

CRPL-F 130

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JUN 14 1955

IONOSPHERIC DATA

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JUNE 1955**

**U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS
CENTRAL RADIO PROPAGATION LABORATORY
BOULDER, COLORADO**

IONOSPHERIC DATA

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SYMBOLS, TERMINOLOGY, CONVENTIONS

Beginning with data reported for January 1952, the symbols, terminology, and conventions for the determination of median values used in this report (CRPL-F series) conform as far as practicable to those adopted at the Sixth Meeting of the International Radio Consultative Committee (C.C.I.R.) in Geneva, 1951. Excerpts concerning symbols and terminology from Document No. 626-E of this Meeting are given on pages 2-7 of the report CRPL-F89, "Ionospheric Data," issued January 1952. Reprints of these pages are available upon request.

Beginning with data for January 1945, median values are published wherever possible. Where averages are reported, they are, at any hour, the average for all the days during the month for which numerical data exist.

The following conventions are used in determining the medians for hours when no measured values are given because of equipment limitations and ionospheric irregularities. Symbols used are those given in Document No. 626-E referred to above, plus an additional symbol, R: "Scaling of characteristic is influenced or prevented by absorption in the neighborhood of the critical frequency," (May 1955).

a. For all ionospheric characteristics:

Values missing because of A, C, F, L, M, N, Q, R, S, or T are omitted from the median count.

b. For critical frequencies and virtual heights:

Values of foF2 (and foE near sunrise and sunset) missing because of E are counted as equal to or less than the lower limit of the recorder. Values of h'F2 (and h'E near sunrise and sunset) missing for this reason are counted usually as equal to or greater than the median. Other characteristics missing because of E are omitted from the median count.

Values missing because of G are counted:

1. For foF2, as equal to or less than foF1.
2. For h'F2, as equal to or greater than the median.

The symbol W is included in the median count only when it replaces a height characteristic; the symbol D, only when it replaces a frequency characteristic.

Values missing for any other reason are omitted from the median count.

c. For MUF factor (M-factors):

Values missing because of G or W are counted as equal to or less than the median.

Values missing for any other reason are omitted from the median count.

d. For sporadic E (Es):

Values of fEs missing because of E or G (and B when applied to the daytime E region only) are counted as equal to or less than the median foE, or equal to or less than the lower frequency limit of the recorder.

Values of fEs missing for any other reason, and values of h'Es missing for any reason at all are omitted from the median count.

Beginning with data for November 1945, doubtful monthly median values for ionospheric observations at Washington, D. C., are indicated by parentheses, in accordance with the practice already in use for doubtful hourly values. The following are the conventions used to determine whether or not a median value is doubtful:

1. If only four values or less are available, the data are considered insufficient and no median value is computed.

2. For the F2 layer, if only five to nine values are available, the median is considered doubtful. The E and F1 layers are so regular in their characteristics that, as long as there are at least five values, the median is not considered doubtful.

3. For all layers, if more than half of the values used to compute the median are doubtful (either doubtful or interpolated), the median is considered doubtful.

The same conventions are used by the CRPL in computing the medians from tabulations of daily and hourly data for stations other than Washington, beginning with the tables in TRPL-F18.

The tables and graphs of ionospheric data are correct for the values reported to the CRPL, but, because of variations in practice in the interpretation of records and scaling and manner of reporting of values, may at times give an erroneous conception of typical ionospheric characteristics at the station. Some of the errors are due to:

- a. Differences in scaling records when spread echoes are present.
- b. Omission of values when f_{oF2} is less than or equal to f_{oF1} , leading to erroneously high values of monthly averages or median values.
- c. Omission of values when critical frequencies are less than the lower frequency limit of the recorder, also leading to erroneously high values of monthly average or median values.

These effects were discussed on pages 6 and 7 of the previous F-series report IRPL-F5.

Ordinarily, a blank space in the fEs column of a table is the result of the fact that a majority of the readings for the month are below the lower limit of the recorder or less than the corresponding values of f_{oE} . Blank spaces at the beginning and end of columns of $h'F1$, f_{oF1} , $h'E$, and f_{oE} are usually the result of diurnal variation in these characteristics. Complete absence of medians of $h'F1$ and f_{oF1} is usually the result of seasonal effects.

The dashed-line prediction curves of the graphs of ionospheric data are obtained from the predicted zero-muf contour charts of the CRPL-D series publications. The following points are worthy of note:

- a. Predictions for individual stations used to construct the charts may be more accurate than the values read from the charts since some smoothing of the contours is necessary to allow for the longitude effect within a zone. Thus, inasmuch as the predicted contours are for the center of each zone, part of the discrepancy between the predicted and observed values as given in the F series may be caused by the fact that the station is not centrally located within the zone.
- b. The final presentation of the predictions is dependent upon the latest available ionospheric and radio propagation data, as well as upon predicted sunspot number.
- c. There is no indication on the graphs of the relative reliability of the data; it is necessary to consult the tables for such information.

The following predicted smoothed 12-month running-average Zürich sunspot numbers were used in constructing the contour charts:

<u>Month</u>	<u>Predicted Sunspot Number</u>										
	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945
December	11	15	33	53	86	108	114	126	85	38	
November	10	16	38	52	87	112	115	124	83	36	
October	10	17	43	52	90	114	116	119	81	23	
September	8	18	46	54	91	115	117	121	79	22	
August	8	18	49	57	96	111	123	122	77	20	
July	8	20	51	60	101	108	125	116	73		
June	9	21	52	63	103	108	129	112	67		
May	16	10	22	52	68	102	108	130	109	67	
April	13	10	24	52	74	101	109	133	107	62	
March	14	11	27	52	78	103	111	133	105	51	
February	14	12	29	51	82	103	113	133	90	46	
January	12	14	30	53	85	105	112	130	88	42	

WORLD - WIDE SOURCES OF IONOSPHERIC DATA

The ionospheric data given here in tables 1 to 78 and figures 1 to 156 were assembled by the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory for analysis and correlation, incidental to CRPL prediction of radio propagation conditions. The data are median values unless otherwise indicated. The following are the sources of the data in this issue:

**Australian Department of Supply and Shipping, Bureau of Mineral Resources, Geology and Geophysics:
Watheroo, Western Australia**

**Meteorological Service of the Belgian Congo and Ruanda-Urundi:
Elisabethville, Belgian Congo
Leopoldville, Belgian Congo**

**British Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, Radio Research Board:
Falkland Is.
Ibadan, Nigeria (University College of Ibadan)
Inverness, Scotland
Port Lockroy
Singapore, British Malaya
Slough, England**

**Defence Research Board, Canada:
Baker Lake, Canada
Churchill, Canada
Ottawa, Canada
Resolute Bay, Canada
Winnipeg, Canada**

Radio Wave Research Laboratories, National Taiwan University,
Taipeh, Formosa, China:
Formosa, China

French Ministry of National Defense (Section for Scientific Research):
Fribourg, Germany

Institute for Ionospheric Research, Lindau Über Northeim, Hannover, Germany:
Lindau/Harz, Germany

The Royal Netherlands Meteorological Institute:
De Bilt, Holland

Icelandic Post and Telegraph Administration:
Reykjavik, Iceland

All India Radio (Government of India), New Delhi, India:
Bombay, India
Delhi, India
Madras, India
Tiruchi (Tiruchirapalli), India

Norwegian Defence Research Establishment, Kjeller per Lillestrom, Norway:
Oslo, Norway
Tromso, Norway

Manila Observatory:
Baguio, P. I.

South African Council for Scientific and Industrial Research:
Capetown, Union of South Africa
Johannesburg, Union of South Africa
Nairobi, Kenya (East African Meteorological Department)

Research Institute of National Defence, Stockholm, Sweden:
Upsala, Sweden

Royal Board of Swedish Telegraphs, Radio Department, Stockholm, Sweden:
Lulea, Sweden

Post, Telephone and Telegraph Administration, Berne, Switzerland:
Schwarzenburg, Switzerland

United States Army Signal Corps:
Adak, Alaska
Ft. Monmouth, New Jersey
Okinawa I.
White Sands, New Mexico

National Bureau of Standards (Central Radio Propagation Laboratory):

Fairbanks, Alaska (Geophysical Institute of the University of Alaska)

Guam I.

Huancayo, Peru (Instituto Geofisico de Huancayo)

Maui, Hawaii

Narsarssuak, Greenland

Panama Canal Zone

Point Barrow, Alaska

Puerto Rico, W. I.

Talara, Peru (Instituto Geofisico de Huancayo)

Washington, D. C.

HOURLY IONOSPHERIC DATA AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

The data given in tables 79 through 90 follow the scaling practices given in the report IRPL-C61, "Report of International Radio Propagation Conference," pages 36 to 39, and the median values are determined by the conventions given above under "Symbols, Terminology, Conventions." Beginning with September 1949, the data are taken at Ft. Belvoir, Virginia.

IONOSPHERIC STORMINESS AT WASHINGTON, D.C.

Table 91 presents ionosphere character figures for Washington, D. C., during May 1955, as determined by the criteria given in the report IRPL-R5, "Criteria for Ionospheric Storminess," together with Cheltenham, Maryland, geomagnetic K-figures, which are usually covariant with them.

SUDDEN IONOSPHERE DISTURBANCES

Tables 92 and 93 list respectively the sudden ionosphere disturbances observed at Washington, D. C., for May 1955 and in the Netherlands for April 1955.

RADIO PROPAGATION QUALITY FIGURES

Tables 94a and 94b give for April 1955 the radio propagation quality figures for the North Atlantic area, the relevant CRPL advance and short-term forecasts, a summary geomagnetic activity index and sundry comparisons, specifically as follows:

- (a) radio propagation quality figures, Q_a, separately for each 6-hour interval of the Greenwich day, viz., 00-06, 06-12, 12-18, 18-24 hours UT (Universal Time or GCT).
- (b) whole-day radio quality indices (beginning October 1952). Each index is a weighted average of the four quarter-day Q_a-figures, before rounding off, with half weight given to quality grades 5 and 6. This procedure tends to give whole-day indices suitable for comparison with whole-day advance forecasts which designate whenever possible the days when significant disturbance or unusually quiet conditions will occur.
- (c) short-term forecasts, issued by CRPL every six hours (nominally one hour before 00^h, 06^h, 12^h, 18^h UT) and applicable to the period 1 to 13 (especially 1 to 7) hours ahead. Note that new scoring rules have been adopted beginning with October 1952 data.
- (d) advance forecasts, issued semiweekly (CRPL-J reports) and applicable 1 to 3 or 4 days ahead, 4 or 5 to 7 days ahead, and 8 to 25 days ahead. These forecasts are scored against the whole-day quality indices.
- (e) half-day averages of the geomagnetic K indices measured by the Cheltenham Magnetic Observatory of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.
- (f) illustration of the comparison of short-term forecasts with Q_a-figures and also with estimates of radio quality based on CRPL observations only.
- (g) illustration of the outcome of advance forecasts (1 to 3 or 4 days ahead) and, for comparison, the outcome of a type of "blind" forecast. For the latter the frequency for each quality grade, as determined from the distribution of quality grades in the four most recent months of the current season, is partitioned among the grades observed in the current month in proportion to the frequencies observed in the current month.

These radio propagation quality figures, Q_a, are prepared from radio traffic data reported to CRPL by American Telephone and Telegraph Company, Mackay Radio and Telegraph Company, RCA Communications, Inc., Marconi Company, British Admiralty Signal and Radar Establishment, and the following agencies of the U. S. Government:--Coast Guard, Navy, Army Signal Corps, and U. S. Information Agency. The method of calculation, summarized below, is similar to that described in a 1946 report, IRPL-R31, now out of print. Only reports of radio transmission on North Atlantic paths closely approximating New York-London are included in the estimation of quality.

The original reports are submitted on various scales and for various time intervals. The observations for each 6-hour interval are averaged on the quality scale of the original reports. These 6-hour indices are then adjusted to the 1 to 9 quality-figure scale by a conversion table prepared by comparing the distribution of these indices for at least four months, usually a year, with a master distribution determined from analysis of the reports originally made on the 1 to 9 quality-figure scale. A report whose distribution is the same as the master is thereby converted linearly to the Q-figure scale. The 6-hourly quality figures are (subjectively) weighted means of the reports received for that period. These 6-hourly quality figures replace, beginning January 1953, the half-daily quality figures which formerly appeared in this table. (These forecasts and quality indices are prepared by the North Atlantic Radio Warning Service, the CRPL forecasting center at Ft. Belvoir, Virginia.)

These quality figures are, in effect, a consensus of reported radio propagation conditions. The reasons for low quality are not necessarily known and may not be limited to ionospheric storminess. For instance, low quality may result from improper frequency usage for the path and time of day. Although, wherever it is reported, frequency usage is included in the rating of reports, it must often be an assumption that the reports refer to optimum working frequencies. It is more difficult to eliminate from the indices conditions of low quality because of multipath, interference, etc. These considerations should be taken into account in interpreting research correlations between the Q-figures and solar, auroral, geomagnetic or similar indices.

Note: A tabulation of forecasts for the North Pacific area and comparisons with observed radio propagation conditions will appear in a later issue.

OBSERVATIONS OF THE SOLAR CORONA

Tables 95 through 97 give the observations of the solar corona during May 1955, obtained at Climax, Colorado, by the High Altitude Observatory of Harvard University and the University of Colorado. Tables 98 through 100 list the coronal observations obtained at

Sacramento Peak, New Mexico, during May 1955, derived by Harvard College Observatory as a part of its performance of a research contract with the Upper Air Research Observatory, Geophysical Research Directorate, Air Force Cambridge Research Center. The data are listed separately for east and west limbs at 5-degree intervals of position angle north and south of the Solar Equator at the limb. The time of observation is given to the nearest tenth of a day, GCT.

Beginning with January 1, 1955, the Climax, Colorado, coronal measurements are reported in absolute units rather than on the arbitrary relative scale that has been used in the past. Absolute intensities are given in millionths of the intensity in one angstrom of the spectrum of the center of the solar disk at the wavelength of the coronal line. Two conversion tables from arbitrary relative to absolute units were published in CRPL-F127, March 1955. One table gave the green-line conversions to absolute units applicable for all readings made since 1943. The other table gave the red-line conversions applicable for the years 1952 to the present. For earlier years a table is available from the High Altitude Observatory, Boulder, Colorado, showing changes in red-green sensitivity. Absolute yellow-line ($\lambda 5694$) intensities may be obtained approximately by multiplying the values in the $\lambda 5303$ table by 0.75. Absolute far red ($\lambda 6702$) may be obtained approximately by multiplying the values in the $\lambda 6374$ table by 0.9.

The Sacramento Peak measurements will continue to be on an arbitrary relative scale.

Table 95 gives the intensities of the green (5303A) line of the emission spectrum of the solar corona; table 96 gives similarly the intensities of the first red (6374A) coronal line; and table 97, the intensities of the second red (6702A) coronal line; all observed at Climax in May 1955.

Table 98 gives the intensities of the green (5303A) coronal line; table 99, the intensities of the first red (6374A) coronal line; and table 100, the intensities of the second red (6702A) coronal line; all observed at Sacramento Peak in May 1955.

The following symbols are used in tables 95 through 100; a, observation of low weight for whole limb (if in date column) or for portion of limb indicated; -, corona not visible; and X, no observation for whole limb (if in date column) or for portion of limb indicated.

RELATIVE SUNSPOT NUMBERS

Table 101 lists the daily provisional Zürich relative sunspot number, R_Z , for May 1955, as communicated by the Swiss Federal Observatory. Table 102 contains the daily American relative sunspot number, R_A' , for April 1955, as compiled by the Solar Division, American Association of Variable Star Observers.

OBSERVATIONS OF SOLAR FLARES

Table 103 gives the preliminary record of solar flares reported to the CRPL. These reports are communicated on a rapid schedule at the sacrifice of detailed accuracy. Definitive and complete records are published later in the Quarterly Bulletin of Solar Activity, I.A.U., in various observatory publications, and elsewhere. The present listing serves to identify and roughly describe the phenomena observed. Details should be sought from the reporting observatory.

Reporting directly to the CRPL are the following observatories: Mt. Wilson, McMath-Hulbert, U. S. Naval, Wendelstein, Kanzel and High Altitude at Sacramento Peak, New Mexico. The remainder report to Meudon (Paris) and the data are taken from the Paris-URSIgram broadcast, monitored fairly regularly by the CRPL. The data on solar flares reported from Sacramento Peak, New Mexico, communicated by the High Altitude Observatory at Boulder, Colorado, are provided by Harvard University as the result of work undertaken on an Air Materiel Command Research and Development Contract administered by the Air Force Cambridge Research Laboratories.

The table lists for each flare the reporting observatory, date, times of beginning and ending of observation, duration (when known), total area (corrected for foreshortening), and heliographic coordinates. For the maximum phase of the flare is given the time, intensity, area relative to the total area, and the importance. The column "SID observed" is to indicate when a sudden ionosphere disturbance, noted elsewhere in these reports, occurred at the time of a flare. Times are in Universal Time (GCT).

INDICES OF GEOMAGNETIC ACTIVITY

Table 104 lists various indices of geomagnetic activity based on data from magnetic observatories widely distributed throughout the world. The indices are: (1) preliminary international character-figures, C; (2) geomagnetic planetary three-hour-range indices, K_p; (3) daily "equivalent amplitude" A_p; (4) magnetically selected quiet and disturbed days.

The C-figure is the arithmetic mean of the subjective classification by all observatories of each day's magnetic activity on a scale of 0 (quiet) to 2 (storm). The magnetically quiet and disturbed days are selected by the international scheme outlined on pages 219-227 in the December 1943 issue of Terrestrial Magnetism and Atmospheric Electricity. The details of the currently used method follow. For each day of a month, its geomagnetic activity is assigned by weighting equally the following three criteria: (1) the sum of the eight K_p's; (2) the greatest K_p; and (3) the sum of the squares of the eight K_p's.

K_p is the mean standardized K-index from 11 observatories between geomagnetic latitudes 47 and 63 degrees. The scale is 0 (very quiet) to 9 (extremely disturbed), expressed in thirds of a unit, e.g., 5- is 4 2/3, 5o is 5 0/3, and 5+ is 5 1/3. This planetary index is designed to measure solar particle-radiation by its magnetic effects, specifically to meet the needs of research workers in the ionospheric field. A complete description of K_p has appeared in Bulletin 12b, "Geomagnetic Indices C and K, 1948," published in Washington, D. C., 1949, by the Association of Terrestrial Magnetism and Electricity, International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics.

A_p indicates magnetic activity on a linear scale rather than the quasi-logarithmic scale of the K-indices. The column headed A_p gives the daily average for the eight values a_p per day, where a_p is defined as one-half the average gamma range of the most disturbed of the three force components, in the three-hour interval at standard stations. A_p is computed from the 8 indices K_p per day, see IATME Bulletin No. 12h (for 1953), p. VIII f. Values of A_p (like K_p and C_p) have been published for the Polar Year 1932/33 and currently since January 1937.

The Committee on Characterization of Magnetic Disturbance, ATME, IUGG, has kindly supplied this table. The Meteorological Office, De Bilt, Holland, collects the data and compiles C and selected days. The Chairman of the Committee computes the planetary index. Current tables are also published quarterly in the Journal of Geophysical Research along with data on sudden commencements (sc) and solar flare effects (sfe).

TABLES OF IONOSPHERIC DATA

Table 1

Washington, D. C. (38.7°N, 77.1°W)							May 1955
Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F1	foF1	h'E	foE	fEs (M3000)F2
00	280	3.3			<1.7	3.0	
01	280	3.0			<1.7	3.1	
02	290	2.8			<1.6	3.1	
03	280	2.5			<1.6	3.1	
04	(280)	2.2			<1.6	3.1	
05	250	2.8			<1.6	3.3	
06	250	4.0	220	3.2	110 (1.9)	3.4	3.4
07	320	4.5	210	3.7	100 2.4	3.9	3.25
08	300	4.9	200	4.0	100 2.7	4.4	3.3
09	310	5.0	200	4.2	100 2.9	4.6	3.2
10	360	5.2	200	4.3	100 3.1	4.6	3.1
11	360	5.2	200	4.3	100 3.2	4.7	3.1
12	380	5.3	200	4.3	100 (3.2)	4.4	3.0
13	350	5.5	200	4.3	100 3.3	3.9	3.0
14	340	5.6	200	4.3	100 3.2	3.6	3.0
15	330	5.6	210	4.2	100 3.0	4.5	3.1
16	320	5.7	210	4.1	100 2.9	3.2	3.1
17	300	5.7	220	3.6	100 2.5	3.7	3.1
18	270	6.0	230	3.2	110 2.1	3.5	3.2
19	240	6.6	---	---		3.3	3.2
20	230	6.2				2.6	3.3
21	220	5.1			<1.6	3.3	
22	240	4.4			<1.6	3.2	
23	250	3.8			<1.7	3.1	

Time: 75.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.

Table 3

Fairbanks, Alaska (64.9°N, 147.8°W)							April 1955
Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F1	foF1	h'E	foE	fEs (M3000)F2
00	(320)	(2.6)				5.2	(3.0)
01	(320)	(2.2)				5.4	(3.0)
02	(350)	(2.3)				6.0	(2.9)
03	(320)	(2.7)				5.0	(2.95)
04	(320)	(2.6)			---	5.8	(3.0)
05	(250)	(3.0)	260	---	---	4.1	(3.0)
06	480	3.4	240	3.2	110 (1.9)	4.0	(2.6)
07	530	3.6	220	3.4	110 2.2	3.3	(2.6)
08	(620)	3.6	210	3.6	110 2.4	2.7	(2.3)
09	(650)	3.9	220	3.6	100 2.6	2.6	(2.2)
10	520	4.0	210	3.8	100 2.6	3.6	2.6
11	480	4.2	200	3.8	100 2.7	2.8	2.7
12	440	4.3	210	3.8	100 2.8	4.5	2.8
13	420	4.4	210	3.9	100 2.8	3.8	2.85
14	<400	4.4	210	3.9	100 2.6	2.9	2.9
15	370	4.4	210	3.8	100 2.5	3.5	3.1
16	370	4.3	220	(3.7)	110 2.4	2.6	3.1
17	<350	4.2	220	---	110 2.1	2.3	3.2
18	290	4.1	230	---	120 (1.7)	1.9	3.2
19	250	(3.7)	230	---	140 (1.2)	2.2	(3.2)
20	260	(3.2)	---	---		3.4	(3.1)
21	270	(3.2)				2.6	(3.1)
22	270	(3.1)				4.1	(3.1)
23	280	(2.7)				4.6	(3.0)

Time: 150.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.

Table 5

Oslo, Norway (60.0°N, 11.1°E)							April 1955
Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F1	foF1	h'E	foE	fEs (M3000)F2
00	---	2.5					2.95
01	(300)	2.0					2.9
02	290	2.0				1.2	2.85
03	300	1.8				1.4	2.85
04	290	2.0			---	2.5	2.95
05	260	2.7	---	---	120	1.4	1.2
06	255	3.4	235	---	115	1.7	3.2
07	(280)	3.7	225	3.6	110	2.1	3.2
08	350	4.1	215	3.6	110	2.4	3.1
09	390	4.2	210	3.8	105	2.6	3.0
10	370	4.6	210	4.0	105	2.7	3.0
11	350	4.7	210	4.0	105	2.8	3.1
12	350	4.8	200	4.0	105	2.8	3.1
13	340	4.8	210	4.0	105	2.8	2.5
14	330	4.8	205	4.0	105	2.8	3.2
15	350	4.8	215	4.0	105	2.7	3.05
16	310	4.8	220	3.8	110	2.5	3.15
17	295	4.9	230	3.6	110	2.3	3.2
18	(265)	4.8	240	---	115	1.9	2.1
19	250	4.8	250	---	120	1.6	1.8
20	250	4.5					(2.8)
21	250	3.9					3.2
22	250	3.0					3.1
23	---	2.9					3.0

Time: 15.0°E.

Sweep: 0.7 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 5 minutes, automatic operation.

Table 2

Tromso, Norway (69.7°N, 19.0°E)							April 1955
Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F1	foF1	h'E	foE	fEs (M3000)F2
00	---	---	---	---			
01	---	---	---	---			4.6
02	---	---	---	---			---
03	---	---	---	---			
04	---	---	---	---			
05	---	---	---	---			
06	---	---	---	---			
07	(435)	3.9	240	3.5	110	2.2	2.9
08	(390)	4.2	215	3.6	110	2.4	3.0
09	390	4.2	220	3.8	105	2.5	2.6
10	360	4.4	215	3.8	105	2.6	3.0
11	350	4.5	210	3.8	105	2.6	3.1
12	350	4.4	210	3.8	110	2.7	3.1
13	350	4.4	210	3.0	110	2.7	3.1
14	350	4.3	210	3.8	110	2.6	3.1
15	(315)	4.3	220	3.7	110	2.4	2.0
16	(300)	4.4	235	3.5	110	2.3	2.6
17	(285)	4.2	240	---	110	2.1	2.8
18	(265)	4.0	245	---	110	2.0	3.6
19	(255)	4.0	---	---	---	---	3.7
20	(250)	3.7					4.2
21	---	(4.0)					4.2
22	---	(3.7)					4.0
23	---	---					4.1

Time: 15.0°E.

Sweep: 0.7 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 5 minutes, automatic operation.

Table 6

Uppsala, Sweden (59.8°N, 17.6°E)							April 1955
Time	h'F2	foF2	h'F1	foF1	h'E	foE	fEs (M3000)F2
00	310	(2.4)					2.0
01	330	(2.3)					2.9
02	330	(2.0)					2.2
03	330	(1.9)					2.9
04	290	2.3				E	2.1
05	250	3.0	---	---		E	2.3
06	260	3.5	225	(3.1)	115	1.6	2.7
07	390	3.9	220	3.5	115	2.2	3.0
08	380	4.3	215	3.7	110	2.4	3.2
09	360	4.5	210	3.9	110	2.6	3.4
10	340	4.8	210	4.0	105	2.8	3.4
11	340	5.0	200	4.0	105	2.8	3.4
12	330	5.0	200	4.1	105	2.8	3.1
13	350	5.0	205	4.0	105	2.8	3.0
14	335	4.9	210	4.0	105	2.8	3.1
15	320	4.9	220	3.9	105	2.6	3.1
16	300	4.9	225	3.7	110	2.4	3.1
17	280	4.8	235	3.4	115	2.2	2.8
18	260	4.8	240	(2.9)	120	1.8	2.8
19	240	4.6	---	---	---	E	1.9
20	240	4.5				E	3.1
21	240	4.2					3.1
22	270	2.9					2.0
23	300	(2.5)					3.0

Time: 15.0°E.

Sweep: 1.4 Mc to 17.0 Mc in 6 minutes, automatic operation.

Table 7

Adak, Alaska (51.9°N, 176.6°W)

Time	h^*F2	$foF2$	h^*F1	$foF1$	h^*E	foE	fEs	(M3000)F2
00	260	3.4						3.0
01	270	3.2						3.0
02	280	3.0						2.9
03	280	3.0						2.9
04	280	3.0					2.0	3.0
05	270	3.4	260	---	140	1.5		3.05
06	270	4.0	230	3.3	120	1.9		3.15
07	360	4.1	220	3.6	110	2.3	2.6	3.0
08	360	4.5	220	3.9	110	2.6	3.2	3.0
09	380	4.6	220	4.0	110	2.8	3.6	3.0
10	350	4.8	210	4.1	110	2.9	5.0	3.1
11	340	5.1	200	4.2	110	3.0	3.8	3.1
12	320	5.5	200	4.2	110	3.0	4.4	3.1
13	300	5.4	210	4.2	110	2.9	5.0	3.2
14	310	5.6	210	4.1	110	2.8	3.7	3.25
15	290	5.4	220	3.9	110	2.7	3.8	3.3
16	270	5.3	220	3.7	110	2.5	3.3	3.3
17	250	5.2	230	---	110	2.1	2.6	3.35
18	240	5.0	---	---	120	1.7	2.4	3.4
19	240	5.0					2.4	3.2
20	240	4.8					2.1	3.1
21	240	4.6					2.2	3.2
22	240	4.1					3.2	3.0
23	250	3.6					0.1	

Time: 180.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 27 seconds.

Table 9

Okinawa I. (26.3°N, 127.8°E)

Time	h^*F2	$foF2$	h^*F1	$foF1$	h^*E	foE	fEs	(M3000)F2
00	300	4.1					2.4	2.9
01	280	(4.2)					2.4	(3.05)
02	250	4.2					2.2	3.3
03	220	3.5					2.3	(3.5)
04	270	2.5					2.3	3.0
05	290	2.6					2.0	3.0
06	250	4.8			140	2.0	2.6	3.5
07	250	5.8	240	---	120	2.4	3.6	3.6
08	270	6.0	240	4.1	120	2.8	3.9	3.5
09	290	6.5	230	4.4	110	3.1	4.0	3.3
10	330	7.2	220	4.6	120	3.3	4.3	3.0
11	340	8.2	220	4.6	120	(3.3)	4.4	2.9
12	340	9.4	220	4.6	120	3.4	4.2	2.95
13	320	10.6	230	4.6	120	3.3	4.0	3.0
14	300	11.0	230	4.5	110	3.3	3.8	3.1
15	300	10.6	230	4.4	110	3.1	3.8	3.1
16	290	10.5	240	4.1	110	2.8	3.6	(3.1)
17	280	11.0	260	---	120	2.4	3.7	(3.3)
18	250	(10.8)	---	---			3.2	(3.4)
19	230	(8.3)					2.4	(3.3)
20	230	5.7					2.4	3.3
21	270	4.2					2.3	2.9
22	320	(4.1)					2.4	2.8
23	320	(4.1)					2.2	2.8

Time: 127.5°E.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.

Table 11

Maui, Hawaii (20.8°N, 156.5°W)

Time	h^*F2	$foF2$	h^*F1	$foF1$	h^*E	foE	fEs	(M3000)F2
00	300	4.5						2.85
01	280	4.0						3.0
02	260	3.5						3.1
03	290	3.0						2.85
04	320	2.6						2.7
05	320	2.5						2.8
06	300	3.2						2.9
07	280	5.6	270	---	130	2.1	2.4	3.2
08	310	6.6	260	(4.0)	120	2.6	4.7	3.1
09	320	7.0	240	4.4	120	3.0	4.9	2.9
10	360	7.2	230	4.6	120	3.2	5.6	2.7
11	420	8.3	220	4.7	120	3.3	5.3	2.5
12	410	9.7	220	4.6	120	3.4	4.8	2.6
13	370	11.0	220	4.6	120	3.4	5.0	2.7
14	340	11.4	240	4.5	120	3.3	5.0	2.8
15	340	11.0	260	4.5	120	3.2	5.0	2.8
16	320	11.2	260	4.3	120	2.9	4.0	2.9
17	300	10.8	270	4.0	(130)	2.5	4.2	3.0
18	280	10.2	280	---	130	1.8	4.2	3.1
19	260	9.0					3.4	3.1
20	250	6.4					2.8	3.0
21	290	4.8					2.2	2.7
22	320	4.6					2.0	2.65
23	340	4.5					2.0	2.6

Time: 150.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.

Table 7

April 1955

Table 8

White Sands, New Mexico (32.3°N, 106.5°W)

April 1955

Time	h^*F2	$foF2$	h^*F1	$foF1$	h^*E	foE	fEs	(M3000)F2
00	290							2.9
01	290							2.9
02	270							3.0
03	250							3.1
04	260							3.1
05	270							3.0
06	240	3.9	240	---			---	3.3
07	280	4.6	230	3.5	110	2.2	2.8	3.3
08	300	5.2	210	4.0	100	2.6	3.3	3.25
09	320	5.4	200	4.2	100	2.9	3.4	3.2
10	350	5.4	200	4.3	100	3.1	3.6	3.0
11	370	5.6	200	4.4	100	3.2	4.0	2.9
12	360	5.8	200	4.4	110	3.3	3.8	3.0
13	340	6.3	200	4.3	100	3.2	3.3	2.95
14	330	6.6	210	4.3	100	3.2	3.4	3.0
15	300	6.5	220	4.2	100	3.0	3.5	3.1
16	300	6.2	220	4.0	110	2.7	3.2	3.1
17	270	6.3	230	3.6	110	2.3	3.0	3.25
18	250	6.0	240	---	---	---	---	3.4
19	220	5.6						3.4
20	220	4.5						3.2
21	240	3.5						3.0
22	270	3.6						3.0
23	<280	3.3						2.9

Time: 105.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.

Table 11

Puerto Rico, W. I. (18.5°N, 67.2°W)

Time	h^*F2	$foF2$	b^*F1	$foF1$	h^*E	foE	fEs	(M3000)F2
00	280	4.4						3.05
01	270	4.4						3.1
02	250	4.2						3.15
03	240	3.9						3.2
04	240	3.4						3.2
05	260	3.1						3.15
06	250	3.2						3.3
07	240	4.9	230	---	120	2.0	2.4	3.6
08	260	5.2	220	3.9	110	2.5		3.5
09	300	5.4	210	4.2	110	2.9	3.2	
10	330	5.9	210	4.4	110	3.1	3.4	3.1
11	340	6.6	220	4.5	110	3.3		3.0
12	310	7.5	230	4.5	110	3.4		3.0
13	300	8.6	220	4.5	110	3.4		3.1
14	300	8.8	240	4.4	110	3.3	4.5	3.2
15	280	8.4	230	4.4	110	3.2		3.2
16	290	8.1	230	4.2	110	2.9	4.4	3.2
17	280	8.2	240	3.9	110	2.5	4.0	3.25
18	250	8.1	240	---	110	1.8	3.2	3.3
19	230	7.2						2.8
20	230	5.9						3.1
21	260	4.9						2.4
22	280	4.6						2.9
23	280	4.4						2.9

Time: 60.0°W.

Sweep: 1.0 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 seconds.

Table 67

Tiruchy, India (10.8°N , 78.8°E)

April 1953

Table 68

Fribourg, Germany (48.1°N , 7.8°E)

March 1953

Time	*	foF2	h'F1	foF1	h'E	foE	fEs	(M3000)F2
00								
01								
02								
03								
04								
05								
06	360	4.8						
07	420	7.3						
08	450	7.9						
09	480	7.5						
10	510	7.5						
11	510	7.5						
12	540	7.8						
13	540	7.9						
14	540	8.2						
15	510	8.8						
16	510	9.4						
17	510	10.0						
18	480	9.3						
19	480	9.2						
20	480	8.4						
21	450	7.6						
22								
23								

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.5 Mc to 18.0 Mc in 5 minutes, manual operation.

*Height at 0.83 foF2.

**Average values; other columns, median values.

Table 69

Delhi, India (28.6°N , 77.1°E)

March 1953

Table 70

Bombay, India (19.0°N , 73.0°E)

March 1953

Time	*	foF2	h'F1	foF1	h'E	foE	fEs	(M3000)F2
00	280	3.0						3.1
01	290	3.0						3.1
02	(300)	(2.9)						(3.1)
03								
04	280	2.6						3.2
05	280	>3.0						3.4
06	260	3.7						3.4
07	240	5.4						3.6
08	240	6.0						3.4
09	230	6.6						3.3
10	250	7.6						3.3
11	280	>8.4						3.2
12	280	9.2						3.2
13	280	9.8						3.3
14	260	9.7						3.4
15	260	9.4						3.4
16	260	>9.0						3.4
17	250	7.6						3.4
18	240	6.7						3.6
19	240	6.1						3.8
20	240	4.3						3.6
21	280	3.6						3.3
22	280	3.6						3.3
23	280	3.2						3.2

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.5 Mc to 18.0 Mc in 5 minutes, manual operation.

*Height at 0.83 foF2.

**Average values; other columns, median values.

Table 71

Madras, India (13.0°N , 80.2°E)

March 1953

Table 72

Tiruchy, India (10.8°N , 78.8°E)

March 1953

Time	*	foF2	h'F1	foF1	h'E	foE	fEs	(M3000)F2
00								
01								
02								
03								
04								
05								
06								
07	300	5.9						3.0
08	360	7.3						2.8
09	390	8.3						2.6
10	420	8.5						2.6
11	420	8.2						2.4
12	420	8.1						2.5
13	420	8.1						2.5
14	420	8.6						2.4
15	420	9.0						2.5
16	420	9.7						2.6
17	420	10.2						2.6
18	420	10.2						2.5
19	390	>9.4						2.6
20	390	8.7						2.6
21	360	8.7						2.8
22	360	8.4						2.8
23								

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.5 Mc to 18.0 Mc in 5 minutes, manual operation.

*Height at 0.83 foF2.

**Average values; other columns, median values.

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.5 Mc to 18.0 Mc in 5 minutes, manual operation.

*Height at 0.83 foF2.

**Average values; other columns, median values.

Time: Local.

Sweep: 1.5 Mc to 18.0 Mc in 5 minutes, manual operation.

*Height at 0.83 foF2.

**Average values; other columns, median values.

TABLE 79
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D. C.

IONOSPHERIC DATA

Form adopted June 1946

h'F2, Km **May**, 1955
(Characteristic) (Unit)

Observed at **Washington, D. C.**
Lat **38.7°N**, Long **77.1°W**

Day	00	Mean Time											
		01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12
1	(280) ^S	(310) ^S	260	(260) ^S	250	220	350	350 ^F	350	350	350	350	350
2	290	280	260	(300) ^S	240	230	270	280	270	290	350	360	310
3	270	280	280	290	(300) ^S	250	260	280	280	280	350	330	300
4	260	260	240	250	250	230	260	280	310	310	320	330	310
5	[280] ^A	(210) ^A	A	(320) ^S	250	220	370	[380] ^S	360	410	380 ^H	340	310
6	270	270	300	(280) ^S	(290) ^S	260	240	340	330	G	500	490 ^S	G
7	290 ^K	280	260	230	(260) ^S	230	250	(270) ^L	290	280	360	320	310
8	(300) ^S	(280) ^S	(280) ^S	(270) ^S	(280) ^S	230 ^K	230 ^K	L ^K	G ^K	G ^K	360 ^K	370 ^K	350 ^K
9	(270) ^S	[300] ^A	(300) ^A	280 ^K	270 ^K	(280) ^A	L ^K	430 ^F	370 ^K	400 ^K	G	520 ^H	500 ^H
10	A ^K	(300) ^A	280	290	(290) ^S	280	330	330	300 ^L	410	360	330	340
11	280	280	310	(290) ^S	(280)	250	230	L	440	[470] ^A	500	G ^K	A ^K
12	250 ^K	270 ^K	(300) ^S	280	(39) ^S	A	L	(270) ^L	300	310	330	360 ^K	370
13	(240) ^S	270	260	260	(280) ^S	260	G	360	350	370	340	350	300
14	280	270	270	260	(280) ^S	(250) ^A	300	320 ^F	330	350	450	390	440
15	(280) ^S	(240) ^S	(280) ^S	(280) ^S	(280) ^A	(290) ^S	(300) ^A	L	340	420	470	(470) ^S	G
16	280 ^K	270 ^K	230	(280) ^S	(290) ^S	300	340	L	450	340	430	430 ^S	G
17	(290) ^S	300 ^K	(300) ^S	(300) ^S	(300) ^A	220 ^K	250 ^K	270 ^X	310 ^K	300 ^K	(500) ^S	G	440
18	300	300	300	280	300	230	240	260	280 ^H	[320] ^S	360	330	310
19	(300) ^A	250	A	230	250	230	250 ^H	360 ^H	300	300	300	310	340
20	240	250	260	290	280	240	300	410	270	(320) ^A	340	340 ^H	330
21	270	270	270	260	250	230	300 ^H	340	330	A	(470) ^A	450	420
22	(290) ^A	A	C	C	C	260	260	280	(290) ^H	310	310	320	320
23	260	270	250	240	230	230 ^H	260	250	300	300	320	350	330
24	250	250	250	250	250	230	(240) ^L	260	280	300	330	320	310
25	(270) ^A	A	A	260	(240) ^A	220	230	350 ^H	280	360	310	350	340
26	(270) ^S	[300] ^S	(330) ^S	(340) ^S	(300) ^S	280 ^K	G ^K	350 ^K	380 ^K	G ^K	A ^K	450 ^A	390 ^K
27	220	240 ^K	240 ^K	250 ^K	(270) ^S	(310) ^S	240	220	330	320	340	430	400 ^K
28	(330) ^A	280	(290) ^S	(290) ^S	(290) ^A	290	240	L	A	A	530	[560] ^A	460 ^X
29	(290) ^S	(290) ^S	(300) ^A	(300) ^A	300	240	(290) ^A	L	370	360	380 ^H	360	340
30	260	260	270	260	250	250	L	270	300	290	E	400	390
31	270	280	(280) ^A	280	260	270	280	290	270	310	340	330	320
Median	280	280	280	280	280	250	250	320	300	310	360	380	350
Count	30	29	27	29	30	29	25	27	30	28	31	30	29

Sweep 1Q—Mc 1025 Q. Mc m 135 sec.

Manual □ Automatic ■

CPO 816518

TABLE 80
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.
IONOSPHERIC DATA

		75°W—Mean Time											
		75°W—Mean Time											
f ₀ F ₂ (Characteristic)	May (Month)	Lot 38.7°N, Long. 77.1°W											
		00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11
1	(2.1) ^F (2.1) ^F	(2.1) ^F (2.1) ^F	(2.1) ^F (2.1) ^F	2.1	2.1	2.5	3.8	4.2	4.7 ^F	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0
2	2.5 ^F	2.6 ^F	2.5 ^F	2.3 ^F	(2.1) ^F	2.8	4.4	5.5	6.2	6.4 ^V	6.0	5.5	5.5
3	3.3	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.6	4.3	5.4	4.9	5.1	5.4	5.3	5.9
4	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.6	4.3	5.2	5.4	5.6	6.0	6.3	6.3
5	(2.5) ^J (2.1) ^A	(2.1) ^A	(2.1) ^A	1.9 ^F	2.7 ^F	3.4	4.1	5.0	5.1	5.3 ^H	5.5	5.7	5.7
6	3.3	2.7	2.2	2.1	2.0 ^J	2.4	3.5	4.1	4.9 ^F	<4.0 ^G	4.3	(4.8) ^F	<4.2 ^G
7	3.2 ^K	3.2	3.0	2.5	1.8	2.3	3.7	5.2	5.9	6.8	6.3	6.3	6.2
8	(3.5) ^S (3.2) ^P (3.2) ^K	(2.5) ^P (2.5) ^F	(2.5) ^F (2.5) ^F	(2.2) ^F (2.2) ^F	(2.5) ^F (2.5) ^F	3.5 ^F	(3.9) ^S	<3.7 ^G	3.9 ^G	4.7 ^K	5.0 ^K	5.5 ^K	5.8 ^K
9	2.4 ^K (2.4) ^R	2.3 ^R	2.1 ^K	2.0 ^K	2.5 ^K	3.8 ^K	(4.9) ^S	4.4 ^K	(4.8) ^S	<4.2 ^G	<4.3 ^G	4.6 ^K	4.9 ^K
0	A	3.3 ^K	3.8 ^F	2.6	2.3	2.5	3.8	4.5	4.7	5.2	5.3 ^H	5.2	5.1
1	(2.7) ^F	2.4 ^F	2.4 ^F	2.4 ^F	2.3 ^F	2.7 ^F	3.6	4.1	4.3	(4.4) ^A	4.6	<4.2 ^G	4.8 ^K
2	3.0 ^K	2.6 ^F	2.2 ^F	2.2	2.1	2.8	3.8	4.4	4.8	4.9 ^F	5.4	6.0	6.7
3	3.2 ^F (2.7) ^S	2.5 ^F	2.5	2.2 ^F	2.7	<3.4 ^G	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.3	5.2	5.3	6.7
4	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	(2.6) ^S	3.0	4.0	(4.2) ^F	(4.2) ^F	4.5 ^F	(4.8) ^F	4.5	4.8
5	2.6 ^K	2.6	2.4	2.3 ^A	(2.3) ^A	2.6	3.6	4.1	4.3	4.6	<4.2 ^G	<4.2 ^G	4.7 ^K
6	3.5 ^K	3.2 ^K	2.9 ^F	2.2 ^F	(1.6) ^S	2.4	3.7	4.2	4.3	4.7	<4.3 ^G	5.0 ^K	5.5 ^K
7	2.2 ^F	2.1 ^K	2.0 ^K	(1.9) ^S	1.9 ^F	2.9 ^K	4.1 ^K	4.8 ^K	4.9 ^K	4.6 ^K	<4.3 ^G	4.8 ^K	5.0 ^K
8	2.4	2.1 ^F	2.1 ^F	2.3 ^S	2.1 ^F	3.0	4.4	4.9	5.1 ^H	5.0 ^H	(5.2) ^S	5.2	5.5
9	3.7 ^F	3.8 ^F (3.6) ^A	(3.6) ^A	2.8	(2.5) ^S	3.5	4.6 ^H	5.7	5.8	6.0	5.6	5.5	5.6
0	3.8	3.4 ^F	(3.0) ^F	2.9	(2.6) ^S	2.9	4.0	4.5	5.8	5.6	(5.6) ^H	5.6	5.3
1	3.4	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.2	4.4 ^H	4.5 ^F	4.6	(4.7) ^A	(4.7) ^A	4.8	4.9 ^K	5.7 ^H
2	3.1	3.1	C	C	C	4.7	5.4	5.1	(5.7) ^H	5.7	6.1	5.9	5.4
3	3.6	3.5 ^F	3.3	2.9	2.8	3.7 ^H	4.8	5.5	5.9	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.7
4	4.3	3.6 ^F	3.2 ^F	(2.5) ^S	(2.4) ^F	(3.2) ^S	4.7	5.2	5.6	5.5	5.8	6.3	6.2
5	3.5 ^J (3.4) ^A	(3.2) ^A	3.3	2.9	(3.3) ^F	4.2 ^H	4.7 ^H	5.5	5.8	5.2	6.0	6.3	6.3
6	(3.8) ^E (3.9) ^S (3.9) ^K	F _S	F _S	F _S	F _S	2.8 ^K	<31 ^G	4.4 ^K	4.4 ^H	<4.2 ^G	A	4.7 ^K	4.7 ^K
7	3.7	3.0 ^F	(2.6) ^F	2.3 ^K	1.9 ^F	3.1	4.1	5.7	5.7	5.9	6.0 ^H	5.5	5.9
8	3.7	3.7 ^F	(3.5) ^P	(3.4) ^F	3.0	3.3	3.8	A	A	4.6	(4.6) ^A	4.7 ^K	<4.3 ^G
9	(3.3) ^S	2.6 ^F	3.2 ^F	(2.7) ^S	(2.5) ^H	3.3	4.2	(4.5) ^H	4.7 ^F	5.0 ^F	5.4 ^H	5.3	5.2
0	(3.3) ^S	(3.2) ^S	(3.0) ^F	(2.9) ^S	(3.0) ^J	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.2	(6.2) ^C	5.8	6.0	6.2
1	4.0 ^F	3.6 ^F	(3.4) ^F	(3.1) ^S	3.0	3.3	4.5	5.3	6.0	5.6	5.7	6.1	6.2
2	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.8	4.0	4.5	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.6	5.7
3	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	31	30	31	31	30	31	31	30

National Bureau of Standards
Calculated by: E.J.W., J.W.P., L.E.M., J.J.S.
Sweep LO—Mc 1025.Q. Mc in 135 sec.

Manual □ Automatic □

TABLE 81
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D. C.

