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# IMPEDANCE OF COMMERCIAL LECLANCHÉ DRY CELLS AND BATTERIES 

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

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#### Abstract

NBS Technical Notes are designed to supplement the Bureau's regular publications program. They provide a means for making available scientific data that are of transient or limited interest. Technical Notes may be listed or referred to in the open literature.


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#### Abstract

An extensive study of the impedance characteristics of the most commonly used sizes of commercial Leclanche type dry cells and batteries has been made through the frequency range of 50 to 50,000 cycles. Cnanges in impedance due to aging and use were determined. Open-circuit voltages and flash currents were measured, and capacities determined on standard tests in an effort to find a possible correlation between any of those three parameters and residual capacity. Data obtained are displayed in tabular form and on Argand diagrams.


## 1. Introduction

This note presents results of studies of the impedance of Leclanche dry cells and batteries of various make, size, type, and condition. By condition is meant the age or the amount of electrical capacity remaining in the cells or batteries either after storage or after electrical discharge. Three sizes of cylindrical cells, $A A, C$, and $D$ and various sizes of flat-cell 45-volt "B" batteries were used in the studies. Dimensions of the cells and batteries are given in the tables referred to later. Impedance measurements were made on the cells prior to and after their discharge on various standard tests $[1]^{1}$; in fact, the measurements were made in conjunction with the qualification tests of dry cells and batteries which are conducted annually at the National Bureau of Standards. Impedance measurements were also made on cells and batteries prior to and after a specified period of storage at $21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{*}$.
${ }^{l}$ Figures in brackets indicate literature references at the end of this paper.

* Initial tests were made after cells and batteries were stored at $21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for approximately one week.

The impedance was calculated from neasurements of the internal resistance and the capacitive reactance of the cells and batteries. These latter quantities were measured by a substitution method using a Wien bridge, as described by Grover [2] and Vinal [3], and shown schematically in figure $1 . R_{l}$ was a variable non-inłuctive resistor, graduated in $0.01-o h m$ steps, covering a range up to ll, lll. 1 ohms in six decades. Capacitor $C_{y}$ consisted of two capacitors in parallel, continuously variable from 50 pf to $1.1 l l \mu f$ and served to compensate for the capacitance of the cell or battery under study. $R_{2}$ and $C_{2}$ were a fixed precision resistor and capacitor, respectively, and were selected to cover a range of $R$ and $C$ found for the cells or batteries under study. For single cells $R_{2}$ and $C_{2}$ were, respectively, 100 ohms and $1 \mu f$. $R_{3}$ and $R_{4}$ were 1000-precision ac resistors. Detector $D$ was a tunable amplifier having a sensitivity of $5 \mu \mathrm{v}$ for a 10 per cent deflection of full scale. The oscillator was a wide-range type activated by 60-cycle ac and was coupled to the bridge by an isolation transformer, and had a range of 5 cps to 600 kc . Its frequency was monitored by an electronic counter. The bridge was initialiy balanced with a thick, short copper bar, then with the cell or battery under study. This procedure was repeated at ten frequencies, namely, 50, 100, 200, and 500 cps and $1,2,5,10,20$, and 50 icc . All measurements were made at ambient room temperature which was about $26^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

The resistances and capacitances were calibrated by the Resistance and Reactance Section. To calibrate the Wien bridge a calibrated capacitor and a calibrated resistor were placed in the unknown positions and their values determined on balancing of the bridge. Results for a 1.O-ohm resistor and a $10 \mu \mathrm{f}$ capacitor follow for several frequencies:

| Frequency | Resistance |  | Capacitance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard | Measured | Standard | Measured |
| cycles/second | ohms | ohms |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{f}$ |
| 60 | 0.99943 | 0.998 | 10.5577 | 10.5497 |
| 100 | 0.99943 | 1.002 | 10.5501 | 10.5409 |
| 400 | 0.99943 | 0.999 | 10.5258 | 10.5166 |
| 1000 | 0.99943 | 0.999 | 10.5088 | 10.5011 |
| 20000 | 0.99943 | 1.000 | 10.74 | 10.7778 |

Measured values generally agreed with calibrated values within 0.1 per cent; therefore, residuals in the bridge arms were insignificant for the purpose.

The resistance, $R$, and the capacitive reactance, $X_{c}$, were obtained at each frequency from

$$
\begin{gather*}
R=R_{i}-R_{f}  \tag{1}\\
X_{c}=\frac{1}{\omega}\left[\frac{1}{C_{i}}-\frac{1}{C_{f}}\right] \tag{2}
\end{gather*}
$$

where $C=$ capacitance, $\omega=2 \pi f$ where $f$ is the frequency in cycles per second (cps), and $\underline{i}$ and $f$ refer to the initial (with bar) and final (with cell) balances. From these, the impedance, Z, is obtained from

$$
\begin{equation*}
z=\sqrt{R^{2}+x_{c}^{2}} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

## 3. Standard Service Tests

The resistance, capacitive reactance, and impedance were not only determined for new and aged cells but for cells after they had been discharged on one of the following standard tests [1]:
3.1 General-Purpose 4-ohm Intermittent Test ( $4 \Omega$ ).

Each cell is discharged through a resistance of 4 ohms for 5 -minute periods at 24-hour intervals. The test is continued until the closedcircuit voltage of the cell falls below 0.75 volt. The service is reported as the number of minutes of discharge before the cell voltage falls below 0.75 volt.
3.2 General-Purpose 2.25-ohm Intermittent Test (2.25 ) .

Each cell is discharged through a resistance of 2.25 ohms for 5minute periods at 24 -hour intervals. The test is continued until the closed-circuit voltage of the cell falls below 0.65 volt. The service is reported as the number of minutes of discharge before the cell voltage falls below 0.65 volt.
3.3 Light-Industrial Flashlight-Cell Test (LIF).

Each cell is discharged through a resistance of 4 ohms for $4-$ minute periods, beginning at hourly intervals for 8 consecutive hours each day, with 16-hour rest periods intervening. The test in continued
until the closed-circuit voltage of the cell falls below 0.90 volt. The service is reported as the number of minutes of discharge before the cell voltage first falls below l. 10 volts and then below 0.90 volt.

