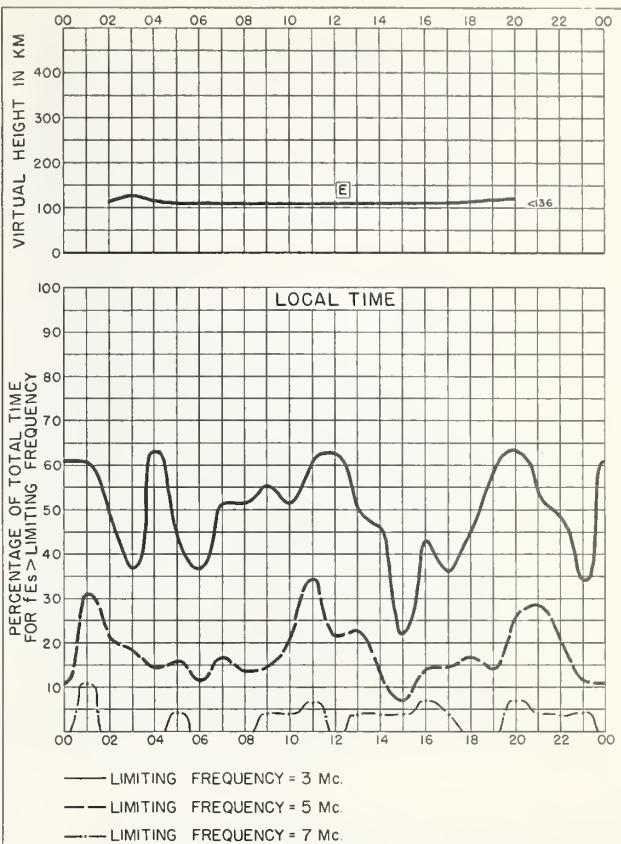


Fig. 18. ANCHORAGE, ALASKA JUNE 1958

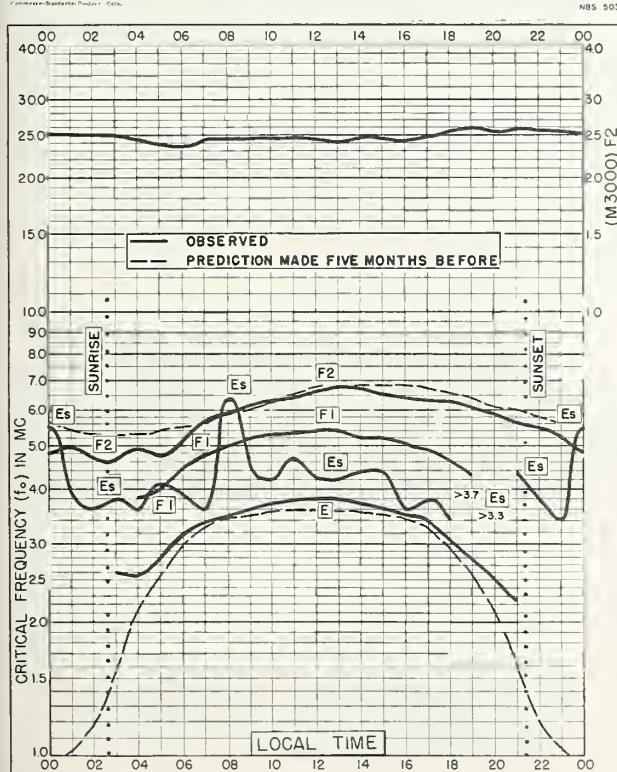


Fig. 19. NARSARSSUAK, GREENLAND  
61.2°N, 45.4°W JUNE 1958

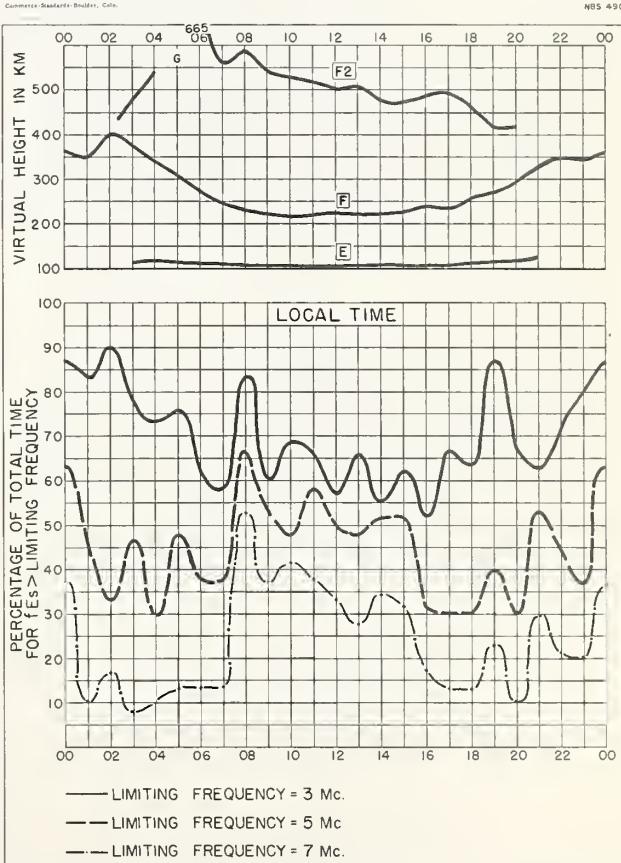
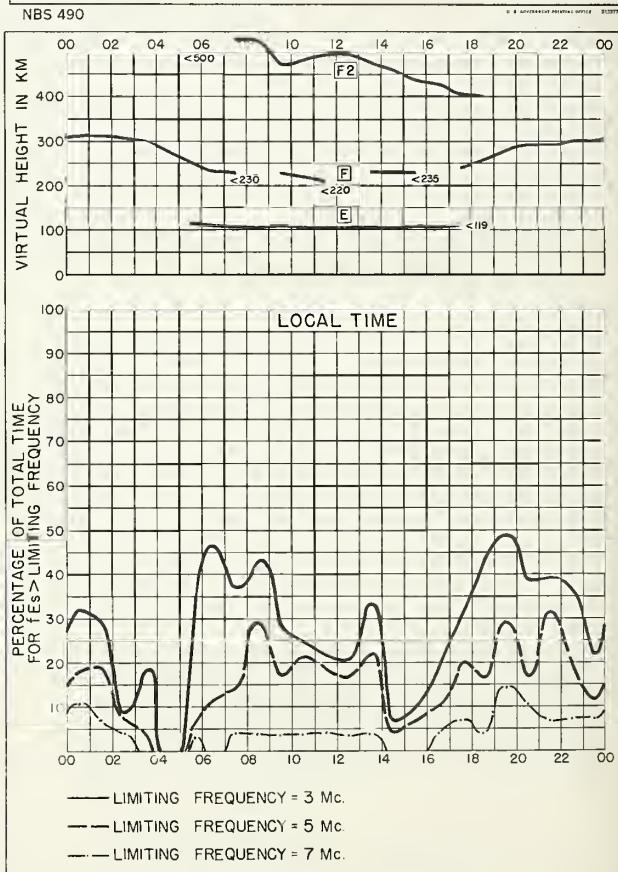
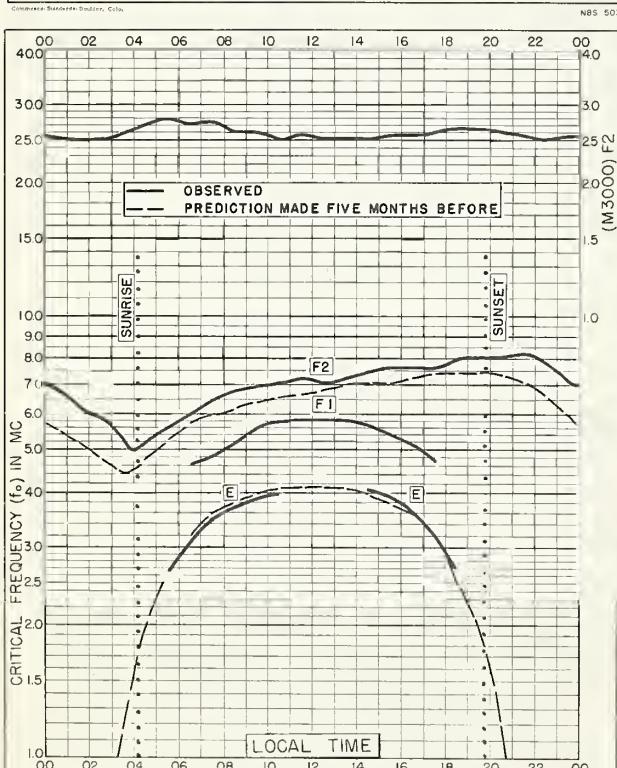
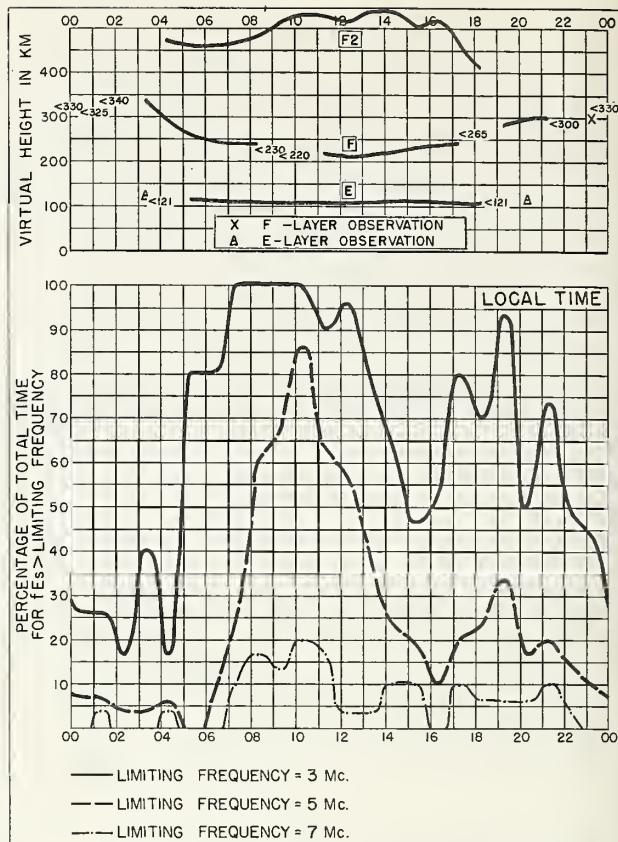
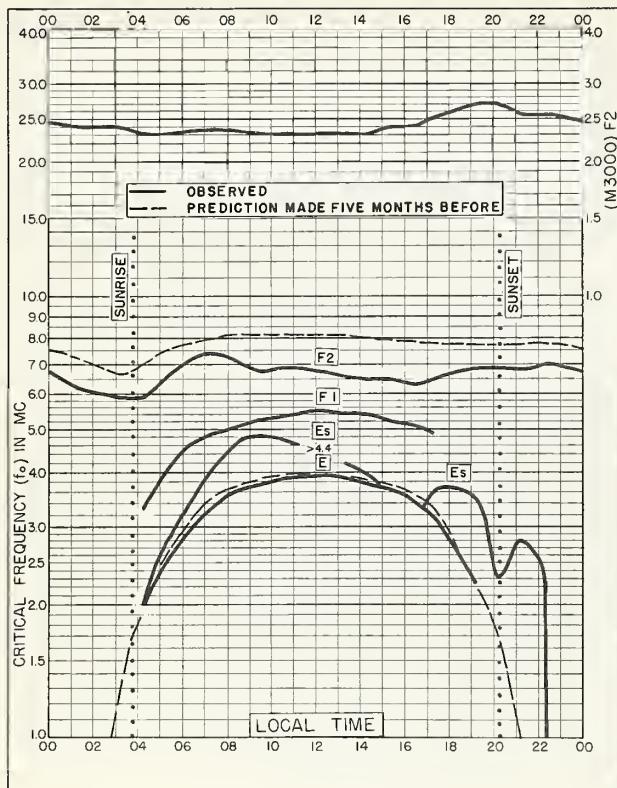


Fig. 20. NARSARSSUAK, GREENLAND JUNE 1958



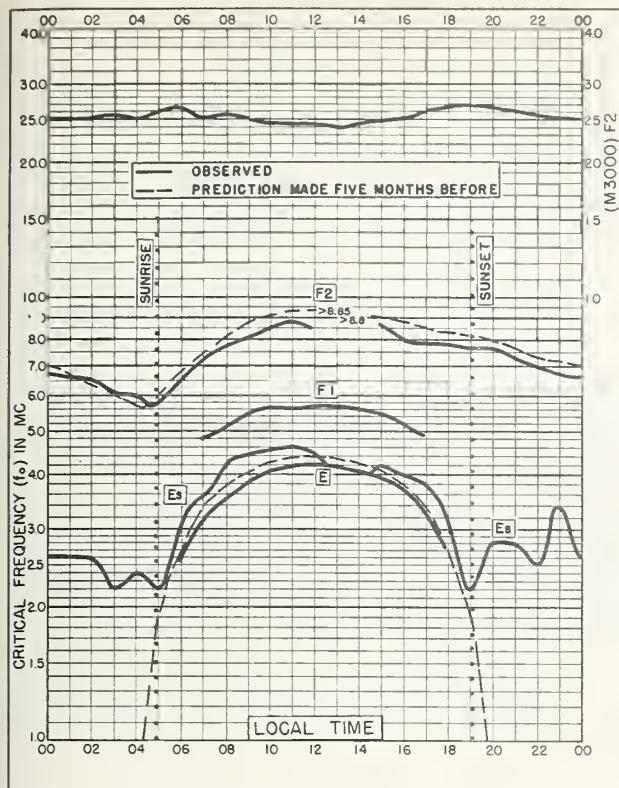


Fig. 25. WHITE SANDS, NEW MEXICO  
32.3°N, 106.5°W JUNE 1958

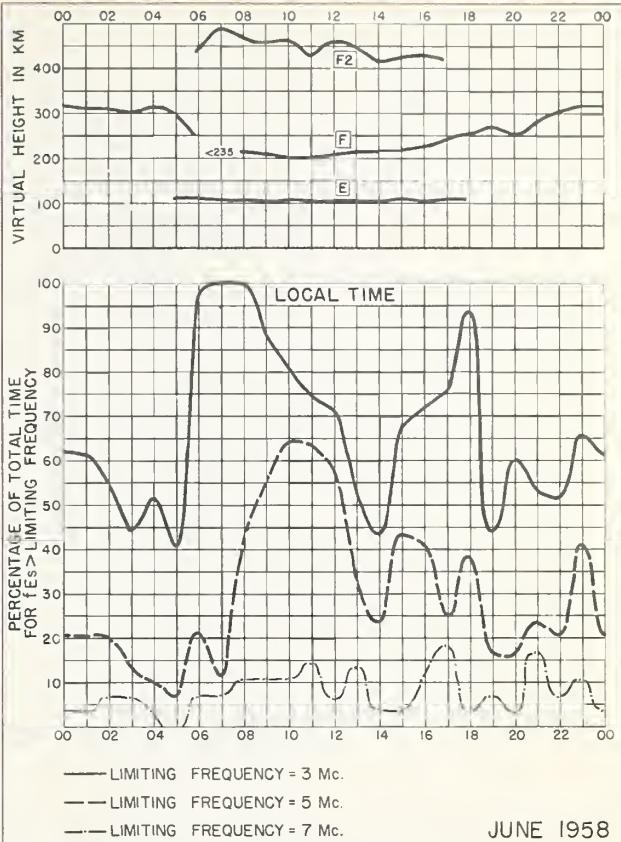


Fig. 26. WHITE SANDS, NEW MEXICO JUNE 1958

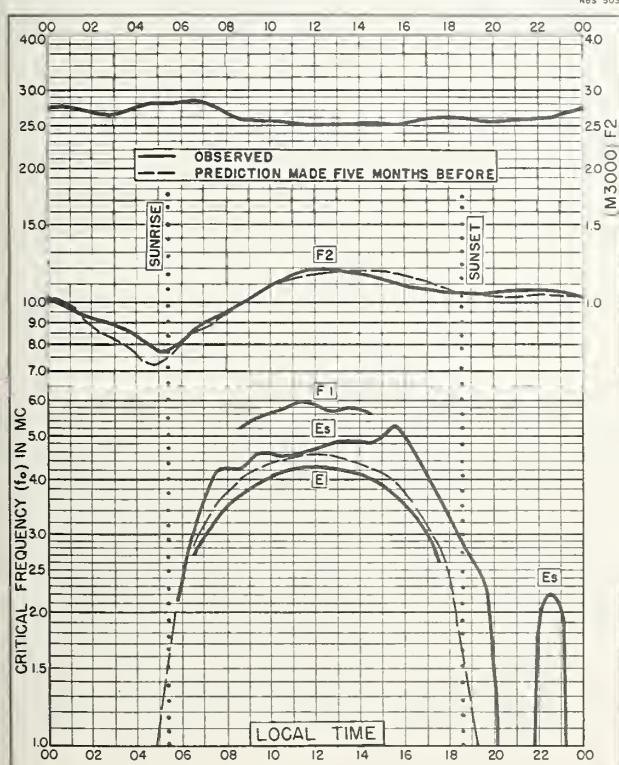


Fig. 27. PUERTO RICO, W.I.  
18.5°N, 67.2°W JUNE 1958

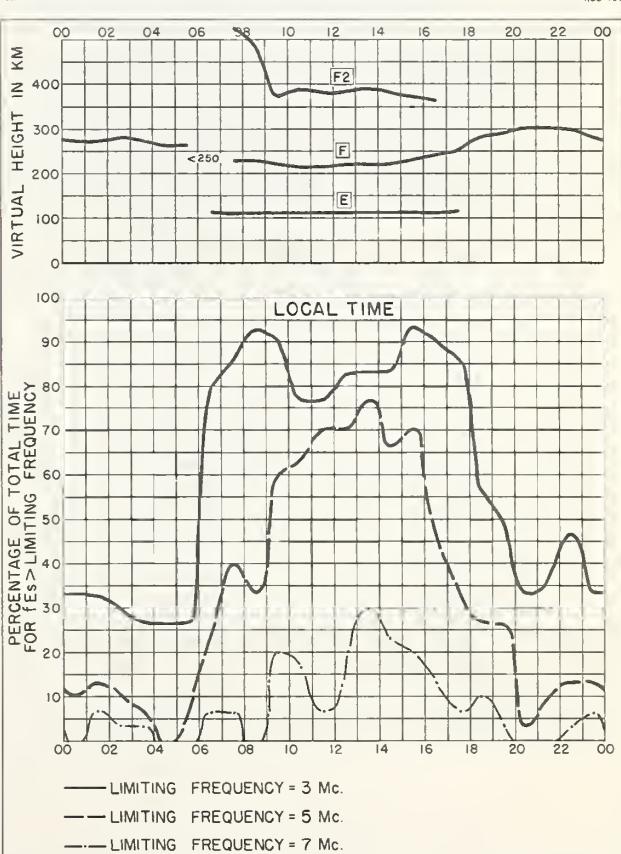


Fig. 28. PUERTO RICO, W.I. JUNE 1958

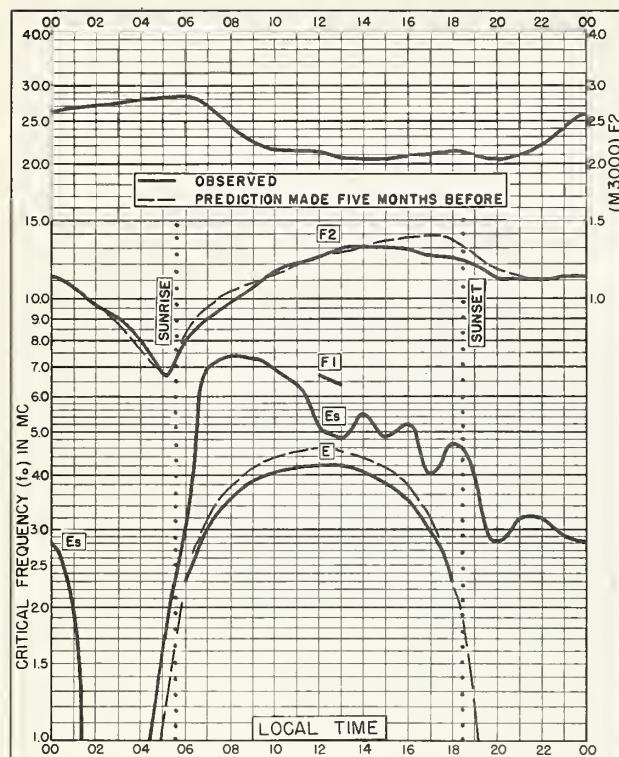


Fig. 29. BAGUIO, P. I.

16.4°N, 120.6°E

JUNE 1958

NBS 503

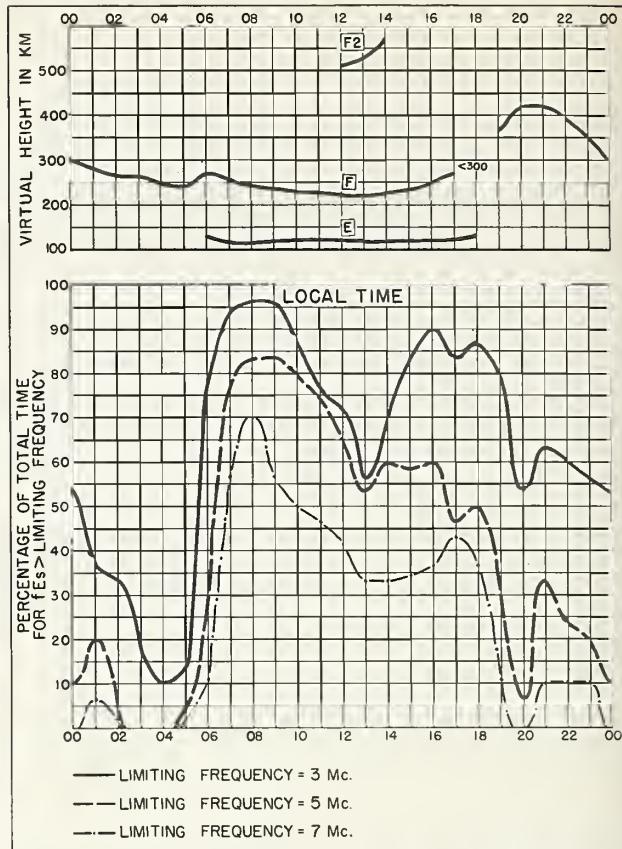


Fig. 30. BAGUIO, P. I.