IONOSPHERIC DATA

National Bureau of Standards
Established by E. J. W., J. W. P., L. F. M., J. J. S.
Scaled by E. J. W., J. W. P., N. B., J. J. S.
Calculated by E. J. W., J. W. P., N. B., J. J. S.

Day	0030	0130	0230	0330	0430	0530	0630	0730	0830	0930	1030	1130	1230	1330	1430	1530	1630	1730	1830	Mean Time						
1	(2.2)F	(2.2)F	(2.2)F	(2.2)F	(2.1)J	(2.1)J	2.1	3.8	5.0	6.0	6.7	6.0	6.0V	5.6	5.0	5.4	5.3	5.4	[5.5]C	5.8	6.2	5.0	4.0	3.1F	2.7	
2	2.6F	2.5F	2.4F	2.4F	(2.1)J	(2.1)J	2.5	2.2	2.3	3.7	4.9	5.0	5.8	5.3	5.3	5.6	6.5	6.5	6.5	7.2	6.8	5.6	4.6	4.0	3.5	
3	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.3	3.7	4.6	5.3	5.7	5.3	5.7	5.7	5.6	6.3	6.4	6.7	5.8	5.8	6.5	6.4	5.4	4.2	3.6	3.4	
4	3.2	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.2	3.7	4.6	5.3	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.6	6.3	6.4	6.7	6.0	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.3	4.6F	3.3	[2.7]A	
5	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2A	2.1F	3.2	3.8	4.4	4.8	5.3	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.8	6.2	(6.2)J	5.8J	4.5	
6	3.0	2.4J	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	3.1	3.9	(4.2)S	(4.5)S	<4.0G	4.6	4.7	[<4.1G	K 4.3	K 4.2	K 4.3	K 4.5	K 4.5	K 5.2	K 5.2	K (6.0)J	K 4.6	K 3.9	K 3.4	
7	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.1	1.8J	3.1	4.5	5.0	5.6	6.6	6.6	6.0	6.0	6.3	6.4	6.8	6.7	7.3	6.6	6.8	7.1	5.7	4.4	4.2	3.5	
8	3.4	(2.7)F	K (2.9)F	K 2.3F	K (2.0)S	K 3.2F	K 3.5F	K 3.7G	K 3.9G	K <4.0G	K 5.0	K 5.0	K 5.2	K 5.8	K 6.0	K 5.8	K 6.0	K 7.4	K 8.0	K 7.1	K 5.2	K (3.5)S	K 2.8F	K 2.6F		
9	K (2.4)J	2.4K	2.2F	2.0F	[2.2]A	3.2K	4.0K	(4.6)S	<4.2G	<4.3G	4.4K	4.5K	4.7K	4.8K	4.8K	5.0K	5.0K	5.1K	5.5K	4.9K	A K	A K	A K	A K		
10	A K	2.9F	2.6F	2.4	2.3F	3.2	4.1	4.8	4.5F	4.7	4.8	(5.0)S	5.1	5.0	5.5	5.7	6.2	6.6	5.9	5.3	4.6F	3.5F	2.8F	(2.6)S		
11	2.4F	2.4F	(2.3)F	2.3F	2.2F	3.3F	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.4	<4.2G	<4.2G	<4.2G	4.6K	4.9K	5.0K	4.9K	5.0K	4.9K	5.0K	4.6K	4.0K	3.7K	3.3K		
12	2.8F	2.5	(2.2)F	2.2	2.2	3.3	4.3V	4.7	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.6	6.3	6.6	6.6	6.6	7.0	7.2	7.4	6.0	.5.2	4.3	3.5			
13	(3.2)F	(2.6)F	2.4	2.3	2.1	3.1	3.6	4.4	4.7J	5.0	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.2	6.2	6.3	6.8	6.6	7.2	7.4	6.8	4.6	3.3	3.0		
14	3.0F	2.8F	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	3.5	3.9	4.3	(4.7)F	4.7F	4.6	4.9	4.8	<4.1G	K 4.8	K 4.6F	K 4.6F	K 5.4	K 5.8	K (4.4)F	K (4.8)F	K (3.8)S	K (2.7)F		
15	2.7	2.4	2.3	(2.3)A	2.3	[3.]A	4.0	4.1	4.3	<4.1G	<4.2G	<4.2G	4.7	[4.6]A	4.8K	4.6K	4.6K	5.0K	5.0K	5.2K	(6.0)S	5.9S	4.8K	4.3K	3.6K	
16	3.4K	3.0	2.7	(1.9)J	1.8	3.0	4.0	4.2	4.5	5.0	5.0	4.7	<4.4G	(4.3)G	<4.2G	4.7	4.8K	4.8K	5.2K	5.3K	5.5K	5.8K	4.5K	3.2K	2.7K	2.3K
17	2.2F	2.1F	K (1.9)F	2.0K	2.1K	3.7K	4.4K	4.8K	5.3K	4.9K	4.5	4.6	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.4	5.6	3.7	3.2	2.4		
18	2.4	2.2F	2.2F	2.1F	(2.3)F	4.2	4.5	5.3H	5.6	5.4	5.1	5.5	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.8	6.4	6.8	6.2	5.2	4.3	4.0		
19	3.9F	(3.7)A	3.6	2.8	2.8	4.3	4.5	5.4	5.7	5.7	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	6.4	6.0	4.9	4.3	4.0	
20	3.7	3.2F	2.8	2.8F	2.6	3.8	(4.0)S	4.7	4.9	(4.5)A	(6.0)A	(5.8)A	5.4	5.5	5.8H	5.8H	5.7	6.0	6.2	6.6	6.6	7.0	(6.9)S	5.0	4.0	3.5
21	3.2	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.8	4.0	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.7	5.6	4.5	3.7	3.1		
22	3.1	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	5.2	5.3	5.8H	5.8	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.3	6.6	6.8	7.0	6.6	5.2	4.2	3.8	
23	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.8	3.0	4.4	4.9	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.0	5.7	5.8	6.2	6.8	5.8	4.9	(4.8)S	(4.5)S		
24	3.9	3.3	2.8F	2.6F	2.6F	4.2	(4.6)F	5.2	5.6	5.4	5.8	5.9	5.9	6.3	6.0	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.1	6.4	7.1	6.4	5.0	3.9	3.7	
25	3.5	[3.4]A	(3.3)A	(3.2)S	[2.9]A	3.7F	4.4	5.4	5.6	(5.5)H	[5.3]A	5.9	5.7	6.1	6.2	7.4	8.9	9.4	8.6	8.5	9.4	(6.2)F	(4.8)F	4.2F		
26	F 2.5	F 2.5	F 2.5	K 2.4	(2.0)S	B	K	3.0K	3.7K	4.9K	<4.2G	<4.2G	A K	4.7K	4.8K	4.6K	4.7K	4.7K	4.6K	5.0K	5.0K	5.0K	4.6K	(4.5)S	K (4.0)F	3.9F
27	K (3.6)F	K (2.7)S	K 2.4	(2.0)S	2.2	3.9	4.5	5.0	H	5.6	5.6F	5.9	5.9F	5.6	5.7	6.2	6.4	7.0	7.6	6.8	6.6F	4.0F	K 4.5	K 4.0F	K (3.3)F	
28	3.7F	3.6F	3.8F	(3.2)S	3.5F	3.5F	<4.0G	A	A	A	(4.5)A	K [4.6]A	K 4.7A	K 4.2G	K 4.1G	K 4.7	K 4.9	K 5.0	K 4.9	K 5.4	K 5.2	K 4.5	K 4.0F	K (3.3)F	K (3.0)S	
29	(2.9)F	(3.0)F	(2.7)F	[2.6]A	(2.8)F	(3.5)F	(4.4)F	(4.3)F	4.8F	5.1F	(5.3)H	5.0F	5.3	5.1	5.2F	5.2J	5.2	5.3	5.8	6.2	5.8	5.0J	(4.1)S	(3.6)S		
30	(3.3)F	(3.1)F	(2.9)F	(3.0)S	(2.9)F	4.1	5.0	5.6	6.3	C	C	5.5	6.0	6.2	6.0	6.3	6.7	7.1	6.8	6.0	4.7F	4.4	3.9F			
31	3.8F	3.5F	3.3	3.1F	3.1F	3.8	4.8	(5.4)A	5.6	5.4	5.2	5.6	[5.7]A	5.8	6.0	5.7	6.3	6.5	[6.4]A	6.8	5.9	4.8	4.3	4.3		
Median	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.3	2.3	3.5	4.4	4.8	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.8	6.2	6.4	5.8	4.6	4.0	3.5			
Count	29	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0			

Sweep 10 — Mc 1025Q. Mc in 1.35 sec.
Manual □ Automatic □

Form adopted June 1946

TABLE 82
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.

IONOSPHERIC DATA
Lat 38.7°N, Long 77.0°W

May, 1955
(Month)

National Bureau of Standards
Scaled by E.J.W., J.W.P., L.F.M., J.J.S.

Calculated by E.J.W., J.W.P., N.B., J.J.S.

Day	75°W												Mean Time												
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1																									
2																									
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27																									
28																									
29																									
30																									
31																									
Median																									
Count																									

Observed at Washington, D. C.
(Characteristic) Km (Unit)
Lat 38.7°N, Long 77.0°W

Sweep 10—Mc to 250 Mc in 1.35 sec.
Manual □ Automatic □

TABLE 83
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.
IONOSPHERIC DATA

Day	May 1955												May 1955												
	f ₀ F1 (Characteristic)		Mc (Unit)		Mc (Month)		Washington, D.C.		Lat 38.7°N., Long 77.1°W		75°W		Mean Time		75°W		Mean Time		75°W		Mean Time		75°W		
1	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
2																									
3																									
4																									
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31																									
Median																									
Count	8	25	28	30	31	31	28	30	31	31	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	

Form adopted June 1946

National Bureau of Standards
 (Institution) E.J.W., J.W.P., L.F.M., J.J.S.
 Scaled by: E.J.W., J.W.P., N.B., J.J.S.

Calculated by: E.J.W., J.W.P., N.B., J.J.S.

Manual Automatic
 Sweep 10 Mc in 13.5 sec.

TABLE 84
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D. C.
IONOSPHERIC DATA

h' E — **Km** — **May**, 1955
(Characteristic) (Unit) (Month)

Observed at **Washington, D. C.**

Lat **38.7°N**, Long **77.1°W**

Form adopted June 1946
National Bureau of Standards
Scaled by: **E. J. W., J. W. P., L. F. M., J. J. S.**
Calculated by: **E. J. W., J. W. P., N. B., J. J. S.**

	75°W												Mean Time												
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1																									
2																									
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unit																									
	110	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
	22	26	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	

Sweeplo — Mc 1025.0 Mc in 13.5 sec.
Manual □ Automatic □

TABLE 85
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D. C.

IONOSPHERIC DATA

Mc

May

(Month)

Washington, D. C.

Observed at Lat 38.77N, Long 77.10W

National Bureau of Standards
Scaled by: E.J.W., J.W.P., L.F.M., J.J.S.
Calculated by: E.J.W., J.W.P., N.B., J.J.S.

Day	75°W Mean Time											
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11
1	A	A	2.7H	[3.0]A	3.2	3.3H	[3.2]A	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.4
2	1.7	2.4	2.7H	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.9H	2.5	1.9	
3	(1.8)P	2.4	(2.7)A	(2.8)A	(3.0)A	(3.2)A	(3.2)P	3.3	[3.2]A	3.0	2.9H	(2.4)P
4	(1.8)H	2.4H	2.8	2.8	(3.1)P	(3.1)A	(3.1)P	2.8	A	A	2.9	1.8
5	A	2.3	2.6	(5.6)A	(2.8)A	A	A	A	3.3	3.2H	3.0	2.5
6	1.7	2.2H	2.8H	[2.7]A	(3.0)H	(3.1)A	(3.2)H	[3.2]A	3.1H	3.0K	2.8K	2.1H
7	A	(2.5)H	(2.8)H	2.9	3.0	3.1	(3.1)A	A	(2.7)A	(2.5)A	(1.7)S	
8	(1.7)H	2.3K	A	K	2.7K	3.1K	3.2K	(3.2)P	3.3K	3.1K	2.8K	2.5K
9	A	K	2.6K	H	A	K	A	K	3.3K	3.2K	2.9K	2.5K
10	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	3.2H	3.1	2.8	2.5
11	A	2.4H	2.6	2.9	3.0	A	A	A	A	A	3.0K	2.5K
12	A	2.5H	[2.8]A	(3.1)A	A	A	A	A	3.2	3.1	(2.8)A	2.5H
13	A	2.4	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.2H	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.6
14	A	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.1	A	A	(3.1)A	(3.0)A	3.0K	2.8K	2.4K
15	S	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	3.2K	3.0K	2.8K
16	(2.0)P	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.1	(3.1)P	3.2H	2.9	2.8K	2.8K	2.5K	2.1K
17	1.8K	2.5K	A	K	3.3H	A	(3.1)P	A	(2.8)P	A	2.7	2.5H
18	1.8	2.4	2.6H	2.8	A	A	A	3.3	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.7H
19	1.9	A	A	(3.2)A	A	A	3.5	(3.3)A	(3.2)A	(3.0)A	(2.6)S	2.1
20	A	2.5	A	A	A	A	(3.3)H	3.4	3.5	3.2H	2.9	2.5H
21	(2.0)A	2.4H	2.5	A	A	A	A	A	A	(2.9)A	(2.5)A	2.2
22	A	2.5	2.9H	3.0	A	A	A	3.4H	3.2H	A	2.9H	2.7
23	(2.0)A	2.5	[2.8]A	(3.1)A	(3.2)A	A	A	A	A	A	2.7	2.1
24	A	2.5	(2.9)A	(3.1)A	(3.2)A	A	A	A	A	A	2.7	
25	A	2.5	2.8	A	A	C	3.3H	3.3	3.3	(3.2)A	3.0H	2.9
26	A	2.5	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	2.8K	2.2K
27	A	2.5	(2.9)A	A	A	A	A	3.4	3.2	[3.2]A	3.1	2.2
28	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
29	A	2.5	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	2.2
30	1.9	2.5	2.8	A	C	3.3H	3.3	3.3	(3.2)A	3.0H	2.9	2.2
31	A	2.5	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Median		(1.9)	2.4	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.2	(3.2)	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.9
Count		13	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.7	11	13	16	20	20	18

Sweep IFO — Mc 1025.0 Mc in 135 sec.
Manual Automatic

Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D.C.

Form adopted June 1946
Scanned by E.J.W., J.W.P., L.F.M., J.J.S.
(Institution) Calculated by E.J.W., J.W.P., B.N., J.J.S.

TABLE 86
IONOSPHERIC DATA
Washington, D. C.
Lat 38.7°N, Long 77.1°W

Characteristic	Es	Mc-Km	May (Month)	75°W Mean Time											
				00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11
Observed at	38.7°N	Long 77.1°W													
Day	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14
1	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	3.1 Y 1.00	3.5 Y 1.00	3.6 Y 1.00	4.0 Y 1.00	3.5 Y 1.00	3.9 Y 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
2	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	2.0 1.20	9.0 Y 1.20	G G G G G G	G G G G G G	3.7 1.20	G G G G G G	3.9 1.10	2.9 1.20
3	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	3.1 1.30	3.0 1.10	3.3 1.10	3.3 1.10	G G G G G G	3.4 1.00	G G G G G G	3.7 1.00
4	<1.75 S	<1.75 S	<1.75 S	<1.75 S	<1.75 S	<1.75 S	<1.75 S	2.7 1.20	4.1 1.00	5.2 1.00	4.8 1.00	4.9 1.00	4.8 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
5	4.4/2.0	2.9/1.20	2.7/1.20	2.1/1.0	2.1/1.0	2.1/1.0	2.1/1.0	1.0 1.00	4.5 1.00	4.5 1.00	4.4 1.00	4.4 1.00	4.4 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
6	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	2.9 1.20	3.0 1.20	3.7 1.00	3.9 (3.8) 1.00	G G 5.1 Y 1.00	1.9 2.1/1.20	7.0 Y 1.00	3.6 1.20
7	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	1.9 1.20	1.9 1.20	2.0 1.20	2.0 1.20	2.0 1.20	2.0 1.20	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
8	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	3.2 Y 1.00	3.2 Y 1.00	3.2 Y 1.00	3.2 Y 1.00	3.2 Y 1.00	3.2 Y 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
9	3.3/1.30	3.7/1.10	4.9/1.00	4.5/1.00	3.4/1.00	3.5/1.00	3.6/1.00	5.8 1.00	5.0 1.00	4.9 1.00	4.9 1.00	4.9 1.00	4.9 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
10	7.2/1.00	9.2/1.00	4.0/1.00	2.8/1.00	2.4/1.00	2.7/1.00	2.7/1.00	1.0 1.00	1.0 1.00	1.0 1.00	1.0 1.00	1.0 1.00	1.0 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
11	<1.65 S	2.2/1.00	3.0/1.40	2.5/1.20	2.4/1.00	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S
12	2.4/2.0	2.4/1.00	2.4/1.00	2.6/1.00	3.0/1.00	3.0/1.00	3.3 H 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G	
13	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	2.2/1.30	2.3/1.00	2.4/1.00	2.7/1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
14	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S
15	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	2.8/1.00	2.8/1.00	4.5/1.04	31 1.04	31 1.04	31 1.04	31 1.04	31 1.04	31 1.04	G G G G G G	G G G G G G	
16	2.0/1.40	1.5/1.00	2.4/1.00	2.4/1.00	2.6/1.00	3.0/1.00	3.0/1.00	3.6 H 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	3.8 Y 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
17	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	2.4/1.00	2.4/1.00	2.4/1.00	2.4/1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	1.75 S 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
18	3.6/1.60	2.7/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	3.2/1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
19	3.8/1.70	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	4.1/1.75	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
20	-1.65 S	2.8/1.00	2.8/1.00	2.8/1.00	2.7/1.00	2.7/1.00	2.7/1.00	3.4 Y 1.00	4.5 Y 1.00	4.3 Y 1.00	3.3 Y 1.00	3.3 Y 1.00	3.3 Y 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
21	2.9/1.00	2.3/1.00	2.3/1.00	2.3/1.00	2.3/1.00	2.3/1.00	2.3/1.00	2.9/1.00	2.9/1.00	2.9/1.00	2.9/1.00	2.9/1.00	2.9/1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
22	3.5/1.00	3.6/1.00	3.6/1.00	C C	C C	C C	C C	3.7 1.10	4.2 Y 1.10	4.2 Y 1.10	4.0 1.00	4.0 1.00	4.0 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
23	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	3.8 H 1.00	3.8 H 1.00	3.8 H 1.00	3.8 H 1.00	3.8 H 1.00	3.8 H 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
24	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	2.1/1.00	3.4 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
25	3.6/1.70	3.6/1.70	3.4/1.70	3.4/1.70	3.4/1.70	3.4/1.70	3.4/1.70	3.2 H 1.00	3.2 H 1.00	3.2 H 1.00	3.2 H 1.00	3.2 H 1.00	3.2 H 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
26	-1.75 S	-1.75 S	-1.75 S	-1.75 S	-1.75 S	-1.75 S	-1.75 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
27	-1.65 S	-1.65 S	-1.65 S	-1.65 S	-1.65 S	-1.65 S	-1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
28	4.6/1.20	4.0/1.30	4.1/1.40	4.1/1.40	4.5/1.20	4.5/1.20	4.5/1.20	4.2 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	4.2 Y 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
29	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	<1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
30	3.1/1.00	<1.35 S	<1.35 S	<1.35 S	<1.35 S	<1.35 S	<1.35 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	1.65 S	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
31	<1.65 S	4.4/1.00	5.2/1.00	4.4/1.00	4.4/1.00	37 1.00	30 1.00	68 1.00	68 1.00	68 1.00	68 1.00	68 1.00	68 1.00	G G G G G G	G G G G G G
Count	31	31	30	30	30	30	30	27	31	31	31	31	31	31	31

Sweep 10 Mc in 1.5 sec.
Manual □ Automatic □

TABLE 87
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D. C.
IONOSPHERIC DATA

(M(1500)F2, (Characteristic)
(Unit) May 1955
Observed at Washington, D. C.

Lat 38.7°N, Long 77.1°W

Day	75°W Mean Time											
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11
1	(1.9)F	(1.9)F	(2.1)F	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.1F	2.0H	2.1	2.1	2.0
2	2.1F	2.0F	2.1F	2.2F	(2.2)S	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3V	2.3	2.1	2.0
3	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.2
4	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1
5	J ^A	(2.0)S	A	A	2.1F	2.3F	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.0H
6	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	(2.1)S	2.3	3.3	2.2	2.1F	G	G	1.7
7	1.9K	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.1
8	(1.9)S	(2.0)P	K	(2.0)P	F	K	(2.2)F	K	(2.5)S	G-K	G-K	1.7K
9	2.0F	A-K	2.1F	2.0K	2.2K	2.2K	2.3K	2.0K	(1.9)S	2.0K	1.9K	1.7K
10	A-K	2.1K	2.2F	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.1H	1.9	2.1	2.1
11	(2.1)F	2.1F	1.9F	2.0F	2.1F	2.4F	2.3	2.3	1.8	A	1.7	1.7K
12	2.2K	2.1F	2.0F	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.1
13	2.2F	(2.1)S	2.1F	2.2	2.0F	2.2	G	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.1	2.1
14	2.0	2.1	(2.0)S	(2.0)P	(2.0)P	2.2	2.2	(2.2)S	2.2F	(2.2)F	1.8	2.0
15	2.1K	2.2	2.1	A	(2.1)S	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7K
16	1.9K	2.1K	2.1F	(2.2)F	J S	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8K	1.9K	1.9K
17	2.2F	2.1F	2.0K	(2.0)S	2.2F	2.5K	2.4K	2.4K	2.3K	1.7K	1.8	1.8K
18	2.0	2.0	2.1F	2.2F	2.0F	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.3H	S	2.1	2.2
19	2.1F	2.2F	2.2	(2.2)A	2.3F	2.4	2.3H	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1
20	2.1	2.1F	(2.0)S	2.0	(2.0)S	2.0	1.9	2.4	2.2	(2.2)H	2.1	2.1
21	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.1H	2.1	2.1	2.1H	2.1	2.1
22	2.0	2.1	C	C	C	2.3	2.3	(2.0)H	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1
23	2.1	2.2F	2.2	2.2	2.3H	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1
24	2.1	2.1F	(2.1)S	(2.2)F	(2.3)S	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1
25	2.1	A	(2.1)A	2.2	2.4	(2.5)F	2.4H	2.1H	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.1
26	K(1.9)S	F-S	F-S	F-S	F-S	G-K	2.1K	G-K	G-K	A-K	1.8K	(1.8)A
27	K(2.2)F	K(2.1)F	K(2.0)S	K(2.0)F	K(1.9)F	2.0F	2.3	2.4	2.1H	2.1	1.8	1.9
28	1.9	1.9F	(1.9)F	(1.9)F	2.0	2.2	1.9	A	A	1.7	A-K	1.8K
29	K(2.0)S	1.9F	1.7	J F	(2.1)P	2.4	2.3	(2.2)H	2.1F	1.9F	1.7K	1.7K
30	(2.0)S	(1.9)S	F	(2.0)S	J F	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	C	1.9	2.0
31	2.1F	2.0F	A	(2.1)S	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
32	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
33	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0
34	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1
35	Count	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

Sweep 10 Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 sec.
Manual Automatic

GPB 85048

TABLE 89
IONOSPHERIC DATA

National Bureau of Standards
 Scaled by E.J.W., J.W.P., L.F.M., J.J.S.

(Institution) E.J.W., J.W.P., N.B., J.J.S.

Calculated by E.J.W., J.W.P., N.B., J.J.S.

Calculated by E.J.W., J.W.P., N.B., J.J.S.

May 1955

(Characteristic) (Unit)

Observed at **Washington, D.C.**

Lat **38.7°N**, Long **77.1°W**

Day	Mean Time													17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14					
1	Q	3.9	3.8 F	3.7	3.8	3.9 H	3.8	3.9 H	3.8	3.9 H	3.8	3.9 H	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.7			
2	Q	3.7	3.9 H	4.1	3.6 H	3.8 H	3.7	3.9 H	3.8	3.7 H	3.7	3.7 H	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	L			
3	L	3.8	3.7 H	4.0 H	3.9 H	3.8	3.7 H	3.8	3.8 H	3.8	3.8 H	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	L	L			
4	Q	(3.9) ^L	3.8 H	3.6 H	3.7	3.9	3.7 H	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.8 H	3.7	3.7 H	3.6 H	A	A				
5	Q	3.6	3.8	3.9	A	3.9 H	4.0 H	4.0 H	3.9 H	3.9 H	3.7 H	3.7 H	3.6	3.6	L	L				
6	Q	3.6	3.8 F	3.9	3.9	4.0 H	4.1 H	4.0 K	3.9 K	3.9 H	3.7 K	3.6 K	3.6 H	3.6 K	(3.3) ^L	K				
7	Q	L	3.9 H	3.6 H	(3.7) ^H	3.7 H	(4.0) A	(3.7) A	3.8 H	A	(3.7) A	(3.8) H	(3.8) K	(3.8) H	L					
8	Q	K	3.9 F	3.9 H	3.9 K	3.9 K	3.8 K	3.9 K	3.8 K	3.7 K	3.7 K	3.7 K	3.5 H	(3.6) ^L	K					
9	L	K	3.6 K	3.7 H	(4.2) ^S	(3.9) ^A	4.0 K	3.9 H	4.0 K	3.8 H	3.8 H	3.8 H	3.6 K	3.6 K	(3.6) ^L	K				
10	3.5	3.7	3.8 H	(3.7) ^L	3.8 H	4!	(4.2) ^S	3.8 H	3.9	3.8 H	3.9	3.9	3.9 H	3.7	3.7	L				
11	Q	(3.7) ^L	3.9	A	4!	4.0 K	4.1 K	4.2 K	A	K	(3.8) ^S	3.7 H	3.5 H	A	K	K				
12	L	(3.9) ^L	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	A					
13	3.5	3.7 H	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0 H	3.8 H	3.7	3.7	A	L					
14	L	(3.8) ^L	(3.9) ^S	(3.9) ^S	(3.9) ^S	4.1 H	4.1 H	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.7 K	A	K	3.7 K	L	K				
15	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.1 H	3.9 H	4.1	4.1 H	4.0 K	3.8 H	3.8 K	3.8 H	3.8 K	3.7 H	3.5 H	A	K	K			
16	3.6	3.7	3.9 H	3.9 H	4.0	A	N	A	4.0	3.7 H	3.8 H	3.7 K	3.7 K	3.7 K						
17	L	K	3.7 K	4.1 K	3.9 K	4.0 K	3.9 H	4.0	4.0	3.8 H	3.8 H	3.6	3.9	3.8						
18	L	(3.9) ^L	4.1	4.3 H	4.3 H	4.2 H	3.9 H	3.9 H	3.9 H	3.9 H	3.9 H	3.8	3.8	3.7	L					
19	L	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.9 H	3.9 H	4.0 H	3.9 H	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.8 H	3.6 H	3.7 H	L					
20	(3.7) ^L	3.6	A	A	4.0 H	3.9 H	4.0 H	(4.1) H	(4.0) H	3.9 H	(3.9) S	3.8	L							
21	(3.8) ^L	3.8	A	A	3.9 H	4.1	4.0 H	3.8 H	3.8 H	3.9 H	3.9	3.8	3.8 H	(3.8) ^L						
22	L	3.9	4.0 H	(3.9) ^H	3.9 H	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.6	3.7 H	A	L						
23	L	L	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.1 H	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	L						
24	L	4.0	3.9 H	3.9 H	3.9 H	3.9 H	A	4.0	3.7	3.8 H	3.9 H	A	A							
25	L	A	A	4.1	4.1	4.1	A	A	3.9 H	3.8	3.7	3.5	L							
26	3.8 H	3.9 K	4.1 H	4.2 K	4.1 K	A	K	A	3.8 K	3.9 K	3.8 K	3.7 H	(3.6) ^L	K						
27	Q	3.6	3.8 H	3.9	4.1	4.1	3.9 H	3.9 H	3.8 H	3.8 H	3.9	3.6 H	3.7	L						
28	(3.5) ^L	A	(4.1) A	4.1	A	K	4.2 H	3.8 K	4.0 H	3.8 K	3.7 H	3.8 H	L	K						
29	L	3.8	J4	3.6	3.9 H	4.1 H	4.0	3.8 H	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.8	(3.7) ^L	A						
30	L	L	3.8	3.9	C	4.1 H	3.9 H	4.0	3.8 H	3.7	3.6	3.8	L							
31	L	A	A	A	4.0	3.9	A	A	A	3.8 H	3.7 H	3.7	A							
			3.6	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	—						
			8	24	25	27	29	30	26	28	29	29	29	25	10					
			edition																	
			count																	

11500) E
(Characteristic)
May
(Month)
Washington, D. C.
Served at

TABLE 90
Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Washington 25, D. C.
IONOSPHERIC DATA

Form adopted June 1946

National Bureau of Standards

Scaled by: E. J. W., J. W. P., L. F. M., J. J. S.

Calculated by: E. J. W., J. W. P., N. B., J. J. S.

75°W Mean Time

y	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
1	A	A	<u>4.3</u> H	A	<u>4.5</u> H	<u>4.6</u> H	A	<u>4.5</u> H	<u>4.6</u> H	A	<u>4.5</u> H	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.5</u> H	<u>4.4</u>												
2			<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.5</u> H	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>			
3			<u>(4.5)</u> P	<u>4.5</u>	<u>(4.5)</u> A	<u>(4.6)</u> A	<u>(4.5)</u> P	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.4</u>												
4			<u>(4.2)</u> H	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.6</u>	<u>(4.6)</u> P	<u>(4.6)</u> A	<u>(4.6)</u> A	<u>(4.6)</u> P	<u>4.5</u>														
5			A	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<u>4.4</u>								
6				<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u> H	<u>4.5</u> H	<u>4.5</u> H	<u>(4.5)</u> A	<u>(4.5)</u> A	<u>(4.5)</u> H																
7			A	<u>(4.3)</u> H	<u>(4.3)</u> A	<u>(4.3)</u> A	<u>(4.3)</u> H	<u>(4.3)</u> A	<u>(4.3)</u> H	<u>(4.3)</u> A	<u>(4.3)</u> H															
8				<u>(4.3)</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>A</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.5</u> K	<u>4.4</u> K								
9			A	K	A	K	<u>4.6</u> H	<u>A</u> K																		
10			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<u>4.5</u> H	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>		
11			A	<u>4.3</u> H	<u>4.4</u>																					
12			A	<u>4.3</u> H	<u>A</u>	<u>(4.4)</u> A	<u>A</u>																			
13			A	<u>4.3</u> H	<u>4.5</u>																					
14				<u>(4.5)</u> P	<u>4.5</u>																					
15			A	<u>4.4</u>																						
16				<u>(4.4)</u> A	<u>(4.5)</u> A																					
17			A	<u>4.4</u>	<u>4.4</u>																					
18				<u>(4.4)</u> A	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>																				
19			A	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>																					
20				<u>(4.5)</u> P	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>																				
21			A	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>																					
22				<u>(4.5)</u> A	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>																			
23			A	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>																				

Sweep LO — Mc to 25.0 Mc in 13.5 sec.
Manual □ Automatic ■

GPO 81-648

Table 91

Ionospheric Storminess at Washington, D. C.May 1955

Day	Ionospheric character*		Principal storms		Geomagnetic character**	
	00-12 GCT	12-24 GCT	Beginning GCT	End GCT	00-12 GCT	12-24 GCT
1	3	2			2	1
2	1	2			1	2
3	1	2			2	2
4	0	3			1	2
5	3	1			2	3
6	1	5	1300	----	4	4
7	1	3	----	0000	4	3
8	2	3	0200	----	4	4
9	3	5	----	----	2	2
10	2	2	----	0100	3	2
11	2	5	1100	----	2	1
12	1	1	----	0100	2	2
13	1	2			3	2
14	1	4	1400	----	3	2
15	2	4	----	0000	2	2
			1300	----		
16	3	5	----	0100	4	1
			1500	----		
17	4	3	----	1000	2	1
18	3	2			1	2
19	0	2			1	1
20	1	2			2	2
21	2	3			1	2
22	2	1			2	2
23	1	1			1	1
24	1	2			2	2
25	2	1			1	5
26	3	5	0000	----	6	2
27	1	1	----	0300	2	4
28	2	5	1100	----	5	3
29	2	2	----	0000	3	2
30	1	1			1	2
31	2	1			2	2

*Ionosphere character figure (I-figure) for ionospheric storminess at Washington, D. C., during 12-hour period, on an arbitrary scale of 0 to 9, 9 representing the greatest disturbance.

**Average for 12 hours of Cheltenham, Maryland, geomagnetic K-figures on an arbitrary scale of 0 to 9, 9 representing the greatest disturbance.

----Dashes indicate continuing storm.

Erratum: In table 91 of F129, the storm listed as beginning at 0200 on the 25th began at 0200 on the 26th of April.

Table 92Sudden Ionosphere Disturbances Observed at Washington, D. C.May 1955

1955 Day	GCT		Location of transmitters	Relative intensity at minimum*	Other phenomena
	Beginning	End			
May 27	1545	1630	Ohio, England, Mexico, North Dakota	0.02	Solar flare** 1540

*Ratio of received field intensity during SID to average field intensity before and after, for station KQ2XAU (formerly W8XAL), 6080 kilocycles, 600 kilometers distant.

**Time of observation at Sacramento Peak, New Mexico.

Table 93
Sudden Ionosphere Disturbances Reported by the Netherlands Postal and Telecommunication Services, as Observed at Nederhorst den Berg, Netherlands
April 1955

1955 Day	GCT		Location of transmitters	Other phenomena
	Beginning	End		
April 26	1706	1718	Washington, Paramaribo, Karachi	Reinforcement (of atmospheric long-wave noise) 1706-1712

Note: Observers are invited to send to the CRPL information on times of beginning and end of sudden ionosphere disturbances for publication as above. Address letters to the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, Boulder, Colorado; Attention: Mr. Vaughn Agy.

Table 94a

Radio Propagation Quality Figures

(Including Comparisons with Short-Term and Advance Forecasts)

North Atlantic Path - April 1955

Day	North Atlantic 6-hourly quality figures				Short-term forecasts issued about one hour in advance of:	Whole day quality index	Advance forecasts (J-reports) for whole day; issued in advance by:			Geomag- netic K _{Ch}						
	00	06	12	18			00	06	12	18	1-4 days	4-7 days	8-25 days	Half Day (1)	Day (2)	
	to 06	to 12	to 18	to 24												
1	(4)	(4)	6	6	(4)	(4)	6	6			5	(4)	6	3	2	
2	(4)	(3)	6	6	5	5	6	6			(4)	(4)	6	3	3	
3	(4)	(4)	6	6	5	5	6	6			5	5	5	3	2	
4	(4)	(4)	7	6	5	5	7	6			5	5	5	2	3	
5	5	(3)	7	6	5	(4)	6	6			5	6	5	3	3	
6	5	(4)	6	7	5	(4)	7	6			5	(4)	(4)	X	3	2
7	5	(4)	6	7	6	(4)	7	6			6	(4)	(4)	X	(4)	2
8	5	(4)	7	7	5	5	7	6			6	5	5	2	2	
9	5	(4)	7	7	6	5	7	7			6	6	6	2	1	
10	6	(4)	7	7	6	6	7	7			6	6	6	1	2	
11	6	5	7	7	7	6	7	7			6	6	6	3	2	
12	5	(4)	7	6	6	6	7	7			6	6	5	3	2	
13	5	(4)	7	6	6	6	7	6			5	6	5	3	3	
14	5	5	7	7	6	5	7	6			6	6	5	3	1	
15	6	6	7	7	6	6	7	7			6	6	7	2	2	
16	6	5	7	7	7	6	7	7			7	6	7	1	2	
17	7	5	7	7	7	6	7	7			7	6	6	2	2	
18	7	(4)	7	7	7	6	7	7			6	6	6	0	1	
19	7	5	7	7	7	6	7	7			7	6	6	1	1	
20	6	5	7	7	7	5	7	7			6	6	6	3	2	
21	6	5	7	7	6	5	7	7			6	6	6	2	2	
22	6	6	7	7	7	6	7	7			7	6	6	3	2	
23	6	5	7	7	7	6	7	7			7	6	6	1	1	
24	7	5	7	7	7	6	7	6			7	7	7	2	(4)	
25	6	6	7	7	5	5	7	7			6	7	7	2	2	
26	5	(4)	6	6	6	5	6	6			5	6	6	3	3	
27	5	(4)	6	(4)	5	(4)	6	6			5	6	6	3	(4)	
28	(2)	(2)	5	5	(3)	(2)	(4)	(4)			(3)	6	6	(4)	(4)	
29	(3)	(3)	6	6	(2)	(2)	5	5			(4)	(3)	6	(4)	3	
30	(3)	(2)	6	7	(4)	(4)	6	6			(4)	6	(4)	(4)	3	
Score:		P	11	5	25	20					12	12				
Quiet Periods		S	12	7	5	9					13	13				
		U	0	0	0	0					0	0				
		F	0	0	0	0					1	1				
Disturbed Periods		P	1	5	0	0					2	0				
		S	6	7	0	0					1	0				
		U	0	2	0	0					0	0				
		F	0	4	0	1					1	4				

Scales:

Q-scale of Radio Propagation Quality

- (1) - useless
- (2) - very poor
- (3) - poor
- (4) - poor to fair
- 5 - fair
- 6 - fair to good
- 7 - good
- 8 - very good
- 9 - excellent

K-scale of Geomagnetic Activity

0 to 9, 9 representing the greatest disturbance; K_{Ch} ≥ 4 indicates significant disturbance, enclosed in () for emphasis

Scoring: (beginning October 1952)

- P - Perfect: forecast quality equal to observed
- S - Satisfactory: (beginning October 1952) forecast quality one grade different from observed
- U - Unsatisfactory: forecast quality two or more grades different from observed when both forecast and observed were ≥ 5, or both ≤ 5
- F - Failure: other times when forecast quality two or more grades different from observed

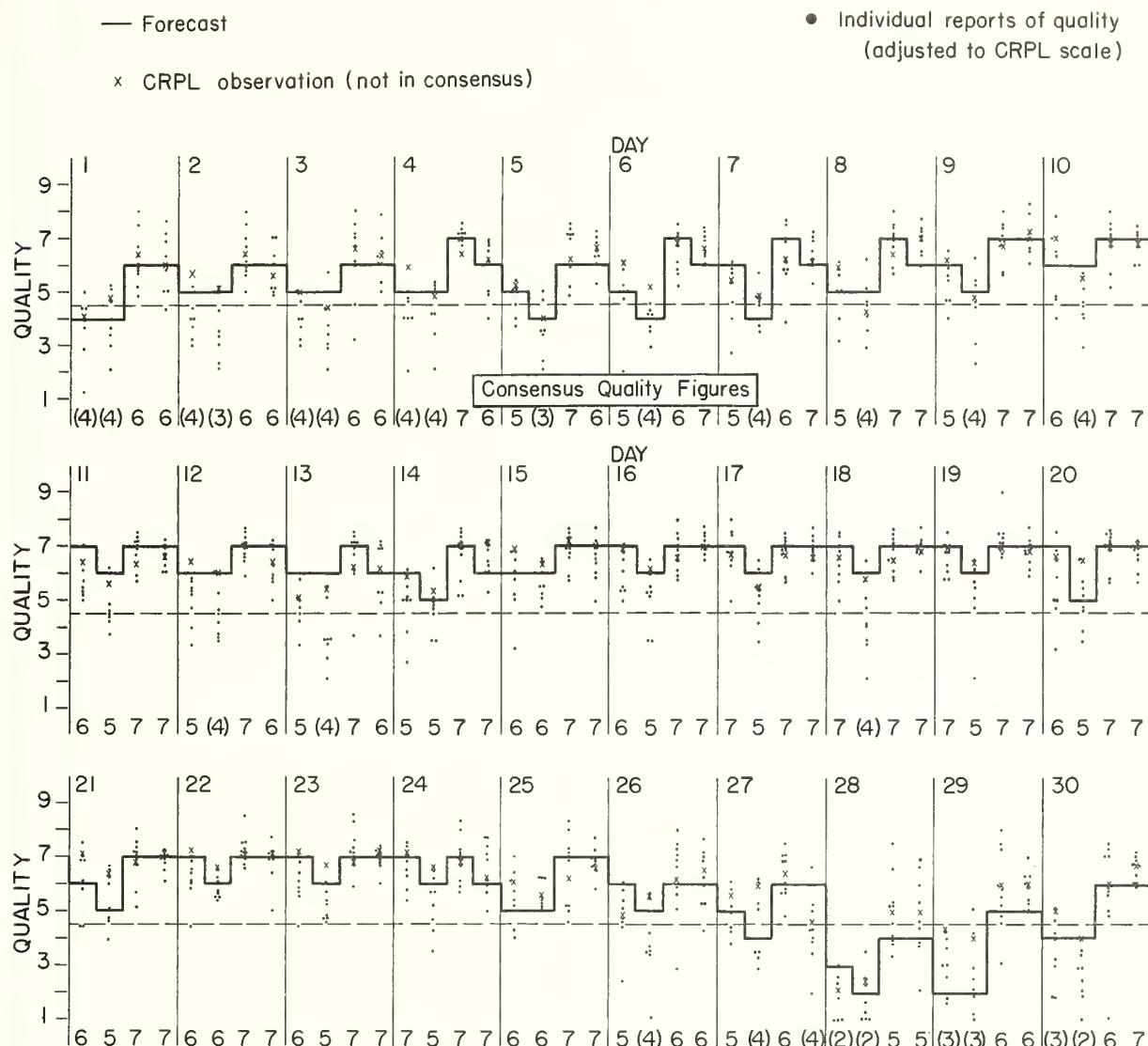
Symbols:

X - probable disturbed date

Note: All times are UT (Universal Time or GCT)

Table 94b

Short-Term Forecasts — April 1955



Outcome of Advance Forecasts (1 to 4 Days Ahead) — April 1955

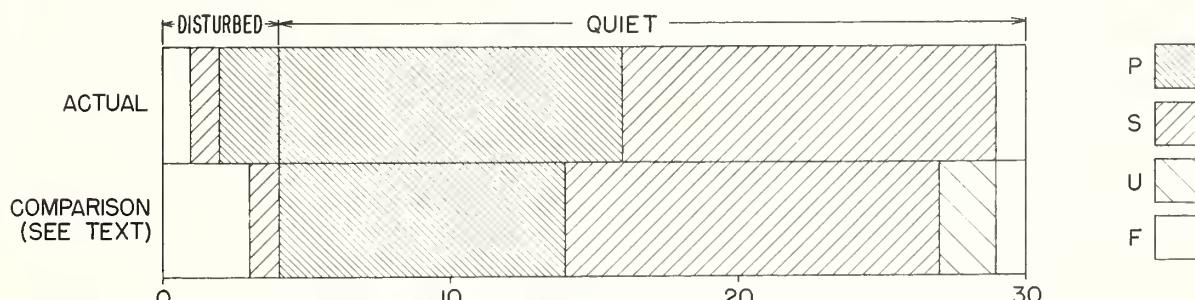


Table 101
Zürich Provisional Relative Sunspot Numbers

May 1955

Date	RZ*	Date	RZ*
1	23	17	29
2	21	18	32
3	32	19	34
4	45	20	45
5	44	21	60
6	28	22	51
7	20	23	55
8	17	24	50
9	0	25	46
10	0	26	47
11	9	27	47
12	7	28	47
13	0	29	45
14	0	30	36
15	7	31	24
16	16	Mean:	29.6

* Dependent on observations at Zürich Observatory and its stations at Locarno and Arosa.

Table 102
American Relative Sunspot Numbers
April 1955

Date	R _{A'}	Date	R _{A'}
1	12	17	5
2	2	18	0
3	6	19	0
4	7	20	3
5	21	21	2
6	32	22	1
7	29	23	1
8	26	24	1
9	15	25	0
10	9	26	2
11	3	27	14
12	0	28	21
13	1	29	25
14	0	30	26
15	13	Mean:	
16	13	9.7	

Table 103Solar Flares, May 1955

Observatory	Date	Time Observed		Duration (Min)	Area (Mill) (of Visible) (Hemisph)	Position		Time of Maximum (GCT)	Int. Maxi- mum (Deg)	Relative Area of Maximum (Tenths)	Importance SID Observed
		Begin- (GCT)	End- (GCT)			Latit- ude (Deg)	Long- itude (Deg)				
S. Peak	May 6	1530	1605	35	40	S34	E42	1551	1.3	0.5	(1-) No-Wash.
S. Peak	May 26	1640	1655	15	90	N30	E34	1650	1.1	0.2	(1-) No-Wash.
S. Peak	May 27	1540	1605	25	98	N31	E22	1546	1.5	0.6	(1-) Yes
S. Peak	Jan 23*	1845	1910	25	37	N30	E14	1855	1.0	0.8	(1-)
S. Peak	Jan 23*	2230	2245	15	102	N30	E12	2234	1.2	0.6	(1-)

* The two small flares of Jan. 23 should have appeared in CRPL-126.

S. Peak = Sacramento Peak.

() Importance rating deduced by CRPL
from the reported observations.

