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QC 100 .U57 no.260 1998-1999

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Physical Property Standards



Standard Reference Materials® Catalog 1998–99

NIST Special Publication 260

Nancy M. Trahey, Editor
Ilse E. Putman, Electronic Composition

Standard Reference Materials Program
Office of Measurement Services
Technology Services
National Institute of Standards and Technology
Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001



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National Institute of Standards and Technology Raymond G. Kammer, Director National Institute of Standards and Technology Special Publication 260 Supersedes NIST Spec. Publ. 260, 1995–96 172 pages (Jan. 1998)

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE WASHINGTON: 1998

CODEN: NSPUE2

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402

Foreword

Historically, Standard Reference Materials (SRMs) have been used as vehicles for transferring National Institute of Standards and Technology (formerly National Bureau of Standards) measurement science and technology through channels of industry and commerce, to the country at large. Each new SRM is the result of collaboration between NIST and representatives of science and industry. SRMs are crucial reference points in establishing a comprehensive measurement system for the whole nation. Such a system, which has incrementally improved throughout the years, has met the needs of U.S. industry and commerce for nearly 100 years and continues to evolve as it is called upon to meet more increasing demands in measurements. The fast pace of technological change, coupled with increased demands on quality, traceability and SRM types, are making the perpetuation of the existing system into the future a very challenging proposition.

We must take advantage of new quality management concepts and scientific and technological opportunities which will lead to improvements in the transfer of NIST technology through SRMs. The SRM Program increasingly is using collaborations with industry that will enable NIST to expand the coverage of measurement needs by providing more new reference materials which have been coupled to a strategy of benchmarking a particular measurement system with fewer SRMs. Consequently, NIST will only renew existing SRMs that have been strategically planned and justified. This will allow NIST resources to be more effectively directed to measurement areas of anticipated high economic need or impact.

The SRMs available in this new 1998-99 catalog are reflections of some of the above strategies as well as our efforts to fill needs as rapidly as they can be identified. Increasingly, science and industry are calling for more units of existing SRMs for expanding fields such as optical radiation measurements, telecommunications, aerospace industries, and national problems such as air and water pollution, and health. This catalog contains new SRMs in all of these areas.

The Program's emphasis will continue to be on providing NIST SRMs —

- where attainment of needed measurement accuracy is not economically or technically feasible elsewhere,
- where industry-wide standards for commerce are needed from a neutral supplier not otherwise available,
- where continuing availability of a highly characterized material from a common source is important to science or industry.

The SRM Program invites you to review the 1998-99 catalog edition to see if any of the available SRMs can be of use to your measurement system. Also, take a moment to provide feedback to me as to your measurements and reference materials needs.

Thomas Earl Gills, Chief Standard Reference Materials Program National Institute of Standards and Technology E-Mail: thomas.gills@nist.gov

NIST SRM Program

Mission — to provide reference materials that are the definitive physical sources of measurement traceability in the United States. The Program promotes and supports the development and certification of NIST SRMs essential to industry, academia, and government in order to facilitate commerce and trade and to advance science and technology.

Vision — to provide and support NIST customers with affordable and readily available reference materials of the highest quality and metrological value.

Contents

	Page
Foreword.	iii
NIST SRM Program	iv
Abstract and Key Words	1
Terminology and Logo	1
NIST Policies Regarding Use of Metric (SI) Units. On Measurement Uncertainty Statements	2 3
Program Information Definitions. The SRM/RM Identification System Preparation and Availability of SRMs. Guide for Requesting Development of SRMs SRM Catalog How to Use This Catalog	4 7 8 8 10
Ordering NIST Reference Materials General Out-of-Stock Materials Terms and Conditions Late Charges. Proforma Invoice (Price Quotation) Domestic Shipments Foreign Shipments (and shipments to Alaska and Hawaii) Restricted Shipments — Dangerous Goods (Hazardous Materials) Restricted Shipments — Temperature Sensitive Materials Documentation SRM/RM Certificates and Material Safety Data Sheets Rush Shipments. Returned Goods.	13 13 14 14 14 14 15 15 15
Other Services of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Calibration and Related Measurement Services Standard Reference Data Program Accreditation of Laboratories National Center for Standards and Certification Information Weights and Measures Program Proficiency Sample Programs	17 17 17 18 18
Guide to SRM/RM Technical Categories	25
SRMs/RMs by Category	29 112
NIST Special Publications in the 260 Series	137
SRM/RM Indexes Subject Numerical and Certificate Numerical Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)	143 163 175



Abstract and Key Words

This catalog provides technical and general ordering information for the Standard Reference Materials (SRMs) and Reference Materials (RMs) currently available from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Standard Reference Materials (SRM) Program. The materials are arranged according to technical category and classified as follows:

- Standard Reference Materials for Chemical Composition;
- Standard Reference Materials for Physical Properties;
- Standard Reference Materials for Engineering Materials.

Technical descriptions are given for all materials and may include certified values. However, these values are incomplete as they appear in the catalog and therefore cannot be referenced for actual measurement purposes. The certificates issued by the SRM Program are the only legitimate sources of certified information for NIST reference materials.

Key Words: analysis, calibration, certified reference material (CRM), characterization, composition, concentration, material, measurement, property, quality assurance, quality control, reference material (RM), Standard Reference Material (SRM), standardization, traceability.

NIST Terminology and Logo

The terms "Standard Reference Material" and "SRM", and the logo " ", are Federally registered trademarks of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) and the U.S. Government, who retain exclusive rights to them. Permission to use the terms and/or logo is controlled by NIST as is the quality of the use of the terms and of the logo itself.

NIST Policy Regarding Use of Metric (SI) Units

The following policy was established in February 1991:

In accordance with the Metric Conversion Act of 1975 as amended by Section 5164 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 and as required by related provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations, the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) will use the modern metric system of measurement units (International System of Units—SI) in all publications. When the field of application or the special needs of users of NIST publications require the use of non-SI units, the values of quantities will be first stated in SI units and the corresponding values expressed in non-SI units will follow in parentheses.

The technical information contained in this catalog is consistent with the above policy. Only SI units and symbols have been used to describe the reference materials contained herein. Therefore, abrogated or obsolete quantifiers (e.g., the term, ppm), no longer appear, but rather have been replaced with the correct SI term, (mg/kg), and reference material values previously expressed in only in-lb units, have been converted to the appropriate SI units [1,2]. Due to space limitations, the non-SI units converted are not shown in the catalog.

In accordance with the above policy, this edition of the catalog no longer references the abrogated quantifier, "Wt. %." This quantifier has been replaced with the appropriate SI quantifiers, such as "mass fraction, in %", "amount-of-sub-stance fraction, in %", or "mole fraction, in %." The exclusive use of SI quantifiers for expressing NIST SRM and RM certified, reference, and information values was instituted by the SRM Program and the NIST technical divisions in 1995 and apply to all SRM certificates and RM Reports of Investigation issued since that time. However, the certificates for SRMs issued before 1995 still show certified values expressed in "Wt. %." These certificates will not be revised. Rather, the appropriate SI quantifiers will be referenced when new certificates are generated for future renewal issues of these SRMs.

Note to SRM Users: Individual SRM certificates should be consulted to ascertain if certification data have been expressed in both SI and non-SI units.

^[1] The International System of Units (SI), NIST Special Publication 811, 1994 Edition.

^[2] ANSI/IEEE/ASTM SI 10 Use of the International System of Units (SI) — The Modern Metric System, April 1997. (Available from IEEE or ASTM.)

NIST Policy On Measurement Uncertainty Statements

The following policy was established in January 1993:

[]......All NIST measurement results are to be accompanied by quantitative statements of uncertainty [1]. To ensure that such statements are consistent with each other and with present international practice, this NIST policy adopts in substance the approach to expressing measurement uncertainty recommended by the International Committee for Weights and Measures (CIPM).

[The CIPM approach is based on Recommendation INC-1 (1980) of the Working Group on the Statements of Uncertainties. More recently, at the request of the CIPM, a joint BIPM/IEC/ISO/OIML working group developed a comprehensive reference document on the general application of the CIPM approach [2]. The development of this document is providing further impetus to the worldwide adoption of the CIPM approach.]

The uncertainty statements contained in certificates for SRMs produced after January 1993 are in compliance with the above policy. To the fullest extent possible, these certificates describe the uncertainty components associated with each certified value reported, in terms recommended by the CIPM approach. The NIST technical division(s) that approved the certification protocol, produced the SRM, and evaluated the certified value(s) and associated uncertainty(ies) resulting therein, are responsible for employing the statistical methods that are in accordance with this policy.

Note to SRM Users: It is essential that all statistical information contained in a NIST SRM certificate be carefully reviewed before the certified value(s) and associated uncertainty(ies) are applied to a measurement process or program.

^[1] Guidelines for Evaluating and Expressing the Uncertainty of NIST Measurement Results, NIST Technical Note 1297, 1994 Edition.

^[2] Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty of Measurement; First edition 1993; ISBN 92-67-10188-9; International Organization for Standardization (ISO), 1993.

Program Information

Through the SRM Program, NIST provides more than 1200 different SRMs that are certified for their specific chemical or physical properties. SRMs are used for three main purposes: to help develop accurate methods of analysis (reference methods); to calibrate measurement systems; and to assure the long-term adequacy and integrity of measurement quality assurance programs. NIST SRMs also constitute part of the National Measurement System infrastructure of the United States and, as such, are essential transfer mechanisms for national and international measurement traceability.

The SRM Program itself is the central point at NIST for coordination of all reference materials services and related activities. In this capacity, the Program 1) performs continuous analysis and needs assessment of national reference materials and requirements 2) establishes and promotes uniform criteria for the development and certification of reference materials, 3) performs technical activities related to the preparation, packaging, and distribution of SRMs, 4) prepares and updates the SP 260 Standard Reference Materials Catalog and its price list supplement, 5) publishes and issues a variety of other documents and articles such as journal articles, brochures, and newsletters, 6) provides independent review of the SRM value assignment process, 7) establishes jointly with NIST technical divisions, vertical traceability links with the U.S. secondary reference materials producers, 8) provides customer support to purchasers and users of SRMs, 9) provides official NIST representation on national and international standards committees, 10) coordinates international activities involving reference materials intercomparisons and collaborative efforts to demonstrate reference material compatibility.

The SRM Program sponsors a series of publications, known as the SP 260 series, that is available to assist users in the application of SRMs. Some of these publications give practical guidance for using SRMs while others give additional information about the certification process of specific SRMs. Of special note is NIST Special Publication 260-100, Standard Reference Materials Handbook for SRM Users, by John K. Taylor, that was written to present general concepts of precision and accuracy as applied to SRMs and to discuss their impact on quality assurance and measurement processes.

Definitions

The SRM Program references a number of definitions in connection with the production, certification, and use of its SRMs and RMs. Certain definitions, adopted for SRM use, are derived from international guides and standards on reference materials and measurements while others have been developed by the SRM Program to describe those activities unique to NIST operations. A listing of NIST-adopted and NIST-developed definitions follows.

