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# Table of Dielectric Constants of Pure Liquids

Arthur A. Maryott and Edgar R. Smith



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# Table of Dielectric Constants of Pure Liquids

Arthur A. Maryott and Edgar R. Smith

The "static" dielectric constants of more than 800 substances in the liquid state were critically examined and tabulated in concise form. The table consists of three sections: A, Standard Liquids; B, Inorganic Liquids; and C, Organic Liquids. An indication of the probable accuracy of the data is given. Wherever feasible, a simple analytical function is employed to express the variation of dielectric constant with temperature.

## 1. Introduction

This tabulation of the dielectric constants of pure liquids is part of a program for a critical examination of the data of physics and chemistry, sponsored by the National Bureau of Standards in cooperation with the Committee on Tables of Constants and Numerical Data of the National Research Council and the Commission on Tables of Constants of the International Union of Chemistry. The preparation of additional tables of the dielectric constants of gases, solids, aqueous and nonaqueous solutions and mixtures, and of dipole moments is in progress.

The assemblage and evaluation of the data have been made entirely at the National Bureau of Standards with the assistance of M. Eden during the preliminary stages. However, helpful suggestions from M. E. Hobbs of Duke University, C. P. Smyth of Princeton University, and the Committees of the National Research Council and International Union of Chemistry are gratefully acknowledged. The compilations of P. Debye and H. Sack (*Tables de Constantes et Données Numériques XI, Fasicule 2, 1931-34; XII, Fasicule 32, 1935-36* and earlier volumes of *Tables Annuelles*), International Critical Tables, and Landolt-Börnstein Tabellen have been useful in checking the tables for accuracy and completeness. In several instances data have been obtained from the Tables of Dielectric Materials, volume III, prepared by the Laboratory of Insulation Research, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass., 1948.

## 2. Description of the Table

The table consists of three sections: A, Standard Liquids, B, Inorganic Liquids, C, Organic Liquids. The dielectric constants are intended to be the limiting values at low frequencies, the so-called "static" values. Data obtained at such high frequencies that anomalous dispersion was evident are not included. In questionable cases the fre-

quency is given in a footnote. Temperature is the only variable considered explicitly. Usually the pressure is atmospheric or insignificantly different with respect to its effect on dielectric constant. However, where data are listed at temperatures above the normal boiling point, the pressure corresponds to the vapor pressure of the liquid unless indicated otherwise in a footnote.

### 2.1. List of Symbols

$\epsilon$	= dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_{\text{vacuum}} = 1$ )
$t$	= temperature, Celsius ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
$T$	= temperature, absolute ( $^{\circ}\text{K}$ )
$a$	= $-d\epsilon/dt$
$\alpha$	= $-d\log_{10} \epsilon/dt$
$f$	= frequency of alternating current in cycles per second
$t_1, t_2$	= the limits of temperature between which $a$ or $\alpha$ is considered applicable
$mp$	= melting point
$bp$	= boiling point

### 2.2. Standard Liquids

Section A contains values of the dielectric constant at selected temperatures for 10 substances that are recommended as reference liquids because of their chemical stability, availability, and the reliability of the data. The probable accuracy is estimated to be about 0.2 percent for methanol and nitrobenzene and about 0.1 percent in the remaining cases. Values of  $a$  or  $\alpha$  are included for interpolating or for extrapolating over a limited range of temperature without materially altering the accuracy. Additional data for these substances are contained in sections B or C.

### 2.3. Chemical Formulas and the Order of Listing Substances

Formulas for the inorganic substances are written in the usual manner. The order of listing compounds in section B is alphabetical according to the symbols for the elements in these formulas with consideration also given to the number of atoms of each kind.

Formulas for the organic compounds are written with carbon first and hydrogen, if present, second. Symbols for all remaining elements then follow in alphabetical sequence. The arrangement of these compounds in section C is determined first by the number of carbon atoms, secondly by the number of hydrogen atoms, and finally by the symbols for the remaining elements in alphabetical order.<sup>1</sup>

#### 2.4. Estimated Accuracy of the Values of Dielectric Constant

Values of dielectric constant recorded in sections B and C have an estimated accuracy indicated by the number of figures retained.

(a) Values listed to four figures are considered probably accurate to 0.5 percent or better.

(b) Values listed to three figures are considered probably accurate to 2 percent or better.

(c) Values listed to two figures are considered probably less accurate than 2 percent.

However, where lack of detailed information makes any assignment of accuracy difficult or where excessive rounding off is undesirable, an additional figure is often retained which is not to be counted in determining the probable range of accuracy. Such figures are printed in smaller type as subscripts. They are also retained when significant with respect to variations of dielectric constant with temperature or to differences between isomeric or other closely related compounds in a series of measurements.

These estimates of accuracy were assigned arbitrarily after considerations of the investigators' apparatus and methods, precision, probable purity of materials, and comparisons, where possible, with the results of others.

<sup>1</sup> Exception is made for certain series of polymers (e. g., polysiloxanes) which may be represented by the general formula  $(X)_n$  or  $A(X)_nB$ , where  $n=1, 2, 3$ , etc. The location of all compounds of such a series is determined by the formula corresponding to  $n=1$ .

#### 2.5. Variation of Dielectric Constant With Temperature

Where feasible, the variation of dielectric constant with temperature is represented by one of the following equations:

$$\epsilon_t' = \epsilon_t - a(t' - t) \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Log}_{10} \epsilon_t' = \text{Log}_{10} \epsilon_t - \alpha(t' - t) \quad (2)$$

where  $\epsilon_t$ ,  $t$ , and  $a$  (or  $\alpha$  if the value is followed immediately by  $\alpha$  in parentheses) are specified in the table. Occasionally other equations are indicated in footnotes.

The range of temperature over which the equation is considered satisfactory appears under the heading  $t_1$ ,  $t_2$ . This range was chosen such that the deviations between the calculated and reported values of  $\epsilon$  are not greater than one-fourth of the accuracy assigned to  $\epsilon$ . Thus if  $\epsilon$  is listed to four figures (discounting figures in smaller type), the equation fits the reported data to 0.13 percent or better over the specified range of temperature; and, if  $\epsilon$  is listed to three figures (discounting figures in smaller type), the equation fits the data to 0.5 percent or better. Values of  $\epsilon$  falling outside of this range of temperature are listed at selected temperatures.

#### 2.6. Literature Reference in Table

All tabulated data are based on the references indicated by numbers not enclosed in brackets. The numbers refer to the bibliography following the table. Some additional references not employed for one reason or another are enclosed in brackets. These latter references are not intended to be complete with regard to data published for each substance but have been selected on the basis that they probably merit consideration in any revision of the tabulated data.

# Table of Dielectric Constants of Pure Liquids



### A. STANDARD LIQUIDS

		$\epsilon_{20^\circ C}$	$\epsilon_{25^\circ C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) <sup>*</sup>
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub>	Cyclohexane.....	2.023	2.015	0.0016
CCl <sub>4</sub>	Carbon tetrachloride.....	2.238	2.228	.0020
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	Benzene.....	2.284	2.274	.0020
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	Chlorobenzene.....	5.708	5.621	.00133 (a)
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	1,2-Dichloroethane.....	10.65	10.36	.00240 (a)
CH <sub>4</sub> O	Methanol.....	33.62	32.63	.00260 (a)
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	Nitrobenzene.....	35.74	34.82	.00225 (a)
H <sub>2</sub> O	Water.....	80.37	78.54	.00200 (a)
H <sub>2</sub>	Hydrogen.....	1.228 at 20.4°K		.0034
O <sub>2</sub>	Oxygen.....	1.507 at 80.0°K		.0024

\*The values of  $a$  or  $\alpha$  given in this table are derived from data in the vicinity of room temperature and are not necessarily identical with the values listed in Parts B and C. They may be used to calculate values of dielectric constant between 15° and 30° C without introducing significant error.

(1)

## B. INORGANIC LIQUIDS

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
A Argon.....	1.53 <sub>8</sub>	-191	0.34	-191,-184	93
AlBr <sub>3</sub> Aluminum bromide.....	3.38	100	0.33	100,240	226
AsBr <sub>3</sub> Arsenic tribromide.....	9.0 <sup>a</sup>	35	.....	.....	17,20
AsCl <sub>3</sub> Arsenic trichloride.....	12.6 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	14,17,20
AsH <sub>3</sub> Arsine.....	2.50	-100	0.43	-116,-72	183 [30]
AsI <sub>3</sub> Arsenic triiodide.....	7.0 <sup>b</sup>	150	.....	.....	20
BBr <sub>3</sub> Boron bromide.....	2.58	0	0.28	-70,80	265
Br <sub>2</sub> Bromine.....	3.09	20	0.7	0,50	64,87,226
CO <sub>2</sub> Carbon dioxide.....	1.60 <sup>c</sup>	20	.....	.....	139 [10,31]
Cl <sub>2</sub> Chlorine.....	2.10 <sub>1</sub>	-50	0.31	-65,-33	193
	1.91	14	0.32	-22,14	5,10,19
	1.7 <sub>3</sub>	77			
	1.54	142			
CrO <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> Chromyl chloride.....	2.6 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	17
D <sub>2</sub> Deuterium.....	1.277	20°K	0.4	18.8,21.2°K	249
D <sub>2</sub> O Deuterium oxide.....	78.25	25	( <sup>d</sup> )	0.4,98	210 [135]
F <sub>2</sub> Fluorine.....	1.54	-202	0.19	-216,-190	193
GeCl <sub>4</sub> Germanium tetrachloride.....	2.43 <sub>0</sub>	25	0.240	0,55	147
HBr Hydrogen bromide.....	7.00	-85	0.26( <sup>e</sup> )	-85,-70	137 [296]
	3.8 <sup>b</sup>	25	.....	.....	25
HCl Hydrogen chloride.....	6.35	-15	0.288( <sup>f</sup> )	-85,-15	173
	12.	-113	.....	.....	101,137,193
	4.6	28	.....	.....	25
HF Hydrogen fluoride.....	17 <sub>5</sub> .	-73	.....	.....	75
	13 <sub>4</sub> .	-42			
	11 <sub>1</sub> .	-27			
	84.	0			
HI Hydrogen iodide.....	3.39	-50	0.8	-51,-37	137
	2.9 <sup>b</sup>	22	.....	.....	25
H <sub>2</sub> Hydrogen.....	1.228	20.4°K	0.34	14,21°K	47,58,220,229,249
H <sub>2</sub> O Water.....	78.54	25	( <sup>g</sup> )	0,100	89,99,210,218 [50a, 105,112,118,264]
	34.5 <sub>9</sub>	200	( <sup>h</sup> )	100,370	284
H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Hydrogen peroxide.....	84.2	0	( <sup>i</sup> )	-30,20	291 [119]

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

<sup>c</sup> At pressure of 50 atmospheres.

<sup>d</sup>  $\epsilon = 78.25 [1 - 4.617(10^{-3})(t-25) + 1.22(10^{-5})(t-25)^2 - 2.7(10^{-8})(t-25)^3]$ ; av. dev.  $\pm 0.04\%$ .

<sup>e</sup>  $\epsilon = 78.54 [1 - 4.579(10^{-3})(t-25) + 1.19(10^{-5})(t-25)^2 - 2.8(10^{-8})(t-25)^3]$ ; av. dev.  $\pm 0.03\%$ .

<sup>f</sup>  $\epsilon = 5321/T + 233.76 - 0.9297T + 0.001417T^2 - 0.0000008292T^3$ .

<sup>g</sup>  $\epsilon = 84.2 - 0.62t + 0.0032t^2$ .