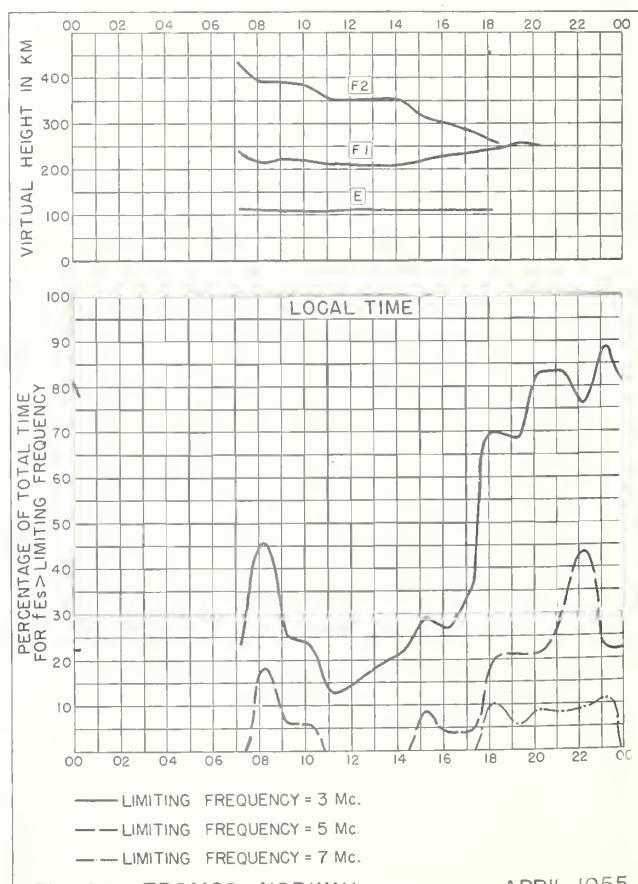
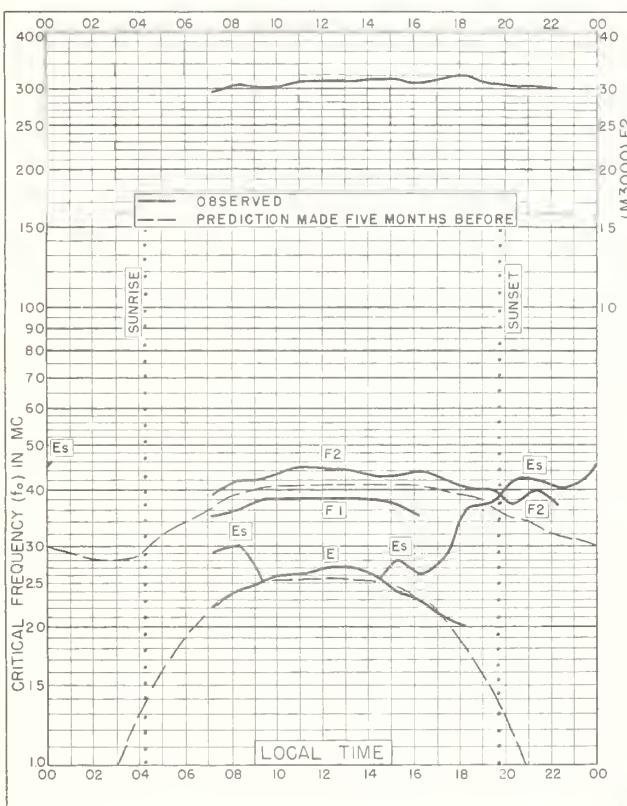
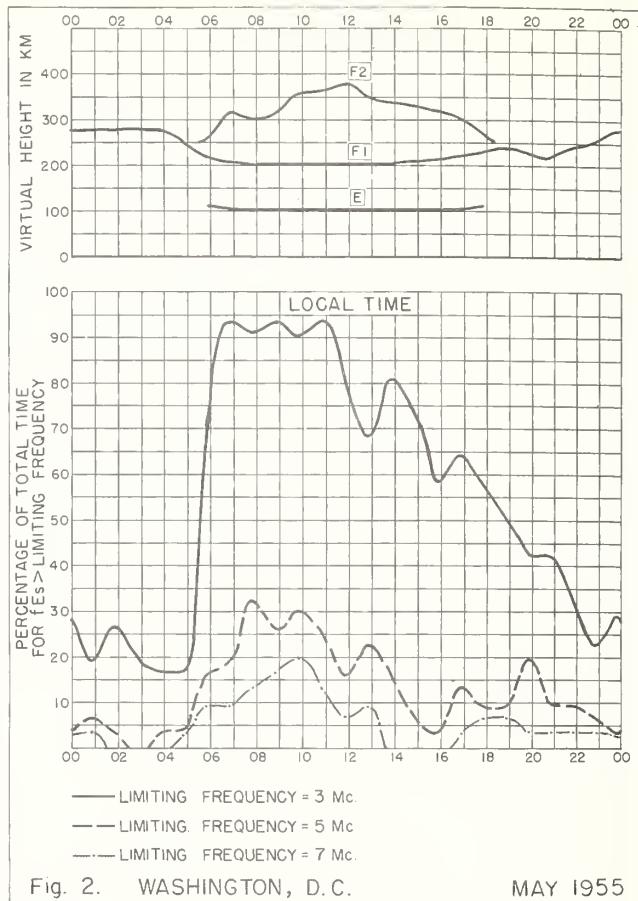
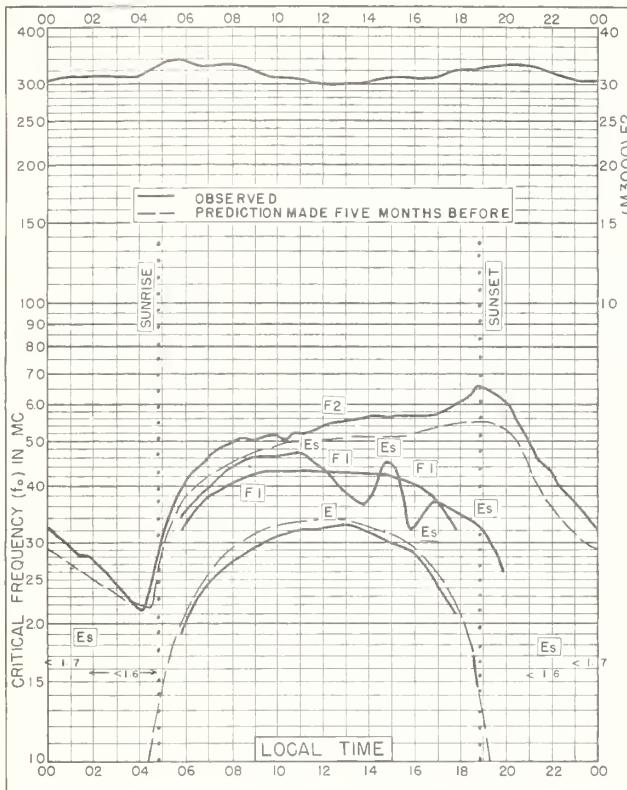
Table 104

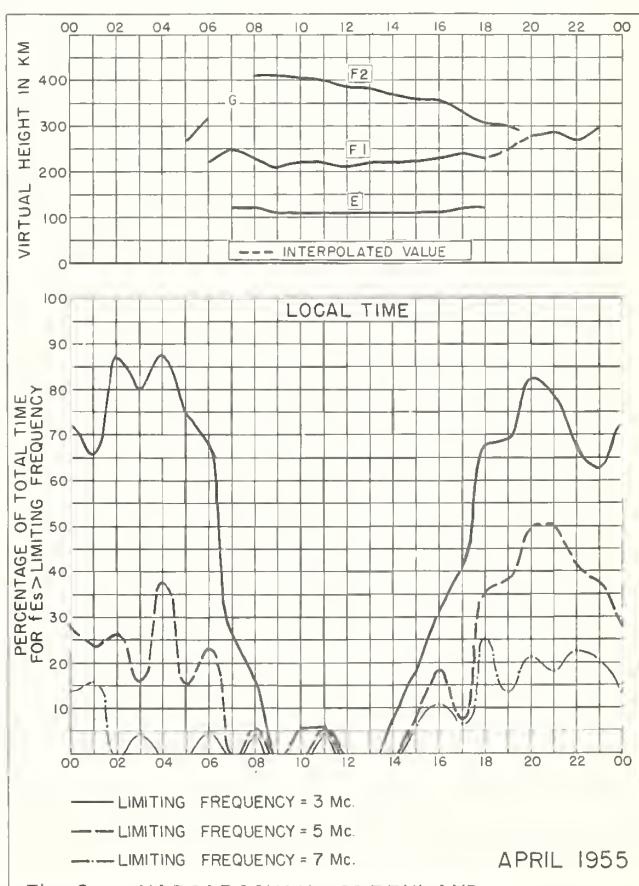
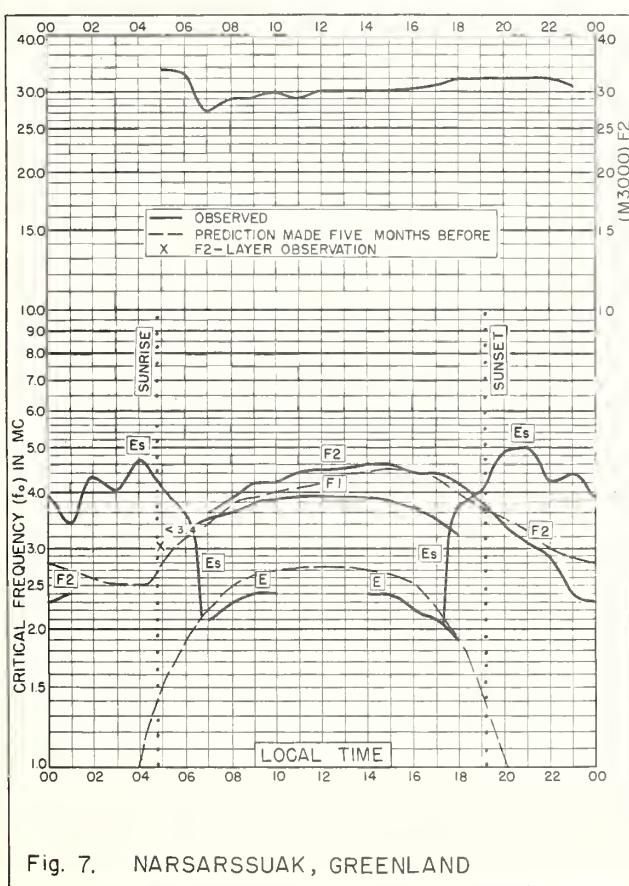
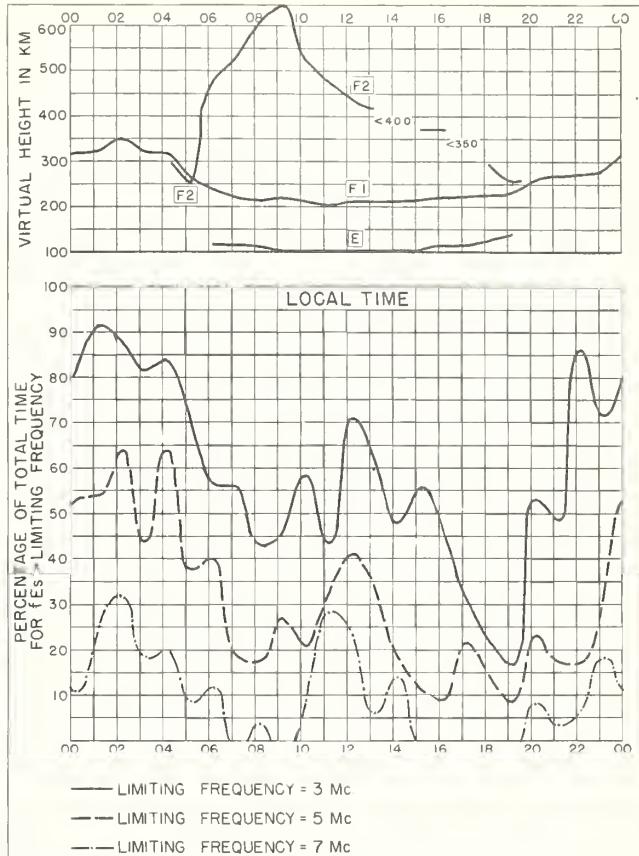
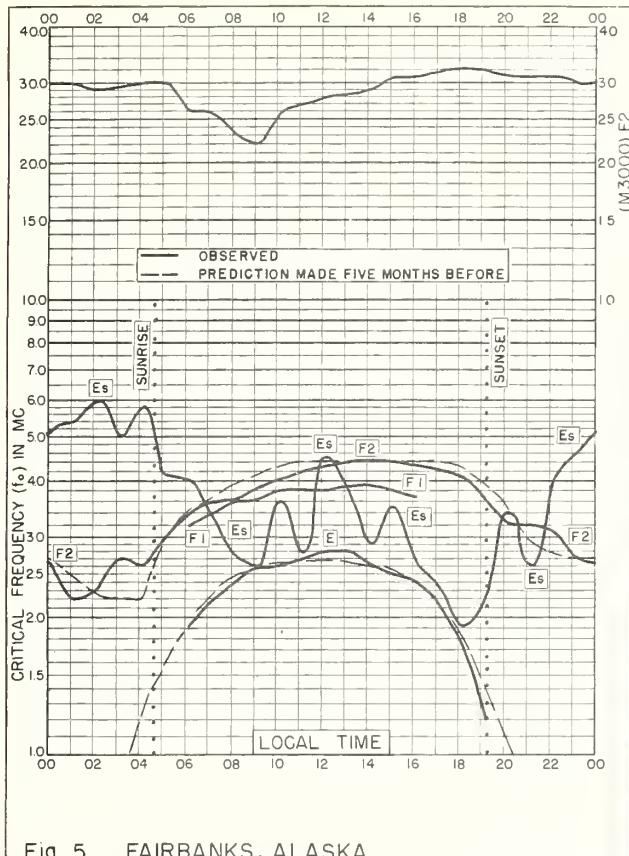
Indices of Geomagnetic Activity for April 1955

Preliminary values of international character-figures, C;
 Geomagnetic planetary three-hour-range indices, Kp;
 Daily "equivalent amplitude", Ap;
 Magnetically selected quiet and disturbed days

Apr. 1955	C	Values Kp								Sum	A _p	Final Selected Days
		Three-hour Gr.		interval								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8					
1	1.1	3+	3+	3-	30	20	10	1+	50	22-	16	Five
2	1.1	30	3+	3-	3-	4-	30	30	40	25+	17	Quiet
3	0.8	2+	3-	3-	3+	30	3-	2+	2-	21-	12	
4	1.0	20	20	2-	4-	3-	3+	4-	40	230	15	16
5	1.0	4+	30	4-	30	5-	2-	30	2-	250	19	17
												18
6	0.9	4-	4-	20	4-	30	3-	10	4-	23+	16	19
7	1.0	4+	40	3+	40	2+	20	3-	3-	25+	18	23
8	0.4	20	3-	30	10	1+	20	1+	2+	16-	8	
9	0.3	2-	2+	1+	1+	0+	0+	1-	30	110	6	
10	0.6	10	0+	0+	4-	40	30	1+	2+	160	11	
11	0.4	20	3+	3-	2-	20	20	1+	2-	17-	8	Five
12	0.7	30	3+	2+	2+	30	1+	2+	3-	20+	12	Disturbed
13	1.0	40	40	3-	20	20	2+	2+	40	23+	16	
14	0.2	3-	30	2+	2+	2-	1-	0+	1-	14-	7	5
15	0.4	1+	1+	1+	10	2+	20	10	10	11+	5	7
												27
16	0.1	1-	10	10	1-	1+	1-	20	2-	90	4	28
17	0.2	1-	1-	20	20	2+	10	2-	1-	110	5	29
18	0.1	0+	00	00	1-	10	2-	1-	0+	5-	2	
19	0.0	1+	20	1-	0+	1-	1-	10	10	8-	4	Ten
20	0.5	20	3-	4-	1-	2-	20	2-	1+	15-	8	Quiet
21	0.4	1+	2-	2+	2-	3-	20	1+	20	150	7	9
22	0.6	2+	3+	2-	20	10	10	2+	1+	150	5	14
23	0.0	00	0+	0+	1+	1+	10	0+	0+	50	3	15
24	1.3	2-	20	2-	2-	50	40	4-	4+	240	19	16
25	0.9	3-	3+	2-	1+	3-	3-	3+	3-	20+	12	17
												18
26	1.0	4-	3+	3+	4-	20	2-	30	40	25-	17	19
27	1.7	4-	3+	3-	1-	1+	5-	8-	7+	31+	54	21
28	1.6	70	4-	5-	40	3-	3+	4+	6-	35+	44	22
29	1.3	50	4-	3+	4-	4-	4-	4+	4+	32-	27	23
30	0.9	4+	40	2+	3+	20	20	3-	3+	240	16	
Mean:	0.72									Mean: 14		

GRAPHS OF IONOSPHERIC DATA





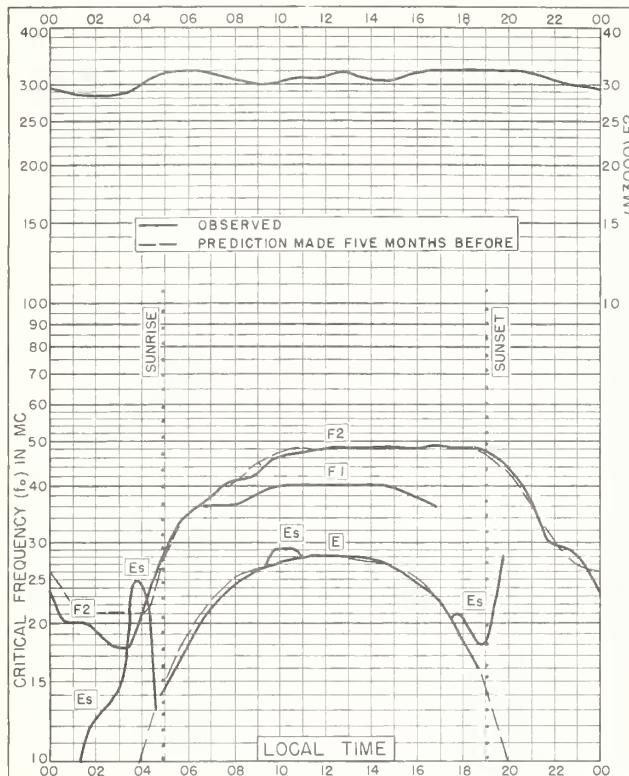


Fig. 9. OSLO, NORWAY
60.0°N, 11.1°E APRIL 1955

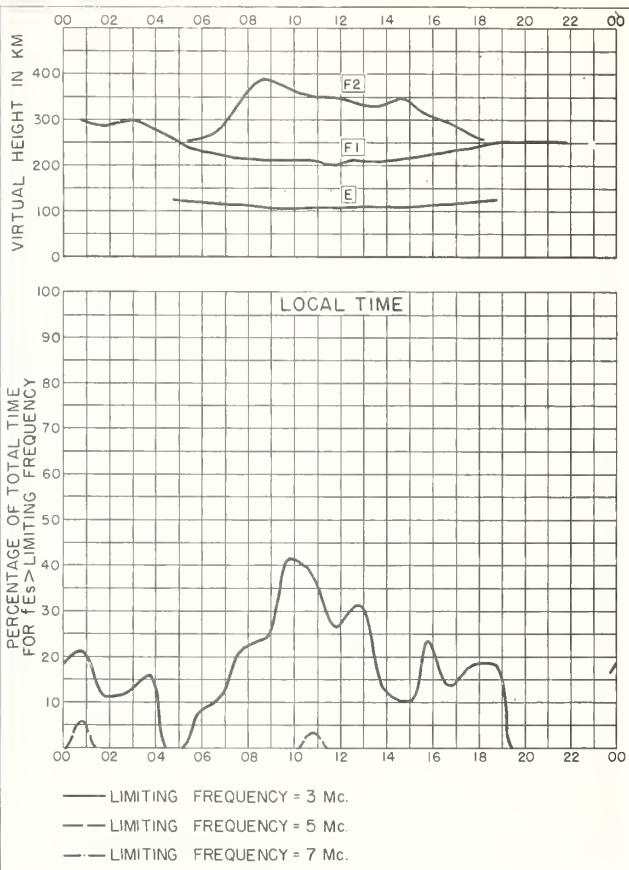


Fig. 10. OSLO, NORWAY APRIL 1955

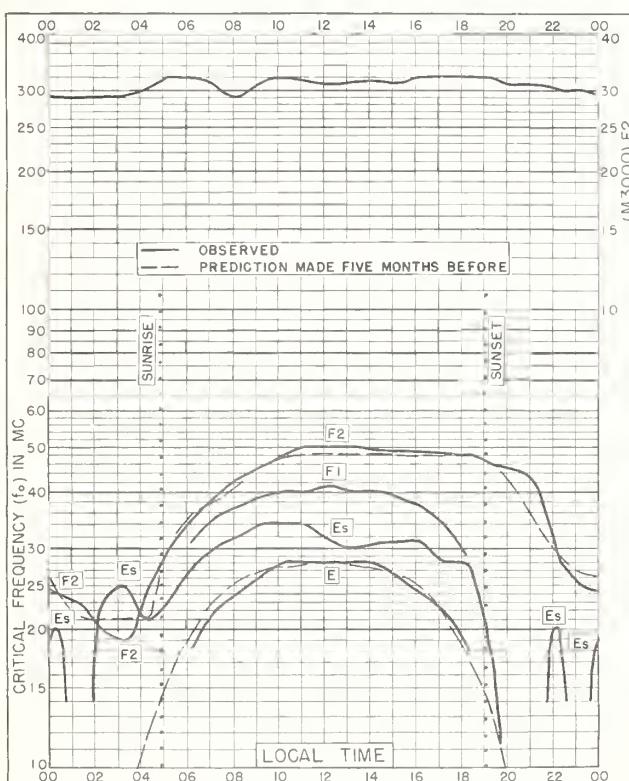


Fig. 11. UPSALA, SWEDEN
59.8°N, 17.6°E APRIL 1955

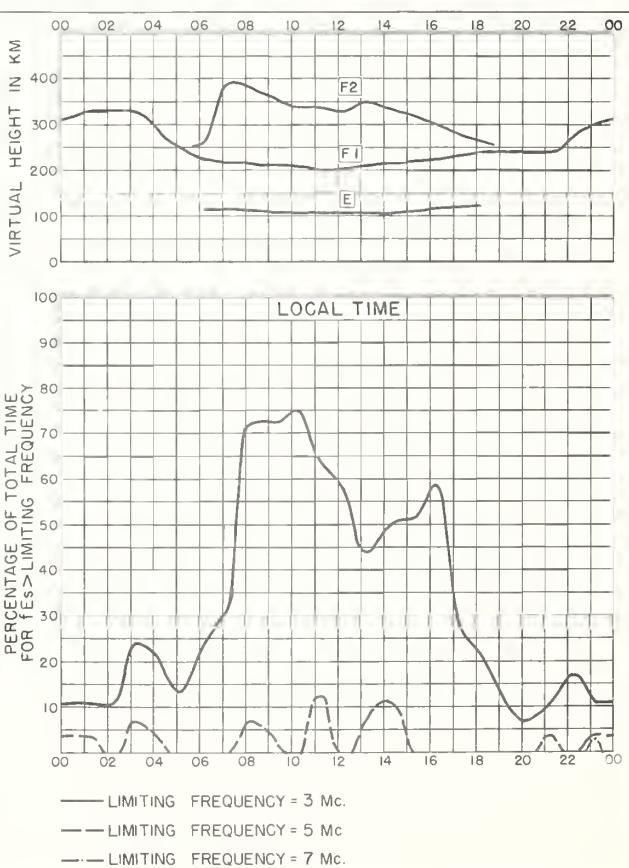


Fig. 12. UPSALA, SWEDEN APRIL 1955

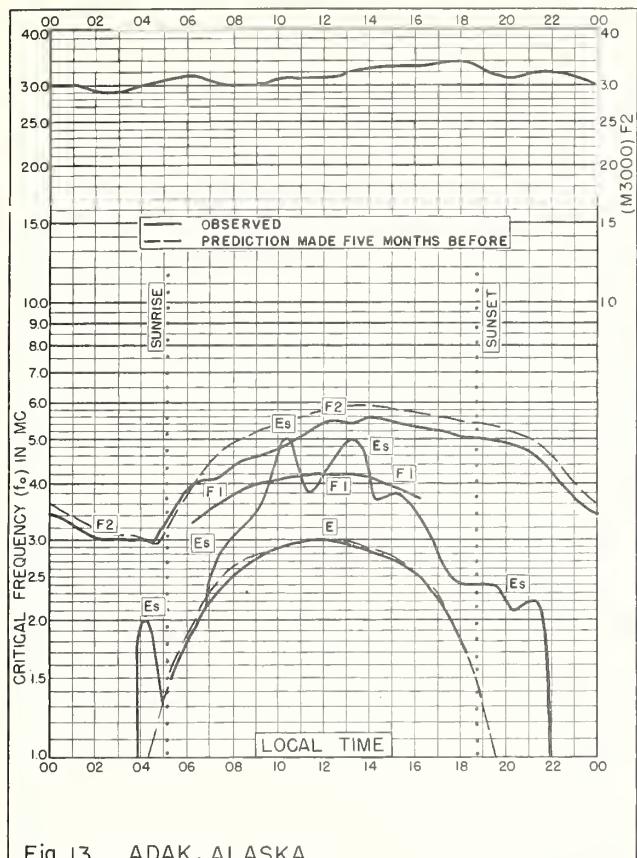


Fig. 13. ADAK, ALASKA
51.9°N, 176.6°W APRIL 1955

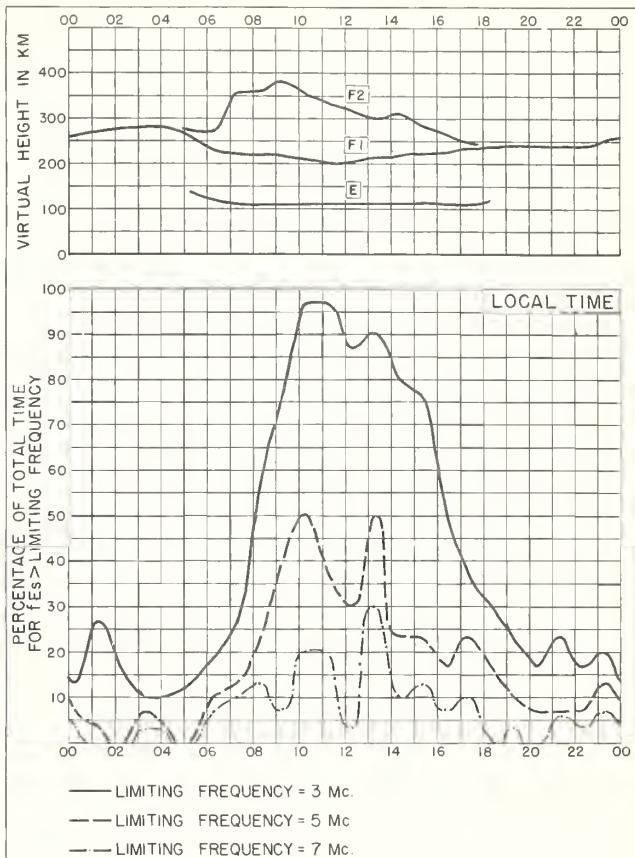


Fig. 14. ADAK, ALASKA APRIL 1955

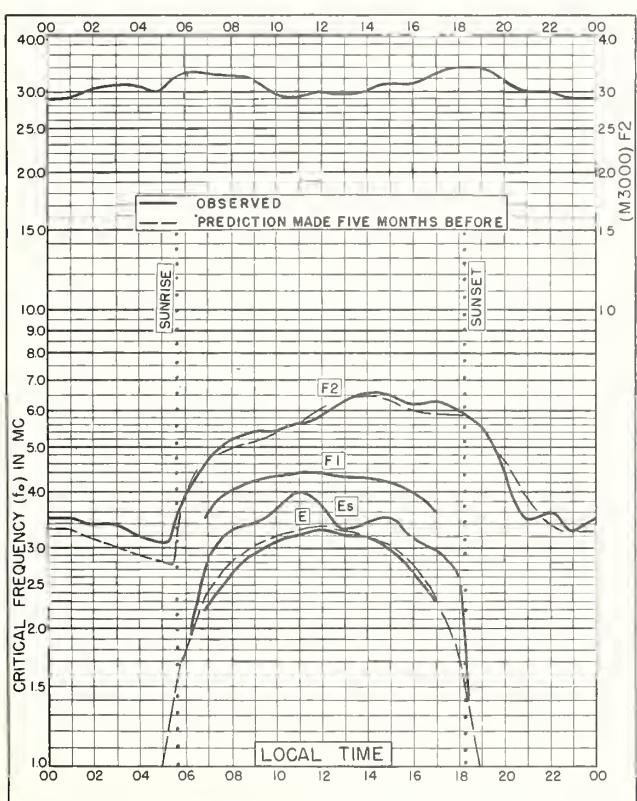


Fig. 15. WHITE SANDS, NEW MEXICO
32.3°N, 106.5°W APRIL 1955

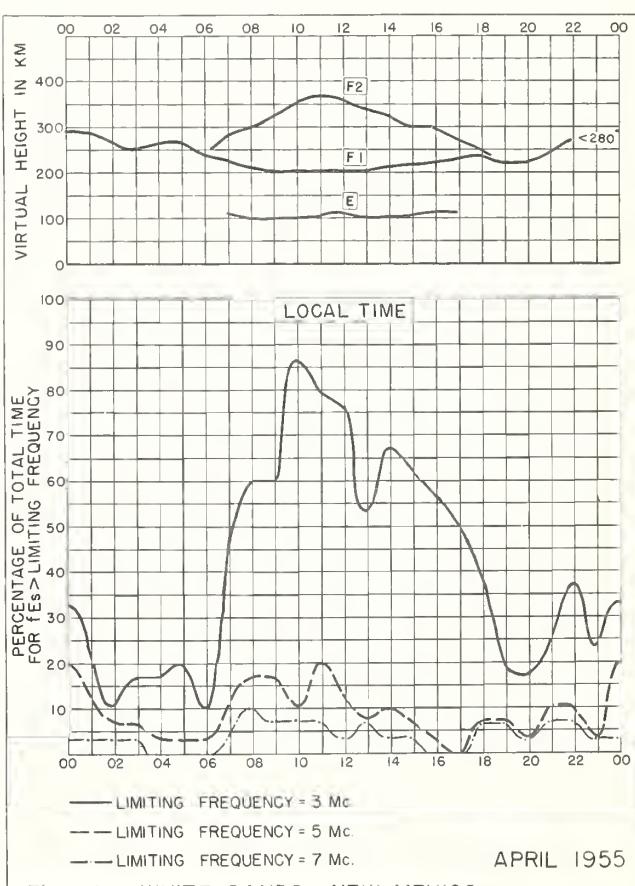


Fig. 16. WHITE SANDS, NEW MEXICO APRIL 1955

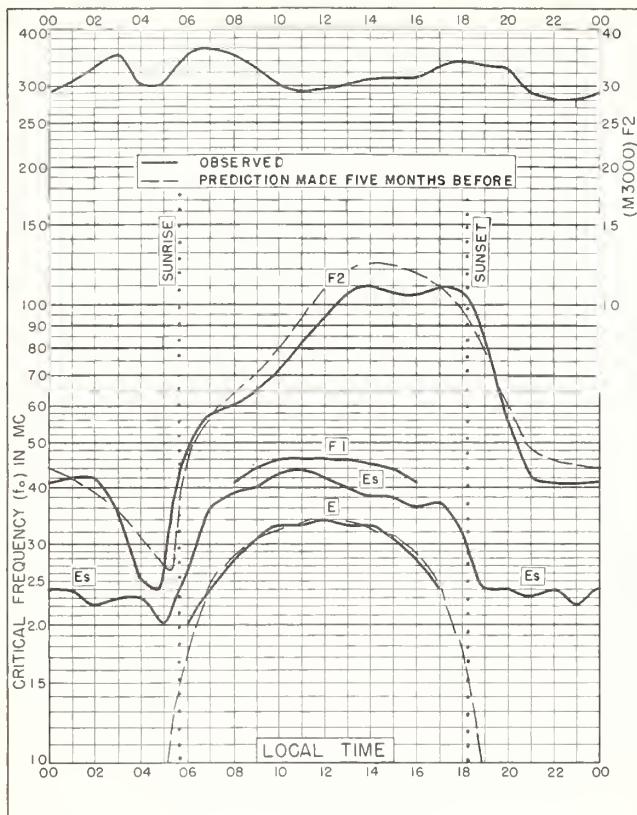


Fig. 17. OKINAWA I.

26.3°N, 127.8°E

APRIL 1955

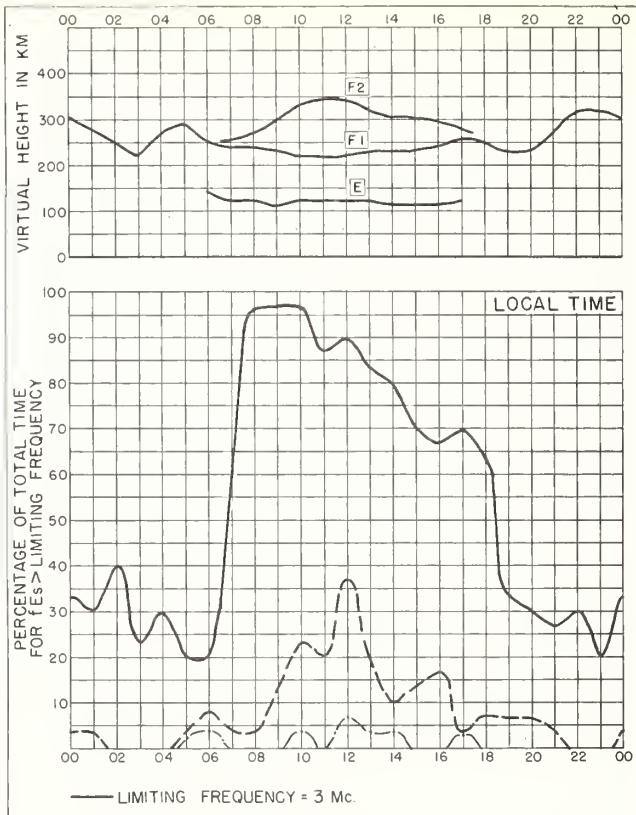


Fig. 18. OKINAWA I.

