

NBS TECHNICAL NOTE 1122

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE / National Bureau of Standards

Summary of On-Line or Interactive Physico-Chemical Numerical Data Systems

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Summary of On-Line or Interactive **Physico-Chemical Numerical Data Systems**

Joseph Hilsenrath

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Issued October 1980

National Bureau of Standards Technical Note 1122

Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.), Tech. Note 1122. 24 pages (Oct. 1980) CODEN: NBTNAE

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON: 1980

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Summary of On-Line or Interactive Physico-Chemical Numerical Data Systems

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A brief description is given of 53 interactive physico-chemical numerical data systems, most of which are on-line on international computer networks. The systems are listed under five headings: those useful for identification of substances from spectroscopic data; those providing thermodynamic and transport properties of pure components and mixtures; those which perform metallurgical calculations and draw phase diagrams; systems producing complete tables of thermodynamic properties of individual substances; and those for chemical process simulation, optimization, and design. References to published descriptions of the systems, where they exist, are also given.

Key words: Chemical data; data banks; data bases; data networks; interactive systems; numerical data bases; on-line data; physical data; spectroscopic data systems.

1. Introduction

The development of multi-user computer hardware and operating systems and associated national and international communications networks has made it technically and economically possible to provide users with on-line access to a wide variety of data systems.

Aside from bibliographic information, the data bases that are now on stream practically around-the-clock include: marketing, economic, actuarial, financial, and regulatory data; demographic and other census statistics; and weather, ecological, geological, geographical, and other Earth data.

Two of the leading U.S. value-added networks—GTE Telenet and Tymnet—offer more than 250 data bases. Nearly half of these are available on both networks.

These data bases have been cataloged by a number of organizations, and most recently by the American Society for Information Science (ref. 1). There is a growing demand for a convenient listing of on-line physical and chemical numerical data systems. This summary has been prepared in response to this interest.

2. Physico-Chemical Numerical Data Systems

The 53 computerized numerical data systems included in this summary have been grouped into 6 largely mutually exclusive categories. They are listed in tables A through F as follows:

Table A lists 17 systems useful for identification of unknown compounds via IR, UV, NMR, and mass spectra as well as crystallographic data.

Table B lists 14 systems to retrieve, compute, or estimate thermodynamic and transport properties of pure compounds or mixtures.

Table C lists five systems for metallurgical calculations and generation of these diagrams.

Table D lists four systems to compute complete tables of thermodynamic properties of technically important fluids.

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Table E lists two systems for physical properties of plastics including interaction of polymers with propellants and other energetic materials.

Table F lists 11 systems for chemical process simulation, optimization, and design. See Appendix A for a discussion of the ASPEN survey of computer programs for chemists.

The systems in group A are based on relatively large data bases with 10,000 to 150,000 compounds. They are usually restricted to a single type of data, although three of the systems listed (A5, A13, A16) combine a number of types of data in the same system. The systems in groups B, C, and E contain data or parameters for estimating hundreds rather than thousands of compounds. Those in group D provide detailed tables of thermal properties as a function of temperature and pressure for a single substance, such as ammonia (D2); for a small group of substances, such as cryogenic fluids (D1); or for atmospheric gases (D4).

A number of references are to proceedings of CODATA conferences. The Committee on Data for Science and Technology (CODATA) was organized in 1967 by the International Council of Scientific Unions (ICSU) to "work on an inter-disciplinary basis to improve the quality, reliability, and accessibility of data of importance to science and technology." The activities of CODATA and its Task Groups were discussed in a paper by N. Kurti (ref. 2).

The National Bureau of Standards and a number of other Government agencies including NASA, DOE, NIH, and EPA collect, evaluate, and disseminate compendia of physico-chemical data. Many of these were computer produced, and are often available on magnetic tape as well as in published form. They are prime candidates for inclusion in on-line or batch mode retrieval systems. It is beyond the scope of this report to list the data collections available in computer-readable form. A useful, though incomplete, list of numerical data bases now under development can be found in an article by F. U. Wetzler (ref. 3), "Data Banks for R and D." The NBS Office of Standard Reference Data sells or leases a number of data tapes listed in Appendix C reprinted from the current list of publications (ref. 4) of the National Standard Reference Data System.

3. International Access to Numerical Data Systems

In the United States most networks can be reached by local telephone call in 200 or more cities. Such "toll-free," actually, distance-independent network, access is now also possible in a dozen or so countries. A listing of available networks and associated communications charges in European countries can be found in a report (ref. 5) by A. Tomberg of the European Association of Scientific Information Dissemination Centres (EUSIDIC).

Table 1 shows countries able to access the numerical data systems, listed here as well as five of the major U.S. networks. Of the 39 countries listed, all but 4 can access one or more of these networks. Both of the U.S. value-added networks —GTE Telenet and Tymnet—can be accessed in 25 of the countries listed. Twelve of these countries are served by at least four U.S. networks, and in some cases by one or more local networks as well.

4. Comments on Tables A Through F

Six of the systems listed in Table A are part of the NIH-EPA Chemical Information System (CIS). These are available from the same vendor on an international network (TELENET) and are integrated via the chemical registry number with eight other CIS systems (SANSS, OHM-TADS, RTECS, MLAB, CAMSEQ II, CTCP, GINA, and the Federal Register Notices). A brief description of these systems is contained in Appendix B. Fuller accounts are to be found in a series of papers by S. R. Heller and associates (refs. 6-8, A8.1-A8.3, A10.1, A10.2).

The ELIZA program listed as A13 differs from the others in that it combines information on IR, UV, NMR, and mass spectra with a number of chemical properties in a single system for identifying organic compounds. It was designed for use in teaching analytical chemistry, and the data base includes compounds normally found in college and university laboratories.

Zupan and colleagues at the Boris Kidric Chemical Institute in Yugoslavia have also implemented a system (A16) which combines IR, NMR, and mass spectra. A similar system (A5) has been in operation for a decade or so at the Siberian Institute of Organic Chemistry in Novosibirsk.

The x-ray crystallographic search system (A11) merits special notice. The data base upon which it depends originated with and is kept current by the Crystallographic Data Centre at Cambridge University. The Cambridge crystallographic data base contains atomic coordinates, bond angle, etc., as well as cell parameters and references for 25,000 organic compounds. This system has been leased to accredited information centers and research laboratories in 18 countries, though few yet have them on-line. Table 1 shows which countries operate accredited crystallographic data centers.

The systems B1, B2, and B7 have a common characteristic. Each was developed with joint industrial and governmental cooperation and support under the supervision of the local engineering society which is actively engaged in its promotion and marketing.

In the area of metallurgy there is an even more interesting cooperative program which crosses national borders. Systems C2, C4, and C5 are national implementations of the fruits of an international collaboration between English, French, German, and Swedish metallurgists working together under a semi-formal group called Scientific Group Thermodata Europe (SGTE). The secretariat for the group is located at the National Physical Laboratory at Teddington, England.