JUNE 1958

NBS 490

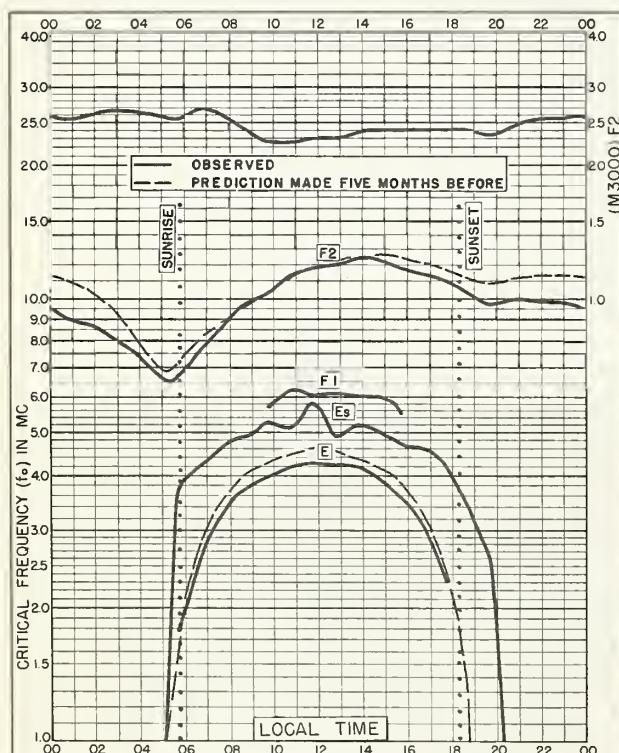


Fig. 31. PANAMA CANAL ZONE

9.4°N, 79.9°W

JUNE 1958

NBS 503

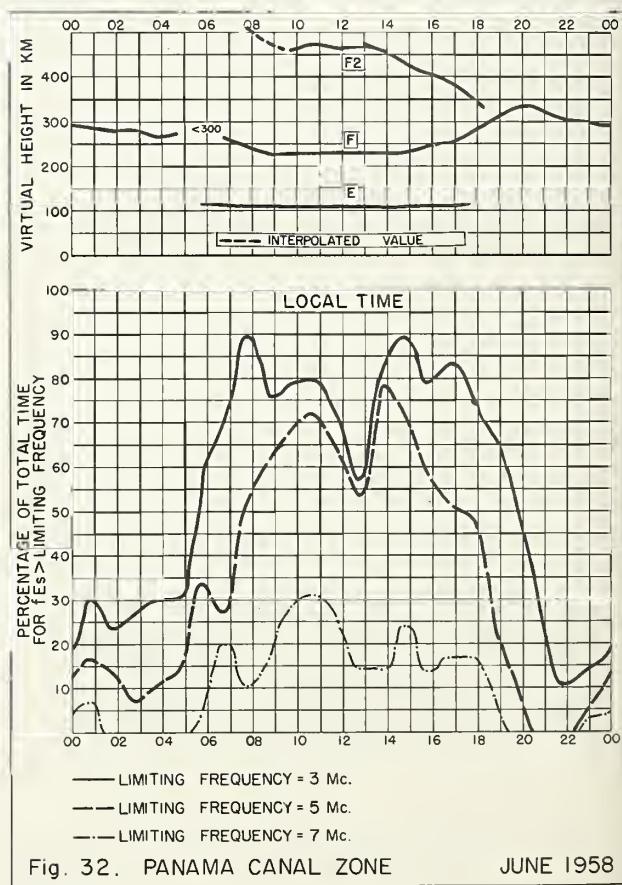
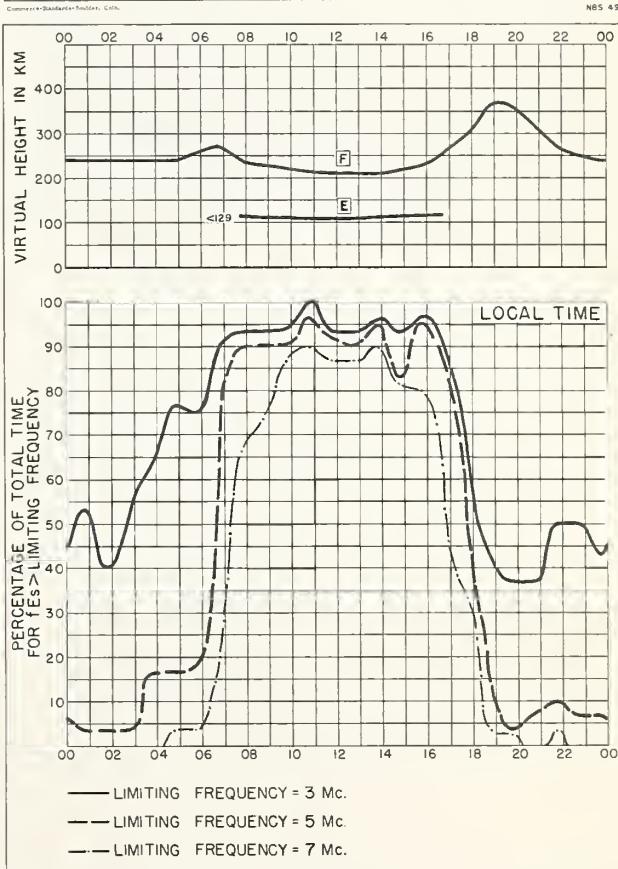
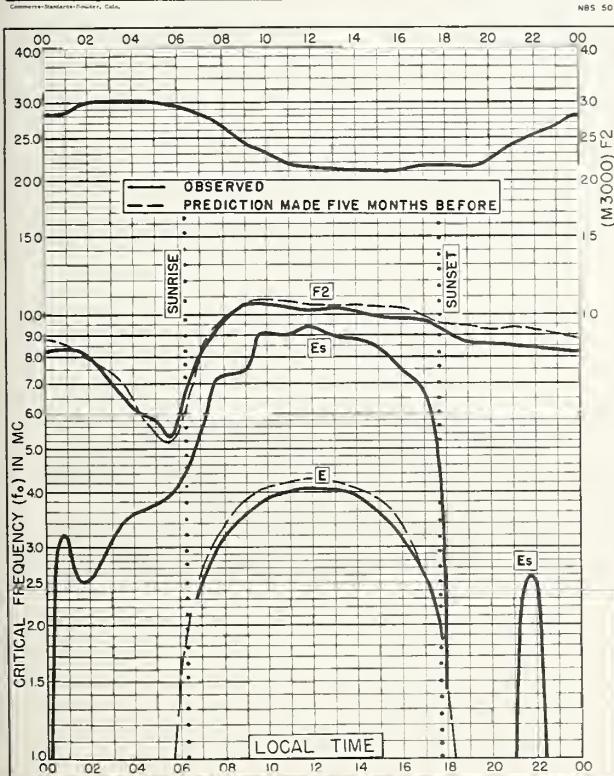
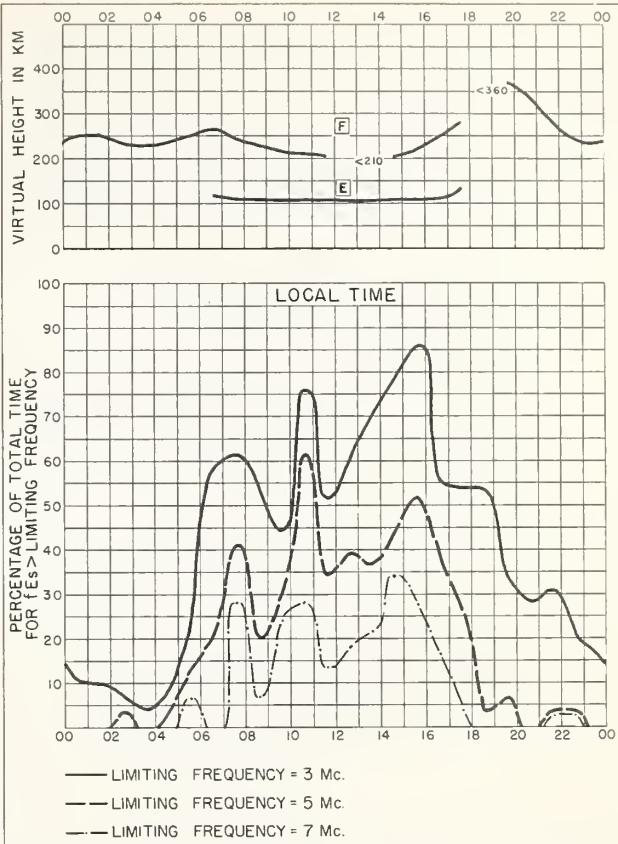
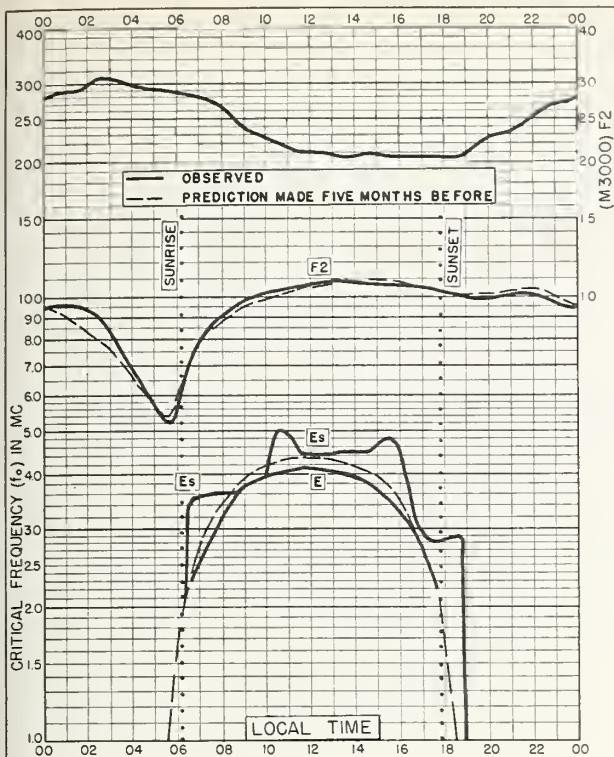
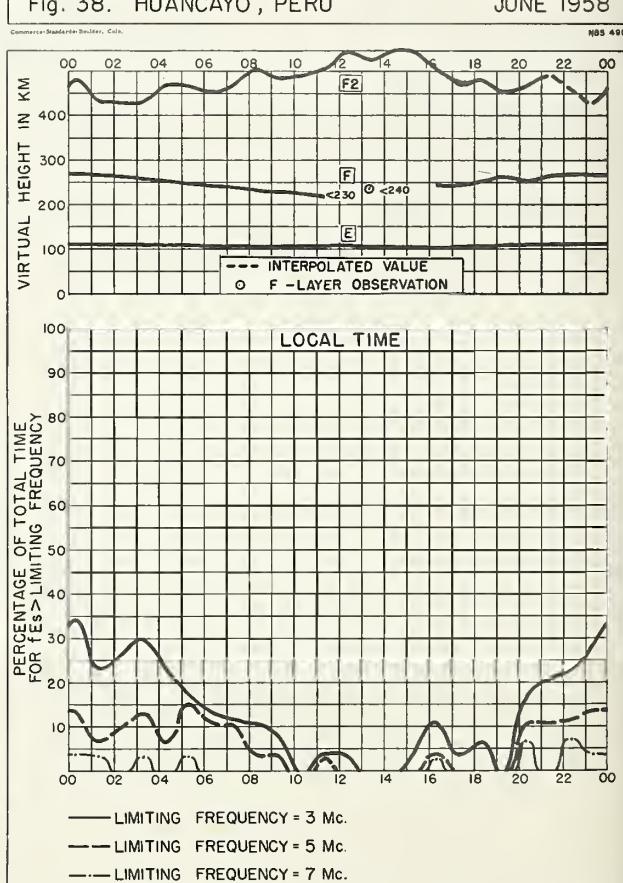
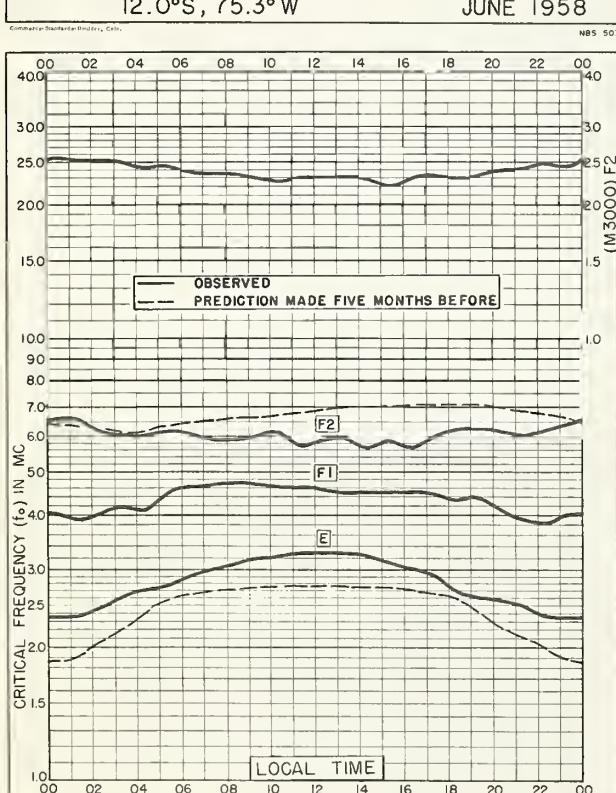
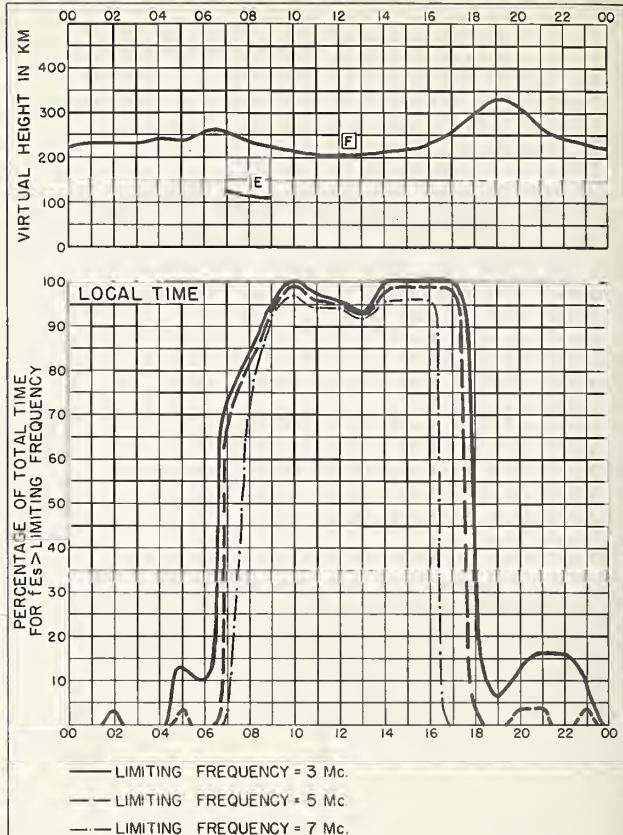
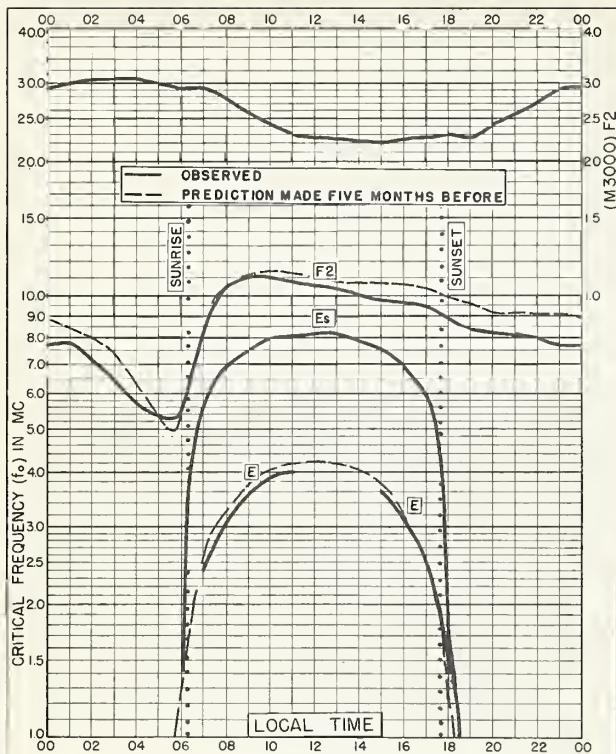