Accuracy — (1) The closeness of agreement between a test result and the accepted reference value. [ISO 5725-1] (2) Closeness of the agreement between the result of a measurement and a true value of the measurand. "Accuracy" is a qualitative concept. [VIM:1993]

Certified reference material — Reference material, accompanied by a certificate, one or more of whose property values are certified by a procedure which establishes its traceability to an accurate realization of the unit in which the property values are expressed, and for which each certified value is accompanied by an uncertainty at a stated level of confidence. [ISO Guide 30:1992]

Reference material — Material or substance one or more of whose property values are sufficiently homogeneous, stable, and well established to be used for the calibration of an apparatus, the assessment of a measurement method, or for assigning values to materials. [ISO Guide 30:1992]

Reference material certificate — Document accompanying a certified reference material stating one or more property values and their uncertainties, and confirming that the necessary procedures have been carried out to ensure their validity and traceability. [ISO Guide 30:1992]

Uncertainty of a certified value — (1) Estimate attached to a certified value of a quantity which characterizes the range of values within which the "true value" is asserted to lie with a stated level of confidence. [ISO Guide 30:1992] (2) Parameter, associated with the result of a measurement, that characterizes the dispersion of the values that could reasonably be attributed to the measurand. [VIM:1993]

Traceability — Property of the result of a measurement or the value of a standard whereby it can be related to stated references, usually national or international standards, through an unbroken chain of comparisons all having stated uncertainties.

- 1. The concept is often expressed by the adjective "traceable."
- 2. The unbroken chain of comparisons is often called a "traceability chain". [VIM:1993]
 - a. This definition applies both to physical and chemical measurements.
 - b. Traceability only exists when metrological evidence, appropriate for the application, is collected on a continuing basis to document the traceability chain and quantify its associated measurement uncertainties.
 - c. In most cases, the ultimate stated reference for a measurement result is the SI definition of the appropriate unit(s). [NORAMET Document No. 7 (1995-11-13)]

NIST Standard Reference Material® (SRM®) — Certified reference material (CRM) issued by NIST. A SRM is a well-characterized material produced in quantity to improve measurement science. It is certified for specific chemical or physical properties, and is issued by NIST with a certificate that reports the results of the characterization and indicates the intended use of the material. A SRM is prepared and used for three main purposes:

- 1. To help develop accurate methods of analysis;
- 2. To calibrate measurement systems used to
 - a. Facilitate exchange of goods,
 - b. Institute quality control,
 - c. Determine performance characteristics, or
 - d. Measure a property at the state-of-the-art limit; and
- 3. To assure the long-term adequacy and integrity of measurement quality assurance programs.

NIST Reference Material (RM) — Material issued by NIST with a report of investigation instead of a certificate to:

- 1. Further scientific or technical research;
- 2. Determine the efficacy of a prototype reference material;
- 3. Provide a homogeneous and stable material so that investigators in different laboratories can be assured that they are investigating the same material;
- 4. Assure availability when a material produced and certified by an organization other than NIST, is deemed to be in the public interest or when an alternate means of national distribution does not exist.

NOTE: A NIST RM meets the ISO definition for a RM and may meet the ISO definition for a CRM (depending on the organization that produced it).

NIST Traceable Reference Material (NTRM) — A commercially produced reference material with a well-defined traceability linkage to existing NIST standards for measurements. This traceability linkage is established via criteria and protocols defined by NIST to meet the needs of the metrological community to be served. (Commercial reference materials producers will be allowed to affix the "NTRM" trademark to materials produced according to these criteria and protocols.) NOTE: A NIST NTRM may be recognized by a regulatory authority as being equivalent to a CRM.

NIST certified value — Value and its uncertainty assigned by NIST in conformance with the NIST uncertainty policy. A NIST certified value is obtained by one or more of the following measurement modes:

- 1. A definitive (or primary) method using specialized instrumentation capable of high accuracy and precision and whose errors have been thoroughly investigated and corrected; or,
- 2. Two or more independent methods at NIST using commercial instrumentation that is calibration based and with differing sources of systematic errors; or,
- 3. Interlaboratory data from selected laboratories using multiple methods and NIST SRMs as controls. NOTE: The sources of error with this mode will generally result in uncertainties greater than those for the other two modes.

NIST noncertified values — Values that do not meet the criteria for NIST certified values. Such values may be referred to as NIST reference values or NIST information values. NOTE: Noncertified values are often upgraded to certified values after additional measurements are performed and/or improved methodologies are applied.

- NIST reference values Noncertified values with associated uncertainties that reflect only the precision
 of the measurement, do not include all sources of uncertainty, or reflect a lack of sufficient statistical
 agreement among multiple methods. Reference values may also be the results of analyses that are
 method-dependent.
- NIST information values Noncertified values with no uncertainties reported or with estimated uncertainties for which there is insufficient information to make an assessment of the uncertainties. NOTE: Information values are often simply intended to provide additional descriptive information about a material.

NIST SRM Certificate (and Certificate of Analysis) — Document stating the intended purpose and application of a SRM, its certified property value(s) with associated uncertainty(ies), and any other technical information deemed necessary for its proper use. In accordance with ISO Guide 31:1996, a NIST SRM certificate bears the logo of the U.S. Department of Commerce, the name of NIST as certifying body, and the name and title of the NIST officer authorized to accept responsibility for its contents. NOTE 1: A SRM certified for one or more specific physical or engineering performance properties is issued with a Certificate; A SRM certified for one or more specific chemical properties is issued with a Certificate of Analysis. NOTE 2: A SRM certificate may contain NIST reference and/or information values in addition to certified values.

NIST Certificate of Traceability — Document stating the purpose, protocols, and measurement pathways that support claims by a NTRM to specific NIST standards or stated references. There are no NIST certified values provided in a certificate of traceability. Rather, the document references a specific NIST report of analysis. A NIST certificate of traceability bears the logo of the U.S. Department of Commerce, the name of NIST as certifying body, and the name and title of the NIST officer authorized to accept responsibility for its contents.

NIST RM Report of Investigation — Document issued with a RM and containing all the technical information necessary for proper use of the material. There are no NIST certified values provided in a report of investigation and authorship of a report's contents may be an organization other than NIST. A NIST RM Report of Investigation bears the logo of the U.S. Department of Commerce and the name and title of the NIST officer authorized to issue it.

The SRM/RM Identification System

The SRM Program offers for sale over 1200 different materials and adds 20 to 30 new materials as well as over one hundred renewal materials to its inventory each year. These materials all bear distinguishing names, numbers, and letters by which they are permanently and uniquely identified. The purpose of such identifiers is to clearly describe each and every material and, at the same time, systematically differentiate one from the other. The following certificate headings illustrate "what's in the SRM or RM name."

Certificate of Analysis

denotes a chemical composition SRM

Standard Reference Material® 3102a

primary SRM numerical identifier renewal letter identifier (a = first renewal issue)

intended use material description constituent certified

Standard Solution Antimony

Lot No. 791103

lot number (specific to batch lot produced units)

Certificate

denotes a physical property SRM

Standard Reference Material® 2520

primary SRM numerical identifier

material description, intended use, and property certified

Optical Fiber Diameter Standard

Serial No: X10001Y

serial number (specific to individually certified units)

Report of Investigation

denotes a NIST reference material

Reference Materials 8050, 8051, 8052

primary RM numerical identifier(s)

material(s) description

ROYAL CANADIAN MINT

Fine Gold FAU6 Block, Wire and Turnings

certifying organization

Certificate of Traceability

denotes a NTRM

material description and intended use

Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen

constituent certified

(Nominal Amount-of-Substance Fraction - 5000 µmol/mol)

NIST Traceable Reference Material No. 82638

primary NTRM numerical

Batch No.: 960901

batch number (specific to batch lot produced units)

For convenience, the acronyms "SRM®", "RM", and "NTRM" are preferentially used in conjunction with the primary numerical identifiers (including renewal letters - if applicable), to describe all NIST reference materials. This catalog and its supplement are no exceptions; thus, the reference materials described herein, are identified by their "short" titles (e.g., "SRM 3102a") rather than by their "long" titles (e.g., "Standard Reference Material® 3102a"). These short titles preserve the unique identifications of the materials involved and should be used in lieu of "catalog numbers" when ordering NIST reference materials.

Preparation and Availability of SRMs

New and renewal SRMs are being prepared continually. While these SRMs are included in the next edition of the catalog and its supplements, prospective users whose names are on the SRM mailing list are also notified as soon as the new items become available. Requests for placement on the SRM mailing list can be submitted at any time to the SRM Program Sales Office.

Renewal SRMs are intended to be completed before the supply of an existing SRM is exhausted. However, this is not always possible and a SRM may be out of stock for a time. When this occurs, those ordering the material are so notified and possible substitute SRMs are suggested. When a renewal is issued, customers who have ordered the previous lot are promptly notified of the price and availability of the renewal. If little demand exists or if an alternate source of supply becomes available, production of a SRM may be discontinued permanently.

Renewal SRMs may not be identical to the preceding lot; however, they meet the same specifications and can be used for the same purpose. For example, the first 0.1% carbon Bessemer steel was prepared in 1909 (Standard Sample No. 8). Since then a number of renewals, 8a, 8b, 8c, etc., have been prepared. The current SRM 8j 0.1C, represents the eleventh issue of the material. Each issue differs somewhat in detailed analysis; thus the use of the specific certificate for SRM 8j is essential.

Guide for Requesting Development of SRMs

NIST has the responsibility to develop, produce, and distribute SRMs that provide a basis for comparison of measurements on materials, and that aid in the control of production processes. To carry out this function, the SRM Program evaluates the needs and requirements of science, industry, and government for well-characterized reference materials, and directs the production and distribution of such materials. To become a SRM, a candidate material must meet one or more of the following criteria:

- 1. It would permit users to attain more accurate measurements.
- 2. Its production elsewhere would not be economically or technically feasible.
- 3. It would be an industry-wide standard for commerce from a neutral source not otherwise available to the public.
- 4. Its production by NIST would assure continued availability of a well-characterized material important to science, industry, or government.

NIST recognizes and responds to requests to enlarge the scope of the SRM Program to include all types of well-characterized materials for use in calibrating measurement systems, or for producing scientific data that can be referred to a common base. However, the requests for new SRMs greatly exceed NIST's capacity to produce and certify such materials. Consequently, requests for new SRMs of limited need or use are deferred in favor of requests that clearly show a critical technological or regulatory need and significant industrial and/or metrological impact. To determine which requests receive priority, NIST seeks and uses information supplied by industry, academia, governmental agencies, and such voluntary standards development organizations as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), etc., to objectively assess the urgency and importance of proposed new reference materials.

Requests to the SRM Program for the development of a new SRM should provide the following information:

- 1. Short title of the proposed SRM.
- 2. Purpose for which the SRM would be used.
- 3. Reasons why the SRM is needed.
- 4. Technical characteristics and requirements for the material. Additional requirements and reasons if more than one SRM is necessary for standardization in this area, should be included.
- 5. Estimates of the probable present and future (5 to 10 years) demand for such a SRM, nationally and internationally.
- 6. Justification for SRM preparation by NIST, particularly if a similar one could be produced or obtained from another source.
- 7. Pertinent information to aid justification for the SRM, such as: (a) an estimate of the potential range of application, monetary significance of the measurement(s) affected, scientific and technological significance including, when feasible, estimates of the impact upon industrial productivity, growth, quality assurance or control, and (b) supporting letters from industry leaders, trade organizations, interested standards committees, and others.