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INFRARED DATA RETRIEVAL PROGRAM A2 IRGO	+CHENICAL CLASSES	+ + + + + + 150,000 + +	+ + + + + + + + + VIA	+IBH 1130 + IBH 1800 + IBH + 360/370 + UNIVAC + 1108 + DSC-HETA + 4 + 1108 + 11	DNA SYSTEMS, INC. 1258 S. WASHINGTON ST. P.O. BOX 1424 SAGINAW, MICH. 48605 TEL (517) 793-0185 DR. CLARA D. CRAVER CHEMIR LABORATORIES 761 WEST KIRKHAM	
PROGRAMS A3 IRIS INFRARED INFORMATION SYSTEM	+ SEE FIRST-1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ 110,000 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ VIA + TYHNET + FRDH + UNIVERSITY + COMPUTING + CORP. (UCC)	+ 1108 +	MARIE SCANDONE SADTLER RESEARCH LAB 3316 SPRING GARDEN ST PHILADELPHIA, PA. 19104 TEL (215) 382-7800	
A4 SPIR SEARCH PRDGRAH FDR INFRARED SPECTRA	+ SEE FIRST-1 + + + + + + + + +	+ SEE + FIRST-1 + + + + +	+ ONLY IN + CANADA + VIA DATAPAC + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	DR. G. H. WOOD CANADIAN INSTITUTE FOR SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION HONTREAL ROAD OTTAWA KIAORA ONTARIO, CANADA TEL (613) 993-3294	+ RUNS ON THE + COMPUTER AT THE + CANADIAN NATIONAL + RESEARCH COUNCIL + + +
A5 SPECTRUM	+ SEARCHES + IR AND UV + SPECTRAL DATA + FILES FOR A + HATCH AGAINST + SPECTRA OF + UNKNOUN + SUBSTANCES		+ IN + DEVELOPMENT + STAGE +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	PRDF. V.A. KOPTYJG INSTITUTE DF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY SIBERIAN DIVISION USSR ACADEMY OF SCIENCE NOVOSIBIRSK, USSR	+ SPECTRUM ALSO + PROVIDES RETRIEVAL + ON + MELTING AND BOILING + TEMPERATURES + MOLECULAR WEIGHT + AND CHROMOPHORIC + CODES
2DTS DIFFRACTION	+ SEARCHES THE + POUDER +DIFFRACTION DATA + FILE OF THE +JOINT COHHITTEE + ON POWDER + DIFFRACTION + STANDARDS + (JCPDS) TO + IDENTIFY + UNKNOWN + COMPOUNDS	+ PHÁSES + + +	UNIVERSITY COMPUTING CORP. (UCC)	+ 360/370 + + + + UNIVAC + + 1100 + SERIES + + + CDC +	STANDARDS 1601 PARK LANE SWARTHHORE, FA 19081 TEL (215) 328-9400 OR UCC AT 1930 HIGH LINE DRIVE	+ SOFTWARE WAS + WRITTEN AND IS + HAINTAINED BY PROF. 6.6. JOHNSON, JR., + PENN. STATE UNIV + + + +

: NAME		+ CMPDS + + IN + +Data Base+	NETWORK OR DIAL-UP	+ BATCH + VERSION + RUNS ON		+ + REMARKS +
:=========						
:	TABLE A.	SYSTEMS F	OR IDENTIFICA	TION OF UNK	NOWN SUBSTANCES (CONT.)	
A7	+	+ + + + 33,000 +	VIA GTE TELENET	+ DEC-10	+	+ A PART OF THE + NIH-EPA-CIS
PDSM	+ SEE 2DTS	+ PHASES +		+	+ SEE MSSS	+ CHEMICAL + INFORMATION SYSTEM
POWDER	+ +	+ +	SCIENCES CORP.	+	+	+ BASED ON JCPDS + POWDER DIFFRACTION
: DIFFRACTION : SEARCH	+	+ +	CORF.	+	+	+ FILE
: MATCH	+	+ +		+	+	+
A8	+ SEARCHES THE		VIA GTE TELENET	+ DEC-10 +	+ KAY POOL + INTERACTIVE SCIENCES	+ THIS IS A JOINT + EFFORT BETWEEN
MSSS		+ +		+	+ CORP. 918-16TH ST.	+ MSDC-NOTTINGHAM,
:	+ MATCH AGAINST	+ +	INTERACTIVE	+	+ ,SUITE 500	+ ENGLAND, THE
: MASS : SPECTRAL	+ THE MASS + SPECTRUM OF AN	+ +	SCIENCES CORP.	+	+ WASHINGTON, DC 20006 + TEL. (800) 424-9600	+ NATIONAL INSTITUTE : + OF HEALTH, AND THE :
	1+UNKNOWN COMPOUND			+	+ DR. C. CITROEN	+ ENVIRONMENTAL
:	+	+ +	•	+	+ CID - TNO P.O.BOX 36	+ PROTECTION AGENCY + IN THE U.S.
:	+SEE PROTON DATA + (A17)	+ +		+	+ 2600 AA DELFT + THE NETHERLANDS	+ IN THE U.S. + EPA CONTACT IS DR.
:	+	+ +		+	+ TEL. 015-56-93-30	+ STEPHEN R. HELLER,
:	+	+ +		+	+ DR.J.C. VEAL + UKCIS	+TEL (202) 755-4938
•	+	+ +		+	+ THE UNIVERSITY	+ A PART OF
:	+	+ +		+	+ NOTTINGHAM NG7 2RD	+ THE
	+	+ +		+	+ ENGLAND + TEL. (0602)57411	+ NIH-EPA-CIS + CHEMICAL
:	+	+ +		+	+	+ INFORMATION SYSTEM
. A9	+ PBM	+ +		+	+ PROF. F.W. MCLAFFERTY	+FOR A COMPARISON OF
:	+ COMPARES	+ +	VIA	+PDP11/45		+ THE SEARCH
: PBM/STIRS	+ UNKNOWN +SPECTRUM AGAINST	+ 41,429 +		+	+ OR + DR. ALEC GRIMISON	+ STRATEGIES OF PBM : + AND MSSS SEE
PROBABILITY	+A REFERENCE FILE		GTE TELENET	+	+ OFFICE OF	+ REFERENCE A9.3
: BASED			FROM CORNELL	+	+ COMP. SERVICES	+
:MATCHING AND :SELF-TRAINING		+ COMPOUNDS+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	UNIV OFFICE OF	+	+ CORNELL UNIV. + ITHACA, N.Y. 14853	+
	+UNKNOWN SPECTRUM	+ +	COMPUTER	+	+ TEL (607) 256-5100	+
: AND	+ TO IDENTIFY	+ +	SERVICES	+	+	+
: RETRIEVAL : SYSTEMS	+ STRUCTURAL +FEATURES OF THE	+ +	ON IBM 370/168	+	+	+
	+ MOLECULE	+ +		+	+	+
A10	+ SEARCHES THE	+ +	VIA	+ DEC-10	+ SEE MSSS	+ A PART OF
	+ CARBON-13		GTE TELENET	+	+	+ THE
: C-13 NMR	+NUCLAR MAGNETIC + RESONANCE		FROM INTERACTIVE	+	+	+ NIH-EPA-CIS : + CHEMICAL :
	. KEGOKIIKOE	+ +		+	+	+ INFORMATION SYSTEM :
	+ DATA FILE	+ +	CORP.	+	+	+ :
A11	+ SEARCHES FOR	+ 25,000 +	VIA	+	+	+ A PART OF
	+ ATOHIC		GTE TELENET	+	+	+ THE
	+ COORDINATES + CRYSTAL CELL		FROM INTERACTIVE	+ ?	+ SEE MSSS +	+ NIH-EPA-CIS : + CHEMICAL :
: X-RAY	+ PARAMETERS AND	+ +	SCIENCES	+	+	+ INFORMATION SYSTEM
	+ BIBLIOG. ITEMS			+	+	+ BASED ON :
: LOGRAPHY : SEARCH		+ + +		+	+	+STRUCTURAL FILES OF : + THE CAMBRIDGE :
	+	+ +			+	+ CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC :
: :	+	+ +		+	+	+ DATA CENTRE