### 3.4 Heavy-Industrial Flashlight-Cell Test (HIF).

Each cell is discharged through a resistance of 4 ohms for 4 -minute periods, beginining at 15 -minute intervals, for 8 consecutive hours each day, with 16 -hour rest periods intervening. The test is continued until the closed-circuit voltage of the cell falls below 0.90 volt. The service is reported as the number of minutes of discharge before the cell voltage first falls below l. 10 volts and then below 0.90 volt.

Prior to and at times during the tests the open-circuit voltage of the cells or batteries was measured with a voltmeter having a resistance of l,000 ohms per wolt. Also, the short-circuit current of the cells was measured with a critically-damped amneter having a resistance, with the leads, of 0.01 ohm . The impedance of the cells or batteries was measured on the day following or on the day preceding the standard discharge test.

### 3.5 Test and Storage Conditions

"Initial" tests intended to show the condition of fresh batteries shall be started within 30 days of the receipt of the batteries by the testing agency.
"Delayed" tests are intended to measure the keeping quality of cells and batteries. Cells and batteries for delayed test shall be stored on open-circuit at a temperature of $70 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for the time specified. The storage time specified shall be measured from the time at which the batteries were received by the testing agency.

The standard temperature for tests is $70 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ unless otherwise specified.

## 4. Results

Results obtained on fresh (or new) and discharged (on standard tests) AA-size general-purpose, C-size general-purpose, D-size generalpurpose, and D-size industrial Leclanche dry cells, and on 45 -volt Leclanche dry batteries of various make are given in tables 1 to 5, inclusive. In each case the results are the average of the number of cells listed in the table heading. In tables 1 to 4, inslusive, the condition of the cell at the time of the impedance measurements is listed in the next to the last column. The number given in the last
column of these tables refers to the diagrams discussed below. For fresh cells the values of the open-circuit voltage (OCV) and the shortcircuit current (SCC) are given. For the various discharge tests the number of minutes obtained on the discharge is listed; this is the service obtained from the cell before the final impedance measurements were made. When more tham one discharge test was made on a particular brand of cell, the second or third test was made on a similar cell chosen from the same production lot. Inspection of the data shows clearly that there are no clear-cut correlations between output and internal resistance, impedance, open-circuit voltage, or short-circuit current. In table 6 a summary is given where the data, for any one cell size or type, are listed in order of increasing values for the internal resistance. One would expect that the output would decrease, within any one group, as one goes down the table; instead, no such tread is evident.

The data of table 5 refer to 45 -volt batteries of 30 cells in series. Since it was not possible to complete the measurements of the batteries, whether simultaneously or within a short period of time, the batteries had an age ranging from 1 to 4 months at the time of the impedance measurement. Batteries F100 (brand 6) and F100 (brand. 7) were discharged on the 2500-radio "B" battery test as described in reference [1]. In this test each 22.5-volt battery unit is discharged through a resistance of 2,500 ohms for a continuous period of 4 hours daily, with the intervals between successive discharge periods being not less than 16 hours. The test is continued until the closed-circuit voltage falls below 15 volts per 22.5 volt unit. On this test, batteries Fl00 (brand 6) and F100 (brand 7), although their internal impedances differed by a considerable amount ( 82.7 per cent at 1000 cps ), gave nearly the same service, viz., 559 and 595 hours, respectively. Here again the lack of a correlation between cell output and internal impedance is evident.

The impedance is a function of the frequensy and decreases as the frequency is increased, approaching a constant value in the limit. At the higher frequencies the impedance tends to have the characteristics of a resistive element; this tendency begins at about l,000 cps. At the lower frequencies the capacitance of the electrode-electrolyte interface comes into play.

In table 7 the effect of aging on the impedance is summarized. The data given are in percentage changes which occur during a 5 -month or a 3 -month aging period at $21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Aging does not change the impedance much at the higher frequencies, above $1,000 \mathrm{cps}$ where the impeance has the characteristics of a resistive element. Above and including the frequency of $1,000 \mathrm{cps}$, the average increase in impedance is only 3.0 per cent for C-size cells, 2.4 per cent of D-size general-purpose cells, and 4.8 per cent for D-size industrial cells. Below l,000 cps,
aging increases the impedance considerably and a progressively higher amount as the frequency is decreased. The increase in the impedance at the lower frequencies is a manifestation of an increase in the resistance at the electrode-electrolyte interface.

In table 8 the effects of various types of discharges on the impedance are summarized, likewise in percentage changes. As is the case for aging, different phenomena are seen to occur above and below a frequency of about $1,000 \mathrm{cps}$. At the higher frequencies the percentage change in impedance is nearly constant with frequency and is quite large. This change in impedance is not related to the output given by the cells, as was shown above in table 6 for frequencies of $1,000 \mathrm{cps}$. At the lower frequencies the percentage changes, in general, were of lower magnitude showing that the resistive element at the electrode-electrolyte interface is decreased during or as a result of electrical discharge. This decrease was so large in some cases that the percentage changes were negative. Increase in electrode capacitance during discharge would also contribute to a lowering of the electrode impedance.

In figures 2 to 52, inclusive, Argand diagrams are given for the various cells having the conlition listed in the next to the last column of tables 1 to 4, inclusive. In these diagrams the capacitive reactance, $X_{c}$, is plotted against the resistance, $R$, where each point corresponds to' one definite frequency in cycles per second and is so labeled. The vector from the origin to where the curve (at the left) cuts the $R$ axis gives the resistive component of the impedance which is frequency independent whereas the vector from the origin to a point on the curve gives the total impedance. The angle the vector makes with the real' axis is the phase angle for that frequency.

### 4.1 AA-Size Cells (Penlite Size).

Argand diagrams for new (fresh or undischarged) AA-size Leclanché cells of 4 different manufacturers are shown in figures 2, 4, 6, and 8, respectively; the corresponding diagrams after the cells were discharged on the general-purpose $4-0 h m$ intermittent test are shown, respectively, in figures 3, 5, 7, and 9. In the first group of figures (No. 6 excepted) the open-circuit voltage (OCV), short-circuit or flash current (SCC), and performance on test (PT) are given. The units for OCV, SCC, and PT are, respectively, volts, amperes, and minutes. These figures show that cells of the same size (AA) but of different manufacture exhibit widely different impedance characteristics not only when new and undischarged but also after discharge on the same test procedure. Furthermore, none of the cells exhibit a semi-circle with the abscissa, which is a necessary result if simple relaxation processes as a function of frequency prevail in the electrode processes [4].