## B. INORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{H}_2\text{S}$	9.26	-85.5	.....	.....	152
	9.05	-78.5	.....	.....	165
$\text{He}$	1.055 <sub>5</sub>	2.06°K	.....	.....	46, 72, 73 [290]
	1.055 <sub>9</sub>	2.30 <sup>f</sup>	.....	.....	
	1.055 <sub>3</sub>	2.63	.....	.....	
	1.053 <sub>9</sub>	3.09	.....	.....	
	1.051 <sub>8</sub>	3.58	.....	.....	
	1.048	4.19	.....	.....	
$\text{I}_2$	11.1	118	.....	.....	117
	11.7	140	.....	.....	
	13.0	168	.....	.....	
$\text{NH}_3$	25.	-77.7	.....	.....	152
	22.4	-33.4	.....	.....	144
	18.9	5	.....	.....	175
	17.8	15	.....	.....	
	16.9	25	.....	.....	
	16.3	35	.....	.....	
$\text{NOBr}$	Nitrosyl bromide.....	13.4	15	.....	252
$\text{NOCl}$	Nitrosyl chloride.....	18.2	12	.....	252
$\text{N}_2$	Nitrogen.....	1.454	-203	0.29	-210, -195 54, 205, 229 [93]
$\text{N}_2\text{H}_4$	Hydrazine.....	52.9	20	0.21( $\alpha$ )	0.25 123
$\text{N}_2\text{O}$	Dinitrogen oxide.....	1.97	-90	.....	11, 93
		1.61	0	0.6	-6, 14 5
$\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$	Dinitrogen tetroxide.....	2.56 <sup>b</sup>	15	.....	20
$\text{O}_2$	Oxygen.....	1.507	-193	0.24	-218, -183 59, 193, 224
$\text{P}$	Phosphorus.....	4.10	34	.....	126 [20]
		4.06	46	.....	
		3.86	85	.....	
$\text{PBr}_3$	Phosphorus tribromide.....	3.9 <sup>b</sup>	20	.....	20
$\text{PCl}_3$	Phosphorus trichloride.....	3.43	25	0.84	17, 60 120 [14, 20, 26]
$\text{PCl}_5$	Phosphorus pentachloride.....	2.85	160	.....	120 [108]
$\text{PH}_3$	Phosphine.....	2.5 <sub>5</sub> <sup>b</sup>	-60	.....	28
		2.7 <sub>1</sub> <sup>b</sup>	-25	.....	
$\text{PI}_3$	Phosphorus triiodide.....	4.1 <sup>b</sup>	65	.....	20
$\text{POCl}_3$	Phosphoryl chloride.....	13.3	22	.....	14, 26
$\text{PSCl}_3$	Thiophosphoryl chloride.....	5.8	22	.....	26
$\text{PbCl}_4$	Lead tetrachloride.....	2.78	20	.....	65

<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>f</sup> Liquid transition and discontinuity in variation of dielectric constant with temperature at 2.295°K.  
Values reported in reference 290 agree closely with those listed.

## B. INORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
S Sulfur.....	3.52 3.48	118 231	(g)	.....	125 [95]
SOBr <sub>2</sub> Thionyl bromide.....	9.06	20	3.0	at 20	203
SOCl <sub>2</sub> Thionyl chloride.....	9.25	20	3.9	at 20	203 [14]
SO <sub>2</sub> Sulfur dioxide.....	17.6	-20	0.287( $\alpha$ )	-65,-15	299
	15.08	0	.....	.....	294
	14.1 2.10	20 154 <sup>h</sup>	7.7	14,140	5,10,15 [14]
SO <sub>3</sub> Sulfur trioxide.....	3.11	18	.....	.....	197 [14]
S <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> Sulfur monochloride.....	4.79	15	0.146( $\alpha$ )	-41,15	92 [14,26]
SO <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> Sulfuryl chloride.....	10.0	22	.....	.....	26 [14,17]
SbBr <sub>3</sub> Antimony tribromide.....	20.9 <sup>b</sup>	100	.....	.....	20
SbCl <sub>3</sub> Antimony trichloride.....	33. <sup>b</sup>	75	.....	.....	14
SbCl <sub>5</sub> Antimony pentachloride.....	3.22	20	0.46	2,47	108 [14]
SbH <sub>3</sub> Stibine.....	2.9 <sub>3</sub> <sup>b</sup> 2.5 <sub>8</sub> <sup>b</sup>	-80 -50	.....	.....	28
SbI <sub>3</sub> Antimony triiodide.....	13.9 <sup>b</sup>	175	.....	.....	20
Se Selenium.....	5.40	250	0.25	237,301	209
SiCl <sub>4</sub> Silicon tetrachloride.....	2.40	16	.....	.....	20
SnCl <sub>4</sub> Tin tetrachloride.....	2.87	20	0.30	-30,20	65,124 [14,22,26]
TiCl <sub>4</sub> Titanium tetrachloride.....	2.80	20	0.20	-20,20	65,124 [22]
VC <sub>4</sub> Vanadium tetrachloride.....	3.0 <sub>5</sub> <sup>b</sup>	25	.....	.....	33
VOBr <sub>3</sub> Vanadium oxybromide.....	4.4 <sup>b</sup> 3.6 <sup>b</sup>	-70 25	.....	.....	33
VOCl <sub>3</sub> Vanadium oxychloride.....	3.4 <sup>b</sup>	25	.....	.....	33

<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>g</sup> Graphical data in the range 118°–350°C show a minimum near 160° and a broad maximum near 200°.<sup>h</sup> Critical temperature.

### C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
<b>C<sub>1</sub></b>					
CCl <sub>2</sub> O	Phosgene.....	4.7 <sub>2</sub> <sup>b</sup> 4.3 <sub>4</sub> <sup>b</sup>	0 22	.....	52
CCl <sub>4</sub>	Carbon tetrachloride.....	2.238	20	0.200 -10, 60	146, 169, 233, 240a, 245, 292
CN <sub>4</sub> O <sub>8</sub>	Tetranitromethane.....	2.52 <sub>1</sub>	25	.....	225 [26]
CO <sub>2</sub>	Carbon dioxide.....	1.60 <sub>4</sub> <sup>c</sup>	0	.....	139 [10, 31]
CS <sub>2</sub>	Carbon disulfide.....	2.641 3.001 2.19	20 -110 180	0.268 -90, 130	16, 146, 188, 196, 204, 240a, 292 [80, 200, 207]
CHBr <sub>3</sub>	Bromoform.....	4.39	20	0.105( $\alpha$ )	10, 70
CHCl <sub>3</sub>	Chloroform.....	4.806	20	0.160( $\alpha$ )	0, 50
		6.76	-60	.....	70, 94, 187 [36, 80]
		6.12	-40	.....	
		5.61	-20	.....	
		3.7 <sub>1</sub>	100	.....	16
		3.3 <sub>3</sub>	140	.....	
		2.9 <sub>3</sub>	180	.....	
CHN	Hydrocyanic acid.....	158. <sub>1</sub> 114. <sub>9</sub>	0 20	( <sup>1</sup> ) 0.63( $\alpha$ )	-13, 18 18, 26
CH <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	Dibromomethane.....	7.77 6.68	10 40	.....	97
CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	Dichloromethane.....	9.08	20	( <sup>j</sup> )	-80, 25
CH <sub>2</sub> I <sub>2</sub>	Diiodomethane.....	5.32	25	.....	97 [12]
CH <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	Formic acid.....	58. <sub>5</sub> <sup>a</sup>	16	.....	7 [4, 27]
CH <sub>3</sub> Br	Bromomethane.....	9.82	0	( <sup>k</sup> )	-80, 0
CH <sub>3</sub> Cl	Chloromethane.....	12.6	-20	( <sup>1</sup> )	-70, -20
CH <sub>3</sub> I	Iodomethane.....	7.00	20	( <sup>m</sup> )	-70, 40
CH <sub>3</sub> NO	Formamide.....	109.	20	72.	18, 25
CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	Nitromethane.....	35.8 <sub>7</sub>	30	0.189( $\alpha$ )	12.92
CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>	Methyl nitrate.....	23. <sub>5</sub> <sup>b</sup>	18	.....	14
CH <sub>4</sub>	Methane.....	1.70	-173	0.2	-181, -159
CH <sub>4</sub> O	Methanol.....	32.63	25	0.264( $\alpha$ )	5, 55
		64.	-113	.....	9
		54.	-80	.....	
		40.	-20	.....	

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

<sup>c</sup> At pressure of 50 atmospheres.

<sup>1</sup>  $\log_{10} \epsilon = 2.199 - 0.0079t + 0.00005t^2$

$$\epsilon = (3320/T) - 2.24$$

$$\epsilon = (3320/T) - 2.34$$

$$\epsilon = 12.6 - 0.061(t+20) + 0.0005(t+20)^2$$

$$\epsilon = (2160/T) - 0.39$$

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance		$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{CH}_3\text{N}$	Methylamine.....	11.4 9.4	-10 25	0.26( $\alpha$ ) .....	-30, -10 .....	123 268
	$\text{C}_2$					
$\text{C}_2\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2$	Oxalyl chloride.....	3.47	21	.....	.....	107
$\text{C}_2\text{Cl}_4$	Tetrachloroethylene.....	2.30	25	0.20	25, 90	100, 196, 279 [74]
$\text{C}_2\text{N}_2$	Cyanogen.....	2.5 <sub>2</sub>	23	.....	.....	14
$\text{C}_2\text{HBr}_3\text{O}$	Bromal.....	7.6 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_2\text{HCl}_3$	Trichloroethylene.....	3.4 <sub>2</sub>	ca 16	.....	.....	45
$\text{C}_2\text{HCl}_3\text{O}$	Chloral.....	4.9 <sub>4</sub> 7.6 4.2	20 -40 62	0.17( $\alpha$ )	15, 45	44 [4, 7]
$\text{C}_2\text{HCl}_3\text{O}_2$	Trichloroacetic acid.....	4.6	60	.....	.....	26
$\text{C}_2\text{HCl}_5$	Pentachloroethane.....	3.73	20	.....	.....	45, 57, 156
$\text{C}_2\text{HF}_3\text{O}_2$	Trifluoroacetic acid.....	39.5 26.2	20 -11	-50.	0, 28	297
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{BrCl}$	<i>cis</i> -1-Bromo-2-chloroethylene...	7.3 <sub>1</sub>	17	.....	.....	49
	<i>trans</i> -1-Bromo-2-chloroethylene	2.5 <sub>0</sub>	17	.....	.....	49
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{Br}_2$	<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dibromoethylene.....	7.7 <sub>2</sub> 7.0 <sub>8</sub>	0 25	.....	.....	148 [49]
	<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dibromoethylene....	2.9 <sub>7</sub> 2.8 <sub>8</sub>	0 25	.....	.....	148 [49]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{Br}_2\text{O}$	Bromoacetyl bromide.....	12.4 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	17
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{Br}_4$	1,1,2,2-Tetrabromoethane....	8.6 7.0	3 22	.....	.....	26
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{Cl}_2$	1,1-Dichloroethylene.....	4.6 <sub>7</sub>	16	.....	.....	49
	<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethylene....	9.20	25	.....	.....	227 [45, 48, 49, 148]
	<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethylene...	2.14	25	.....	.....	196, 227 [45, 48, 49, 148]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2$	Dichloroacetic acid.....	8.2 7.8	22 61	.....	.....	26 [27]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{Cl}_4$	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane....	8.2 <sub>0</sub>	20	.....	.....	53 [45, 57]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{I}_2$	<i>cis</i> -1,2-Diodoethylene.....	4.4 <sub>6</sub>	83	.....	.....	48
	<i>trans</i> -1,2-Diodoethylene.....	3.1 <sub>9</sub>	83	.....	.....	48
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{BrO}$	Acetyl bromide.....	16.2 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	17

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\alpha$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{ClO}$	Acetyl chloride.....	16.9 15.8	2 22	.....	26 [7, 17]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{ClO}_2$	Chloroacetic acid.....	12.3	60	2. .....	123 [181]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{Cl}_3$	1,1,1-Trichloroethane.....	7.10 7.52	0 20	3.6 .....	234 156
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{N}$	Acetonitrile.....	37.5 26.6	20 82	16. .....	13, 26, 41, 123
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{NO}$	Glycolonitrile.....	68. <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	17
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{NS}$	Methyl thiocyanate.....	35. <sup>a</sup>	16	.....	17, 18, 22
	Methyl isothiocyanate.....	19.3 <sup>a</sup>	38	.....	17, 18, 22
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{BrCl}$	1-Bromo-2-chloroethane.....	7.14 7.98	20 -10	0.140( $\alpha$ ) .....	110
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{Br}_2$	1,2-Dibromoethane.....	4.78 4.09	25 131	0.60 .....	12, 144, 156, 199, 272 41
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{Cl}_2$	1,1-Dichloroethane.....	10.0	18	.....	1, 27
	1,2-Dichloroethane.....	10.65 10.36 10.36 <sup>x</sup> 12.7	20 25 25 -10	.....	138, 170, 263
				0.235( $\alpha$ )	123, 133, 254, 272
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{N}_2\text{O}_6$	Ethylene nitrate.....	28.3	20	.....	244
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}$	Ethylene oxide.....	13.9	-1	.....	26
	Acetaldehyde.....	21.8 <sup>a</sup> 21.1 <sup>a</sup>	10 21	.....	7 [4]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{OS}$	Ethanethiolic acid..... (Thioacetic acid)	13. <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	17 [18]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}_2$	Acetic acid.....	6.15 6.29 6.62	20 40 70	.....	96, 207 [7, 181]
	Methyl formate.....	8.5	20	5. .....	0, 20 7, 26
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br}$	Bromoethane.....	9.39 16.1 13.6	20 -90 -60	0.196( $\alpha$ ) .....	-30, 30 34, 70, 94, 127, 272 [207, 228]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$	Chloroethane.....	6.2 <sub>9</sub> 6.0 <sub>6</sub> 5.1 <sub>3</sub> 4.6 <sub>8</sub>	170 179 183 185.5 <sup>b</sup>	.....	15
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{ClO}$	2-Chloroethanol..... (Ethylene chlorohydrin)	25.8 13.2	25 132	.....	41