	÷	+ CMPDS + + IN + +DATA BASE+	DIAL-UP	+ BATCH + + VERSION + + RUNS ON +		+ REMARKS +
	TARLE A.				OWN SUBSTANCES (CONC.)	
XTAL CRYSTAL DATA BETERMINATIVE TABLES	+ DETERM. RATIO + R1	+ 50,000 + CRYSTALS + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	FROM INTERACTIVE SCIENCES	+	SEE MSSS	+ CAN BE USED TO + IDENTIFY SINGLE + CRYSTALS + FOR WHICH: + THE UNIT CELL, OF + DENSITY. OR OTHER F PARAMETERS IN + COLUMN 2 ARE KNOWN + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
A13 ELIZA	+ A SYSTEM FOR + IDENTIFYING + COMPOUNDS FROM + THEIR PHYSICAL + PROPERTIES AND	+ ORGANIC + +COMPOUNDS+ + FOUND + + IN + + COLLEGE +	; ; ;	+ DEC 10 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	JAMES HAMILTON 1 HACIENDA UAY ANDOVER HASS. 01810 TEL.(617) 687-2718	+ THE DATA BASE + INCLUDES IR; JV, NMM + AND MASS SPECTRA + SYSTEM NAME, CAS +REG. H., TRANS. POINTS, + FUNCTIONAL GROUPS + AND REF. TO SPECTRA
MOLECULAR AND CRYSTALLINE	+ CRYST (A11) + +	+ 10.000 + COMPOUNDS+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	TOOL-IR	+ + HITACH + + 8800/8700+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Y.TITAKA OR T.YAMAHOTO AT TOKYO UNIV. BUNKYO-KU TOKYO JAPAN	+ PART OF A + COMPREHENSIVE DATA + DISSEMINATION + SYSTEM UNDER + DEVELOPMENT +
DPDS DARC PLURIDATA SYSTEM	+ ATOMIC + COORDINATES IN + CRYSTAL CELLS + COUPLED WITH	+ 13 NMR + + + + 31502 + + MASS + + + + 22267 + + CRYSTALS +	AND EURONET	+ PDP + + 11/35 + + VHX + + 11/780 + + + + + + + + + + +	PROF. J.E.DUROIS CENTRE B'INFORMATIQUE ET DE DOCUMENTATION AUTOMATIQUE (CIDA) 1.RUE GUY DE LA BROSSE, 75005 PARIS, FRANCE	* DPDS USES CIDA * DATA FOR C-13 NMR. * THE CAMBRIDGE * CRYSTALLOGRPHIC * DATA FILES. * AND THE NIH/EPA * MASS SPECTRAL * DATA BASE, AS WELL * AS OTHER DATA *
KISIK	+ MASS, AND NMR + SPECTRA SEE + REMARKS	+ 1000 +	PDP 11/34	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	DR. J. ZUPAN CHEMICAL INSTITUTE BORIS KIDRIC HAJDRIHOVA, 19 61000 LJUBLJANA YUGOSLAVIA	+ SEARCHES POSSIBLE + ON WLN, + CONNECTIVITY, +SUB-STRUCTURE, ETC. +
PROTON Data	+ PROVIDES + RETRIEVAL ON + GAS-PHASE + BASICITY AND +PROTON AFFINITY +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	VIA GTE TELENET FROM INTERACTIVE SCIENCES CORP_	+ +	SEE MSSS	+THESE DATA FROM THE + MBS ION ENERGETICS + DATA CENTER ARE +INCORPORATED IN THE + NIH-FPA MASS + SPECIRA SEARCH + SYSTEM

: NAME	+ + FUNCTION +	+DATA BASE	+ OR + DIAL-UP	+ BATCH + VERSION + RUNS ON	+ CONTACT	+ + REMARKS +
:					BSTANCES AND MIXTURES	
: JUSE-AESOPP : :AN ESTIMATOR ::FOR PHYSICAL : : FROPERTIES :	+ RETRIEVAL OF +STORED DATA AND + ESTIMATION OF + THERMODYNAMIC + AND TRANSPORT + PROFERTIES VIA + CORRELATING + COUATIONS FOR +PURE COMPONENTS + AND MIXTURES + + +	+ + + + + +	+ ON-LINE + ACCESS UNDER + IN-HOUSE + TEST + + + + + + + + +	+CDC 6600 + UNIVAC + 1100 + GE635 + TOSBAC	+ INSTITUTE OF THE + UNION OF JAPANESE + SCIENTISTS AND + ENGINEERS + 5-10-11 SENDAGAYA + SHIBUYA-KU + TOKYO, JAPAN + +	+ 16 SYSTEMS + INSTALLED IN JAPAN + AS OF JUNE 1980 + SEE ALSO F7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
PPDS PHYSICAL PROPERTY	+ CALCULATION OF + PROPERTIES OF + PURE COMPOUNDS + AND MIXTURES AS + REQUIRED FOR + CHEMICAL + PROCESS DESIGN + +	+ LARGELY + HYDRO- + CARBONS + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ UNIVERSITY	+ + + + + + + + +	+ 165/171 RAILWAY + TERRACE + RUGBY CV21 3HQ	+ FOR A SINGLE + COMPOUND THE + PROGRAM GIVES 17 + CONSTANTS AND 14 + SIREAM VARIABLES + F(T,P) +FOR BOTH SINGLE AND + MULTICOMPOMENT + STREAMS +
		+ -	+ NETHERLANDS + COMPUTER + CENTRE AT + HEERLEN +	+ UNIVAC + 1108 + CDC6600 + +	+ BOUTER + DSM REASEARCH AND + PATENTS + P.O.BOX 18, 6160MD	+ INTERFACES WITH + USER PROGRAMS + AND + TISFLO AND TISUNOP + SEE F4 +
: THERMO- : PHYSICAL : PROPERTIES : PROGRAM	+ COMPUTER + PROGRAMS FOR + ESTIMATING + THERMODYNAMIC + AND TRANSPORT + PROPERTIES OF +PURE SUBSTANCES + AND MIXTURES +	+ 350 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		+ + +	+ 46 DORTHUND + DEGGINSTRASSE 10-12 + P.O. BOX 262 + FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF + GERMANY + +	+ THE DATA FILE + CONSISTS OF + APPROXIMATELY 400 + DATA ITEMS + COMSTANTS, + PROPERTIES AT + SPECIFIC + TEMPERATURES AND + PRESSURES, AND + PARAMETERS FOR +ESTIMATING METHODS.
:	+ ESTIMATION AND + RETRIEVAL OF + PROPERTIES OF + ORGANIC + COMPOUNDS	+ 5000 + COMPOUNDS+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO COMPUTER CENTER	+ IBH 370 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	DEPT. OF SYNTHETIC CHEMISTRY	+ ESTIMATIONS, WHEN + REQUIRED, EMPLOY + GROUP CONTRIBUTION + METHODS + +
AVESTA	PRODUCTS	+ +		+ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GSSSD) DATA CENTER FOR HYDROCARBONS AND OIL PRODUCTS VNII PKNEFTEKIN 252068,KIEV-68 PALLADIN AV., 46	+ THIS IS A SERVICE + OF GSSSD + THE USSR + STATE SERVICE OF + STANDARD REFERENCE + DATA + +
DETHERM DECHEMA THERMO	RETRIEVAL(SRD) AND CALCULATION (SDC)	+ SDC:500 4	ODIN	+ 7.760 + + + + + +	DECHEMA DEUTSCHE GESELLSCHAFT FUR CHEMISCHES APPARATEWESEN E.V. FRANKFURT GERMANY POSTFACH 971046 FRANKFURT 97	+ A COOPERATIVE + PROGRAM OF THE + CHEMICAL INDUSTRY, + UNIVERSITIES, AND + THE FRG, UNDER + DECHEMA + ADMINISTRATION. +