All such requests should be addressed to:

Standard Reference Materials Program
National Institute of Standards and Technology
Room 112, Building 202
Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001
ATTN: SRM Development

SRM Catalog

New catalogs of NIST SRMs and RMs are published approximately every 2 years, listing materials available and renewal materials in preparation, and deleting discontinued materials. The Catalog is supplemented by Price Lists issued simultaneously with each new catalog and annually to keep the catalog current between editions. These supplements list current prices, and reflect any changes in material availability—listing new and renewal materials and deleting discontinued ones.

A guide and three indexes are provided for user convenience. They are described in the following section, **How to Use This Catalog**.

How to Use This Catalog

The NIST Standard Reference Materials Catalog 1998–99 lists Standard Reference Materials (SRMs) and Reference Materials (RMs) issued by the NIST SRM Program. It consists of a guide and three indexes, each of which groups the SRMs and RMs according to a distinctive characteristic or descriptor. Selection of the guide or one index over another to locate the information desired will depend on the user's prior knowledge of a specific SRM or RM and intended SRM or RM application.

Guide to SRM/RM Technical Categories – This is a general listing based on the three major categories into which all the SRMs and RMs have been assigned. The *categories* are divided into sequentially numbered sections, each of which describes a material class or technical property class. The *sections* are further divided into subsections, each of which describes a specific type of material or technical property and the physical form(s) of the SRMs and RMs contained therein. The titles of the *subsections* are the descriptors for the tables comprising the catalog.

EXAMPLE

Category - Standard Reference Materials

for CHEMICAL COMPOSITION,

31 through 96 (page nos.)

Section – 102. NONFERROUS METALS, 44 through 52 (page nos.)

Subsection (Descriptor) – Zinc Base Alloys (chip and disk forms), 52 (page no.)

SRM/RM Subject Index – This index is based on short word descriptors (one to four words) of the SRMs and RMs in the catalog. These descriptors may identify a section, subsection, a material class, a specific SRM property, a specific SRM application, or a measurement technique. Some descriptors may coincidently also identify an individual SRM or RM; however, only a few SRMs or RMs will be so described. The index is arranged in *alphabetical order of the first word of the descriptor*. Because of the variety of descriptors used, some SRM and RM materials may be cross-referenced.

EXAMPLE

Index Entry - ALLOYS (NONFERROUS)

Descriptor (s) - See NONFERROUS METALS, 44 through 52 (page nos.)

or

Index Entry - ZINC

Descriptor - Spelter (ZINC BASE ALLOYS), 52 (page no.)

SRM/RM Numerical and Certificate Index – This index is based on the unique numerical identifier (also referred to by purchasing agents as *the catalog number*) assigned to each and every SRM and RM issued by NIST. This identifier is the *SRM or RM Number*, an integral part of the reference material name which appears on each SRM certificate or RM report of investigation. The index lists all the SRMs and RMs sequentially by this number, beginning with SRM 1c and ending with RM 8761. A short word descriptor of the SRM or RM, the category subsection in which it is assigned, and the certificate or report of investigation *date of issue* are also provided for reference.

EXAMPLE

SRM - 3168a

Descriptor - Zinc Standard Solution

Certificate Date – Jun 96 Section Code – 104

Page - 58 (page no.)

SRM/RM Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) Index – The index is similar to the Numerical and Certificate Index but it lists *only* those SRMs/RMs for which *Material Safety Data Sheets* (*MSDSs*) are required. The identifier is the *SRM or RM Number* and the short word descriptor used in the Numerical Index. These are followed by the *MSDS Number*, which usually carries the same SRM/RM number identifier, *and its date of issue*. In accordance with applicable national and international regulations, a copy of the MSDS accompanies every shipment of its relevant SRM/RM.

EXAMPLE

SRM - 3168a

Descriptor – Zinc Standard Solution

MSDS Number - 3168a

MSDS Date - Oct 93

Numerical MSDS Index Page - 181 (page no.)

HOW TO LOCATE SPECIFIC INFORMATION

- About an unknown SRM or RM material needed for a particular technical application –
 Refer to the Guide to SRM/RM Technical Categories, select the most appropriate of the three categories, review all the sections and subsections therein and note the page numbers.
- About a material from a specific class of materials and of known technical application –
 Refer to the SRM/RM Subject Index, check for alternative descriptors and cross-references, and note page numbers.
- About a material whose SRM or RM number is known –

 Refer to the SRM/RM Numerical and Certificate Index (green pages) and note the page number.
- Whether or not a SRM or RM has (or requires) a Material Safety Data Sheet Refer to the SRM/RM Numerical MSDS Index.



Ordering NIST Reference Materials

General

Purchase orders (in English) for all NIST SRMs/RMs should be directed to:

Standard Reference Materials Program
National Institute of Standards and Technology
Room 204, Building 202
Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001
USA

Telephone: (301) 975–6776 Fax: (301) 948–3730 E-Mail: srminfo@nist.gov

Each purchase order should give the number of units, catalog number, and name of each reference material requested.

Example: 1 each, SRM 79a, Fluorspar Customs Grade.

The following information must be included with each order: a billing address, a shipping address, name of customer, telephone number, fax number, purchase order number, a customer identification number, i.e., a social security number (SSN) for consumer customers, tax identification number (TIN) for commercial customers, or agency code (ALC) for U.S. Government customers.

Note: NIST SRMs/RMs are only distributed in the units of issue listed in this catalog and its supplement (price list). Also, purchase orders or inquiries submitted in a language other than English, will take several weeks to process.

Acceptance of an order does not imply acceptance of any provisions set forth in the order that are contrary to the policies, practices, or regulations of the National Institute of Standards and Technology or the United States Government.

Out-of-Stock Materials

Orders for "out-of-stock" SRMs/RMs, are generally filled with the renewal reference materials — if available; otherwise the orders will be canceled. Customers are notified when an order is canceled and their names are placed on a notification list. This list is used to contact customers when the reference material (or its renewal) is again available. Upon notification, customers are told the price of the material and are asked to submit a new order if they still wish to purchase it.

For some SRMs/RMs, production lots are small and stock outages occur frequently. In these cases, the notification list is used to fill orders on a "first come, first served" basis. Customers are contacted when the reference materials are again available and are asked to confirm their original purchase orders.

Terms and Conditions

Prices quoted for SRMs/RMs are in U.S. dollars (\$), and are published in the catalog supplement (price list). The prices shown therein are subject to change without notice and orders will be invoiced for the prices in effect at the time of shipment. Shipping and handling charges for regular and special (for SRMs in restricted categories) shipments are also applied to all orders. These charges will be added to the invoices.

Note: A 10% discount is given on individual purchase orders for 50 or more SRM units (single SRM, or combination of SRMs).

Payment of all invoices is expected within 30 days of receipt for domestic orders; 45 days of receipt for foreign orders, and may be made by any of the following:

- · Banker's draft against U.S.A. bank,
- Bank to bank transfer to U.S.A. bank,
- Cash against documents,
- · DISCOVER, MasterCard, and VISA,
- International moncy order.

Late Charges

In accordance with U.S. Treasury regulations, late charges will be levied for each 30/45-day period, or portion thereof, that an invoice payment is overdue.

Proforma Invoice (Price Quotation)

Proforma invoice service requires 3 to 4 weeks to process and is furnished **only** to those customers requiring such service.

Domestic Shipments

SRM/RM shipments within the continental United States are shipped F.O.B. Gaithersburg, MD. There are several shipping modes which can be used, including UPS Ground, Federal Express, Air Freight, and Motor Freight (Collect). Unless otherwise instructed by the customer, the mode of shipment will be selected by NIST. Fewer shipping modes are available to SRMs/RMs in restricted categories and NIST reserves the exclusive right to select the proper shipping mode for these types of shipments. For restricted SRM/RM shipments, an additional charge is incurred for each shipping container used. This charge is added to the invoice.

Foreign Shipments (and shipments to Alaska and Hawaii)

SRM/RM shipments outside the contiguous United States are also shipped F.O.B. Gaithersburg, MD by one of the following modes, including UPS International, Federal Express International (subject to size, weight, and category of material limitations), and Air Freight. Unless otherwise instructed by the customer, the mode of shipment will be selected by NIST. Any other mode of shipment requested by the customer must be paid by the customer. Fewer shipping modes are available to SRMs/RMs in restricted categories and NIST reserves the exclusive right to select the proper shipping mode for these types of shipments.

Restricted Shipments — Dangerous Goods (Hazardous Materials)

Some SRMs/RMs are classified as "Dangerous Goods" by the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), or the International Air Transport Association (IATA). These organizations have published regulations and procedures for packaging and shipping dangerous (hazardous) goods which must be followed to safely transport these materials. Such regulations and procedures are very specific and do not allow exceptions. NIST reserves the exclusive right to select the proper packaging and shipping mode to assure that shipments comply with these regulations and procedures.

Restricted Shipments — Temperature Sensitive Materials

Some SRMs are extremely temperature sensitive and will perish unless shipped by the most expedient mode available. To ensure the stability of these materials, they must be packaged with Cool Packs or dry ice which will maintain the necessary low temperatures for a short period of time. However, several SRMs are so temperature sensitive that they are restricted to domestic sales only, and must be shipped according to a set schedule.

Documentation (All documents are printed in English)

The documentation NIST furnishes are:

- a. Commercial invoice(s),
- b. Packing slip(s),
- c. Air waybill for air shipments (provided UPON REQUEST ONLY),
- d. NAFTA Certificate(s) (when applicable),
- e. SRM/RM Certificate(s) one for each unit ordered,
- f. Material Safety Data Sheet(s) one for each type of ordered material requiring it.

SRM/RM Certificates and Material Safety Data Sheets

Each SRM/RM shipment contains sufficient copies of Certificates and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) (if applicable) for the number of units ordered. However, if these documents are misplaced, NIST will provide additional copies free of charge upon request and when proof of purchase has been provided. Customers may call, fax, or use the following e-mail addresses to send in their requests:

for Certificates — srmcert@nist.gov for MSDSs — srmmsds@nist.gov

Requests will usually be processed within 24 hours. Documents under or equalling ten pages will be faxed; documents exceeding ten pages will be mailed. If the documentation is urgently needed, the customer must provide a Federal Express account number.

NIST also provides copies of misplaced "Archive certificates" free of charge to customers who possess NIST SRMs/RMs that are no longer for sale. This service is available on a one-time-only basis.

CUSTOMERS ARE REQUIRED TO INSPECT ALL PACKAGES AND DOCUMENTATION IMMEDIATELY UPON RECEIPT OF SHIPMENT. ANY DAMAGE, SHORTAGES OR DEFECTS MUST BE REPORTED TO SRM PROGRAM CUSTOMER SERVICE AT (301) 975-6776, WITHIN FIVE DAYS OF RECEIPT OF SHIPMENT.

Rush Shipments

Requests for rush shipments will be accommodated when possible. However, they will be made in compliance with existing regulations pertaining to the SRMs/RMs being shipped and when hazardous materials are involved, all regulations governing their transportation will take precedence. The following types of rush shipments are available:

- Same day shipping Orders must be placed by 10:00 AM Eastern Standard Time (EST). In addition to the normal shipping fees, a processing fee of \$50.00 will be added to the customer's invoice.
- Next day shipping In addition to the normal shipping fees, a processing fee of \$25.00 will be added to the customer's invoice.

(Exception: Hazardous materials will not be shipped the same day.)