Argand diagrams for new (fresh or undischarged) C-size Leclanché cells of 4 different manufacturers are shown in figures 10, 13, 16, and 19, respectively; the corresponding diagrams for the respective cells after they were stored for 6 months are given in figures 11, 14, 17, and 20, respectively. In the first group of figures OCV, SCC, and PT mean the same as above. The figures also show the wide difference in the impedance of cells of the same size (C) but of different manufacture. Here, however, the difference is not as marked as for AA-size cells and the diagrams approximate a semi-circle much more closely. After the cells were discharged on the general-purpose 4 -ohm intermittent test they exhibited, respectively, the impedance shown in figures 12, 15, 18, and 21.
4.3 D-Size General-Purpose Cells.

Argand diagrams for D-size general-purpose Leclanché cells of 5 different manufacture when new, after 6-month storage, after discharge on the light-industrial test, 2.25 -ohm test, and the general-purpose 4 -ohm test are shown in the corresponding figures as listed below:

| Brand | New | 6-month | LIF | 2.25-ohm | 4-ohm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
| 2 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | - |
| 3 | 31 | - | 32 | - | - |
| 4 | 33 | 34 | - | 35 | - |
| 5 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 6 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 |

Here again, we see the wide difference in the impedance of cells of the same size but of different manufacture. In some cases the Argand diagrams approach a semi-circle in shape; in other cases a semi-circle would become complete only at very low frequencies, if at all.
4.4 D-Size Industrial Cells.

Argand diagrams for D-size industrial Leclanché cells of 2 different manufacture when new, after 3 -month storage, after discharge on the lightindustrial test, and after the heavy-industrial test are shown in the corresponding figures as listed below:

| Brand | New | 3-month | IIF | HIF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 46 | 47 | 48 | - |
| 2 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 |

As with D-size general-purpose cells the diagrams are different for cells of different make. Again, semi-circles are approximated.

## 5. General Considerations

In the above it has been shown that the impedance of Leclanche dry cells of different make, size, type, and condition varies widely, not only at a particular frequency, but as a function of frequency. In some cases the impedance tends toward a maximum at a particular frequency and then decreases as the frequency is lowered. In other cases, the impedance tends to increase, as the, frequency is lowered. The over-all characteristics of the Leclanche cell depend on the type of cell construction and since this is not known and frequently cannot be ascertained no correlation of impedance with cell construction is possible, here. Even so, relative changes that occur in the impedance of Leclanche cells on storage or on electrical discharge may be followed by the method described here.

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## 6. References

[1] "Specification for Dry Cells and Batteries", Natl, Bur. Standards Handbook 71, December 29, 1959; American Standards Association Standard Cl8.1-1959; UDC 621.352.7.
[2] F. W. Grover, Bull. Natl. Bur. Standards 3, 378(1907).
[3] G. W. Vinal, "Storage Batteries", 4th Ed., p. 328, John Wiley and Sons, New York, N. Y., 1955.

Table 1. Impedance Data on AA-size General-purpose Leclanché Dry Cells; Average of 3 Cells in Each Case.
[AA Cells: diameter, $17 / 32$ inch; can height, $17 / 8$ inches]

| Brand | Resistance, capacitive reactance, and impedance | 50 | 100 | 200 | Frequen 500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ncy, Cyc } \\ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { cles pe } \\ 2,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Second } \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | Condition of Cell | Figure <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $R$, ohm | 0.955 | 0.546 | 0.410 | 0.349 | 0.330 | 0.316 | 0.307 | 0.300 | 0.296 | 0.289 | Fresh |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 2.174 | 1.165 | . 617 | . 268 | . 147 | . 079 | . 038 | . 024 | . 016 | . 011 | $\mathrm{OCV}=1.65 \mathrm{v}$ | 2 |
|  | $Z$, ohm | 2.375 | 1.287 | .741 | . 440 | . 361 | . 326 | . 309 | . 301 | . 296 | . 289 | $\mathrm{SCC}=3.7 \mathrm{amp}$ |  |
| 1 | R , ohm | 1.517 | 1.207 | 1.069 | 0.952 | 0.836 | 0.722 | 0.593 | 0.530 | 0.491 | 0.461 | After $4-\Omega$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 1.089 | 0.673 | . 432 | . 297 | . 268 | . 237 | . 173 | . 127 | . 090 | . 058 | GP* test | 3 |
|  | Z, ohm | 1.867 | 1.382 | 1.153 | . 997 | . 878 | .760 | .618 | . 545 | . 499 | . 465 | $\min =148$ |  |
| 2 | $R$, ohm | 1.077 | 0.738 | 0.519 | 0.393 | 0.361 | 0.344 | 0.332 | 0.325 | 0.320 | 0.314 | Fresh |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 0.561 | . 513 | . 362 | . 180 | . 104 | . 061 | . 032 | . 022 | . 016 | . 011 | $\mathrm{OCV}=1.56 \mathrm{v}$ | 4 |
|  | Z, ohm | 1.214 | 0.899 | . 633 | . 432 | . 376 | . 349 | . 334 | . 332 | . 320 | . 314 | SCC $=3.5$ amo |  |
| 2 | R, ohm | 0.897 | 0.850 | 0.797 | 0.747 | 0.722 | 0.705 | 0.684 | 0.670 | 0.669 | 0.656 | After 4-8 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 103 | . 103 | . 093 | . 070 | . 053 | . 041 | . 032 | . 028 | . 027 | . 022 | GP* test | 5 |
|  | Z, ohm | . 903 | . 856 | . 802 | . 750 | . 724 | .706 | . 685 | . 671 | . 670 | .656 | $\min =144$ |  |
| 3 | R , ohm | 1.449 | 0.722 | 0.447 | 0.324 | 0.292 | 0.273 | 0.262 | 0.255 | 0.251 | 0.245 | Fresh |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 2.082 | 1.273 | .709 | . 318 | . 175 | .094 | . 045 | . 026 | . 016 | . 009 | OCV $=1.56 \mathrm{v}$ | 6 |
|  | Z, ohm | 2.537 | 1.464 | . 838 | .454 | .340 | . 288 | .266 | . 256 | . 252 | .245 | $\mathrm{SCC}=4.1 \mathrm{amP}$ |  |
| 3 | $R$, ohm | 1.572 | 1.418 | 1.245 | 1.138 | 1.107 | 1.075 | 1.036 | 1.011 | 1.000 | 0.969 | After 4-ת |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 0.331 | 0.327 | 0.265 | 0.162 | 0.111 | 0.079 | 0.057 | 0.049 | 0.044 | 0.043 | GP* test | 7 |
|  | Z, ohm | 1.606 | 1.455 | 1.273 | 1.149 | 1.113 | 1.078 | 1.038 | 1.012 | 1.001 | 0.970 | $\mathrm{min}=102$ |  |
| 4 | R , ohm | 1.396 | 0.702 | 0.388 | 0.237 | 0.199 | 0.193 | 0.188 | 0.184 | 0.183 | 0.177 | Fresh |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 1.239 | .951 | . 577 | . 269 | . 146 | . 076 | . 034 | . 019 | . 011 | . 005 | OCV $=1.62 \mathrm{v}$ | 8 |
|  | Z, ohm | 1.867 | 1.182 | . 695 | . 359 | .247 | .207 | . 191 | . 185 | .183 | . 177 | $\mathrm{SCC}=6.1 \mathrm{amm}$ |  |
| 4 | R, ohm | 1.339 | 1.078 | 0.999 | 0.931 | 0.864 | 0.842 | 0.773 | 0.714 | 0.657 | 0.634 | After 4- 8 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 0.615 | 0.448 | . 262 | . 153 | . 092 | .067 | . 038 | . 033 | . 022 | . 028 | GP* test | 9 |
|  | Z , ohm | 1.474 | 1.168 | 1.033 | .943 | . 869 | . 845 | .774 | . 715 | . 657 | . 635 | min $=128$ |  |