:						
: NAME -	+ + FUNCTION	+ CMPDS +		+ BATCH		+
: "	+	+DATA BASE+		+ VERSION + RUNS ON		+ REMARKS +
;=========	=======================================					
:						
:	TABLE B.	SYSTEMS FOR	PROPERTIES OF	PURE SUBST	TANCES AND MIXTURES (COM	C.)
:						
B7 +	ON-LINE SYSTEM	+SDR:3000 +	EURONET	+ IBM 370	+ DR. REINER ECKERNAN	+ A COOPERATIVE
4	FOR DATA	+ SDC:500 +		+ SIEMANS		+ PROGRAM OF THE
DETHERH 4	RETRIEVAL(SRD)	+ +			+ DEUTSCHE GESELLSCHAFT	
PEGUENA 4	AND	+ +			+ FUR CHEMISCHES + APPARATEUESEN F.V.	+ UNIVERSITIES, AND
: DECHEMA + : THERMO- +	CALCULATION (SDC)				+ APPARATEWESEN E.V. + FRANKFURT GERMANY	+ THE FRG, UNDER + DECHENA
PHYSICAL 4		+ +		+	+ POSTFACH 971046	+ ADMINISTRATION.
: PROPERTY +		+ +		+	+ FRANKFURT 97	+
: DATA BANK +	+	+ +		+	+ WEST GERHANY	+
	***************************************	7504	DECICAED FOR	4 TDM 7/A	A DO DUEDED D CHITH	· AUATLABLE TO TO
BB 4	+ ACCESSES + EVALUATED DATA		DESIGNED FOR IN-HOUSE USE		+ DR. BUFORD D. SMITH + THERMODYNAMICS	+ AVAILABLE TO TRL + SPONSORS GROUP
TRL +	BANK FOR	+ +		+	+ RESEARCH LABORATORY	+
: CORRELATION +	+ THERHODYNAHIC	+ +		+	+ BOX 1144	+
	DATA PAGE FOR	+ +		+	+ WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY	+
	+ DATA BASE FOR + PURE COMPOUNDS	+ +		+	+ ST.LOUIS MO. 63130	+
	- ONE COM COMPS					
: B9 4	A PHYSICAL	+ 200 +	ON THE	+	+ DR.J.T.R.WATSON	+ A REPROGRAMMED AND
: 4 : NEL-APPES 4	PROPERTIES DATA	+ +		+	+ NATIONAL ENGINEERING	+REVISED INTERACTIVE
: NEL-APPES 1	H SYSTEM	+ +	UNIVAC 1100/21	+	+ LABORATORY + EAST KILBRIDE	+ VERSION OF THE + (CIRCA 1970) AICHE
	+	+ +		+	+ GLASGOW G750QU	+ APPES
: 1	٠	+ +		+	+ SCOTLAND	+
B10 4	DATA RETRIEVAL	+ 500+ +	SCICON(UK).	+ UNIVAC	+ DR.P. WINTER	+ INTERFACES WITH
: 1	+ AND CALC FOR				+ PROCESS INDUSTRIES	+ DESIGN PROGRAMS
: KEYDATA +	PROCESS	+ PPDS +		+ SERIES	+ GROUP	+ CONCEPT AND
: 1	+ SIMULATION	+DATA BASE+		+	+ COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN	
. 1	* •	+ +		+ PRIME + CDC	+ CENTRE + MADINGLY RD.	+ SEE F9
	•	+ +		+ICL 2900		+
: 4	t .	+ +		+ SERIES	+ ENGLAND	+
B11 4	+ ASTM CHEMICAL	+ +		+ UNIVAC	+ ROBERT MELTZER	+ PROGRAM ESTIMATES
	+ THERMODYNAMIC	+ +			+ AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR	
CHETAH 4	AND ENERGY	+ +			+ TESTING AND MATERIALS	
: 1	RELEASE	+ +		+	+ 1916 RACE ST.	+ CONTRIBUTIONS
	+ EVALUATION + PROGRAM	+ +		+	+ PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103	+ ACCORDING TO + BENSON ET. AL
	+	+ +		+	+	+ CHEM. REVS. 69,
: 1	t .	+ +		+	+	+ 279-324 (1969)
B12 +	+ COMPUTES	+ 1200 +	UNDER	+ HP 3000	+ PROF. L.V. GURVICH	+THE SYSTEM COMPUTES
	+ THERMODYNAMIC	+ 1200 +		+ 11 3000	+ DEPT. OF CHEMICAL	+ THERNODYNAMIC
: ICAL DATA 4	PROPERTIES OF	+ +		+	+ THERMODYNAMICS	+ PROPERTIES FROM
	INORGANIC AND	+ +		+	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH	+ SPECTROSCOPIC,
	INORGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC			+ + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND
	INORGANIC AND	+ +		+ + + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND
SYSTEM 4	F INORGANIC AND F SIMPLE ORGANIC F COMPOUNDS F	+ + + + + +		+ + + + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: +	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA
SYSTEM	HINORGANIC AND HISIMPLE ORGANIC HICOMPOUNDS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	117.4	. 754	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741:	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA
SYSTEM	HINORGANIC AND HISIMPLE ORGANIC HICOMPOUNDS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	117.4	. 754	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741:	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA
SYSTEM	HINORGANIC AND HISIMPLE ORGANIC HICOMPOUNDS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	117.4	. 754	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741:	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA
SYSTEM	HINORGANIC AND HISIMPLE ORGANIC HICOMPOUNDS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	117.4	. 754	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741:	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA
SYSTEM	HINORGANIC AND HISIMPLE ORGANIC HICOMPOUNDS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	117.4	. 754	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741:	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA
: SYSTEM 4	HINORGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS COMPUTES THERMOCHENICAL FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	VIA GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK +DEPT. OF METALLURGY ANI + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M5SIA4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA +
: SYSTEM 4	HINDRGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THE COMPUTES FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK + DEPT. OF METALLURGY AN: + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M551A4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA + +
: SYSTEM 4	HINDRGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THE COMPUTES FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK + DEPT. OF METALLURGY AN: + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M551A4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA + +
: SYSTEM 4	HINDRGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THE COMPUTES FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK + DEPT. OF METALLURGY AN: + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M551A4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA + +
: SYSTEM 4	HINDRGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THE COMPUTES FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK + DEPT. OF METALLURGY AN: + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M551A4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA + +
: SYSTEM 4	HINDRGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THE COMPUTES FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK + DEPT. OF METALLURGY AN: + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M551A4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA + +
: SYSTEM 4	HINDRGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THE COMPUTES FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK + DEPT. OF METALLURGY AN: + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M551A4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA + +
: SYSTEM 4	HINDRGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THE COMPUTES FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK + DEPT. OF METALLURGY AN: + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M551A4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA + +
: SYSTEM 4	HINDRGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THE COMPUTES FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK + DEPT. OF METALLURGY AN: + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M551A4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA + +
: SYSTEM 4	HINDRGANIC AND SIMPLE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS THE COMPUTES FUNCTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL SUBSTANCES AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	GTE TELENET AND I.P. SHARP ASSOC. ALSO VIA TELEX	+ IBM + 360/370 + UNDER + APL + +	+ THERMODYNAMICS + INST. OF HIGH + TEMPERATURE + MOSCOW U.S.S.R. 12741: + + PROF. C.B. ALCOCK +DEPT. OF METALLURGY ANI + MATERIAL SCIENCE + UNIV. OF TORONTO + TORONTO, CANADA + M5SIA4 + TEL. 416-978-680B	+ SPECTROSCOPIC, + MOLECULAR, AND 2+ CHEMICAL + EQUILIBRIUM DATA + SYSTEM ALLOWS 2ND 0+ AND 3RD LAW + ANALYSIS OF + EXPERIMENTAL DATA + +