Returned Goods

NIST SRMs/RMs are generally not returnable — with the exception of defective goods or shipments made in error by NIST. However, normal transaction of business inevitably requires the occasional return of merchandise for exchange or credit. NIST has therefore instituted the following returned goods policy:

- Return shipments are accepted by NIST only after specific arrangements to do so have been made. To
 return a SRM/RM, contact the SRM Program Sales Office to obtain a Return Authorization Number
 and shipping instructions. REQUESTS FOR RETURN AUTHORIZATION MUST BE MADE WITHIN
 30 DAYS OF RECEIPT OF SHIPMENT.
- Return shipments of hazardous SRMs/RMs authorized by SRM Program Sales Office, must be packed, marked, labeled, and shipped in accordance with national and international regulations governing their transportation. Opened, leaking or damaged hazardous SRM/RM units and/or their containers CANNOT BE RETURNED TO NIST but should be disposed of in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Returns which will not be authorized or accepted UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES include:

- · Perishable SRM/RMs,
- · Unsealed, partially used, modified or mutilated SRMs/RMs,

Other Services of the National Institute of Standards and Technology

Calibration and Related Measurement Services

The fee based measurement services of the Calibration Program include calibrations, special tests, and Measurement Assurance Programs (MAPs). The calibrations and MAPs of NIST satisfy the most demanding and explicit measurement requirements, in that these services are carried out regularly under pre-established and well-defined conditions; the measurement processes involved are well-characterized, stable and in a state of statistical control; and quality control procedures are well-defined and strictly followed. These services are described in NIST Special Publication 250, Calibration Services Users Guide. For more information on available calibration services, or how to obtain a copy of Special Publication 250, inquiries should be directed to:

Calibration Program
Telephone: (301) 975–2002
National Institute of Standards and Technology
Fax: (301) 869–3548
Room 232, Building 820
E-Mail: calibrations@nist.gov
Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001
Internet: http://ts.nist.gov/calibrations

Standard Reference Data Program

The Standard Reference Data Program provides well-documented numeric data to scientists and engineers for use in technical problem solving, research, and development. These recommended values are based on data which have been extracted from the world's literature, assessed for reliability, and then evaluated to select the preferred values. The primary vehicles for dissemination of this data are the NIST Standard Reference Database Series and the Journal of Physical and Chemical Reference Data (JPCRD). For database and publication information, please contact the following:

Standard Reference Data Program

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Room 113, Building 820

Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001

Telephone: (301) 975–2208

Fax: (301) 926–0416

E-Mail: srdata@nist.gov

http://www.nist.gov/srd

Accreditation of Laboratories

The National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accredits public and private calibration and/or testing laboratories, based on evaluation of their technical qualifications and competence for conducting specific tests or types of tests in specified fields of testing or calibration. Accreditation is based on criteria published in the Code of Federal Regulations as part of the NVLAP procedures. Accreditation is granted following successful completion of a process which includes submission of an application and payment of fees by the laboratory, an on-site assessment, resolution of any deficiencies identified during the on-site assessment, participation in proficiency testing, technical evaluation, and administrative review. The accreditation is formalized through issuance of a Certificate of Accreditation and Scope of Accreditation as publicized by announcement in various government and private media. Application packages may be obtained from:

National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

Telephone: (301) 975-4016

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Room 282, Building 820

Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001

Telephone: (301) 975-4016

Fax: (301) 926-2884

rvlap@nist.gov

http://ts.nist.gov/nvlap

National Center for Standards and Certification Information

The National Center for Standards and Certification Information (NCSCI) provides information on U.S., foreign and international voluntary standards, government regulations, and conformity assessment procedures for non-agricultural products. NCSCI staff respond to inquiries by identifying relevant standards and/or regulations, maintain a reference collection of standards and standards-related documents (they do not provide copies), and serve as the U.S. inquiry point for information to and from foreign countries. Inquiries should be directed to:

National Center for Standards and Certification Information Fax: (301) 975-4040

Certification Information Fax: (301) 926-1559

National Institute of Standards and Technology E-Mail: ncsci@nist.gov

Room 164, Building 820 Internet: http://ts.nist.gov/oss

Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001

Weights and Measures Program

The NIST Weights and Measures Program operates a Type Evaluation Program which provides for an evaluation of (1) prototype weighing and measuring devices to determine compliance with the requirements of NBS Handbook 44, "Specifications, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for Commercial Weighing and Measuring Devices," (2) standards to determine compliance with the requirements of NBS Handbook 105–1, 105–2, 105–3, "Specifications and Tolerances for Reference Standard and Field Standard Weights and Measures." This program may be used by manufacturers and weights and measures officials in determining the acceptability of devices for commercial use or the suitability of reference and field standards. For information on programs of NIST and the States, write or telephone:

Weights and Measures Program

Telephone: (301) 975-4004

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Room 232, Building 820

Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001

Telephone: (301) 975-4004

Fax: (301) 926-0647

E-Mail: owm@nist.gov

http://www.nist.gov/owm

Proficiency Sample Programs

General information on the Proficiency Sample Programs may be obtained from:

Construction Materials Reference Laboratories

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Room A365, Building 226

Telephone: (301) 975-6704

Fax: (301) 330-1956

E-Mail: jpielert@nist.gov

Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001 Internet: http://www.bfrl.nist.gov/862/ccrl/

front.htm

Information is available on the following programs:

Proficiency Sample Programs for Hydraulic Cements, Pozzolans, and Portland Cement Concrete; Proficiency Sample Programs for Soils, Aggregates, and Bituminous Materials; Inspection of Cement and Concrete Testing Laboratories;

Inspection of Soils and Bituminous Testing Laboratories.

Standard Reference Materials Program



Thomas E. Gills, Chief, Standard Reference Materials Program



Nancy M. Trahey, Catalog Editor, Deputy Chief



Delores J. Covey, Secretary



Julie M. Frum, Administrative Officer



Donna J. Clarke, Computer Programmer Analyst

Marketing



Lee T. Best, Manager, Marketing, Sales & Customer Services



Channing L. Monti, Business Specialist, Customer Service

Sales and Customer Service



Karen J. Applestein, Sales and Customer Service



Gina R. Montgomery, Sales and Customer Service



Gail M. McClellan, Sales and Customer Service



Teressa A. Rush-Cover, Sales and Customer Service



V. Beth Stotz, Sales and Customer Service



Rendy Smith, College Student

Document Development Coordination



Sharon K. Maxwell, Group Leader, SRM Computer Assistant, Records Management



Anna D. Carroll, SRM Assistant, Records Management



Carmen S. Davis, SRM Assistant, Hazardous Documentation Preparation



Robbin Howard-Frazier, SRM Assistant, Records Management



Julie Reed, Student Trainee, Records Management



Michelle E. Brown, SRM Assistant, Records Management

Project Management



Jennifer C. Colbert, Project Management, Chemical Composition, Biological, and Clinical



Bruce S. MacDonald, Project Management, Chemical Composition, and Environmental Materials



Robert J. Gettings, Project Management, Physical Property, and Engineering Materials



G. Venkatesh Iyengar, Special Programs Collaborations

Materials Production, Storage, and Distribution



Dale G. Friend, Physical Science Technician Supervisor



Mark P. Cronise, Physical Science Technician, Materials Production & Packaging



Gary V. Proulx, Physical Science Technician, Materials Production & Packaging



Curtis N. Fales, Physical Science Technician, Materials Production & Packaging



Thomas E. Hotchkiss, Physical Science Technician, Materials Production & Packaging

Warehousing Storage and Distribution



James T. Fort, Physical Science Technician, Distribution



Thomas P. Shuggars, Physical Science Technician, Distribution

Guide to SRM/RM Technical Categories

Standard Reference Materials for CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

101. Ferrous Metals, 31-43

Plain Carbon Steels (chip form), 31 Low Alloy Steels (chip form), 32 Special Low Alloy Steels (chip and pin forms), 33 High Alloy Steels (chip form), 34 Gases in Metals (rod form), 34 Stainless Steels (chip form), 35 Tool Steels (chip form), 35 Low Alloy Steels (disk and rod forms), 36 Low Alloy Steels (disk and rod forms) – Continued, 37 Low Alloy Steels (disk and rod forms) - Continued, 38 Low Alloy Steels (disk and rod forms) - Continued, 39 High Temperature Alloys (disk form), 39 Stainless Steels (disk form), 40 Specialty Steels (disk form), 40 Steelmaking Alloys (powder form), 41 Cast Irons (chip form), 42 Cast Steels, White Cast Irons, and Ductile Irons

102. Nonferrous Metals, 44-52

(disk form), 43

Aluminum Base Alloys (chip and disk forms), 44 Cobalt Base Alloys (chip and disk forms), 44 Copper Base Alloys (chip and rod forms), 45 Copper Base Alloys (block and disk forms), 46 Copper "Benchmark" (chip and rod forms), 47 Naval Brass (disk form), 48 Free Cutting Brass (disk form), 48 Cartridge Brass (disk form), 48 Gilding Metal (disk form), 49 Lead Base Alloys (chip and disk forms), 49 Lead Base Material (disk form), 49 Nickel Base Alloys (chip and disk forms), 50 Trace Elements in Nickel Base Superalloys (chip form), 50 Nickel Oxides (powder form), 51 Tin Base Alloys (chip form), 51 Titanium Base Alloys (chip and disk forms), 51 Zinc Base Alloys (chip and disk forms), 52 Zirconium Base Alloys (chip and disk forms), 52 Gases in Metals (platelet form), 52

103. Microanalysis, 53

Metals (rod and wire forms), 53 Synthetic Glasses (rod form), 53 Thin Film for Transmission Electron Microscope, 53

104. High Purity Materials, 54-61

High Purity Metals (solid forms), 54 Royal Canadian Mint Reference Materials (solid forms), 54 Royal Canadian Mint Reference Materials (solid forms)—Continued, 55 Stoichiometry (powder form), 56 Microchemistry (powder form), 56 Spectrometry, Single Element Standard Solutions, 57 Spectrometry, Single Element Standard Solutions - Continued, 58 Spectrometry, Multielement Standard Solutions, 58 Spectrometry, Multielement Standard Solutions - Continued, 59 Chromium Speciation (solution form), 60 Anion Chromatography (solution form), 60 Stable Isotopic Materials (solid and solution forms), 60 Light Stable Isotopic Materials (gas, liquid and solid forms), 61

105. Health and Industrial Hygiene, 62–67

Clinical Laboratory Materials (gas liquid, and solid forms), 62
Serum Materials (frozen, liquid, and lyophilized forms), 63
Ethanol Solutions, 64
Toxic Substances in Urine (powder form), 64
Drugs of Abuse, Single Analyte (powder form), 64
Drugs of Abuse, Multianalyte (powder form), 65
Drugs of Abuse in Hair (solid forms), 65
DNA Profiling (solid forms), 65
Biomaterials (solid forms), 65
Materials on Filter Media, 66
Trace Constituent Elements in Blank Filters, 66
Respirable Silica (powder form), 66
Lead in Paint, Dust, and Soil (powder and sheet forms), 67
Asbestos, 67

106. Inorganics, 68–69

Metal Constituents in Natural Matrices (liquid and solid forms), 68
Simulated Rainwaters (liquid form), 68
Thin Films for X-ray Fluorescence, 68
Carbon Modified Silica (powder form), 69
Trace Elements (solid form), 69
Used Auto Catalysts (powder form), 69