*     - GP = general purpose

Table 2. Impedance Data on C-size General-purpose Leclanché Dry Cells; Average of 3 Cells in Each Case.
[C Cells: diameter, $15 / 16$ inch; can height $113 / 16$ inches]


[^1]Table 3. Impedance Data on D-size General-purpose Leclanche Dry Cells; Average of 9 Cells in Each Case
[D Cells: diameter, $11 / 4$ inches; can height, $21 / 4$ inches]


Table 3. (CONTINUED)

| Brand | Resistance, capacitive reactance, and impedance | 50 | 100 | 200 | Freque 500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ncy, Cyc } \\ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | cles per $2,000$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Secon } \\ 5,000 \end{gathered}$ | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | Condition of Cell | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Figure } \\ & \text { Number } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32 | R , ohm | 1.255 | 0.663 | 0.383 | 0.258 | 0.229 | 0.215 | 0.205 | 0.204 | 0.201 | 0.201 | After 6- |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 1.275 | . 910 | . 522 | . 239 | . 131 | . 073 | . 035 | . 018 | . 011 | . 005 | month | 34 |
|  | Z, ohm | 1.789 | 1.126 | .647 | . 352 | . 264 | . 227 | . 208 | .205 | . 201 | . 201 | aging |  |
| 32 | R , ohm | 0.882 | 0.792 | 0.720 | 0.676 | 0.655 | 0.636 | 0.620 | 0.607 | 0.605 | 0.592 | After 2.25- $\Omega$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 184 | . 157 | . 119 | . 073 | . 054 | . 040 | . 029 | . 025 | . 023 | . 021 | GP* test | 35 |
|  | Z, ohm | . 901 | . 807 | .729 | . 680 | . 657 | .637 | . 621 | . 607 | . 605 | . 592 | $\min =538$ |  |
| 4 | R , ohm | 0.401 | 0.354 | 0.307 | 0.241 | 0.208 | 0.193 | 0.185 | 0.181 | 0.178 | 0.175 | Fresh |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 049 | . 077 | . 090 | .074 | . 051 | . 034 | .017 | . 011 | . 007 | . 005 | $O C V=1.63 v$ | 36 |
|  | Z , ohm | . 404 | .362 | - 320 | .252 | . 214 | .196 | . 186 | . 181 | .178 | . 175 | $\mathrm{SCC}=6.9 \mathrm{amp}$ |  |
| 4 | R , ohm | 0.438 | 0.378 | 0.306 | 0.243 | 0.215 | 0.203 | 0.194 | 0.190 | 0.189 | 0.183 | After 6- |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 095 | . 121 | . 115 | . 075 | . 053 | . 033 | . 018 | . 012 | . 009 | . 006 | month | 37 |
|  | Z , ohn | . 448 | . 397 | . 327 | . 254 | . 221 | . 206 | . 195 | . 190 | . 189 | .183 | aging |  |
| 4 | R , ohm | 0.556 | 0.531 | 0.501 | 0.459 | 0.434 | 0.423 | 0.408 | 0.404 | 0.397 | 0.390 | After |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 038 | . 056 | . 060 | . 057 | . 044 | . 032 | . 021 | . 016 | . 012 | . 008 | LIF ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 38 |
|  | Z , ohm | . 557 | . 534 | . 505 | . 463 | . 436 | . 424 | . 409 | . 404 | . 397 | . 390 | $\mathrm{min}=695$ |  |
| 4 | R , ohm | 0.993 | 0.966 | 0.947 | 0.911 | 0.878 | 0.855 | 0.819 | 0.794 | 0.775 | 0.751 | After 2.25- $\Omega$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 051 | . 061 | . 054 | . 060 | .061 | . 059 | . 055 | . 051 | . 046 | . 033 | GP* test | 39 |
|  | Z , ohm | . 995 | . 968 | . 949 | . 913 | . 880 | . 857 | . 821 | . 796 | . 776 | . 752 | $\min =497$ |  |
| 4 | R , ohm | 1.130 | 1.099 | 1.064 | 0.994 | 0.938 | 0.884 | 0.829 | 0.797 | 0.768 | 0.736 | After 4-8 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 080 | . 102 | . 101 | . 110 | . 110 | . 102 | . 086 | . 073 | . 062 | . 052 | GP* test | 40 |
|  | Z , ohm | 1.133 | 1.104 | 1.069 | 1.000 | .945 | . 890 | . 834 | . 803 | . 770 | .738 | $\mathrm{min}=758$ |  |
| 5 | R , ohm | 0.696 | 0.314 | 0.271 | 0.204 | 0.180 | 0.166 | 0.153 | 0.149 | 0.145 | 0.141 | Fresh |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 546 | . 415 | .247 | . 128 | . 077 | .047 | . 026 | . 017 | . 012 | . 010 | $0 \mathrm{CV}=1.62 \mathrm{v}$ | 41 |
|  | Z , ohm | . 885 | . 520 | . 366 | .241 | . 196 | . 172 | . 155 | . 150 | . 146 | .141 | $\mathrm{SCC}=7.1 \mathrm{amp}$ |  |
| 5 | R , ohm | 0.478 | 0.313 | 0.240 | 0.190 | 0.182 | 0.155 | 0.154 | 0.150 | 0.148 | 0.142 | After 6- |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 399 | . 265 | . 165 | . 088 | . 056 | . 036 | . 020 | . 014 | . 010 | . 008 | month | 42 |
|  | Z , ohm | . 623 | . 410 | . 291 | .209 | . 190 | . 159 | . 155 | . 151 | . 148 | . 142 | aging |  |
| 5 | R , ohm | 0.431 | 0.349 | 0.307 | 0.286 | 0.278 | 0.276 | 0.271 | 0.268 | 0.260 | 0.257 | After |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 194 | . 137 | . 085 | . 044 | . 028 | . 019 | . 013 | . 010 | . 009 | . 009 | LIF ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 43 |
|  | Z, ohm | . 473 | .375 | . 319 | . 289 | . 279 | . 277 | . 271 | . 268 | . 260 | . 257 | $m i n=823$ |  |
| 5 | $R$, ohm | --- | 1.707 | 1.526 | 1.401 | 1.350 | 1.315 | 1.275 | 1.246 | 1.219 | 1.182 | After 2.25-8 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | --- | 0.583 | 0.387 | 0.221 | 0.151 | 0.109 | 0.082 | 0.073 | 0.069 | 0.073 | GP* test | 44 |
|  | Z , ohm | --- | 1.804 | 1.574 | 1.418 | 1.358 | 1.319 | 1.277 | 1.248 | 1.221 | 1.184 | $\min =526$ |  |
| 5 | R, ohm | 1.319 | 1.219 | 1.162 | 1.118 | 1.090 | 1.073 | 1.046 | 1.033 | 1.014 | --- | After $4-\Omega$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 0.354 | 0.230 | 0.151 | 0.093 | 0.068 | 0.053 | 0.045 | 0.043 | 0.043 | --- | GP* test | 45 |
|  | Z, Ohm | 1.365 | 1.240 | 1.172 | 1.122 | 1.092 | 1.074 | 1.047 | 1.034 | 1.015 | --- | $\mathrm{min}=904$ |  |