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup> Critical temperature.<sup>x</sup> Value chosen to conform with the remainder of the tabulated data for this substance.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{I}$	7.82	20	0.150( $\alpha$ )	-20, 70	81, 207 [7, 12, 160]
	12.3	-90			
	10.2	-50			
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NO}$	59. <sup>a</sup>	83	.....	.....	17
	3.0	23	.....	.....	26 [17, 27]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$	28.0 <sub>6</sub>	30	11.4	30, 35	295 [14]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NO}_3$	19. <sub>4</sub>	20	9.	0, 50	7, 17, 26 [4, 14]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}$	53. <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	17
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}$	24.30	25	.....	.....	111, 174
	24.3 <sup>x</sup>	25	0.270( $\alpha$ )	-5, 70	111, 112, 207
	41.0 <sup>x</sup>	-60	0.297( $\alpha$ )	-110, -20	81 [9]
	5.02	25	2.38	25, 100	161
	2.97	110			
	2.64	120			
	2.37	125			
	2.26	126.1			
	1.90	127.6 <sup>p</sup>			
$(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{OSi})_n$					
$n = 4$	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane..	2.39	20	.....	266
$n = 5$	Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	2.50	20	.....	266
$n = 6$	Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	2.59	20	.....	266
$n = 7$	Tetradecamethylcycloheptasiloxane	2.68	20	.....	266
$n = 8$	Hexadecamethylcyclooctasiloxane	2.74	20	.....	266
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$	Glycol.....	37. <sub>7</sub>	25	0.224( $\alpha$ )	20, 100
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_4\text{S}$	Methyl sulfate.....	60. <sub>2</sub>	-30	.....	122 [17, 26, 43]
		48. <sub>3</sub>	0	.....	
		42. <sub>6</sub>	20	.....	
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{S}$	Ethanethiol.....	6.9 <sub>1</sub>	15	.....	236
	Methyl sulfide.....	6.2 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	17
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_7\text{N}$	Ethylamine.....	6.94	10	(°)	-20, 10
	Dimethylamine.....	6.32	0	.....	123 [14]
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_8\text{N}_2$	1,2-Ethanediamine.....	5.26	25	.....	268
		14.2	20	10.	10, 27
					199

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 1 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $\epsilon = 6.94 - 0.036(t - 10) + 0.0004(t - 10)^2$ <sup>c</sup> Critical temperature = 126.9°C.<sup>x</sup> Value chosen to conform with the remainder of the tabulated data for this substance.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\alpha$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_3$					
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_2\text{N}_2$ Malononitrile.....	46. <sup>b</sup>	36	.....	.....	18
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_4\text{Cl}_2\text{O}$ 1,1-Dichloro-2-propanone.....	14. <sub>6</sub> <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{Br}$ 3-Bromo-1-propene.....	7.4	1	.....	.....	26
	7.0	19			
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{BrO}_2$ $\alpha$ -Bromopropionic acid.....	11.0 <sup>n</sup>	21	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{Br}_3$ 1,2,3-Tribromopropane.....	6.45	20	.....	.....	244
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$ 3-Chloro-1-propene.....	8.7	1	.....	.....	26 [27]
	8.2	20			
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_6$ 3-Chloro-1,2-propanediol dinitrate	17.5	20	.....	.....	244
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{ClO}$ 1-Chloro-2-propanone.....	30. <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....	27
3-Chloro-1,2-epoxypropane.... (Epichlorohydrin)	25. <sub>6</sub> 22. <sub>6</sub>	1 22	.....	.....	26 [27]
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{ClO}_2$ Ethyl chloroformate.....	11.0 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	17 [27]
Methyl chloroacetate.....	12. <sub>9</sub> <sup>n</sup>	21	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_3$ 1,3-Dichloro-2-propanol nitrate	13.3	20	.....	.....	244
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{Cl}_3$ 1,2,3-Trichloropropane.....	7.5 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{I}$ 3-Iodo-1-propene.....	6.1 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{N}$ Propionitrile.....	31.0 27.2 24.3	0 20 50	.....	.....	13, 17, 26
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{NO}$ Lactonitrile.....	38. <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	17
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{NS}$ Ethyl thiocyanate.....	34.5 29. <sub>3</sub>	3 21	.....	.....	26 [17, 18, 22]
Ethyl isothiocyanate.....	23. <sub>4</sub> 19.5	2 21	.....	.....	26 [17, 18, 22]
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{N}_3\text{O}_9$ 1,2,3-Propanetriol trinitrate (Nitroglycerin)	19. <sub>3</sub>	20	.....	.....	244
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6$ Propene.....	1.87 <sub>5</sub> 1.79 <sub>5</sub> 1.69 <sub>0</sub> 1.53 <sub>0</sub> 1.44 <sub>1</sub> 1.33 <sub>1</sub>	20 45 65 85 90 91.9 <sup>h</sup>	.....	.....	161
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{Br}_2$ 1,2-Dibromopropane.....	4.3 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>h</sup> Critical temperature.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_2$	1,2-Dichloropropane.....	8.93	26	.....	107
	2,2-Dichloropropane.....	10.1 <sub>9</sub>	20	0.247( $\alpha$ ) -33,20	234
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_6$	1,2-Propanediol dinitrate....	26. <sub>8</sub>	20	.....	244
	1,3-Propanediol dinitrate....	19. <sub>0</sub>	20	.....	244
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}$	2-Propen-1-ol (Allyl alcohol)	21. <sub>6</sub>	15	.....	4 [7,27]
	Acetone.....	20.7 <sub>0</sub>	25	0.205( $\alpha$ ) -60,40	156,185,240,274 [112,207]
		17.7	56	.....	41
	Propionaldehyde.....	18. <sub>5</sub> <sup>a</sup>	17	.....	7 [4]
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$	Propionic acid.....	3.30	10	.....	149 [1,7,27]
		3.44	40	.....	
	Ethyl formate.....	7.1 <sub>6</sub>	25	.....	160 [1,7]
	Methyl acetate.....	6.68	25	2.2 25,40	63,260
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}_3$	dL-Lactic acid.....	22.	17	.....	4,8 [7]
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{Br}$	1-Bromopropane.....	8.09	25	3.35 1,55	272
	2-Bromopropane.....	9.46	25	4.40 1,55	272
		16.1	-85	.....	211
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{Cl}$	1-Chloropropane.....	7.7 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{ClO}_2$	3-Chloro-1,2-propanediol....	37.	3	.....	26
		31.	19	.....	
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{I}$	1-Iodopropane.....	7.00	20	.....	242
	2-Iodopropane.....	8.19	20	.....	242
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}_2$	1-Nitropropane.....	23.2 <sub>4</sub>	30	10.1 30,35	295
	2-Nitropropane.....	25.5 <sub>2</sub>	30	10.9 30,35	295
	Ethyl carbamate (Urethan)....	14.2	50	5.2 50,70	123 [14]
	Isopropyl nitrite.....	12. <sup>b</sup>	19	.....	14
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}_3$	Propyl nitrate.....	13. <sub>9</sub> <sup>b</sup>	18	.....	14
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_8$	Propane.....	1.61	0	0.20 -90,15	172
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_8\text{O}$	1-Propanol.....	20.1	25	0.293( $\alpha$ ) 20,90	112,222,279 [41,51,157,177]
		38.	-80	.....	9
		29.	-34	.....	
	2-Propanol.....	18.3	25	0.310( $\alpha$ ) 20,70	112,222 [157]

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$	1,2-Propanediol.....	32.0	20	0.27( $\alpha$ )	at 20
	1,3-Propanediol.....	35.0	20	0.23( $\alpha$ )	at 20
	2-Methoxyethanol.....	16.0	30	.....	.....
	Dimethoxymethane (Methylal) ..	2.7 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_8\text{O}_3$	Glycerol.....	42.5	25	0.203( $\alpha$ )	0,100
					40,112,185 [38,103,142,177]
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_9\text{BO}_3$	Trimethylborate.....	8.0 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_9\text{N}$	Isopropylamine.....	5.5 <sup>b</sup>	20	.....	.....
	Trimethylamine.....	2.44	25	0.52	0,25
$\text{C}_4$					
$\text{C}_4\text{Cl}_6$	Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene.....	2.55	25	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_2\text{O}_3$	Maleic anhydride.....	50. <sup>a</sup>	60	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{N}_2$	Succinonitrile.....	56.5	57.4	.....	.....
		53.6	67.7	.....	.....
		52.3	78.2	.....	.....
	Pyrazine.....	2.80	50	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{O}$	Furan.....	2.95	25	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{S}$	Thiophene.....	2.76	16	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_5\text{Cl}_3\text{O}$	$\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -Trichlorobutyraldehyde (Butyl chloral)	10.0 <sup>n</sup>	18	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_5\text{Cl}_3\text{O}_2$	Ethyl trichloroacetate.....	7.8	20	2.8	2,60
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_5\text{N}$	Crotononitrile <sup>a</sup> (bp 108°C)...	36.1	ca 20	.....	.....
	Crotononitrile <sup>a</sup> (bp 122°C)...	28.1	ca 20	.....	.....
	Pyrrole.....	7.48	18	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$	Methyl cyanoacetate.....	28.8 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_5\text{NS}$	Allyl isothiocyanate.....	17.2 <sup>b</sup>	18	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2$	Ethyl dichloroacetate.....	11.6	2	.....	.....
		10.3	22	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{O}$	Vinyl ether.....	3.94	20	.....	.....
	Ethoxyacetylene.....	8.05	25	.....	.....
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{O}_3$	Acetic anhydride.....	22.4	1	.....	.....
		20.7	19	.....	.....
					26 [17,27,166]

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>a</sup> *cis-trans* isomers.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

	Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\alpha$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{Br}$	1-Bromo-1-butene <sup>a</sup> (bp 95°C)...	5.8 <sub>9</sub>	ca 20	.....	.....	48
	1-Bromo-1-butene <sup>a</sup> (bp 86°C)...	5.0 <sub>5</sub>	ca 20	.....	.....	48
	2-Bromo-2-butene <sup>r</sup> .....	6.7 <sub>6</sub>	ca 20	.....	.....	48
	2-Bromo-2-butene <sup>s</sup> .....	5.3 <sub>8</sub>	ca 20	.....	.....	48
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{BrO}_2$	$\alpha$ -Bromobutyric acid.....	7.2 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{ClO}_2$	Propyl chloroformate.....	11.2 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
	Ethyl chloroacetate.....	11.4 <sup>n</sup>	21	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{N}$	Butyronitrile.....	20.3 <sup>b</sup>	21	.....	.....	13
	Isobutyronitrile.....	20.4 <sup>b</sup>	24	.....	.....	13
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{Br}_2$	meso-2,3-Dibromobutane.....	6.24 <sub>5</sub>	25	.....	.....	238 [184]
	dl-2,3-Dibromobutane.....	5.75 <sub>8</sub>	25	.....	.....	238 [184]
	1,2-Dibromo-2-methylpropane..	4.1 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{Cl}_2$	1,4-Dichlorobutane.....	8.90	25	3.07	1,55	272
	1,2-Dichloro-2-methylpropane	14.0	-100	.....	.....	247
		10.8	-60	.....	.....	
		8.71	-20	.....	.....	
		7.22	20	.....	.....	
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{Cl}_2\text{O}$	$\beta, \beta'$ -Dichlorodiethyl ether...	21.2	20	.....	.....	156
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}_6$	1,3-Butanediol dinitrate....	18.9	20	.....	.....	244
	2,3-Butanediol dinitrate....	28.8	20	.....	.....	244
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$	2-Butanone.....	18.5 <sub>1</sub>	20	0.207( $\alpha$ )	-60, 60	240 [41, 84, 123]
	Butyraldehyde.....	13.4	26	.....	.....	41
		10.8	77	.....	.....	
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$	Butyric acid.....	2.97	20	-0.23	10, 70	96, 149 [2, 7]
	Isobutyric acid.....	2.71	10	.....	.....	149 [2, 7]
		2.73	40	.....	.....	
	Propyl formate.....	7.7 <sub>2</sub> <sup>a</sup>	19	.....	.....	7 [1]
	Ethyl acetate.....	6.02	25	1.5	at 25	8, 63, 276
		5.3 <sub>0</sub>	77	.....	.....	41
	Methyl propionate.....	5.5 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....	27
	1,4-Dioxane.....	2.209	25	0.170	20, 50	144, 156, 196, 230, 231, 240a, 258, 271, 276
	$\beta$ -Hydroxyethyl acetate (Glycol monoacetate)	13.0	30	.....	.....	261