Fig. 32. PANAMA CANAL ZONE

JUNE 1958

NBS 490





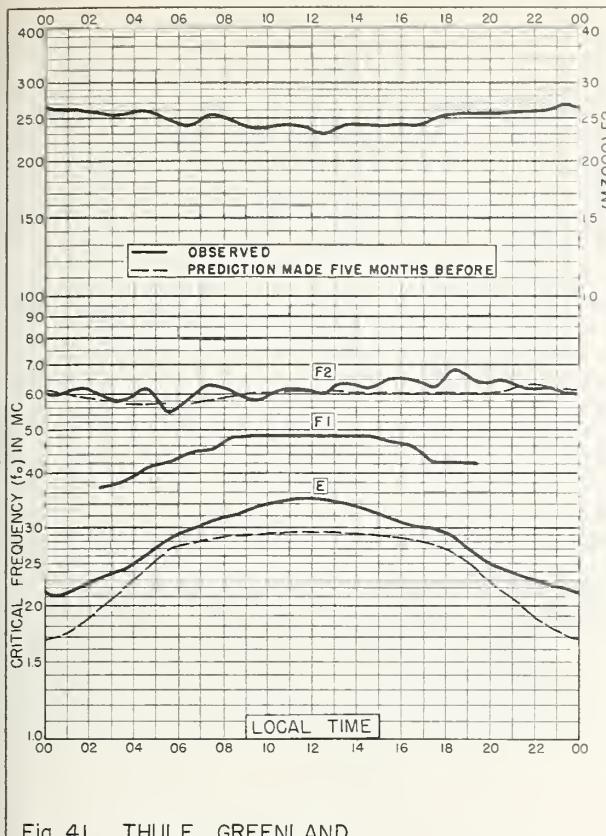


Fig. 41. THULE, GREENLAND  
76.6°N, 68.7°W MAY 1958

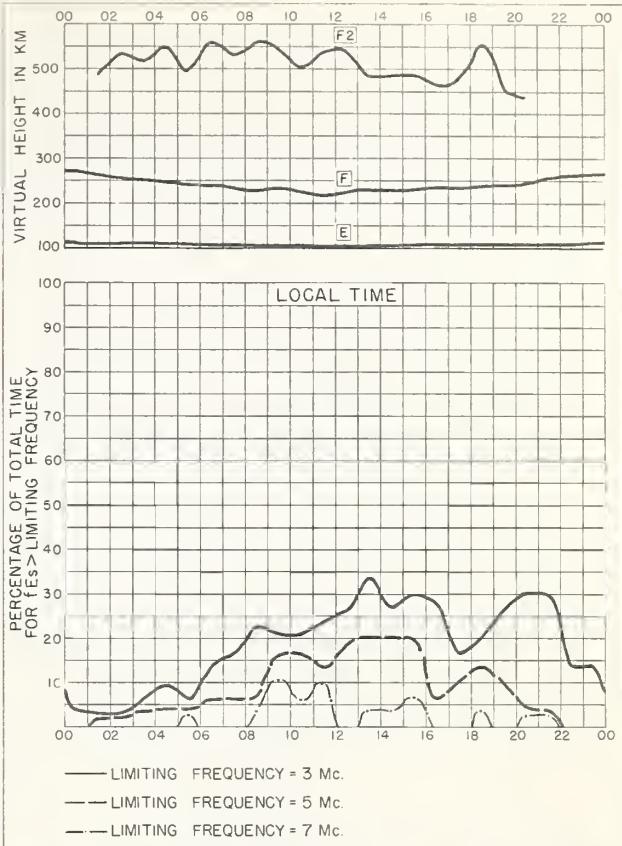


Fig. 42. THULE, GREENLAND MAY 1958

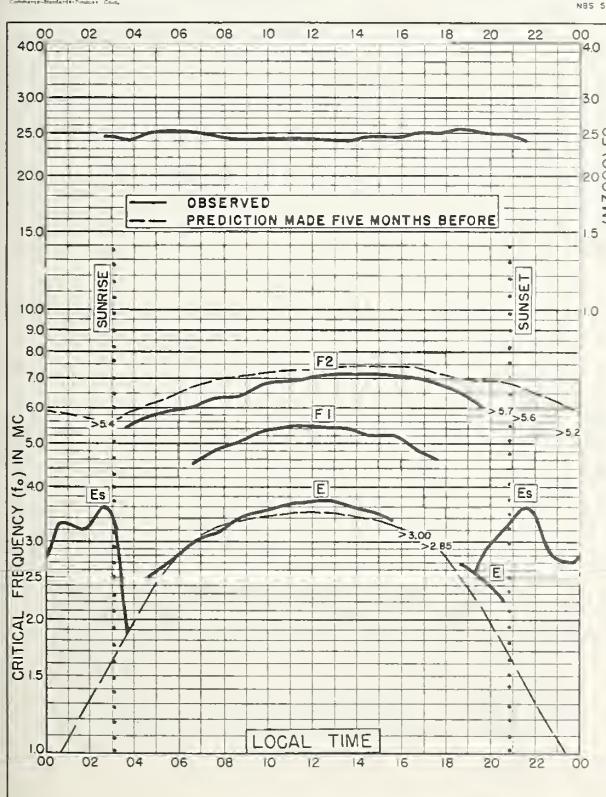


Fig. 43. REYKJAVIK, ICELAND  
64.1°N, 21.8°W MAY 1958

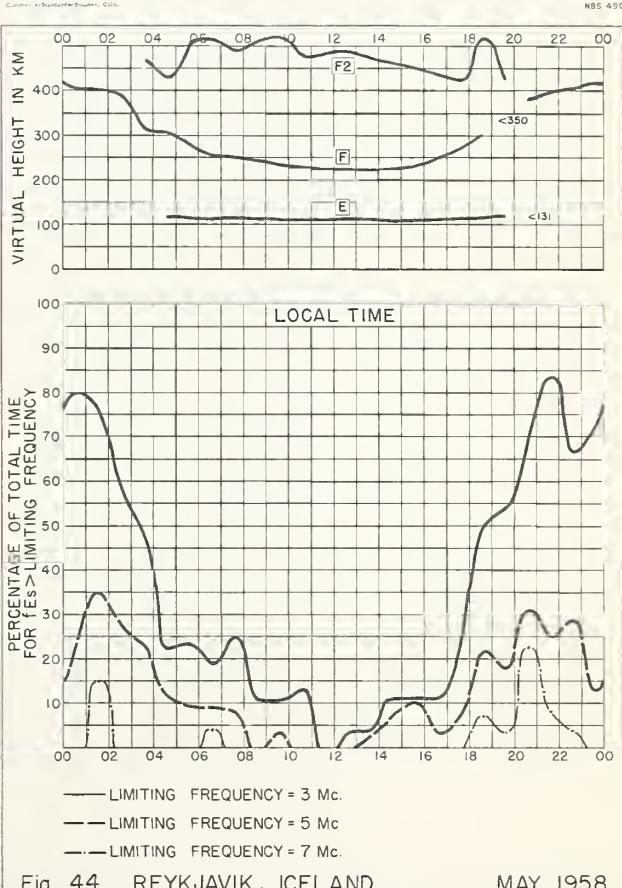


Fig. 44. REYKJAVIK, ICELAND MAY 1958

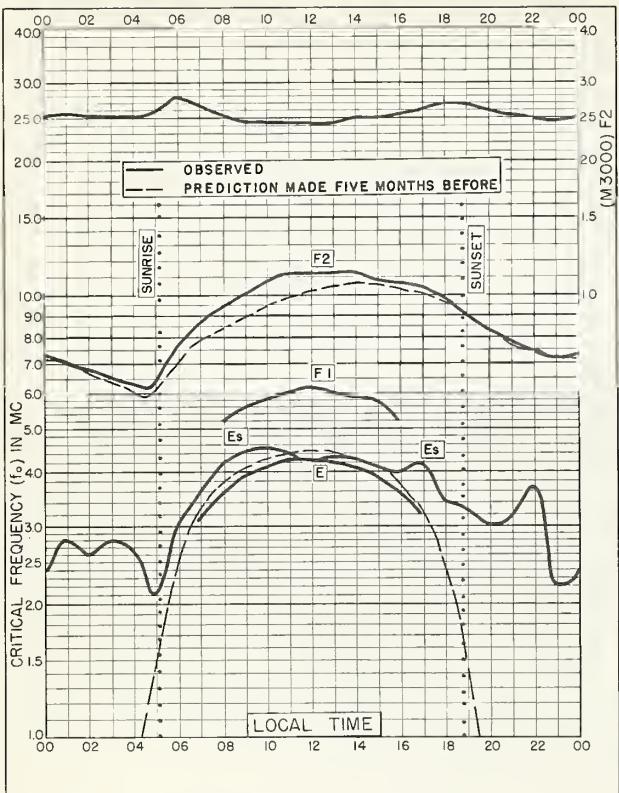


Fig. 45. WHITE SANDS, NEW MEXICO  
32.3°N, 106.5°W MAY 1958

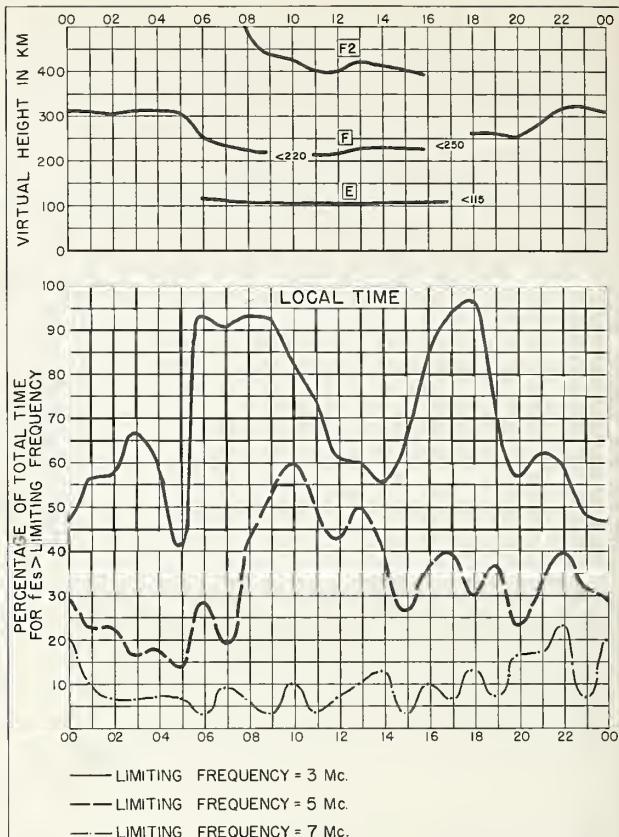


Fig. 46. WHITE SANDS, NEW MEXICO MAY 1958

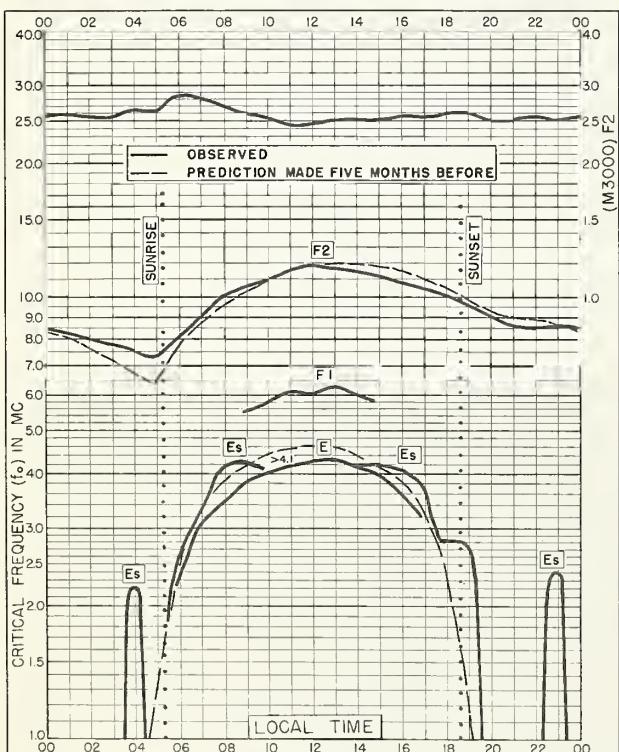


Fig. 47. GRAND BAHAMA I.  
26.6°N, 78.2°W MAY 1958

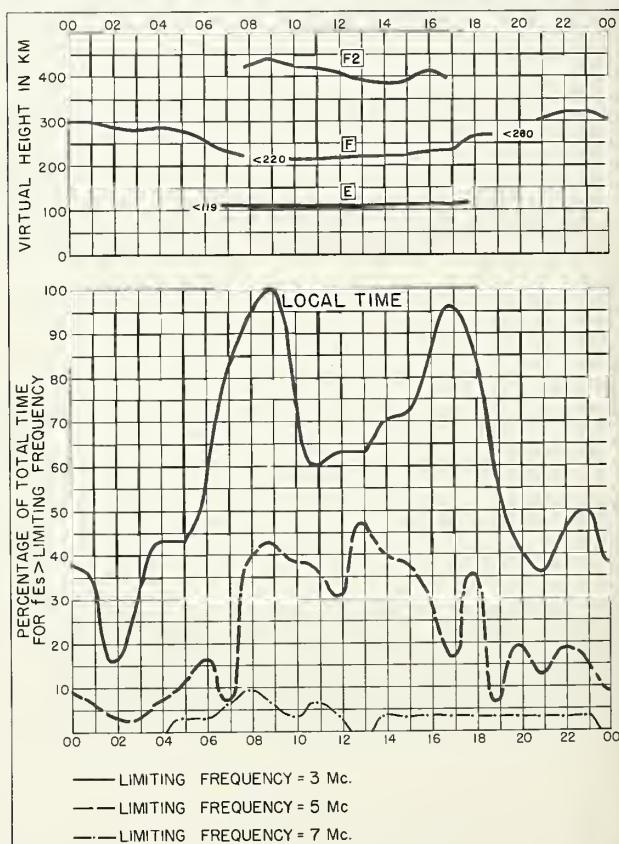


Fig. 48. GRAND BAHAMA I. MAY 1958

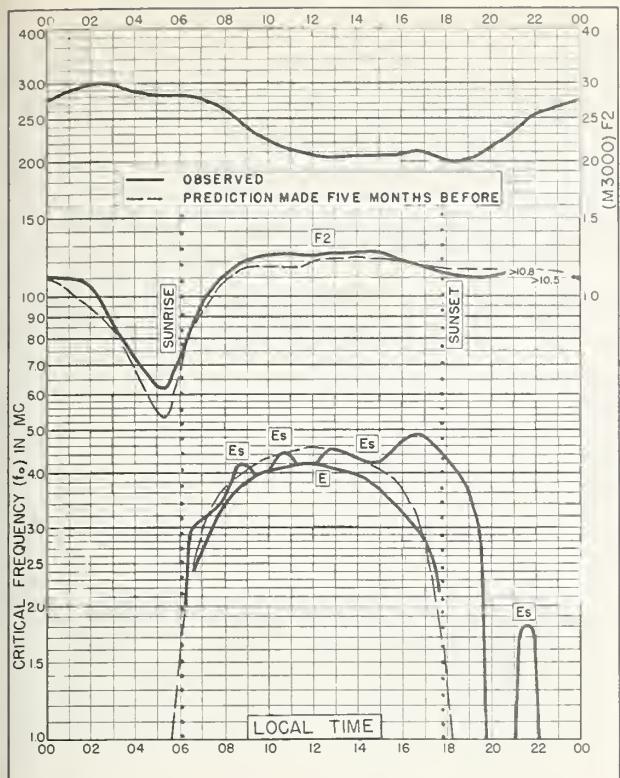


Fig. 49. TALARA, PERU

4.6°S, 81.3°W

MAY 1958

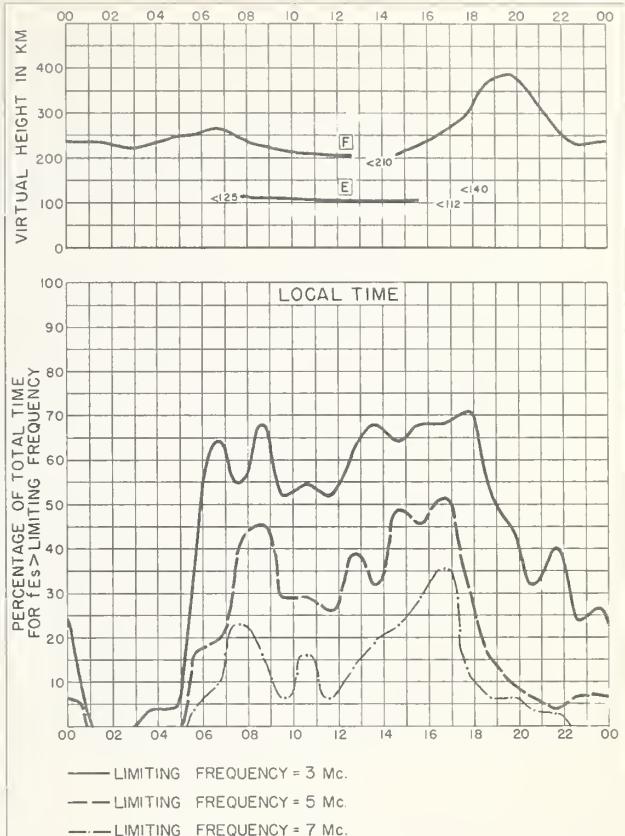


Fig. 50. TALARA, PERU

MAY 1958

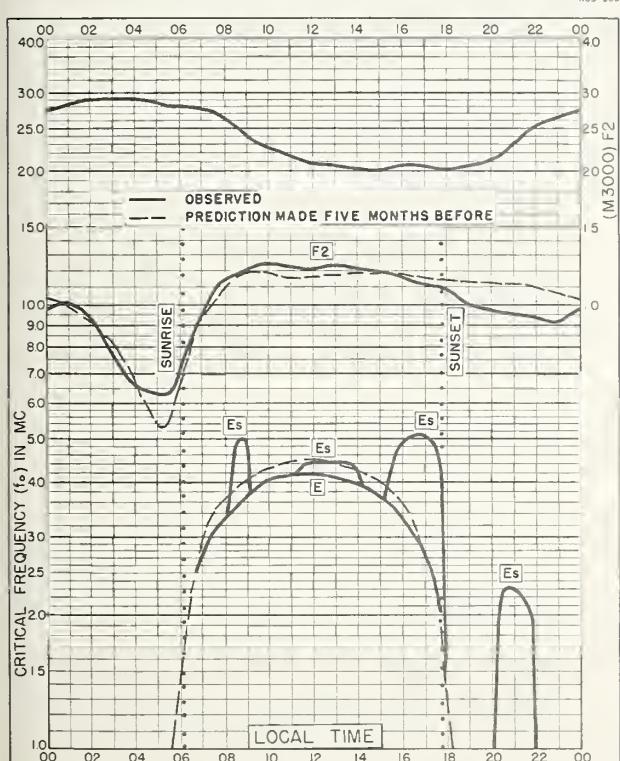


Fig. 51. CHICLAYO, PERU

6.8°S, 79.8°W

MAY 1958

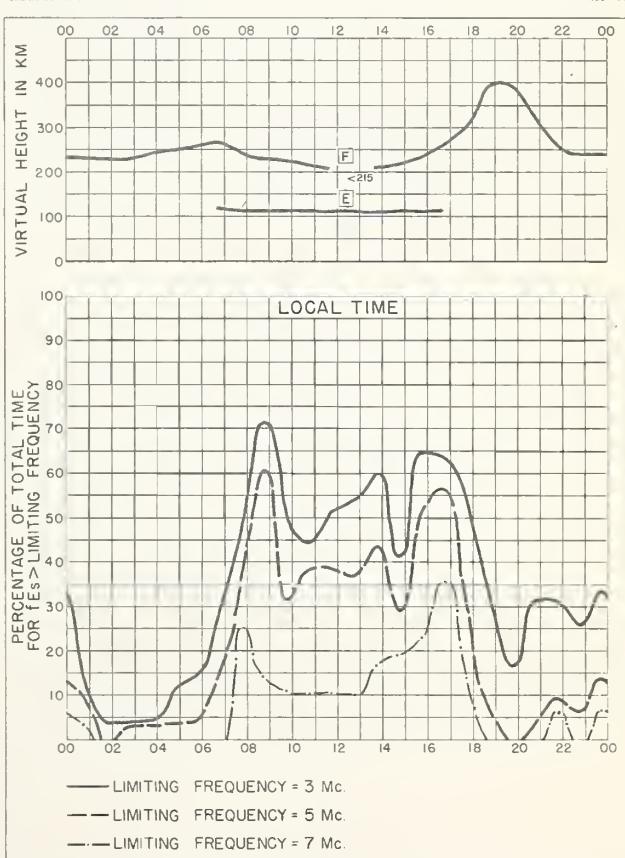
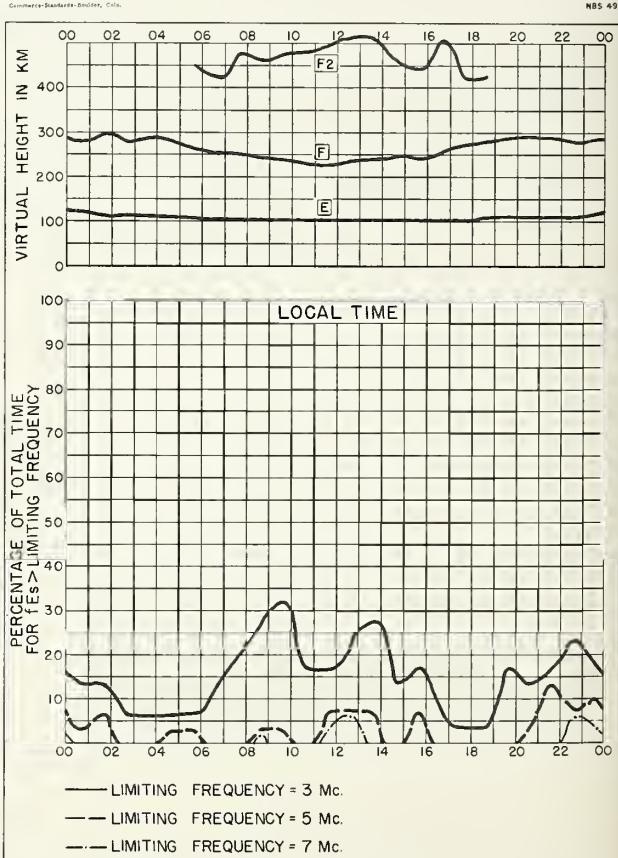
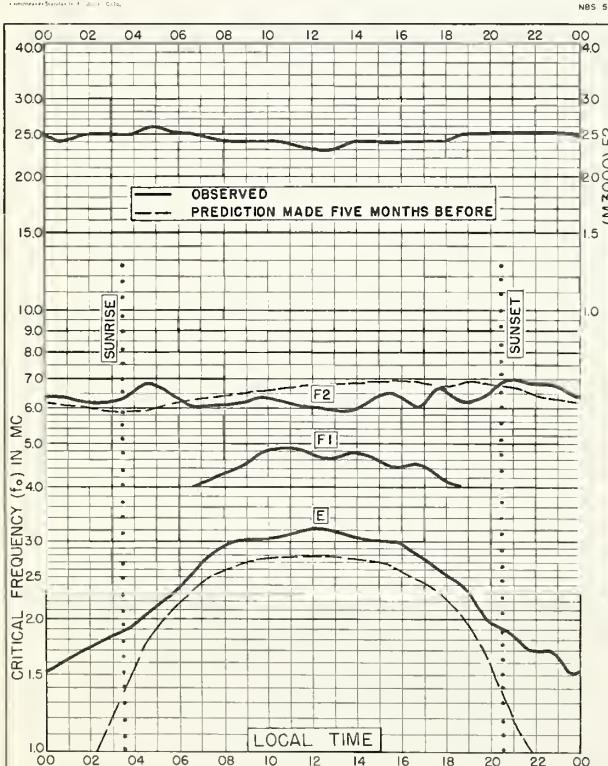
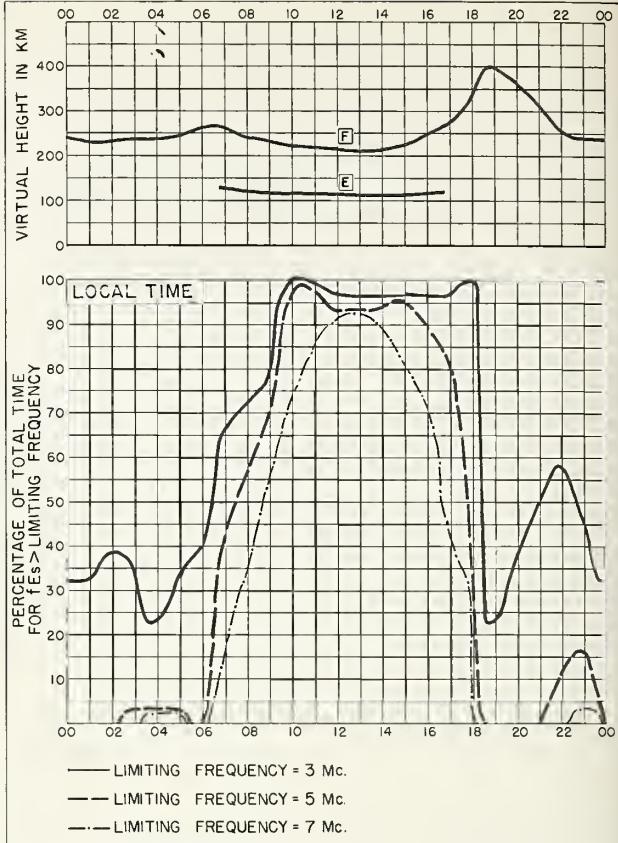
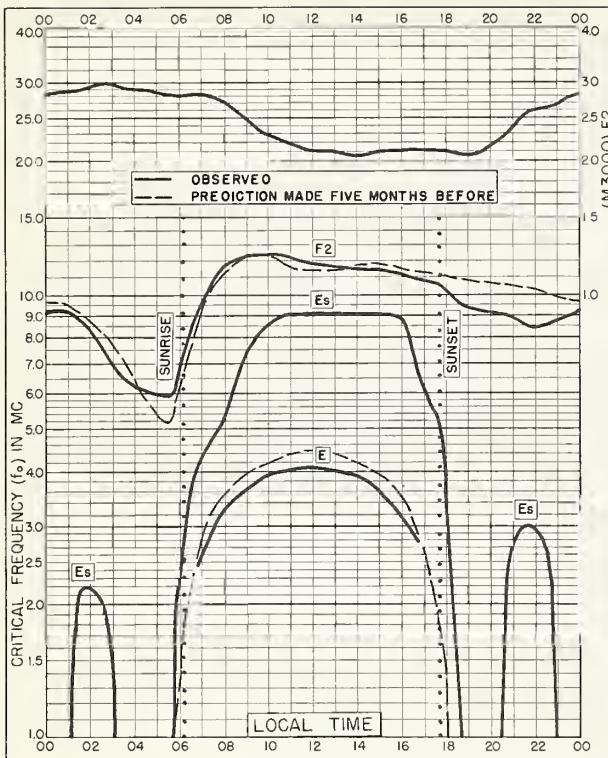
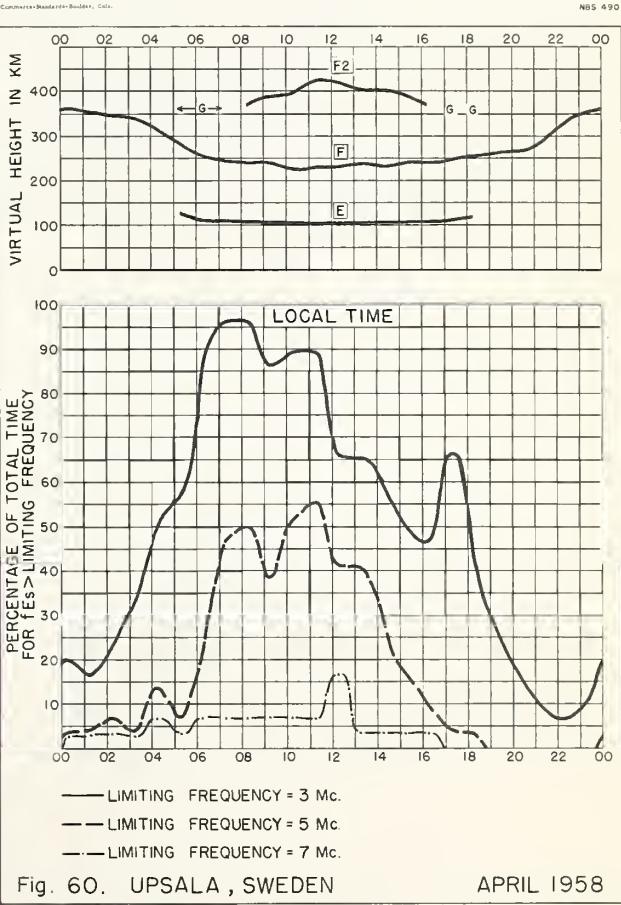
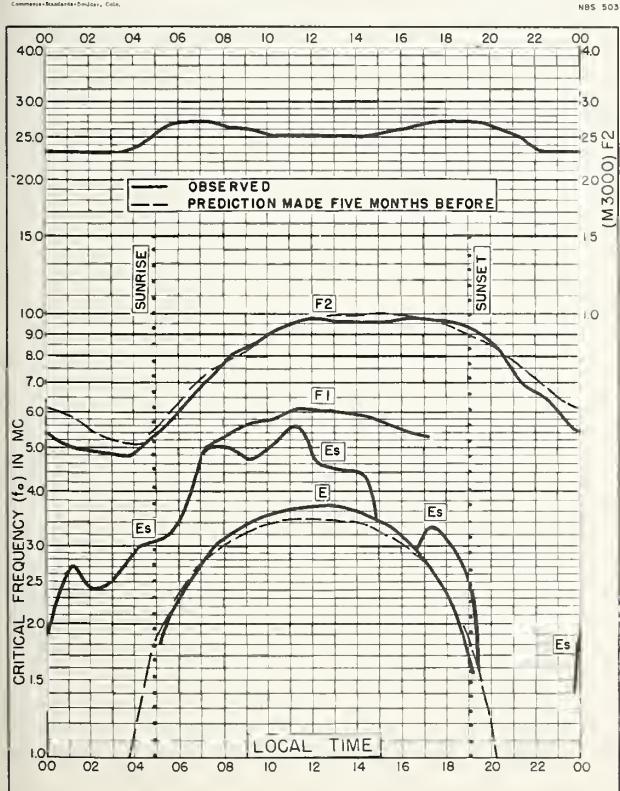
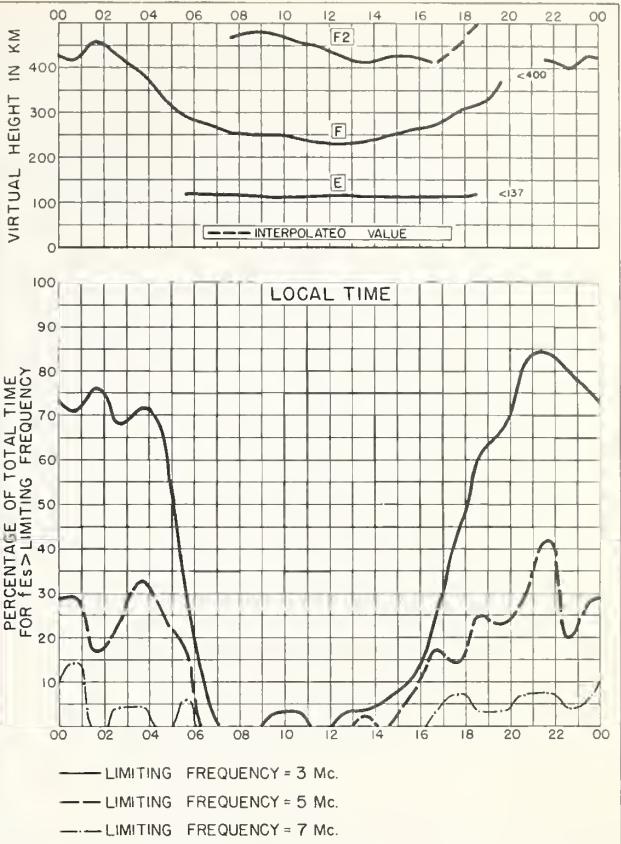
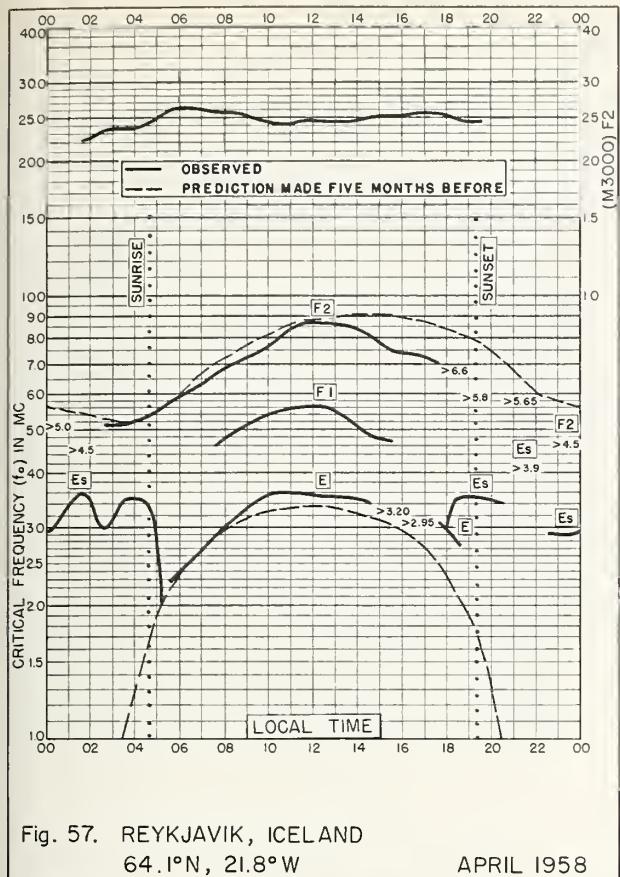