107. Primary Gas Mixtures, 70–71

Primary Gas Mixtures, 70 Primary Gas Mixtures – Continued, 71 Permeation Devices, 71

108. Fossil Fuels, 72–74

Alcohols and Ethers [Oxygenates] in Reference Fuels (liquid form), 72

Mctal Constituents in Fossil Fuels (liquid and solid forms), 72
Sulfur in Fossil Fuels (liquid and solid forms), 73
Moisture in Oils and Alcohols (liquid form), 73
Reference Liquids for Evaluating Fuels, 73
Trace Elements (solid forms), 74

109. Organics, 75–78

GC/MS and LC System Performance (liquid form), 75
Organic Constituents (liquid and solid forms), 75
Organic Constituents (liquid and solid forms) – Continued, 76
Organic Constituents (liquid and solid forms) – Continued, 77
Organic Constituents (liquid and solid forms) – Continued, 78

110. Food and Agriculture, 79-83

Foods and Beverages (liquid and powder forms), 79
Health Care and Nutrients (liquid and solid forms), 80
USA/Canada Collaborative Materials (powder form), 80
USA/Canada Collaborative Materials (powder form)

- Continued, 81
Agricultural Materials (powder form), 82
Fertilizers (powder form), 83
Wheat Hardness (kernel form), 83

111. Geological Materials and Ores, 84-89

Chinese Ores (powder form), 84
Ores (powder form), 84
Ores (powder form) – Continued, 85
Ores (powder form) – Continued, 86
Ore Bioleaching Substrate (powder form), 86
Clays (powder form), 87
Rocks and Minerals (powder form), 88
Refractories (powder form), 88
Soils, Sediments, and Sludges (powder form), 89

112. Ceramics and Glasses, 90-92

Carbides (powder form), 90 Cemented Carbides (powder form), 90 Glasses (powder and solid forms), 91 Trace Elements (powder and wafer forms), 92

113. Cement, 93-94

Portland Cements (powder form), 93 Portland Cement Clinkers (solid form), 94

114. Engine Wear Materials, 95-96

Metallo-Organic Compounds (solid form), 95 Lubricating Base Oils (liquid form), 95 Catalyst Characterization Material (liquid form), 95 Catalyst Package for Lubricant Oxidation (liquid form), 96 Wear-Metals in Oil (liquid form), 96

Standard Reference Materials for

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

201. Ion Activity, 99–100

pH Calibration (powder form), 99 Biological Buffer Systems (powder form), 99 pD Calibration (powder form), 99 Ion-Selective Electrode Calibration (powder form), 100 Electrolytic Conductivity (liquid form), 100

202. Polymeric Properties, 101–102

Molecular Weight and Melt Flow (liquid, pellet, and powder forms), 101
Polyethylene Pipe Products, 102

203. Thermodynamic Properties, 103-107

Combustion Calorimetry (powder form), 103 Solution Calorimetry, 103 Flash Point Reference Materials (liquid form), 103 Enthalpy and Heat Capacity (solid forms), 104 Differential Scanning Calorimetry (solid forms), 104 Differential Thermal Analysis (liquid and solid forms), 104 Superconductive Thermometric Fixed Point Device, 104 Defining Fixed Point, International Temperature Scale of 1990, ITS-90 (solid forms), 105 Defining Fixed Point Cells, International Temperature Scale of 1990, ITS-90, 105 Reference Points (solid forms), 105 Freezing Point, Melting Point, and Triple Point Cells (liquid and powder forms), 105 Laboratory Thermometer (mercury in glass), 106 Thermoelement Material, Platinum (wire form), 106 Vapor Pressure of Metals (rod and wire forms), 106 Thermal Conductivity of Graphite and Metals (rod form), 107 Thermal Expansion of Metal Glass and Silica (rod form), 107 Thermal Resistance of Glass, Silica, and Polystyrene (solid forms), 107

204. Optical Properties, 108–111

Molecular Absorption (film, filter, solid, and solution forms), 108
Molecular Absorption (film, filter, solid, and solution forms)

-Continued, 110
Molecular Luminescence (solid form), 110
Specular Spectral Reflectance (plate form), 110
Infrared Reflectance (solid form), 111
Diffuse Spectral Reflectance (wafer form), 111
Optical Rotation (powder form), 111
X-ray and Photography (chart and step tablet forms), 111

205. Radioactivity, 112–116

Radiation Dosimetry (wire form), 112 Fission Track Glass (wafer form), 112 Special Nuclear Materials, 112 Radioactive Solutions, 113 Radiopharmaceuticals (solution and gaseous forms), 114 Alpha Particle Point Sources, 114 Carbon-14 Dating (solid form), 114 Accelerator Mass Spectrometry (solution form), 115 Gamma Ray Point Sources, 115 Radon Emanation (encapsulated solution form), 115 Natural Matrix Materials (powder form), 116

206. Electrical Properties, 117

Electrical Resistivity and Conductivity of Metals (rod form), 117
Electrical Resistivity and Conductivity of Silicon (block and wafer forms), 117
Residual Resistivity Ratio (rod form), 117
Superconducting Critical Current (wire form), 117

207. Metrology, 118-120

Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM), 118
Optical Microscope Linewidth Measurement
(photomask), 118
Depth Profiling (wafer form), 118
Optoelectronics (solid forms), 119
Chromium over Copper on Steel (plate form), 119
Solder Thickness (plate form), 119
Ellipsometry (wafer form), 120
Oxygen Concentration in Silicon (wafer form), 120

208. Ceramics and Glasses, 121–122

Chemical Resistance (Durability) of Glass (solid form), 121
Electrical Properties of Glass (bar form), 121
Viscosity of Glass (bar form), 121
Glass Liquidus Temperature (solid form), 121
Viscosity Fixpoints (solid forms), 122
Relative Stress Optical Coefficient (bar form), 122
Density and Refractive Index (solid form), 122

209. X-Ray Spectrometry, 123

X-Ray Diffraction (powder and solid forms), 123 X-Ray Stage Calibration (solid forms), 123

Standard Reference Materials for ENGINEERING MATERIALS

301. Sizing, 127–128

Particle Size (powder and solid forms), 127 Cement Turbidimetry and Fineness, 127 Electrophoretic Mobility, μ_E (suspension form), 128 Surface Area of Powders, 128 Particle Count Materials (powder and suspension forms), 128

302. Surface Finish, 129

Microhardness (block form), 129 Abrasive Wear (block form), 129 Corrosion (plate form), 129 Surface Roughness (block form), 129

303. Nondestructive Evaluation, 130

Dye Penetrant Test Blocks, 130 Artificial Flaw for Eddy Current NDE, 130 Magnetic Particle Inspection, 130

304. Automatic Data Processing, 130

Discontinued

305. Fire Research, 131

Surface Flammability (sheet form), 131 Smoke Density Chamber (sheet form), 131 Smoke Toxicity (granular and sheet forms), 131 Flooring Radiant Panel (sheet form), 131

309. Miscellaneous Performance Engineering Materials, 132-133

Charpy V-Notch Test Blocks, 132 Socketed Ball Bar, 132 Coordinate Measuring Machine (CMM) Probe Performance, 132 Tape Adhesion Testing (sheet form), 132 Bleached Kraft Pulps (sheet form), 133



Chemical Composition





SRMs/RMs (by Technical Category)

Standard Reference Materials for Chemical Composition

101. Ferrous Metals

Plain Carbon Steels (chip form)

These SRMs are for checking chemical methods of analysis. They consist of steel alloys selected to provide a wide range of analytical values for elements. They are furnished in 150-g units (unless otherwise noted) as chips usually sized between 0.4 mm to 1.2 mm, prepared from selected portions of commercial ingots.

SRM	Туре					Elemental	Composition	n (mass	fraction, in	n %)
	2,50				С	Mn	P		S	Si
8j	0.1C				0.081	0.505	0.095	(0.077	0.058
11h	0.2C				0.200	0.510	0.010		0.026	0.211
12h	0.4C				0.407	0.842	0.018		0.027	0.235
13g	0.6C				0.613	0.853	0.006		0.031	0.355
14g	AISI 1078				0.735	0.456	0.006	1	0.019	0.232
15h	0.1C				0.076	0.373	0.005		0.019	0.008
16f	1.1C				0.97	0.404	0.014		0.026	0.214
19h	0.2C				0.215	0.393	0.016		0.022	0.211
20g	AISI 1045				0.462	0.665	0.012		Ó.028	0.305
152a	0.5C (Tin be	aring)			0.486	0.717	0.012		0.030	0.202
178	0.4C				0.395	0.824	0.012		0.014	0.163
337a	1.1C (Carbor	& Sulfur)	(300 g)		0.969				0.024	
368	AISI 1211		, 0,		0.089	0.82	0.084		0.132	0.007
SRM	Cu	Ni	Cr	V	Мо	Co	Ti	Sn	Al (total)	N
SRM 8i						Co	Ti	Sn		N
8j	0.020	0.113	0.047	V 0.015 0.001	Mo 0.038	Co	Ti 0.004	Sn		N
8j 11h	0.020 0.061	0.113 0.028	0.047 0.025	0.015 0.001	0.038	Co		Sn		
8j 11h 12h	0.020 0.061 0.073	0.113 0.028 0.032	0.047 0.025 0.074	0.015 0.001 0.003		Co		Sn	(total)	N 0.006
8j 11h	0.020 0.061	0.113 0.028	0.047 0.025	0.015 0.001	0.038	Со		Sn	(total) (0.038)	
8j 11h 12h 13g	0.020 0.061 0.073 0.066	0.113 0.028 0.032 0.061	0.047 0.025 0.074 0.050	0.015 0.001 0.003 0.001	0.038	Со		Sn	(0.038) 0.048	
8j 11h 12h 13g 14g	0.020 0.061 0.073 0.066 0.047	0.113 0.028 0.032 0.061 0.030	0.047 0.025 0.074 0.050 0.081	0.015 0.001 0.003 0.001 0.0008	0.038 0.006 0.011	Co 0.003		Sn	(0.038) 0.048 0.025	
8j 11h 12h 13g 14g	0.020 0.061 0.073 0.066 0.047	0.113 0.028 0.032 0.061 0.030	0.047 0.025 0.074 0.050 0.081	0.015 0.001 0.003 0.001 0.0008	0.038 0.006 0.011 0.009			Sn	(0.038) 0.048 0.025	
8j 11h 12h 13g 14g 15h 16f 19h	0.020 0.061 0.073 0.066 0.047 0.013 0.006	0.113 0.028 0.032 0.061 0.030 0.017 0.008	0.047 0.025 0.074 0.050 0.081 0.018 0.020	0.015 0.001 0.003 0.001 0.0008	0.038 0.006 0.011 0.009 0.003			Sn	(0.038) 0.048 0.025	
8j 11h 12h 13g 14g	0.020 0.061 0.073 0.066 0.047 0.013 0.006 0.466	0.113 0.028 0.032 0.061 0.030 0.017 0.008 0.248	0.047 0.025 0.074 0.050 0.081 0.018 0.020 0.173	0.015 0.001 0.003 0.001 0.0008 <0.001 0.002 0.003	0.038 0.006 0.011 0.009 0.003 0.038		0.004	Sn 0.032	(0.038) 0.048 0.025 0.061 0.002	
8j 11h 12h 13g 14g 15h 16f 19h 20g	0.020 0.061 0.073 0.066 0.047 0.013 0.006 0.466 0.034	0.113 0.028 0.032 0.061 0.030 0.017 0.008 0.248 0.034	0.047 0.025 0.074 0.050 0.081 0.018 0.020 0.173 0.036	0.015 0.001 0.003 0.001 0.0008 <0.001 0.002 0.003 0.002	0.038 0.006 0.011 0.009 0.003 0.038 0.008		0.004		(0.038) 0.048 0.025 0.061 0.002	