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>a</sup> *cis-trans* isomers.<sup>r</sup> Br and  $\text{CH}_3$  *trans*.<sup>s</sup> Br and  $\text{CH}_3$  *cis*.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References		
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Br}$	1-Bromobutane.....	7.07 11.1 9.26 7.88	20 -90 -50 -10	0.150( $\alpha$ )	10, 90	97, 243, 272	
	1-Bromo-2-methylpropane.....	7.18	25	2.8	1, 55	272	
	2-Bromobutane.....	8.64	25	3.30	1, 55	272	
	2-Bromo-2-methylpropane.....	10.1 <sub>5</sub>	25	5.20	-15, 55	213, 243, 272	
	$\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Cl}$	1-Chlorobutane.....	7.39 12.2 9.94 9.07	20 -90 -50 -30	0.173( $\alpha$ )	-10, 70	97, 242
	1-Chloro-2-methylpropane.....	12.2 10.1 7.87 6.49	-120 -89 -38 14	.....	.....	247	
	2-Chloro-2-methylpropane.....	10.9 <sub>5</sub>	0	0.225( $\alpha$ )	-23, 30	109, 213	
	$\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{I}$	1-Iodobutane.....	6.22 8.89 7.53 4.52	20 -80 -40 130	0.135( $\alpha$ )	0, 80	41, 97, 242
	1-Iodo-2-methylpropane.....	6.47	20	.....	.....	242	
	2-Iodopropane.....	7.87	20	.....	.....	242	
	2-Iodo-2-methylpropane.....	8.42 10.5	20 -33	.....	.....	242 213	
	$\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{NO}$	2-Butanone oxime.....	3.4 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27	
	Morpholine.....	7.33	25	.....	.....	225	
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{NO}_3$	Butyl nitrate.....	13.1	20	.....	.....	244	
	Isobutyl nitrate.....	11.7 <sup>b</sup>	19	.....	.....	14	
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{Hg}$	Diethyl mercury.....	2.3	23	.....	.....	17, 22	
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	1-Butanol.....	17.8 17.1 8.2	20 25 118	0.300( $\alpha$ ) 0.335( $\alpha$ ) .....	-40, 20 25, 70 .....	81, 222, 278 279 41	
	2-Methyl-1-propanol.....	17.7 34. 26.	25 -80 -34	0.377( $\alpha$ ) ..... .....	20, 90 ..... .....	12, 85, 103, 112, 222 9	
	2-Butanol.....	15.8	25	.....	.....	222	

<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\alpha$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$ —Con.					
2-Methyl-2-propanol.....	10.9 8.49 6.89	30 50 70	.....	.....	109 [43, 112, 142, 157, 261]
Ethyl ether.....	4.335 4.34 <sup>x</sup> 10.4	20 20 -116	2.0 0.217( $\alpha$ )	at 20 -40, 30	12, 35, 62, 96, 251
	3.97 2.12 1.89 1.53	40 180 190 193.3 <sup>h</sup>	0.170( $\alpha$ )	40, 140	207 [36, 80, 143, 187] 16 [15, 19, 79]
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$	1,4-Butanediol.....	32.9 30.2	15 30	.....	236
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$	1,1-Dimethoxyethane.....	3.49	20	.....	298
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_3\text{S}$	Ethyl sulfite.....	17.5 15.9 13.7	1 20 50	.....	26
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_4$	Erythritol (1,2,3,4- Butanetetrol)	28.2	120	.....	131, 142
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_4\text{S}$	Ethyl sulfate.....	29.2	20	0.24( $\alpha$ )	-25, 20
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{S}$	1-Butanethiol.....	4.95 4.59	25 50	.....	140
	Ethyl sulfide.....	5.72 5.24	25 50	.....	140
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{Zn}$	Diethyl zinc.....	2.55	20	.....	132
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$	Butylamine.....	5.3 <sup>b</sup>	21	.....	14
	Isobutylamine.....	4.4 <sup>b</sup>	21	.....	14
	Diethylamine.....	3.6 <sup>b</sup>	22	.....	14, 22
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_4\text{Si}$	Tetramethyl silicate.....	6.0 <sup>b</sup>	ca 20	.....	22
	$\text{C}_5$				
$\text{C}_5\text{FeO}_5$	Iron pentacarbonyl.....	2.60	20	.....	114
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{O}_2$	Furfural.....	46.9 41.9 34.9	1 20 50	.....	26 [7]
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}$	Pyridine.....	12.3 9.4	25 -116	.....	51, 53, 159 [166] 41
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_7\text{NO}_2$	Ethyl cyanoacetate.....	26.9	20	.....	7, 17, 26
	$\alpha$ -Cyanoethyl acetate.....	18.9 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	17

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>h</sup> Critical temperature.<sup>x</sup> Value chosen to conform with the remainder of the tabulated data for this substance.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_8$	1,3-Pentadiene <sup>t</sup> .....	2.32	25	.....	104,130
	2-Methyl-1,3-butadiene..... (Isoprene)	2.10	25	0.24 -75,25	129
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{O}$	Cyclopentanone.....	16.3	-51	.....	237
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$	2,4-Pentanedione..... (Acetylacetone)	25.7 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	7,17,18
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{O}_4$	Dimethyl malonate.....	10.3 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	17 [27]
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_9\text{BrO}_2$	$\alpha$ -Bromo isovaleric acid.....	6.5 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
	Ethyl $\alpha$ -bromopropionate.....	10.0 9.3	2 22	.....	26 [27]
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_9\text{ClO}_2$	Isobutyl chloroformate.....	9.1 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
	Ethyl $\alpha$ -chloropropionate....	10.1 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_9\text{IO}_2$	Ethyl $\beta$ -iodopropionate.....	8.6 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_9\text{N}$	Valeronitrile.....	17.4 <sup>b</sup>	21	.....	13
	Isovaleronitrile.....	18.0 <sup>b</sup>	22	.....	13
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}$	1-Pentene.....	2.100	20	.....	248 [151]
	2-Methyl-1-butene.....	2.197	20	.....	248
	Cyclopentane.....	1.965	20	.....	248
	Ethylcyclopropane.....	1.933	20	.....	248
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{Br}_2$	1,2-Dibromopentane.....	4.39	25	.....	150
	<i>dL</i> -erythro-2,3-..... Dibromopentane	5.43 <sub>0</sub>	25	.....	238 [150]
	<i>dL</i> -threo-2,3-..... Dibromopentane	6.50 <sub>7</sub>	25	.....	238
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	Cyclopentanol.....	18.0 25.5	20 -20	0.38( $\alpha$ ) at 20	232 237
	2-Pantanone.....	15.4 <sub>5</sub> 22.0	20 -60	0.195( $\alpha$ ) -40,80	240 [7,84]
	3-Pantanone.....	17.0 <sub>0</sub> 19.4 19.8	20 -20 -40	0.225( $\alpha$ ) 0,80	240 [7,84]
	Valeraldehyde.....	10.1 <sup>a</sup>	17	.....	7 [4]
	Valeric acid.....	2.6 <sub>6</sub>	20	.....	2,7,27
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$	Isovaleric acid.....	2.6 <sub>4</sub>	20	.....	7

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>t</sup> Mixture of *cis-trans* isomers.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\alpha$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$ —Con.					
Isobutyl formate.....	6.41 <sup>a</sup>	19	.....	.....	7 [1]
Propyl acetate.....	5.69	19	0.8	at 19	7, 8 [27]
Ethyl propionate.....	5.65	19	1.8	at 19	7, 8
Methyl butyrate.....	5.6 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_3$	Diethyl carbonate.....	2.82	20	.....	298 [7, 22]
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{Br}$	I-Bromopentane.....	6.32	25	0.152( $\alpha$ )	-45, 55
		9.90	-90		211, 272
	I-Bromo-3-methylbutane.....	6.05	20	2.3	-18, 23
		10.2	-107		212
		8.04	-56		
		4.70	120.6	.....	41
	2-Bromo-2-methylbutane.....	9.1 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{Cl}$	I-Chloropentane.....	6.6	11	.....	.....
	I-Chloro-3-methylbutane.....	6.05	20	0.160( $\alpha$ )	-40, 23
		10.0	-100		247
		8.53	-70		
	2-Chloro-2-methylbutane.....	12.3	-50	0.32( $\alpha$ )	-77, -50
		9.3	16	.....	2 [27]
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{F}$	I-Fluoropentane.....	4.24	20	.....	.....
	2-Fluoro-2-methylbutane.....	5.89	20	.....	.....
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{I}$	I-Iodopentane.....	5.81	20	.....	.....
	I-Iodo-3-methylbutane.....	5.6 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	27
	3-Iodopentane.....	7.43	20	.....	.....
	2-Iodo-2-methylbutane.....	8.19	20	.....	242
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$	Piperidine.....	5.8 <sup>b</sup>	22	.....	.....
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{NO}$	2-Pentanone oxime.....	3.3 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{NO}_3$	Amyl nitrate..... (bp 140-145°C)	9.0 <sup>n</sup>	18	.....	22
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}$	<i>n</i> -Pentane.....	1.844	20	0.160	-50, 30
		2.011	-90		88
		1.984	-70		
	2-Methylbutane.....	1.843	20	.....	196

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance		$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$	1-Pentanol.....	13.9	25	0.23( $\alpha$ )	15,35	142,177,222 [9]
	3-Methyl-1-butanol.....	14.7	25	.....	.....	41,51,63,276
		5.8 <sub>2</sub>	132	.....	.....	51,85,276 [261]
	2-Methyl-2-butanol.....	5.82	25	.....	.....	
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_5$	Xylitol.....	40.	20	.....	.....	131,142
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{S}$	1-Pantanethiol.....	4.55	25	.....	.....	140 [14,18]
		4.23	50	.....	.....	
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{S}_4$	Tetramethylthiomethane..... [ $\text{C}(\text{SCH}_3)_4$ ]	2.82	70	.....	.....	250
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{13}\text{N}$	Amylamine (bp 95°C).....	4.5 <sup>b</sup>	22	.....	.....	14
	$\text{C}_6$			.....	.....	
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{BrCl}$	1-Bromo-2-chlorobenzene.....	6.8 <sub>0</sub>	20	.....	.....	83
	1-Bromo-3-chlorobenzene.....	4.5 <sub>8</sub>	20	.....	.....	83
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{Br}_2$	<i>o</i> -Dibromobenzene.....	7.35	20	.....	.....	55,83
	<i>m</i> -Dibromobenzene.....	4.80	20	.....	.....	55,83
	<i>p</i> -Dibromobenzene.....	2.5 <sub>7</sub>	95	.....	.....	55
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{ClNO}_2$	1-Chloro-2-nitrobenzene.....	37. <sub>7</sub>	50	.....	.....	176 [32]
		31. <sub>8</sub>	80	.....	.....	
		27. <sub>3</sub>	110	.....	.....	
		23. <sub>7</sub>	140	.....	.....	
		21. <sub>6</sub>	163	.....	.....	
	1-Chloro-3-nitrobenzene.....	20. <sub>9</sub>	50	.....	.....	176 [260]
		18. <sub>1</sub>	80	.....	.....	
		15. <sub>9</sub>	110	.....	.....	
		14. <sub>1</sub>	140	.....	.....	
		13. <sub>0</sub>	160	.....	.....	
	1-Chloro-4-nitrobenzene.....	8.0 <sub>9</sub>	120	0.16( $\alpha$ )	85,160	176 [32]
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{Cl}_2$	<i>o</i> -Dichlorobenzene.....	9.93	25	0.194( $\alpha$ )	0,50	69 [53,55,61,179]
	<i>m</i> -Dichlorobenzene.....	5.04	25	0.120( $\alpha$ )	0,50	69 [55,61]
	<i>p</i> -Dichlorobenzene.....	2.41	50	0.18	50,80	55,94 [61]
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{I}_2$	<i>o</i> -Diiodobenzene.....	5.7	20	.....	.....	55
	<i>m</i> -Diiodobenzene.....	4.2 <sub>5</sub>	25	.....	.....	55
	<i>p</i> -Diiodobenzene.....	2.8 <sub>8</sub>	120	.....	.....	55
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{Br}$	Bromobenzene.....	5.40	25	0.115( $\alpha$ )	0,70	60,61,86,194,272