Fig. 52. CHICLAYO, PERU

MAY 1958





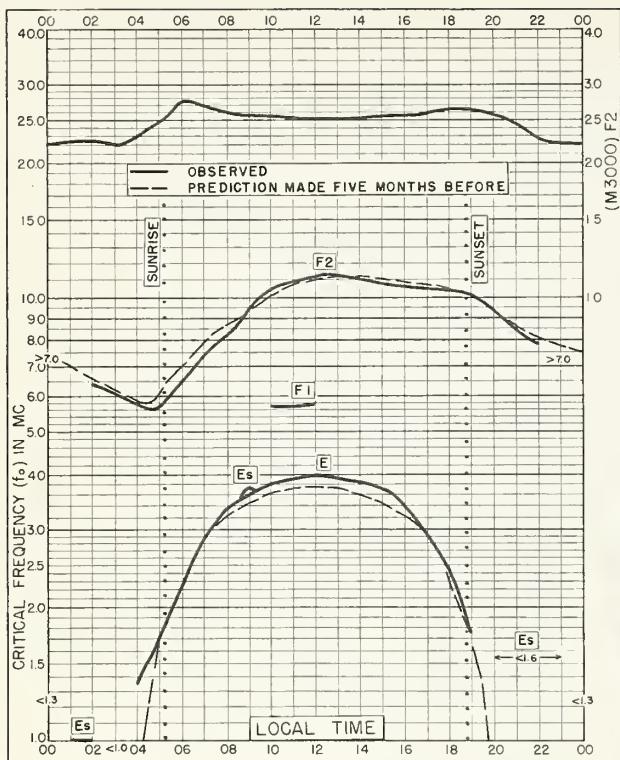


Fig. 61. SLOUGH, ENGLAND

51.5°N, 0.6°W

APRIL 1958

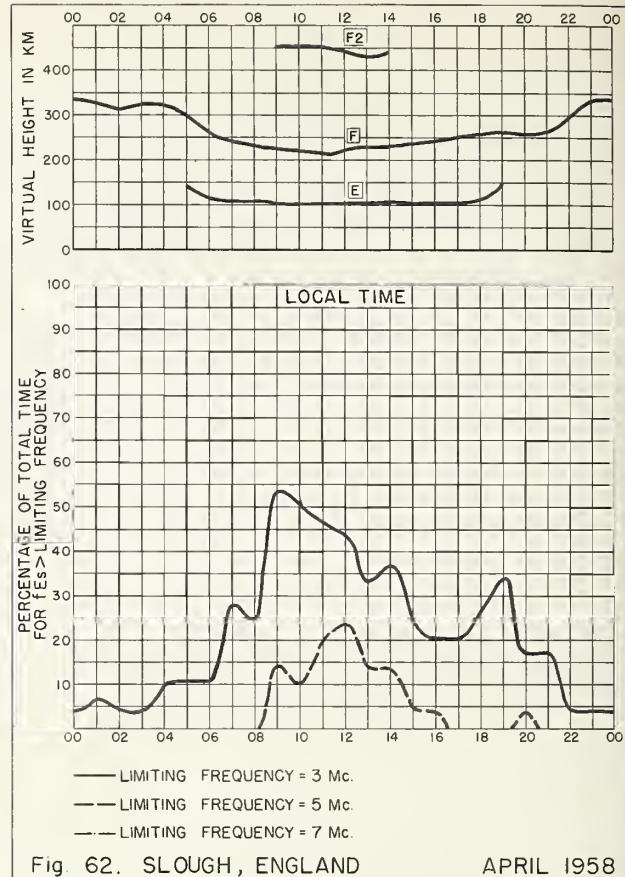


Fig. 62. SLOUGH, ENGLAND

APRIL 1958

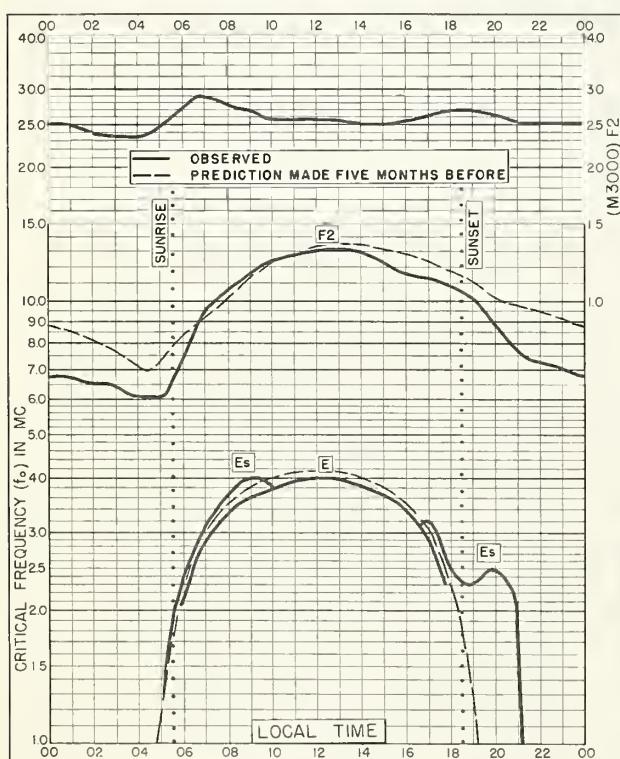


Fig. 63. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

37.4°N, 122.2°W

APRIL 1958

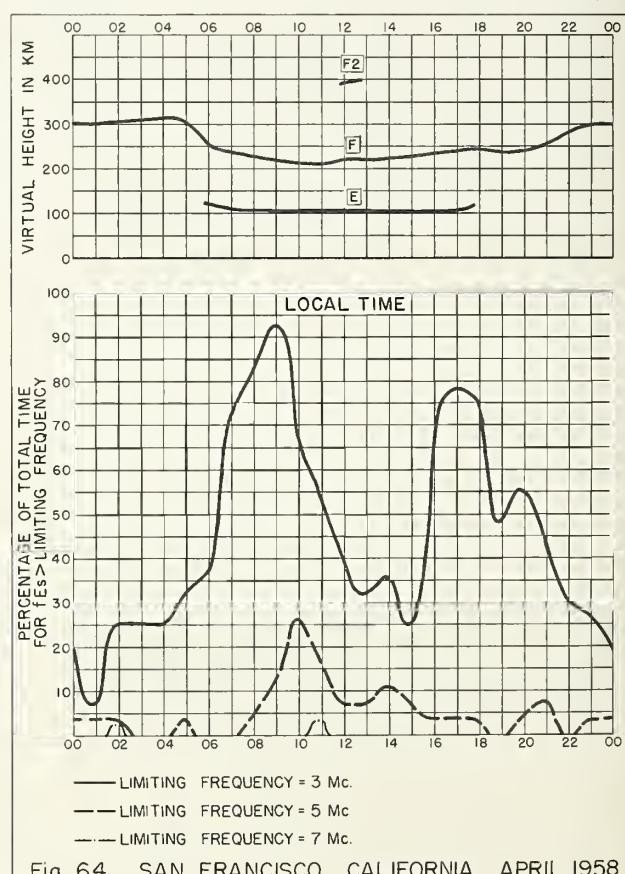
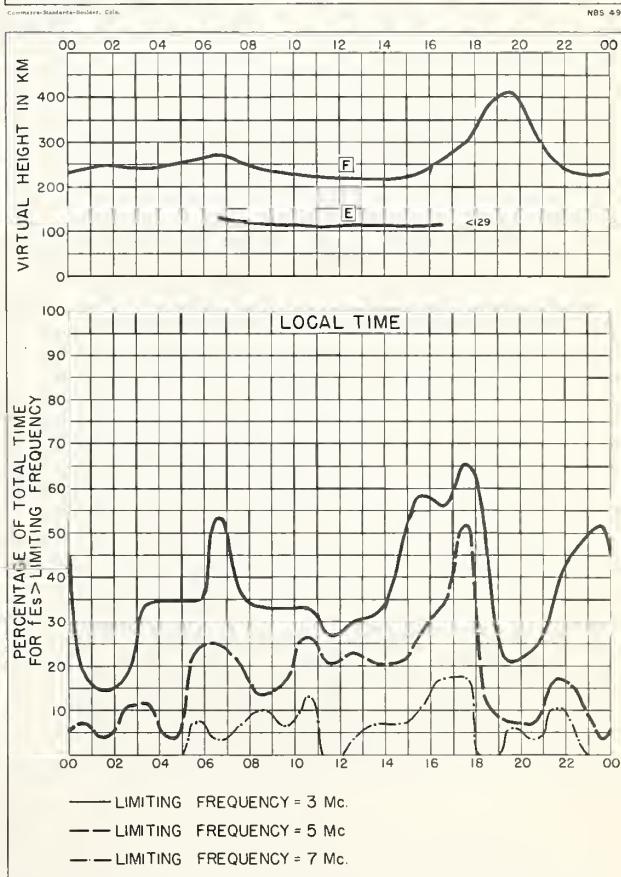
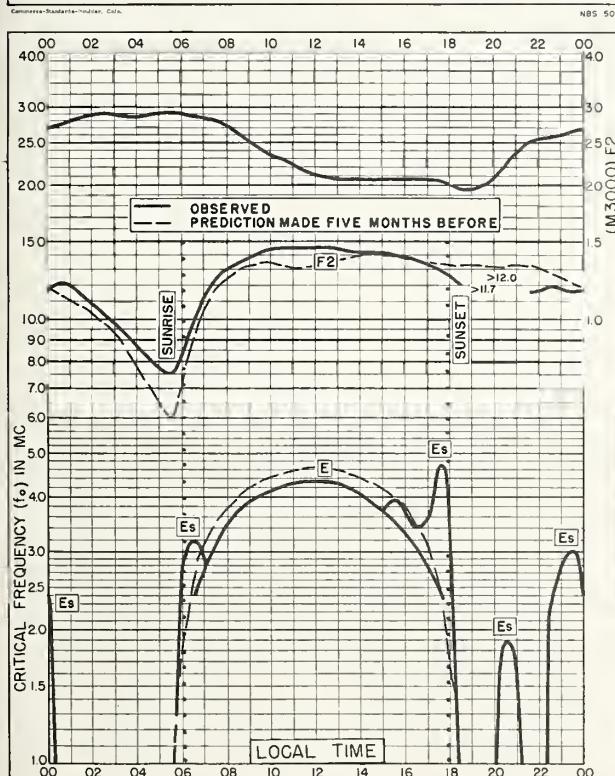
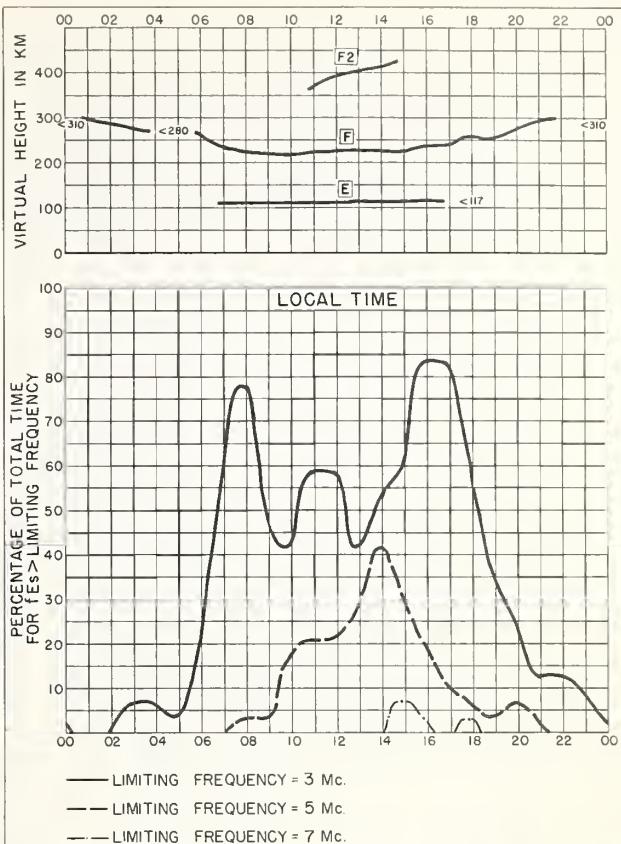
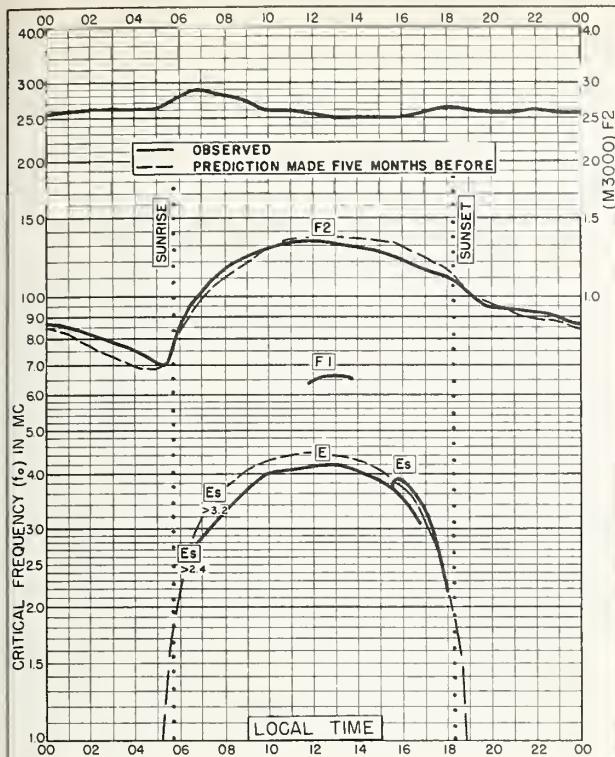


Fig. 64. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA APRIL 1958



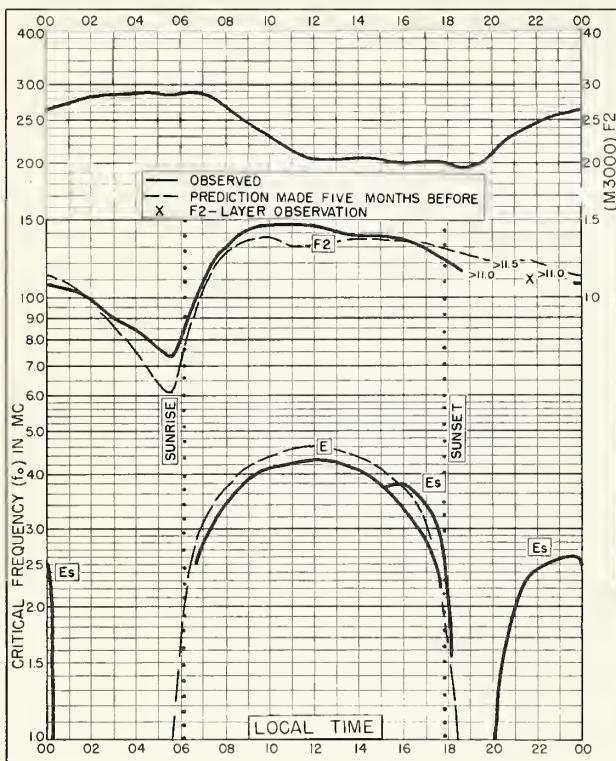


Fig. 69. CHICLAYO, PERU  
6.8°S, 79.8°W  
APRIL 1958

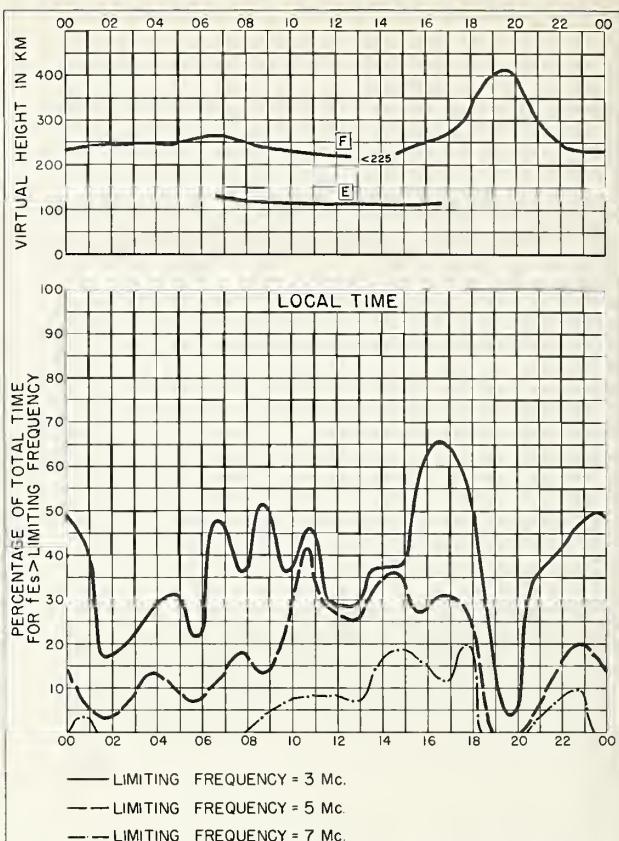


Fig. 70. CHICLAYO, PERU  
APRIL 1958

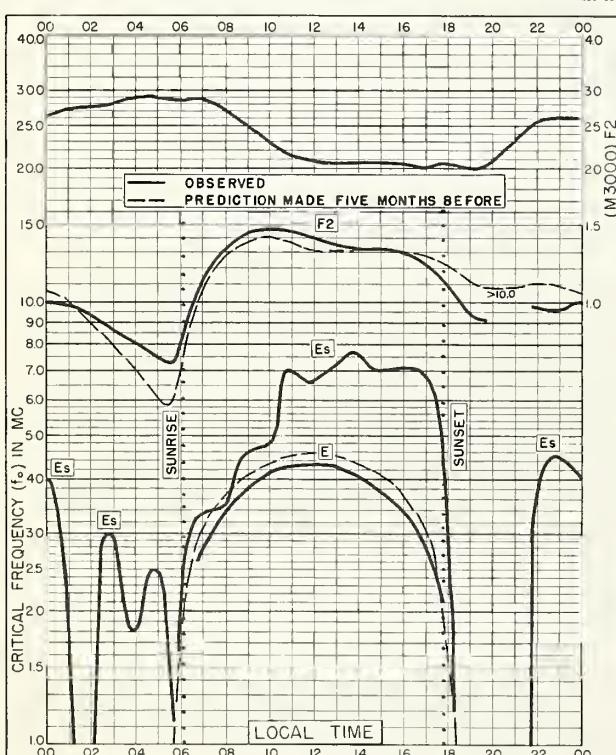


Fig. 71. CHIMBOTE, PERU  
9.1°S, 78.6°W  
APRIL 1958

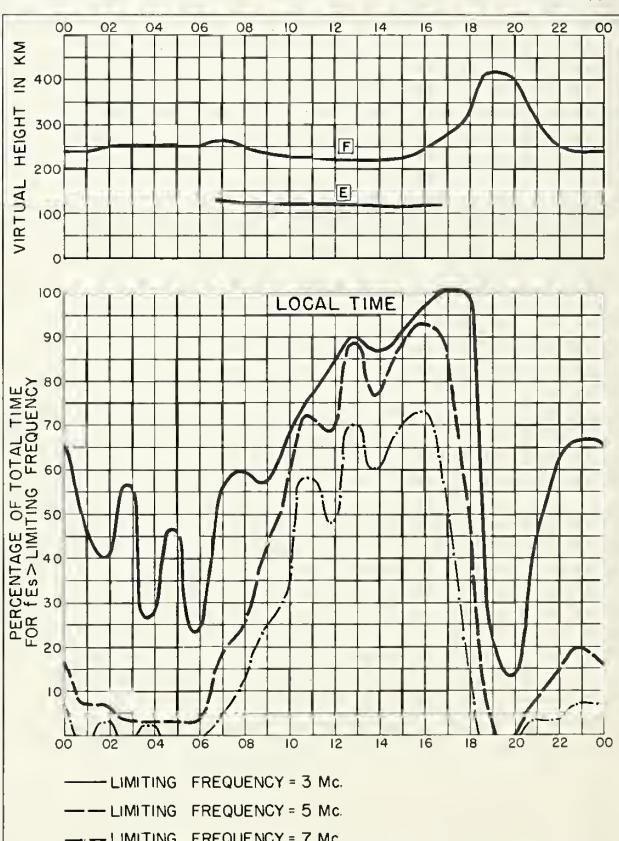
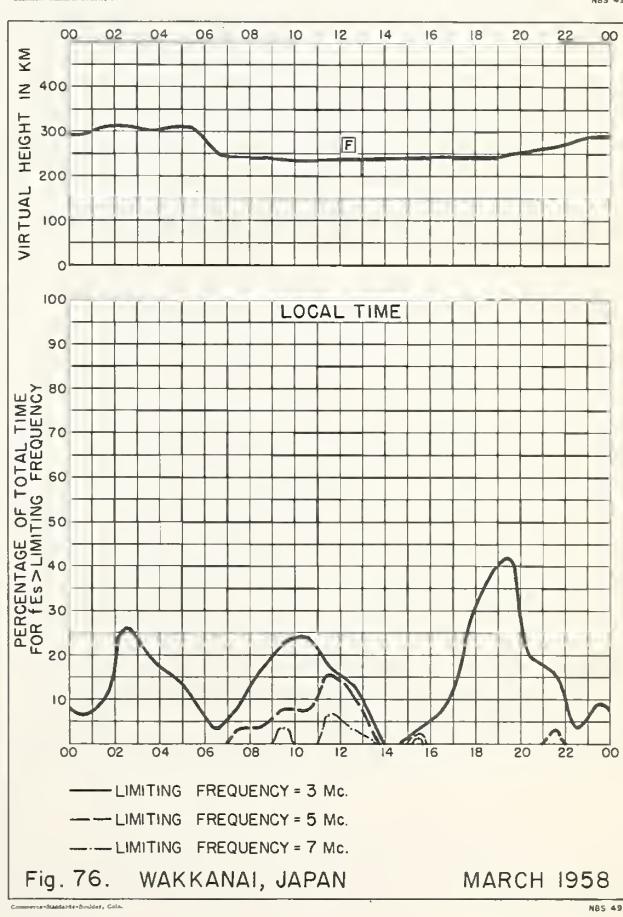
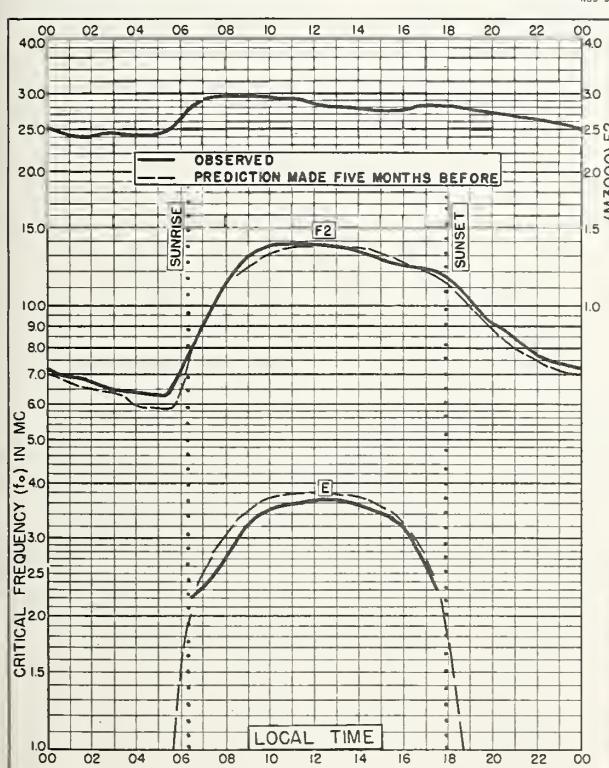
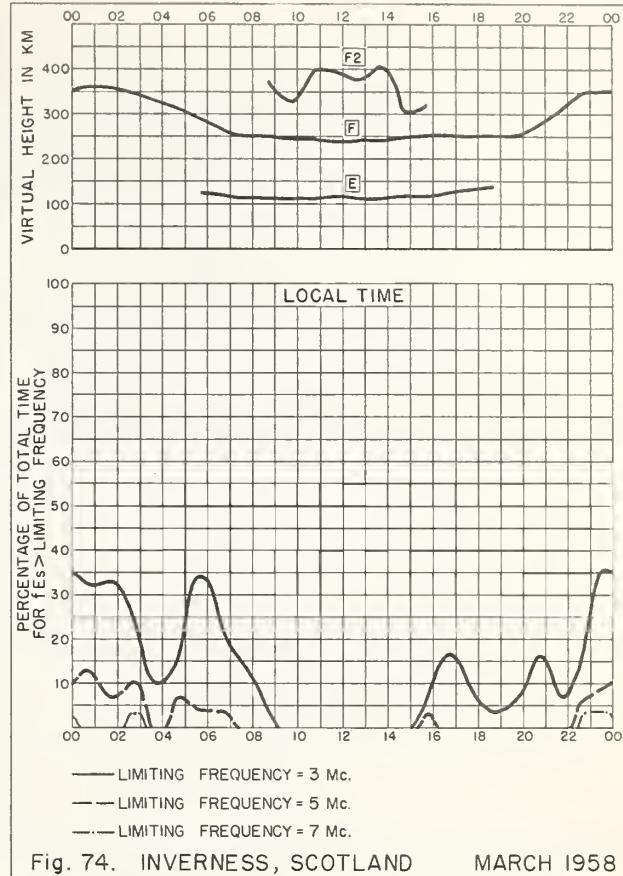
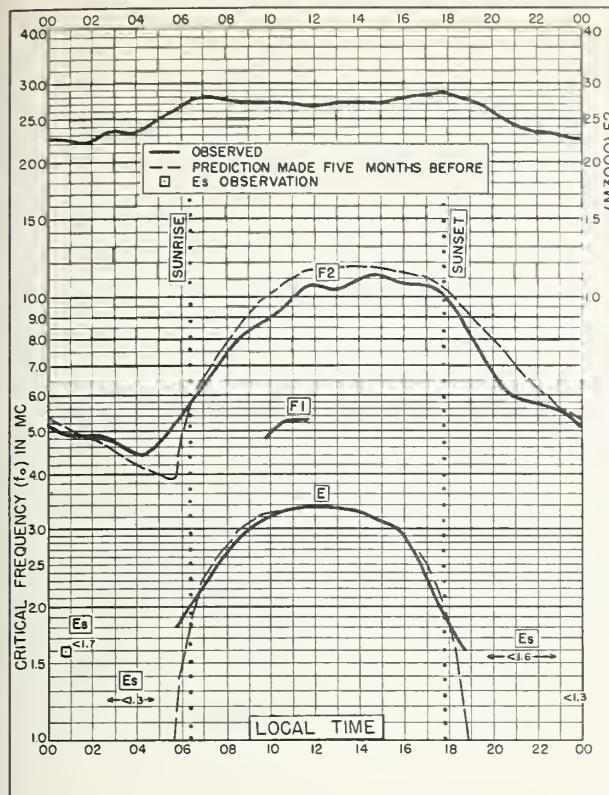
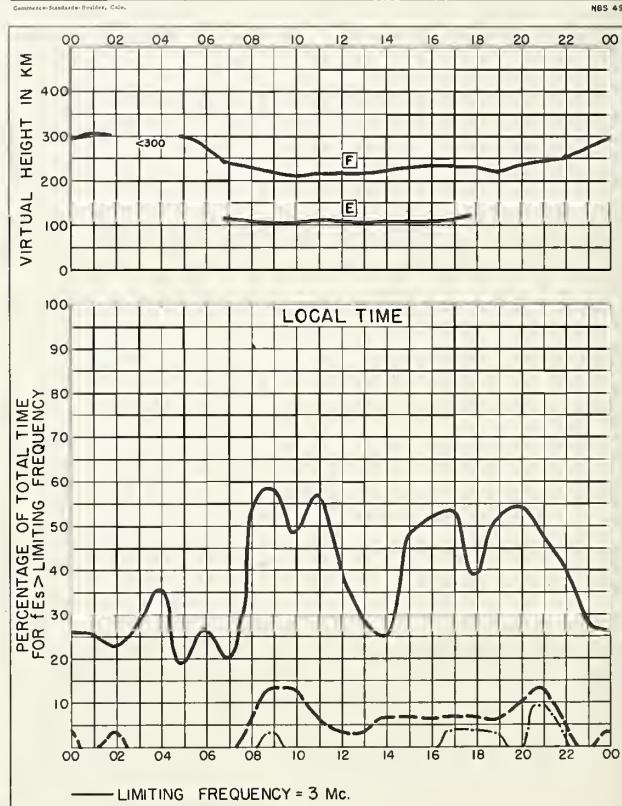
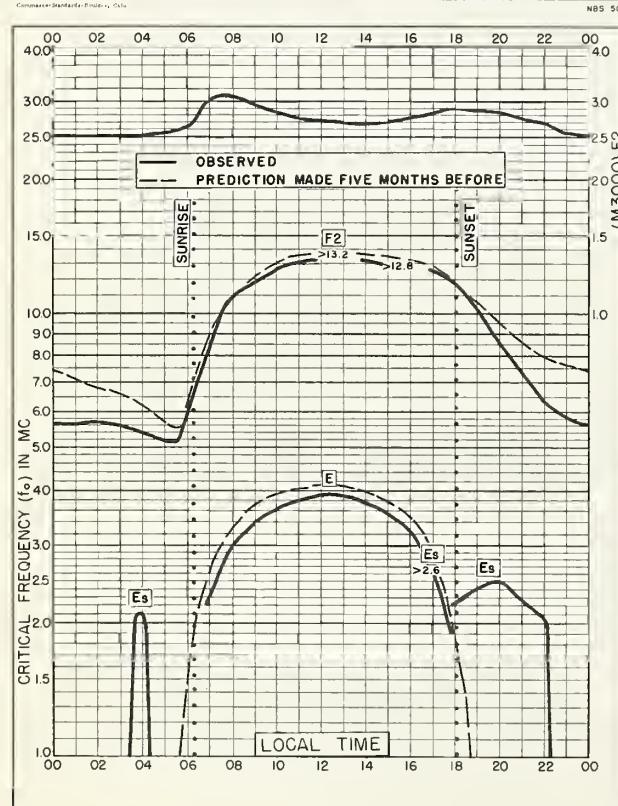
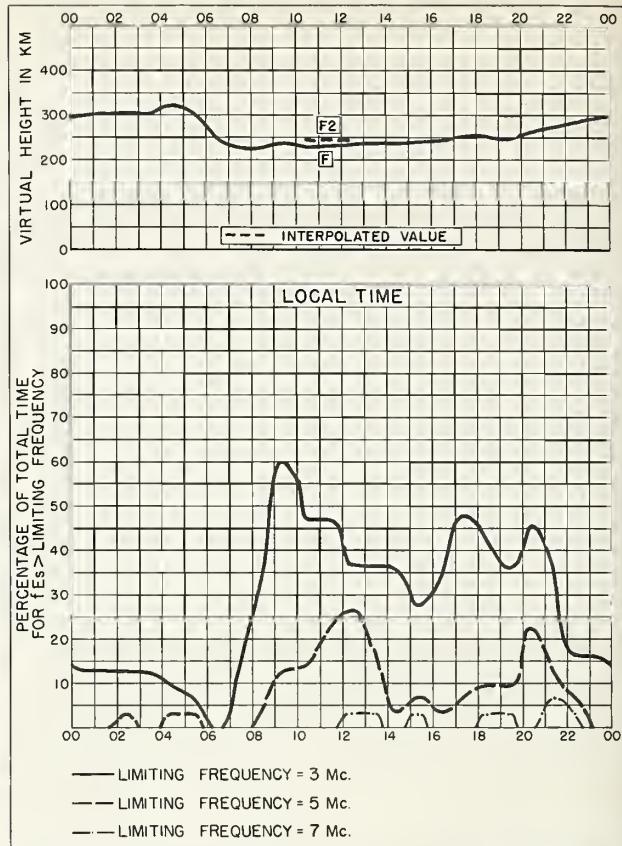
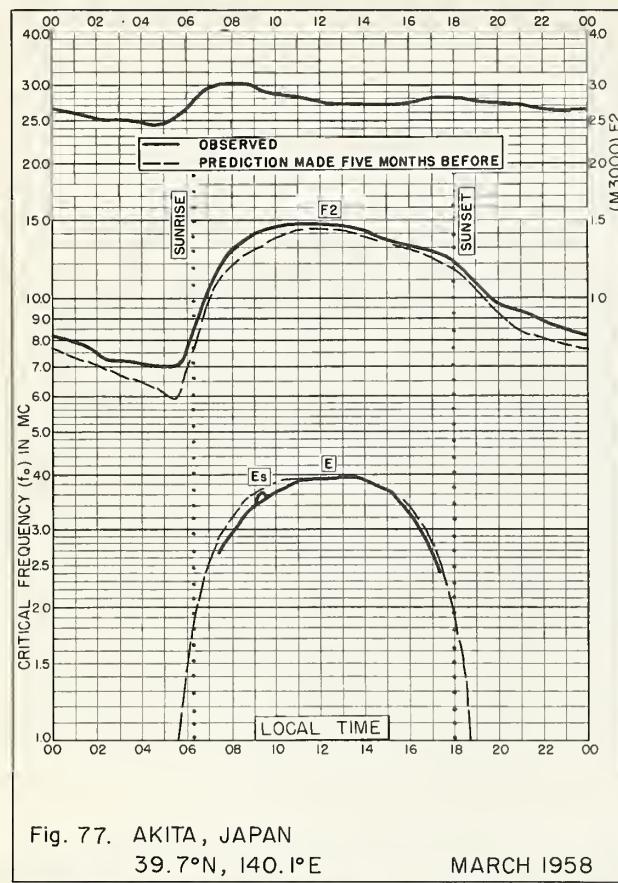