NAME	+ + FUNCTION + +	+ CMPDS + IN + DATA + BASE +	OR DIAL-UP	+ BATCH + VERSION + RUNS ON +	+ CONTACT	+ REMARKS + -
		TABLE C	. SYSTEMS FOR	METALLURG	ICAL CALCULATIONS	
	+ COMPUTES AND + DISPLAYS + ISOTHERMAL + SECTIONS OF + BINARY AND + TEKNARY PHASE + DIAGRAMS +	+ DATA + + FOR 10 + + HETALS + + AND 45 + + BINARY + + SYSTEMS + + ALLOW + +FOR 120 + +TERNARY + +SYSTEMS +		+ IBM + 1130 + 360/370 + + + + + +	+ DR. LARRY KAUFMAN + MANLABS, INC. + 21 ERIE STREET + CAMBRIDGE, MASS 02139 + TEL (617) 491-2900 + + +	+ THE SYSTEM HANDLES + SOLUTIONS INVOLVING + ALUMINUM, CARBON, + TITANIUM, CHROMIUM, + IRON, COBALT, + NICKEL, NIOBIUM, + MOLYBDINUM, AND + TUNGSTEN +
HTDATA METAL- LURGICAL THERMO- DYNAMIC DATA BANK	+ METALLURGICAL + CALCULATIONS: + FOR PURE + COMPOUNDS, + FOR MIXTURES, + FOR REACTIONS + INVOLVING + GASES, SOLIDS + OR LIOUIDS, + FOR DILUTE + SOLUTIONS OF + GASES AND + METALS IN + METALS		UK-NPL	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ DR. THOMAS I BARRY + NATIONAL PHYSICAL + LABORATORY + TEDDINGTON, ENGLAND + TEL.01-977-3222 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ GIBBS ENERGY + MINIMIZATION + CHEM. REACTION + CALCULATIONS GIVING + DELTAH, DELTAG, + DELTACH, DELTAG, ANI + LOGKP FOR CHEMICAL + REACTIONS ALSO + DELTAH(298), S(298), + AND CSUBP FOR EACH + REACANT + OVER A SPECIFIED + TEMPERATURE RANGE + SEE C4
F A C T FACILITY FOR THE ANALYSIS OF CHEMICAL THERMODYNAM	+ INTERACTIVE + SYSTEM FOR + COMPUTING + REACION +EDUILIBRIA AND + DISPLAY OF +PHASE DIAGRAMS + OF VARIOUS + TOPOLOGIES +	+ MAINLY + + INORG. + + SEE + +REMARKS + + +	VIA TELENET AND DATAPAC FROM MC GILL COMP. CENTRE	+	+ DR.W.T.THOMPSON + DEPT. OF HINING + AND METALLURGICAL + ENGINEERING +MCGILL UNIV. MONTREAL, + CANADA + +	+A JOINT METALLURGICAL + PROJECT OF THE ECOLE + POLYTECHNIQUE AND + MCGILL UNIV. + + USES STORED FREE + ENERGY DATA TO + GENERATE 50+ BINARY + AND TERNARY PHASE + DIAGRAMS
THERMODATA DATA BANK MEMBER OF	+ HIXTURES, AND + REACTIONS	+INORGANI+ + C +	EURONET TRANSPAC	+ HB-68 + (DPS3) + MULTICS + + + + + +	+ DES SCIENCES + B.P.22-38402	+ SEE MTDATA (C2) + PART OF A + COOPERATIVE PROGRAM +BETWEEN METALLURGISTS + IN BRITAIN, FRANCE, + GERMANY, AND SUEDEN + - BASED LARGELY ON + JANAF, HULTGREN, AND + KUBASCHEUSKI ET AL
DATA BANK FOR	+MULTICOMPONENT +PHASE DIAGRAMS	+ BINARY + +SYSTEMS + + +	EURONET CONNECTION PLANNED		+ DR. I. ANSARA OR DR. + C. BERNARD + LABDRATOIRE DE + THERHODYNAMIOUE ET + PHYSICO-CHIMIE + METALLURGIOUES + E.N.S.E.E.GRP 44 - 38401- SAINT MARTIN + D'HERES FRANCE + TEL. (76) 54.41.27	+ SEE C2 + SEE C4 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +

⁺⁺ SCIENTIFIC GROUP THERMODATA EUROPE

NAME	+ + FUNCTION +	+ CMPDS + + IN + +OATA BASE+	NETWORK OR OIAL-UP	+ BATCH + VERSION + RUNS ON		ITACT	+ REMARKS +
TABLE O.	. SYSTEMS FOR TAB	LES OF THERM	ODYNAMIC AND	THERNOCHEN	ICAL PROPERTI	ES OF INDIVI	OUAL SUBSTANCES
O1 FLUIOS PACK	+ AN INTERACTIVE + FORTRAN IV + SYSTEM FOR + THERMOOYNAMIC + ANO TRANSPORT + PROPERTIES OF + SELECTED + CRYOGENS + SEE REMARKS				+ OFFICE O + REFEREN	F STANDARD CE DATA O.C. 20234	+PROVIOES TABLES FO + HYDROGEN, BELIUM, + NITROGEN, OXYGEN + NEON, ARGON, ANO + METHANE + SEE BELOW +
02 AMMONIA TABLES	+ AN INTERACTIVE +FORTRAN PROGRAM + FOR + THERNODYNAMIC + PROPERTIES OF + ANHONIA	+ + + +	CAN BE MADE AVAILABLE ON TYMNET ON REDUEST TO OSRO		+ SEE FLU + + + +		+ THIS PROGRAM AND + FLUIOS PACK ARE + AVAILABLE ON NAG + TAPE FROM THE + OFFICE OF STANDARI + REFERENCE DATA
D3 COMPUTER ANALYZEO THERMOCHEM- ICAL DATA	+ PROVICES STO. + ENTHALPY OF +FORMATION AND O + COMBUSTION FOR + ORGANIC AND + ORGANIC AND + COMPOUNDS + ALSO STO. + ENTH. CHANGES + FOR 1133 + REACTIONS	+ +		+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ SCHOOL OF + SCIE + UNIV. 0 + BRIGHTO	MOLECULAR	+ A MAG TAPE VERSIO +OF THE CITED PEOLE +AND RYLANCE BOOK I + AVAILABLE + + + + + + + +
	+ THERMODYNAMIC + PROPERTIES OF + TECHNICALLY +IMPORTANT GASES + AND LIQUIDS TO + 1500 K AND 100 + MPA	+ +		+ ? + + + + +	+ SERVICE V + EZDAKOV + 117334 MO + US	D SYSTEM NITS-GSSSD PER.1, SCOW B-334	+ INCLUBES:AIR, + METHANE, ETHYLENE + WATER, CARBON +DIOXIOE OXYGEN, AN + ANHONIA +
		TABLE	E. PROPERTIE	ES OF PLAST	TICS ETC.		
	+ DELIVERS TEST + OATA ON THE + INTERACTION OF + POLYHERS AND + METALS WITH + PROPELLANTS, EXP + OSIVES, ANO + PYROTECHNICS +	+THOUSAND + +MATERIAL + + COMBIN- + + ATIONS +	OIAL-UP TO THE COC 6600		+ PLASTICS + INFORMATI + U.S. ARMY + R ANO O	TECHNICAL ON CENTER ARMAMENT COMMANO .J. 07801	+ ALSO INCLUDES A + COMPILATION OF + OBSERVED MATERIAL +DEFICIENCIES CALLEC + HAZARO-FAILURE + + + + +
PLASTEC	+ PROVIOES +MECHANICAL,ELEC + RICAL,THERMAL, +OPTICAL,PHYSICA +,ANO PERMANENCE + PROPERTIES OF + PLASTICS	+ + L+ + + +	LATE IN 1980	+COC 6600 + + + +	+ PLASTICS + INFORMATI + U.S. ARMY + R ANO O	ON CENTER ARMAMENT COMMANO J. 07801	+ MECH. PROPERTIES + INCLUDE: CREEP, + STRESS RELAXATION, + POISSON RATIO, + STRESS FATIGUE, + HARDNESS, FRICTION + AND ABRASION