<sup>b</sup> $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$	Chlorobenzene.....	5.708 5.621	20 25	.....	.....
		5.71 7.28 6.30 4.21	20 -50 -20 130	0.130( $\alpha$ )	0,80
					41, 69, 70, 86, 123, 133 187, 194, 207
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{ClO}$	<i>o</i> -Chlorophenol.....	6.31	25	2.7	25, 58
	<i>p</i> -Chlorophenol.....	9.47	55	3.7	55, 65
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{F}$	Fluorobenzene.....	5.42 4.76	25 60	.....	.....
					153, 255a 83
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{I}$	Iodobenzene.....	4.63	20	.....	243, 83
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$	Nitrobenzene.....	34.82	25	0.225( $\alpha$ )	10, 80
		20.8 24.9 22.7	130 90 110	0.164( $\alpha$ )	130, 211
					207
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NO}_3$	<i>o</i> -Nitrophenol.....	17.3	50	6.4	50, 60
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$	Benzene.....	2.284	20	0.200	10, 60
		2.073 1.966	129 182	.....	.....
					16
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{BrN}$	<i>m</i> -Bromoaniline.....	13.0 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{ClN}$	<i>m</i> -Chloroaniline.....	13.4 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_6$	$\alpha$ -Hexachlorocyclohexane..... (mp 156°C)	4.7 <sub>7</sub>	156	.....	.....
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$	<i>o</i> -Nitroaniline.....	34. <sub>5</sub>	90	3.	90, 110
	<i>p</i> -Nitroaniline.....	56. <sub>3</sub>	160	6.	160, 180
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{O}$	Phenol.....	9.78	60	0.32( $\alpha$ )	40, 70
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_7\text{N}$	Aniline.....	6.89	20	0.148( $\alpha$ )	0, 50
		5.93	70	.....	.....
		4.54	184.6	.....	.....
	2-Methylpyridine ( <i>α</i> -Picoline)	9.8 <sup>b</sup>	20	.....	41 [38]
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_8$	1,3-Cyclohexadiene.....	2.6 <sub>6</sub>	-89	.....	.....
					14
					237

<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{N}_2$	Phenylhydrazine.....	7.2	23	.....	12 [22,27]
	2,5-Dimethylpyrazine.....	2.43 <sub>6</sub>	20	0.13	20,50
	2,6-Dimethylpyrazine.....	2.65 <sub>3</sub>	35	0.30	35,65
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$	1,4-Cyclohexadione.....	4.4 <sub>0</sub>	78	.....	237
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{O}$	cis-Ethyl $\beta$ -chlorocrotonate..	7.6 <sub>7</sub>	18	.....	49
	trans-Ethyl $\beta$ -chlorocrotonate	4.7 <sub>0</sub>	18	.....	49
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}$	Cyclohexene.....	2.220	25	.....	271
		2.6 <sub>0</sub>	-105	.....	237
	2,4-Hexadiene <sup>t</sup> .....	2.22	25	.....	130
	2-Methyl-1,3-pentadiene <sup>t</sup> ....	2.42	25	.....	104,130
	3-Methyl-1,3-pentadiene <sup>t</sup> ....	2.43	25	.....	104,130
	4-Methyl-1,3-pentadiene <sup>u</sup> ....	3.16	-75	.....	129,130
		2.84	-25		
		2.60	25		
		2.49	50		
	2,3-Dimethyl-1,3-butadiene...	2.10	25	0.17	-50,50
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	Cyclohexanone.....	18.3	20	.....	35,98
		19. <sub>9</sub>	-40	.....	237
	4-Methyl-3-penten-2-one..... (Mesityl oxide)	15. <sub>6</sub>	0	.....	232
		15. <sub>1</sub> <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	17
	Butoxyacetylene.....	6.62	25	.....	257
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$	Ethyl crotonate.....	5.4 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_3$	Propionic anhydride.....	18. <sub>3</sub> <sup>n</sup>	16	.....	27
	Ethyl acetoacetate.....	15. <sub>7</sub> <sup>a</sup>	22	.....	7
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_4$	Diethyl oxalate.....	8.1 <sup>a</sup>	21	.....	7
	Dimethyl succinate.....	5.1	20	.....	32
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{Br}$	Bromocyclohexane.....	7.92	25	0.140( $\alpha$ )	1,55
		11. <sub>0</sub>	-65	.....	237
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{BrO}_2$	dL-threo-2-Acetoxy-3-..... bromobutane	7.41 <sub>4</sub>	25	.....	238
	dL-erythro-2-Acetoxy-..... 3-bromobutane	7.26 <sub>8</sub>	25	.....	238

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>t</sup> Mixture of cis-trans isomers.<sup>u</sup> Some polymerization at the higher temperatures.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{BrO}_2$ —Con.					
Ethyl $\alpha$ -bromobutyrate.....	8.0 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{Cl}$	Ethyl $\alpha$ -bromoisobutyrate.....	7.9 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
Chlorocyclohexane.....	7.6	25	.....	.....	98
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{ClO}_2$		10.9	-47	.....	237
Isoamyl chloroformate.....	7.8 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$	Isocapronitrile.....	15.5 <sup>b</sup>	22	.....	13
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{NO}$	Cyclohexanone oxime.....	3.0 <sub>4</sub>	89	.....	237
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{NS}$	Amyl thiocyanate..... (bp 195°C)	17.1 <sup>b</sup>	19.5	.....	18
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}$	Cyclohexane.....	2.023	20	0.160	10,60 81,146,188,190,196, 259,292
	Methylcyclopentane.....	1.985	20	.....	248
	Ethylcyclobutane.....	1.965	20	.....	248
	cis-3-Hexene.....	2.062	25	.....	239
	trans-3-Hexene.....	2.000	25	.....	239
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{Br}_2$	dL-3,4-Dibromohexane.....	6.73 <sub>2</sub>	25	.....	238
	meso-3,4-Dibromohexane.....	4.67 <sup>v</sup>	25	.....	238
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$	Cyclohexanol.....	15.0 7.2 <sub>4</sub> 4.8 <sub>8</sub>	25 100 150	0.437( $\alpha$ )	20,66 35,98,207 [84,261]
	1-Methyl-1-cyclopentanol.....	6.9 <sub>7</sub>	34.6	.....	237
	2-Hexanone.....	14.6	14.5	.....	84
	4-Methyl-2-pentanone.....	13.1 <sub>1</sub> 18.8	20 -60	0.210( $\alpha$ )	-20,100 240
	3,3-Dimethyl-2-butanone..... (Pinacolin)	13.1	14.5	.....	84 [7,18]
	Caproic acid.....	2.63	71	.....	192 [27]
	Amyl formate.....	6.4 <sub>9</sub>	25	.....	160 [7]
	Butyl acetate.....	5.01 6.8 <sub>6</sub>	20 -73	1.4	20,40 7,8,10,37,260
	Isobutyl acetate.....	5.29	20	1.6	at 20 7,8,10,57
	Propyl propionate.....	4.7 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
	Ethyl butyrate.....	5.10	18	1.0	at 20 7,8

<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>v</sup> Extrapolated from mixtures containing both isomers.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ —Con.					
Methyl valerate.....	4.3 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....	27
4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone (Diacetone alcohol)	18.2	25	.....	.....	115
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3$	$\beta$ -Ethoxyethyl acetate..... ("Cellosolve" acetate)	7.57	30	3.1	30,50
	Paraldehyde.....	13.9	25	.....	.....
		6.29	128		41 [17,26]
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{13}\text{Br}$	1-Bromohexane.....	5.82	25	1.73	25,55
		6.30	1		272
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{13}\text{I}$	1-Iodohexane.....	5.37	20	.....	.....
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{13}\text{N}$	Cyclohexylamine.....	5.37	-21	.....	.....
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}$	<i>n</i> -Hexane.....	1.890	20	0.155	-10,50
		2.044	-90		88 [35,116,207]
		1.990	-50		
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	1-Hexanol.....	13.3	25	0.35( $\alpha$ )	15,35
		8.5 <sub>5</sub>	75		103,177
	Propyl ether.....	3.3 <sub>9</sub>	26	.....	.....
	Isopropyl ether.....	3.88	25	1.8	0,25
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$	2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol.....	24.4	30	14.5	30,35
	1,1-Diethoxyethane.....	3.80	25	.....	.....
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_6$	Sorbitol.....	33. <sub>5</sub>	80	.....	.....
	Mannitol.....	24. <sub>6</sub>	170	.....	.....
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{15}\text{Al}$	Triethyl aluminum.....	2.9	20	.....	.....
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{15}\text{N}$	Dipropylamine.....	2.9 <sup>b</sup>	21	.....	.....
	Triethylamine.....	2.42	25	.....	206 [26]
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{18}\text{OSi}_2$	$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{Si}[\text{OSi}(\text{CH}_3)_2]_n\text{CH}_3$				
$n = 1$	Hexamethyldisiloxane.....	2.17	20	.....	266
$n = 2$	Octamethyltrisiloxane.....	2.30	20	.....	266
$n = 3$	Decamethyltetrasiloxane.....	2.39	20	.....	266
$n = 4$	Dodecamethylpentasiloxane....	2.46	20	.....	266
$n = 5$	Tetradecamethylhexasiloxane..	2.50	20	.....	266
$n = 66^w$		2.72	20	.....	266

<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>w</sup> Silicone oil of average molecular weight corresponding to this formula.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_7$					
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{ClO}$ Benzoyl chloride.....	29. 23.	0 20	.....	.....	43 [22]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{Cl}_3$ $\alpha, \alpha, \alpha$ -Trichlorotoluene.....	6.9 <sup>n</sup>	21	.....	.....	22, 27
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{F}_3$ $\alpha, \alpha, \alpha$ -Trifluorotoluene.....	9.18 8.09	30 60	.....	.....	255a
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{N}$ Benzonitrile.....	25.20 24.02 22.10	25 40 70	0.157( $\alpha$ )	0, 25	85, 138 [194]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{NO}$ Phenyl isocyanate.....	8.8 <sup>b</sup>	20	.....	.....	22 [18]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{NS}$ Phenyl isothiocyanate.....	10.4 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	17, 22 [18]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_2$ $\alpha, \alpha$ -Dichlorotoluene.....	6.9 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_6\text{O}$ Benzaldehyde.....	19.7 17.8	0 20	.....	.....	26, 56 [4, 7, 22]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$ Salicylaldehyde.....	17.1	30	7.	30, 40	261 [4, 7, 17]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{Br}$ <i>o</i> -Bromotoluene.....	4.28	58	.....	.....	61 [27]
<i>m</i> -Bromotoluene.....	5.36	58	.....	.....	61 [27]
<i>p</i> -Bromotoluene.....	5.49	58	.....	.....	61 [27, 32]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{BrO}$ <i>p</i> -Bromoanisole.....	7.06	30	1.6	30, 40	260
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{Cl}$ <i>o</i> -Chlorotoluene.....	4.45 4.16	20 58	.....	.....	83 [27]
<i>m</i> -Chlorotoluene.....	5.55 5.04	20 58	.....	.....	83 [27]
<i>p</i> -Chlorotoluene.....	6.08 5.55	20 58	.....	.....	83 [27, 32]
$\alpha$ -Chlorotoluene.....	7.0	13	.....	.....	2 [27]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{F}$ <i>o</i> -Fluorotoluene.....	4.22 3.88	30 60	.....	.....	255a
<i>m</i> -Fluorotoluene.....	5.42 4.90	30 60	.....	.....	255a
<i>p</i> -Fluorotoluene.....	5.86 5.34	30 60	.....	.....	255a
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{I}$ <i>p</i> -Iodotoluene.....	4.4	35	.....	.....	32
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{NO}$ Benzaldehyde oxime (trans)...	3.8	20	.....	.....	8 [7, 27]