Fig. 72. CHIMBOTE, PERU  
APRIL 1958





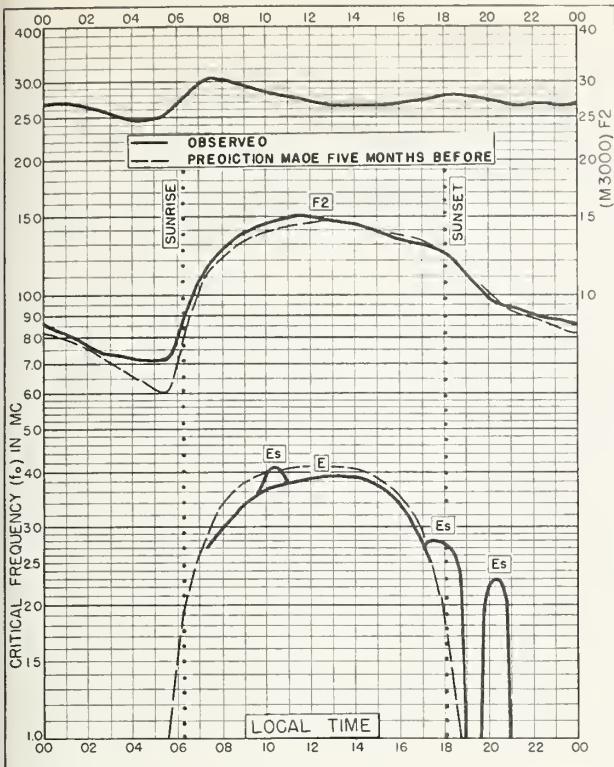


Fig. 81. TOKYO, JAPAN

35.7°N, 139.5°E

MARCH 1958

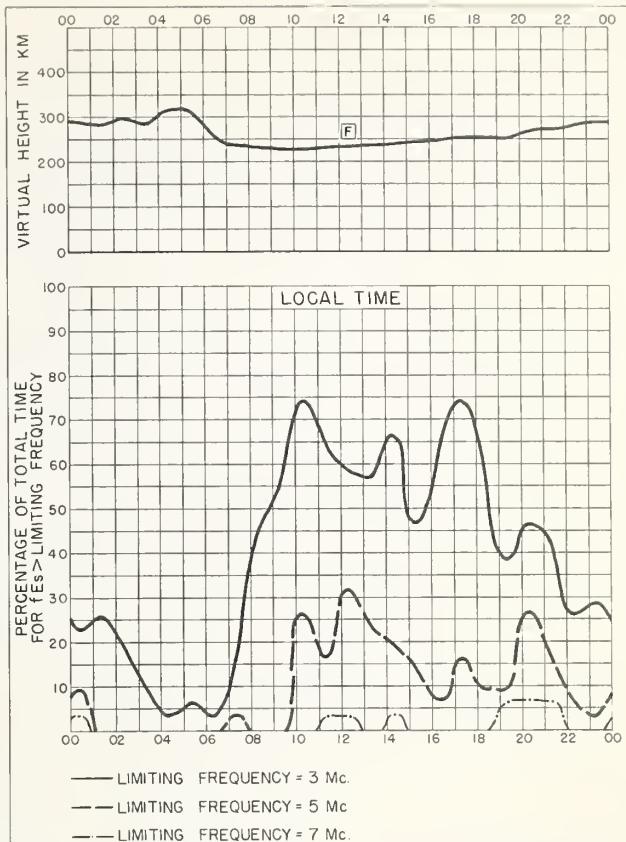


Fig. 82. TOKYO, JAPAN

MARCH 1958

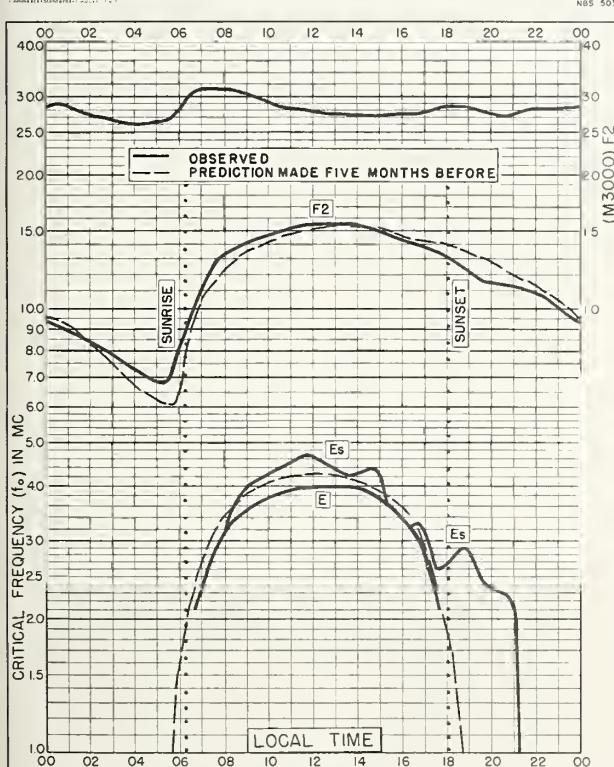


Fig. 83. YAMAGAWA, JAPAN

31.2°N, 130.6°E

MARCH 1958

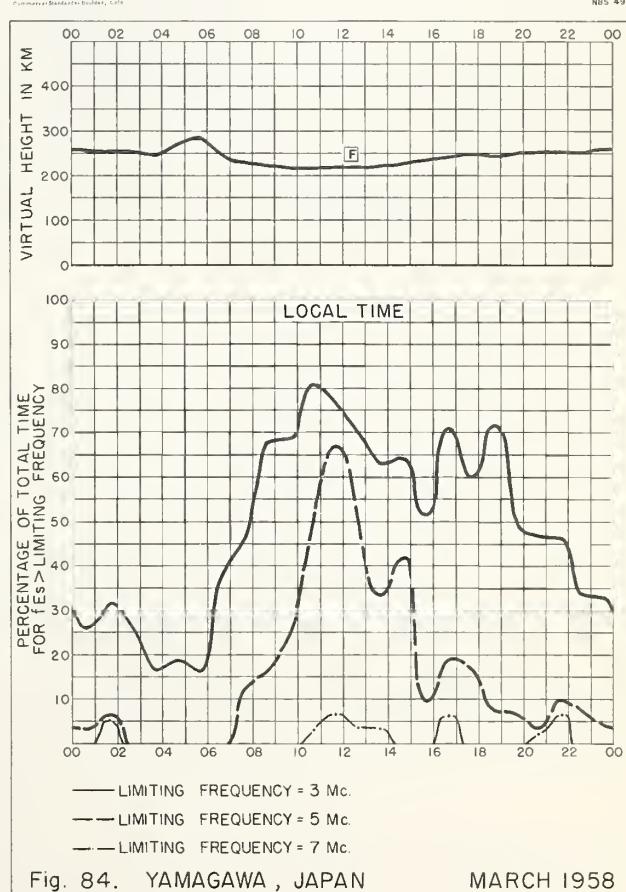


Fig. 84. YAMAGAWA, JAPAN

MARCH 1958

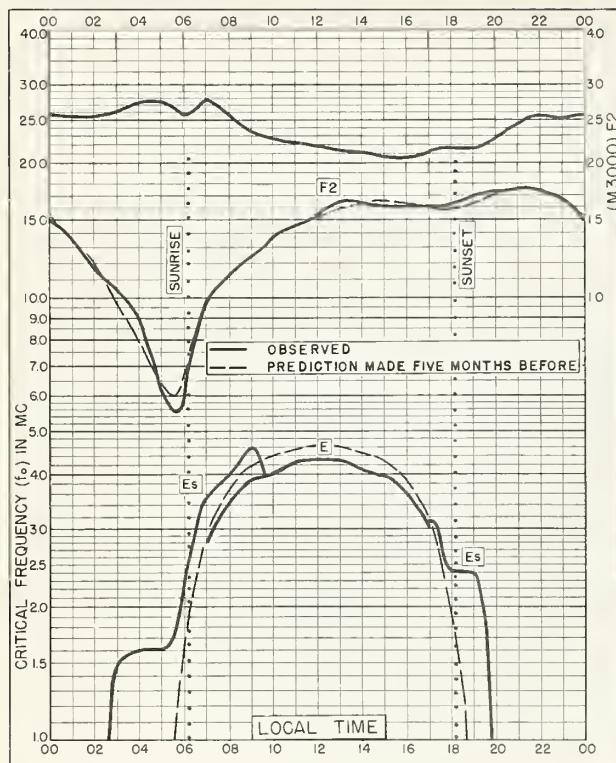


Fig. 85. LEOPOLDVILLE, BELGIAN CONGO  
4.4°S, 15.2°E MARCH 1958

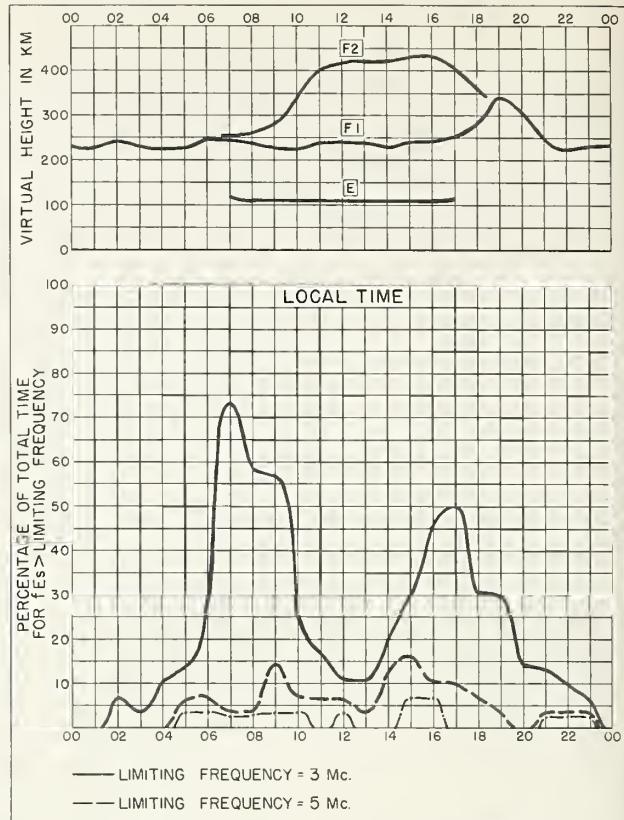


Fig. 86. LEOPOLDVILLE, BELGIAN CONGO

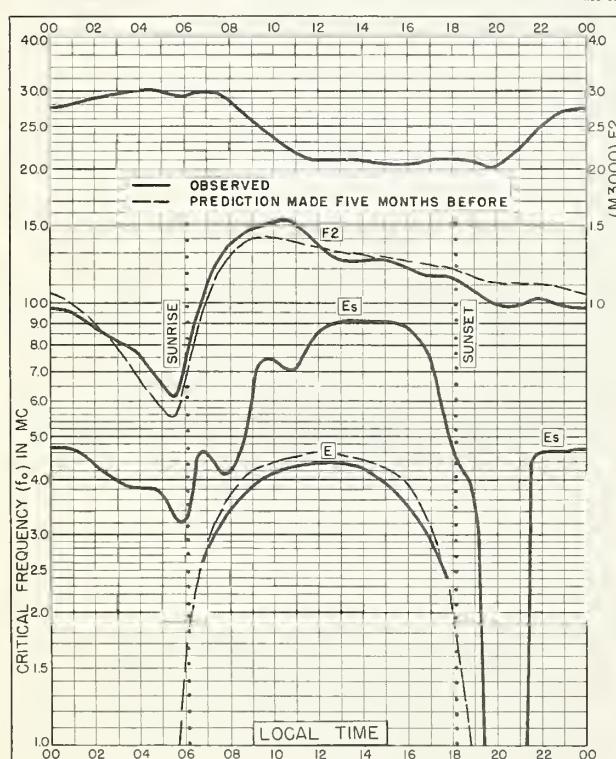


Fig. 87. CHIMBOTE, PERU  
9.1°S, 78.6°W MARCH 1958

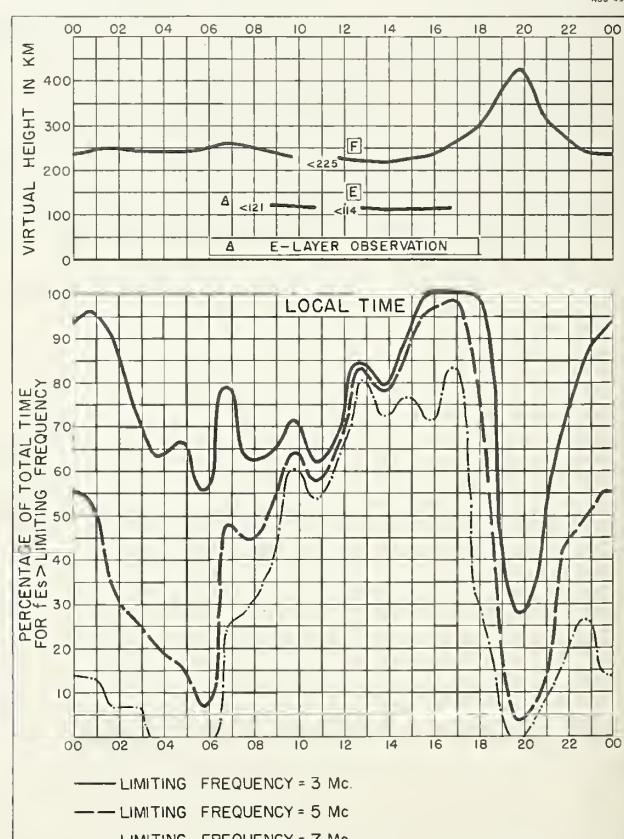
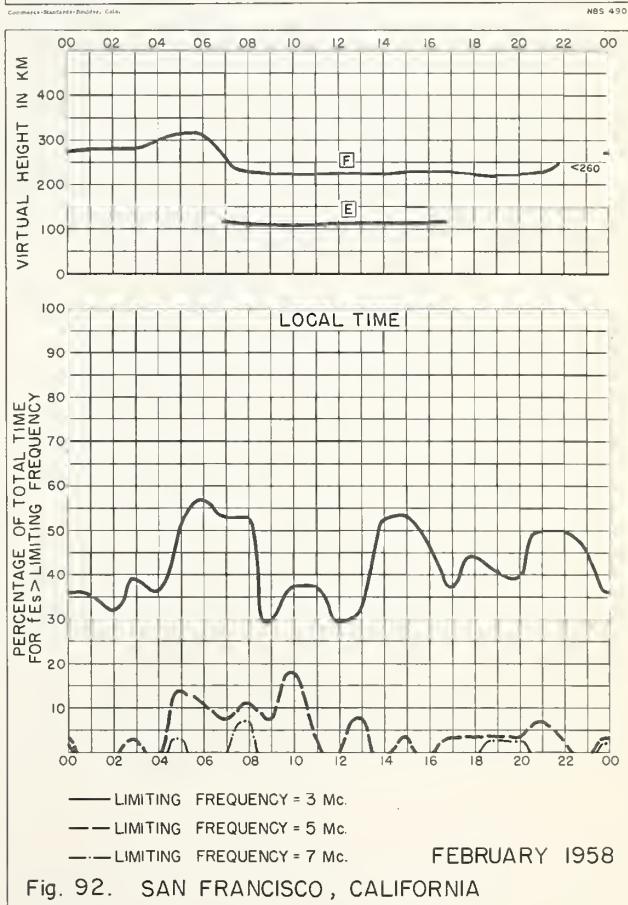
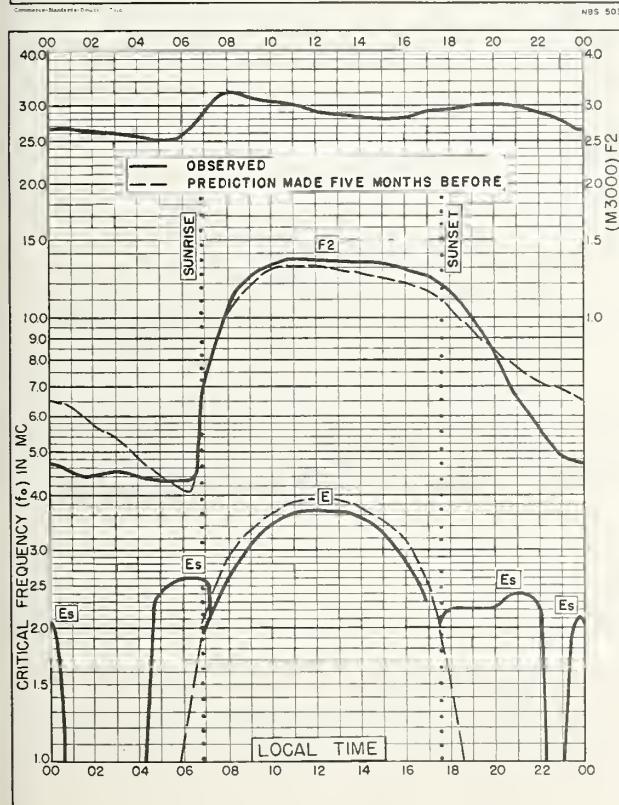
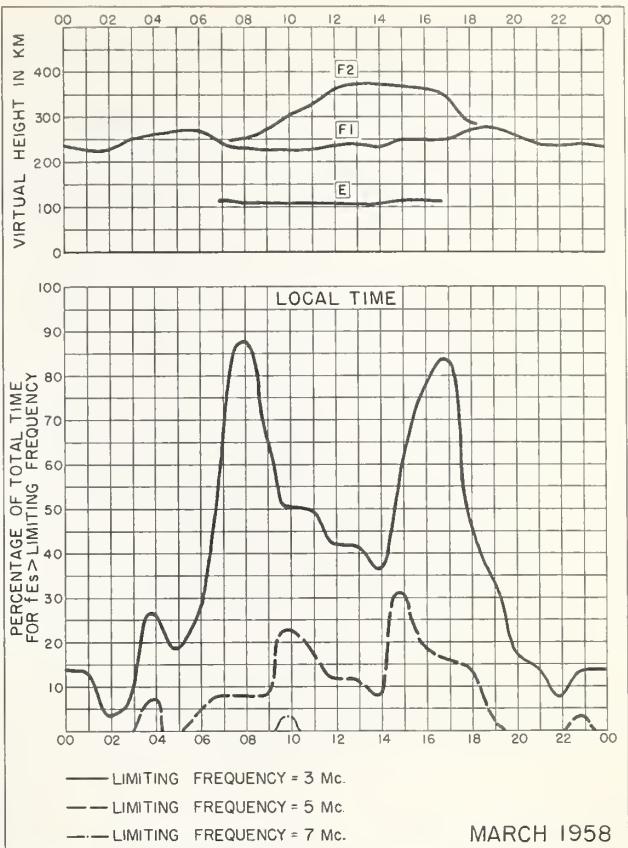
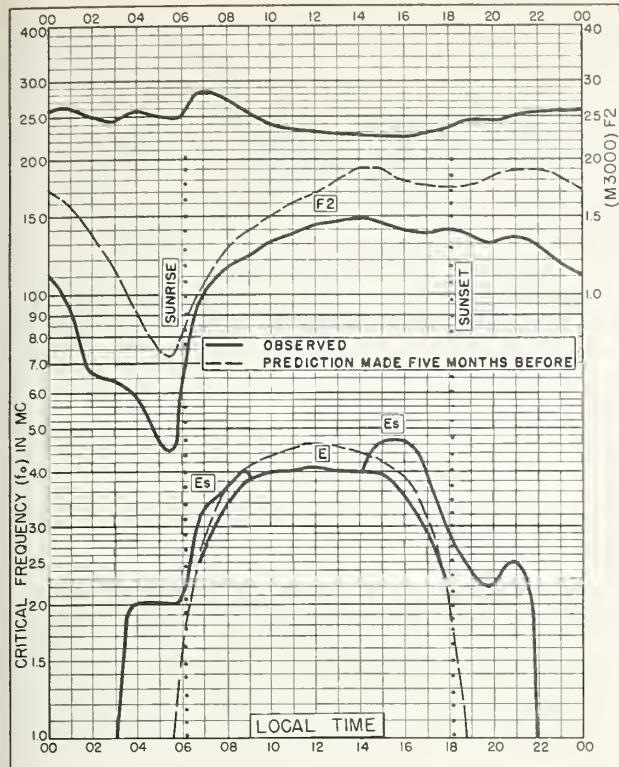