*     - GP = general purpose
a - to a 0.9-volt cutoff
b - when more than one test, results were obtained on separate cells within same production lot
$3_{1}$ and $3_{2}$ were of different production lots

Table 4. Impedance Data on D-size Industrial Leclanche Dry Cells; Average of 6 Cells in Each Case.
[D Cells: diameter, 1 1/4 inches; can height, $21 / 4$ inches]

| Brand | Resistance, capacitive reactance, and impedance | 50 | 100 | 200 | Freque 500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ncy, Cyo } \\ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { cles pe } \\ & 2,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Secon } \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | 10,000 | 20,000 | 50,000 | Condition of Cell | Figure <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | R , ohm | 0.314 | 0.301 | 0.285 | 0.254 | 0.231 | 0.219 | 0.207 | 0.199 | 0.196 | 0.191 | Fresh |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{c}$, ohm | . 018 | . 028 | .036 | . 040 | . 034 | . 026 | . 018 | . 013 | . 007 | . 006 | $0 \mathrm{CV}=1.62 \mathrm{v}$ | 46 |
|  | Z , ohm | . 315 | . 302 | . 287 | .257 | . 234 | .220 | . 208 | . 199 | . 196 | . 191 | SCC $=6.8 \mathrm{amp}$ |  |
| 1 | R , ohm | 0.377 | 0.348 | 0.307 | 0.262 | 0.242 | 0.225 | 0.217 | 0.211 | 0.207 | 0.203 | After 3- |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 053 | . 061 | . 071 | . 057 | . 041 | . 028 | . 019 | . 014 | . 011 | . 008 | month | 47 |
|  | Z, ohm | . 381 | . 353 | . 315 | . 268 | .245 | .227 | . 218 | . 211 | . 207 | .203 | aging |  |
| 1 | R , ohm | 1.319 | 1.266 | 1.200 | 1.079 | 0.972 | 0.873 | 0.778 | 0.732 | 0.700 | 0.663 | Af'ter |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | 0.119 | 0.140 | 0.162 | 0.195 | . 199 | . 172 | .124 | . 095 | . 072 | . 053 | IIF ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 48 |
|  | Z , ohm | 1.324 | 1.274 | 1.211 | 1.097 | . 992 | . 890 | . 788 | . 738 | .704 | . 665 | $\min =913$ |  |
| 2 | R , ohm | 0.363 | 0.336 | 0.294 | 0.242 | 0.222 | 0.208 | 0.197 | 0.192 | 0.187 | 0.183 | Fresh |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 045 | . 066 | . 073 | . 057 | . 041 | . 028 | . 016 | . 012 | . 007 | . 005 | $\mathrm{OCV}=1.66 \mathrm{v}$ | 49 |
|  | Z , ohm | . 366 | . 342 | . 303 | .249 | .226 | . 210 | . 198 | . 192 | . 187 | .183 | SCC $=6.7 \mathrm{amp}$ |  |
| 2 | $R$, ohm | 0.506 | 0.368 | 0.286 | 0.243 | 0.229 | 0.214 | 0.207 | 0.200 | 0.198 | 0.194 | After 3- |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 230 | . 203 | .138 | . 072 | . 047 | . 030 | . 020 | . 014 | . 009 | . 005 | month | 50 |
|  | Z, ohm | . 556 | . 420 | . 318 | . 253 | . 233 | .216 | . 208 | . 200 | . 198 | . 194 | aging |  |
| 2 | R , ohm | 0.584 | 0.547 | 0.516 | 0.478 | 0.459 | 0.449 | 0.435 | 0.429 | 0.419 | 0.418 | After |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | . 072 | . 065 | . 060 | . 044 | . 035 | . 027 | . 020 | . 014 | . 010 | . 005 | LIF ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 51 |
|  | Z , ohm | . 589 | . 551 | . 519 | . 480 | . 460 | . 450 | . 435 | . 429 | . 419 | . 418 | $\min =891$ |  |
| 2 | R , ohm | --- | 0.466 | 0.427 | 0.401 | 0.385 | 0.374 | 0.367 | 0.361 | 0.356 | 0.347 | After |  |
|  | $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohm | --- | . 093 | . 070 | . 041 | . 031 | . 023 | . 017 | . 013 | . 008 | . 009 | HIF ${ }^{\text {a,b }}$ | 52 |
|  | Z, ohm | --- | . 475 | . 433 | . 403 | .386 | . 375 | .367 | . 361 | . 356 | . 349 | $\cdots 15=775$ |  |