NAME	+ + FUNCTION +	+ CMPDS + + IN + +DATA BASE+	- OR	+ BATCH + + VERSION + + RUNS ON +		+ REMARKS +
	TABLE	F. SYSTEMS	FOR CHEMICAL	PROCESS SIM	IULATION AND DESIGN	
F1	+ A PHYSICAL	+ +	GENERAL	+ UNIVAC +	JOHN ADAMS	+CHENTRAN INTERFACE
CHENTRAN	+ PROPERTIES	+ 856 +	ELECTRIC	+ 1100 +		+ WITH PROGRAMS
CHENIKAN	+ GENERATION AND + CORRELATION	+ +	MARK III SERVICES	+ SERIES +		+ DISTIL, REFINE, AN + DESIGN TO SOLVE
	+SYSTEM FOR PURE	+ +	CONTROL DATA			+ PROBLEMS IN THE
	+ COMPOUNDS AND	+ +	CORP.	+ CYBER +		
	+ MIXTURES	+ +	TYMSHARE UNITED	+ SERIES +	TEL (713) 627-8945	+ PETRO-CHEMICALS
	+	•	COMPUTING	+ 370 AND +		+
	+	+ +	SYSTEMS	+ 360 DOS +		+
	+	+ +	UNITED	+ PRIME	•	+
	+ 	·	COMPUTING CO.	+ ICL +		+
F2	+	+ +		+ IBM 360 +	PROF R.L. MOTARD	+
CHECC	+ PROCESS	+ 98 +		+ XDS +		+ THIS SYSTEM IS
CHESS	+SIMULATION DATA + RETRIEVAL DATA			+ SIGMA 7 + CDC +		+ AVAILABLE ONLY TO + UNIVERSITIES AN
CHEMICAL	+ CALCULATION			+ 6400 +		+ U.S.GOVT AGENCIE
	+DATA ESTIMATION	+ +		+ U1108 +		+
SIMULATION System	+	+ +		+ RCA + + SPECTRA +		+
3131611	+			+ 70/45 +		+
					DD ALUEN II LABOUN	
F3	+ PROCESS + SIMULATION	+ 180 +	COMPUTING	+ IBM + + 360/50 +	DR. ALVIN H. LARSEN MONSANTO CO F4EE	
FLOWTRAN	+ DATA RETRIEVAL				800 N. LINDBERGH BLVD	
SIMULATION	+ DATA	+ +	EDUCATIONAL .	+CDC 6400 +	ST. LOUIS, MO 63166	
	+ CALCULATION	+ +	USE ONLY		TEL (314) 694-6311	+ THROUGH THE + INITIATIVE OF TH
	+DATA ESTIMATION +	+ +		+ UNIVAC +		+ CACHE CORP.
	. FLOUGUEET		NETHERI ANDO	LUNTUAC		. THEREAGES
F4	+ FLOWSHEET + SIMULATION	+ 99 +	NETHERLANDS COMPUTER	+ UNIVAC +		+ INTERFACES + WITH
TISFLO	+ AND	+ +	CENTRE AT	+ SERIES +		+ TISDATA AND USE
TISUNOP	+UNIT OPERATIONS	+ +	HEERLEN	+ +		+ PROGRAMS
	+ CALCULATIONS	+ +		+ +		+
	+ CHEMICAL	+ +		+ +	FRANCIS MUNCASTER	+DATA BASE DEVELOP
F5	+ PROCESS + SINULATION	+ 200 +	MCDONNELL	+ +		+ AND MAINTAINED B
PDA	+ SIMULATION + PHYSICAL	+ +	DOUGLAS AUTOMATION	+ +	ST LOUIS NO 63166	+ CO.
PROCESS	+ PROPERTIES	+ +		+ +	TEL.(314)232-2585	+ BARTLESVILLE,OK
DESIGN	+ RETRIEVAL AND	+ +		+ +		+ 74004
ANALYSIS	+ GENERATION +	+ +		+ +		+
GPS	+	+ +		+ +		+ y.
GENERAL	+	+ +		+ +		+
PROCESS SIMULATION	+	+ +		+ +		+
F6	+ PERFORMS		CONTROL DATA			+ALSO AVAILABLE FRO
	+ PERFORMS + RIGOROUS	+ 650 + +INCLUDING+			DR. N.F. BRANNOCK SIMULATION SCIENCE	+ SIA LTD. IN THE I
	+ DISTILLATION	+ PPDS +	SYSTEMS	+ 6600 +	INC.	+ AND THE
	+ SIMULATION	+DATA BASE+			1400 N. HARBOR BLVD	+ NETHERLANDS
PROGRAM	+ INVOLVING + STEADY-STATE	+ +			FULLERTON, CA 92635 TEL (714) 879-9180	+ BOC DATASOLVE IN
	+ENERGY AND MASS			+ 1100 +		+ BUC DATASULVE IT
	+ BALANCE	+ +	AUTOM. CO.	+ SERIES +		+
	+	+ +				+ AQUATAINE SYSTEM
	+	+ +		+ +		+ IN FRANCE + CENTURY RESEARCH
	+					+ CENTER, TOKYO