101. Low Alloy Steels (chip form) [150-g units (unless otherwise noted)]

SRM	Туре			Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)								
SKW	Турс			С	Mn	P	5	8	Si	Cu		
							Grav	Comb				
30f	Cr-V (SAE 615	0)	(0.490	0.79	0.011		0.009	0.283	0.074		
32e	Ni-Cr (SAE 314		(0.409	0.798	0.008	0.022	0.021	0.278	0.127		
33e	Ni-Mo (SAE 48			0.186	0.525	0.005		0.009	0.262	0.070		
36b	Cr–Mo	_ = = ,		0.114	0.404	0.007		0.019	0.258	0.179		
72g	AISI 4130			0.278	0.492	0.009		0.014	0.223	0.011		
100b	Manganese (SAI	F 340)	(0.397	1.89	0.023	0.029	0.028	0.210	0.064		
				0.326	0.506	0.023	0.029	0.028	0.274	0.004		
106b	Cr-Mo-Al (Nitr	alloy G)					0.010					
125b	High Silicon	E 110)		0.028	0.278	0.029		0.008	2.89	0.071		
129c	High Sulfur (SA	E 112)		0.125	0.769	0.076		0.245	0.020	0.013		
131f	High Silicon			0.0035				0.00043	4* 			
139b	Cr-Ni-Mo (AIS	I 8640)	(0.403	0.778	0.013		0.019	0.242	0.097		
155	Cr–W			0.905	1.24	0.015	0.010	0.011	0.322	0.083		
163	Cr (100 g)			0.933	0.897	0.007	0.010	0.027	0.488	0.087		
179	High Silicon			0.027	0.094	0.006		0.026	3.19	0.056		
291	Cr–Mo (ASTM	Δ213\		0.177	0.550	0.008		0.020	0.230	0.030		
293	Cr-Ni-Mo (ASTM			0.177	0.960	0.008		0.020	0.300	0.047		
293	Ni-Cr-Cu-Mo (Als			0.222	0.960	0.018		0.022	0.300	1.47		
2171	NI-CI-CU-IVIO	H3LA 100)		0.000	0.73	0.000		0.0012	0.538	1.47		
SRM	Ni	Cr	V		Mo	Sn		Al (total)		N		
30f	0.070	0.945	0.182							0.010		
32e	1.19	0.678	0.002		0.023	(0.0)	11)			0.009		
33e	3.36	0.068	(0.001)		0.224	(0.0)		0.030				
36b	0.203	2.18	0.004		0.996	(0.0	/	0.000				
72g	0.016	0.905	0.003		0.170			(0.041)		(0.008)		
-,								(0.011)		(0.000)		
100b	0.030	0.063	0.003		0.237					0.004		
106b	0.217	1.18	0.003		0.199			1.07				
125b	0.038	0.019			0.008	0.00	03	0.329	C	a 0.0051		
129c	0.251	0.014	0.012		0.002							
139b	0.510	0.488	0.004		0.182					0.007		
155	0.100	0.485	0.014		0.039				v	V 0.517		
163	0.081	0.982			0.029					0.007		
179	0.050	0.022	< 0.01		0.014	0.0	14	0.0028		0.007		
291	0.065	1.33	30.01		0.538	0.00		0.0020				
293	0.480	0.510	0.004		0.204			0.002				
2171	3.35	0.550	0.004		0.204			0.039	M	b 0.024		
41/1	5.55	0.550	0.003		0.540			0.019	17	いしいしょう		

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

^{*}Value determined by isotope dilution mass spectrometric (IDMS) analysis.

101. Special Low Alloy Steels (chip and pin forms) [150-g units (unless otherwise noted)]

SRM	Тур	oe .		Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)									
				С	Mn	P	S		Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	
361	AISI 434	0		0.383	0.66	0.014	0.014	43 ().222	0.042	2.00	0.694	
362	AISI 94B	17 (mod.)		0.160	1.04	0.041	0.036	60 ().39	0.50	0.59	0.30	
363	Cr-V (mo	od.)		0.62	1.50	0.029	0.000	68 ().74	0.10	0.30	1.31	
364	High Carb	oon (mod.)		0.87	0.255	0.01	0.02	50 ().065	0.249	0.144	0.063	
2159		_	(pin - 200 g)				0.002						
2160		Sulfur only	(pin - 200 g)				0.012						
2165	E				0.144	0.0052	0.00	•).004)	0.0013	0.155	0.050	
2166	F				0.066	0.0012	0.002		0.010	0.015	0.022	0.024	
2167	G				0.022	0.0031	0.009		0.026	0.0014	0.002	0.0015	
2168	High-Purit	ty Iron		0.0007	0.0006	0.0015	0.00	10 (<:	5.0)*	0.0005	0.0012	0.0003	
SRM	V	Mo	W Co	Ti	As	Sn	Al (total)	Nb	Та	Zr	N	Ca	
361	0.011	0.19 0.0	0.032	0.020	0.017	0.010	0.021	0.022	0.020	0.009	(0.0037)	0.000	
362		0.068 0.2		0.097	0.092	0.016	0.083	0.29	0.20	0.19	(0.0037)		
363		0.028 0.0		0.050	0.010	0.104	0.24	0.049	(0.053)	0.049	(0.0041)	0.000	
364		0.49 0.1		0.24	0.052	0.008	(0.008)	0.157	0.11	0.068	(0.0032)	0.000	
2165	0.0040	0.0055	0.0012	2 0.0051	0.0010	0.002	(0.006)	0.0004	(0.004)				
2166	0.009	0.0035	0.0022	0.0007	0.0035	0.0010	0.012	0.005	(0.011)	(0.0004)			
2167	0.033	0.020	0.0050	0.010	0.0005	0.006	0.0045	0.0095	(0.002)	(0.004)			
2168	(<1.0)* (<	<7.0)* (<7.0)	* 0.0006	(<3.0)* (<1.0)* (<	1.0)* (<5	5.0)* (<5.	.0)* (<1.0))* (<5.0)	* 0.0007	(<2.0)*		
SRM	В	Pb	Sb	Bi	Ag		Se	Te	Ce	La	Nd	Fe	
361		0.000025	0.0042	(0.0004)	0.0004	(0.0)	004)	(0.0006)	0.0040	(0.001)	0.00075	(95.6)	
362	0.0025	0.00048	0.013	(0.002)	0.0011	(0.0	0012)	(0.0005)	0.0019	(0.001)	0.00075	(95.3)	
363		0.00186	0.002	(8000.0)	0.0037			(0.0009)	0.0030	(0.002)	0.0012	(94.4)	
364	0.0106	0.0230	0.034	(0.009)	(0.0000	2) (0.0	00021)	(0.0002)	0.00057	(0.0002)	0.00018	(96.7)	
2165	(0.0009)	0.0003	0.0010	(<0.0001)	0.0002			(0.003)					
2166	(0.0004)	0.003	0.0005	(<0.0001)	0.0005	•		(0.003)					
2167	(0.001)	(<0.0001)	0.0020	(<0.0001)	0.0007			(0.0003)					
2168	(<1.0)*	(<1.0)*	(<3.0)*	(<3.0)*		(<2.0))* (-	<1.0)*					
SRM	Mg	Zn	Pr	G	e	0]	Н	Au		Hf	Sr	
361	0.00026					0.0009)	•	0005)	(<0.000			<0.0005)	
362	0.00068					0.00107)		0005)	(<0.000			<0.0005)	
363	0.00062					0.00066)		0005)	0.000	-		<0.0005)	
364	0.00016	[0.001	[(0.00	0.0	003] (0	0.0010)	(<0.	0005)	0.000	1 (0.	.0013)	(0.001)	
2165	(<0.0001)												
2166	(<0.0001)												
2167 2168	(<0.0001) (<5.0)*	(<5.0)*				0.010	Cd (<1.						

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only. Values in brackets are approximate values from heat analysis and are given for information only.

^{*}Value is in mg/kg.

101. High Alloy Steels (chip form) [150-g units (unless otherwise noted)]

SRM	Туре						Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)							
		J 1			۰	С]	Mn	P	S		Si	Cu	
										Cor	mb			
126c	High	Nickel (3	6% Ni)			0.02	25 0	.468	0.004	1 0.0	005	0.194	0.040	
344	Cr–N	i (Mo Pre	ecipitatio	n Harde	ning)	0.00	69 0	.57	0.018	0.0)19	0.395	0.106	
345a		i (Cu Pre			-	0.04	40 0	.79	0.024	1 0.0)12	0.61	3.39	
346a	Valve	-	•		<i>C</i> ,	0.50	02 9	.16	0.031	0.0	002	0.219	0.375	
348a	High	Temperat	ure Allo	y (A286) Ni–Cr	0.04	44 0	.64	0.023	0.0	0007	0.43	0.14	
862		Temperat				0.12	20 1	.59	0.002	0.0	8000	0.017	0.0010	
868					-Co (100 g)	0.02	22 0	.052	<0.003	0.0	0025	0.097	0.022	
SRM	Ni	Cr	v	Мо	Со	Ti	A (tota		Nb	Та		В	Fe	
126c	36.05	0.062	0.001	0.011	0.008									
344	7.28	14.95	0.040	2.40		0.076	1.1	16						
345a	4.27	15.52	0.080	0.43	0.099	(<0.01)	(<0.0)1)	0.27	(<0.01)	(< 0.001)	N 0.031	
346a	3.43	21.08	0.096	0.237	(0.05)	(<0.001)	(0.0	001)	(0.01)	Sn (0.008)	(<0.001)	N 0.442	

2.12

1.48

W 15.1

0.24

(<0.01)

0.99

(0.07)

(<0.005)

2.99

W (0.07)

(<0.01)

0.003

0.0055

0.0078

(<0.0001)

(55.2)

40.5

1.80

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

0.005 N 0.026

1.18

0.014

0.15

51.5

16.1

101. Gases in Metals (rod form)

0.077 0.077

348a

862

868

24.2

9.74

37.78

14.8

20.0

These SRMs are for determining hydrogen, oxygen, and nitrogen by vacuum fusion, inert gas fusion, and neutron activation methods.

SRM	Туре	Oxygen (in mg/kg)	Hydrogen (in mg/kg)	Nitrogen (in mg/kg*)
1090	Ingot Iron	491		(60)
1091a	Stainless Steel (AISI 431)	132.2		(876)
1093	Valve Steel	60		
1094	Maraging Steel	4.5		(71)
*1095	Steel (AISI 4340)	9	(<5)	(37)
*1096	Steel (AISI 94B17)	10.7	(<5)	40.4
*1097	Cr–V Steel (mod.)	6.6	(<5)	(<11)
*1098	Steel (High Carbon)	10	(<5)	32
*1099	Electrolytic Iron	61	(<5)	(13)
1754	Low Alloy Steel (AISI 4320)	24		81

^{*}These SRMs are sold only as a set designated SRM 1089.