a - to a 0.9-volt cutoff
b - obtained on similar celk within same production lot

Table 5. Impedance Data on 45 -volt Leclanché Dry Batteries; Average of Either 2 or 3 Batteries in Each Case.
[Composed of Flat Cells of Various Sizes*; all Batteries 1 to 4 Months Old]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Brand \& Resistance, capacitive reactance, and impedance \& 50 \& 100 \& 200 \& Frequen

500 \& y, Cycl
1,000 \& es per S

2,000 \& 5,000 \& 10,000 \& 20,000 \& 50,000 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Cell } \\
& \text { Size }
\end{aligned}
$$ <br>

\hline \multirow{3}{*}{6} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| R , ohms |
| :--- |
| ${ }_{c}$, ohms |
| $Z$, ohms |} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 672.90 \\
& 105.46 \\
& 681.11
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 627.93 \\
& 133.45 \\
& 641.95
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 564.46 \\
& 143.79 \\
& 582.48
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& 463.33 \& 396.19 \& 346.47 \& 302.59 \& 277.36 \& 256.95 \& \& \multirow{3}{*}{F20} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& 143.68 \& 124.49 \& 98.00 \& 72.57 \& 56.87 \& 41.51 \& -- \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& 485.10 \& 415.29 \& 360.06 \& 311.17 \& 282.95 \& 260.28 \& -- \& <br>
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{6} \& $R$, ohms \& 375.00 \& 224.89 \& 154.78 \& 106.38 \& 82.48 \& 73.24 \& 62.86 \& 57.76 \& 54.04 \& 50.23 \& \multirow{3}{*}{F40} <br>

\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| $X_{c}$, ohms |
| :--- |
| Z, ohms |} \& 491.59 \& 336.87 \& 204.33 \& 106.47 \& 65.69 \& 40.95 \& 22.90 \& 15.41 \& 10.83 \& 7.44 \& <br>

\hline \& \& 618.29 \& 405.04 \& 256.33 \& 150.51 \& 105.44 \& 83.91 \& 66.90 \& 59.78 \& 55.11 \& 50.78 \& <br>
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{6} \& R , ohms \& 131.51 \& 89.37 \& 58.08 \& 35.34 \& 27.36 \& 22.79 \& 18.95 \& 16.86 \& 15.17 \& 13.52 \& \multirow{3}{*}{$F 60^{\text {a }}$} <br>
\hline \& $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohms \& 85.21 \& 74.44 \& 55.88 \& 32.30 \& 20.58 \& 13.26 \& 8.00 \& 5.70 \& 4.13 \& 2.60 \& <br>
\hline \& Z , ohms \& 156.70 \& 116.31 \& 80.60 \& 47.88 \& 34.23 \& 26.37 \& 20.57 \& 17.80 \& 15.72 \& 13.77 \& <br>
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{6} \& R , ohms \& 65.07 \& 47.37 \& 32.40 \& 19.50 \& 14.87 \& 12.63 \& 10.91 \& 9.94 \& 9.16 \& 8.35 \& \multirow{3}{*}{F95 ${ }^{\text {b }}$} <br>

\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& X_{c} \text {, ohms } \\
& Z \text {, ohms }
\end{aligned}
$$} \& 31.75 \& 31.39 \& 26.33 \& 16.59 \& 10.49 \& 6.54 \& 3.79 \& 2.72 \& 1.95 \& 1.13 \& <br>

\hline \& \& 72.40 \& 56.83 \& 41.75 \& 25.60 \& 18.20 \& 14.22 \& 11.55 \& 10.30 \& $9 \cdot 37$ \& 8.54 \& <br>

\hline \multirow{3}{*}{6} \& R , ohms \& 46.47 \& \& 38.04 \& 33.6 \& 30.54 \& 27.59 \& $$
24.14
$$ \& \[

21.92

\] \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
19.98 \\
4.15
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& 17.49 \& \multirow{3}{*}{F100} <br>

\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| $X_{c}$, ohms |
| :--- |
| Z, ohms |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
0.85 \\
46.48
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
4.11 \\
42.02
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5.87 \\
38.49
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6.55 \\
34.28
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6.59 \\
31.24
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6.19 \\
28.28
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5.43 \\
24.74
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
4.80 \\
22.44
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \& 3.22 \& <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 17.78 \& <br>

\hline \multirow{3}{*}{7} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| $R$, ohms |
| :--- |
| $\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{c}}$, ohms |
| Z, ohms |} \& 331.33 \& 222.29 \& 161.03 \& \[

136.17

\] \& \[

128.24

\] \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
123.60 \\
20.48
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
120.38 \\
10.43
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