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References	
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{NO}_2$	$o$ -Nitrotoluene.....	27.4 21.6 11.8	20 58 222	15. ..... .....	at 20 ..... .....	12, 85 [50] 61 41
	$m$ -Nitrotoluene.....	23.8 21.9	20 58	..... .....	..... .....	53 [27] 61
	$p$ -Nitrotoluene.....	22.2	58	.....	.....	61 [32]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{NO}_3$	$m$ -Nitrobenzyl alcohol.....	22. <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_8$	Toluene.....	2.438 2.379 2.15 <sub>7</sub> 2.04 <sub>2</sub>	0 25 127 181	0.0455( $\alpha$ ) 0.243	-90, 0 0, 90	16, 60, 188, 196, 223, 229 [36, 80, 207]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{O}$	Benzyl alcohol.....	13.1 9.47 6.6 o-Cresol..... $m$ -Cresol..... $p$ -Cresol..... Methoxybenzene..... (Anisole)	20 70 132 25 25 58 25 25 70	..... ..... ..... 11. 0.41( $\alpha$ ) ..... 1.1 ..... .....	..... ..... ..... 25, 30 15, 50 ..... 20, 40 ..... .....	26, 56 [8, 256] 194 117 261 [61] 56, 145, 261 [43, 61] 61 66, 144, 260, 277 194
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$	$o$ -Methoxyphenol (Guaiacol)...	11. <sub>7</sub> <sup>n</sup>	28	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_9\text{N}$	Benzylamine.....	5.5 4.6 4.3	1 21 50	.....	.....	26 [27]
	$o$ -Toluidine.....	6.34 5.71 4.00	18 58 200	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	171 [14, 27, 117] 61 41
	$m$ -Toluidine.....	5.95 5.45	18 58	..... .....	..... .....	171 [14, 27] 61
	$p$ -Toluidine.....	4.98	54	.....	.....	61, 145 32
	$N$ -Methylaniline.....	5.97	22	.....	.....	159, 171 14, 26
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2$	1-Methyl-1-phenylhydrazine...	7.3 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....	27

<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{11}\text{F}_3$	11.9	-85	.....	.....	237
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$	16.4	-15	.....	.....	237
	14.0	20	.....	.....	232
3-Methylcyclohexanone.....	18.2	-89	.....	.....	237
	12.4	20	.....	.....	232
4-Methylcyclohexanone.....	15.7	-41	.....	.....	237
	12.4	20	.....	.....	232
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$	2.67	31	.....	.....	237
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3$	11.9 <sup>a</sup>	21	.....	.....	7
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_4$	8.03	25	3.	25,30	260,276 [7,27]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{13}\text{ClO}_2$	7.8 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{14}$	2.020	20	.....	.....	196 [107]
	2.26	-129	.....	.....	237
1-Heptene.....	2.05	20	.....	.....	151
2-Methyl-1-2-hexene.....	2.9 <sub>8</sub>	20	.....	.....	283
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{14}\text{Br}_2$	3.77	25	.....	.....	150
2,3-Dibromoheptane.....	5.08	25	.....	.....	150
3,4-Dibromoheptane.....	4.70	25	.....	.....	150
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	9.7 <sub>0</sub>	60	.....	.....	256
	8.0 <sub>5</sub>	80	.....	.....	
2-Methylcyclohexanol.....	13.3	20	0.56( $\alpha$ )	at 20	232 [261]
3-Methylcyclohexanol.....	12.3	20	0.43( $\alpha$ )	at 20	232 [261]
4-Methylcyclohexanol.....	13.3	20	0.41( $\alpha$ )	at 20	232 [261]
Heptaldehyde.....	9.07	22	.....	.....	90
2-Heptanone.....	11.9 <sub>5</sub>	20	0.200( $\alpha$ )	0,100	240 [90]
	14.3	-20			
	7.10	140			
3-Heptanone.....	12.9	22	.....	.....	90
4-Heptanone.....	12.5 <sub>8</sub>	20	0.205( $\alpha$ )	0,100	90,240 [7,84]
	15.1	-20			
	8.00	120			

<sup>a</sup> $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup> $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$	Heptanoic acid.....	2.59	71	.....	192
	Amyl acetate.....	4.75	20	1.2 at 20	7, 8, 10, 57, 160
	Isoamyl acetate.....	4.63	30	1.3	30, 40 260, 276
	Propyl butyrate.....	4.3 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
	Ethyl valerate.....	4.71	18	0.9 at 18	7, 8 [27]
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\text{Br}$	1-Bromoheptane.....	5.33	25	1.40	25, 70 90, 97, 272
		4.48	90		
		5.96	-10	0.155( $\alpha$ )	-70, -10 97, 286
	2-Bromoheptane.....	5.58	10		
		6.46	22	.....	90
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\text{BrO}$	3-Bromoheptane.....	6.93	22	.....	90
	4-Bromoheptane.....	6.81	22	.....	90
	1-Bromo-2-ethoxypentane.....	6.45	25	.....	150
	2-Bromo-3-ethoxypentane.....	6.40	25	.....	150
	3-Bromo-2-ethoxypentane.....	8.24	25	.....	150
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\text{Cl}$	1-Chloroheptane.....	5.48	22	.....	90
	2-Chloroheptane.....	6.52	22	.....	90
	3-Chloroheptane.....	6.70	22	.....	90
	4-Chloroheptane.....	6.54	22	.....	90
	1-Iodoheptane.....	4.92	22	.....	90, 242
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\text{I}$	3-Iodoheptane.....	6.39	22	.....	90
	Heptane.....	1.924	20	0.140	-50, 50 71, 88, 292
		2.074	-90		
		1.850	70		
	2-Methylhexane.....	1.919	20	0.14	at 20 71
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16}$	3-Methylhexane.....	1.927	20	0.14	at 20 71
	3-Ethylpentane.....	1.939	20	0.146	-120, 80 71
	2,2-Dimethylpentane.....	1.912	20	0.146	-120, 80 71
	2,3-Dimethylpentane.....	1.939	20	0.15	at 20 71
	2,4-Dimethylpentane.....	1.914	20	0.15	at 20 71
	3,3-Dimethylpentane.....	1.937	20	0.15	at 20 71
	2,2,3-Trimethylbutane.....	1.927	20	0.13	at 20 71

<sup>n</sup> $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	1-Heptanol.....	12.1 <sub>0</sub>	22	.....	90
	2-Heptanol.....	9.21	22	.....	90
	3-Heptanol.....	6.86	22	.....	90
	4-Heptanol.....	6.17	22	.....	90
	Ethoxypentane.....	3.6	23	.....	29 [27]
	1-Ethoxy-3-methylbutane.....	3.96	20	1.3 at 20, 50	66
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_7$	Glucoheptitol.....	27. <sub>4</sub>	120	.....	131, 142
$\text{C}_8$					
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_2\text{Cl}_2\text{F}_6$	4,5-Dichloro-1,3-bis-(trifluoromethyl)-benzene	3.1 <sub>2</sub>	30	.....	255a
		2.9 <sub>4</sub>	60	.....	
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_3\text{ClF}_6$	2-Chloro-1,3-bis-(trifluoromethyl)-benzene	3.2 <sub>0</sub>	30	.....	255a
		3.0 <sub>0</sub>	60	.....	
	4-Chloro-1,3-bis-(trifluoromethyl)-benzene	5.44	30	.....	255a
		4.96	60	.....	
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_4\text{F}_6$	1,3-bis-(trifluoromethyl)-benzene	5.98	30	.....	255a
		5.37	60	.....	
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_6$	Ethynebenzene.....(Phenylacetylene)	2.98	25	.....	257
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_2$	2,5-Dichlorostyrene.....	2.58	25	.....	279
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{O}$	Phenoxyacetylene.....	4.76	25	.....	257
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$	Phthalide.....	36. <sup>a</sup>	75	.....	7
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_7\text{Cl}_3$	$\beta$ -Chloroethyl-2,5-dichlorobenzene	5.2 <sub>0</sub>	24	.....	279
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_7\text{N}$	<i>o</i> -Tolunitrile.....	18. <sub>5</sub> <sup>b</sup>	23	.....	13
	Phenylacetonitrile.....	18. <sub>7</sub> 8.5	27 234	.....	41 [7, 13, 17, 26]
			.		
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_7\text{NO}$	Mandelonitrile.....	17. <sub>8</sub> <sup>b</sup>	23	.....	14 [39]
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_7\text{NO}_4$	Methyl <i>o</i> -nitrobenzoate.....	27. <sub>8</sub>	27	.....	107
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8$	Styrene.....(Phenylethylene)	2.43	25	.....	162, 196, 279
		2.32	75	.....	
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}$	Phenylacetaldehyde.....	4.8 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	7
	Acetophenone.....	17.39	25	4. at 25	138, 260 [12, 26, 117]
		8.64	202	.....	41

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$	Phenyl acetate.....	5.23	20	0.7	at 20
	Methyl benzoate.....	6.59	20	0.14( $\alpha$ )	20, 50
	<i>p</i> -Methoxybenzaldehyde..... (Anisaldehyde)	22.3 10.4	22 248	.....	41 [17]
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}_3$	Methyl salicylate.....	9.41	30	3.1	30, 40
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}$	Ethylbenzene.....	2.412	20	.....	.....
	<i>o</i> -Xylene.....	2.568	20	0.266	-20, 130
	<i>m</i> -Xylene.....	2.374	20	0.195	-40, 180
	<i>p</i> -Xylene.....	2.270	20	0.160	20, 130
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	1-Phenylethanol.....	8.90	20	0.22( $\alpha$ )	20, 90
	2-Phenylethanol.....	13.0 9.04 7.63	20 60 90	.....	.....
	Ethoxybenzene (Phenetole)	4.22	20	0.90	20, 50
	<i>o</i> -Methoxytoluene.....	3.57	20	.....	.....
	<i>m</i> -Methoxytoluene.....	4.08	20	.....	23 [27]
	<i>p</i> -Methoxytoluene.....	4.03	20	.....	23 [27]
	3,4-Dimethyl-1-hydroxy- benzene	4.8n	17	.....	27
	2-Methoxy-4-methylphenol (Creosol)	11.	16	.....	4, 8
	<i>o</i> -Dimethoxybenzene (Veratrole)	4.5	23	.....	32
	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$	4.4n	19	.....	27
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_4$	Methylbenzylamine.....	5.76	20	2.	0, 20
	<i>N</i> -Ethylaniline.....	4.91	20	2.	at 20
	<i>N,N</i> -Dimethylaniline.....	4.42	70	.....	26, 56, 159, 171, 178, 194
	2,4-Dimethylaniline.....	4.9n	20	.....	14, 22, 27
	Ethyl fumarate.....	6.56	23	.....	186 [167]
	Ethyl maleate.....	8.58	23	.....	186 [167]

<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

	Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_3$	Butyric anhydride.....	12.9 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
	Isobutyric anhydride.....	13.6 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	17 [27]
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_4$	Diethyl succinate.....	6.64	30	1.0	30, 40	260
	meso-2,3-Diacetoxybutane.....	6.64 <sub>4</sub>	25	.....	.....	238
	dl-2,3-Diacetoxybutane.....	5.10 <sup>v</sup>	25	.....	.....	238
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}$	cis-3-Octene.....	2.062	25	.....	.....	239
	trans-3-Octene.....	2.002	25	.....	.....	239
	cis-4-Octene.....	2.053	25	.....	.....	239
	trans-4-Octene.....	2.004	25	.....	.....	239
	3-Methyl-2-heptene.....	2.4 <sub>4</sub> <sup>t</sup>	20	.....	.....	283
	2,5-Dimethyl-2-hexene.....	2.4 <sub>3</sub>	20	.....	.....	283
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	3,5-Dimethyl-2-hexene.....	2.6 <sub>5</sub> <sup>t</sup>	20	.....	.....	283
	2-Octanone.....	10.3 <sub>9</sub>	20	0.215( $\alpha$ )	0, 60	240 [7, 84]
		12.5	-20			
		7.42	100			
		6.10	160			
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$	Caprylic acid.....	2.4 <sub>5</sub>	20	.....	.....	181
		2.54	71	.....	.....	192
	Isoamyl propionate.....	4.2 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
	Isobutyl butyrate.....	4.1 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{17}\text{Br}$	Propyl valerate.....	4.0 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....	27
	1-Bromo-octane.....	6.35	-50	1.9	-55, -39	286
		5.00	25	1.33	1, 55	272
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{17}\text{Cl}$	1-Chlorooctane.....	5.05	25	1.70	1, 55	272
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{17}\text{I}$	1-Iodo-octane.....	4.62	25	1.17	1.55	242, 272
	2-Iodo-octane.....	5.77	20	.....	.....	242
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}$	n-Octane.....	1.948	20	0.130	-50, 50	88 [35]
		1.879	70			
		1.817	110			
	2,2,3-Trimethylpentane.....	1.96	20	.....	.....	35
	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane.....	1.940	20	0.142	-100, 100	71