APRIL 1955

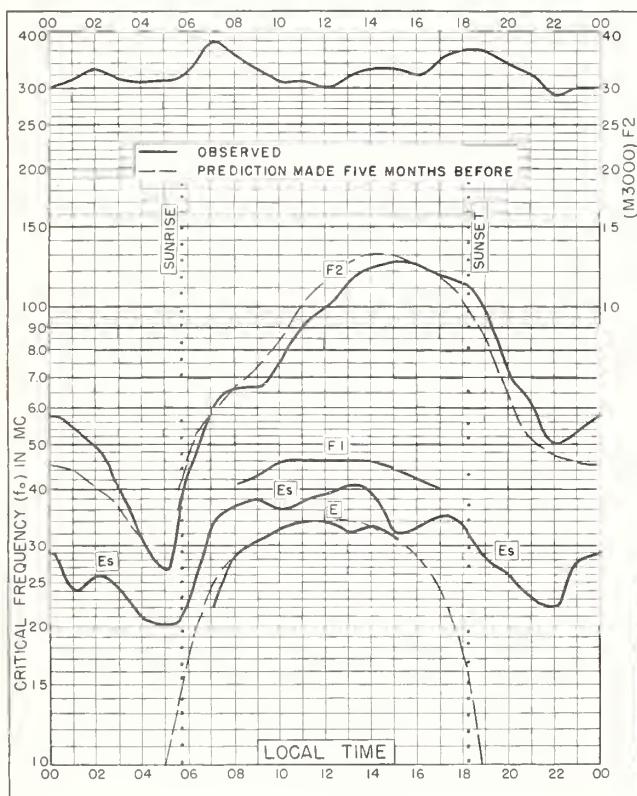


Fig. 19. FORMOSA, CHINA

25.0°N, 121.5°E

APRIL 1955

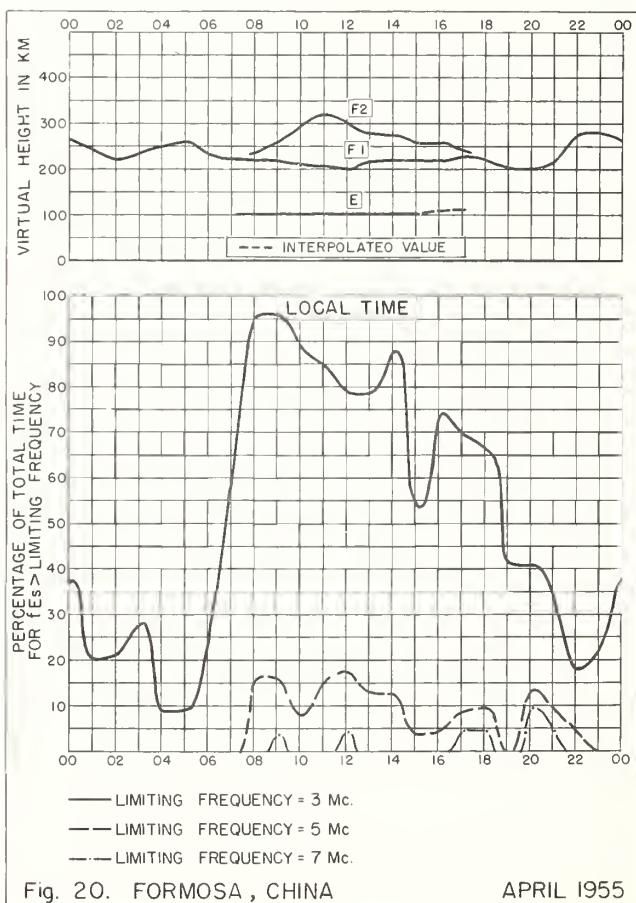


Fig. 20. FORMOSA, CHINA

APRIL 1955

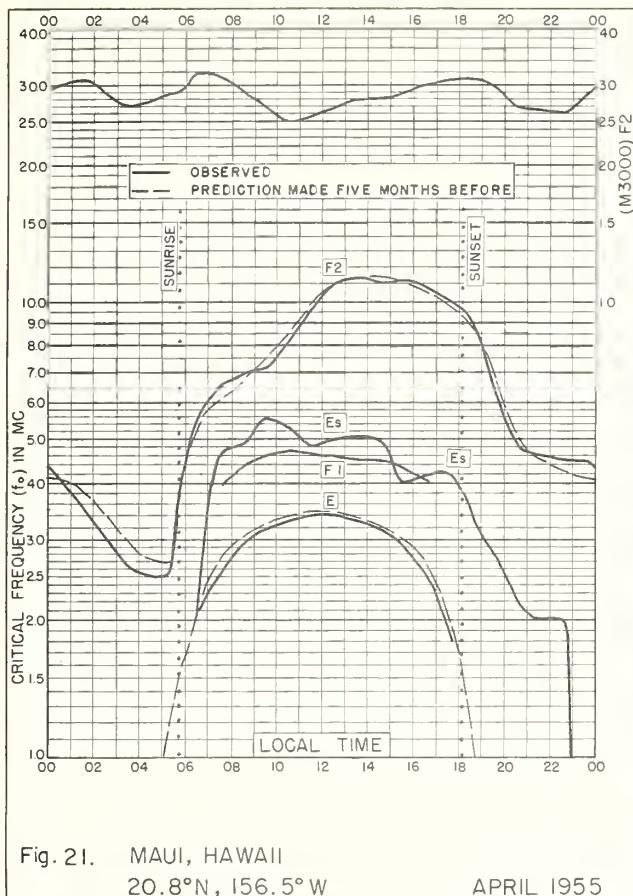


Fig. 21. MAUI, HAWAII
20.8°N, 156.5°W APRIL 1955

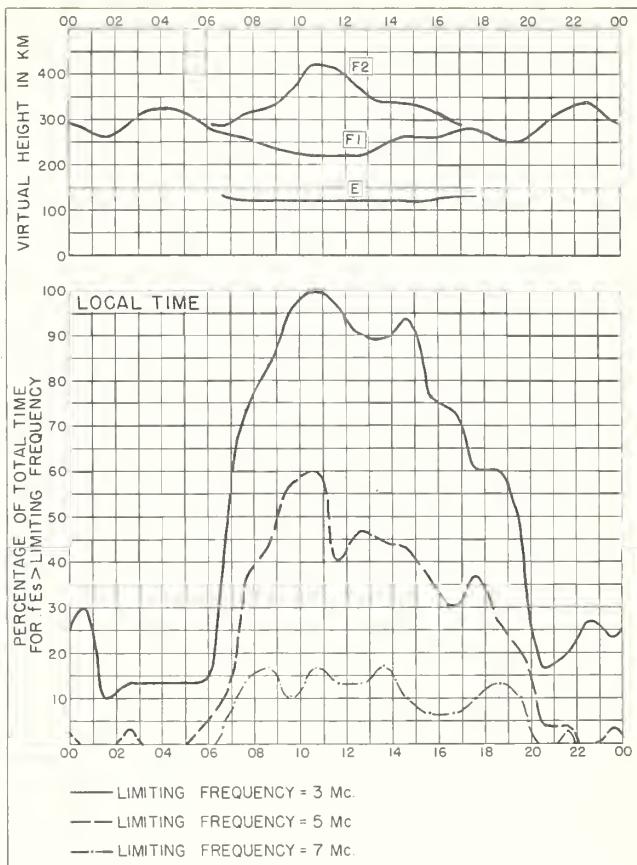


Fig. 22. MAUI, HAWAII APRIL 1955

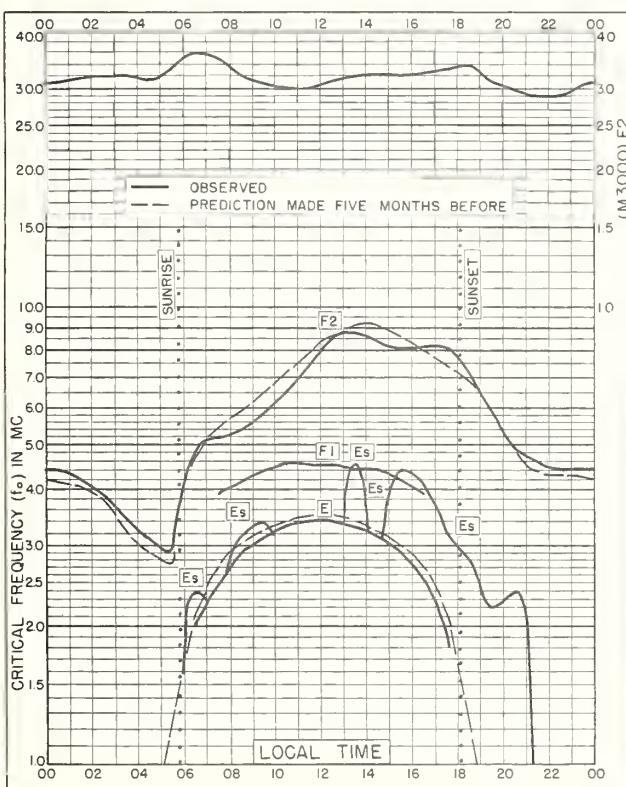


Fig. 23. PUERTO RICO, W. I.
18.5°N, 67.2°W APRIL 1955

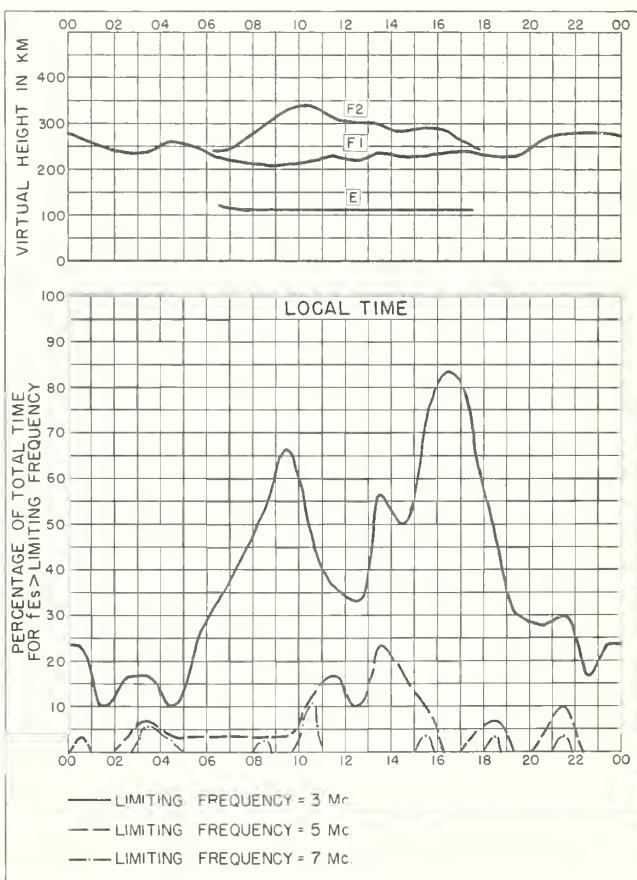


Fig. 24. PUERTO RICO, W. I. APRIL 1955

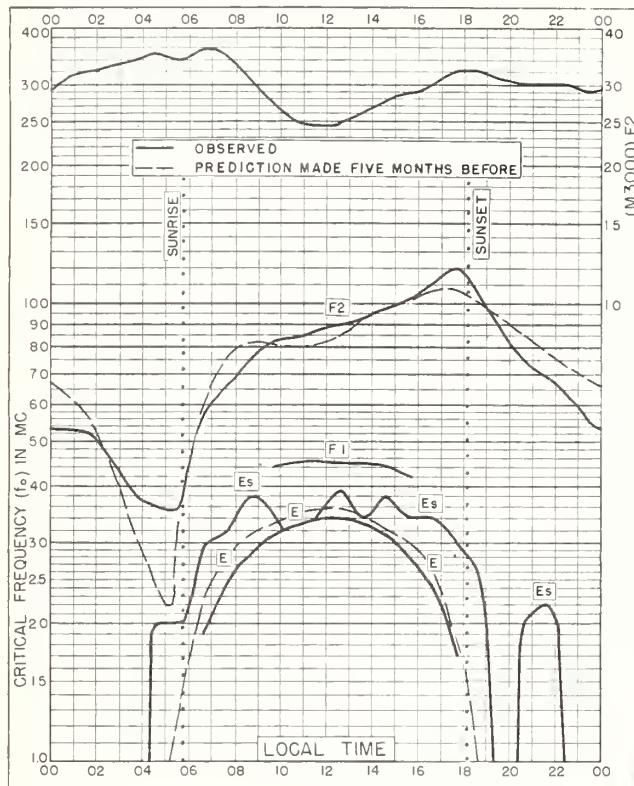


Fig. 25. GUAM I.
13.6°N, 144.9°E

APRIL 1955

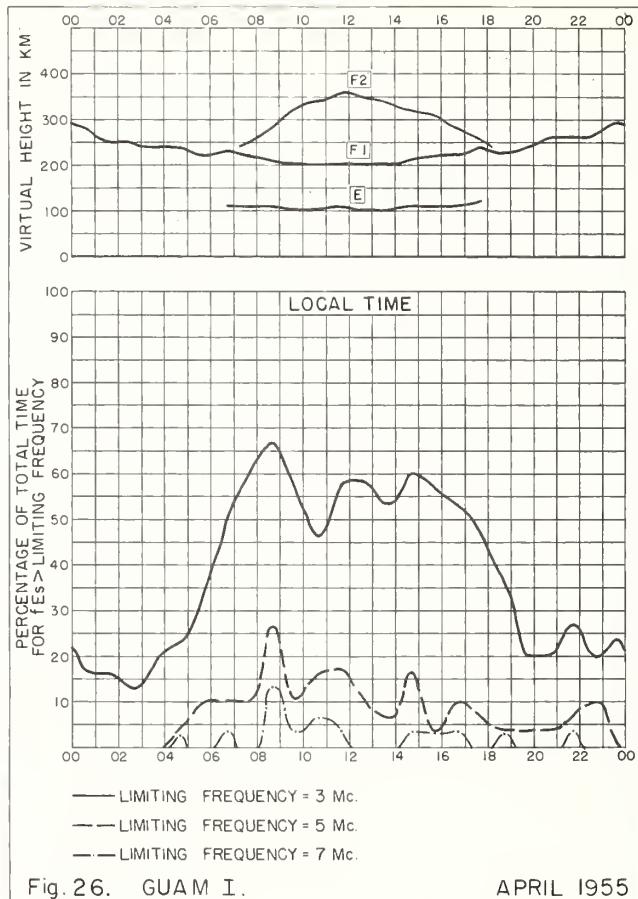


Fig. 26. GUAM I. APRIL 1955

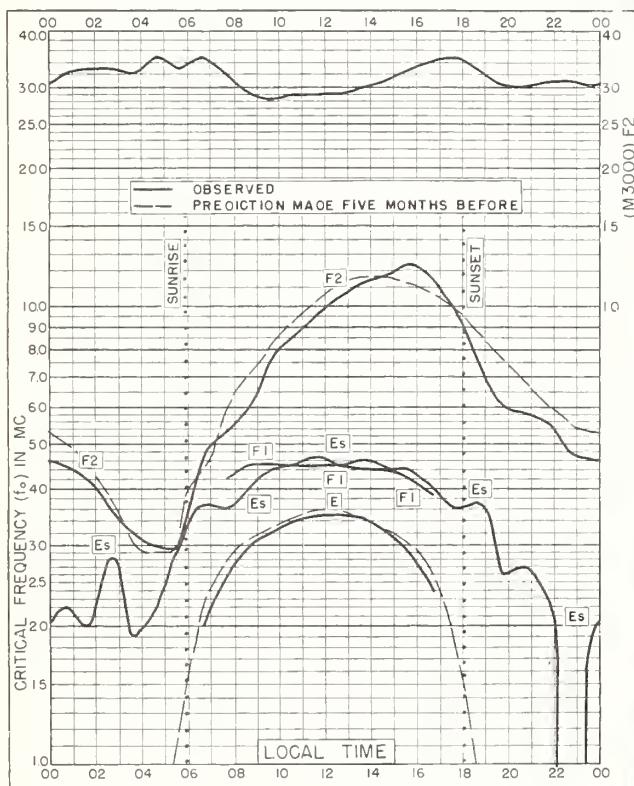


Fig. 27. PANAMA CANAL ZONE

9.4°N, 79.9°W

APRIL 1955

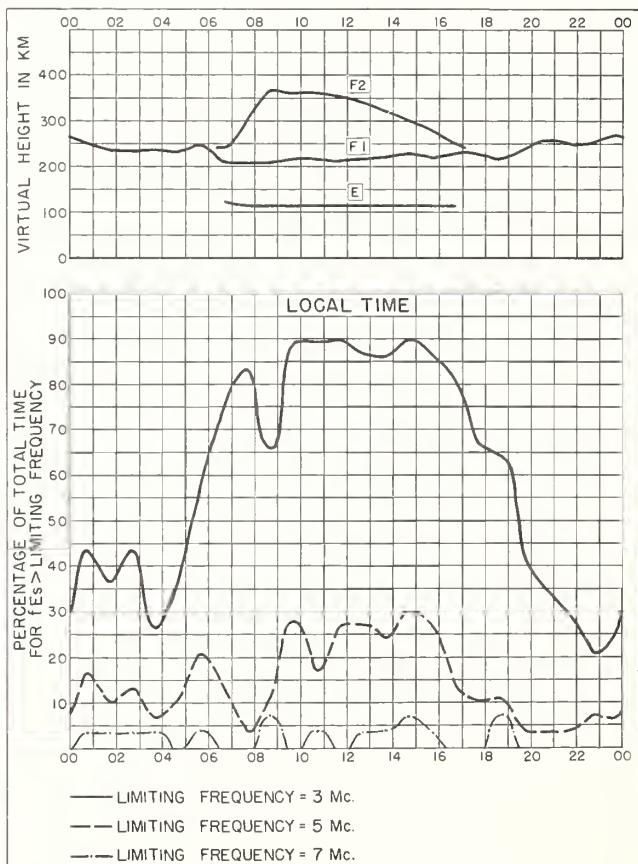


Fig. 28. PANAMA CANAL ZONE APRIL 1955

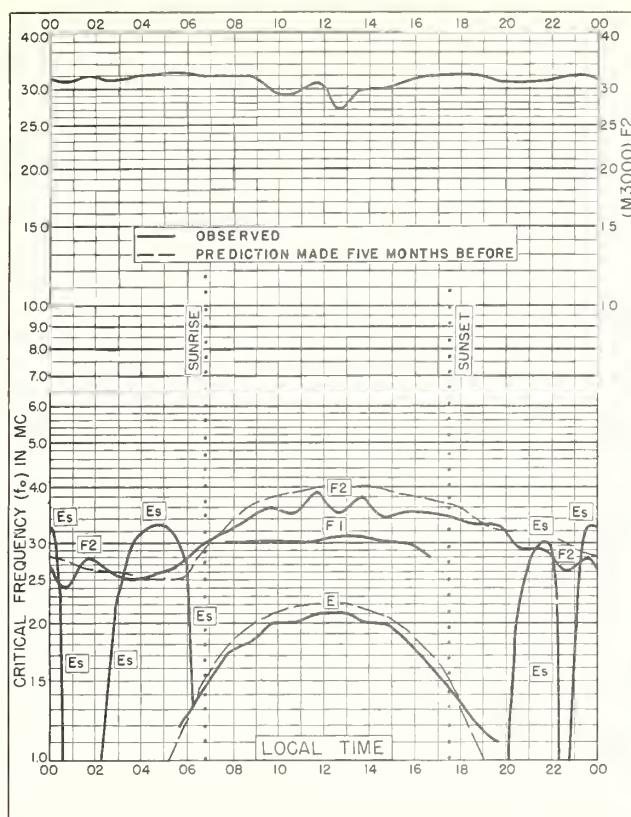


Fig. 29. RESOLUTE BAY, CANADA
74.7°N, 94.9°W MARCH 1955

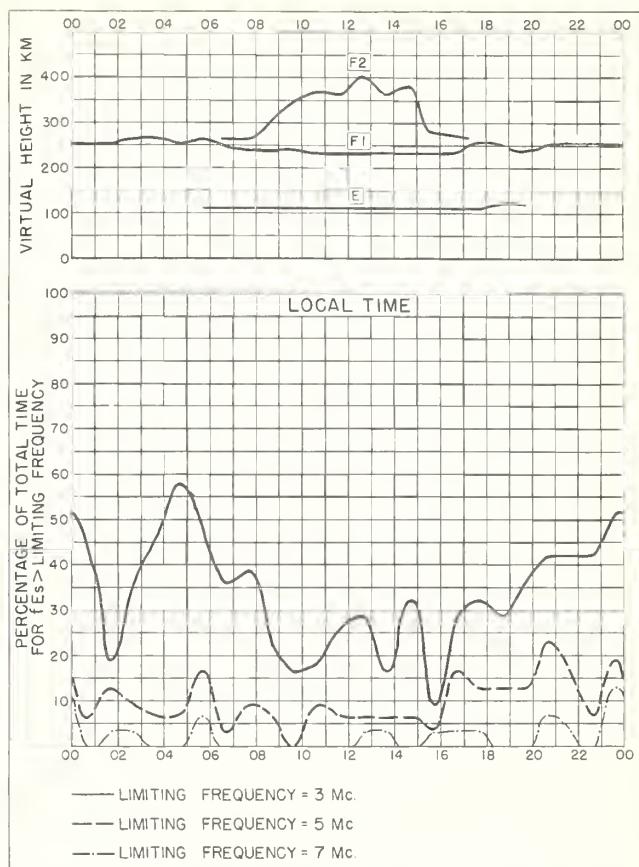


Fig. 30. RESOLUTE BAY, CANADA MARCH 1955

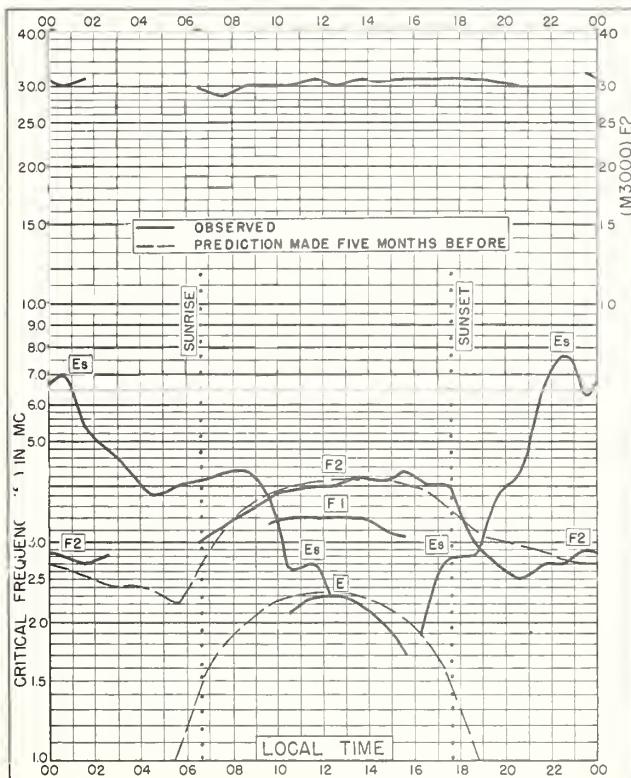


Fig. 31. POINT BARROW, ALASKA
71.3°N, 156.8°W MARCH 1955

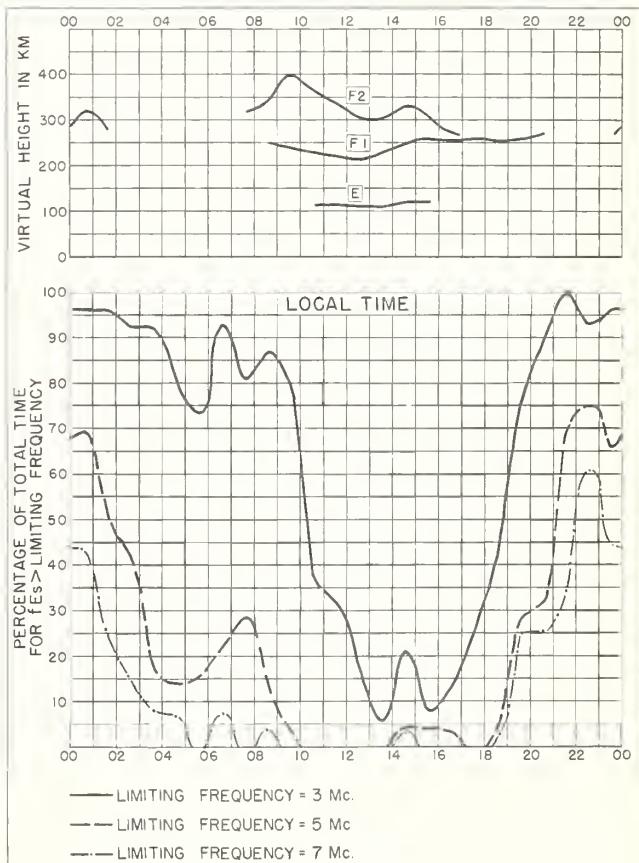


Fig. 32. POINT BARROW, ALASKA MARCH 1955

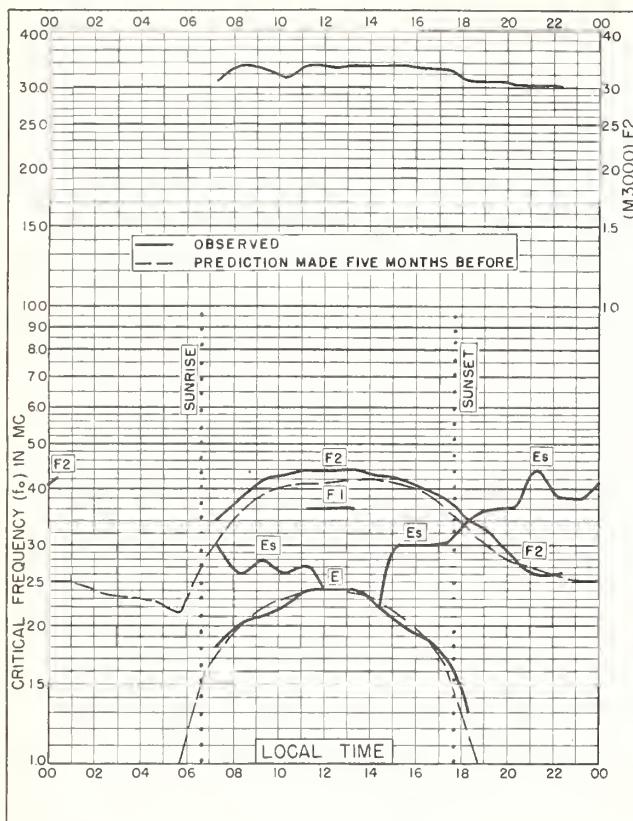


Fig. 33. TROMSO, NORWAY

69.7°N, 19.0°E

MARCH 1955

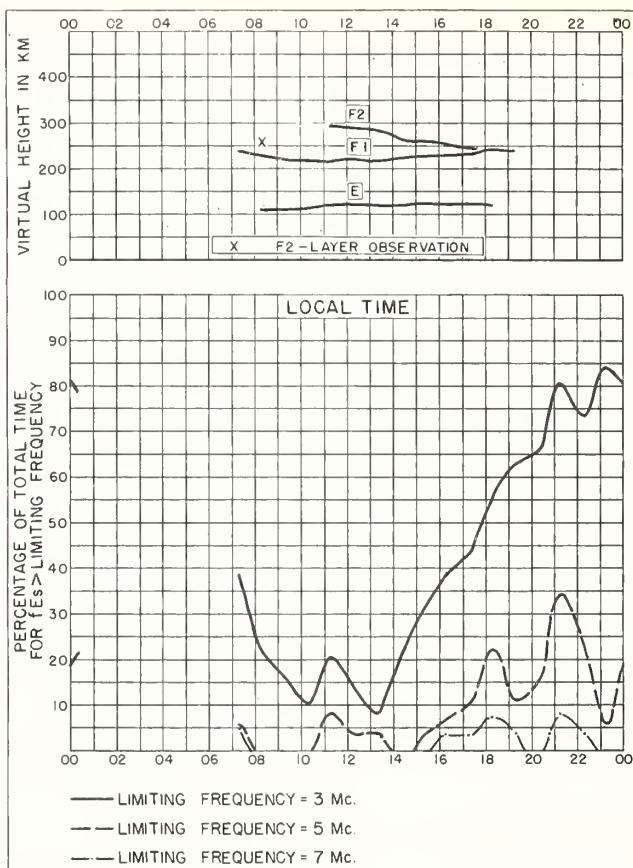


Fig. 34. TROMSO, NORWAY

MARCH 1955

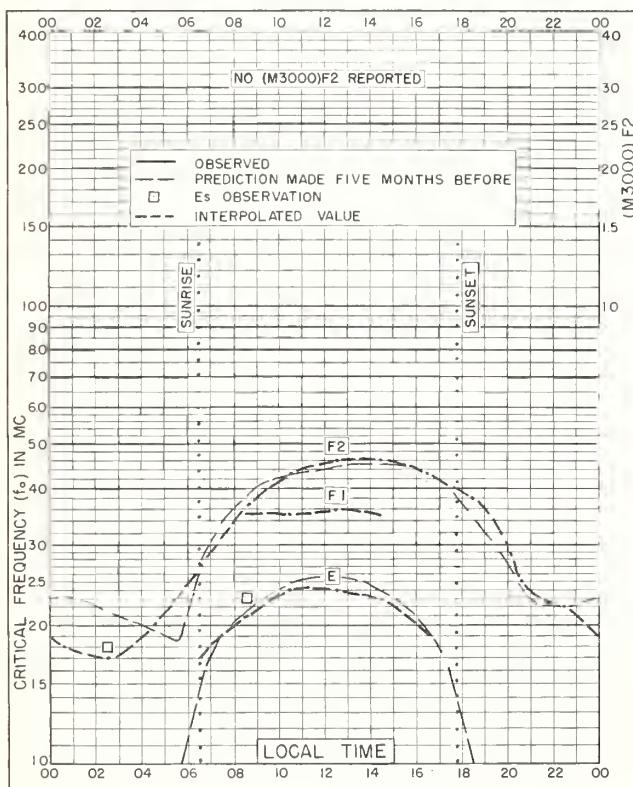


Fig. 35. LULEA, SWEDEN

65.6°N, 22.1°E

MARCH 1955

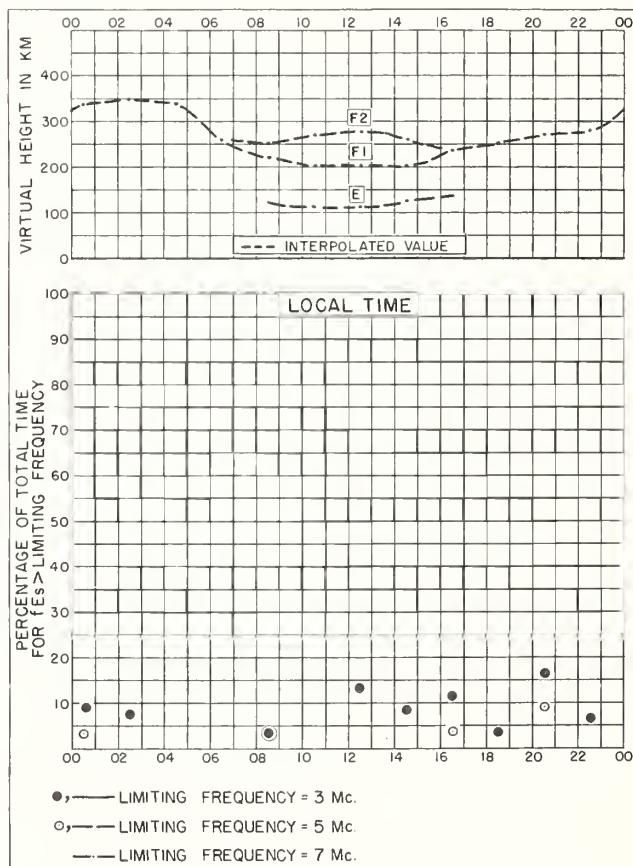
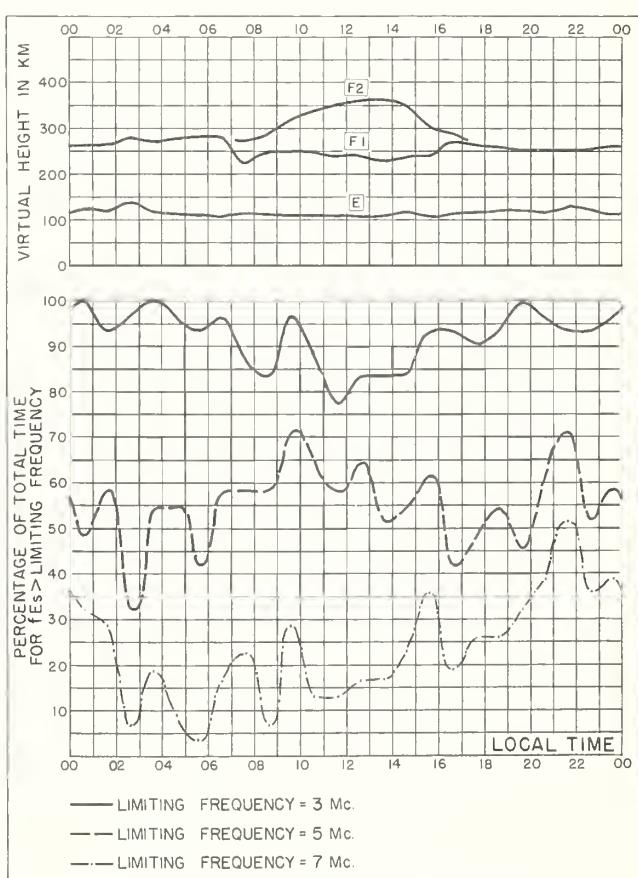
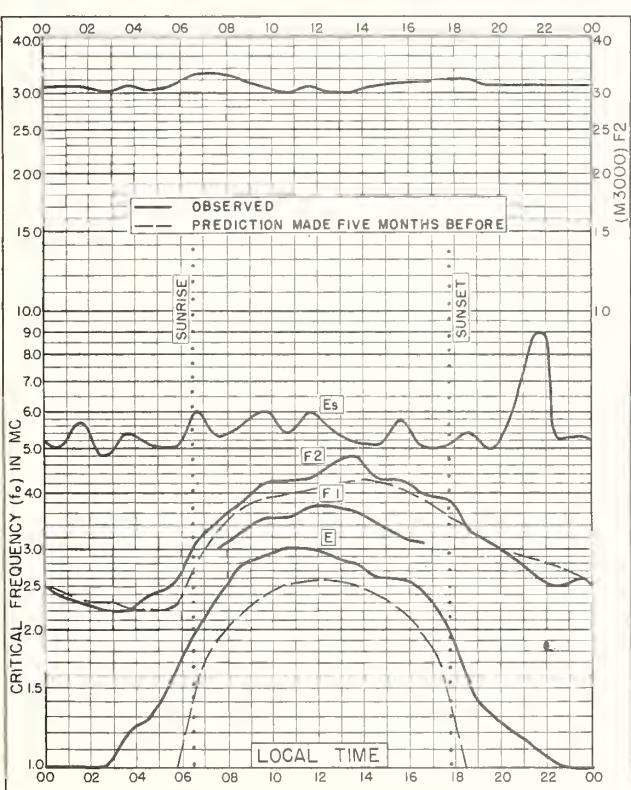
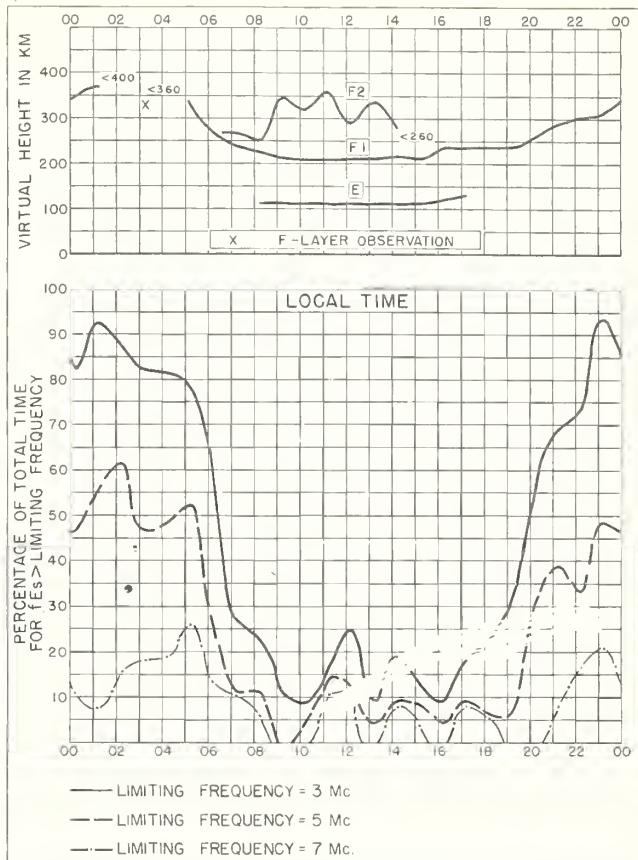
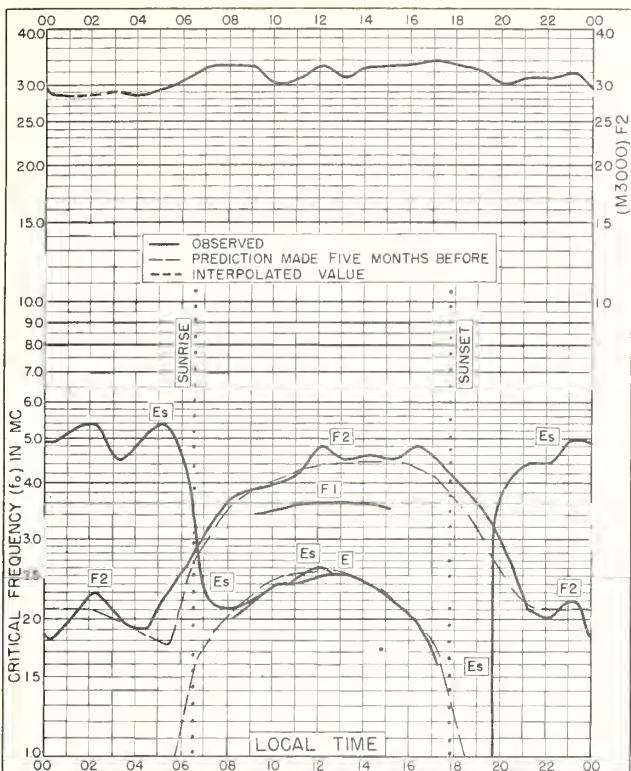
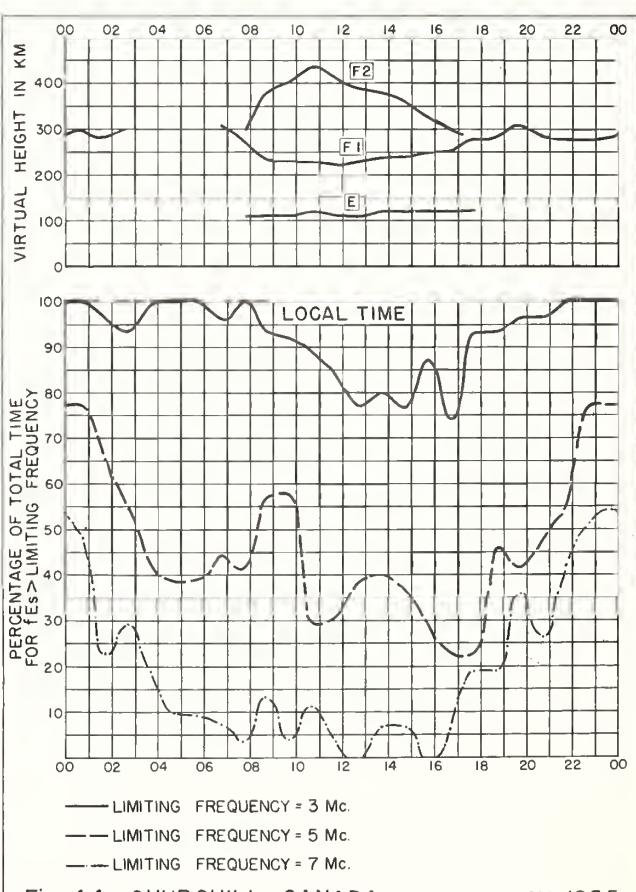
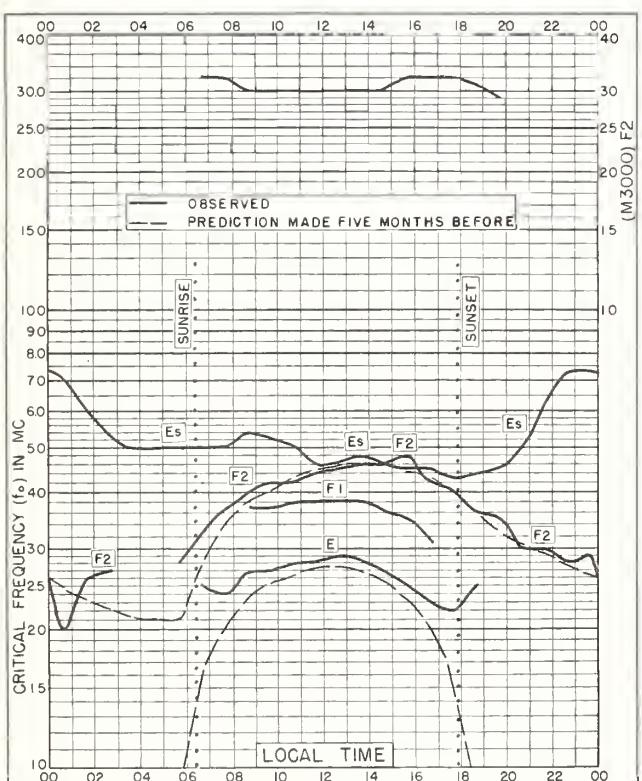
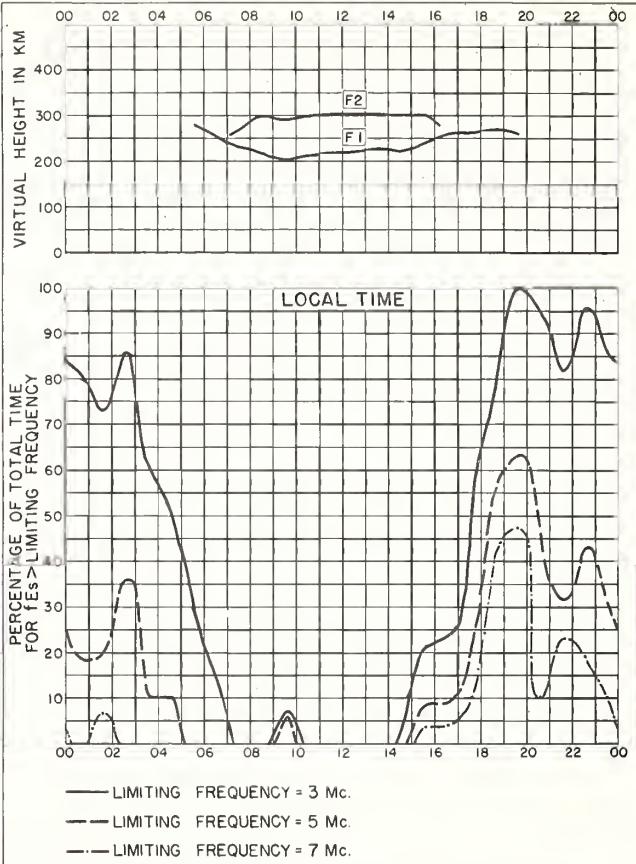
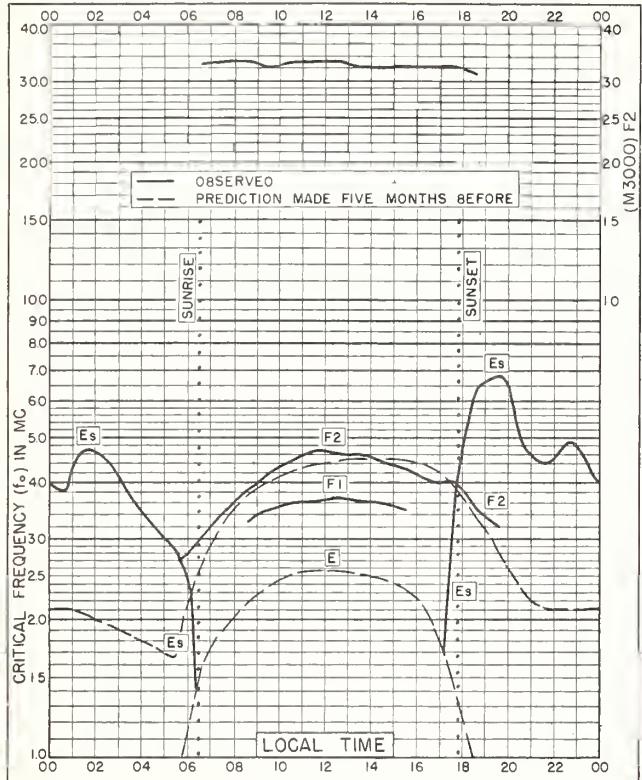


Fig. 36. LULEA, SWEDEN

MARCH 1955





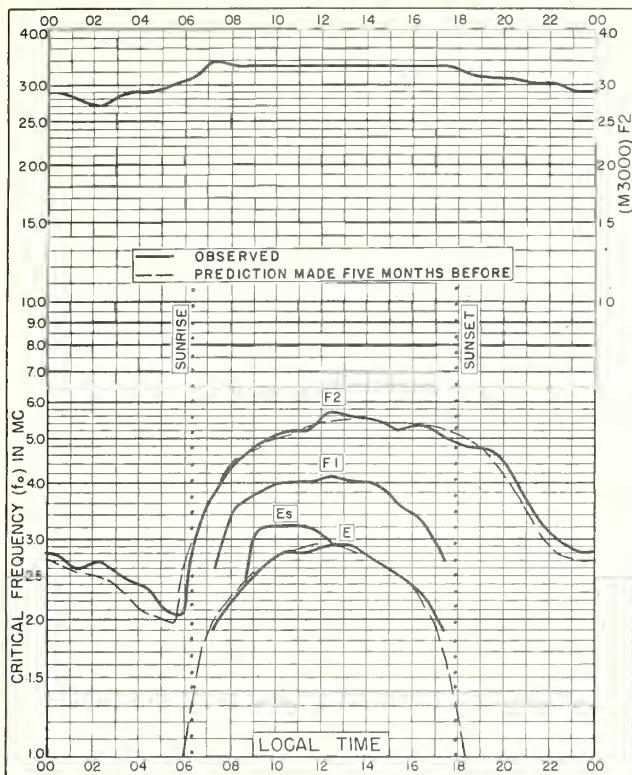


Fig. 45. De BILT, HOLLAND
52.1°N, 5.2°E

MARCH 1955

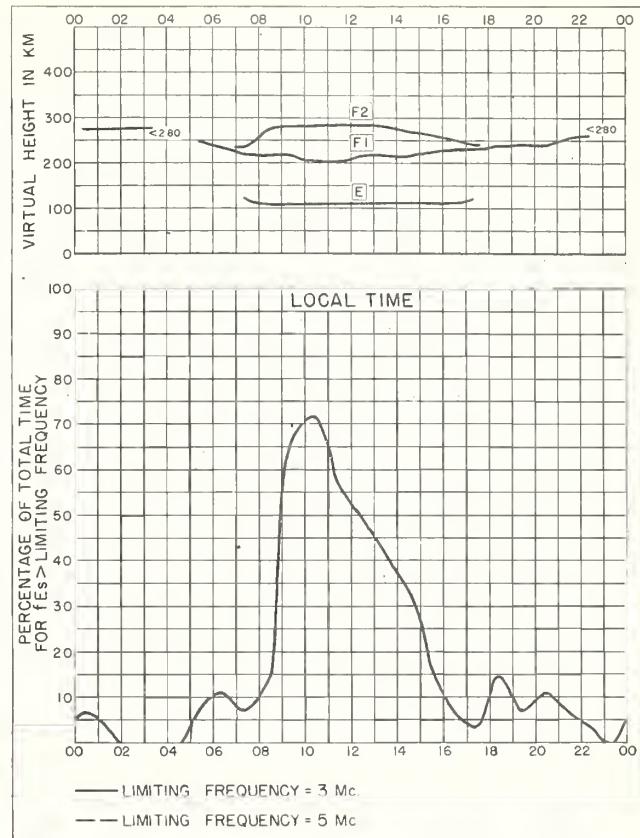


Fig. 46. De BILT, HOLLAND

MARCH 1955

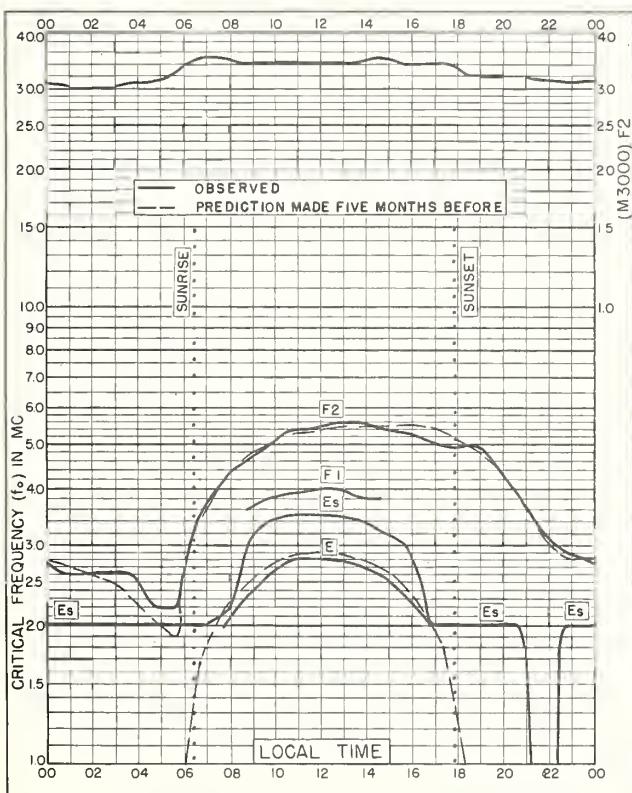


Fig. 47. LINDAU/HARZ, GERMANY

51.6°N, 10.1°E

MARCH 1955

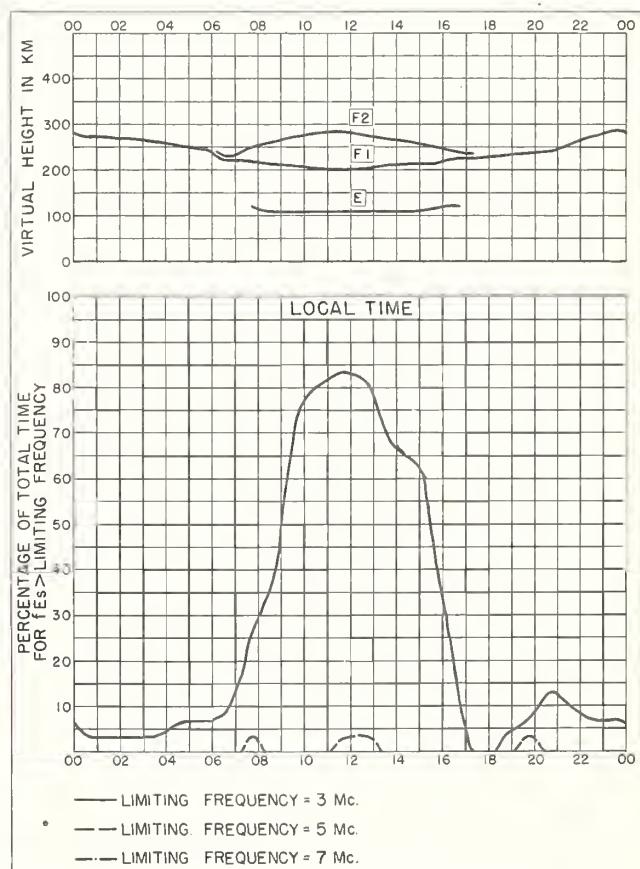


Fig. 48. LINDAU/HARZ, GERMANY

MARCH 1955

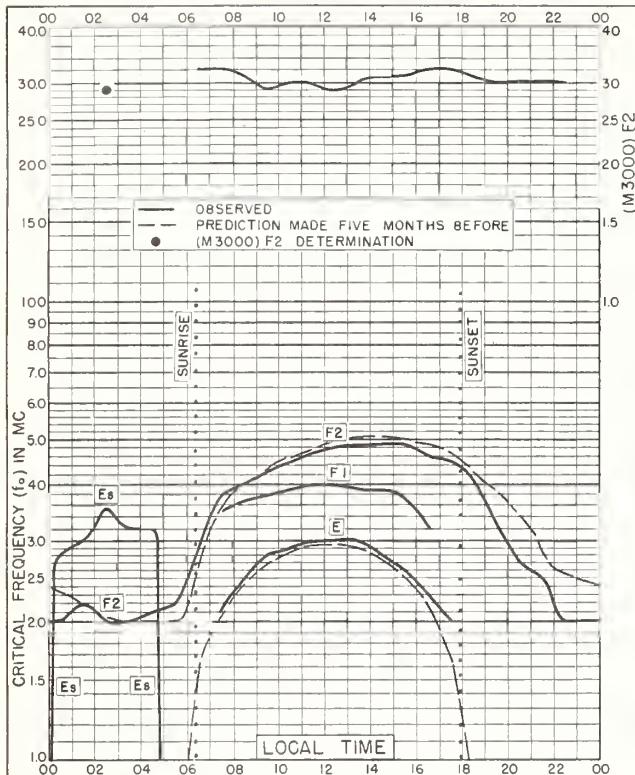


Fig. 49. WINNIPEG, CANADA
49.9°N, 97.4°W

MARCH 1955

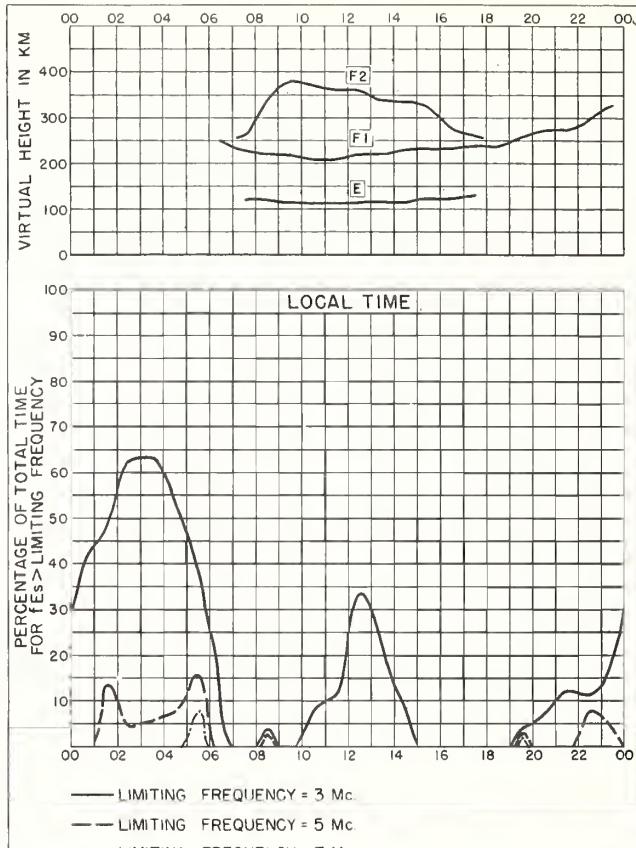


Fig. 50. WINNIPEG, CANADA

MARCH 1955

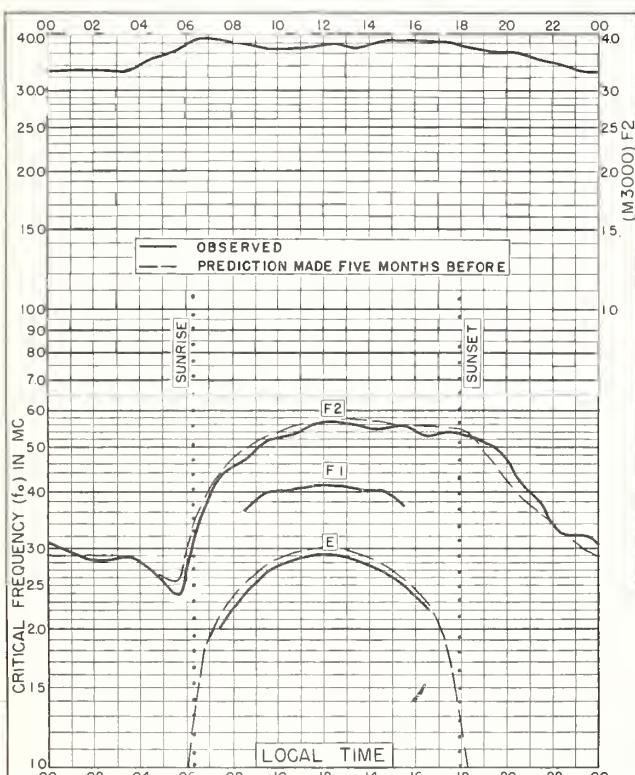


Fig. 51. SCHWARZENBURG, SWITZERLAND
46.8°N, 7.3°E

MARCH 1955

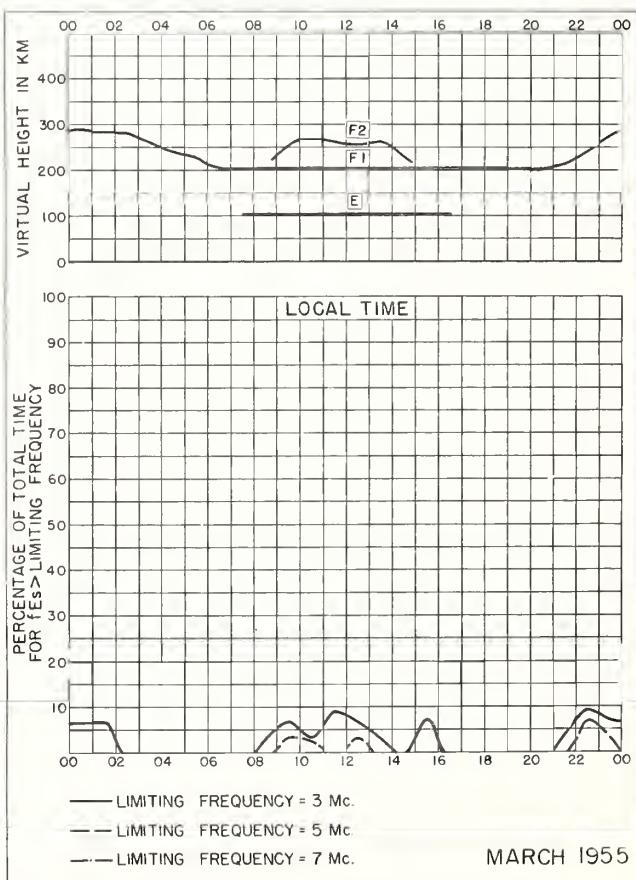


Fig. 52. SCHWARZENBURG, SWITZERLAND

MARCH 1955

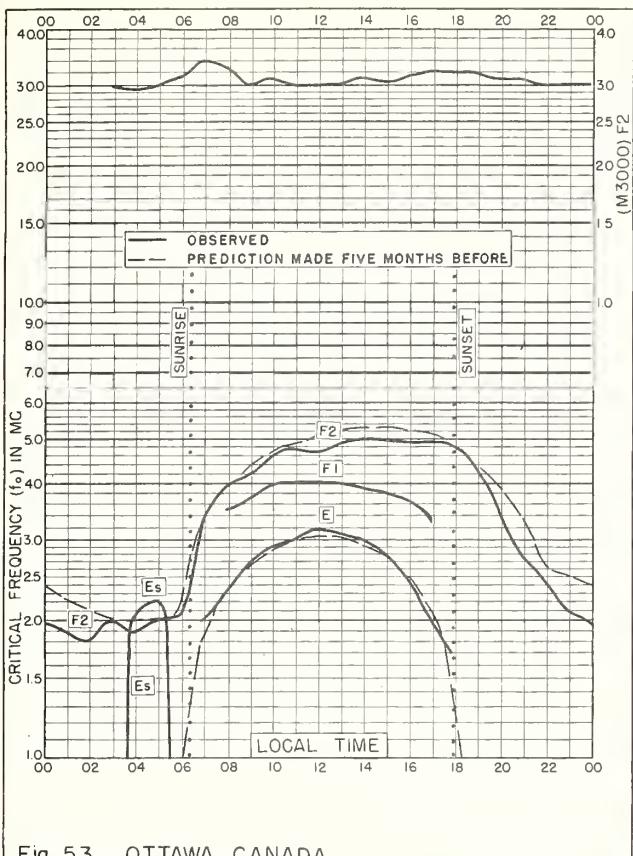


Fig. 53. OTTAWA, CANADA
45.4°N, 75.9°W

MARCH 1955

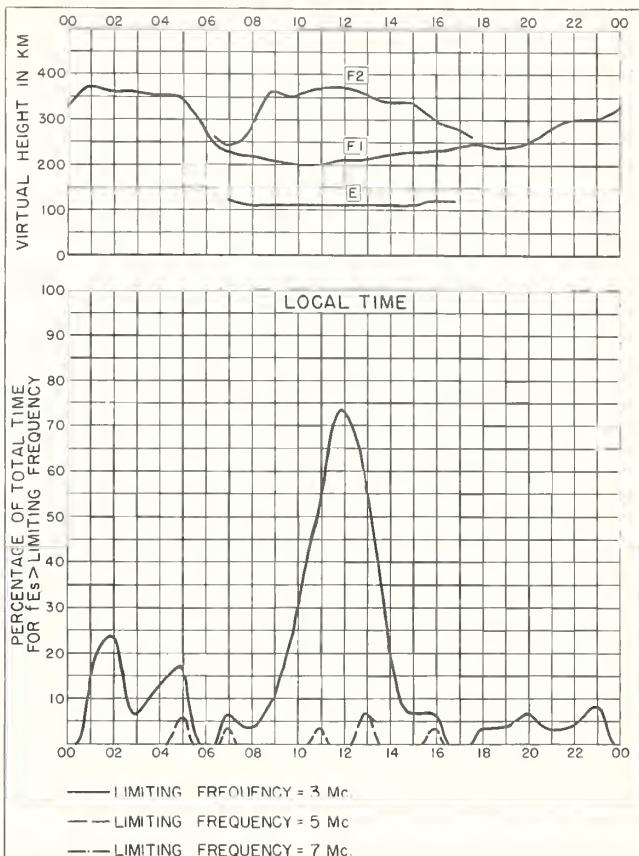


Fig. 54. OTTAWA, CANADA

MARCH 1955

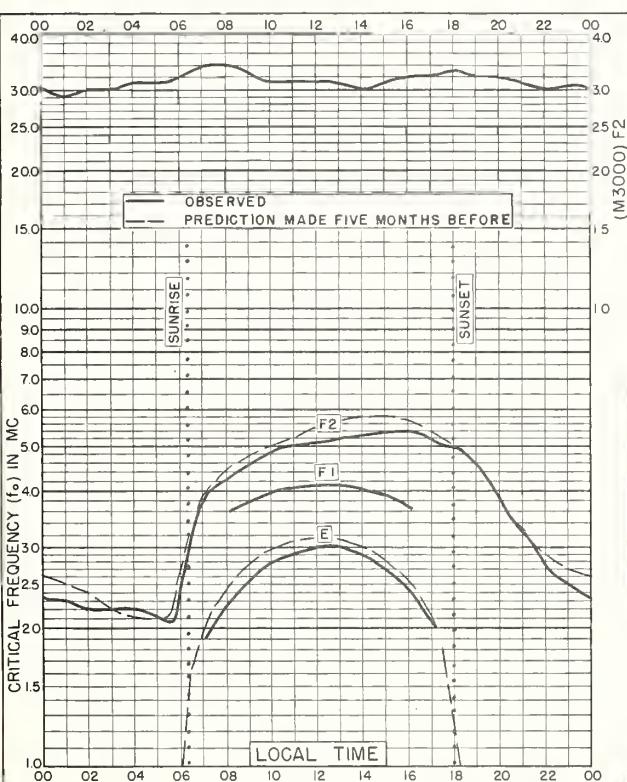


Fig. 55. FT. MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY
40.0°N, 74.0°W