Fig. 88. CHIMBOTE, PERU



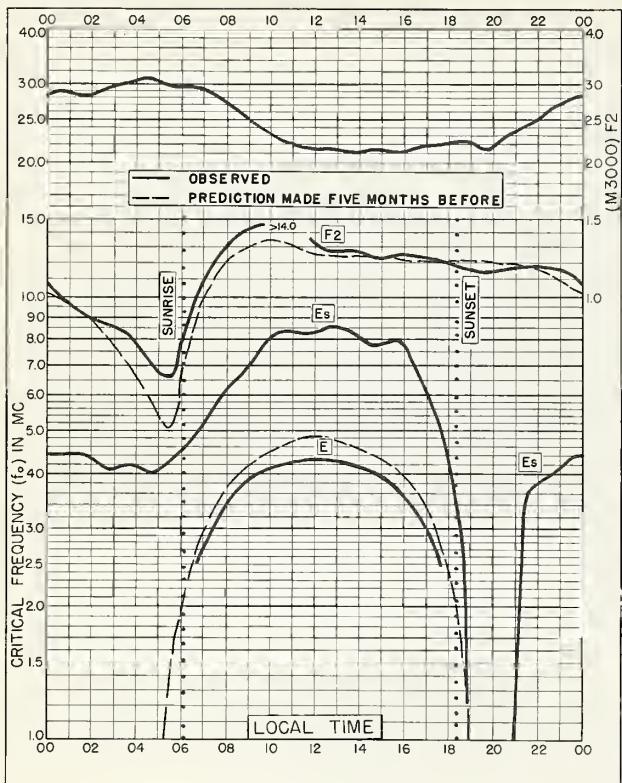


Fig. 93. CHIMBOTE, PERU  
9.1°S, 78.6°W FEBRUARY 1958

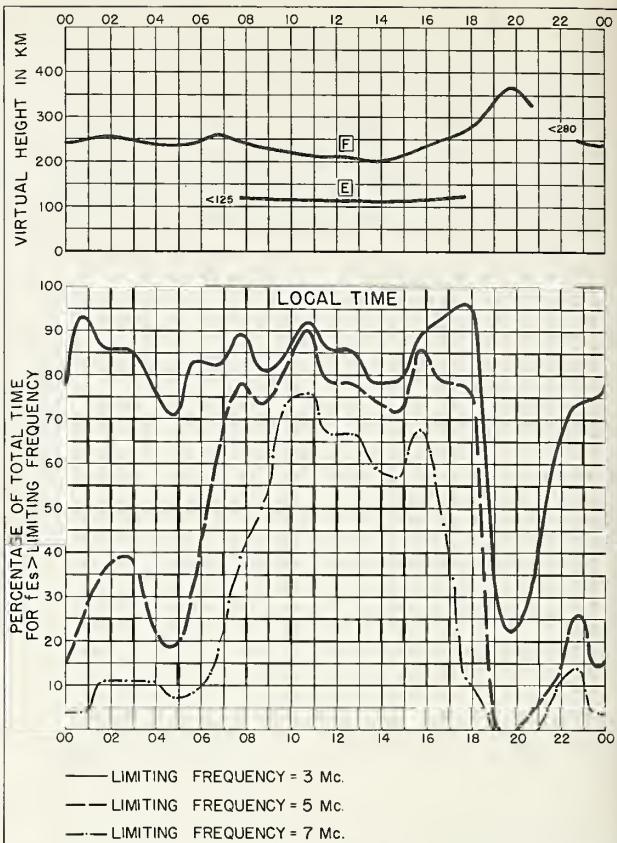


Fig. 94. CHIMBOTE, PERU FEBRUARY 1958

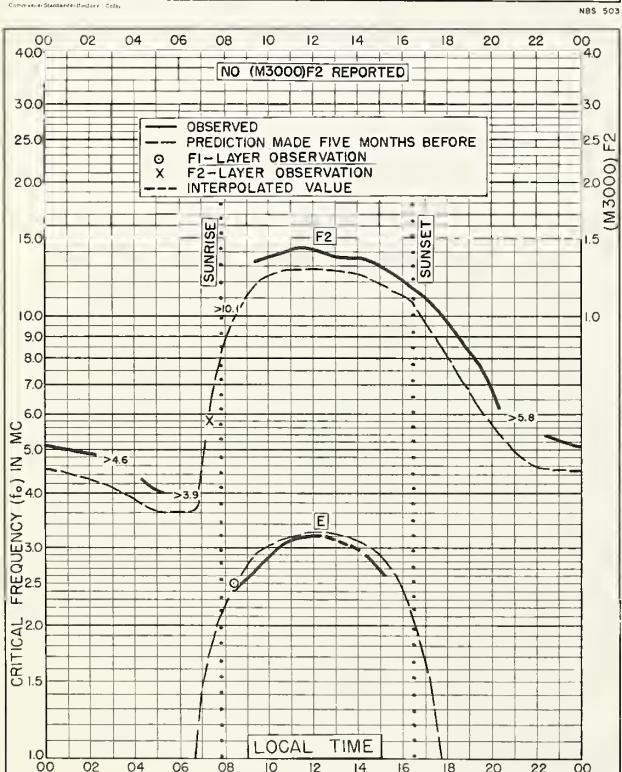


Fig. 95. BUDAPEST, HUNGARY  
47.4°N, 19.2°E JANUARY 1958

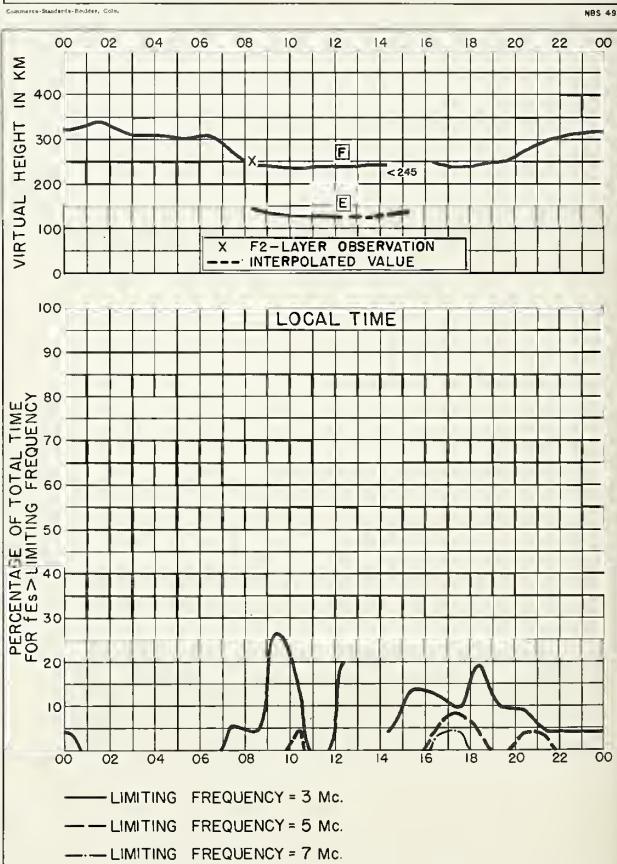


Fig. 96. BUDAPEST, HUNGARY JANUARY 1958

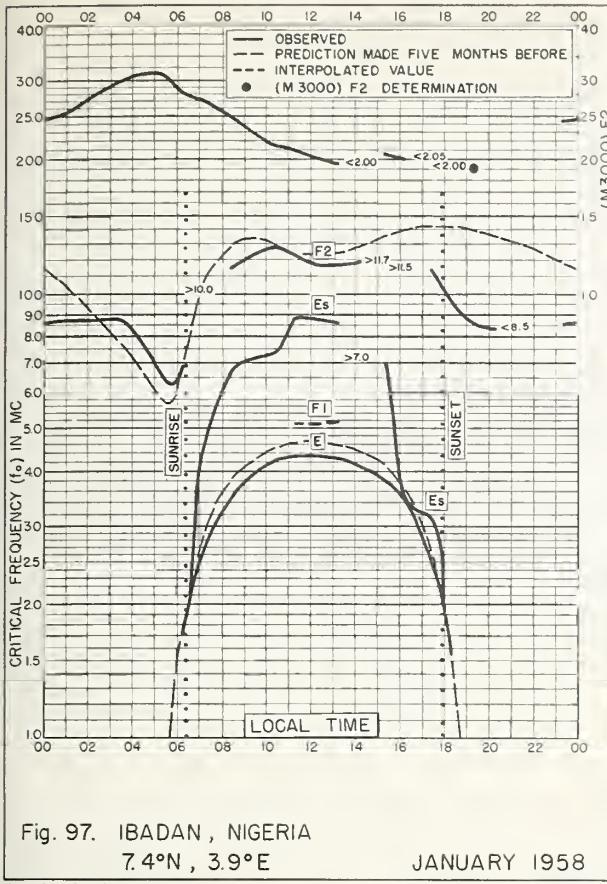


Fig. 97. IBADAN, NIGERIA  
7.4°N, 3.9°E JANUARY 1958

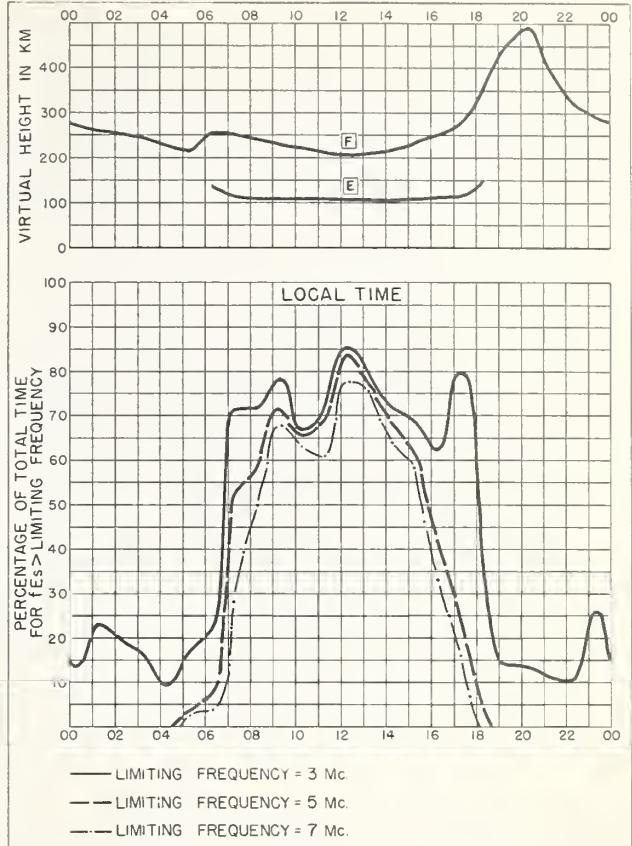


Fig. 98. IBADAN, NIGERIA JANUARY 1958

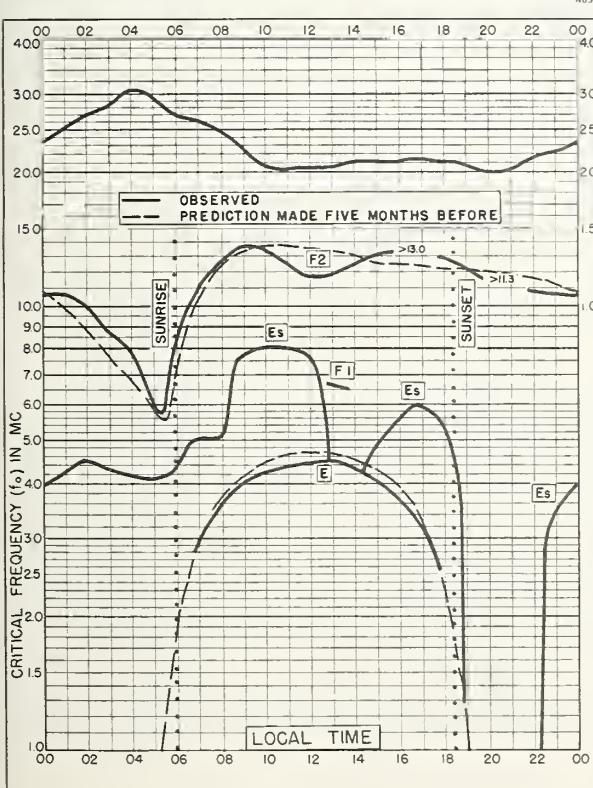


Fig. 99. CHIMBOTE, PERU  
9.1°S, 78.6°W JANUARY 1958

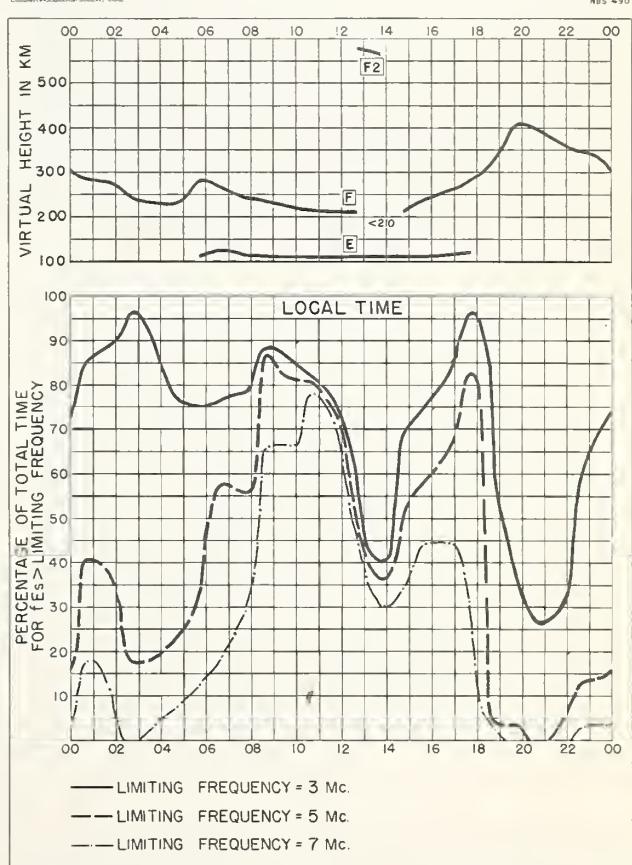
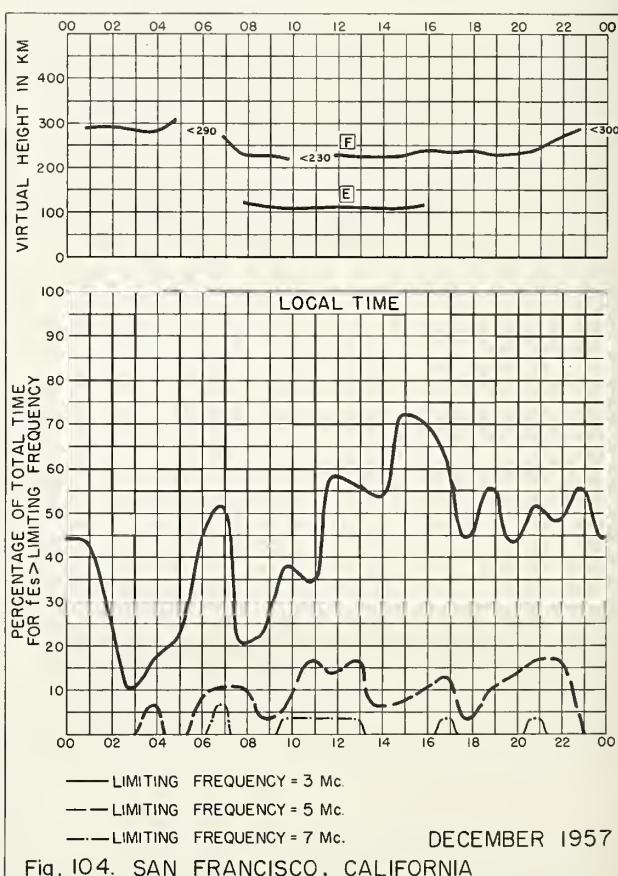
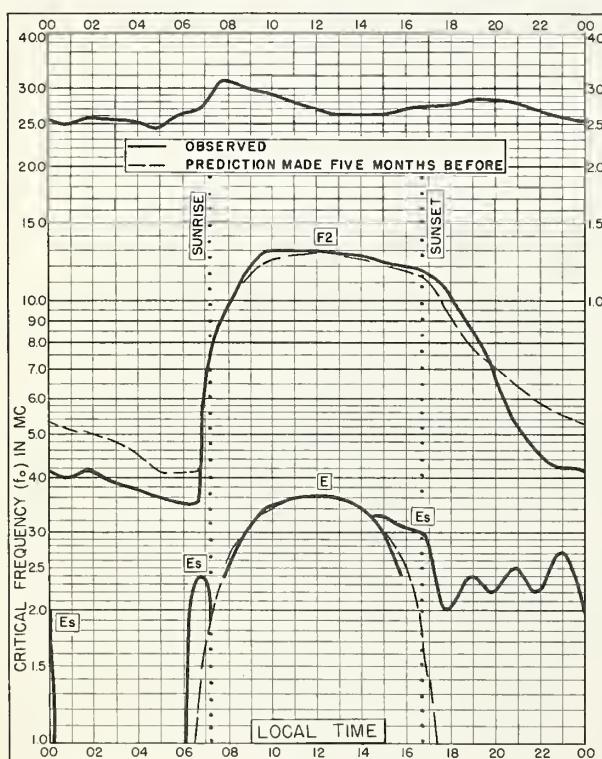
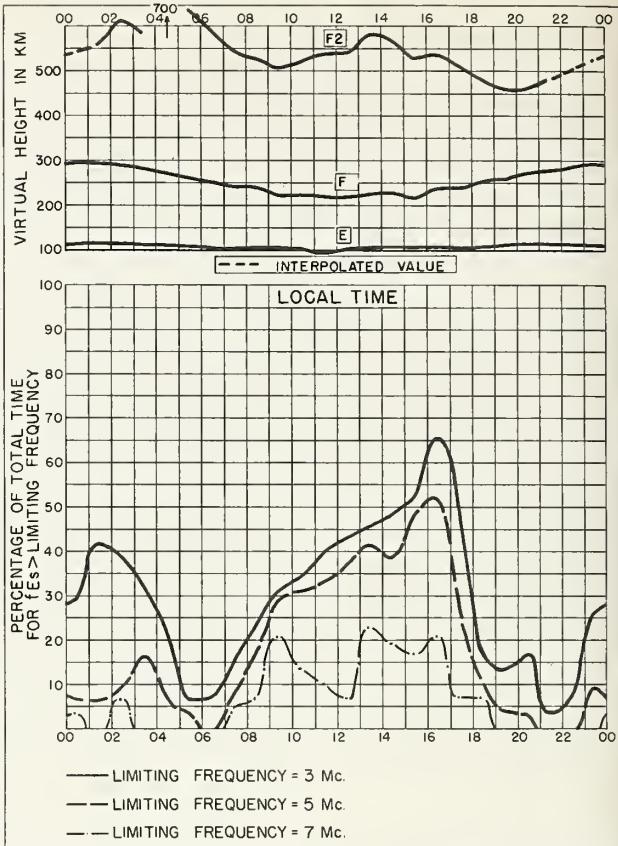
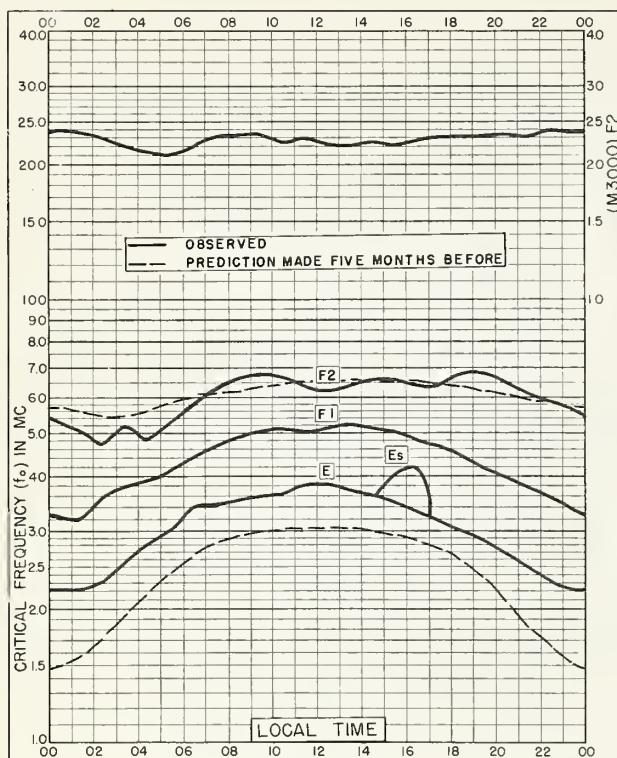


Fig. 100. CHIMBOTE, PERU JANUARY 1958



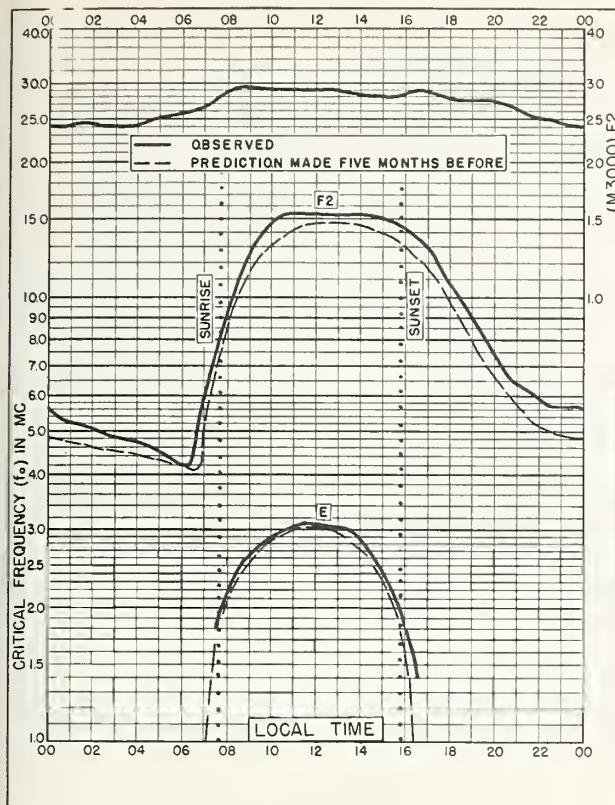


Fig. 105. MOSCOW, U.S.S.R.  
55.5°N, 37.3°E NOVEMBER 1957

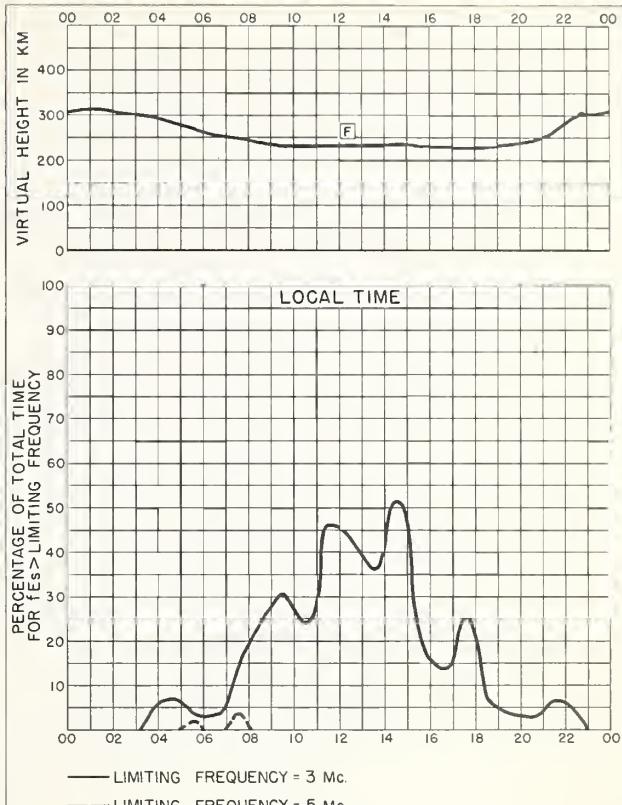


Fig. 106. MOSCOW, U.S.S.R. NOVEMBER 1957

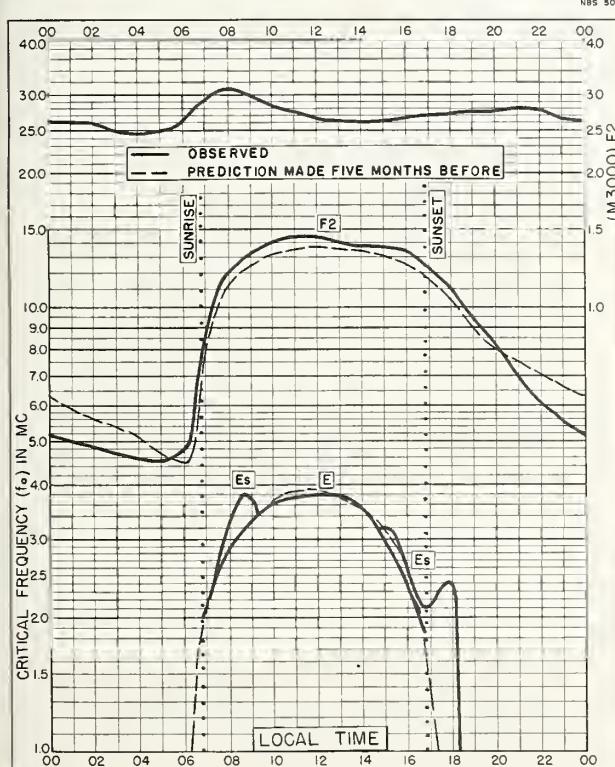


Fig. 107. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA  
37.4°N, 122.2°W NOVEMBER 1957

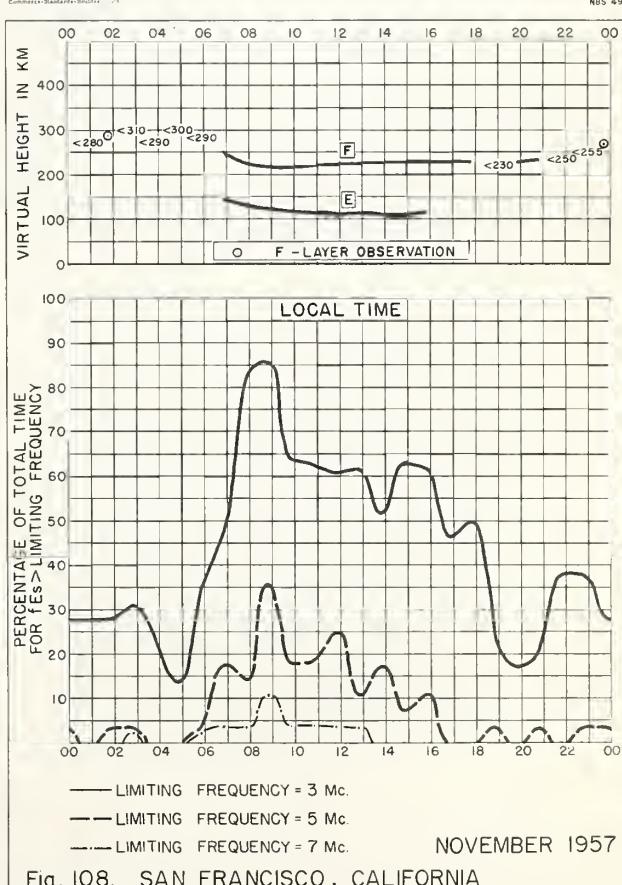


Fig. 108. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

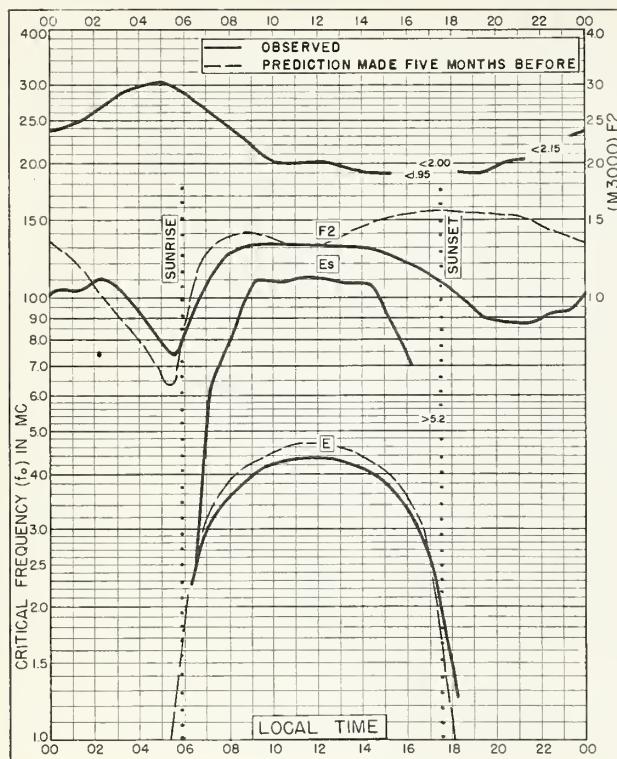


Fig. 109. IBADAN, NIGERIA

7.4°N, 3.9°E

NOVEMBER 1957

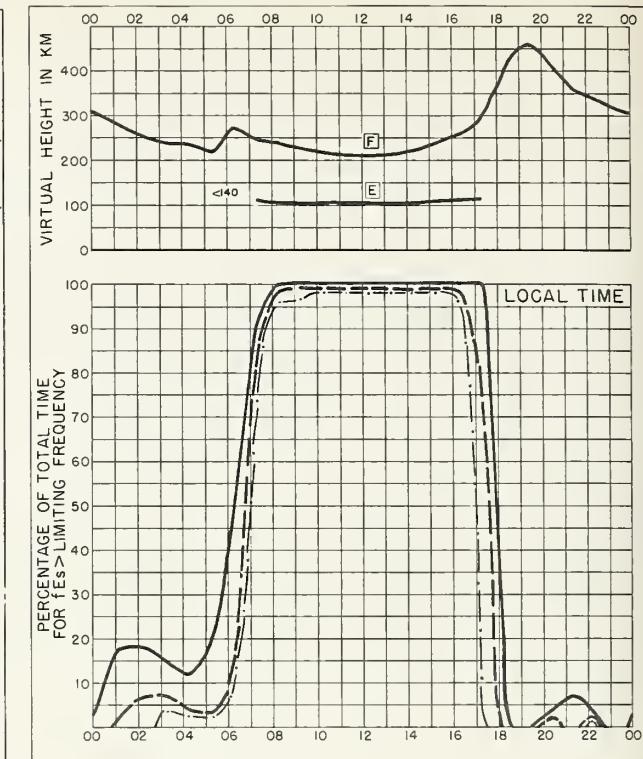


Fig. 110. IBADAN, NIGERIA

NOVEMBER 1957

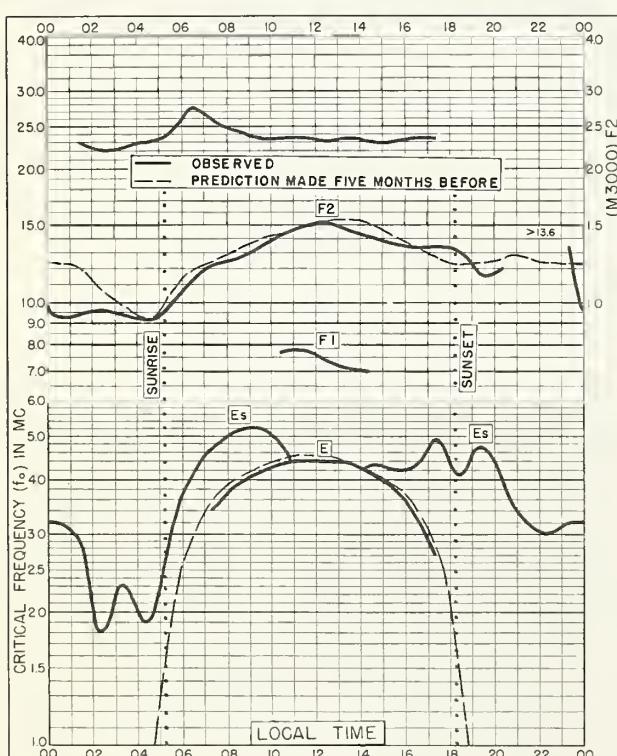


Fig. III. RAROTONGA I.

21.2°S, 159.8°W

NOVEMBER 1957

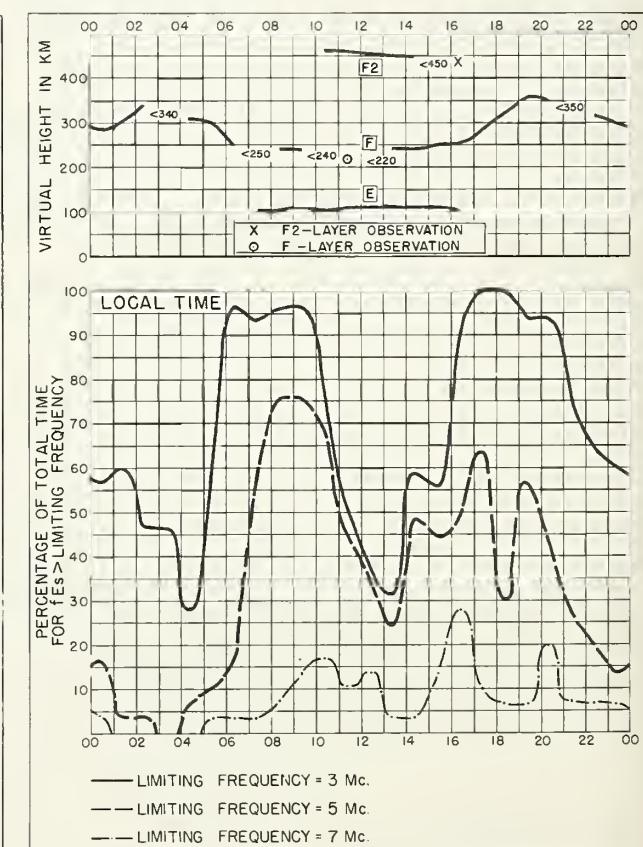
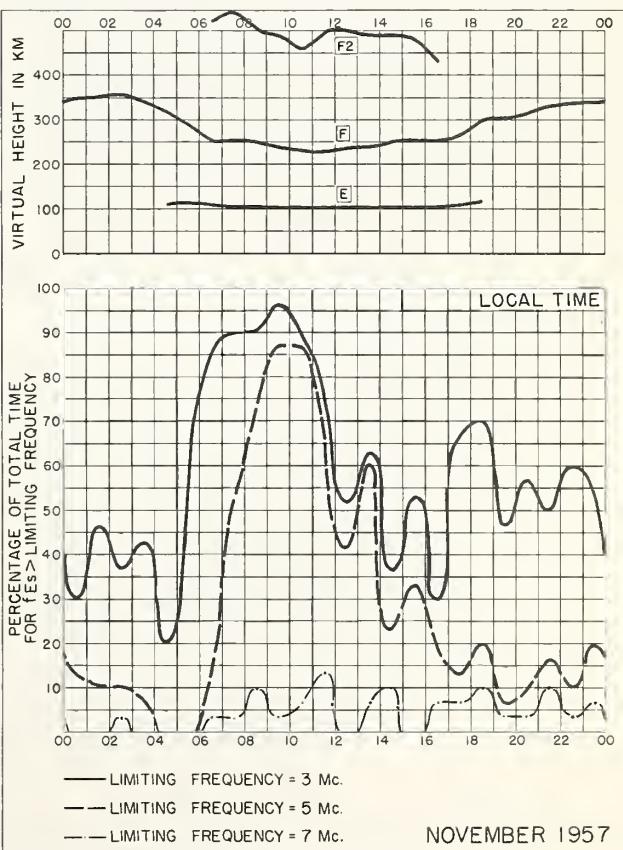
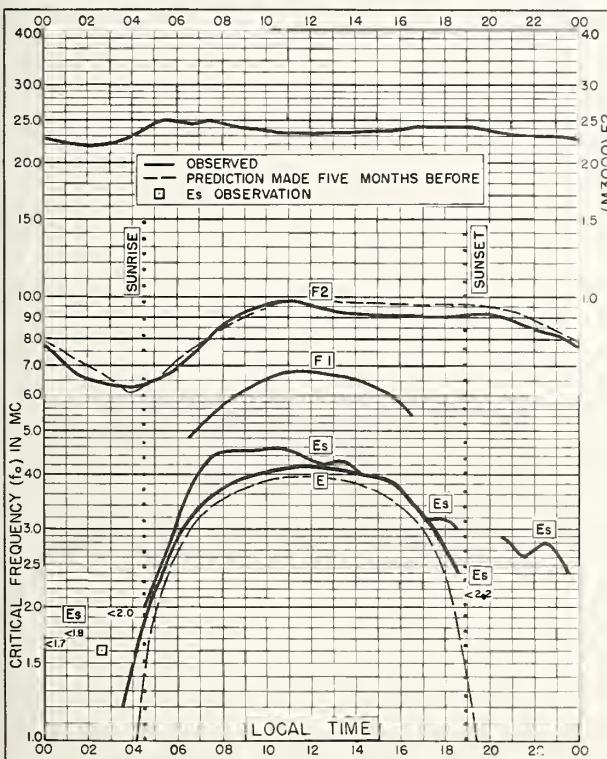
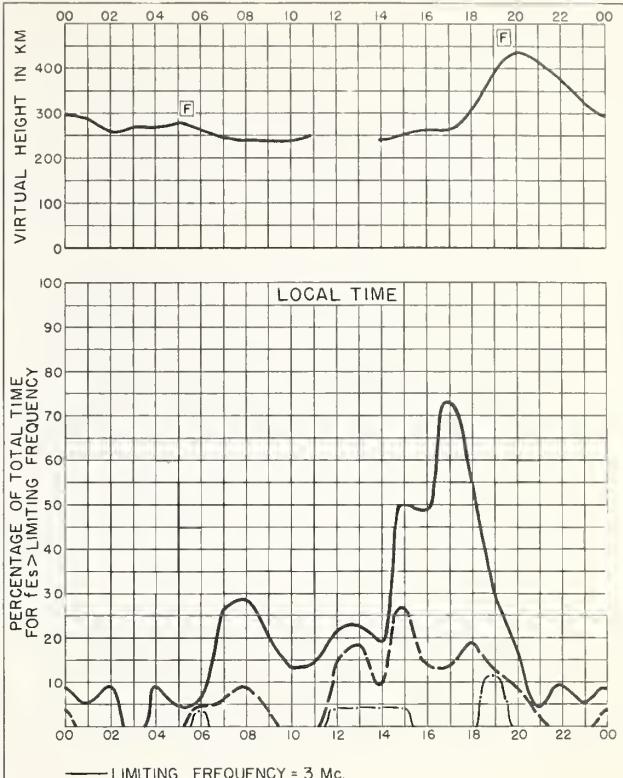
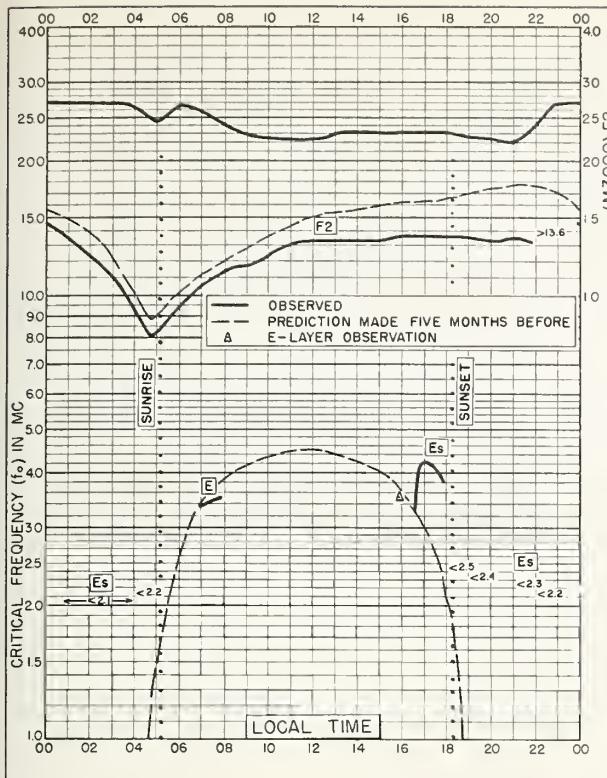


Fig. II2. RAROTONGA I.