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>t</sup> Mixture of cis-trans isomers.<sup>v</sup> Extrapolated from mixtures containing both isomers.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$					
1-Octanol.....	10.3 <sub>4</sub> 13.3 11.3	20 -10 10	0.410( $\alpha$ )	20, 60	81, 82
2-Octanol.....	12.0 8.20 6.52 5.61	-10 20 40 56	.....	.....	82, 217
3-Octanol.....	9.88 8.18 7.03 6.16 5.68	-20 0 20 40 54	.....	.....	82
4-Octanol.....	8.97 7.76 5.97 5.12 4.70 4.51	-31 -20 0 20 40 55	.....	.....	82
2-Methyl-1-heptanol.....	8.23 6.28 5.15 4.48 4.15	-20 0 20 40 55	.....	.....	82
3-Methyl-1-heptanol.....	3.24 3.12 2.98 2.87 2.79 2.75	-32 -20 0 20 40 55	.....	.....	82
4-Methyl-1-heptanol.....	6.40 5.30 4.53 4.02 3.73	-20 0 20 40 59	.....	.....	82
5-Methyl-1-heptanol.....	7.47 5.37	20 55	0.430( $\alpha$ )	-20, 43	82
6-Methyl-1-heptanol.....	10.2 <sub>7</sub> 14.3 12.2	20 -20 0	0.404( $\alpha$ )	17, 55	82
2-Methyl-2-heptanol.....	3.46 3.49 3.38 3.38	25 -33 -13 -7	-0.30	5, 50	82

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$ —Con.					
3-Methyl-2-heptanol.....	7.33 10.8 9.13 6.22	20 -44 -20 55	0.23( $\alpha$ )	-8,30	82
4-Methyl-2-heptanol.....	4.6 3.90 3.63 3.52 3.36	-18 0 20 40 60	.....	.....	82
5-Methyl-2-heptanol.....	8.6 7.5	-18 5	.....	.....	82
6-Methyl-2-heptanol.....	10.3 6.20 5.17 4.70	-20 20 40 55	.....	.....	82
2-Methyl-3-heptanol.....	3.37 2.71 2.88 3.60 3.75	20 -40 -20 40 60	-1.30	-12,35	82
3-Methyl-3-heptanol.....	3.58 3.57 3.63 3.74 3.84 3.89	-30 -20 0 20 40 60	.....	.....	82
4-Methyl-3-heptanol.....	5.25 7.11 6.59 4.62	20 -52.5 -30 55	0.178( $\alpha$ )	-8,42	82
5-Methyl-3-heptanol.....	6.13 8.60 7.48 7.08	20 -43 -20 0	0.185( $\alpha$ )	18,57	82
6-Methyl-3-heptanol.....	5.50 8.70 7.16 6.22	20 -42 -20 0	0.202( $\alpha$ )	17,55	82
2-Methyl-4-heptanol.....	3.30 2.93 3.65	20 -20 60	-1.05	0,36	82
3-Methyl-4-heptanol.....	9.09 7.36	-20 20	0.248( $\alpha$ ) 0.204( $\alpha$ )	-43,0 5,55	82

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$ —Con.					
4-Methyl-4-heptanol.....	2.87 2.53 2.59 2.70 3.27	20 -44 -20 0 60	-1.04	10,55	82
Butyl ether.....	3.06	25	.....	.....	144,198
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}\text{N}$	Diisobutylamine.....	2.7 <sup>b</sup>	22	.....	14
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_4\text{Si}$	Tetraethyl silicate.....	4.1 <sup>b</sup>	ca 20	.....	22
$\text{C}_9$					
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_7\text{N}$	Quinoline.....	9.00 5.05	25 238	.....	41,156,159
	Isoquinoline.....	10.7	25	.....	159
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{O}$	Cinnamaldehyde.....	16.9	24	.....	107
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}$	1-Phenyl-1-propene.....	2.7 <sub>3</sub>	20	.....	215
	2-Phenyl-1-propene.....	2.2 <sub>8</sub>	20	.....	215
	3-Phenyl-1-propene.....	2.6 <sub>3</sub>	20	.....	215
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	$\alpha$ -Indanol (mp 55°C).....	7.8 <sub>3</sub> 7.1 <sub>0</sub> 6.7 <sub>4</sub>	60 80 90	.....	256
	$\alpha$ -Indanol (mp 40°C).....	7.7 <sub>3</sub> 7.1 <sub>1</sub> 6.4 <sub>2</sub>	40 60 90	.....	256
	$\beta$ -Indanol (mp 70°C).....	7.2 <sub>3</sub>	80	.....	256
	1-Phenyl-1-propanone..... (Propiophenone)	15.5 <sup>a</sup>	17	.....	7
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$	Benzyl acetate.....	5.1 <sup>n</sup>	21	.....	27
	Ethyl benzoate.....	6.02	20	2.1	20,40 7,8,56,178,189,260, 276
	Methyl p-methylbenzoate.....	4.3	33	.....	32
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_3$	Methyl o-methoxybenzoate.....	7.7 <sup>a</sup>	21	.....	7
	Ethyl salicylate.....	7.99	30	2.	30,40 261 [7,8,27]
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}$	Propylbenzene.....	2.36 <sub>9</sub>	20	.....	3,35 [1]
	Isopropylbenzene..... (Cumene)	2.38 <sub>0</sub>	20	.....	3,35 [1,7]
	p-Ethyltoluene.....	2.24 <sub>0</sub>	25	0.19	158

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}$ —Con.					
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (Pseudocumene)	2.42	17	.....	.....	1,3
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (Mesitylene)	2.27 <sub>9</sub>	20	.....	.....	196 [1,35]
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$	$\alpha$ -Ethoxytoluene (Benzyl ethyl ether)	3.9 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{13}\text{N}$	Benzylethylamine.....	4.3 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
	<i>N,N</i> -Dimethyl- <i>o</i> -toluidine.....	3.4 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
	<i>N,N</i> -Dimethyl- <i>p</i> -toluidine.....	3.9 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_6$	Glyceryl triacetate (Triaceticin)	7.1 <sub>9</sub>	20	.....	244 [27,232]
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$	Diethyl glutarate.....	6.66	30	2.7	30,40
	<i>dL</i> -erythro-2,3-Diacetoxy- pentane	6.73 <sub>4</sub>	25	.....	238
	<i>dL</i> -threo-2,3-Diacetoxypentane..	5.22 <sub>8</sub>	25	.....	238
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}$	4-Ethyl-3-heptene.....	2.4 <sub>8</sub>	20	.....	283
	2,6-Dimethyl-2-heptene.....	2.6 <sub>1</sub>	20	.....	283
	3,6-Dimethyl-3-heptene <sup>t</sup> .....	2.6 <sub>5</sub>	20	.....	283
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	2,2,4,4-Tetramethyl-3- pentanone (Hexamethyl acetone)	10.0	14.5	.....	84
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$	Isoamyl butyrate.....	4.0 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	27
	Isobutyl valerate.....	3.8 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	27
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{19}\text{Br}$	1-Bromononane.....	5.42	-20	1.3	-35,16
		4.74	25	1.13	1,55
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{19}\text{BrO}$	1-Bromo-2-ethoxyheptane.....	5.48	20	.....	150
	2-Bromo-3-ethoxyheptane.....	5.22	25	.....	150
	3-Bromo-4-ethoxyheptane.....	6.24	25	.....	150
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{20}$	<i>n</i> -Nonane.....	1.972	20	0.135	-10,90
		2.059	-50		88 [35]
		1.847	110		
		1.787	150		
	2-Methyloctane.....	1.97	20	.....	35
	4-Methyloctane.....	1.97	20	.....	35

<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>t</sup> Mixture of *cis-trans* isomers.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{20}$ —Con.					
2,4-Dimethylheptane.....	1.8 <sub>9</sub>	20	.....	.....	35
2,5-Dimethylheptane.....	1.8 <sub>9</sub>	20	.....	.....	35
2,6-Dimethylheptane.....	1.99	20	.....	.....	35
$\text{C}_{10}$					
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_7\text{Br}$ 1-Bromonaphthalene.....	4.83	25	0.87	25,55	272 [7,12]
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_7\text{Cl}$ 1-Chloronaphthalene.....	5.04	25	1.07	1,55	272
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8$ Naphthalene.....	2.54	85	.....	.....	196,246
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2$ 2,3-Dimethylquinoxaline.....	2.28	25	.....	.....	153
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$ 1-Allyl-3,4-methylenedioxybenzene (Safrole)	3.1 <sup>a</sup>	21	.....	.....	7 [22]
1-Propenyl-3,4-methylene-dioxybenzene (Isosafrole)	3.3 <sup>a</sup>	21	.....	.....	7 [22]
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_4$ Dimethyl phthalate.....	8.5	24	.....	.....	232
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}$ Dicyclopentadiene.....	2.43	40	0.20	40,100	241
1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-naphthalene (Tetralin)	2.757	20	0.29	10,40	163,196
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$ Cumaldehyde ( <i>p</i> -Isopropylbenzaldehyde)	11.	15	.....	.....	4
Tetrahydro- $\beta$ -naphthol.....	11. <sub>7</sub> 8.1 <sub>7</sub> 6.7 <sub>5</sub>	20 60 90	.....	.....	256
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ Ethyl phenylacetate.....	5.2 <sub>9</sub> <sup>a</sup>	21	.....	.....	7
4-Allyl-1-hydroxy-2-methoxybenzene (Eugenol)	10.5	0	.....	.....	103 [22]
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}$ Isobutylbenzene.....	2.35	17	.....	.....	1,3
<i>t</i> -Butylbenzene.....	2.38	20	.....	.....	35
1-Methyl-4-isopropylbenzene ( <i>p</i> -Cymene)	2.24 <sub>3</sub>	20	0.16	4,60	3,100,158 [41,196]
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$ Carvone.....	11. <sup>b</sup>	22	.....	.....	22
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$ <i>dL</i> -2,3-Camphanedione.....	16. <sub>3</sub>	203	.....	.....	237
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}$ <i>N,N</i> -Diethylaniline.....	5.5 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_2$ Camphoric imide.....	5.5	249	.....	.....	237

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

	Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$	<i>d</i> -Camphene.....	2.33	ca 40	.....	.....	237 [24]
	<i>d</i> -Pinene.....	2.64	25	.....	.....	164 [24]
	<i>I</i> -Pinene.....	2.76	20	.....	.....	196 [24]
	Terpinene.....	2.7 <sup>b</sup>	21	.....	.....	22
	<i>d</i> -Limonene.....	2.3 <sub>6</sub>	20	.....	.....	24
	<i>dI</i> -Limonene (Dipentene).....	2.3 <sub>0</sub>	20	.....	.....	24
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	Dihydrocarvone.....	8.5 <sub>3</sub> <sup>a</sup>	19	.....	.....	7
	Carvenone.....	19.	20	.....	.....	7, 8
	Pulegone.....	9.5 <sup>a</sup>	20	.....	.....	7
	Fenchone.....	12. <sub>8</sub>	21	.....	.....	232
	Thujone.....	10. <sub>8</sub>	0	.....	.....	232
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{17}\text{Cl}$	<i>dI</i> -Bornyl chloride.....	5.21	95	.....	.....	237
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}$	5-Decyne (Dibutylacetylene) ..	2.173	25	0.148	25, 125	154
	cis-Decahydronaphthalene.....	2.19 <sub>7</sub>	20	0.11	20, 100	128, 275
	trans-Decahydronaphthalene...	2.17 <sub>2</sub>	20	0.11	20, 100	128, 275
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	Menthone.....	8.8 <sup>b</sup>	18	.....	.....	22 [27]
		11. <sub>8</sub>	-35	.....	.....	232
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{20}$	cis-5-Decene.....	2.071	25	.....	.....	239
	trans-5-Decene.....	2.030	25	.....	.....	239
	5-Methyl-4-nonenet.....	2.1 <sub>8</sub>	20	.....	.....	283
	2,4,6-Trimethyl-3-heptenet...	2.2 <sub>9</sub>	20	.....	.....	283
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}$	<i>I</i> - $\alpha$ -Menthol.....	3.95	42	.....	.....	237 [289]
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$	Isoamyl valerate.....	3.6 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{21}\text{Br}$	<i>I</i> -Bromodecane.....	4.44	25	1.07	25, 55	272
		4.75	1			
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{22}$	<i>n</i> -Decane.....	1.991	20	0.130	10, 110	88
		2.050	-30			
		1.844	130			
		1.783	170			
	2,7-Dimethyloctane.....	1.983	20	0.137	20, 120	141 [35]
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}$	<i>I</i> -Decanol.....	8.1	20	.....	.....	142
	Amyl ether.....	2.77	25	0.7	25, 40	7, 198, 260
	Isoamyl ether.....	2.82	20	0.50	20, 50	66