MARCH 1955

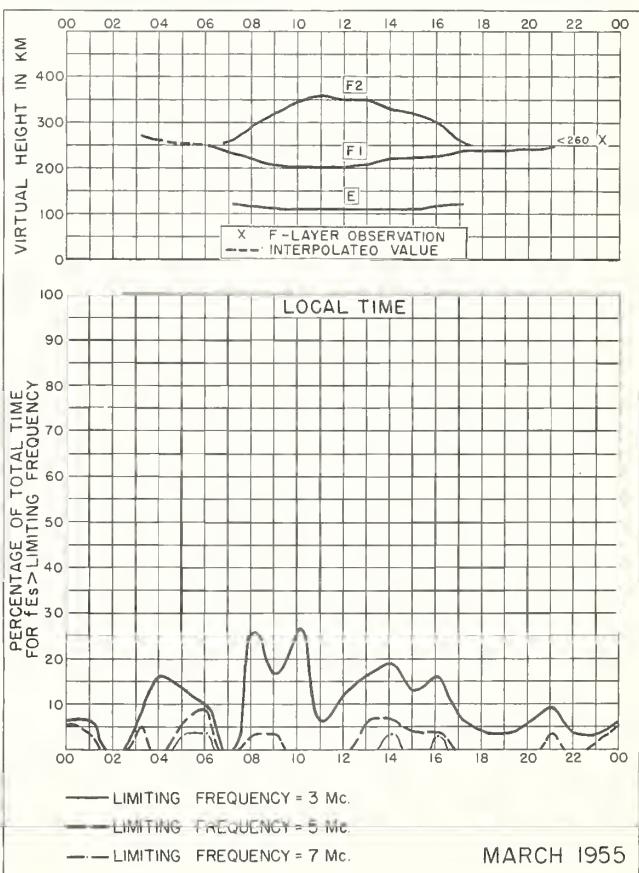


Fig. 56. FT. MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

MARCH 1955

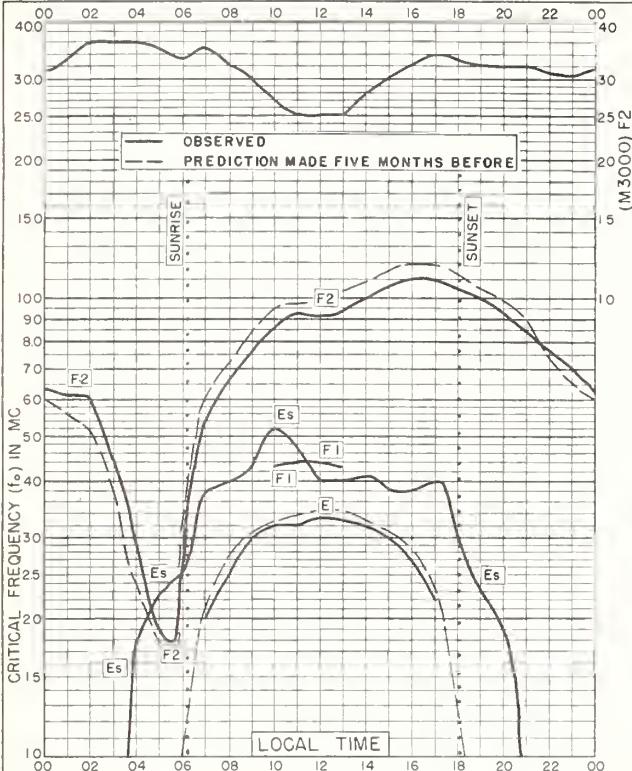


Fig. 57. BAGUIO, P. I.
16.4°N, 120.6°E

MARCH 1955

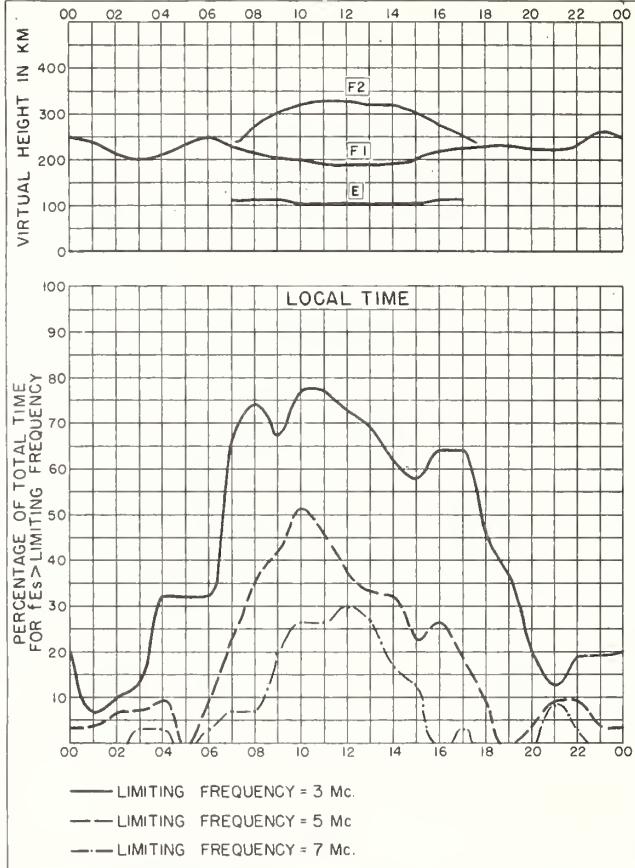


Fig. 58. BAGUIO, P. I. MARCH 1955

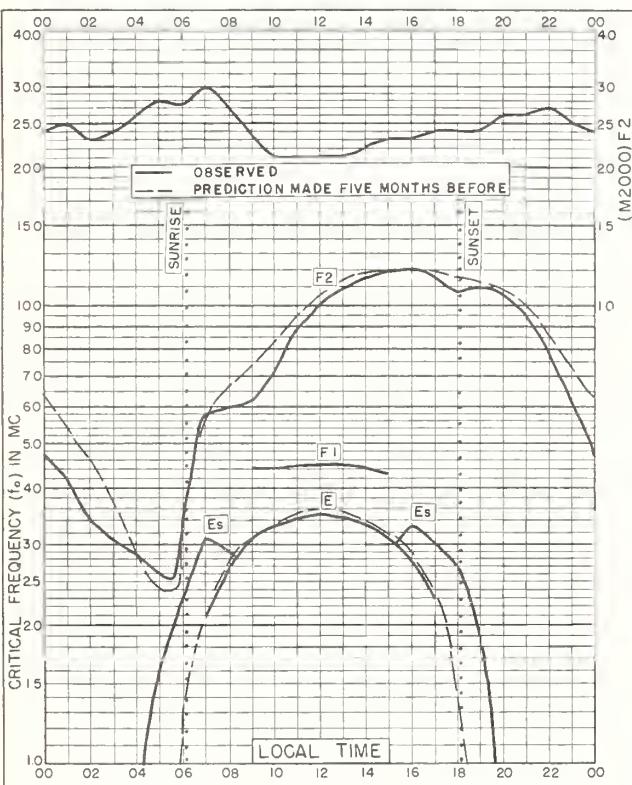


Fig. 59. LEOPOLDVILLE, BELGIAN CONGO
4.3°S, 15.4°E

MARCH 1955

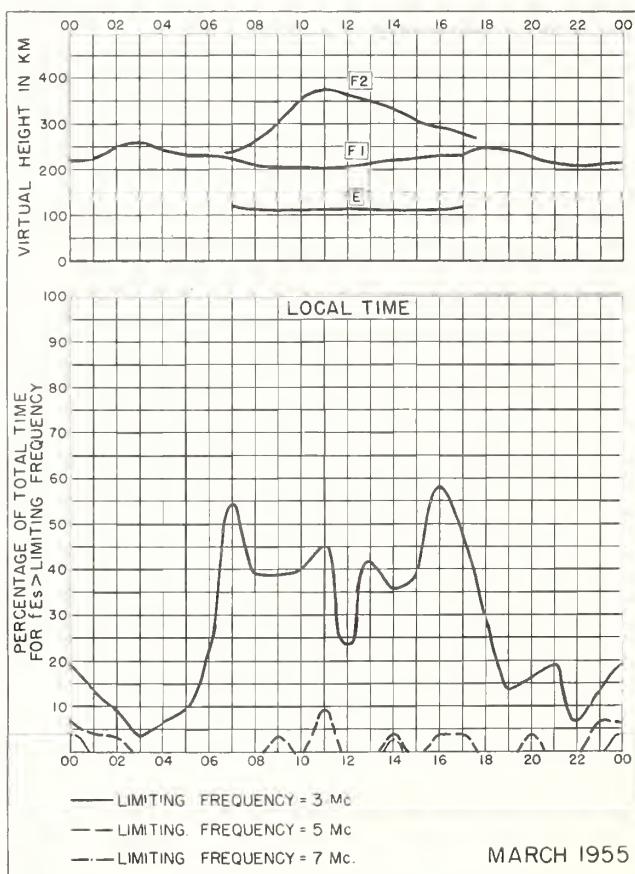
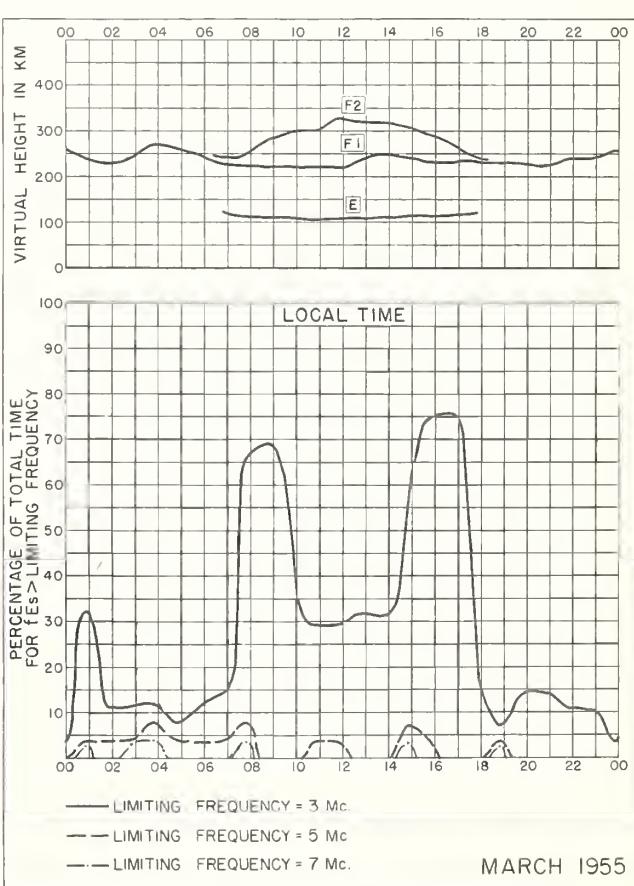
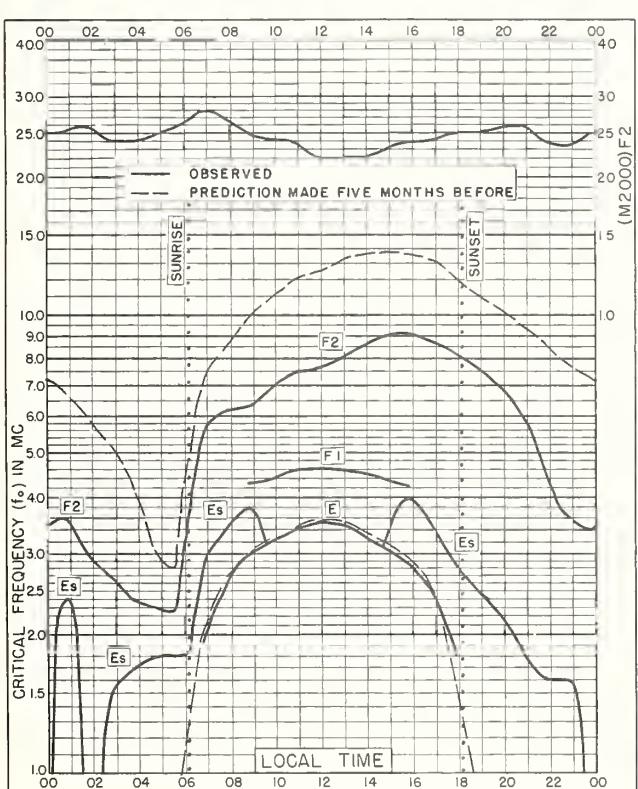
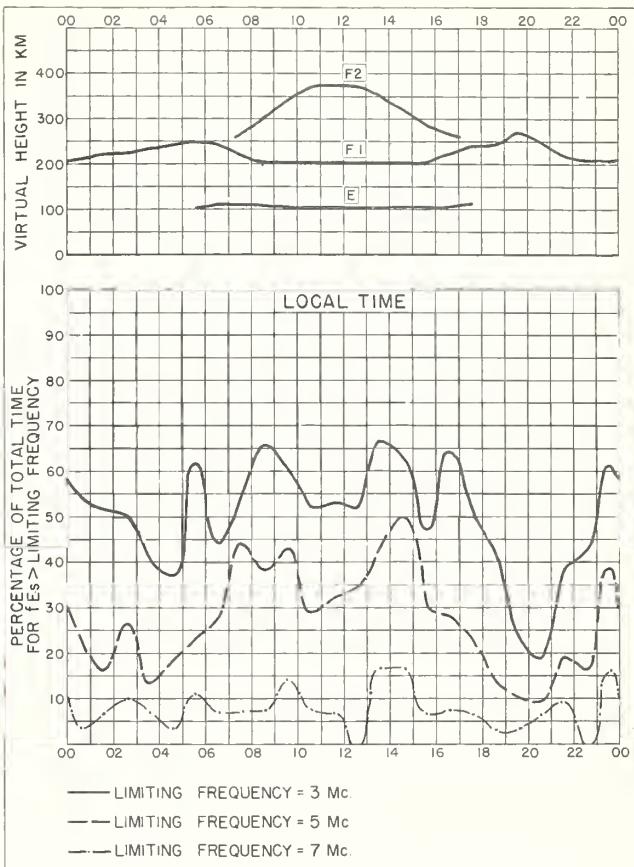
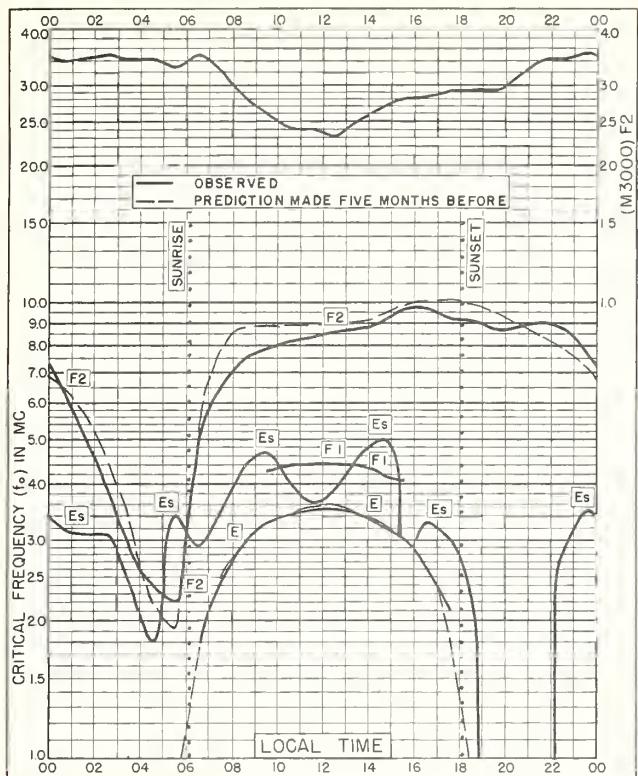
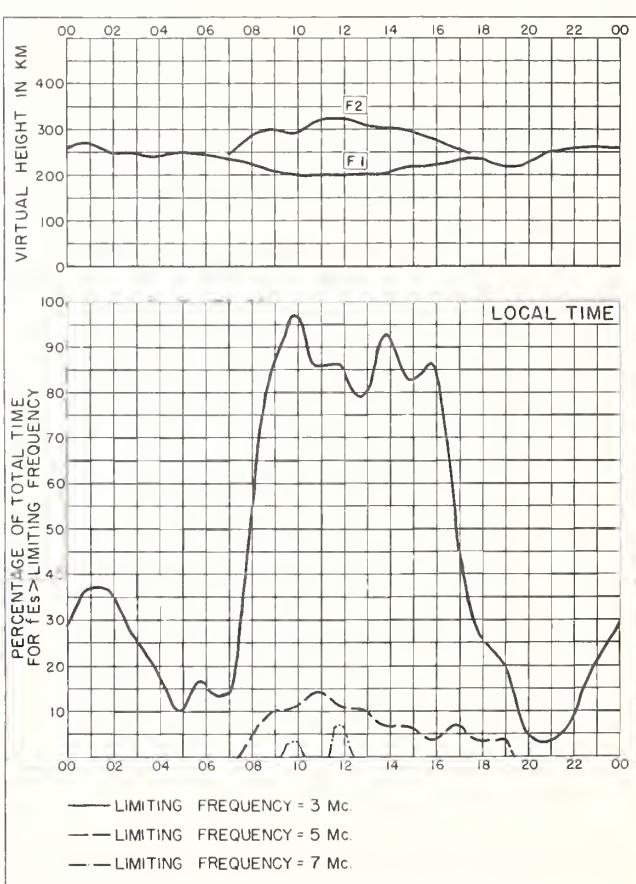
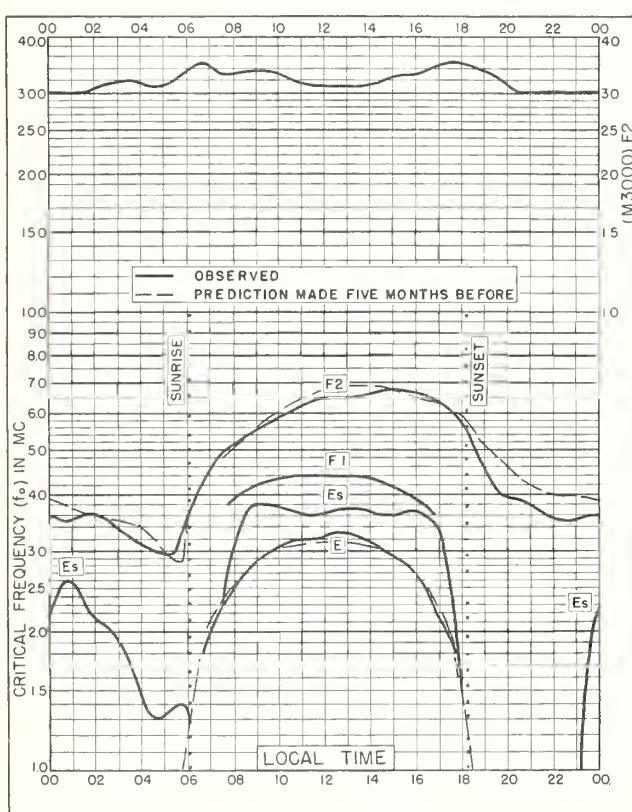
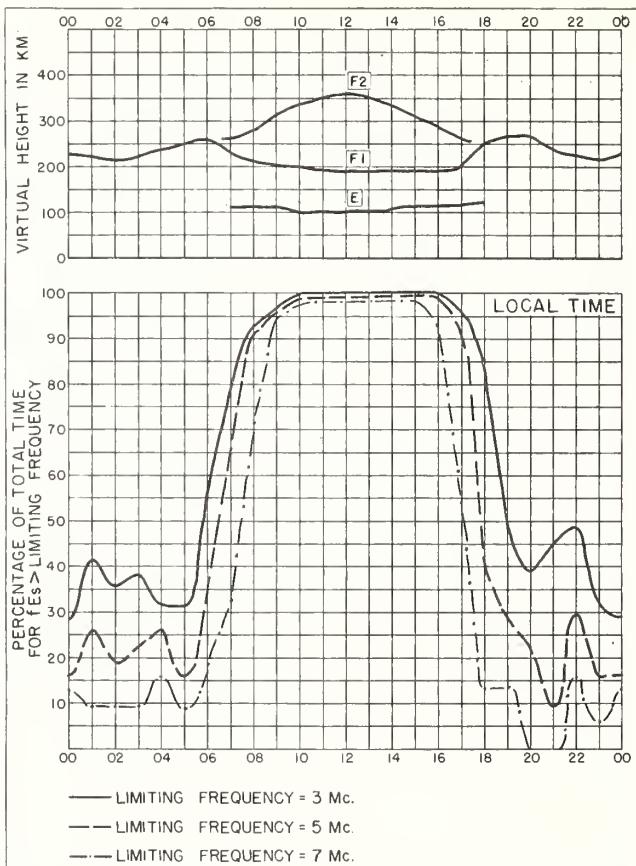
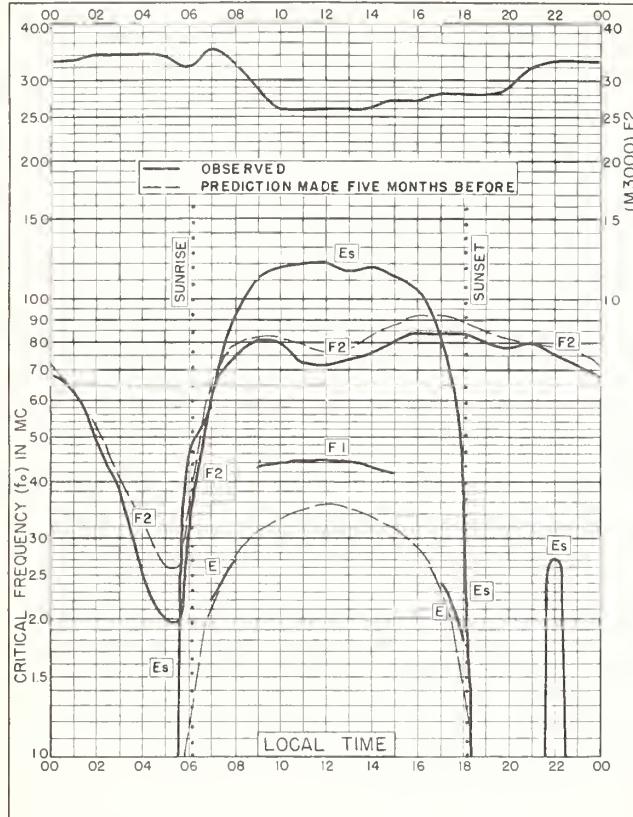


Fig. 60. LEOPOLDVILLE, BELGIAN CONGO MARCH 1955





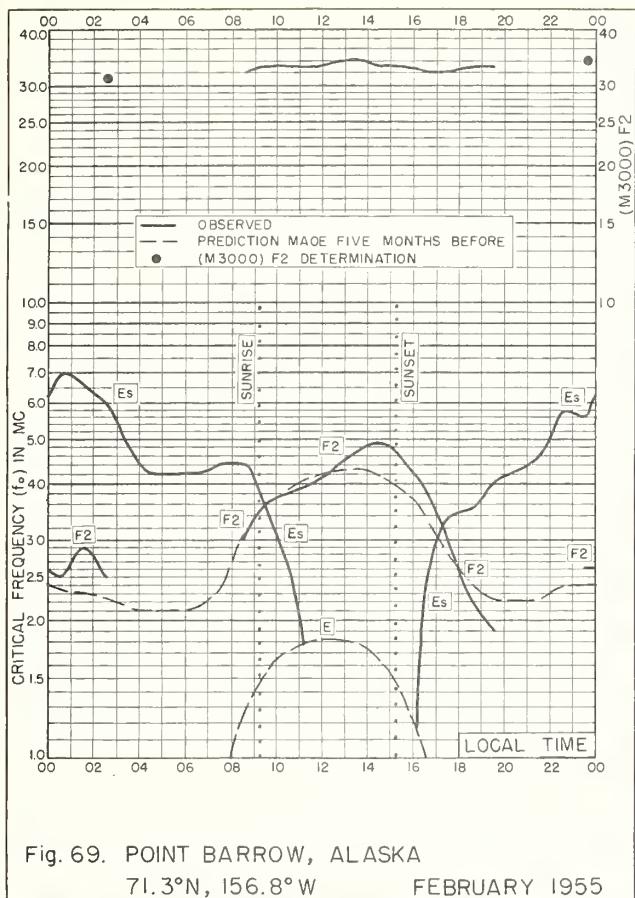


Fig. 69. POINT BARROW, ALASKA
71.3°N, 156.8°W FEBRUARY 1955

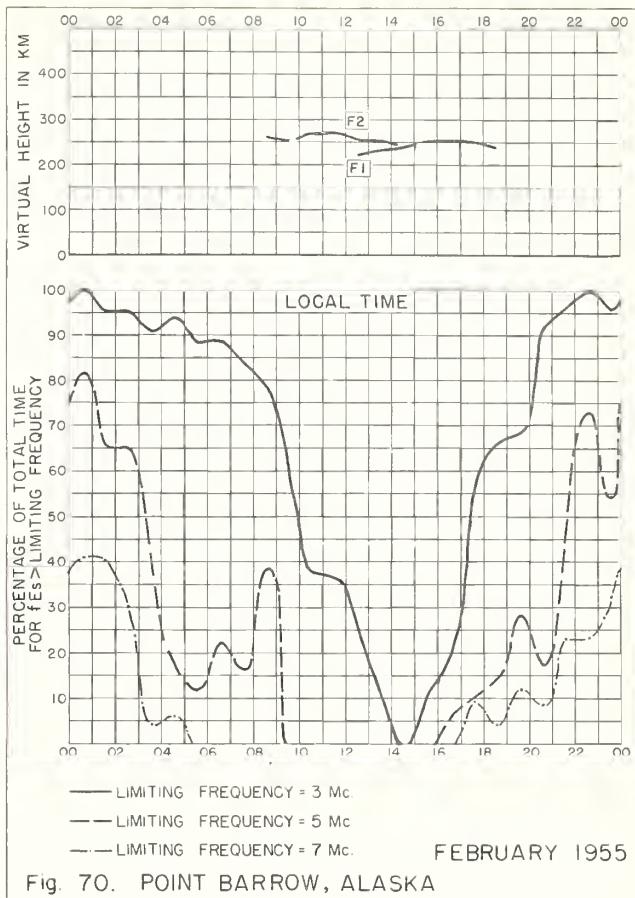


Fig. 70. POINT BARROW, ALASKA FEBRUARY 1955

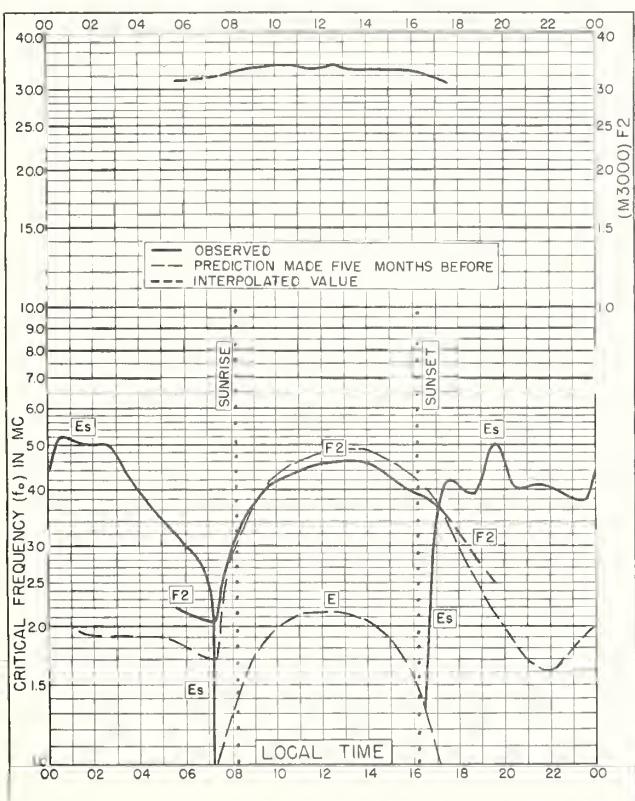


Fig. 71. REYKJAVIK, ICELAND
64.1°N, 21.8°W FEBRUARY 1955

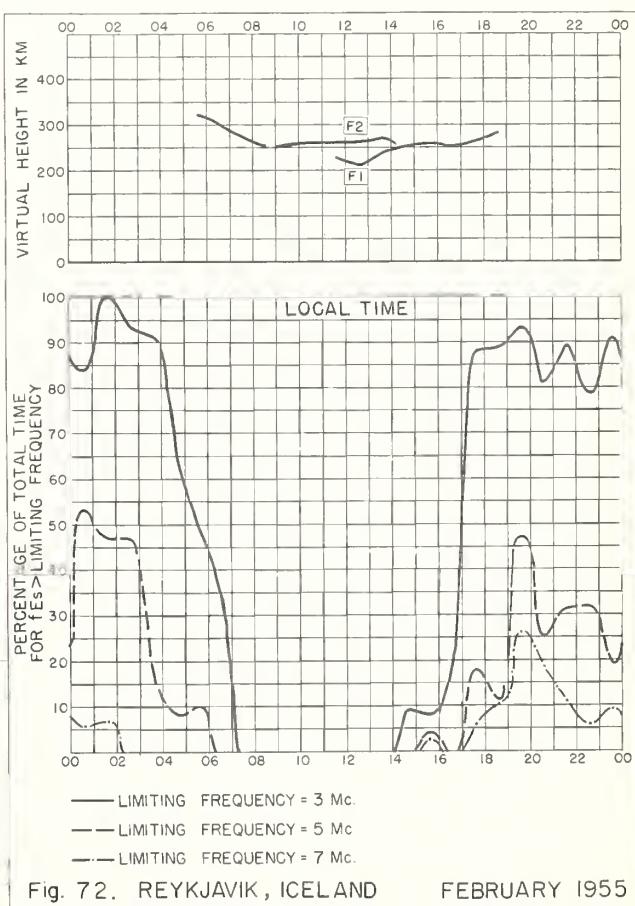


Fig. 72. REYKJAVIK, ICELAND FEBRUARY 1955

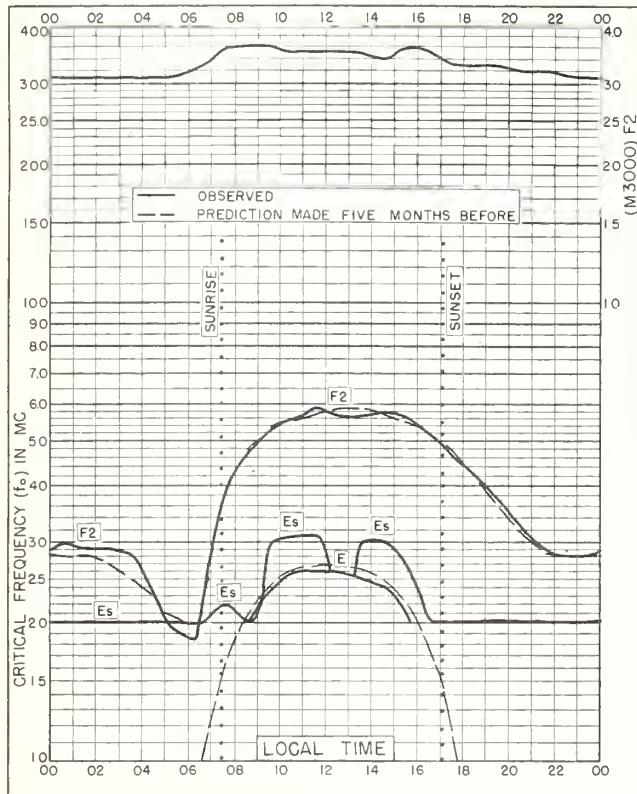


Fig. 73. LINDAU/HARZ, GERMANY
51.6°N, 10.1°E FEBRUARY 1955

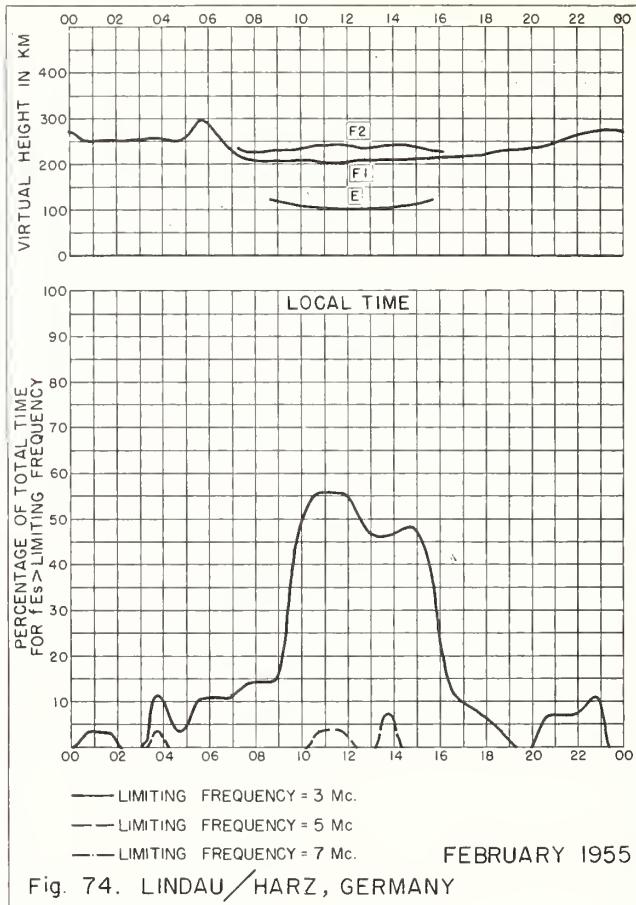


Fig. 74. LINDAU/HARZ, GERMANY FEBRUARY 1955

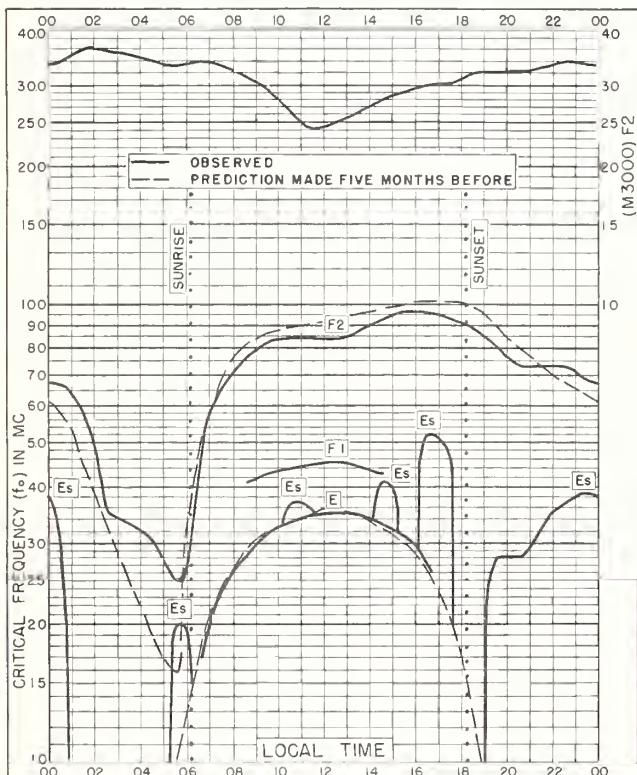


Fig. 75. TALARA, PERU
4.6°S, 81.3°W FEBRUARY 1955

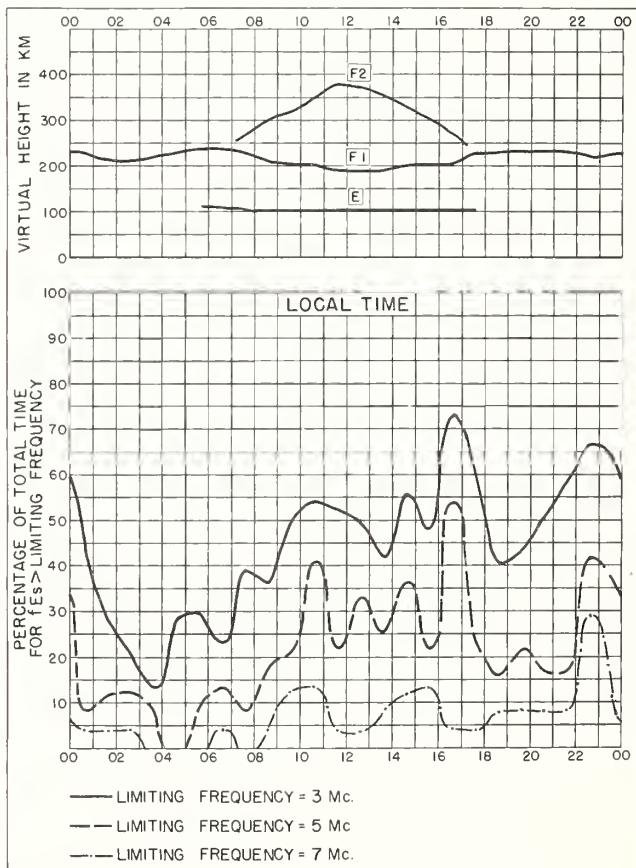


Fig. 76. TALARA, PERU FEBRUARY 1955

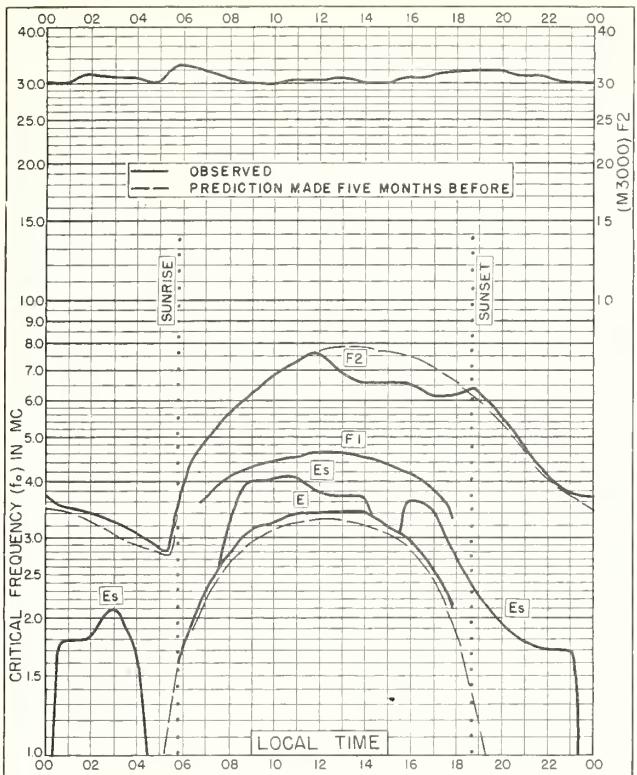


Fig. 77. JOHANNESBURG, UNION OF S. AFRICA
26.2°S, 28.1°E FEBRUARY 1955

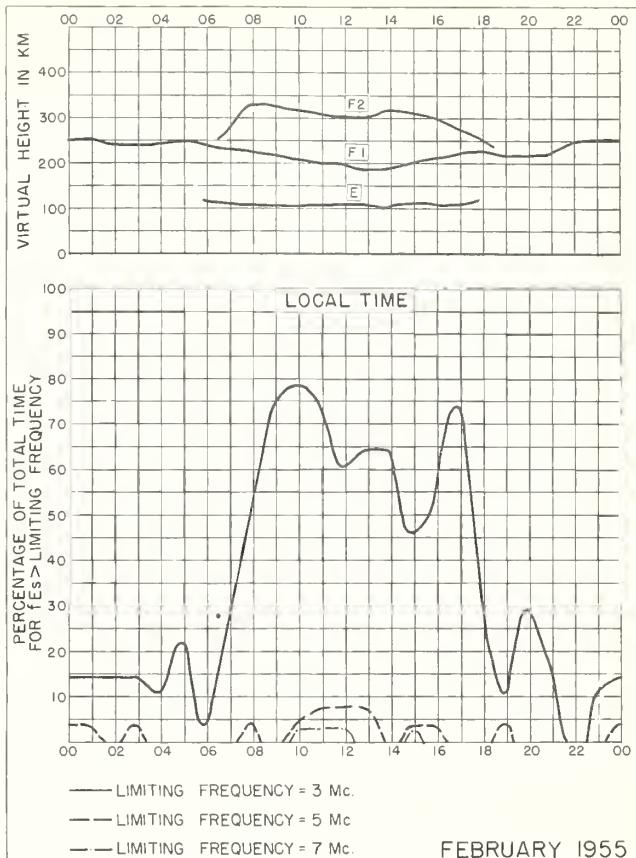


Fig. 78. JOHANNESBURG, UNION OF S. AFRICA

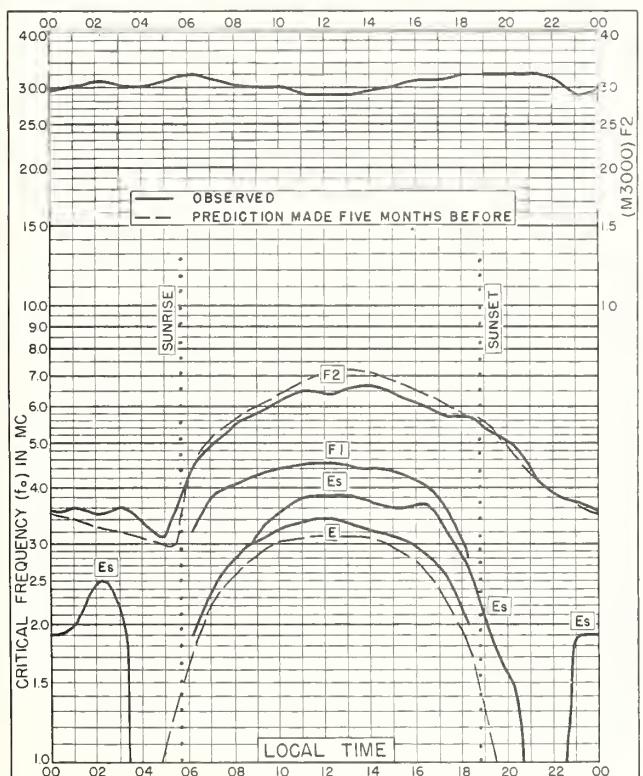


Fig. 79. CAPETOWN, UNION OF S. AFRICA
34.2°S, 18.3°E FEBRUARY 1955

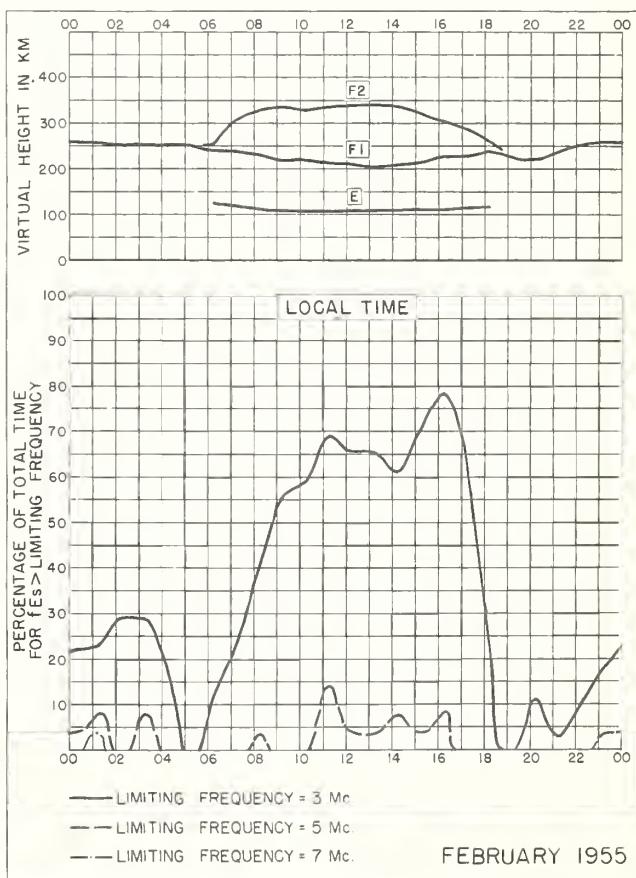
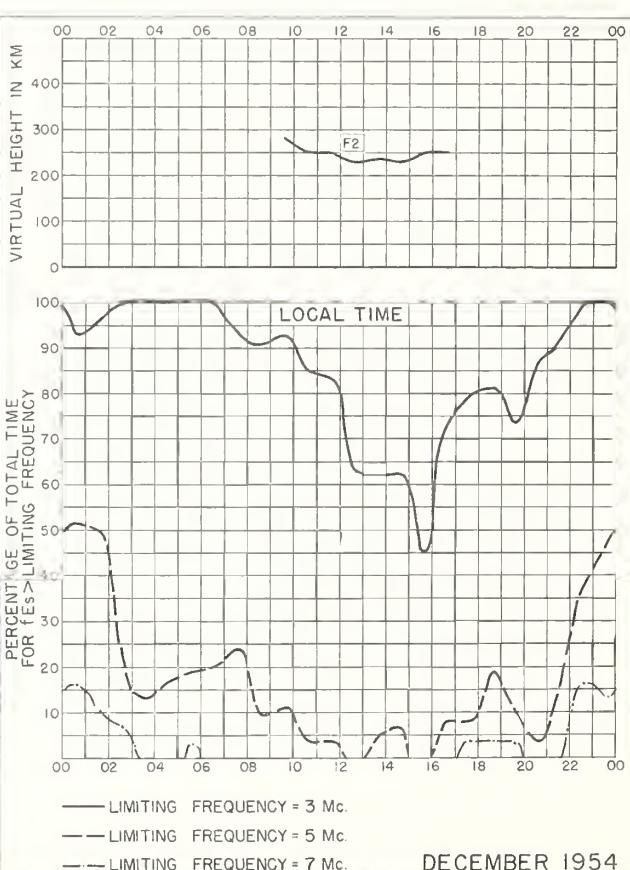
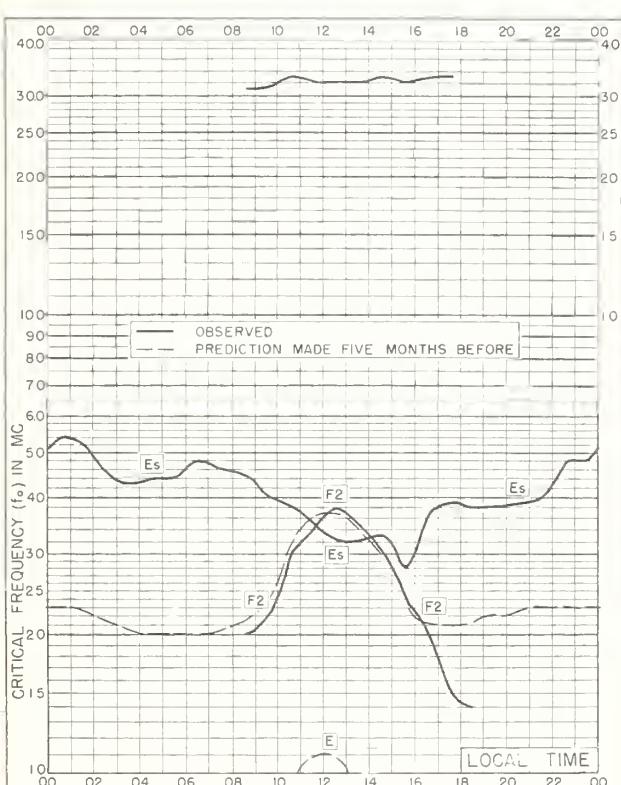
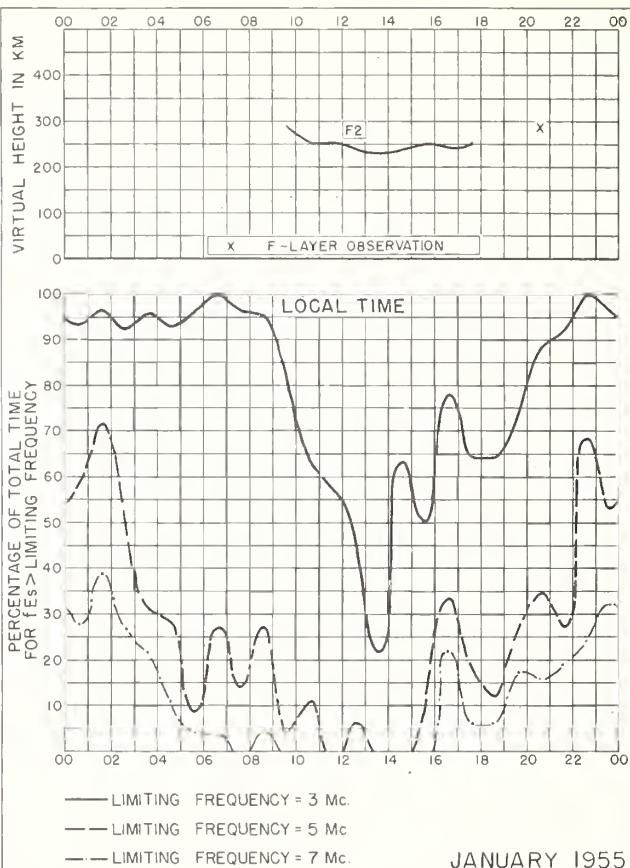
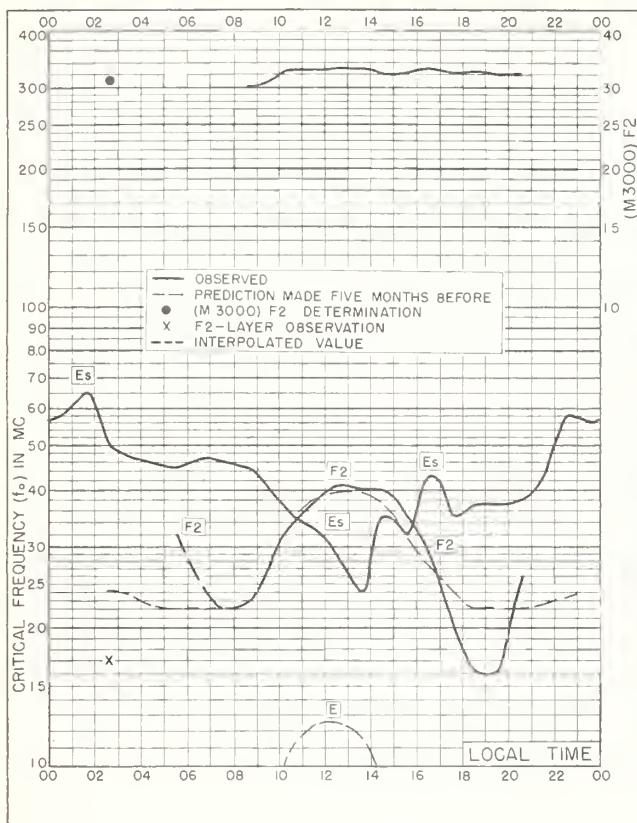