101.	Stainless Steels	(chip form)	[150-g units	(unless otherwise noted)]
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SRM		Туре]	Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in					in %)
								С	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu
73c	Cr (SA	AE 420)					0	.310	0.330	0.018	0.036	0.181	0.080
101g	AISI 3	304 L (1	00 g)				0	.0136	0.085	0.007	0.0078	1.08	0.029
121d	Cr-Ni-	-Ti (AIS	SI 321)				0	.067	1.80	0.019	0.013	0.54	0.121
123c	Cr-Ni-	-Nb (Al	SI 348)				0	.056	1.75	0.024	0.014	0.59	0.103
133c	Cr–Mo)					I	n Prep					
160b	Cr-Ni-	-Mo (A	ISI 316)				0	.044	1.64	0.020	0.016	0.509	0.172
166c	Carbo	n Only (100 g)				0	.0078					
339	Cr-Ni-	-Se (SA	E 303Se)			0	.052	0.738	0.129	0.013	0.654	0.199
343a	Cr-Ni	(AISI 4	31)				0	.149	0.42	0.026	0.001	0.545	0.162
367	Cr-Ni	(AISI 4	46)				0	.093	0.315	0.018	0.016	0.58	
893	Cr (SA	AE 405)					0	.027	0.378	0.022	0.0003	0.326	0.261
895	Cr-Mr	n (SAE	201)				0	.066	7.09	0.038	0.0033	0.399	0.439
SRM	Ni	Cr	V	Мо	Со	Ti	Nb		Та	Pb	Se		N
73c	0.246	12.82	0.030	0.091									0.037
73c 101g	0.246 10.00	12.82 18.46	0.030 0.041	0.091 0.004	0.09								0.037
73c 101g 121d	0.246 10.00 11.17	12.82 18.46 17.43			0.09 0.10	0,342							0.037
101g	10.00	18.46		0.004		0.342	0,65	<0.	001				0.037
101g 121d	10.00 11.17	18.46 17.43		0.004 0.165	0.10	0.342	0,65	<0.	001	0.001			0.037
101g 121d 123c	10.00 11.17 11.34	18.46 17.43 17.40	0.041	0.004 0.165 0.22	0.10 0.12	0.342	0.65	<0.	001	0.001	0.2	 47	
101g 121d 123c 160b	10.00 11.17 11.34	18.46 17.43 17.40 18.45	0.041	0.004 0.165 0.22 2.38	0.10 0.12 0.101	0.342	(0.01)				0.2 B (<0.0		
101g 121d 123c 160b 339	10.00 11.17 11.34 12.26 8.89	18.46 17.43 17.40 18.45 17.42	0.041 0.047 0.058	0.004 0.165 0.22 2.38 0.248	0.10 0.12 0.101 0.096				0.001	0.001 (<0.0001)			0.039
101g 121d 123c 160b 339 343a	10.00 11.17 11.34 12.26 8.89 2.16	18.46 17.43 17.40 18.45 17.42 15.64	0.041 0.047 0.058 0.056	0.004 0.165 0.22 2.38 0.248	0.10 0.12 0.101 0.096			Al (0	0.001)		B (<0.0	001)	0.039

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

101. Tool Steels (chip form) [150-g units]

SRM	Туре				Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in						
	- J.F.				C	Mn	P	9	8	Si	Cu
								Grav	Comb		
50c	W-Cr-V				0.719	0.342	0.022	0.010	0.009	0.311	0.079
132b	Tool Steel (AISI M2)			0.864	0.341	0.012		0.004	0.185	0.088
134a	Mo-W-Cr-V	,			0.808	0.218	0.018	0.007	0.007	0.323	0.101
2172	S-7 Tool Steel				0.480	0.61	0.008		0.0031	0.263	0.083
SRM		Ni	Cr	V	Mo	W	7	Co	Sn	As	N
50c		0.069	4.13	1.16	0.082	18.4	 4		0.018	0.022	0.013
132b		0.230	4.38	1.83	4.90	6.2	28	0.029			
134a		0.088	3.67	1.25	8.35	2.0	Ю				
2172		1.04	3.11	0.234	1.37						

Steel SRMs described in this and the following three pages are furnished in various forms. The 600 series is for microchemical methods of analysis, such as electron probe microanalysis and laser probe analysis. The 1100, 1200, and 1700 series are for optical emission and x-ray spectrometric methods of analysis. These materials have been prepared to ensure high homogeneity.

Nominal Sizes for Solid Steel SRMs:

600 Series: 3.2 mm diameter and 51 mm long.

1100 and 1200 Series: 31 mm diameter and 19 mm thick.

1700 Series: 34 mm diameter and 19 mm thick.

A "C" preceding the SRM number indicates a chill cast sample; 31 mm diameter and 19 mm thick.

101. Low Alloy Steels (disk and rod forms)

SRM	Туре	Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)							
Sidil	*JPC	C	Mn	P	S	Si			
661	AISI 4340	0.392	0.66	0.015	0.015	0.223			
663	Cr–V (mod.)	0.57	1.50	0.029	0.0055	0.74			
664	High Carbon (mod.)	0.871	0.258	0.010	0.025	0.066			
665	Electrolytic Iron	0.008	0.0057	0.0025	0.0059	0.0080			
1134	High Silicon	0.026	0.277	0.028	0.009	2.89			
1135	High Silicon	0.027	0.094	0.006	0.026	3.19			
1218	High Silicon, Low Carbon & Sulfur	0.0029	0.014	(0.002)	0.0011	(3.2)			
C1221	Resulfurized/Rephosphorized AISI 1211 (mod.)	0.020	0.102	0.090	0.112	0.876			
1222	Cr–Ni–Mo (AISI 8640)	0.43	0.78	0.013	0.022	0.24			
1224	Carbon (AISI 1078)	0.75	0.41	0.009	0.039	0.173			
1225	Low Alloy (AISI 4130)	0.274	0.48	0.007	0.014	0.221			
1226	Low Alloy	0.085	0.274	0.0022	0.0044	0.231			
1227	Basic Open Hearth, 1% C	0.97	0.402	0.014	0.026	0.215			
1228	0.1% C	0.072	0.365	0.004	0.018	0.007			
1254	Low Alloy (Calcium only)	Ca 0.0053							
1261a	AISI 4340	0.391	0.67	0.016	0.015	0.228			
1262b	AISI 94B17	0.160	1.05	0.044	0.037	0.40			
1263a	Cr–V (mod.)	0.57	1.50	0.029	0.0055	0.74			
1264a	High Carbon (mod.)	0.871	0.258	0.010	0.025	0.066			
1265a	Electrolytic Iron	0.0067	0.0057	0.0011	0.0055	0.0080			
1269	Line Pipe (AISI 1526 mod.)	0.298	1.35	0.012	0.0061	0.189			
1270	Cr-Mo Low Alloy, A336 (F-22)	0.077	0.626	0.0065	0.0065	0.247			
1271	Ni-Cr-Cu-Mo (HSLA 100)	0.064	0.73	0.005	0.0013	0.334			
C1285	Low Alloy (A242 mod.)	0.058	0.332	0.072	0.020	0.36			
1286	Low Alloy (HY 80)	0.196	0.152	0.008	0.017	0.130			
1761	Low Alloy Steel	1.03	0.678	0.040	0.035	0.18			
1762	Low Alloy Steel	0.337	2.00	0.034	0.030	0.35			
1763	Low Alloy Steel	0.203	1.58	0.012	0.023	0.63			
1764	Low Alloy Steel	0.592	1.21	0.020	0.012	0.057			
1765	Low Alloy Steel	0.006	0.144	0.0052	0.0038	(0.004)			
1766	Low Alloy Steel	0.015	0.067	0.002	0.0024	0.010			
1767	Low Alloy Steel	0.052	0.022	0.0031	0.0090	0.026			
1768	High-Purity Iron	0.0010	0.0014	0.0013		(<10.0)*			

^{*}Value is in mg/kg.

01.	Low Al	loy Steels	s (disk ar	nd rod forn	ns) – Contin	ued	
SRM	As	Sn	Al (total)	В	Pb	Ag	Ge
661 663 664 665	0.017 0.010 0.052 (0.0002)	0.011 (0.095) [0.005] (<0.0005)	0.021 0.024 (0.008) (0.0007)	0.0005 0.0009 0.011 0.00013	0.000025 0.0022 0.024 0.000015	0.0004 (0.0038) (0.00002) (<0.00002)	[0,006] [0.010] [0.003] (<0.0050)
1134 1135 1218 C1221 1222		0.003 0.004	0.329 0.0028 0.005 0.111 (0.038)				
1224 1226 1227 1228		(0.003)	0.060 0.054 (0.028) 0.061		(0.0001)		
1261a 1262b 1263a 1264a 1265a 1269	0.017 0.096 0.010 0.052 (0.0002) (0.006)	0.010 0.016 0.104 (0.008) <2 (0.039)	0.021 0.081 0.24 (0.0080) (0.0007) 0.016	0.0025 (0.011) 0.00013 (<0.0001)	0.000025 0.0004 0.0022 0.024 0.000015 0.005	0.0004 0.0011 0.0037 (0.000002) <0.2 (0.0002)	[0.006] [0.002] [0.010] [0.003] <50
1270 1271 C1285 1286 1761 1762	(0.02) (0.022) 0.019 0.011 0.018	(0.02) 0.35 0.012 (0.05) 0.046	(0.005) 0.020 (0.12) 0.109 0.06 0.069	(0.0033) (0.006) 0.0020 0.0049	(0.0016)	(0.0001)	
1763 1764 1765 1766 1767 1768	0.055 0.010 0.0010 0.0035 0.0005 (<1.0)*	0.011 (0.02) 0.002 0.0010 0.006 (<1.0)*	0.043 0.009 (0.006) 0.012 0.004 0.0024	0.0054 0.0010 0.0009 0.00012 0.0010 (<2.0)*	0.0003 0.003 (0.0001) (<1.0)*	0.0002 0.0005 0.0008	
SRM	0	N	Н	Nb	Se	Та	Zr
661 663 664 665	(0.0009) (0.0007) [0.0017] (<0.0070)	(0.0037) (0.0041) [0.003] (<0.0020)	[<0.0005] [<0.0005] [<0.0005] (<0.0005)	0.022 0.049 0.157	0.004 [0.0001] [0.0003]	0.020 (0.053) 0.11	0.009 0.050 0.069
1218 C1221 1222 1226 1227 1261a 1262b	(0.0009) (0.0011)	(0.007) (0.0037) (0.0040)	(<0.0005) (<0.0005)	(0.002) (0.005) 0.022 0.30	0.004 (0.0012)	0.021 0.20	(0.002) (0.0017 (0.001) (0.010) (0.0006 0.009 0.22
1263a 1264a 1265a 1271 C1285	(0.00066) (0.0010) <70	(0.0041) (0.0032) <20	(<0.0005) (<0.0005) <5	0.049 0.157 0.025	(0.00016) (0.00021)	(0.053) 0.11	0.050 0.069 (0.02)
1286				(0.012)			(0.021)
1761 1762 1763 1764 1765		0.0044 0.0022 0.0044 0.0023 0.0010 0.0033		0.02 0.07 0.10 0.042 0.0004 0.005	(0.0035) (0.0035)	0.05 0.02 0.01 0.029 (0.004) (0.006)	0.01 0.03 0.04 0.0015 (0.0002
1766		0.0000					

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

Values in brackets are approximate values from heat analysis and are given for information only.