NAME .	+ + FUNCTION	+ CMPDS + + IN +		+ BATCH + VERSION		+ REMARKS
	+	+DATA BASE+		+ RUNS ON		+
	TABLE F.	SYSTEMS FOR	CHEMICAL PROC	CESS SIMULA	TION AND DESIGN (CONC.)
	DYNAMIC PROCESS	+ +		+	+	+
	+ SIMULATION	+ +			+ SEE B1	+ INSTALLATIONS
	+ MASS AND HEAT	+ +	DEVELOPHENT	+	*	+
	+ BALANCE	+ +		*	*	+ DPS (7)
JUSE-L-GIFS	+ OPTIMIZATION + NON-IDEAL	+ +		+	*	+ JUSE-L-GIFS (24) + JUSE-NIDIST (17)
JUSE-HIDIST-1				I	T	7 JUSE-MIDIST (1/)
102E-UIDI21-1	SIMULATION	I			·	I
	. 31UOCHIIUM					
F8 +	+	+ 800 +		+ IBM 370	+	+
	+ A THIRD	+INCLUDING+			+ D.J. SAWERS	+ CURRENT VERSION IS
FLOWPACK II		+ PPDS +		+ DEC 10		+ A JOINT EFFORT OF
	+ PROCESS	+DATA BASE+		+	+ INDUSTRIES LTD.	+ ICI AND LINDE AG
	+ SIMULATION	+ +		+	+ P.O. BOX NO. 11	+ (MUNICH, FRG)
	+ SYSTEM	+ +		+	+ THE HEATH	+
	+	+ +		+	+ RUNCORN CHESHIRE WA7	+
	+	+ +		+	+ 4QE ENGLAND	+
•	+	+ +	•	+	+ TEL (092 85) 73456	+
F9 -		+ USES +	SCICON	+ UNIVAC		+
	+ PROCESS DESIGN				+ DR. P. WINTER	+ U.S. REP IS
	+ AND	+ SEE B10 +		+ SERIES	+ PROCESS INDUSTRIES	+ AAA TECHNOLOGY AN
	+ SIMULATION	+ +	CDC -	+	+ GROUP	+ SPEC. CO. INC.
MULTICOL .	+	+ +		+ PRIME	+ COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN	
110211002	+	+ +		+ CDC	+ CENTRE	+ HOUSTON, TX 7703
	+	+ +		+ICL 2900		+ TEL (713) 789-620
	+	+ +			+ CAMBRIDGE CB3 OHB	+
	+	+ +		+	+ ENGLAND	+
	+ MULTI-PURPOSE	+ +		+	T CARDETT COMPUTTION	•
	+ FLASH	+ +	G.E. MARK III		+ GARRETT COMPUTING + SYSTEMS INC.	+
FLASH -	+ RECOMBINATION + AND	+ +			+ SYSTEMS INC. + 1111 REPUBLIC BANK	+
	+ PLANT RECOVERY				+ TOWERS	T
	+ PROGRAMS				+ DALLAS TX 75201	+
	+ FROORHIS	+ +		+	+ TEL (214) 741-1026	+
	+ CALC. OF		G.E. MARK III	+	+ CARL SUTTON	+ PROVIDES A CHOICE
	+ K-VALUES AND	+ +	SERVICE	+	+ GAS PROCESSORS ASSOC.	+ OF 5 METHODS FOR
GPA-K + H	+ ENTHALPIES FOR	+ +	UNIVERSITY	+	+ 1812 FIRST PLACE	+ CALCULATING
MODIT	TWO OR THREE		COMPUTING CO.	+	+ TULSA, OK 74103	+ THERMODYNAMIC
	DULADED DE LEGUE	+ +	UNITED	+	+ TEL (918) 582-5112	 PROPERTIES
	+PHASES OF LIGHT				. 122 (7107 302 3112	
	HYDROCARBONS	+ +		+	+	+

Appendix A

The ASPEN Computer Program Survey

The earlier version of this summary, dated June 1976, contained information on a number of programs for chemical process simulation and design. Since then the staff of the ASPEN project at MIT has completed an extensive survey of computer programs for chemical engineers. The results of that survey, published in a series of five papers in Chemical Engineering (ref. 9-13), contains information on 437 listings—a number of which describe entire suites of programs.

The table shows how these programs are distributed among 11 technical areas.

An examination of the sources of the 437 computer systems shows the following interesting distribution:

•	North American Universities	39%
•	Other Universities	10%
•	Consult. & Eng. Firms (U.S.)	33%
•	Consulting & Engineering (other)	8%
•	U.S. Government	5%
•	Chemical Industry	5%

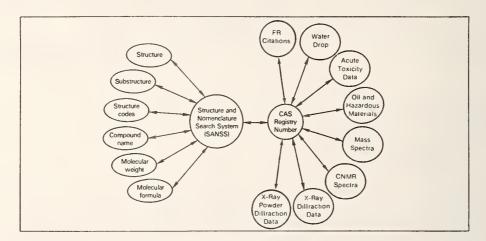
Programs developed in departments of chemical engineering make up the largest source, while those from consulting and engineering firms represent a close second.

In view of the availability of the ASPEN survey, we have included here only those chemical process and design systems which we know to be available on-line, or soon to be so available, or those batch systems which utilize one of the more current physical properties data bases, listed in Table B. We have included references to published descriptions of the listed systems, wherever they were available.

Application Areas for 437 Computer Programs Covered by the ASPEN Survey (Chem.Eng. vol.85,86)

				01
= 1	NUMBER	R:	FUNCTION	88
: -			2 mg dat mas	- #
:	9		Thermodynamics of chemical equilibrium	=
:	18		Vapor-liquid equilibrium	94 88
#	31	:	Thermal properties	:
:	45	:	Steady state flowsheet and dynamic simulation	1 #
	42	:	Special processes	8
04 84	147	2	Unit Operations	#
**	23	#	Cost estimation and related economics	89 20
#	45		Mathematical techniques	#
:	40	:	Vessels, tanks, and piping technology	#
:	16	=	Dynamic process control	8
#	21		Miscellanious	:
:		8		- :
	437		TOTAL	

NIH-EPA Chemical Information System



Research chemists, environmental scientists, and librarians—in private industry, universities or government—can now retrieve chemical information quickly and inexpensively without sophisticated knowledge of computers.

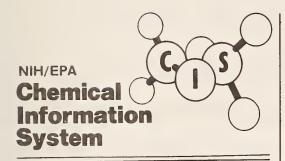
The NIH/EPA Chemical Information System (CIS) is a collection of scientific data bases available through an interactive computer program. No other publicly available information system can provide such diverse numeric, as opposed to bibliographic, data on so many (over 192,000) chemical substances. CIS has a unique linking system, the heart of which is the Structure and Nomenclature Search System (SANSS). SANSS allows the user, in a single operation, to search 66 different files including the TSCA inventory. The CIS data bases can be searched by:

- 1. Chemical Structure: a two-dimensional representation that can be generated by the user.
- CAS Index Name, Trade Names, Common Names and Synonyms: over 450,000 names which can be searched in complete or truncated form.
- CAS Registry Number: the key to unlock the doors of the CIS file and link the CIS to Chemical Abstracts.

The Chemical Information System has been developed by agencies of the United States Government in cooperation with other governments and organizations. It is available only in the private sector (via Telenet) for use by the government, industry, and the public through an annual subscription fee of \$300.00 and either \$36.00 or \$60.00 per connect hour, depending on which component is used. The annual subscription fee has been waived for academic institutions.