Fig. 80. CAPETOWN, UNION OF S. AFRICA



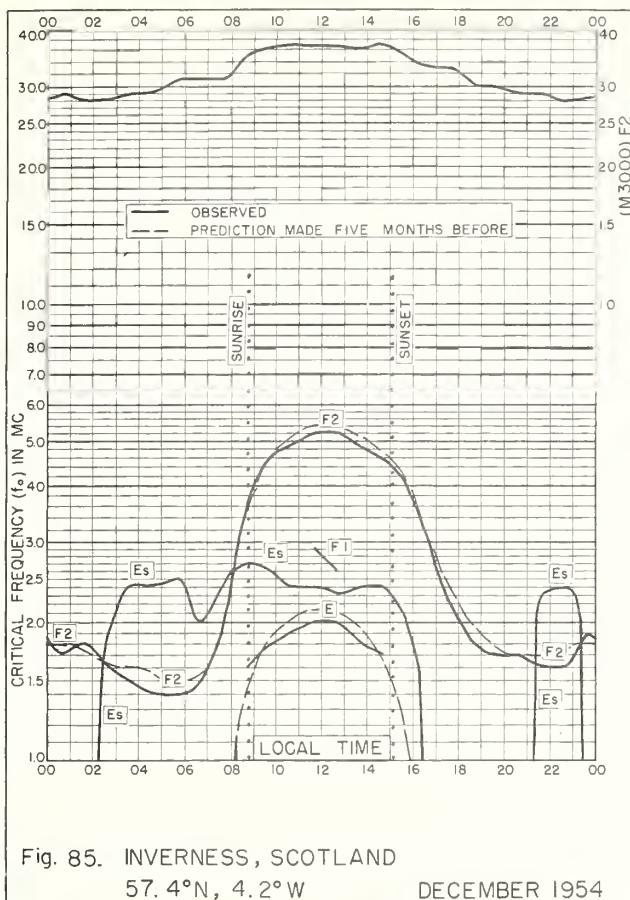


Fig. 85. INVERNESS, SCOTLAND

57.4°N, 4.2°W DECEMBER 1954

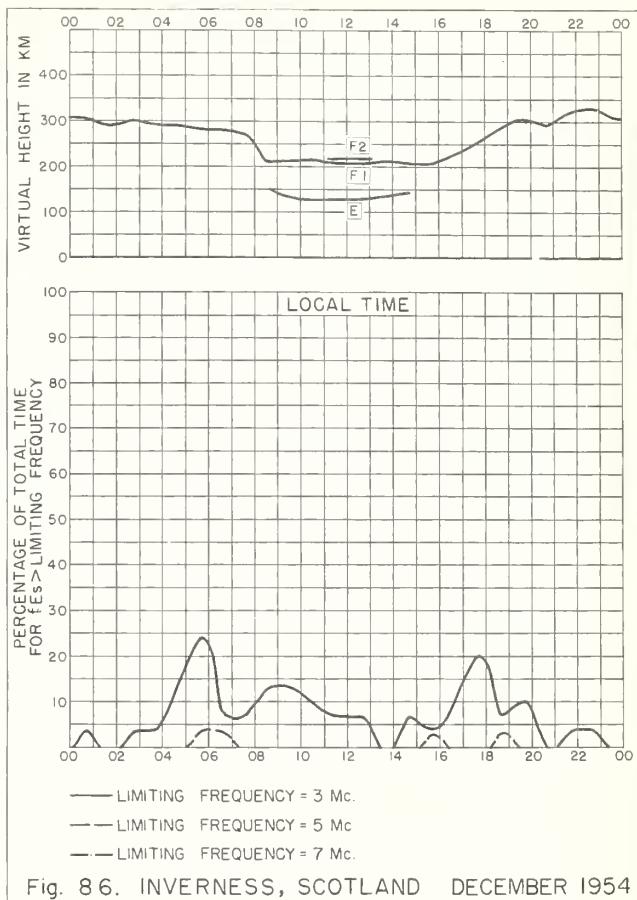


Fig. 86. INVERNESS, SCOTLAND DECEMBER 1954

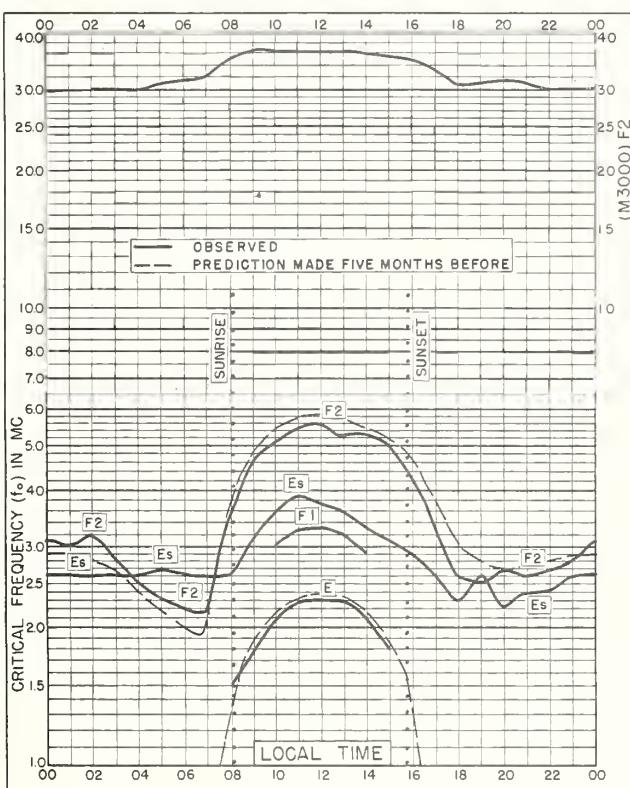


Fig. 87. SLOUGH, ENGLAND

51.5°N, 0.6°W DECEMBER 1954

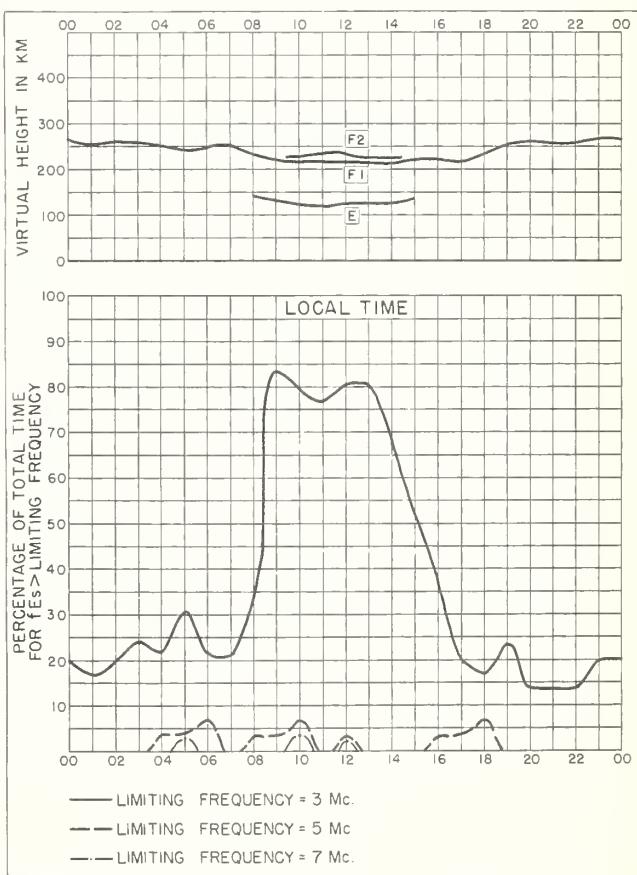


Fig. 88. SLOUGH, ENGLAND DECEMBER 1954

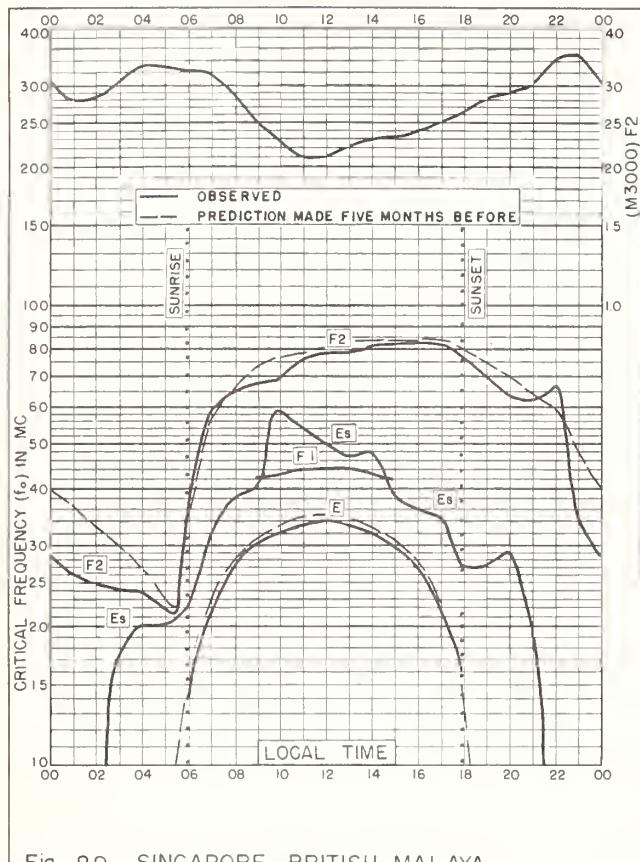


Fig. 89. SINGAPORE, BRITISH MALAYA
1.3°N, 103.8°E DECEMBER 1954

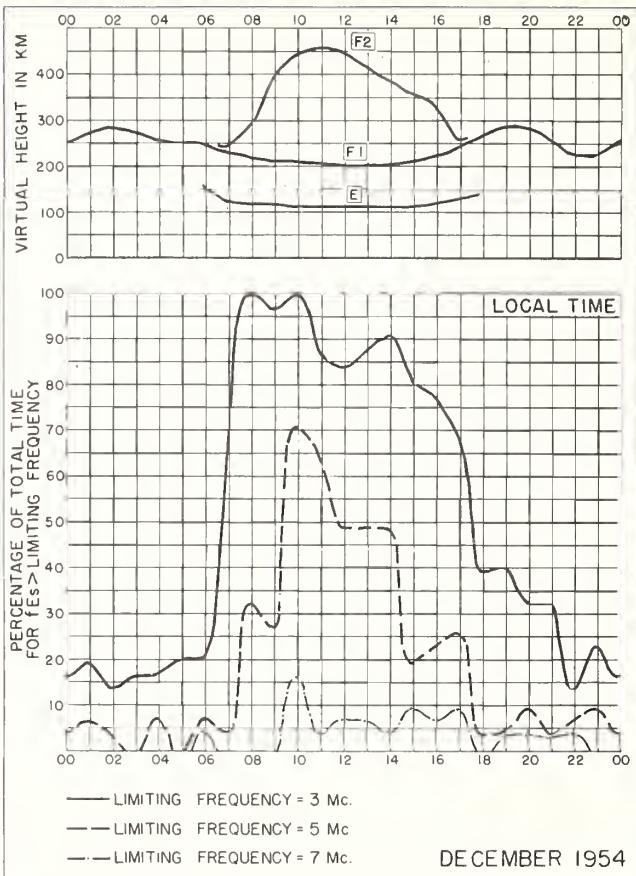


Fig. 90. SINGAPORE, BRITISH MALAYA DECEMBER 1954

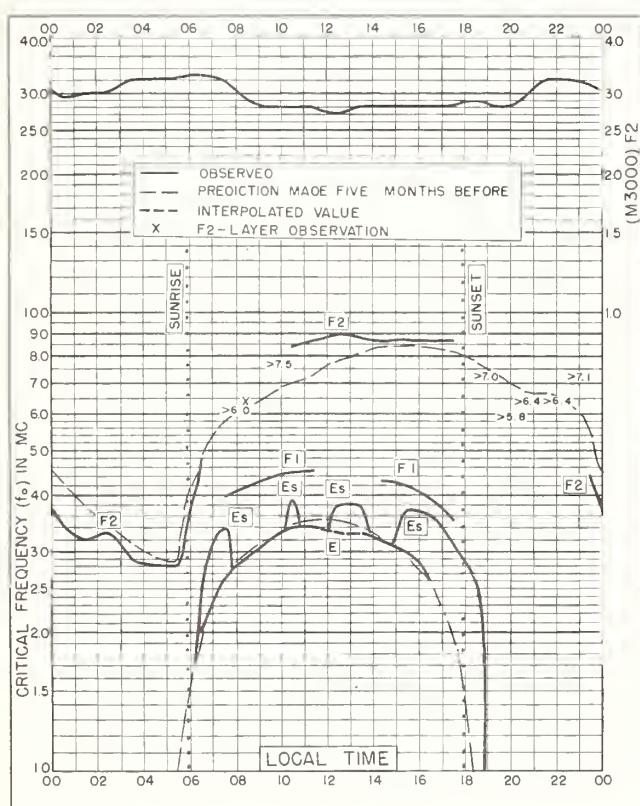


Fig. 91. NAIROBI, KENYA
1.3°S, 36.8°E DECEMBER 1954

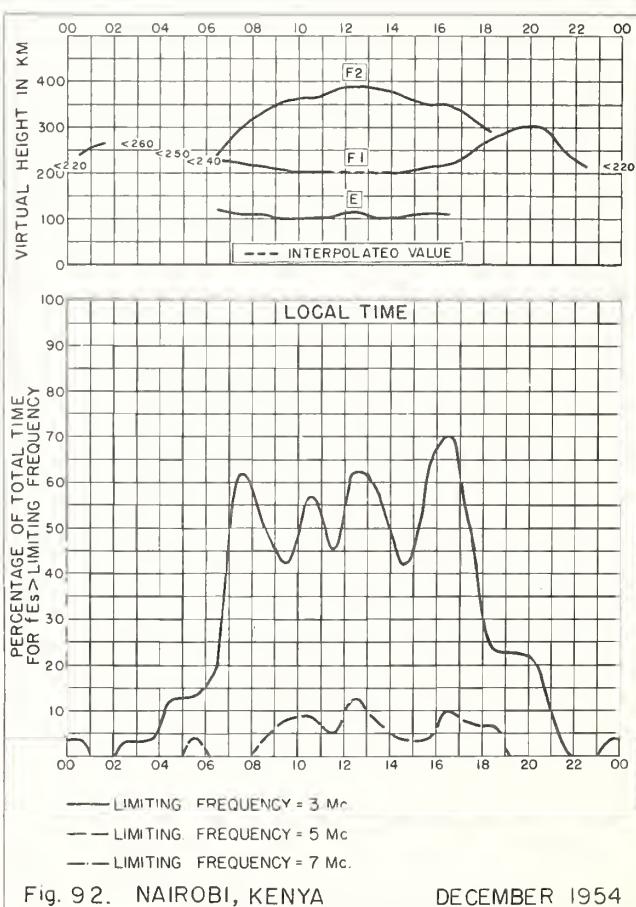


Fig. 92. NAIROBI, KENYA DECEMBER 1954

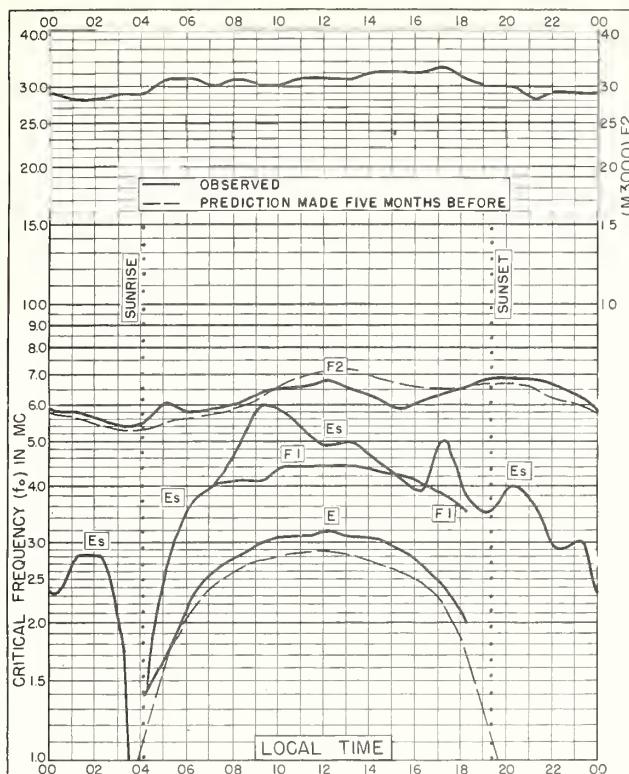


Fig. 93. FALKLAND IS.
51.7°S, 57.8°W

NOVEMBER 1954

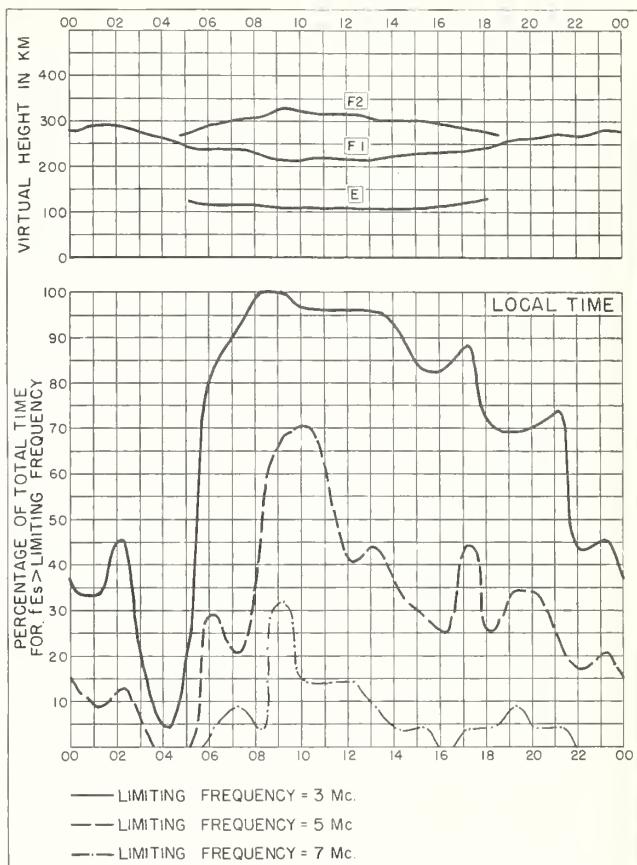


Fig. 94. FALKLAND IS. NOVEMBER 1954

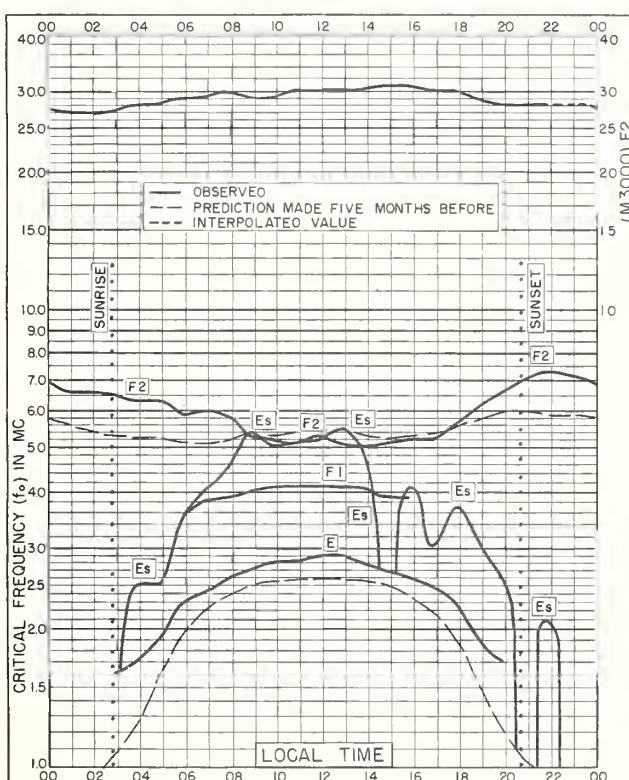


Fig. 95. PORT LOCKROY

64.8°S, 63.5°W

NOVEMBER 1954

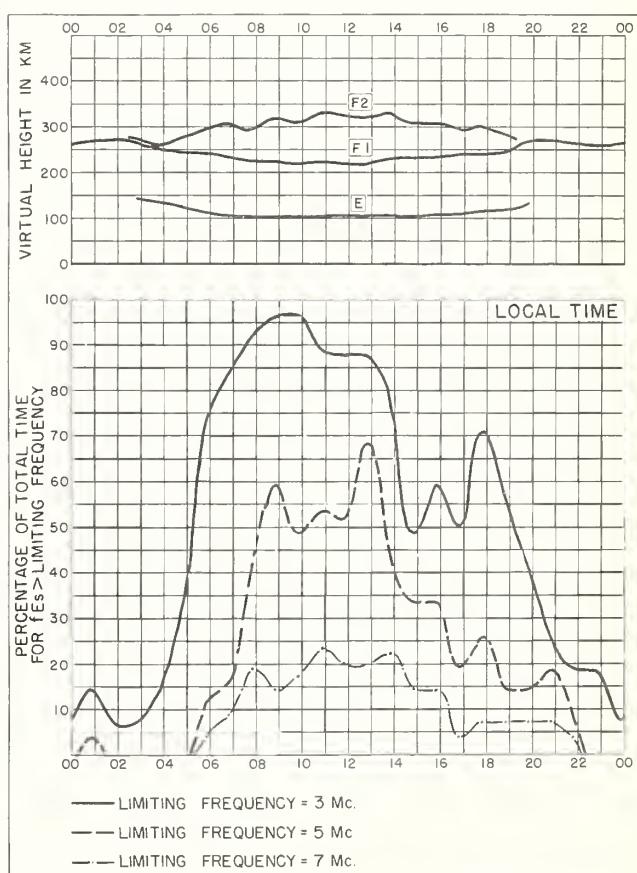


Fig. 96. PORT LOCKROY NOVEMBER 1954

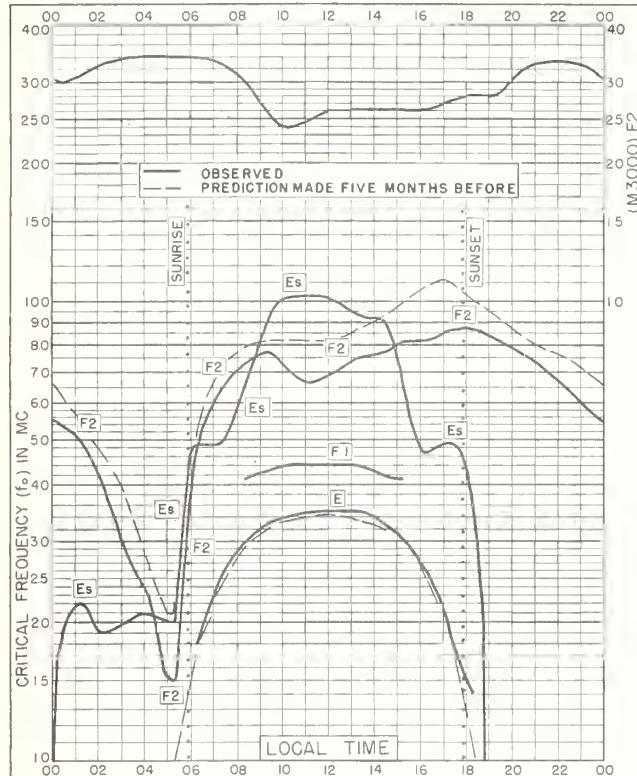


Fig. 97. IBADAN, NIGERIA
7.4°N, 4.0°E

SEPTEMBER 1954

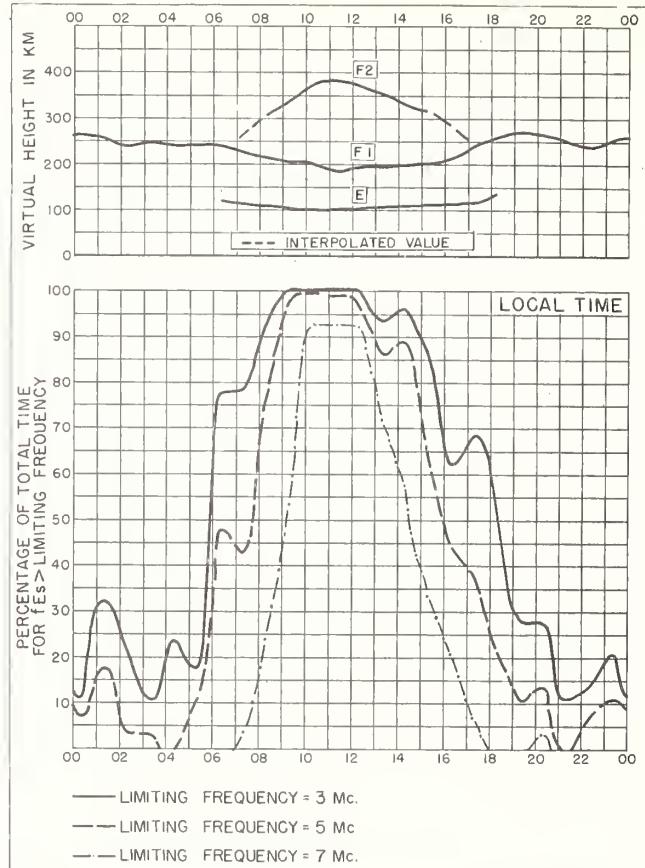


Fig. 98. IBADAN, NIGERIA

SEPTEMBER 1954

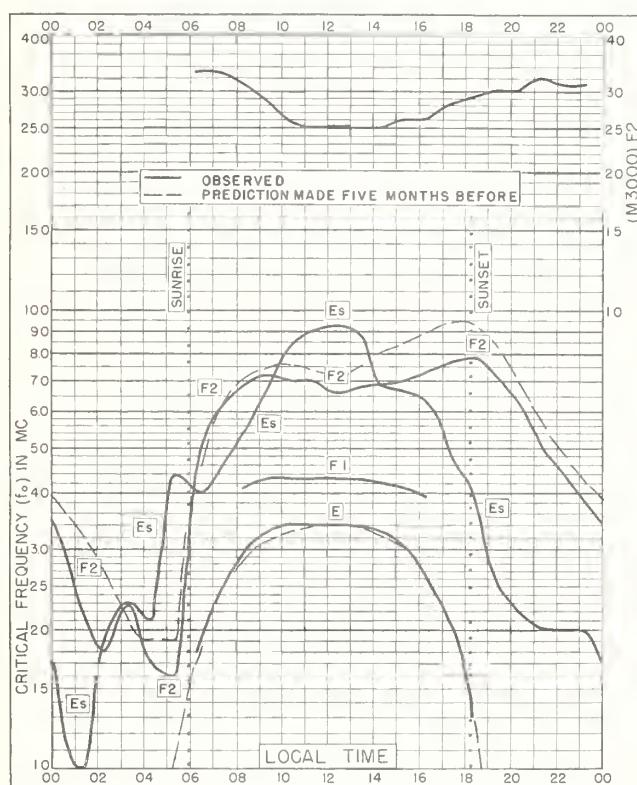


Fig. 99. IBADAN, NIGERIA

7.4°N, 4.0°E