118.75

\]} \& \[

116.82

\] \& \[

114.84
\] \& \multirow{3}{*}{F20} <br>

\hline \& \& 356.90 \& 236.90 \& 136.68 \& 62.72 \& 36.35 \& \& \& \& $$
5 \cdot 38
$$ \& 4.86 \& <br>

\hline \& \& 486.99 \& 324.86 \& 211.21 \& 149.92 \& 1.33 .29 \& 125.28 \& 120.83 \& 118.96 \& 116.94 \& 114.94 \& <br>

\hline \multirow{3}{*}{7} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| R, ohms |
| :--- |
| ${ }_{c}$, ohms |
| $Z$, ohms |} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 166.50 \\
& 256.63 \\
& 348.29
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 107.63 \\
& 148.75 \\
& 183.60
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
81.02 \\
79.27 \\
113.35
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 66.97 \\
& 40.88 \\
& 78.46
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 61.57 \\
& 24.67 \\
& 66.33
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 57.12 \\
& 15.94 \\
& 59.30
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
53.08 \\
9.48 \\
53.92
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
50.81 \\
7.12 \\
50.10
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
48.74 \\
5.93 \\
49.10
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
45.47 \\
4.94 \\
45.74
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow{3}{*}{F30} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow{3}{*}{7} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| R, ohms |
| :--- |
| $X_{c}$, ohms |
| Z, ohms |} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
85.29 \\
78.60 \\
115.99
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 57.43 \\
& 48.54 \\
& 75.19
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 46.87 \\
& 28.22 \\
& 54.71
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 41.00 \\
& 14.11 \\
& 43.36
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
38.63 \\
8.63 \\
39.58
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
37.14 \\
5.53 \\
37.55
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
35.68 \\
3.67 \\
35.87
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
34.63 \\
3.13 \\
34.77
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
33.54 \\
2.91 \\
33.67
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
31.98 \\
2.88 \\
32.11
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow{3}{*}{F60} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow{3}{*}{7} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| $R$, ohms |
| :--- |
| $X_{c}$, ohms |
| Z, ohms |} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 37.80 \\
& 13.59 \\
& 40.17
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 27.00 \\
& 12.77 \\
& 29.87
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
21.17 \\
9.75 \\
23.30
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
16.91 \\
6.34 \\
18.06
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
14.92 \\
4.49 \\
15.58
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
13.66 \\
3.09 \\
14.00
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.62 \\
2.04 \\
12.78
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.02 \\
1.67 \\
12.14
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
11.48 \\
1.46 \\
11.57
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
10.73 \\
1.34 \\
10.81
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow{3}{*}{F95} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow{3}{*}{7} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| $R$, ohms |
| :--- |
| $X_{c}$, ohms |
| Z, orms |} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
30.53 \\
6.84 \\
31.29
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
22.27 \\
8.17 \\
23.72
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
18.38 \\
6.01 \\
19.34
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
15.47 \\
3.61 \\
15.89
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
14.49 \\
2.45 \\
14.70
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
13.89 \\
1.79 \\
14.00
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
13.20 \\
1.41 \\
13.27
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.68 \\
1.33 \\
12.75
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.12 \\
1.29 \\
12.19
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
11.34 \\
1.25 \\
11.41
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow{3}{*}{F100} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

* Cell size Length, inches Width, inches Thickness, inches

| J20 | $15 / 16$ | $17 / 32$ | 0.11 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F30 | $11 / 4$ | $27 / 32$ | .13 |
| F40 | $11 / 4$ | $27 / 32$ | .21 |
| F60 | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 4$ | .15 |
| F95** | $23 / 8$ | $13 / 4$ | .28 |
| F100 | $23 / 8$ | $125 / 32$ | .41 |

** new size not included in NBS Handbook 71 [1]
a - cylinärical AA-size cells
b - cylindrical B-size cells; B cells have a diameter of $3 / 4$ inch and a can height of $21 / 8$ inches.

Table 6. Comparison of Output with Internal Resistance, Impedance, Open-circuit Voltage, and Short-circuit Current
[In increasing order for internal resistance within cell size]

| Cell | $\begin{gathered} R^{*} \\ \text { ohm } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} Z^{*} \\ \text { ohm } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OCV } \\ \text { volts } \end{gathered}$ | SCC <br> amperes | Test No. 1 minutes | Test No. 2 minutes | Test No. 3 minutes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AA 4 | 0.199 | 0.247 | 1.62 | 6.1 | 128 | --- | - |
| AA3 | . 292 | . 340 | 1.56 | 4.1 | 102 | --- | --- |
| AAI | . 330 | . 361 | 1.65 | 3.7 | 148 | --- | --- |
| AA2 | . 361 | .376 | 1.61 | 3.5 | 144 | --- | -- |
| Cl | 0.259 | 0.266 | 1.60 | 5.4 | 430 | --- | --- |
| C3 | . 305 | . 346 | 1.61 | 5.3 | 420 | --- | --- |
| C4 | . 336 | . 342 | 1.59 | 4.0 | 462 | --- | --- |
| C2 | .374 | . 381 | 1.56 | 3.8 | 406 | --- | --- |
| D5 | 0.180 | 0.196 | 1.62 | 7.1 | 904 | $526^{\text {b }}$ | 823 |
| D1 | . 189 | . 192 | 1.58 | 7.1 | 584 | 444 | --- |
| D4 | . 208 | .214 | 1.63 | 6.9 | 758 | 497 | 695 |
| D2 | 0.196 | 0.199 | 1.56 | 6.9 | --- | 533 | 642 |
| D3 | . 224 | . 226 | 1.68 | 7.3 | -- | --- | 693 |
| D3 2 | . 233 | . 269 | 1.61 | 6.5 | --- | 538 | --- |
| $D 2^{\text {a }}$ | 0.222 | 0.226 | 1.66 | 6.7 | --- | --- | 891 |
| $D 1^{\text {a }}$ | . 231 | .234 | 1.62 | 6.8 | --- | --- | 913 |

*     - at 1000 cps
a - industrial type cell
b - when more than one test, results were obtained on a separate cells within same production lot.