For further information contact -

U.S.A.	Kay Pool, CIS Project, 2135 Wisconsin Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20007 Phone: (202) 298-6200 or (800) 424-2722
The Netherlands	Dr. Charles Citroen, CID-TNO, PO Box 36, 2600 AA, Delft, Phone: (015) 56-93-30
Switzerland	Dr. T. Clerc, Pharmacy Department, University of Bern, 3012 Bern, Phone: (031) 65-41-71
Finland	Dr. S. Laitinen, Technical Research Center of Finland, Technical Information Center, Vuorimiehentic 5, 02150 Espoo 15, Phone: (0) 456-4370
Japan	Mr. Isao Miura, International Information Service Dept., Kinokuniya Bookstore Co., Ltd., 10-13 Kitashinjuku 4-Chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160-91, Phone: (03) 364-0751
England	Dr. Diane Eakin, Fraser Williams Scientific Systems Ltd., Glendower House, Poynton, Cheshire, SK 12NJ, Phone: (0625) 871126



CIS includes the following components:

Structure and Nomenclature Search System (SANSS)—provides a data base of over 192,000 compounds collected from over 66 different sources. All of the CIS data bases are searchable through SANSS by structure, substructure, chemical code, or full, partial or left- or right-truncated name. The data obtained from SANSS includes the CAS registry number, other data bases associated to the substances, structural diagram, and systematic names as well as synonyms. (\$60.00 per connect hour)

Mass Spectral Search System (MSSS)—contains mass spectra of over 33,000 compounds which can be searched on the basis of normal peak and intensity requirements, as well as by Biemann and probability based-matched (PBM) techniques. (\$36.00 per connect hour)

Carbon-13 Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectral Search System (CNMR)—contains CNMR spectra of over 8,500 compounds. Searches by chemical shift requirements are permitted; analysis and display of this information for compounds of interest may also be obtained. (\$36.00 per connect hour)*

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Literature Search System (NMRLIT)—retrieves bibliographic information for over 34,000 literature references in the field of NMR. Searches may be conducted by author, nucleus, NMR subject or journal, from 1964 to the present (\$36.00 per connect hour)*

Powder Diffraction Search-Match (PDSM)—contains over 30,000 powder diffraction patterns, provided by the Joint Committee on Powder Diffraction Standards (JCPDS), for identifying compounds based upon the characteristics of their powder diffraction pattern, as opposed to x-ray crystal identification. (\$60.00 per connect hour)*

X-ray Crystallographic Search System (CRYST)—contains the bibliographic and structural files of the Crystallographic Data Centre (Cambridge, England). There are over 25,000 compounds which have space groups assigned which may be used as a search element. There are approximately 18,000 compounds which have had the atomic coordinates and cell parameters reported. (\$36.00 per connect hour)†

X-ray Single Crystal Search System (XTAL)—is a search system of the Crystal Data Determinative Tables published by the National Bureau of Standards and the Joint Committee on Powder Diffraction Standards. The space group, density, unit cells and chemical types will be searchable. This system currently uses the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre file. (\$36.00 per connect hour)*

EPA's OII and Hazardous Materials-Technical Assistance Data System (OHM-TADS)—provides information pertinent to emergency spill response efforts. The OHM-TADS data base includes a wide variety of physical, chemical, biological, toxicological and commercial data on these materials, with emphasis placed on their deleterious effects on water quality. Up to 126 different fields of information are maintained for more than 1,000 materials. (\$36.00 per connect hour)

Water Drop—Distribution Registry of Organic Pollutants contains data on drinking and other types of water, date and location of water sample, compound identity, analytical method used, concentration detected, and references to published results. (\$36.00 per connect hour)

Federal Register Notices—provides a cross-reference to all of the citations of a chemical or class of chemicals cited in the Federal Registry since January 1, 1978. The title, part, subpart, and a short description of the notice of the chemical of interest is available. (\$60.00 per connect hour)*

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)—is provided by the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health to the CIS. The RTECS publication, with over 40,000 toxicological measurements, is available with a set of programs to search the file on the basis of toxicological data and designators (e.g. animal type and measuring method (\$36,00 per connect hour)*

Chemical Modeling Laboratory (CHEMLAB)—provides all the capabilities of the former component, CAMSEQ-II, for three-dimensional conformational analysis, molecular orbital calculations, and in addition, provides for the estimation of many properties of a chemical; such as, the partition coefficient, melting point, boiling point, solubility and others. (\$60.00 per connect hour)

Mathematical Modeling System (MLAB)—an interactive system for mathematical modeling. This component provides major capabilities in the areas of curve and distribution fitting, linear and non-linear regression, statistical analysis, differential and integral calculus, and two- and three-dimensional plotting. (\$60.00 per connect hour)*

Operational soon:

Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products (CTCP)—will be an interactive search system based upon the publication of the same name by Gleason, Hodge, Gosselin, et al. CTCP will permit searching of common commercial products by identifying the product or its constituents. The toxicity of the products in CTCP will also be available (\$60.00 per connect hour)*

Partition Coefficients (LOGP)—have been provided by Pomona College (California). The data will contain partition coefficients on approximately 5,000 common chemicals. LOGP will allow searching to be done by value, solvent, and references as to the compound in question. (\$36.00 per connect hour)*

European users are given a credit of \$12.00 per connect hour. The PTT will bill the communications costs directly to the user. Hourly rates include CRU's and connect minutes accumulated in a program. There is a \$3.00 minimum per session.

tNon-USA users require permission from Cambridge Data System. 7/1/80

Appendix C

VIII. Computer Programs for Handling Technical Data

- NBS Tech. Note 444, Reform: A General-Purpose Program for Manipulating Formatted Data Files, R. C. McClenon and J. Hilsenrath (1968).
- NBS Tech. Note 446, PRECISE: A Multiple Precision Version of OMNITAB, A. E. Bean and J. Hilsenrath (1968).
- NBS Tech. Note 470, Edpac: <u>Utility Programs for Computer-Assisted Editing</u>, Copy-Production, and Data Retrieval, C. G. Messina and J. Hilsenrath (1969).
- NBS Tech. Note 500, Edit-Insertion Programs for Automatic Typesetting of Computer Printout, C. G. Messina and J. Hilsenrath (1970).
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 and W. H. Evans (1976).
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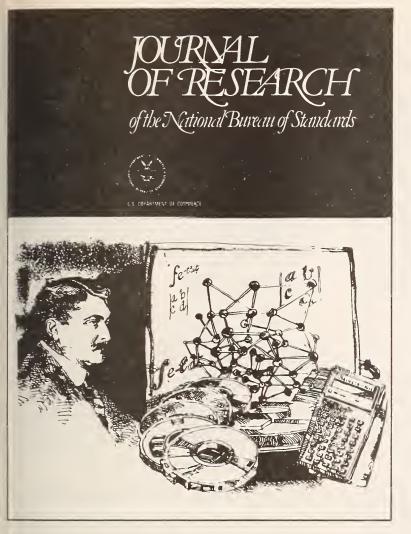
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- NBS Magnetic Tape 1, OMNITAB II Magnetic Tape and Occumentation Parcel, Oavid Hogben, Sally T. Peavy, and Ruth Varner (1970).
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- EPA/NIH Mass Spectral Oata Base, S. R. Heller and G. W. A. Milne (1977). One year lease fee from \$500. Write for further information to:

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NBS-114A (REV. 9-78)					
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BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA	NBS TN 1122				
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4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE			5. Publication D		
	ne or Interactive Physico	-Chemical	October	1980	
Numerical Data S	ystems		6. Parterning Or	ganization Code	
7. AUTHOR(S)			8. Performing Or	gan. Report No.	
Joseph Hilsenrath					
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION	NAME AND ADDRESS		10. Project/Task	West Init No.	
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NATIONAL BUREAU OF	STANDARDS		11 0	- 4 4 -	
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