NOVEMBER 1957



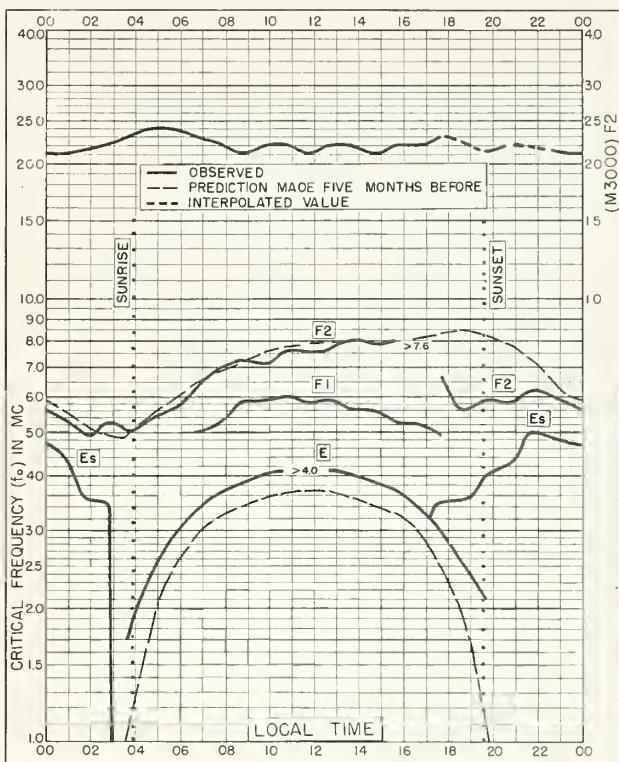


Fig. 117. MACQUARIE I.  
54.5°S, 159.0°E NOVEMBER 1957

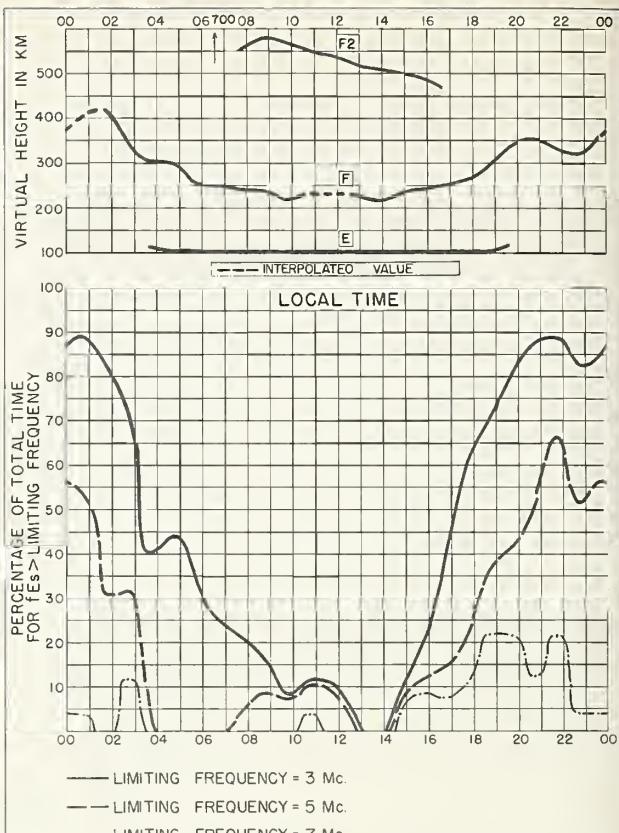


Fig. 118. MACQUARIE I. NOVEMBER 1957

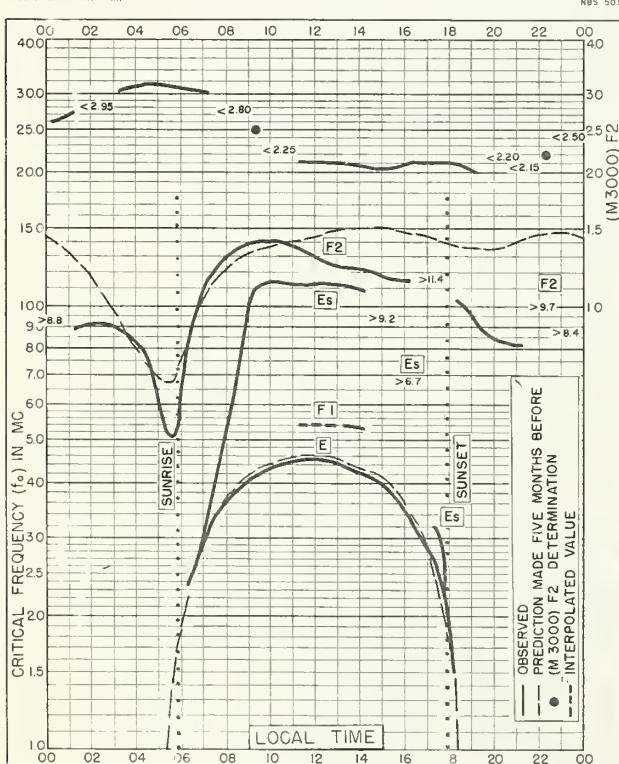


Fig. 119. IBADAN, NIGERIA  
7.4°N, 3.9°E SEPTEMBER 1957

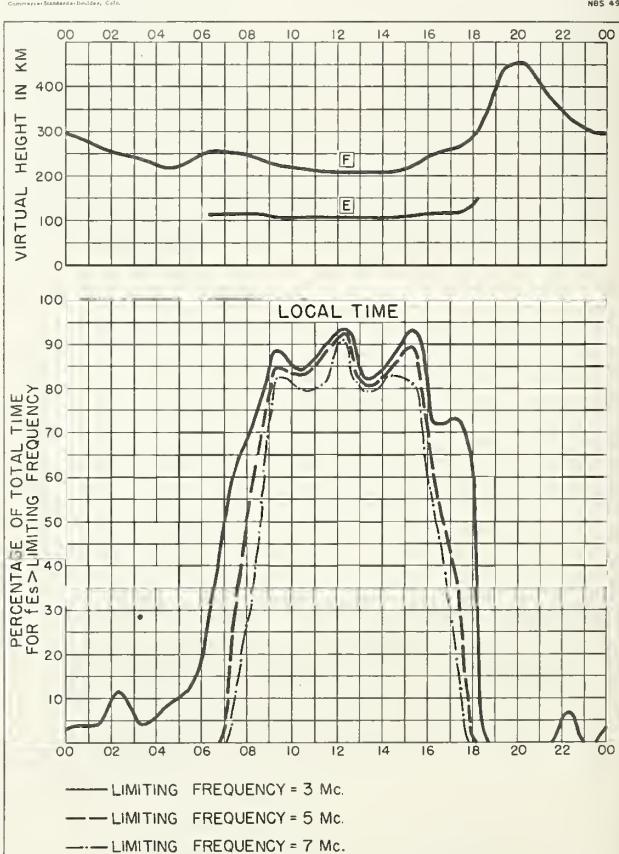


Fig. 120. IBADAN, NIGERIA SEPTEMBER 1957

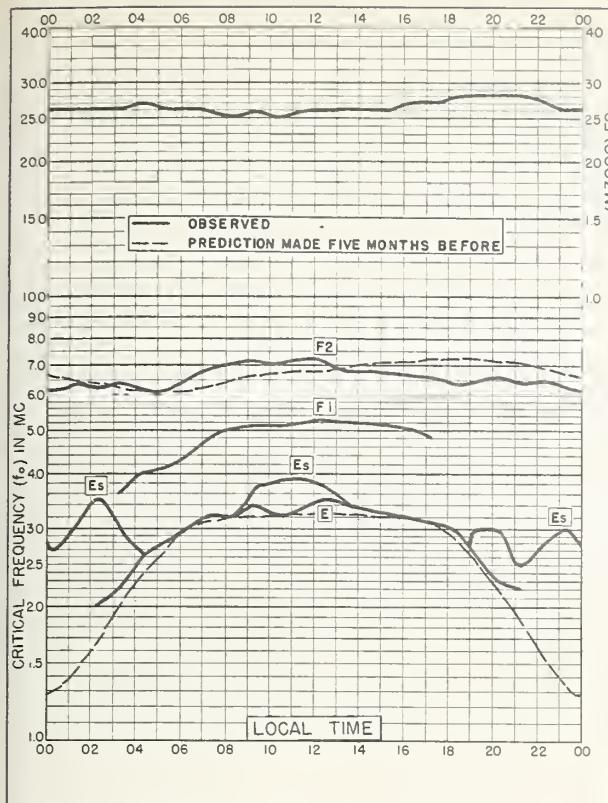


Fig. 121. MURMANSK, U. S. S. R.  
69.0°N, 33.0°E JULY 1957

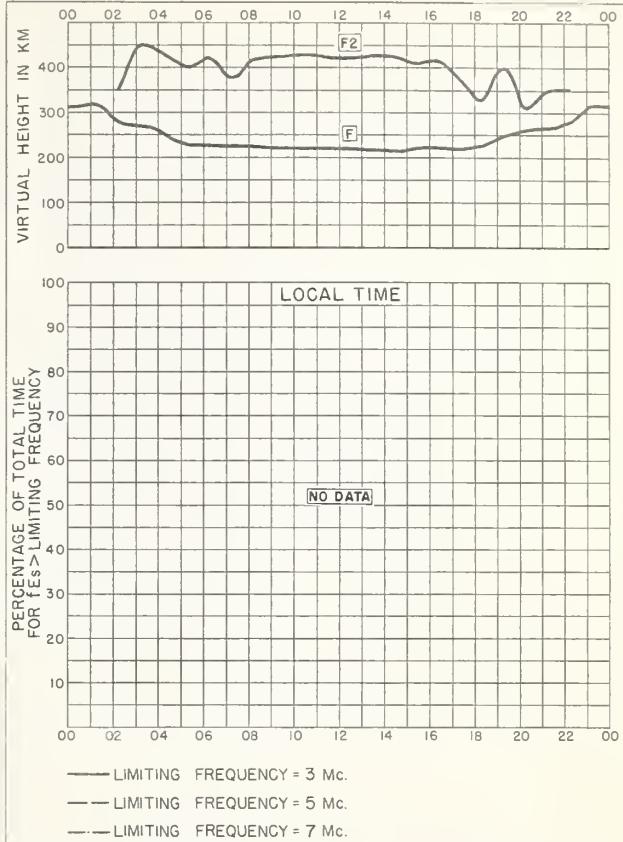


Fig. 122. MURMANSK, U. S. S. R. JULY 1957

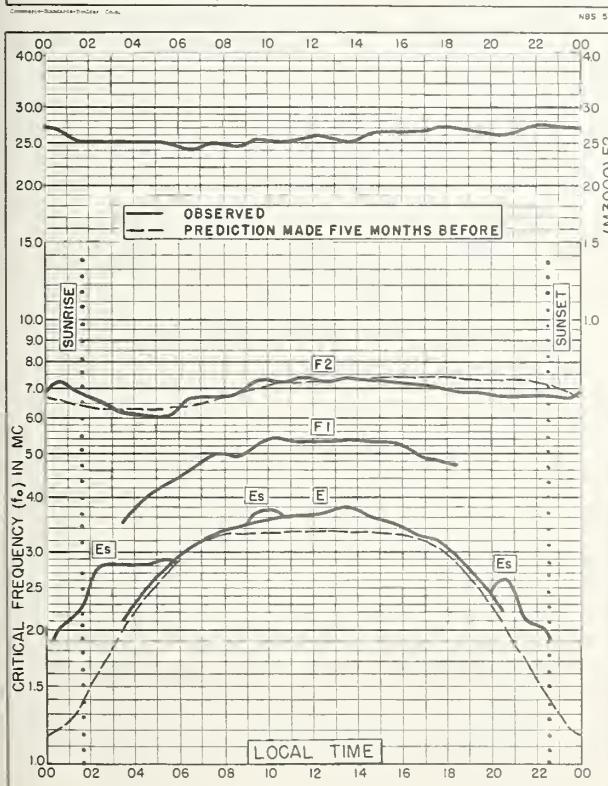


Fig. 123. SALEHARD, U.S.S.R.  
66.5°N, 66.5°E JULY 1957

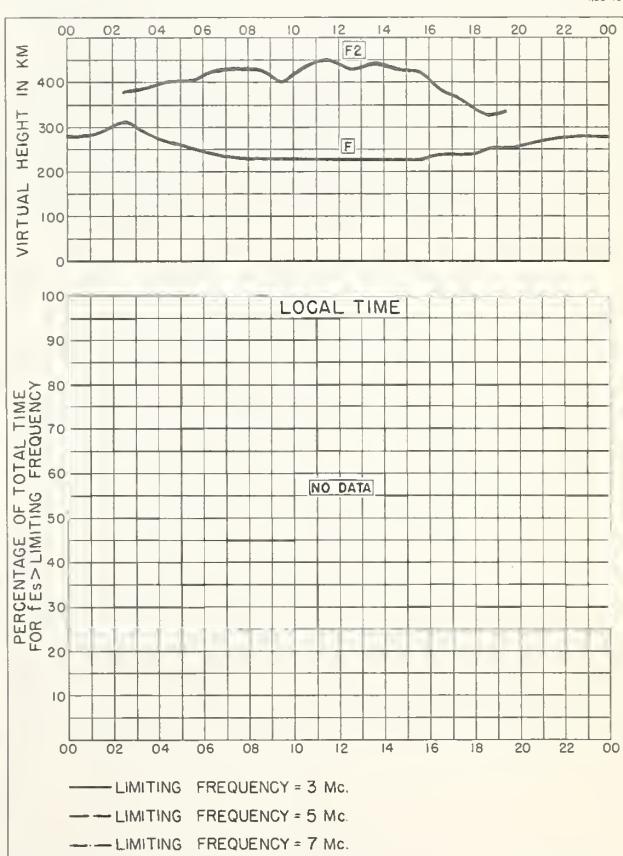


Fig. 124. SALEHARD, U.S.S.R. JULY 1957

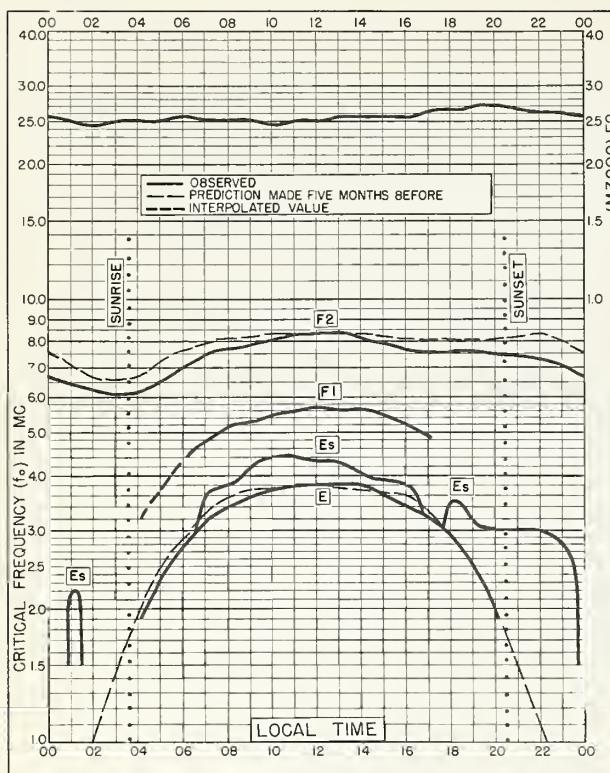


Fig. 125. SVERDLOVSK, U.S.S.R.

56.7°N, 61.1°E

JULY 1957

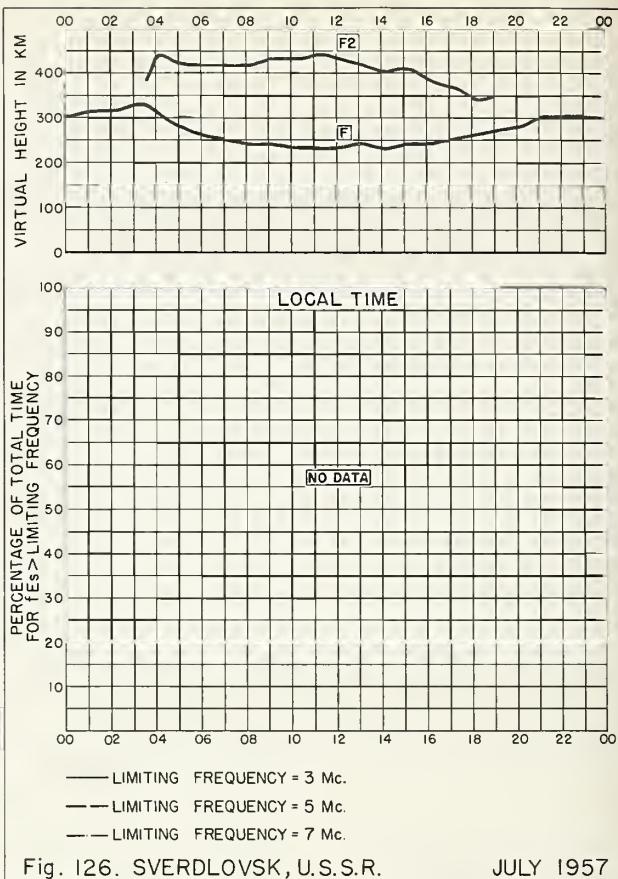


Fig. 126. SVERDLOVSK, U.S.S.R.

JULY 1957

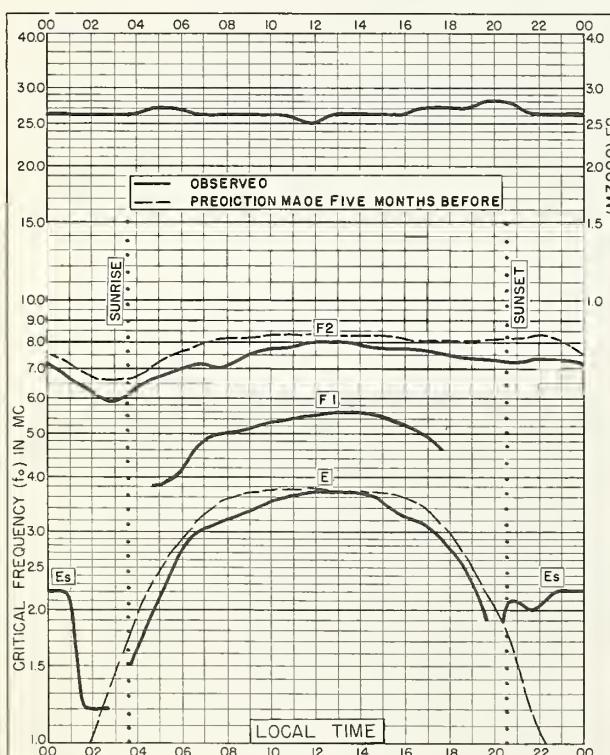


Fig. 127. TOMSK, U.S.S.R.

56.5°N, 85.0°E

JULY 1957

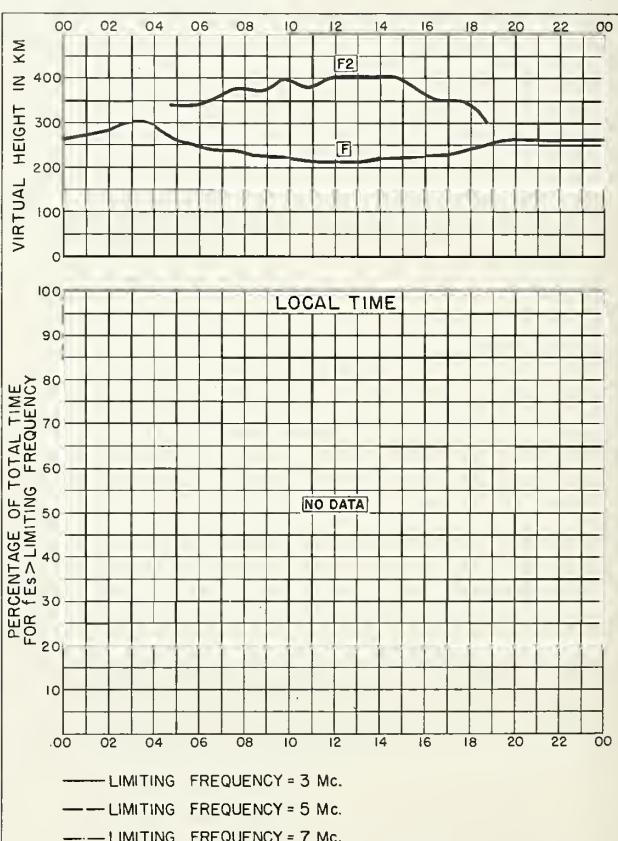


Fig. 128. TOMSK, U.S.S.R.

JULY 1957

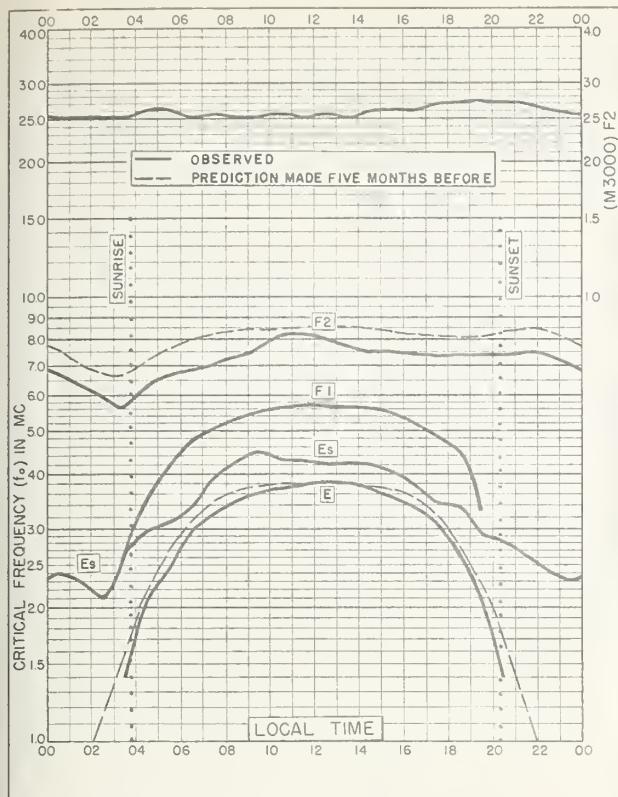


Fig. I29. MOSCOW, U.S.S.R.