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>t</sup> Mixture of *cis-trans* isomers.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance		$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\alpha$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{22}\text{S}$	Amyl sulfide.....	3.83	25	.....	.....	140
		3.59	50	.....	.....	
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}$	Diisooamylamine.....	2.5 <sup>b</sup>	18	.....	.....	22
	$\text{C}_{11}$					
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_7\text{N}$	1-Naphthonitrile.....	16.0 <sup>b</sup>	70	0.16( $\alpha$ )	22,70	14
	2-Naphthonitrile.....	16.9 <sup>b</sup>	70	.....	.....	14
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}$	1-Methylnaphthalene.....	2.71	20	.....	.....	113,202
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$	Ethyl cinnamate.....	6.1	18	.....	.....	8,56 [7,216,260]
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3$	Ethyl benzoylacetate.....	12.4	20	.....	.....	8 [7,17]
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$	Isobutyl benzoate.....	5.38	20	1.1	at 20	7,8,10 [27]
	4-Propenyl-1,2-dimethoxybenzene (Methyl isoeugenol)	4.7	18	.....	.....	167
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_3$	Ethyl <i>o</i> -ethoxybenzoate.....	7.0 <sup>a</sup>	21	.....	.....	7
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}$	1-Methyl-4-tert-butylbenzene...	2.33	20	0.20	0.60	158
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_4$	<i>dL</i> -erythro-3,4-Diacetoxyheptane	6.68 <sub>4</sub>	25	.....	.....	238
	<i>dL</i> -threo-3,4-Diacetoxyheptane	5.02 <sub>9</sub>	25	.....	.....	238
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}$	2-Undecanone.....	8.4	14.5	.....	.....	84
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{23}\text{Br}$	1-Bromoundecane.....	4.73	-9	.....	.....	286
$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{24}$	<i>n</i> -Undecane.....	2.005	20	0.125	10,130	88
		2.039	-10			
		1.838	150			
		1.781	190			
	$\text{C}_{12}$					
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_8\text{O}$	Dibenzofuran..... (Diphenylene oxide)	3.0 <sub>0</sub>	100	.....	.....	232
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}$	Diphenyl.....	2.53	75	0.18	75,155	67
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	Azoxybenzene.....	5.1	40	.....	.....	289
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	Phenyl ether.....	3.65	30	0.7	30,50	66,260 [289]
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$	Diphenylamine.....	3.3	52	.....	.....	32
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$	1-Ethoxynaphthalene.....	3.3 <sup>n</sup>	19	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	<i>o</i> -Cyclohexylphenol.....	3.97	55	.....	.....	237
	<i>p</i> -Cyclohexylphenol.....	4.42	131	.....	.....	237

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$ Amyl benzoate.....	5.00	20	0.7	at 20	7, 8, 10 [27]
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3$ Isoamyl salicylate.....	5.4 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$ Bornyl acetate.....	4.6	21	.....	.....	232
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}$ 6-Dodecyne (Diamylacetylene)	2.171	25	0.148	25, 125	154
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_6$ Dibutyl tartrate.....	9.4	41	.....	.....	232
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{25}\text{Br}$ I-Bromododecane.....	4.07	25	0.9	1, 55	272
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{25}\text{Cl}$ I-Chlorododecane.....	4.17 3.85	25 55	1.2	1, 40	272
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{25}\text{I}$ I-Iodododecane.....	3.93	20	.....	.....	242
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{26}$ n-Dodecane.....	2.014 2.047 1.776	20 -10 210	0.120	10, 150	88
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}$ I-Dodecanol.....	6.5	25	.....	.....	281 [142]
$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}_4\text{P}$ Tributylphosphate.....	7.95 <sub>9</sub>	30	2.74	30, 35	295
<b>C<sub>13</sub></b>					
$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$ Benzophenone.....	11.4	50	.....	.....	180 [26, 260]
$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_3$ Phenylsalicylate.....	6.3	50	.....	.....	289
$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}$ Diphenylmethane.....	2.57	25	0.14	20, 50	66, 269
$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_4$ Ethyl $\alpha$ -benzoyl-acetoacetate	12.	21	.....	.....	8 [7]
$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}$ $\alpha$ -Ionone.....	10.8	19	.....	.....	253
$\beta$ -Ionone.....	11.7	25	.....	.....	253
$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_4$ Diethyl azelate.....	5.13	30	1.6	30, 40	260
$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_2$ Ethyl undecanoate.....	3.55	20	0.83	-22, 28	201
$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{27}\text{Br}$ I-Bromotridecane.....	4.20	10	.....	.....	286
<b>C<sub>14</sub></b>					
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}$ Phenanthrene.....	2.72	110	.....	.....	246
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$ Benzil.....	13.0 12.1	95 120	.....	.....	68 [32]
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ Benzyl benzoate.....	4.9 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3$ Benzyl salicylate.....	4.1 <sup>n</sup>	20	.....	.....	27
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}$ 1,2-Diphenylethane.....	2.38	110	0.17	57, 178	67
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}$ Dibenzylamine.....	3.6 <sup>b</sup>	20	.....	.....	14, 22

<sup>b</sup>  $f = 3.6 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.<sup>n</sup>  $f = 5 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued.

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$ Diethyl benzalmalonate.....	8.0 7.6 5.9	0 20 70	.....	.....	8
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_4$ Diethyl sebacate.....	5.00	30	1.2	30,40	260
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{28}\text{O}_2$ Ethyl dodecanoate (Ethyl laurate)	3.44 2.73	20 143	0.65	20,100	67
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{29}\text{Br}$ I-Bromotetradecane.....	3.84	25	0.80	1,55	272
$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}$ I-Tetradecanol.....	4.72 4.40	38 48	.....	.....	281
$\text{C}_{15}$					
$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$ Cedrene.....	3.27	25	.....	.....	221
$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{31}\text{Br}$ I-Bromopentadecane.....	3.89	20	.....	.....	286
$\text{C}_{16}$					
$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_4$ Dibutyl phthalate.....	6.43 <sub>6</sub>	30	1.98	30,35	295 [267]
$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{32}\text{O}_2$ Palmitic acid.....	2.30	71	.....	.....	181,192
$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{33}\text{Br}$ I-Bromohexadecane.....	3.71	25	0.7	25,55	272,293
$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{33}\text{I}$ I-Iodohexadecane.....	3.50	20	.....	.....	242 [27]
$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{34}\text{O}$ I-Hexadecanol.....	3.82	50	1.7	48,67	191,201
$\text{C}_{17}$					
$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{34}\text{O}$ 9-Heptadecanone.....	5.3	60	.....	.....	195
$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{34}\text{O}_4$ Monomyristin.....	6.1	70	.....	.....	214
$\text{C}_{18}$					
$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}_4$ Dicyclohexyl adipate.....	4.84	35	.....	.....	237
$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{32}\text{O}_2$ Linoleic acid.....	2.61 2.71 2.70 2.60	0 20 70 120	.....	.....	208,235,262
$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{33}\text{NaO}_2$ Sodium oleate.....	2.8 <sup>a</sup>	mp	.....	.....	21
$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{34}\text{O}_2$ Oleic acid.....	2.46 2.45 2.41	20 60 100	.....	.....	136,181,208, 235,262
$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{34}\text{O}_4$ Dibutyl sebacate.....	4.54 <sub>0</sub>	30	1.07	30,35	295 [267,279]

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

## C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{36}\text{O}_2$ Stearic acid.....	2.29	70	.....	.....	67, 181, 192
	2.26	100	.....	.....	262
Ethyl palmitate.....	3.20	20	0.4	20, 40	201
	2.71	104	.....	.....	67
	2.46	182			
$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{37}\text{Br}$ 1-Bromoocadecane.....	3.53	30	0.5	27, 58	293
$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{38}\text{O}$ 1-Octadecanol.....	3.42	58	.....	.....	281
	3.35	63			
$\text{C}_{19}$					
$\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}$ Triphenylmethane.....	2.45	100	0.14	94, 175	67
$\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{38}\text{O}_4$ Monopalmitin.....	5.34	67	.....	.....	287
	5.09	80			
$\text{C}_{20}$					
$\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{38}\text{O}_2$ Ethyl oleate.....	3.17	28	0.48	28, 122	67
	2.63	150			
$\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{40}\text{O}_2$ Ethyl stearate.....	2.98	40	0.6	32, 50	67, 201, 260
	2.69	100			
	2.48	167			
$\text{C}_{21}$					
$\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{21}\text{O}_4\text{P}$ Tricresyl phosphate.....	6.9	40	.....	.....	219
$\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{42}\text{O}_3$ $\beta$ -Methoxyethyl stearate.....	3.39	50	.....	.....	260
$\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{42}\text{O}_4$ Monostearin.....	4.87	77	.....	.....	287 [214]
	4.71	89			
$\text{C}_{22}$					
$\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{42}\text{O}_2$ Butyl oleate.....	4.0	25	.....	.....	232
$\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{42}\text{O}_3$ Isobutyl ricinoleate (Isobutyl 12-hydroxy-9-octadecenoate)	4.7	21	.....	.....	26
$\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{44}\text{O}_2$ Butyl stearate.....	3.11 <sub>1</sub>	30	0.53	30, 35	295
$\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{45}\text{Br}$ 1-Bromodocosane.....	3.12	55	0.5	43, 60	293
$\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{46}$ <i>n</i> -Docosane.....	2.00	50	.....	.....	195
$\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{46}\text{O}$ 1-Docosanol.....	2.96	70	.....	.....	281
$\text{C}_{23}$					
$\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{46}\text{O}$ 12-Tricosanone.....	4.0 <sub>5</sub>	80	1.	72, 90	195

### C. ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Continued

Substance	$\epsilon$	$t^{\circ}\text{C}$	$a$ (or $\alpha$ ) $\times 10^2$	Range $t_1, t_2$	References
<b>C<sub>24</sub></b>					
C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Dibenzyl sebacate.....	4.6	25	.....	.....	267
C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>38</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Dioctyl phthalate.....	5.1	25	.....	.....	267
<b>C<sub>26</sub></b>					
C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>50</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Dioctyl sebacate.....	4.01	26	.....	.....	279
<b>C<sub>34</sub></b>					
C <sub>34</sub> H <sub>66</sub> Tetratriacontadiene.....	2.82	25	.....	.....	155
<b>C<sub>35</sub></b>					
C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>68</sub> O <sub>5</sub> 1,3-Dipalmitin.....	3.52	72	.....	.....	288
	3.49	76			
<b>C<sub>36</sub></b>					
C <sub>36</sub> H <sub>66</sub> CuO <sub>4</sub> Copper oleate.....	2.8 <sub>0</sub> <sup>a</sup>	mp	.....	.....	21
C <sub>36</sub> H <sub>66</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Pb Lead oleate.....	3.7 <sub>0</sub> <sup>a</sup>	mp	.....	.....	21
<b>C<sub>39</sub></b>					
C <sub>39</sub> H <sub>76</sub> O <sub>5</sub> 1,3-Distearin.....	3.32	78	.....	.....	288
	3.29	82			
<b>C<sub>51</sub></b>					
C <sub>51</sub> H <sub>98</sub> O <sub>6</sub> Tripalmitin.....	2.92 <sub>7</sub>	60	0.32	60,70	288
<b>C<sub>57</sub></b>					
C <sub>57</sub> H <sub>104</sub> O <sub>6</sub> Triolein.....	3.20	25	.....	.....	235 [208]
C <sub>57</sub> H <sub>110</sub> O <sub>6</sub> Tristearin.....	2.78 <sub>5</sub>	70	0.34	70,80	288 [262]

<sup>a</sup>  $f = 4 \times 10^8$  cycles/sec.

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