Table 8. Effect of Various Types of Discharge on the Impedance of Leclanché Dry Cells, given in Percentage Change

| Brand | Size of Cell* | 50 | 100 | 200 | 500 |  | quency, <br> 2,000 | Cycles $5,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { per Sec } \\ & 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | and | 50,000 | Minutes on Discharge |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | General-purpose 4-ohm Intermittent Test |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | AA | -21 | 7 | 56 | 127 | 143 | 133 | 100 | 81 | 69 | 61 | 148 |
| 2 | AA | -26 | -5 | 27 | 74 | 93 | 102 | 105 | 102 | 109 | 109 | 144 |
| 3 | AA | -37 | -1 | 52 | 151 | 227 | 274 | 290 | 295 | 297 | 296 | 102 |
| 4 | AA | -21 | -1 | 49 | 163 | 252 | 308 | 305 | 286 | 259 | 259 | 128 |
| 1 | C | 177 | 170 | 224 | 235 | 255 | 266 | 259 | 260 | 261 | 249 | 430 |
| 2 | C | 125 | 121 | 121 | 150 | 158 | 169 | 179 | 187 | 187 | 193 | 406 |
| 3 | C | 29 | 34 | 49 | 113 | 176 | 238 | 283 | 303 | 304 | 303 | 420 |
| 4 | C | 144 | 164 | 206 | 262 | 302 | 304 | 306 | 311 | 308 | 306 | 462 |
| 1 | D | 410 | 416 | 414 | 424 | 445 | 442 | 420 | 409 | 397 | 37.3 | 584 |
| 4 | D | 180 | 205 | 234 | 297 | 342 | 354 | 348 | 344 | 333 | 322 | 758 |
| 5 | D | 54 | 138 | 220 | 366 | 457 | 524 | 575 | 589 | 595 | --- | 904 |
|  |  | General-purpose 2.25-ohm Intermittent Test |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | D | 380 | 384 | 378 | 392 | 408 | 380 | 398 | 395 | 377 | 360 | 444 |
| 2 | D | 129 | 112 | 149 | 196 | 220 | 243 | 263 | 277 | 288 | 295 | 533 |
| 32 | D | -12 | -6 | 16 | 81 | 144 | 183 | 215 | 218 | 222 | 215 | 538 |
| 4 | D | 146 | 167 | 197 | 262 | 311 | 337 | 341 | 340 | 336 | 330 | 497 |
| 5 | D | --- | 247 | 330 | 488 | 593 | 667 | 724 | 732 | 736 | 740 | 526 |
|  |  | Light-industrial Flashlight-cell Test (LIF) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | D | 193 | 191 | 184 | 184 | 197 | 202 | 202 | 202 | 200 | 196 | --- |
| 2 | D | -1 | -4 | 10 | 30 | 39 | 48 | 58 | 62 | 67 | 67 | 642 |
| 31 | D | 91 | 95 | 135 | 114 | 174 | 124 | 149 | 150 | 149 | 154 | 693 |
| 4 | D | 38 | 45 | 58 | 84 | 104 | 116 | 120 | 123 | 123 | 123 | 695 |
| 5 | D | -47 | -28 | -13 | 20 | 42 | 61 | 75 | 79 | 78 | 82 | 823 |
| 1 | $D^{\text {a }}$ | 320 | 322 | 322 | 327 | 324 | 305 | 279 | 271 | 259 | 248 | 913 |
| 2 | $D^{\text {a }}$ | 61 | 61 | 71 | 93 | 104 | 114 | 120 | 123 | 124 | 128 | 891 |
|  |  |  |  | Hea | y-in | ustria | Flash | ight-c | 11 Test | ( HIF ) |  |  |
| 2 | $\mathrm{D}^{\text {a }}$ | --- | 39 | 43 | 62 | 71 | 79 | 85 | 88 | 90 | 91 | 775 |

*     - All cells were of the general-purpose type except those marked with a superscript a.
a - Industrial type cells.


FIG. 1 WIEN IMPEDANCE BRIDGE CIRCUIT


FIG. 2 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF AA-SIZE CEILS OF BRAND 1 BEFORE DISCHARGE


FIG. 6 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF AA-SIZE CELLS OF BRAND 3 BeFORE DISCHARGE



(SWHO) ${ }^{5} X$

FIG . 2 RESISTANCF-REACTANCF CURVE OF C-SIZF CELIS OF BRAND 1 AFTER 4-OHM TEST

FIG. 17 ReSISTANCE-ReACTANCE CURVE OF C-SIZE CELLS OF
0.3

FIG. 19 Resistance-Reactance curve of C-SIZE CELLS OF BRAND 4 berore discharge
(SWHO) ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{X}$


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{ll} 
& \\
\text { OCV } & 1.58 \\
\text { SCC } & 7.1 \\
\text { LIF } & \\
2.25 & 444 \\
4.0 & 584
\end{array} \\
& \bar{\circ} \\
& \begin{array}{lcl}
\text { OCV } & 1.58 \\
\mathrm{SCC} & 7.1 \\
\mathrm{LIF} \\
2.25 & 444 \\
4.0 & 584
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$

O.08


FIG. 27 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF GENERAI-PURPOSE D-SIZE CELLS OF BRAND 2 BEFORE DISCHARGE


FIG. 30 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF GENERAL-PURPOSE D-SIZE CELLS OF BRAND 2 AFTER 2.25-OHM TEST

FIG. 31 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF GENERAL-PURPOSE D-SIZE CEILS OF BRAND 3 BEFORE DISCHARGE



FIG. 34 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF GENERAL-PURPOSE D-SIZE CELLS OF BRAND 4 AFTER SIX MONTHS STORAGE
FIG. 35 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF GENERAL-PURPOSE D-SIZE CELLS OF BRAND 4 AFTER 2.25-OHM TEST


FIG. 36 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF GENERAL-PURPOSE D-SIZE
CELLS OF BRAND 5 BEFORE DISCHARGE





FIG. 42 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF GENERAL-PURPOSE D-SIZE CETLS OF BRAND 6 AFTER 6 MONTHS STORAGE


FIG. 43 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF GENERAL-PURPOSE D-SIZE
CELLS OF BRAND 5 AFTER LIF TEST




FIG. 48 RESISTANCE-REACTANCE CURVE OF INDUSTRIAL D-SIZE CEIUS





# U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMEHCE 

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[^1]:    *     - GP = general purpose