AUGUST 1954

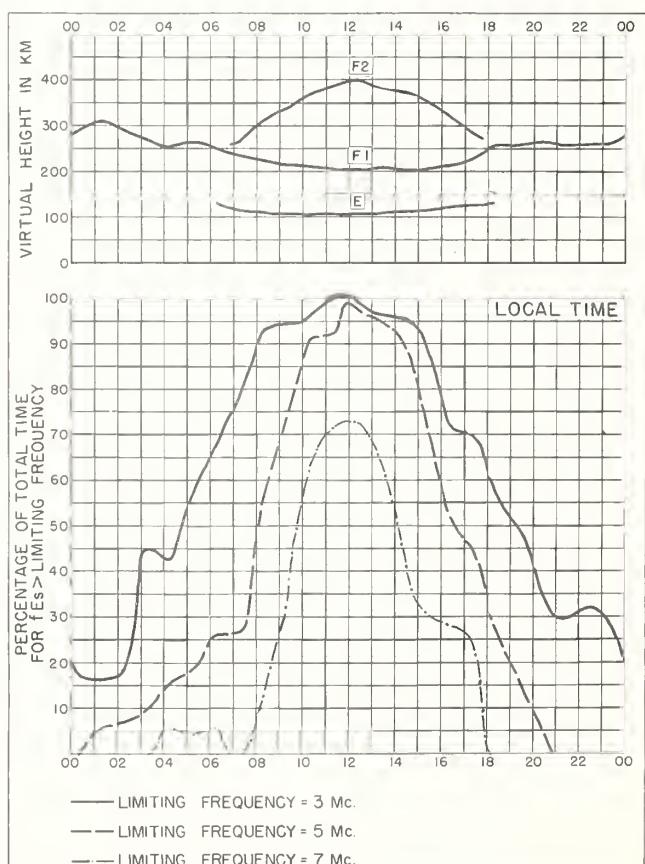


Fig. 100. IBADAN, NIGERIA

AUGUST 1954

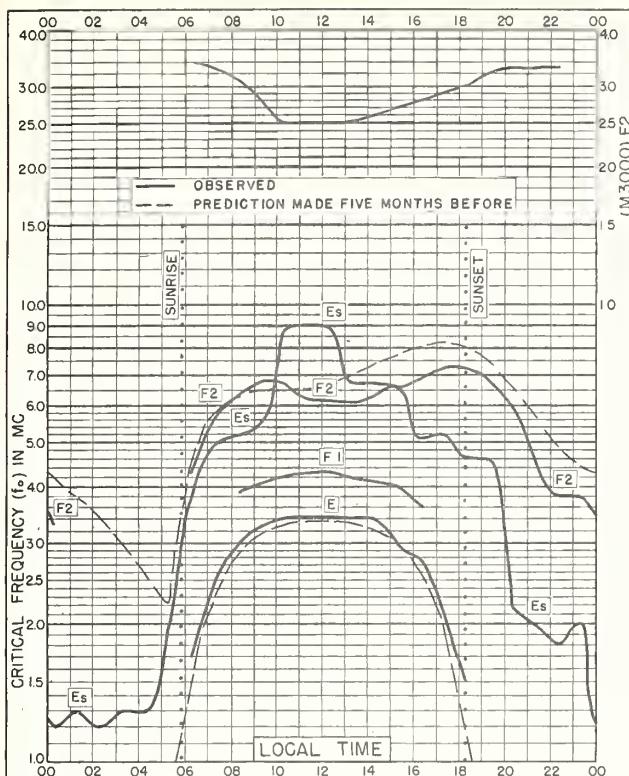


Fig. 101. IBADAN, NIGERIA
7.4°N, 4.0°E JULY 1954

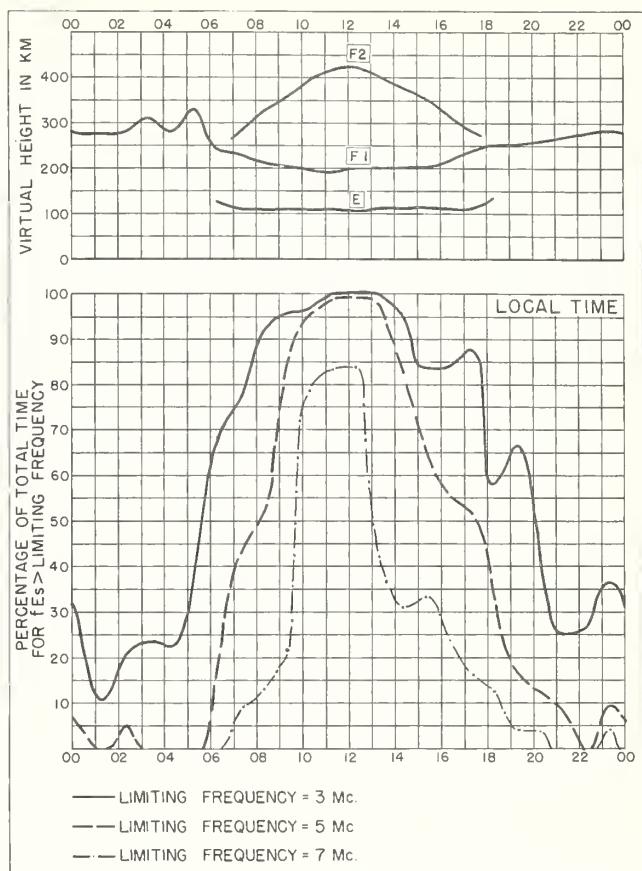


Fig. 102. IBADAN, NIGERIA JULY 1954

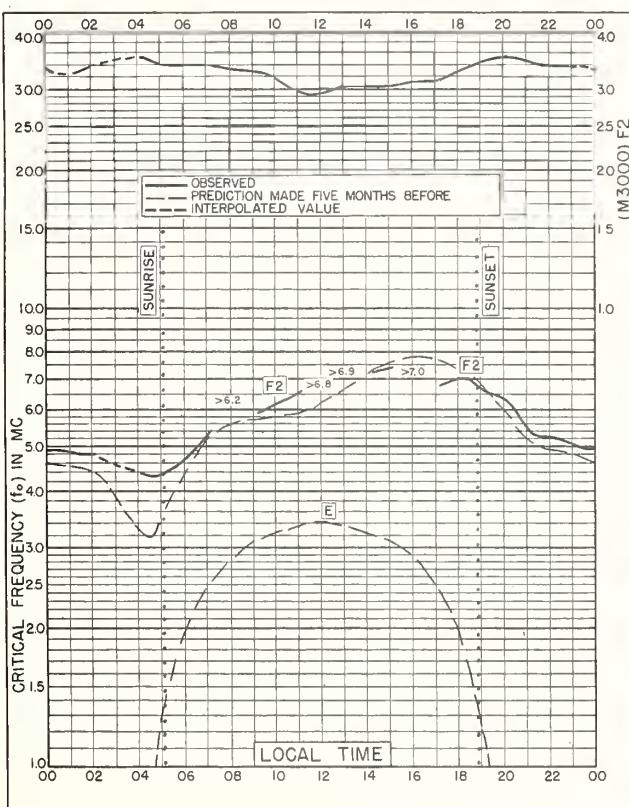


Fig. 103. DELHI, INDIA
28.6°N, 77.1°E JUNE 1954

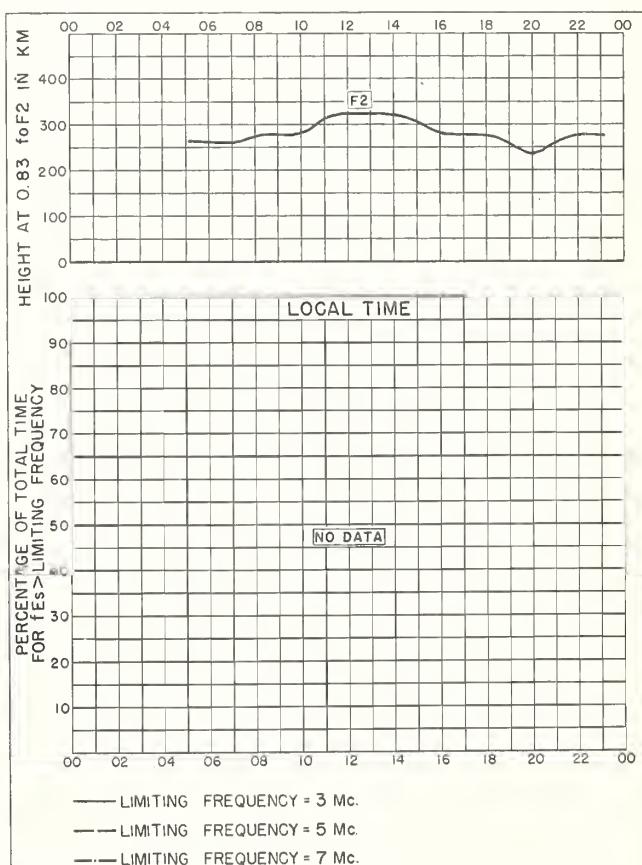
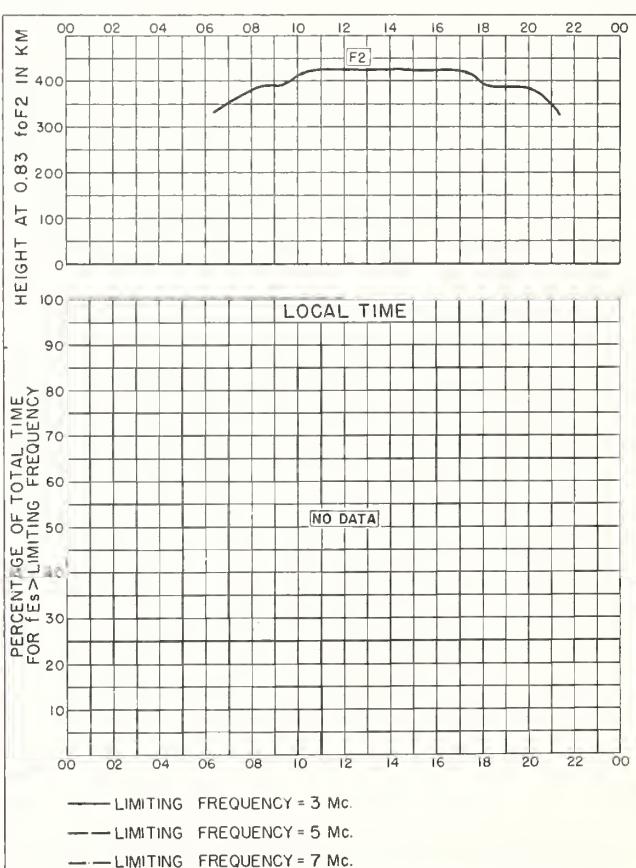
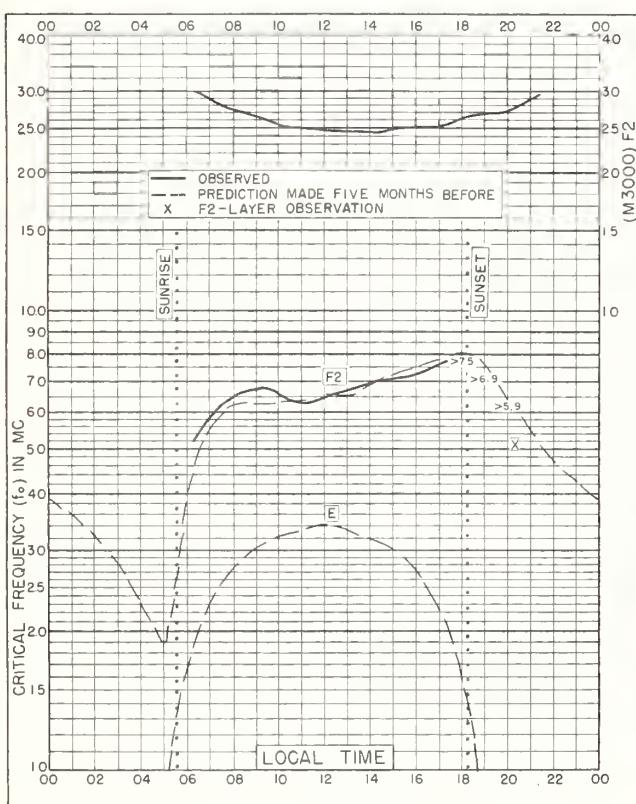
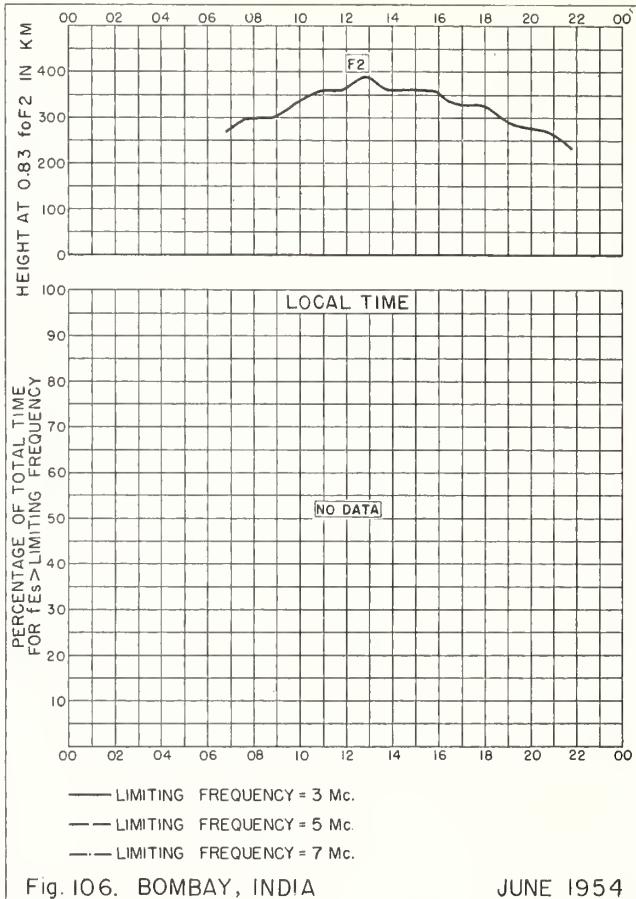
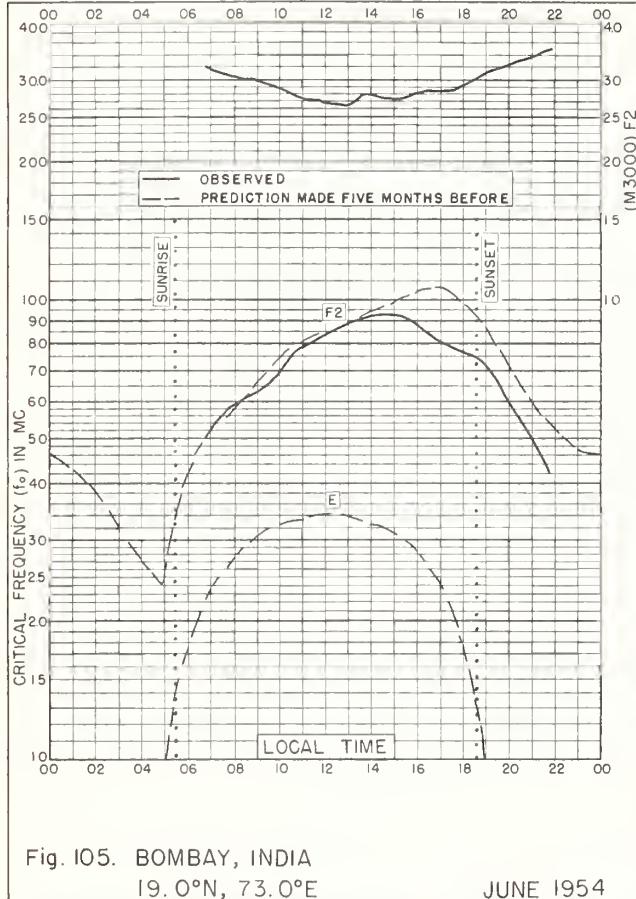
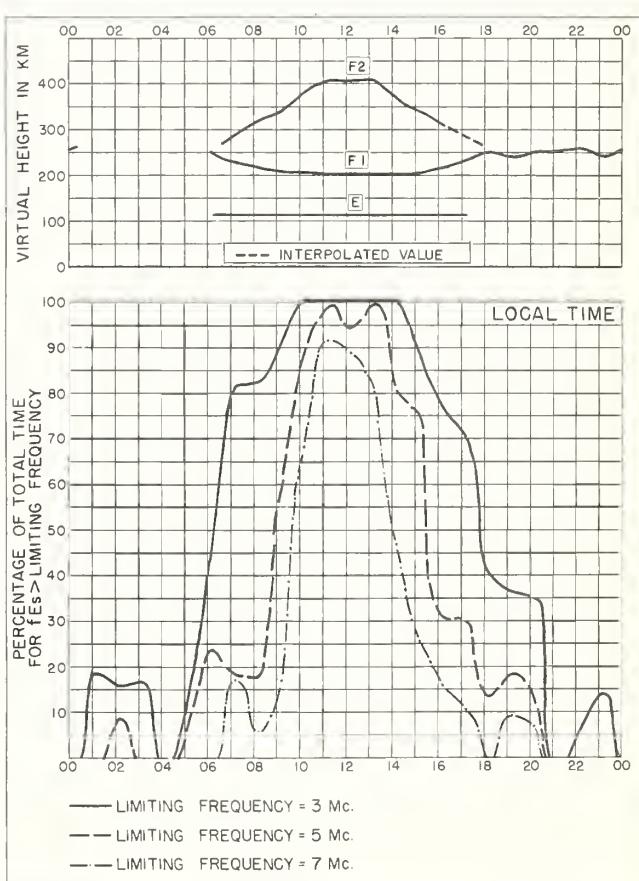
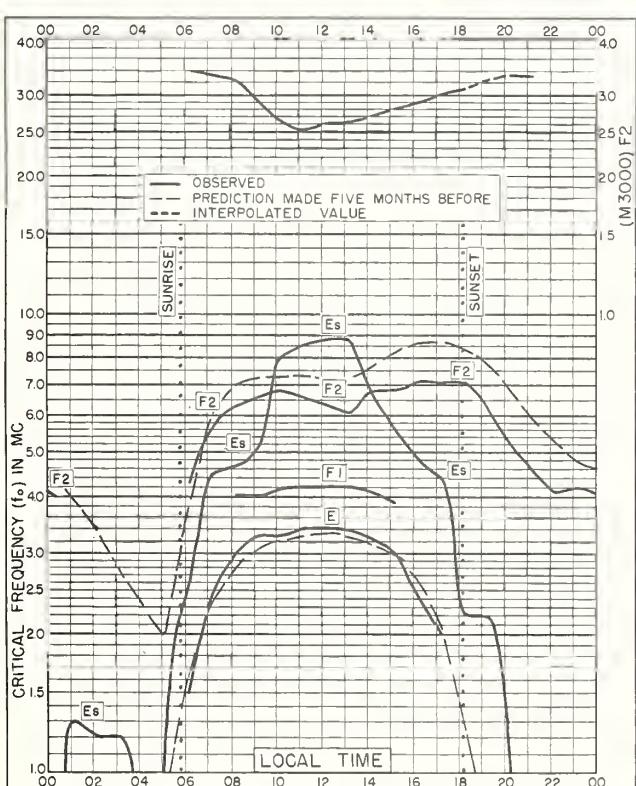
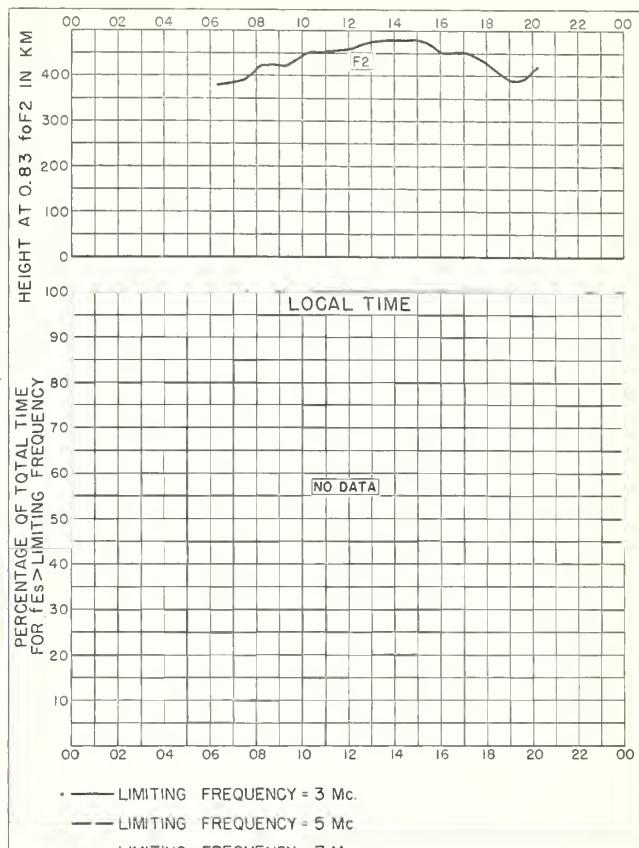
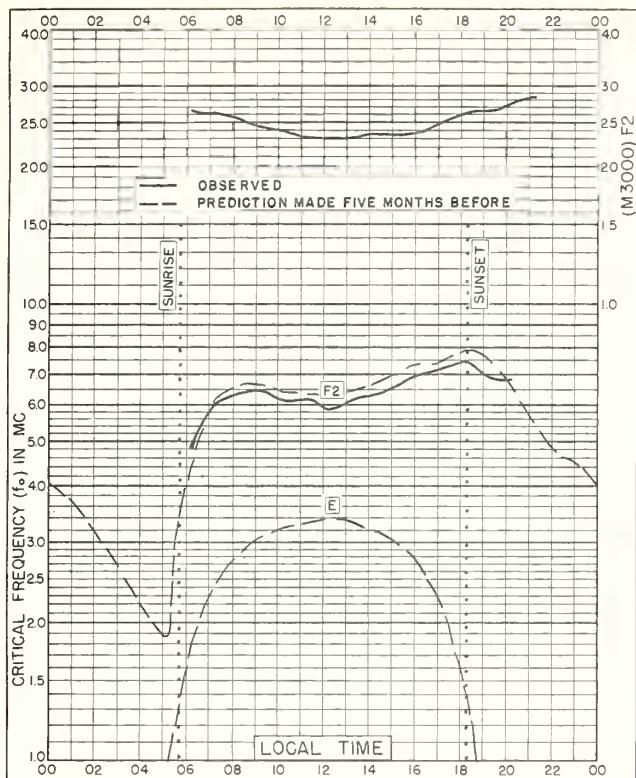


Fig. 104. DELHI, INDIA JUNE 1954





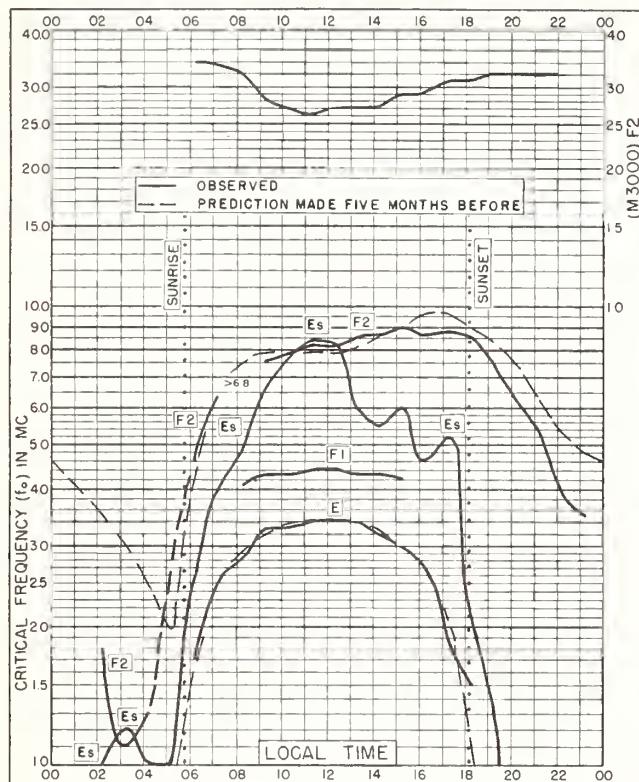


Fig. 113. IBADAN, NIGERIA
7.4°N, 4.0°E

MAY 1954

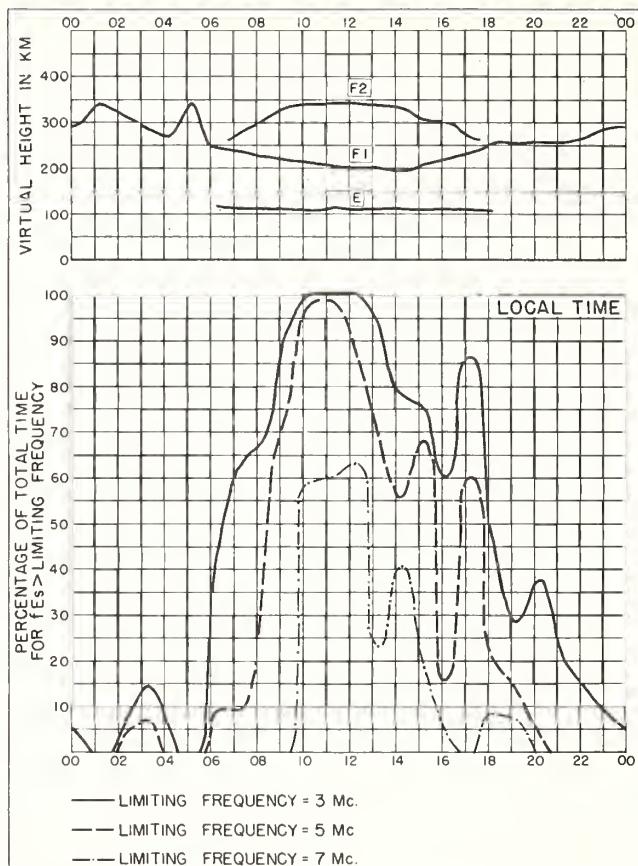


Fig. 114. IBADAN, NIGERIA

MAY 1954

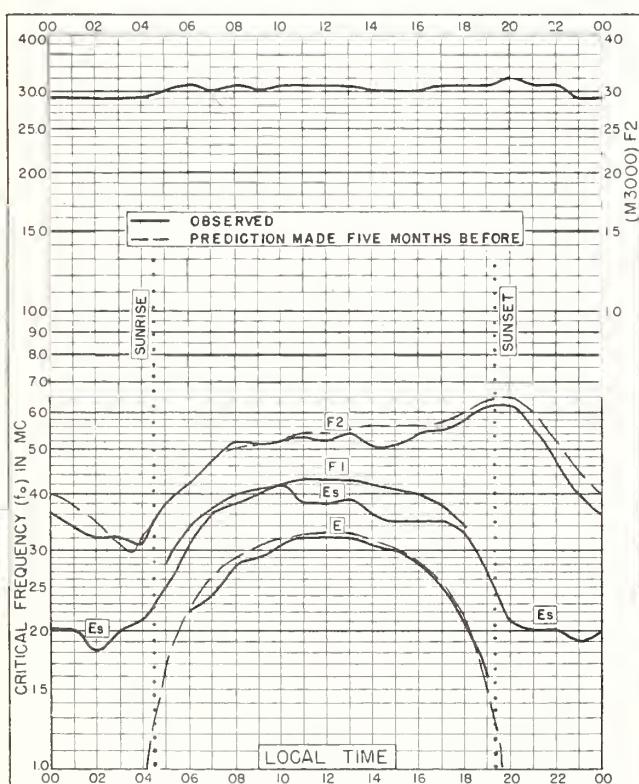


Fig. 115. FRIBOURG, GERMANY

48.1°N, 7.8°E

MAY 1953

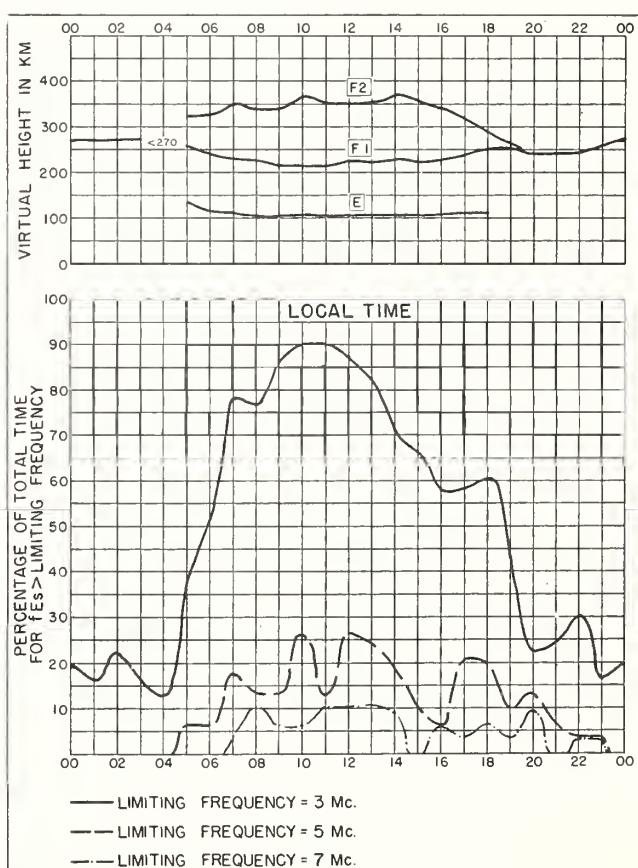
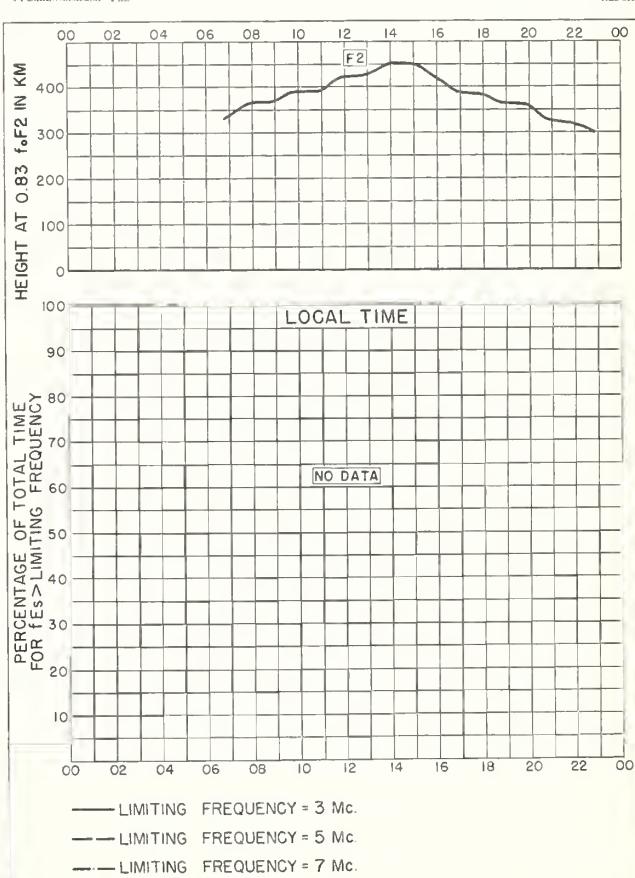
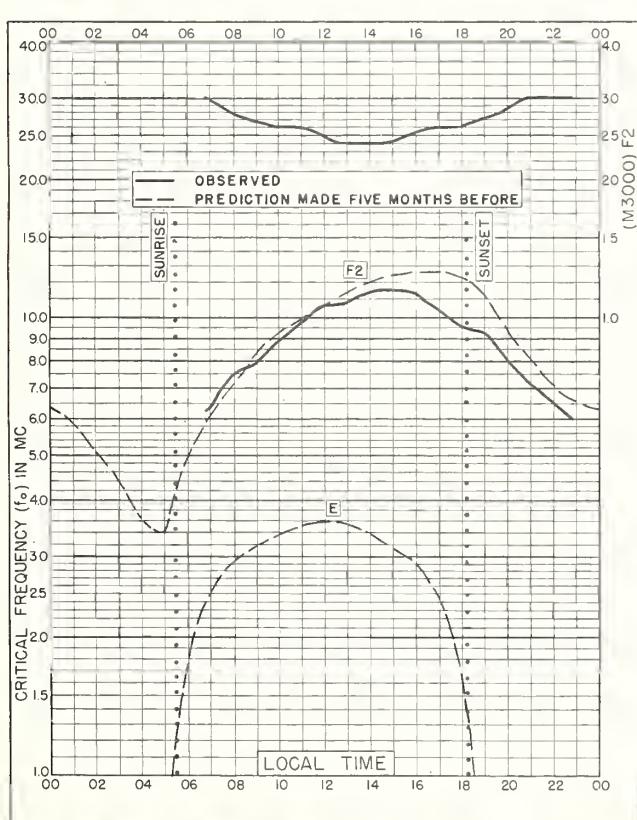
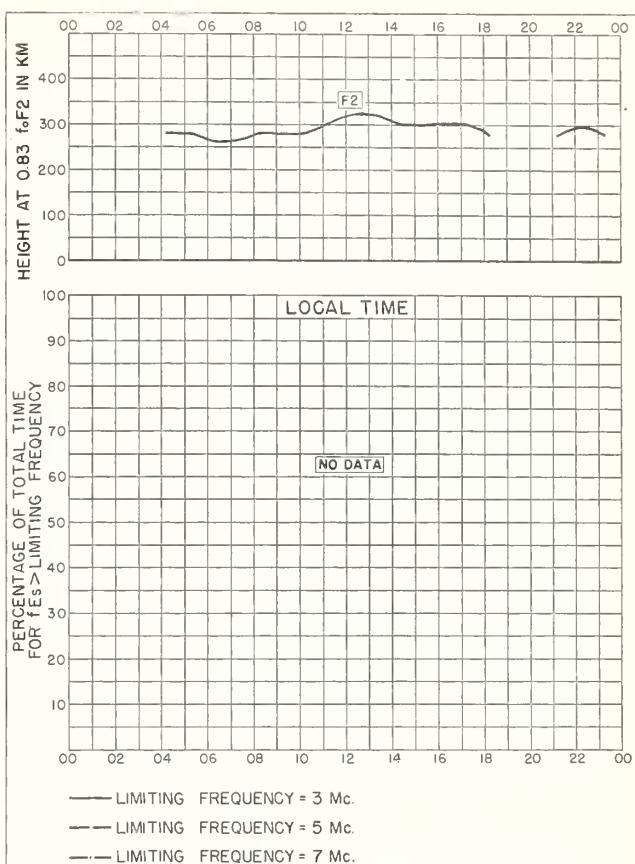
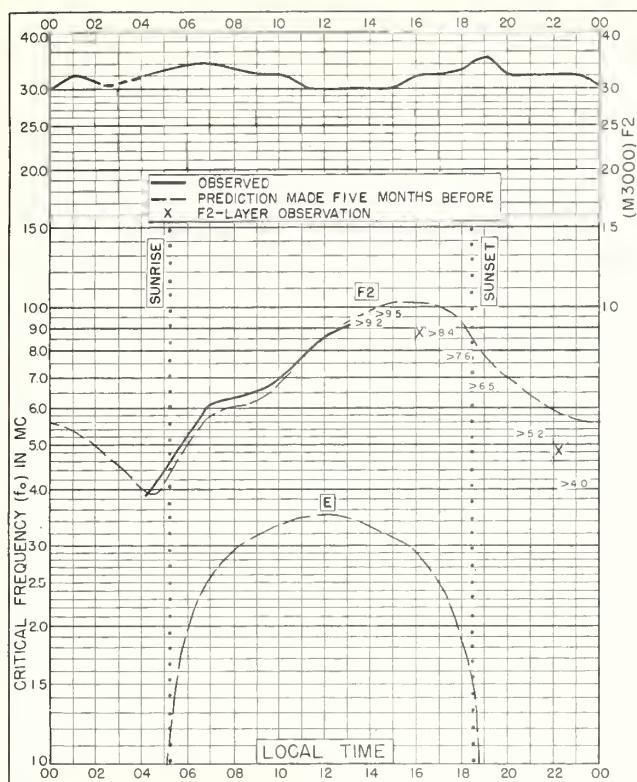
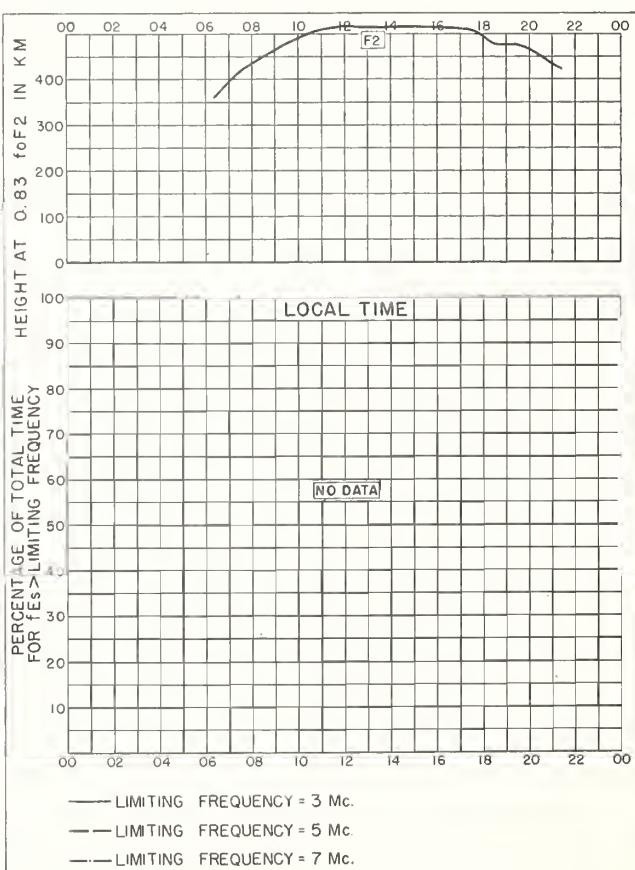
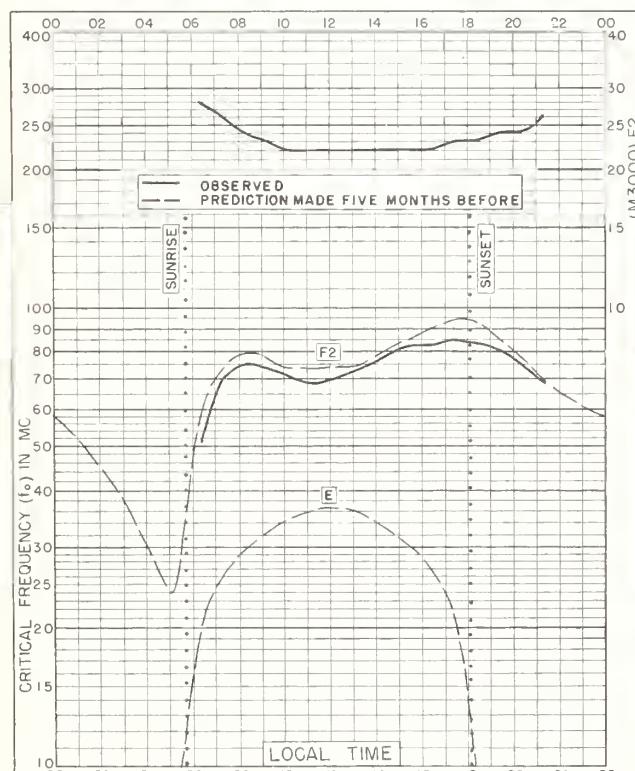
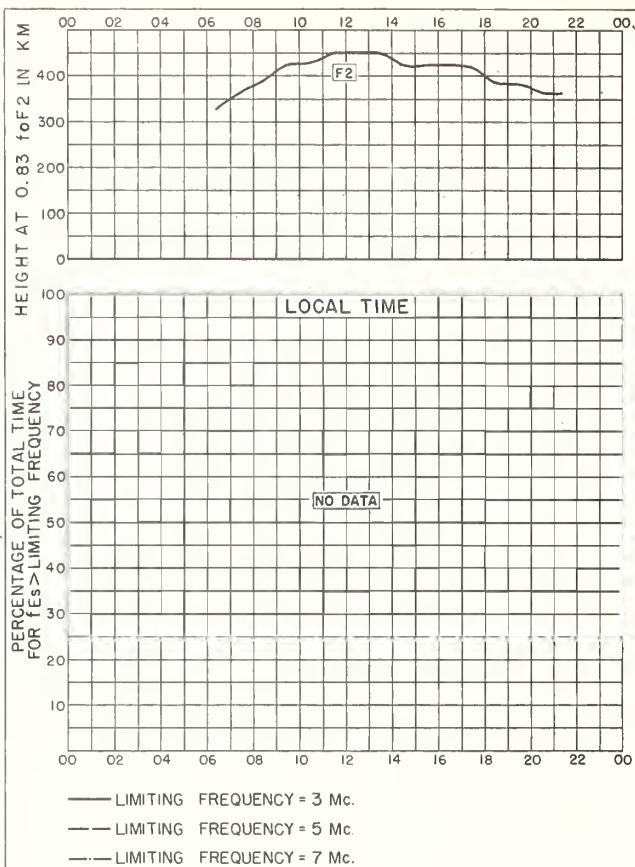
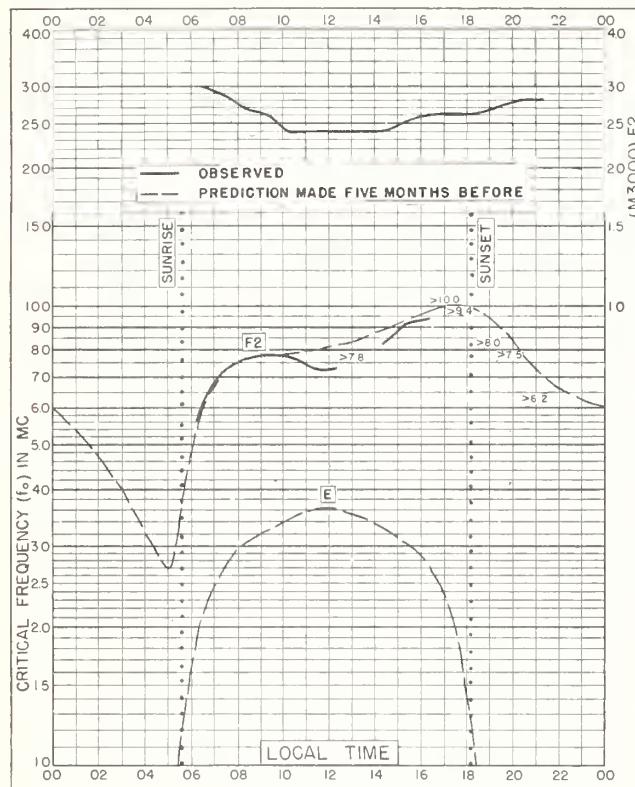