55.5°N, 37.3°E

JULY 1957

NBS 503

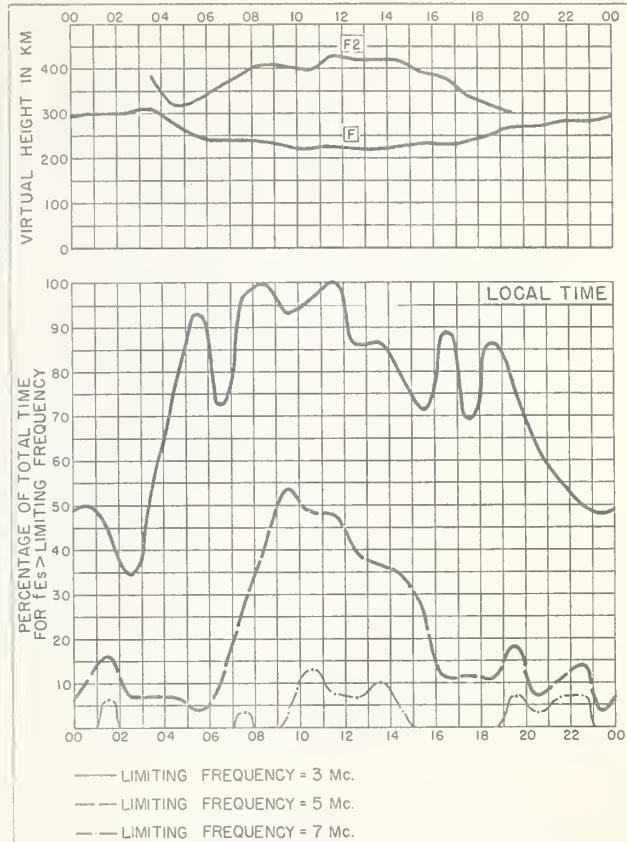


Fig. I30. MOSCOW, U.S.S.R.

JULY 1957

NBS 490

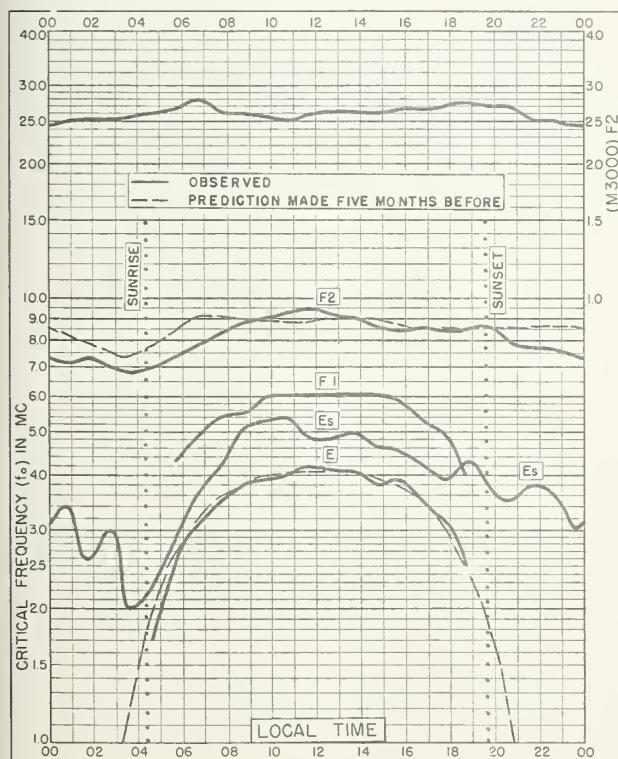


Fig. I31. ROSTOV-ON-DON, U.S.S.R.

47.2°N, 39.7°E

JULY 1957

NBS 503

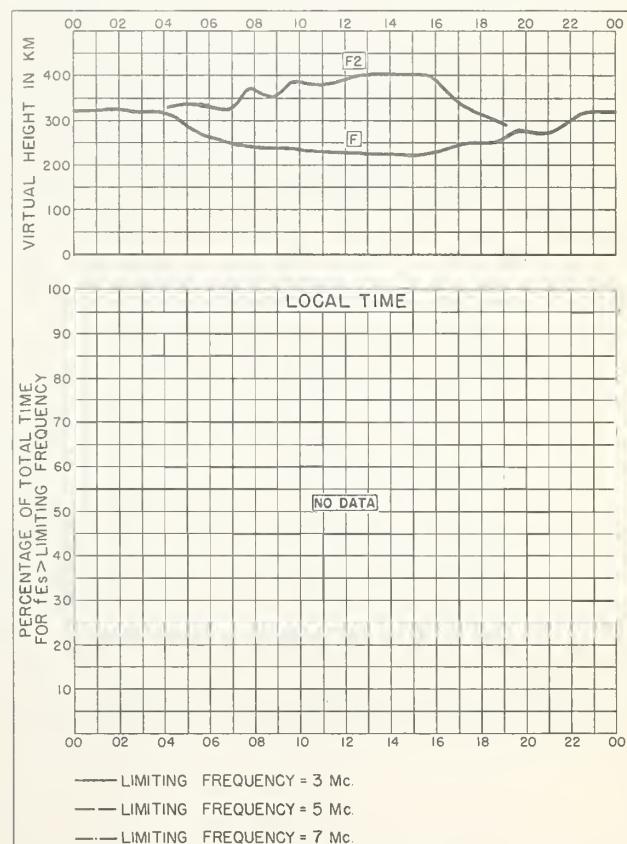
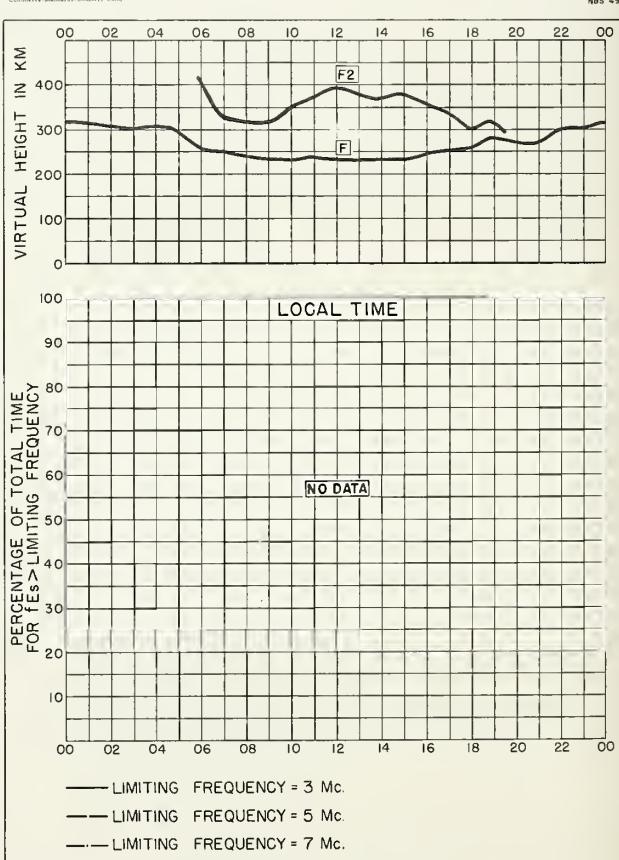
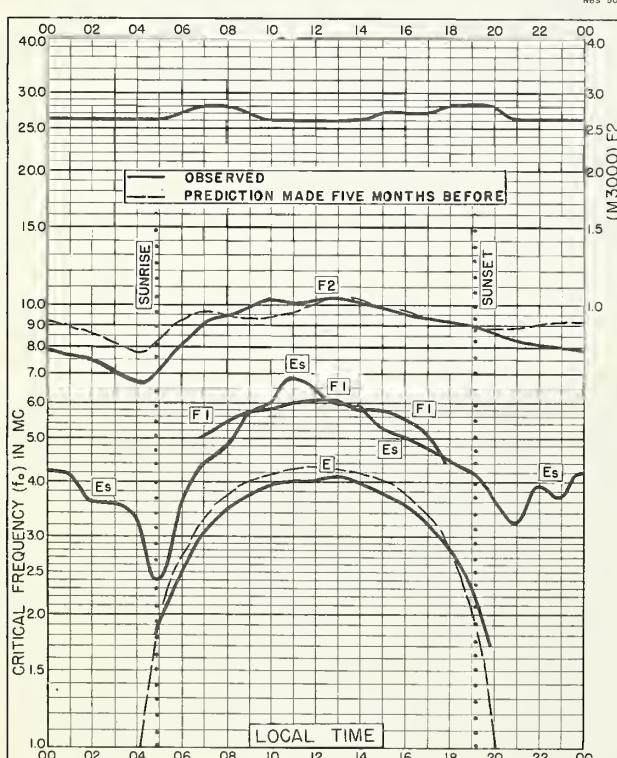
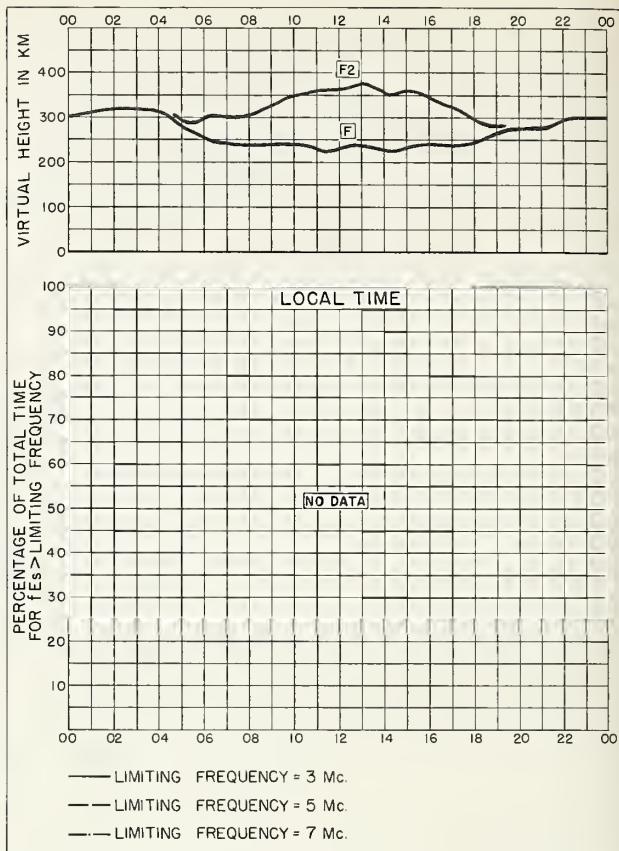
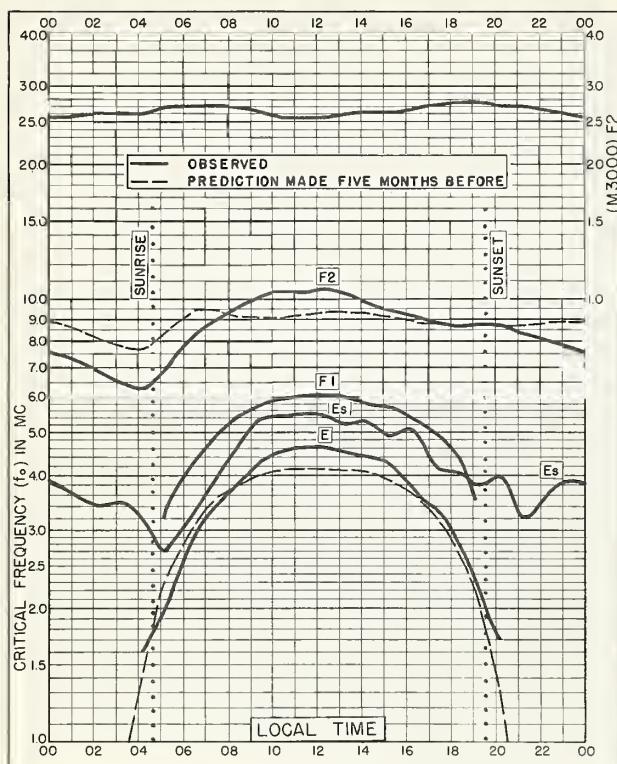


Fig. I32. ROSTOV-ON-DON, U.S.S.R.

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Commerce-McGraw-Hill Books, Inc.



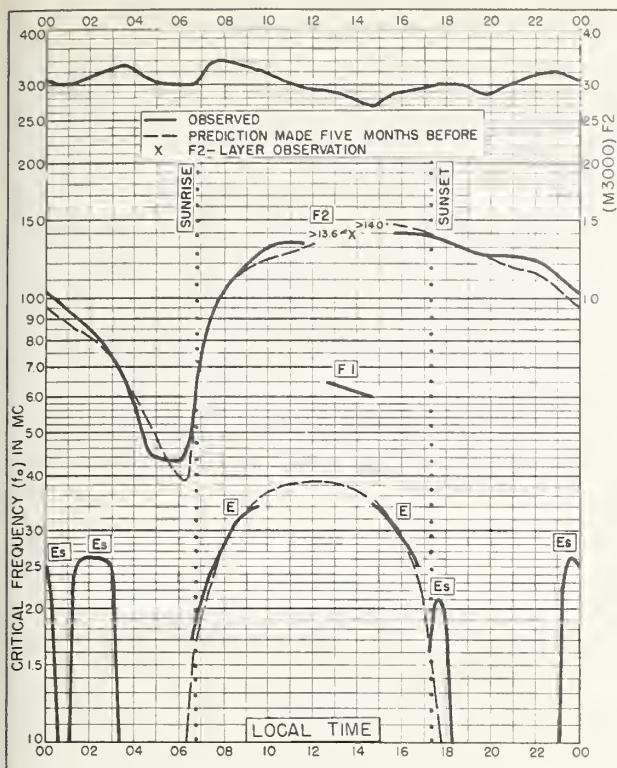


Fig. 137. TUCUMAN, ARGENTINA

26.9°S, 65.4°W

JULY 1957

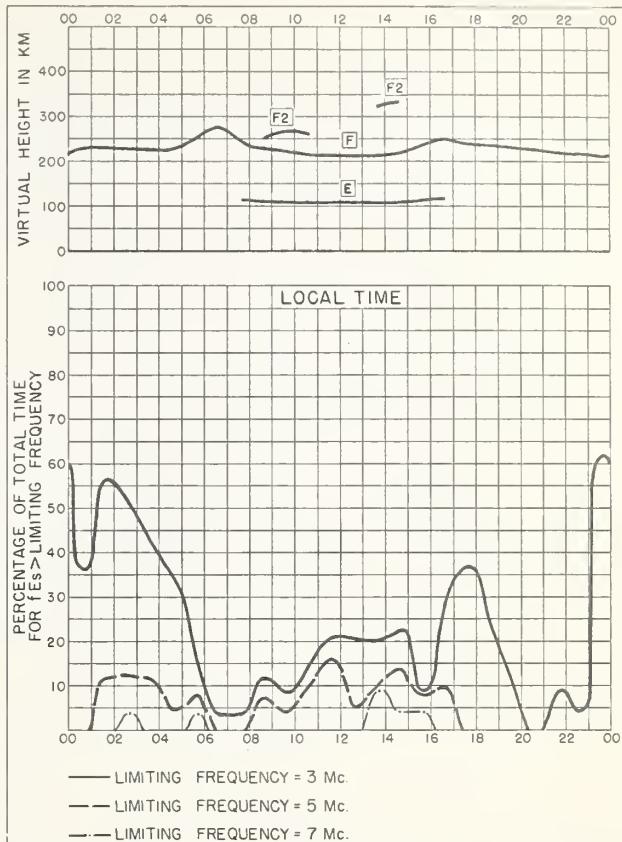


Fig. 138. TUCUMAN, ARGENTINA

JULY 1957

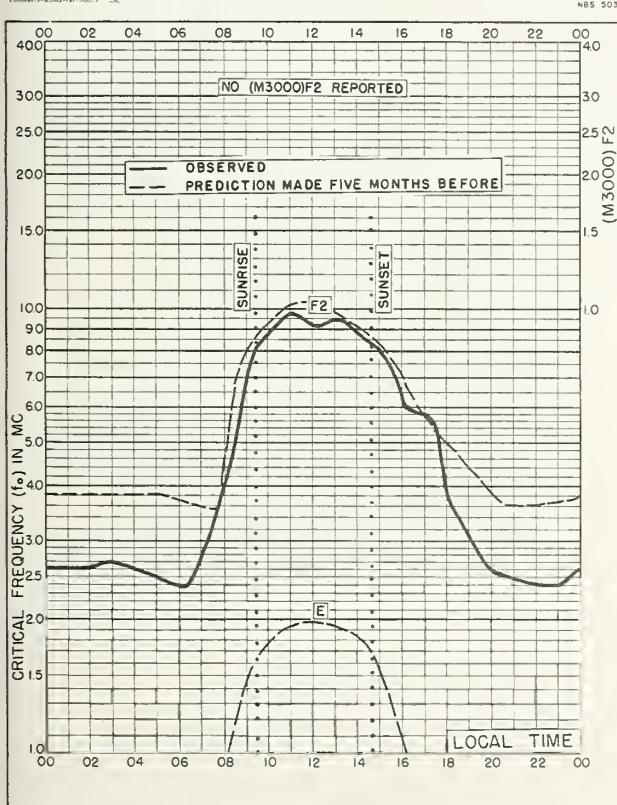


Fig. 139. DECEPCION I.

63.0°S, 60.7°W

JULY 1957

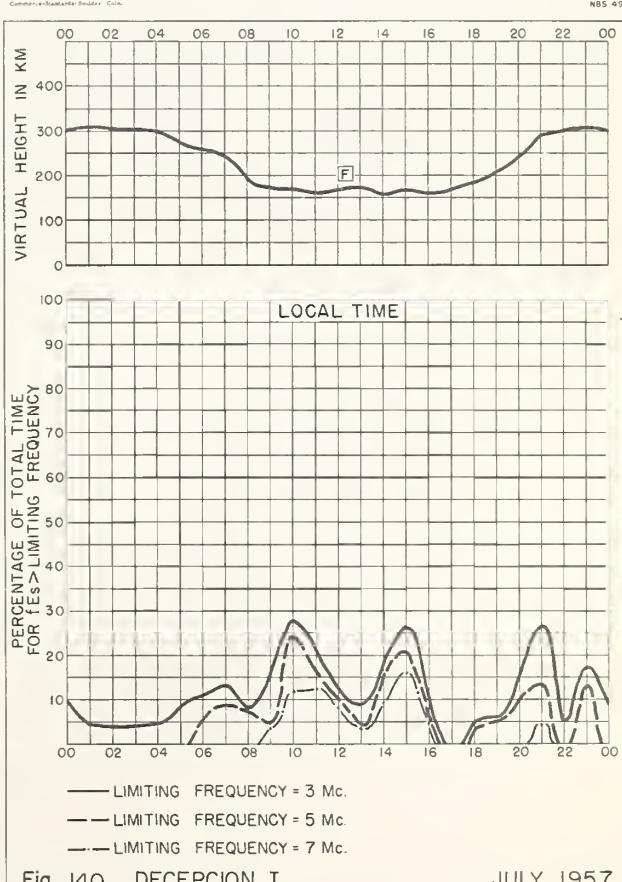
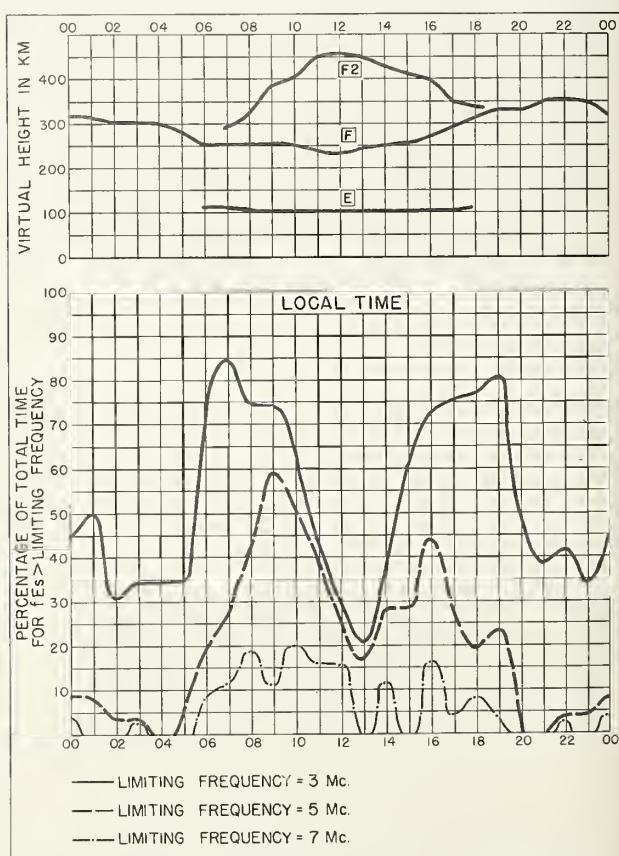
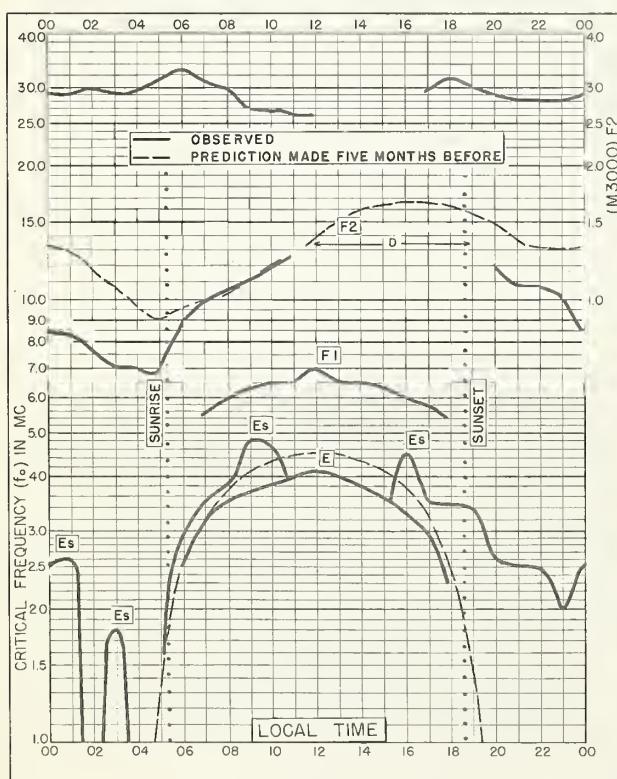
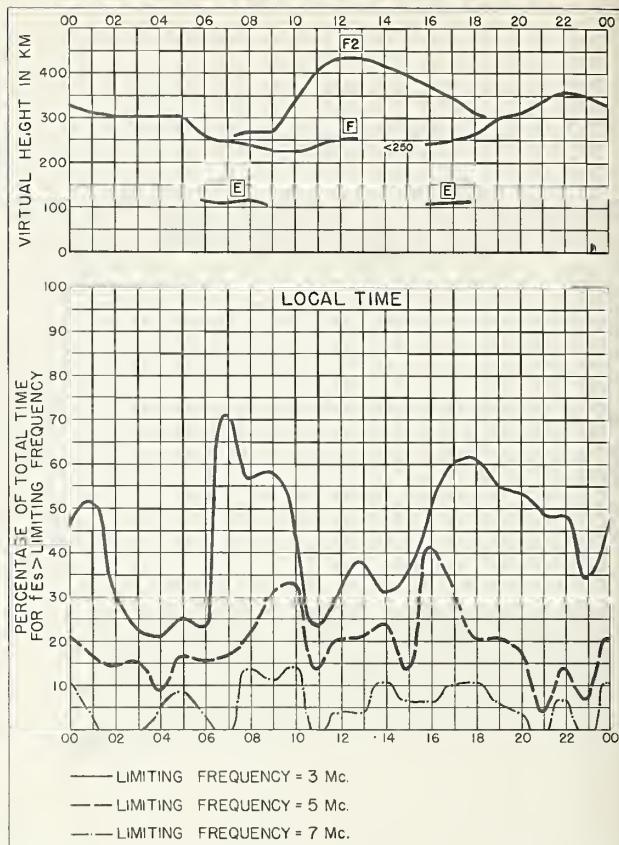
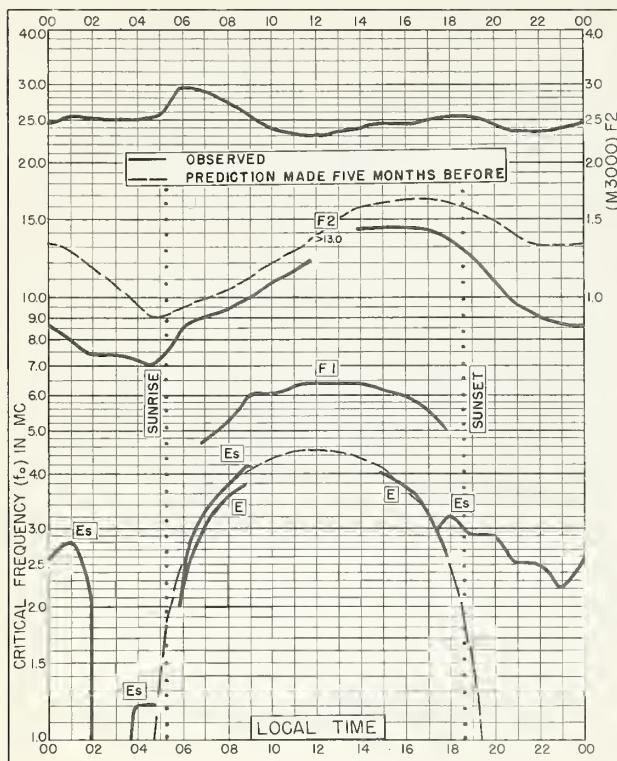


Fig. 140. DECEPCION I.

JULY 1957



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Sverdlovsk, U.S.S.R.		
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Tomsk, U.S.S.R.		
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## CRPL Reports

[A detailed list of CRPL publications is available from the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory upon request]

*Daily:*

Radio disturbance forecasts, every half hour from broadcast stations WWV and WWVH of the National Bureau of Standards.

Telephoned and telegraphed reports of ionospheric, solar, geomagnetic, and radio propagation data.

*Semiweekly:*

CRPL—J. North Atlantic Radio Propagation Forecast (of days most likely to be disturbed during following month).

CRPL—Jp. North Pacific Radio Propagation Forecast (of days most likely to be disturbed during following month).

*Semimonthly:*

CRPL—Ja. Semimonthly Frequency Revision Factors For CRPL Basic Radio Propagation Prediction Reports.

*Monthly:*

CRPL—D. Basic Radio Propagation Predictions—Three months in advance. (Dept. of the Army, TB 11-499-, monthly supplements to TM 11-499; Dept. of the Air Force, TO 31-3-28 series). On sale by Superintendent of Documents.\* Members of the Armed Forces should address cognizant military office.

CRPL—F. (Part A). Ionospheric Data.

(Part B). Solar-Geophysical Data.

Limited distribution. These publications are in general disseminated only to those individuals or scientific organizations which collaborate in the exchange of ionospheric, solar, geomagnetic or other radio propagation data.

*Catalog of Data:*

A catalog of records and data on file at the U.S. IGY World Data Center A for Airglow and Ionosphere, Boulder Laboratories, National Bureau of Standards, which includes a fee schedule to cover the cost of supplying copies, is available upon request.

The publications listed above may be obtained without charge from the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Boulder Laboratories, Boulder, Colorado, unless otherwise indicated. Please note that the F series is not generally available.

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*Circulars of the National Bureau of Standards pertaining to Radio Sky Wave Transmission:*

NBS Circular 462. Ionospheric Radio Propagation. \$1.25.

NBS Circular 465. Instructions for the Use of Basic Radio Propagation Predictions. 30 cents.

NBS Circular 557. Worldwide Radio Noise Levels Expected in the Frequency Band 10 Kilocycles to 100 Megacycles. 30 cents.

NBS Circular 582. Worldwide Occurrence of Sporadic E. \$3.25.

These Circulars are on sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C. Members of the Armed Forces should address the respective military office having cognizance of radio wave propagation.

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\* For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C. Price 10 cents (single copy). Subscription Price: \$1.00 a year; 25 cents additional for foreign mailing.