Fig. 116. FRIBOURG, GERMANY

MAY 1953





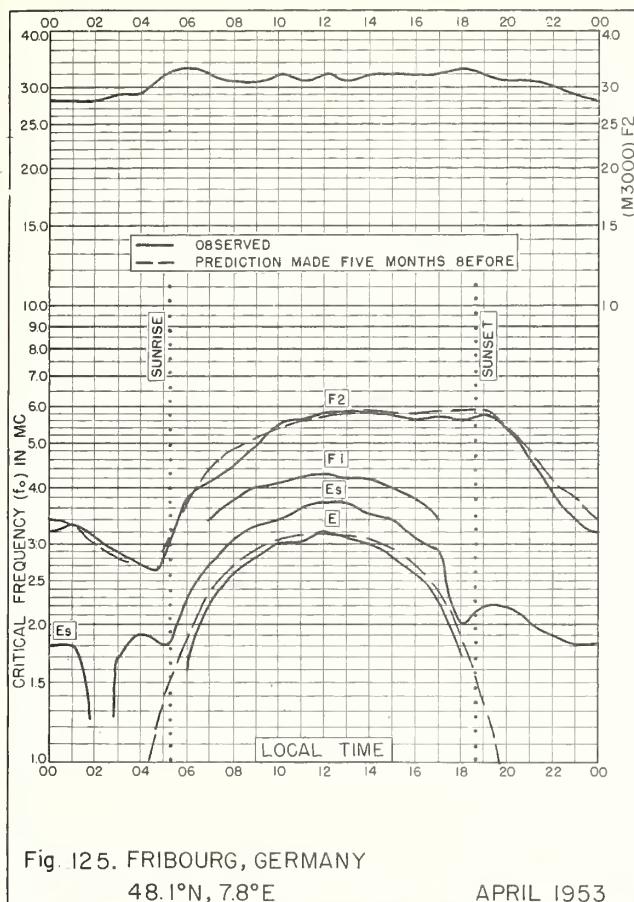


Fig. I25. FRIBOURG, GERMANY
48.1°N, 7.8°E

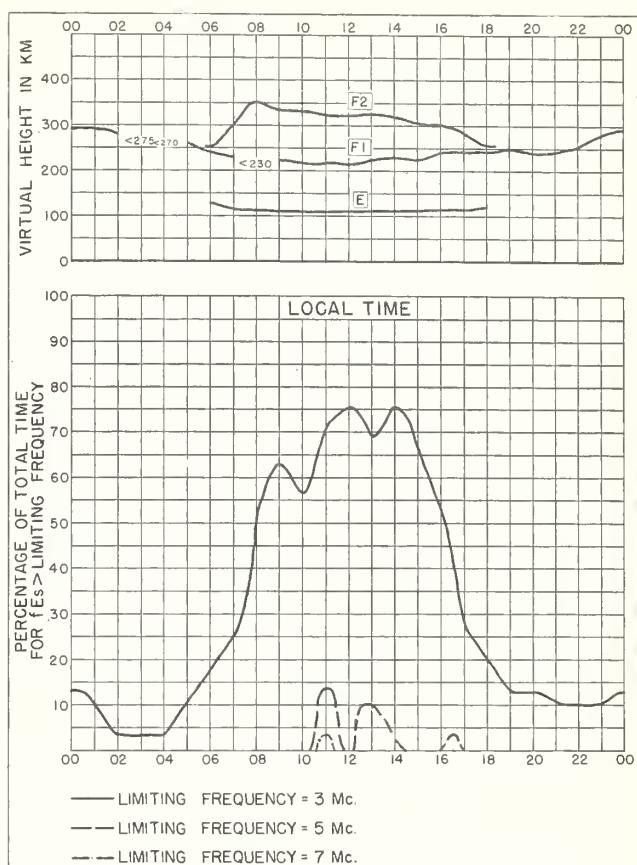


Fig. I26. FRIBOURG, GERMANY APRIL 1953

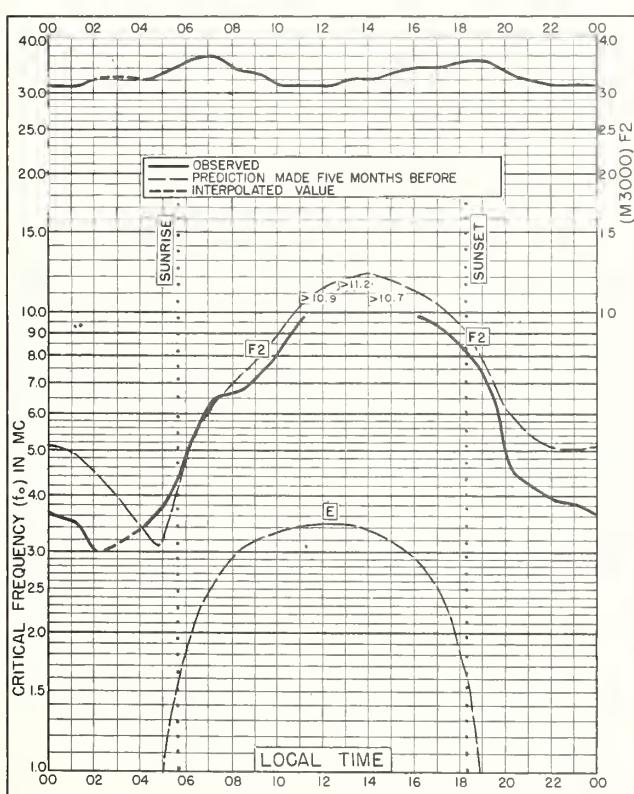


Fig. I27. DELHI, INDIA
28.6°N, 77.1°E

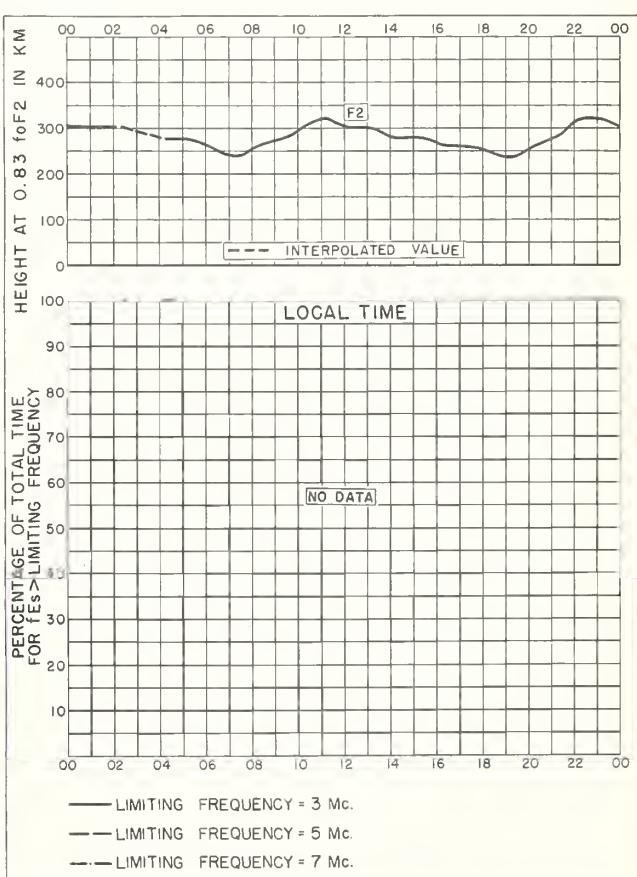


Fig. I28. DELHI, INDIA APRIL 1953

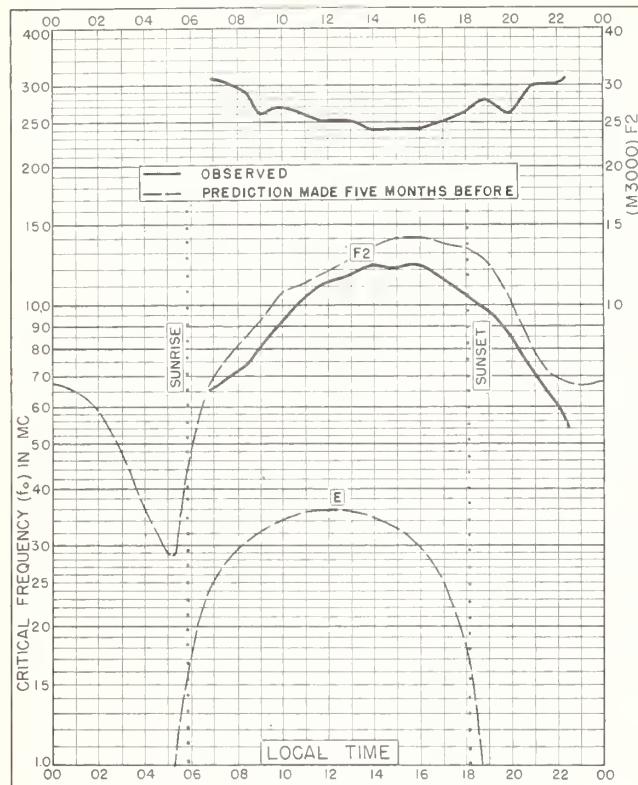


Fig. 129. BOMBAY, INDIA
19.0° N, 73.0° E APRIL 1953
NBS 503

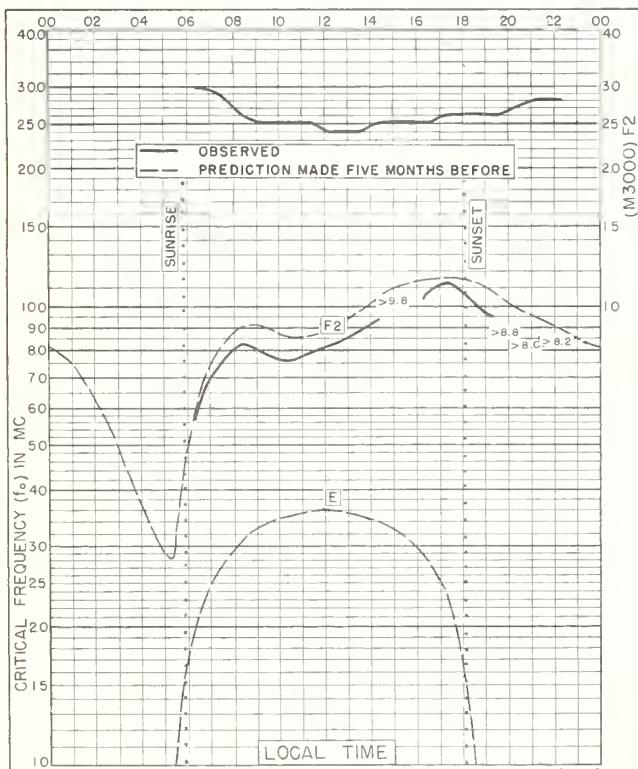
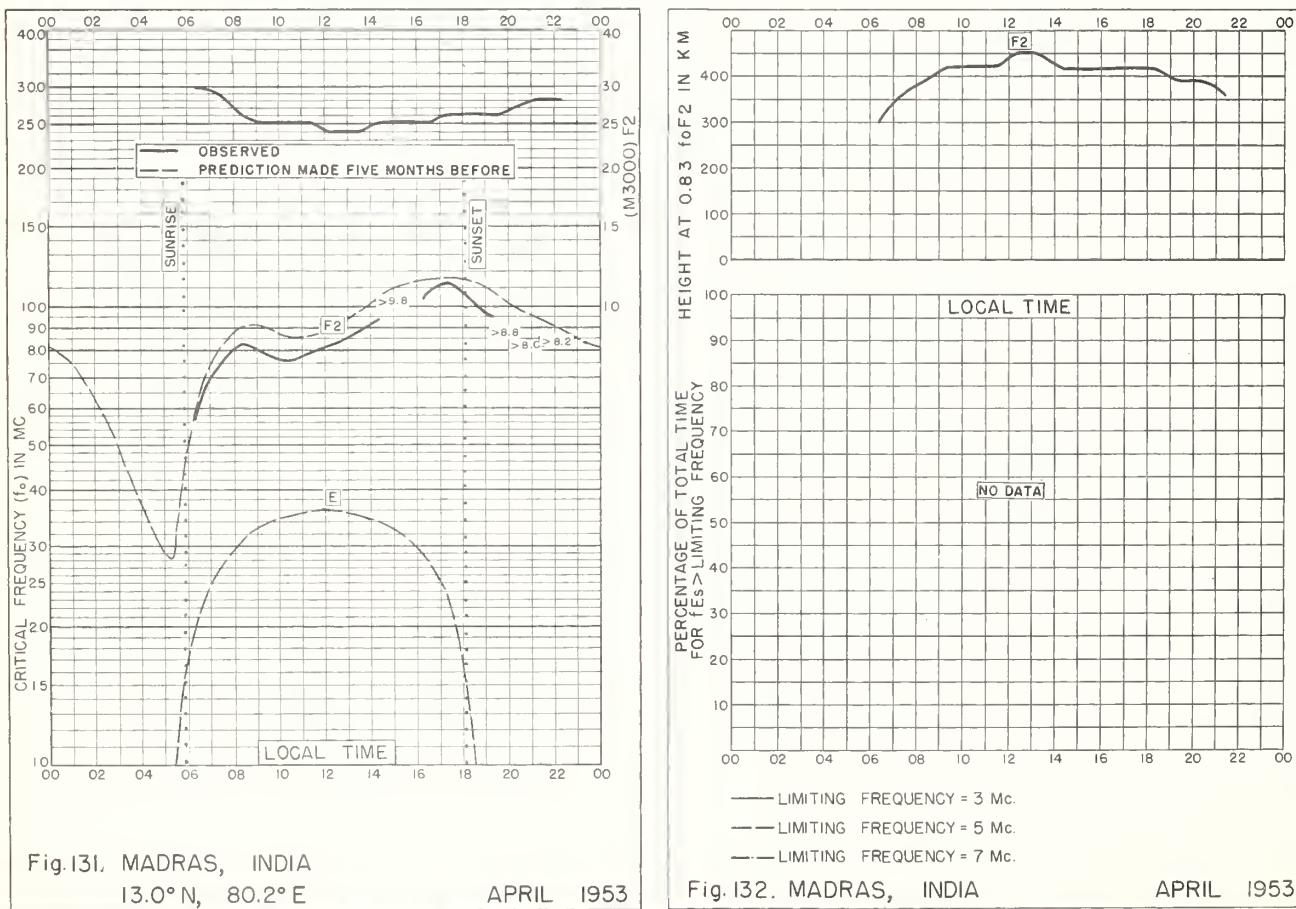
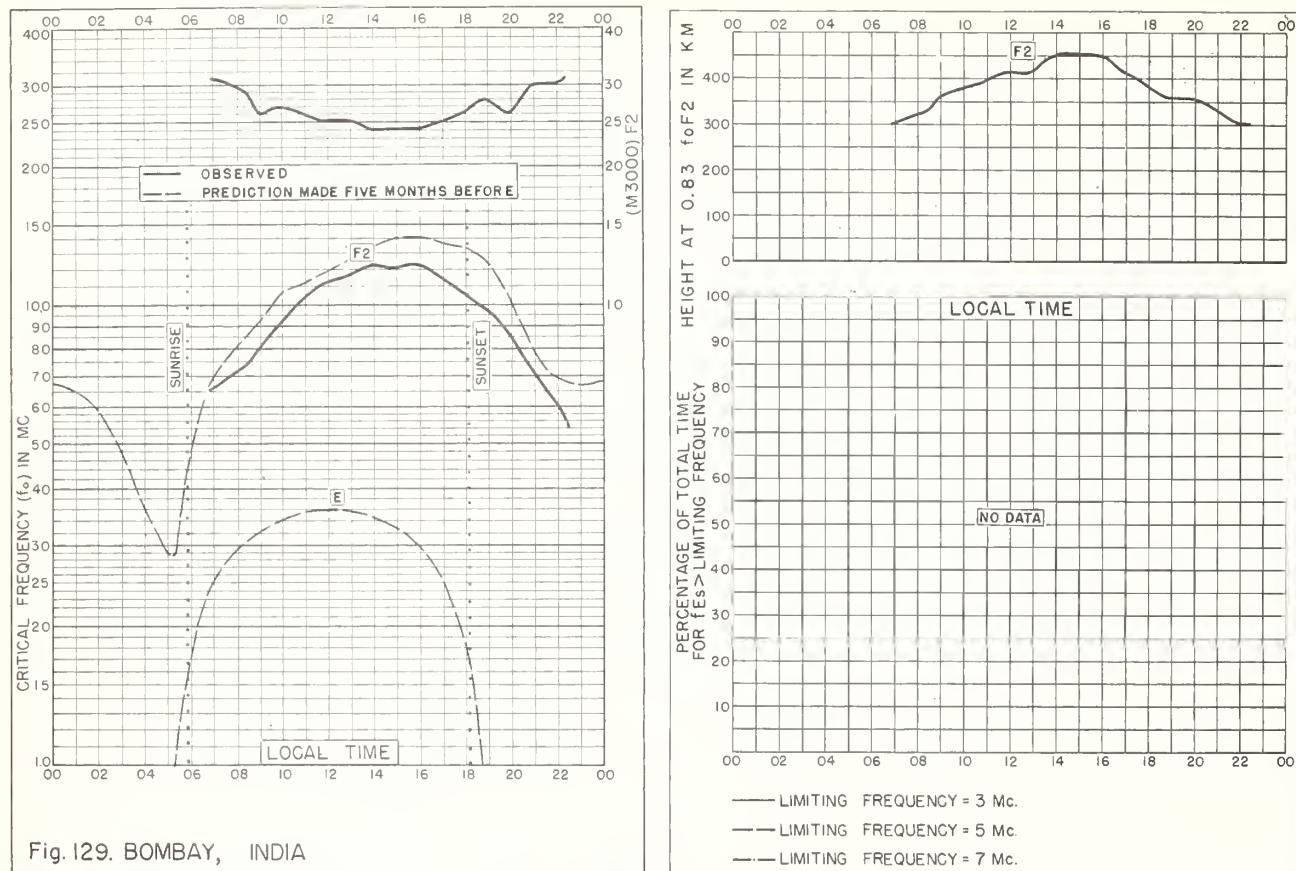
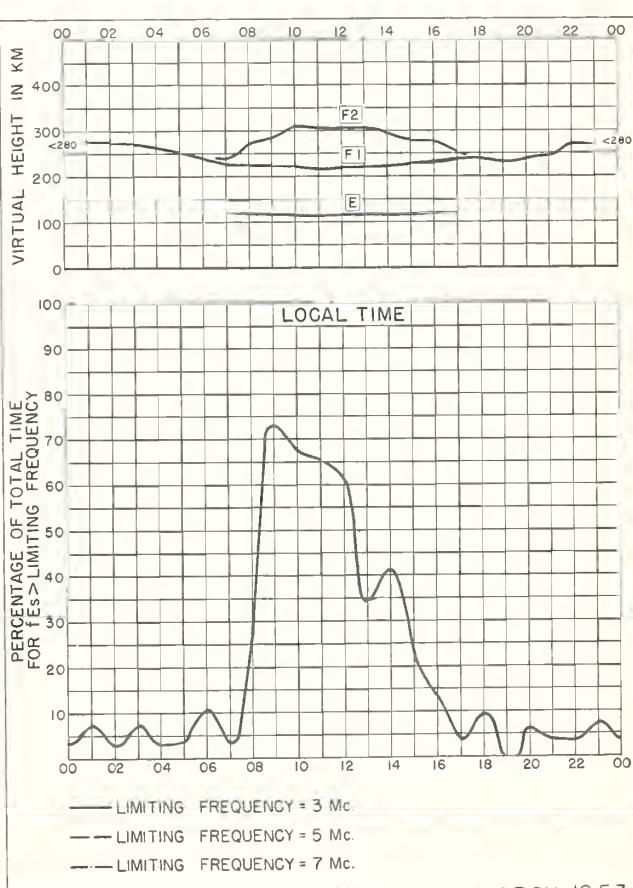
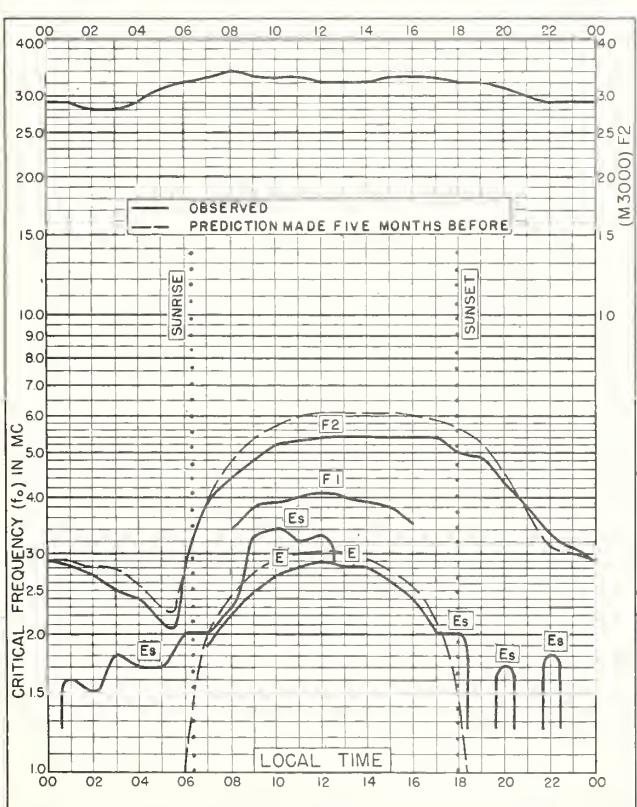
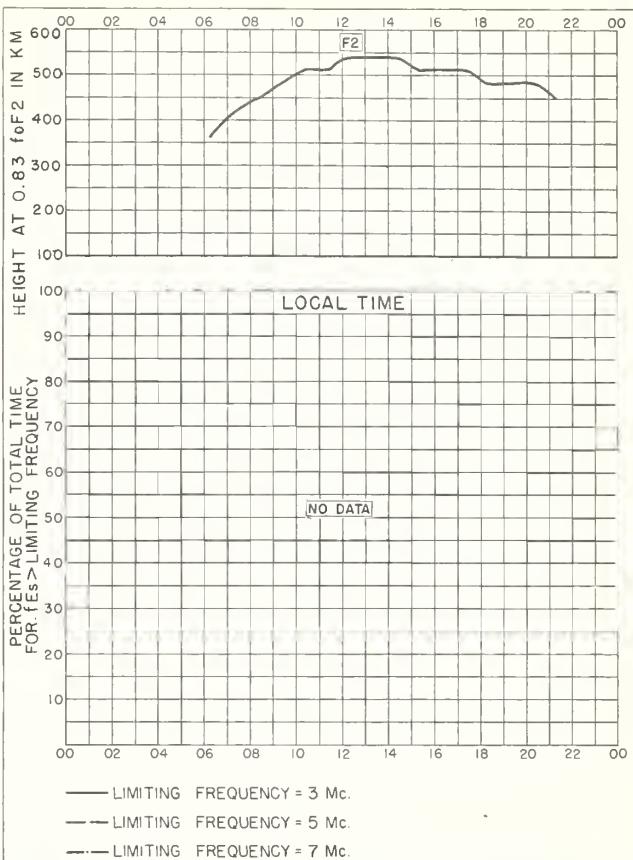
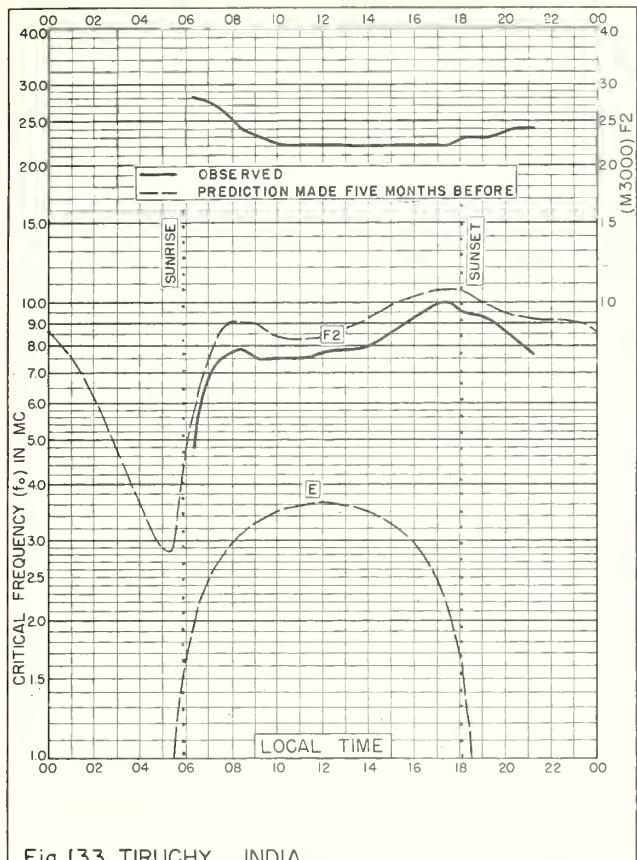
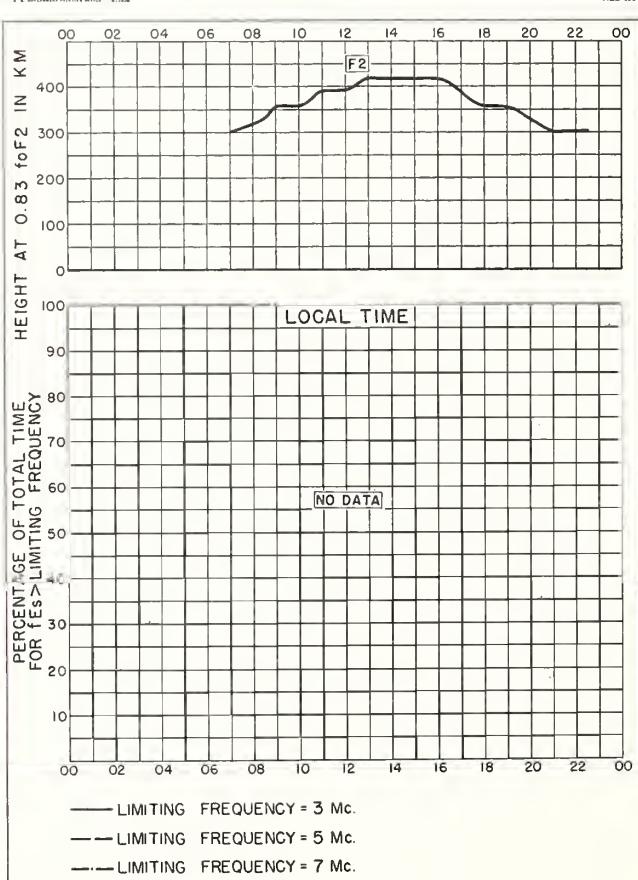
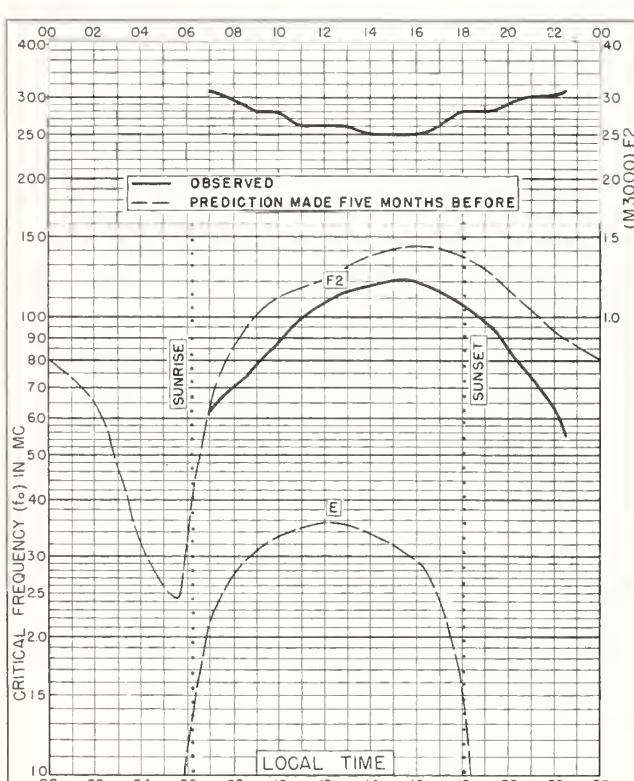
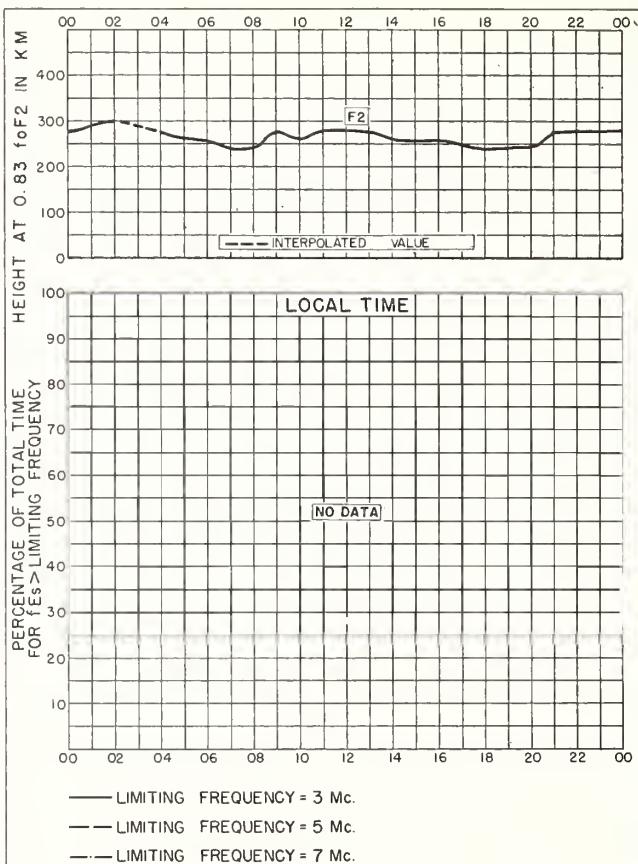
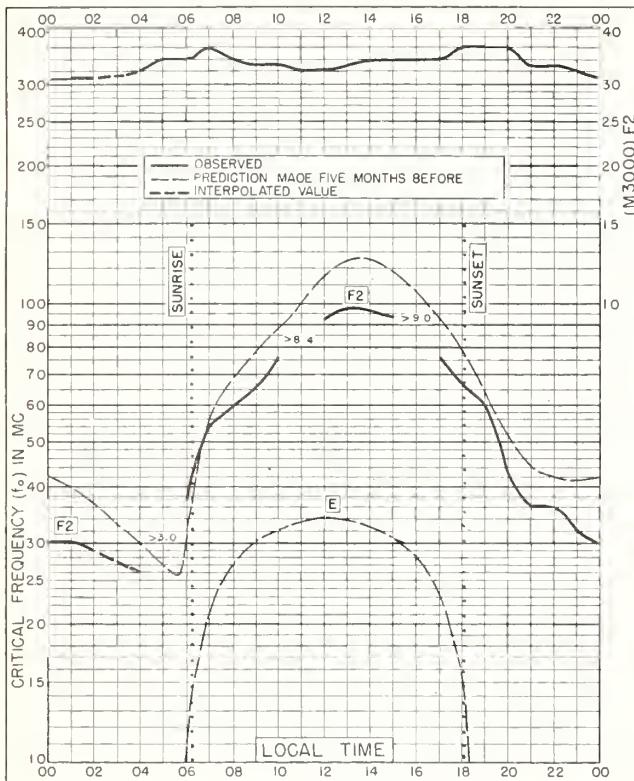


Fig. 131. MADRAS, INDIA
13.0° N, 80.2° E APRIL 1953







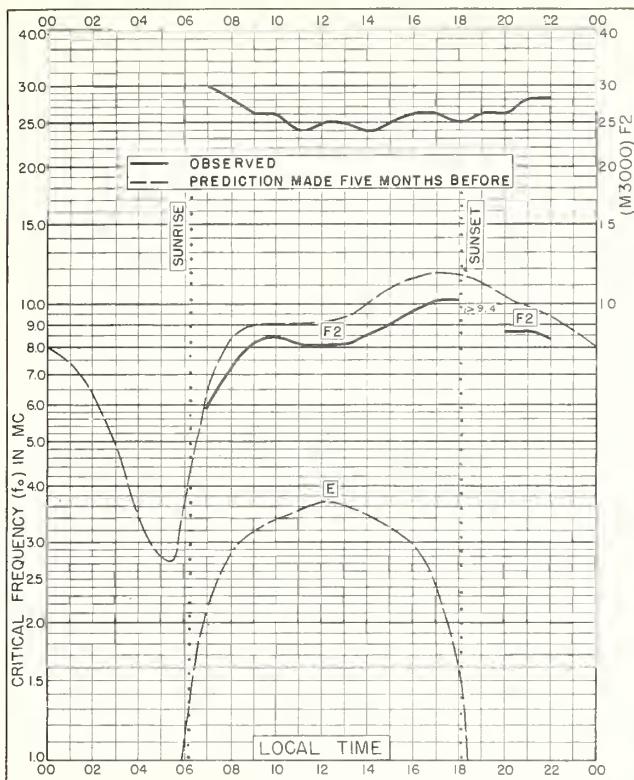


Fig. 141. MADRAS, INDIA
13.0°N, 80.2°E

MARCH 1953

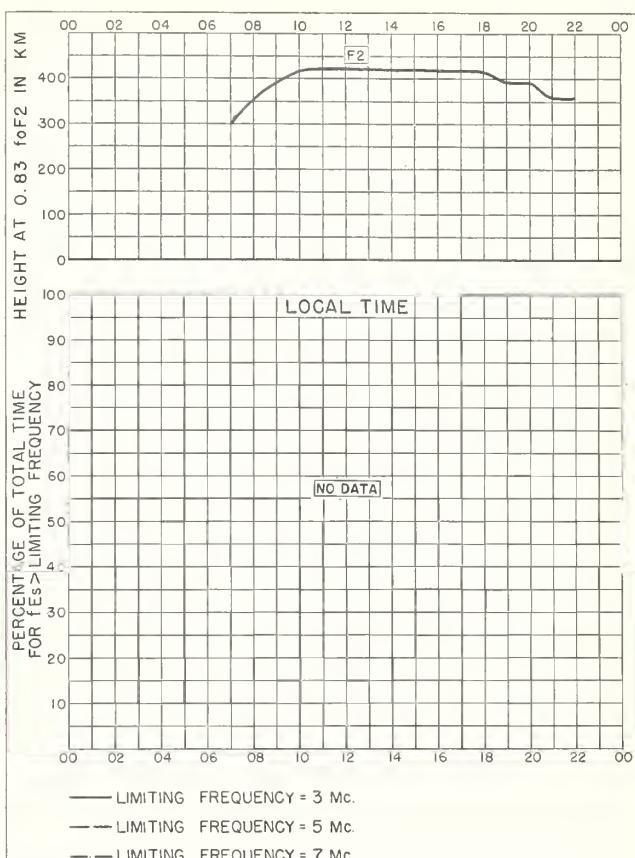


Fig. 142. MADRAS, INDIA

MARCH 1953

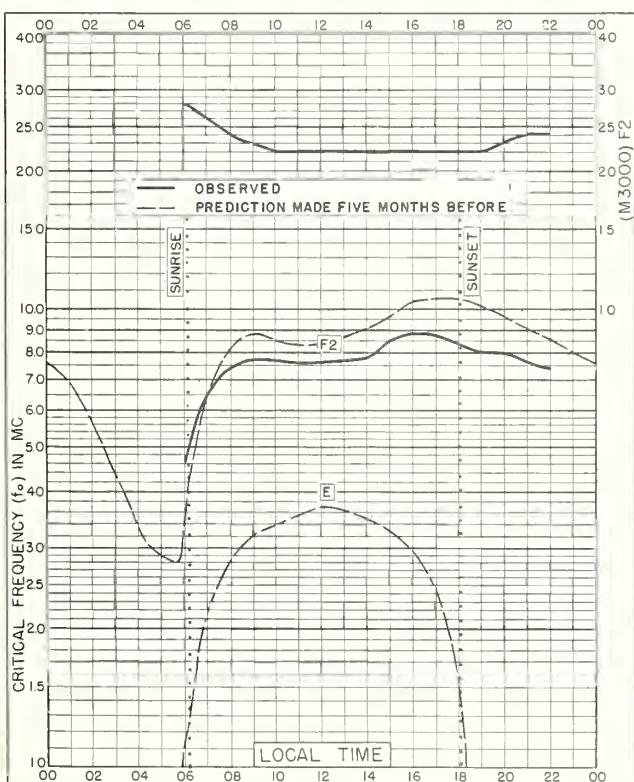


Fig. 143. TIRUCHY, INDIA
10.8°N, 78.8°E

MARCH 1953

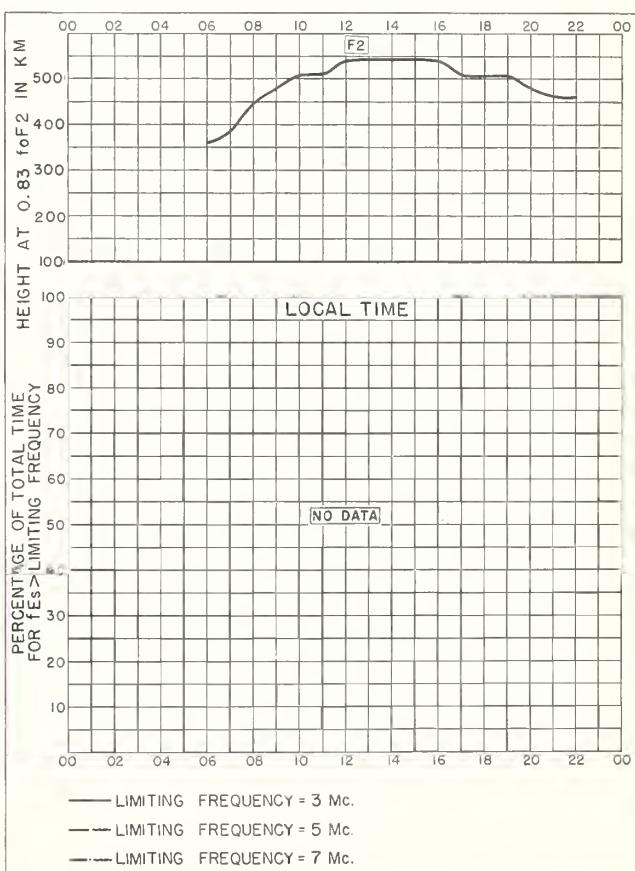


Fig. 144. TIRUCHY, INDIA

MARCH 1953

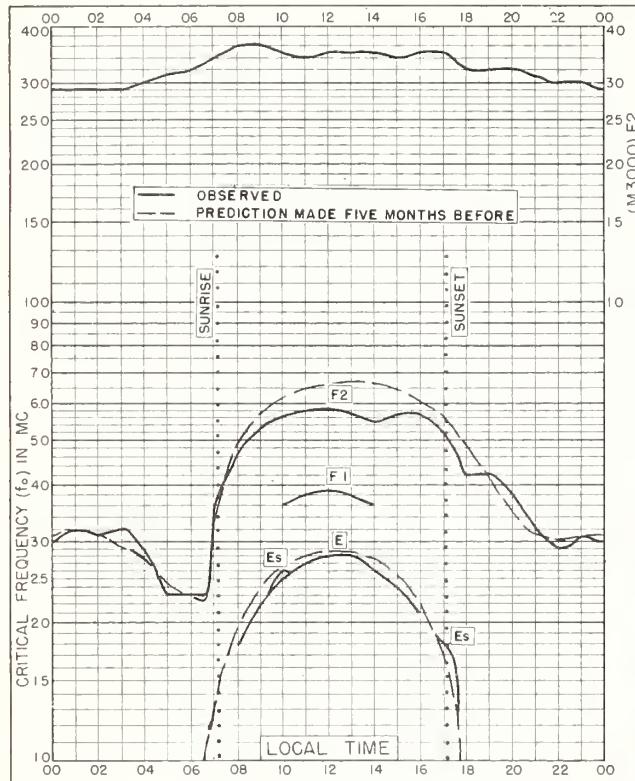


Fig. 145. FRIBOURG, GERMANY

48.1°N, 7.8°E

FEBRUARY 1953

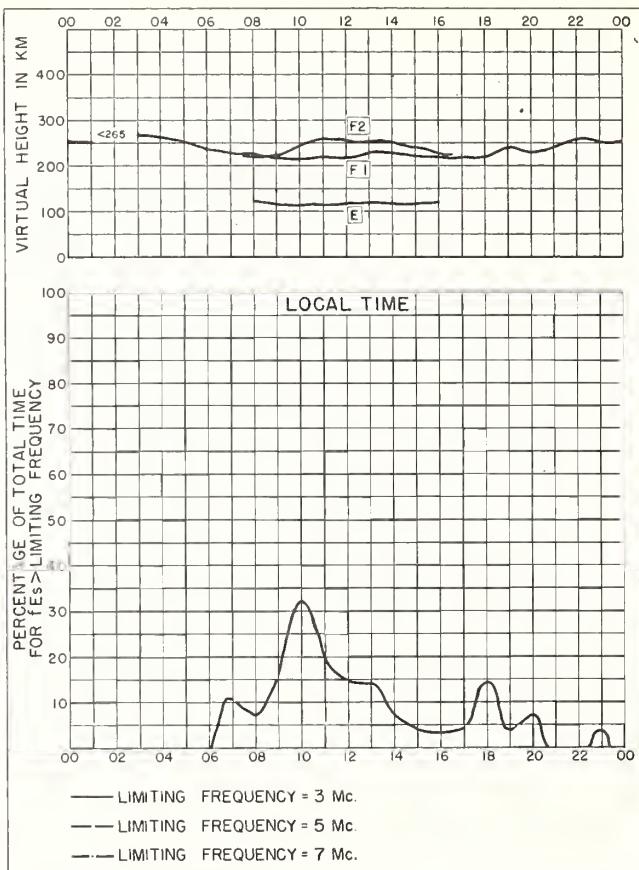


Fig. 146. FRIBOURG, GERMANY

FEBRUARY 1953

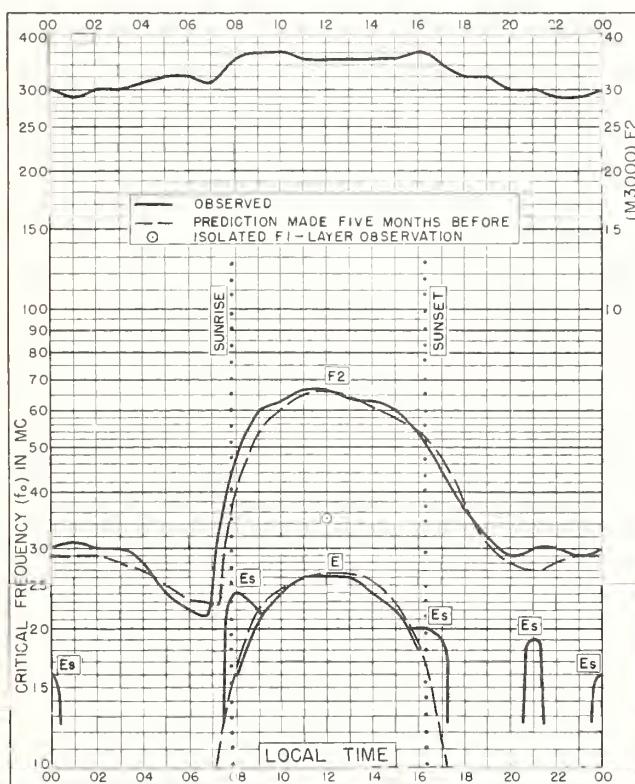


Fig. 147. FRIBOURG, GERMANY

48.1°N, 7.8°E

JANUARY 1953

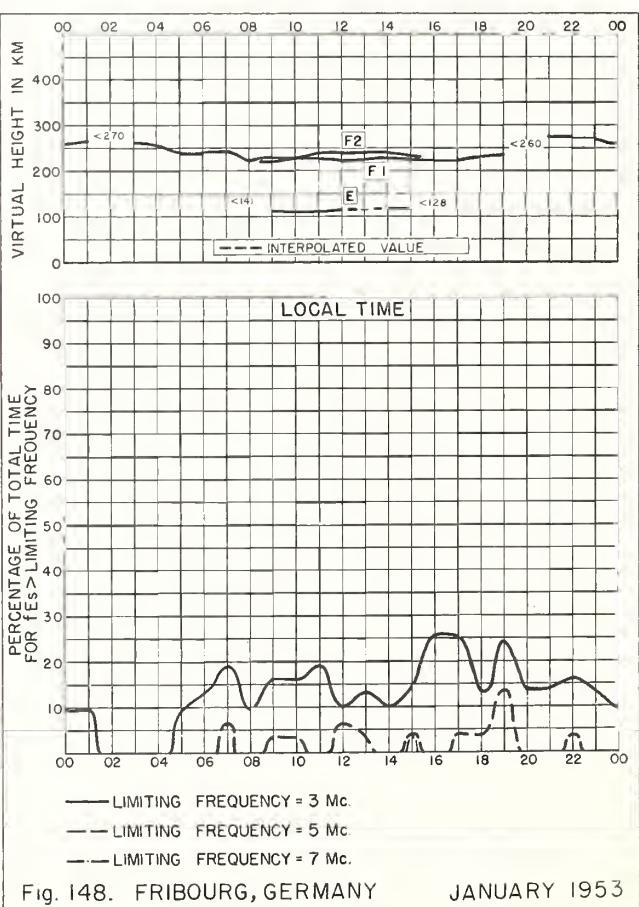


Fig. 148. FRIBOURG, GERMANY

JANUARY 1953

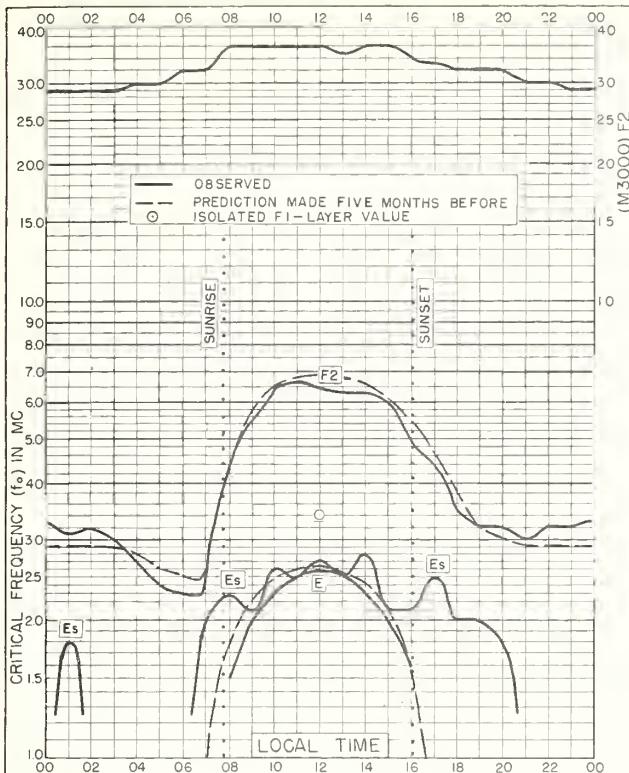


Fig. 149. FRIBOURG, GERMANY
48.1°N, 7.8°E DECEMBER 1952

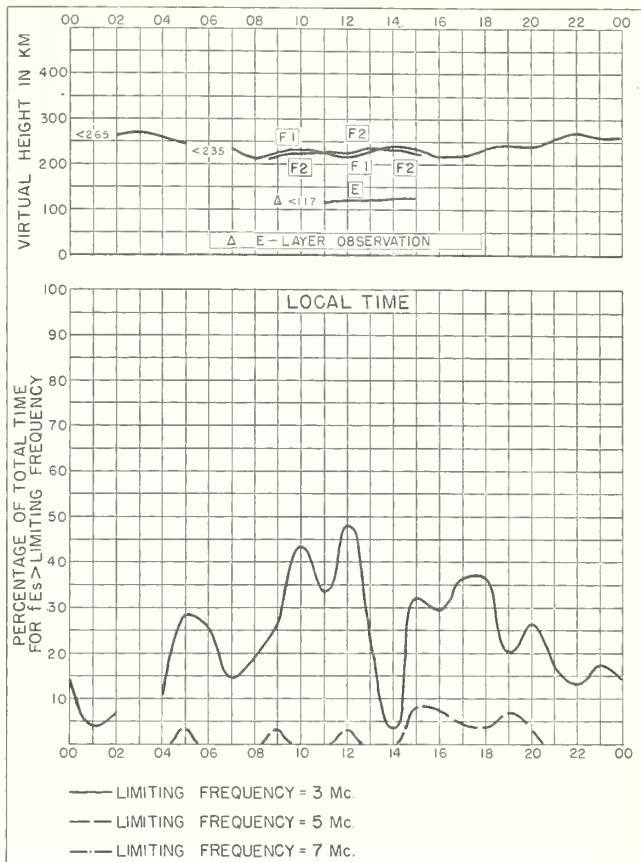


Fig. 150. FRIBOURG, GERMANY DECEMBER 1952

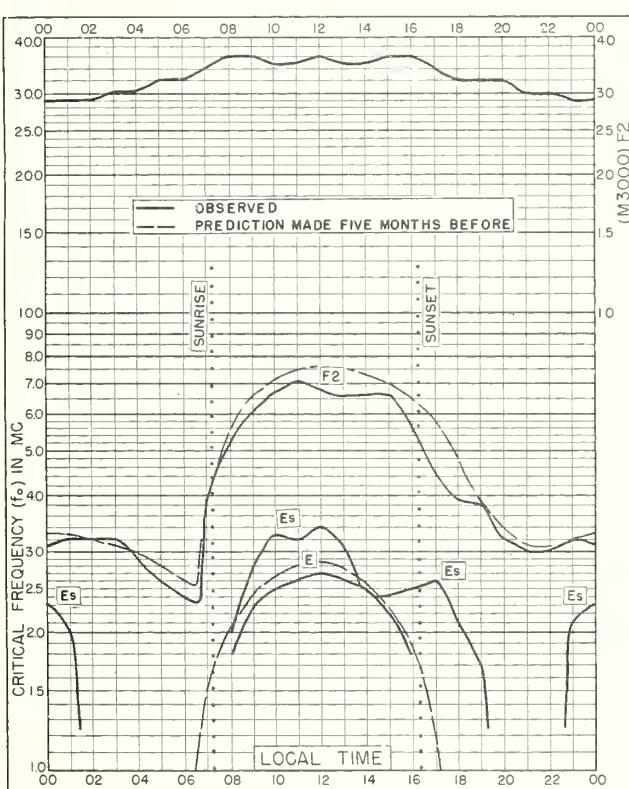


Fig. 151. FRIBOURG, GERMANY
48.1°N, 7.8°E NOVEMBER 1952

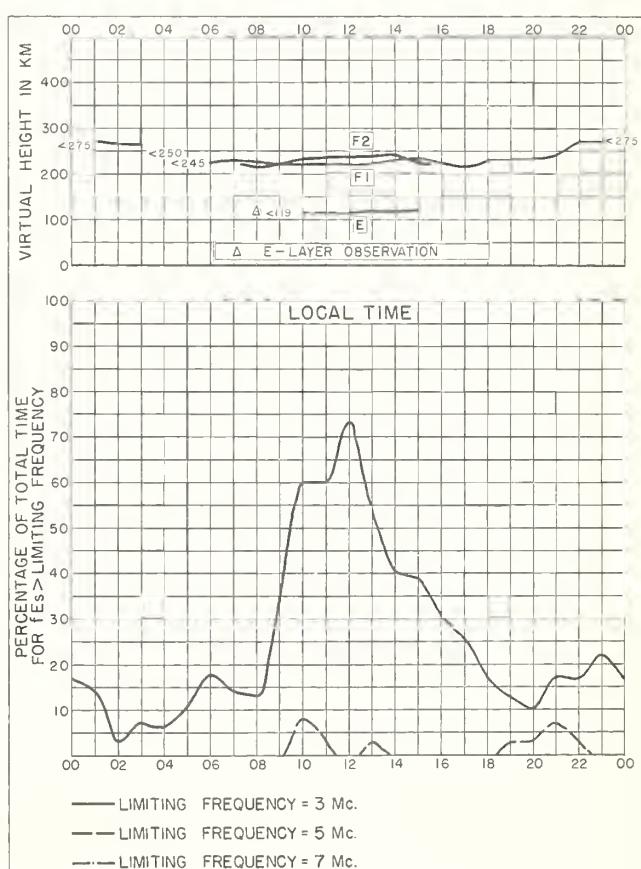


Fig. 152. FRIBOURG, GERMANY NOVEMBER 1952

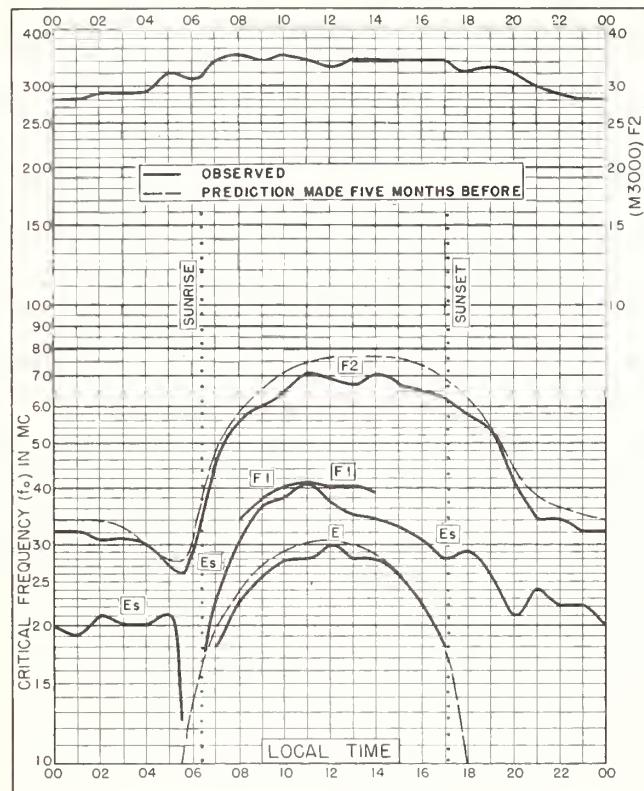


Fig. 153. FRIBOURG, GERMANY
48.1°N, 7.8°E OCTOBER 1952

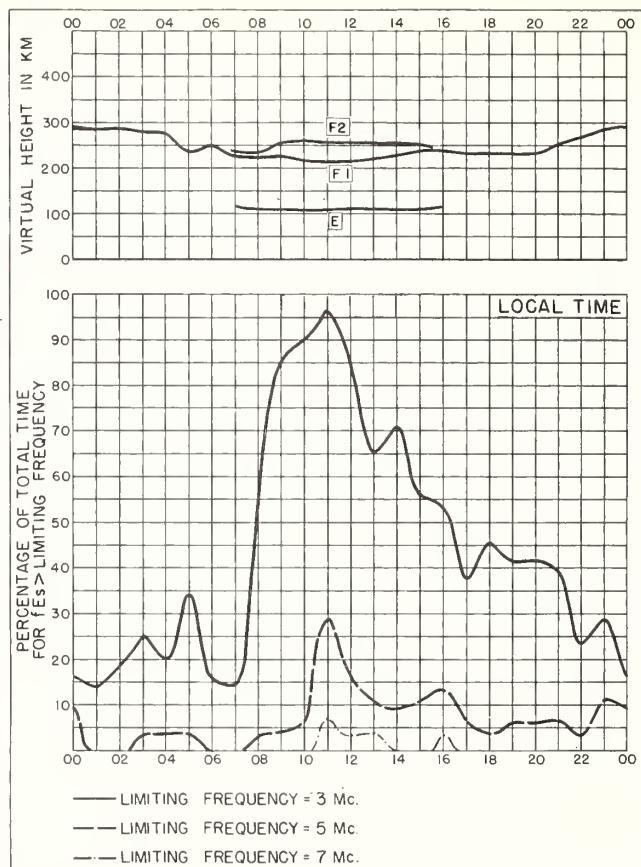


Fig. 154. FRIBOURG, GERMANY OCTOBER 1952

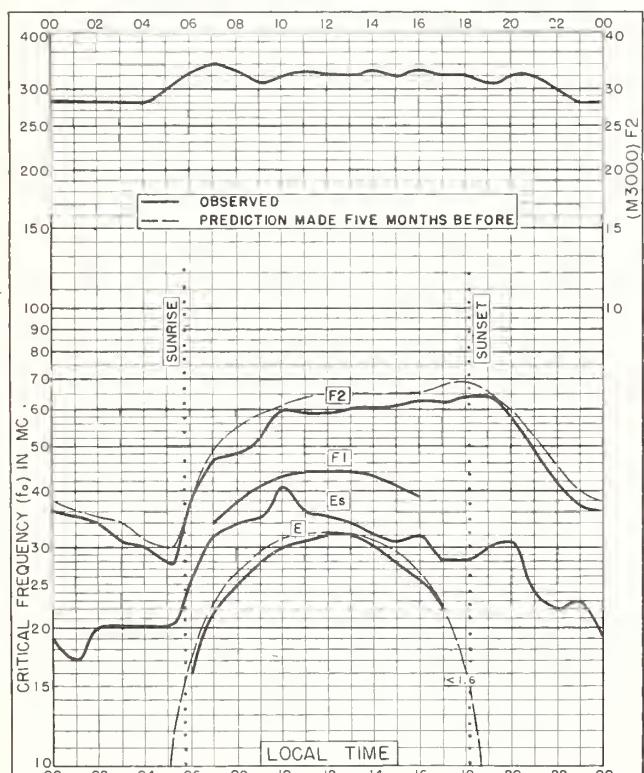


Fig. 155. FRIBOURG, GERMANY
48.1°N, 7.8°E SEPTEMBER 1952

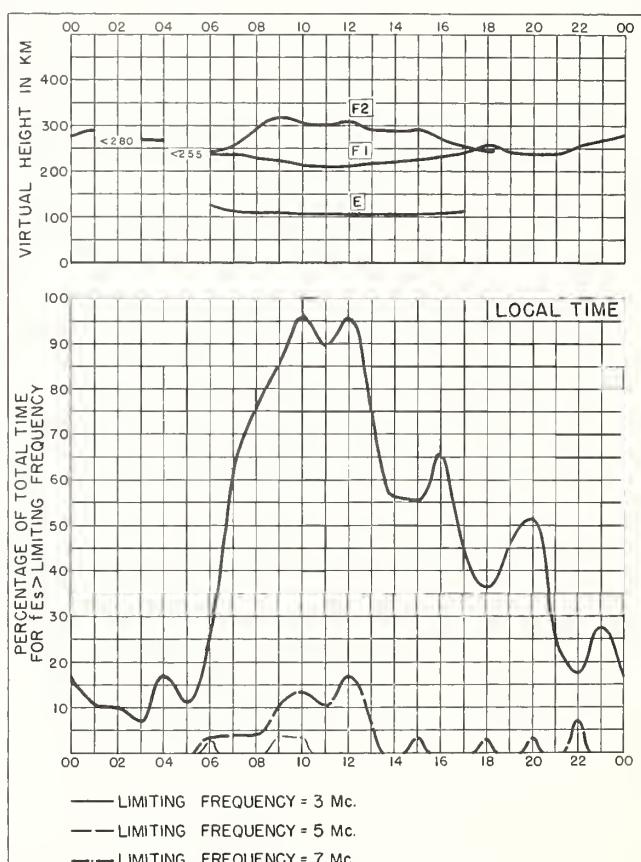


Fig. 156. FRIBOURG, GERMANY SEPTEMBER 1952

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CRPL Reports

[A detailed list of CRPL publications is available from the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory upon request]

Daily:

Radio disturbance forecasts, every half hour from broadcast stations WWV and WWVH of the National Bureau of Standards.

Telephoned and telegraphed reports of ionospheric, solar, geomagnetic, and radio propagation data.

Semimonthly:

CRPL-J. North Atlantic Radio Propagation Forecast (of days most likely to be disturbed during following month).

CRPL-Jp. North Pacific Radio Propagation Forecast (of days most likely to be disturbed during following month).

Semimonthly:

CRPL-Ja. Semimonthly Frequency Revision Factors For CRPL Basic Radio Propagation Prediction Reports.

Monthly:

CRPL-D. Basic Radio Propagation Predictions—Three months in advance. (Dept. of the Army, TB 11-499-, monthly supplements to TM 11-499; Dept. of the Navy, DNC 18 () series; Dept. of the Air Force, TO 16-1B-2 series.) On sale by Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25. D. C. Members of the Armed Forces should address cognizant military office.

CRPL-F. Ionospheric Data. Limited distribution. This publication is in general disseminated only to those individuals or scientific organizations which collaborate in the exchange of ionospheric, solar, geomagnetic or other radio propagation data or in exchange for copies of publications on radio, physics and geophysics for the CRPL library.

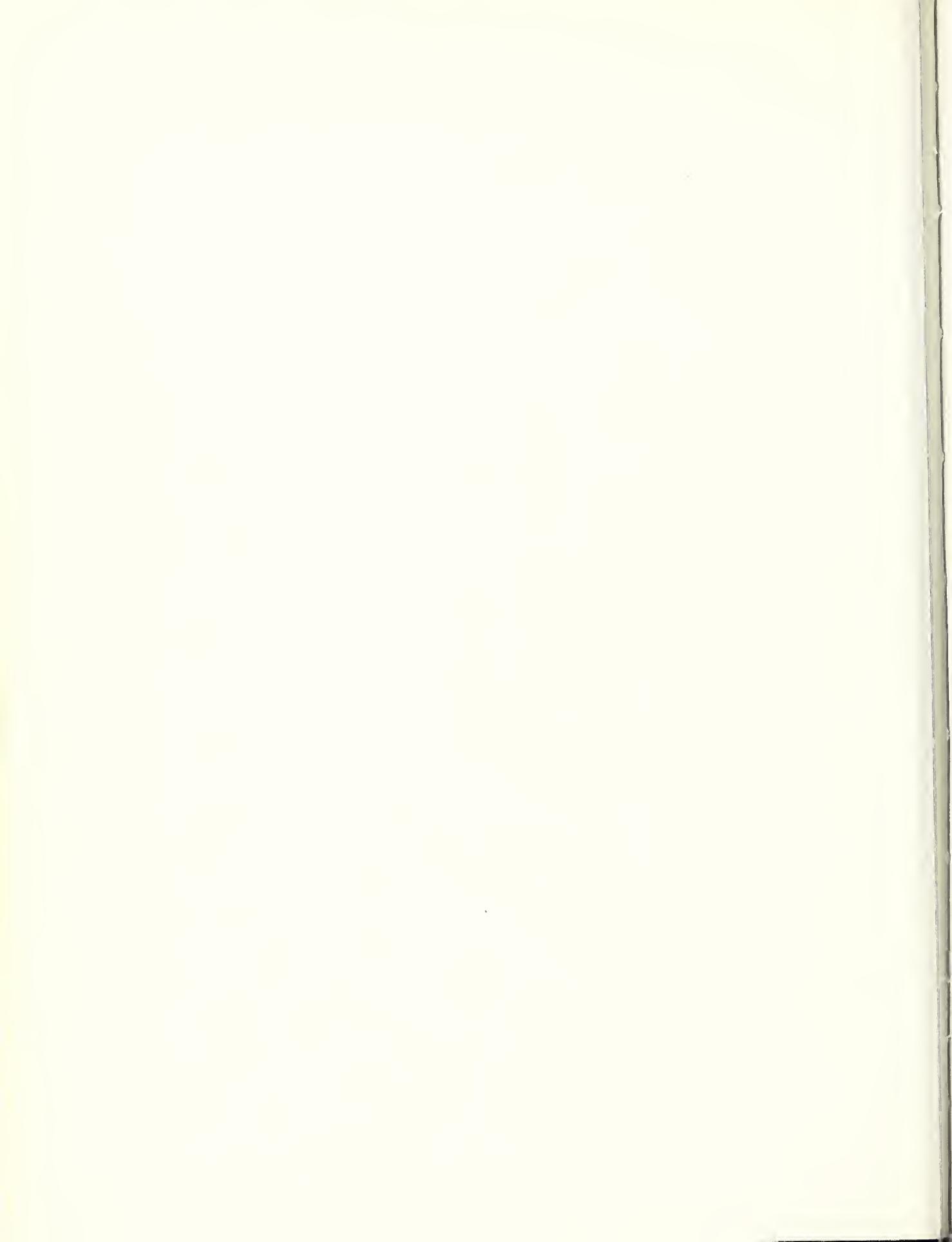
Circulars of the National Bureau of Standards pertaining to Radio Sky Wave Transmission:

NBS Circular 462. Ionospheric Radio Propagation.

NBS Circular 465. Instructions for the Use of Basic Radio Propagation Predictions.

These circulars are on sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25. D. C. Members of the Armed Forces should address the respective military office having cognizance of radio wave propagation.

The publications listed above may be obtained without charge from the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory, unless otherwise indicated.



CRPL Reports

[A detailed list of CRPL publications is available from the Central Radio Propagation Laboratory upon request]

Daily:

Radio disturbance forecasts, every half hour from broadcast stations WWV and WWVH of the National Bureau of Standards.

Telephoned and telegraphed reports of ionospheric, solar, geomagnetic, and radio propagation data.

Semiweekly:

CRPL-J. North Atlantic Radio Propagation Forecast (of days most likely to be disturbed during following month).

CRPL-Jp. North Pacific Radio Propagation Forecast (of days most likely to be disturbed during following month).

Semimonthly:

CRPL-Ja. Semimonthly Frequency Revision Factors For CRPL Basic Radio Propagation Prediction Reports.

Monthly:

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Nov 06, 2017

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