*Value is in mg/kg.

01.	Low Alloy	Steels (d	isk and	rod form	s) – Cor	ntinued		
SRM	Cu	Ni	Cr	V	Мо	W	Co	Ti
661	0.042	1.99	0.69	0.011	0.19	0.017	0.032	0.020
663	0.098	0.32	1.31	0.31	0.30	0.046	0.048	0.050
664	0.250	0.142	0.066	0.106	0.49	0.102	0.15	0.23
665	0,0058	0.041	0.007	0.0006	0.005	(<0.0001)	0.007	0.0006
1134	0.070	0.038	0.019		0.008			
1135	0.056	0.050	0.022	< 0.01	0.014			
1218	0.003	(0.002)	0.006	(<0.001)	(0.003)		(0.002)	(0.004)
C1221	0.041	0.067	0.049	(0.0007)	0.038		(0.010)	(0.0014)
1222	0.097	0.51	0.48	0.005	0.18		(0.016)	(0.002)
1224	0.072	0.054	0.071	0.002	0.013			
1225		0.018	0.91	0.004	0.166			
1226	0.125	5.42	0.467	0.0018	0.446	(0.005)	0.029	0.0021
1227	0.006	0.007	0.019	0.002	0.003	0.003	(0.0008)	
1228	0.012	0.018	0.016	< 0.001	0.009			
1261a	0.042	2.00	0.693	0.011	0.19	0.017	0.032	0.020
1262b	0.51	0.59	0.30	0.041	0.070	0.20	0.57	0.100
1263a	0.098	0.32	1.31	0.31	0.030	0.046	0.048	0.050
1264a	0.250	0.142	0.066	0.106	0.49	0.102	0.15	0.24
1265a	0.0058	0.041	0.0072	0.0006	0.0050	<1	0.0070	(0.0001)
1269	0.095	0.108	0.201	0.004	0.036	(0.001)	(0.014)	(0.009)
1270	0.114	0.174	2.34	0.013	0.956	(0.003)	0.038	(0.003)
1271	1.48	3.34	0.552	0.003	0.543			
C1285	0.37	1.17	0.80	0.150	0.164	(0.03)	0.036	Ce (0.0021
1286	0.043	2.81	1.53	0.0057	0.334	(0.13)	0.116	0.040
1761	0.30	1.99	0.220	0.053	0.103	(0.02)	(0.028)	0.18
1762	0.120	1.15	0.92	0.200	0.35	(0.01)	0.062	0.095
1763	0.043	0.51	0.50	0.30	0.50	(0.03)	0.095	0.31
1764	0.51	0.000	1 40	0.106	0.200	(0.01)	(0.01)	0.000

SRM	Au	Ce	Hf	La	Nd	Pr	Fe
661	(<0.0005)	0.013	[0.00002]	0.0004	0.0003	(0.00014)	(95.6)
663	0.0005	(0.0016)	[0.0015]	0.0006	(0.0007)	(0.00018)	(94.4)
664	0.0001	(0.00025)	[0.005]	0.00007	(0.00012)	(0.00003)	(96.7)
665							99.9
1261a	(<0.00005)	0.0014	(0.0002)	0.0004	0.00029	(0.00014)	(95.6)
1262b	(0.00005)	0.0019	(0.0003)	(0.0004)	0.0006	(0.00012)	(95.3)
1263a	0.0005	0.0014	(0.0005)	0.0006	0.00060	(0.00018)	(94.4)
1264a	0.0001	0.00022	(0.0013)	0.00007	0.00007	(0.00003)	(96.7)
1265a			,			,	99.9
1764							(95.2)
1766		(0.002)					ì

0.106

0.0040

0.009

0.033

(<1.0)*

0.200

0.005

0.0035

0.020

(<3.0)*

(<0.01)

(<2.0)*

(0.001)

0.028

0.0055

0.0005

0.011

(<10.0)*

(0.01)

0.0012

0.0020

0.0050

0.0025

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

0.202

0.154

0.021

0.002

0.0014

0.51

0.0013

0.015

0.0014

0.0006

1.48

0.051

0.024

0.0015

(<2.0)*

1764

1765

1766

1767

1768

Values in brackets are approximate values from heat analysis and are given for information only.

^{*}Value is in mg/kg.

101. Low Alloy Steels (disk and rod forms) - Continued

SRM	Sb	Bi	Ca	Mg	Те	Zn
661	0.0042	0.0004	(<0.0001)	(0.0001)	0.0006	(0.0001)
663	0.002	(0.0008)	(<0.0001)	(0.0005)	(0.0022)	(0.0004)
664	(0.035)	(0.0009)	(<0.0001)	(0.0001)	[0.0002]	[0.001]
665	(<0.00005)	(<0.00001)	(<0.00001)	(<0.00002)	(<0.0001)	(<0.0003)
1261a	0.0042	0.0004	0.00002	0.00018	0.0006	(0.0001)
1262b	0.012	(0.002)	(0.0001)	0.0006	(0.001)	(0.0005)
1263a	0.002	(0.0008)	0.00013	0.00049	0.0009	(0.0004)
1264a	0.034	(0.0009)	0.00004	0.00015	0.00018	[0.001]
1265a						<3
C1285	(0.04)					
1765	0.0010	(<0.0001)		(<0.0001)	(0.003)	
1766	0.0005	(<0.0001)		(<0.0005)	(0.003)	
1767		(<0.0001)	(0.0003)	(<0.0001)	(0.0003)	
1768	(<1.0)*	(<4.0)*	(<1.0)*	(<6.0)*	(<1.0)*	(<1.0)*

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

101. High Temperature Alloys (chip and disk forms)

SRM	Тур	oe e			Unit	Size	E	lemer	ntal Cor	nposition	(mass fra	action, i	n %)
					(in	g)	(Mn	P	S	Si	Cu
866	Incolo	у ^{тм} 800			100		0.0	082	0.92	0.017	0.001	0.17	0.49
867	Incolo	y™ 825			100		0.0	021	0.39	0.018	0.002	0.32	1.74
1230	A 286				disk		0.0	044	0.64	0.023	0.0007	0.43	0.14
1246	Incolo	у ^{тм} 800			disk		0.0	082	0.91	0.018	0.001	0.18	0.49
1247	Incolo	у ^{тм} 825			disk		0.0	021	0.38	0.018	0.002	0.32	1.75 -
1250	Fe-Ni	•			disk			022	0.052	< 0.003	0.0025	0.097	0.022
C2400			el, ACI	(17/4 PH				036	0.71	0.013	0.003	0.61	2.63
C2401				-CD-4M			0.0	062	1.03	0.025	0.027	0.74	3.17
SRM	Ni	Cr	Mo	Co	Ti	Al	Nb	Ta	ı	Fe	W		В
								Ta	1		W		
866	30.8	20.1	0.36	0.075	0.31	0.29	(0.09)	Та	1	46.1	W		<0.001
866 867	30.8 43.5	20.1 23.4	0.36 2.73	0.075 0.089	0.31 0.75	0.29 0.062	(0.09) (0.45)			46.1 26.6			<0.001 0.002
866	30.8	20.1	0.36	0.075	0.31	0.29	(0.09)	V 0.		46.1	(0.0°	7)	<0.001
866 867 1230	30.8 43.5 24.2	20.1 23.4 14.8	0.36 2.73 1.18	0.075 0.089 0.15	0.31 0.75 2.12	0.29 0.062 0.24	(0.09) (0.45) (0.07) (0.09)			46.1 26.6 (55)		7)	<0.001 0.002 0.0055
866 867 1230 1246	30.8 43.5 24.2 30.8	20.1 23.4 14.8 20.1	0.36 2.73 1.18 0.36	0.075 0.089 0.15 0.076	0.31 0.75 2.12 0.32	0.29 0.062 0.24 0.30	(0.09) (0.45) (0.07) (0.09)	V 0.		46.1 26.6 (55) 46.2 26.5		7)	<0.001 0.002 0.0055 <0.001
866 867 1230 1246	30.8 43.5 24.2 30.8	20.1 23.4 14.8 20.1	0.36 2.73 1.18 0.36 2.73	0.075 0.089 0.15 0.076	0.31 0.75 2.12 0.32	0.29 0.062 0.24 0.30	(0.09) (0.45) (0.07) (0.09)	V 0.	23	46.1 26.6 (55) 46.2	(0.0	7) 7 7	<0.001 0.002 0.0055 <0.001

Values in brackets are approximate values from heat analysis and are given for information only.

^{*}Value is in mg/kg.

101. Stainless Steels (disk form)

SRM		Туре					Elemer	ntal Co	mpositio	n (mass	fraction,	, in %)	
		J 1				C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr
C1151a	23Cr-	-7Ni				0.034	2.39	0.017	0.038	0.29	0.385	7.25	22.59
C1152a	18Cr-	-11Ni				0.142	0.95	0.023	0.0064	0.64	0.097	10.86	17.76
C1153a	17Cr-	–9Ni				0.225	0.544	0.030	0.019	1.00	0.226	8.76	16.70
C1154a	19Cr-	–13Ni				0.100	1.44	0.06	0.051	0.53	0.44	13.08	19.31
1155	Cr-N	li–Mo (A	AISI 31	6)		0.046	1.63	0.020	0.018	0.502	0.169	12.18	18.45
1171	Cr-N	li–Ti (Al	ISI 321)		0.067	1.80	0.018	0.013	0.54	0.121	11.2	17.4
1172	Cr-N	Ii–Nb (A	AISI 34	8)		0.056	1.76	0.025	0.014	0.59	0.105	11.35	17.40
1219	Cr-N	i (AlSI	431)			0.149	0.42	0.026	0.001	0.545	0.162	2.16	15.64
1223	Chro	mium St	teel			0.127	1.08	0.018	0.329	0.327	0.081	0.232	2 12.64
C1287	High	Alloy (AISI 3	10 mod.)		0.36	1.66	0.029	0.024	1.66	0.58	21.16	23.98
C1288		Alloy (A				0.056		0.023	0.010	0.41	3.72	29.3	19.55
1295		SAE 405				0.027	0.387	0.022	0.0003	0.321	0.260	0.194	
C1296		-3Mo (S		0)		0.038	0.256	0.024	0.013	0.66	0.056	0.373	3 27.90
1297	Cr-N	Ii–Mn (S	SAE 20	01)		0.066	7.11	0.038	0.0033	0.397	0.442	5.34	16.69
SRM	V	Mo	Co	Ti	N	Al	Nb	7	ľa –	W	F	Pb	Zr
C1151a	0.040	0.79	0.033		(0.21)	(0.003)	(0.015	5) (0.	004)		0./	0039	
C1152a	0.033	0.44	0.22		(0.055)	(0.004)	(0.15)		001)			0047	
C1153a		0.24	0.127	(0.013)	(0.11)	(0.004)	. ,	•	03)			006	(0.0001
C1154a	0.135	0.068	0.38	(0.004)	(0.077)		(0.22)	(0.	045)		0.	017	(0.001)
1155	0.047	2.38	0.101	(******)	(/		(/	(**	/			.001	(*****)
1171		0.165		0.34									
1172		0.22	0.12				0.65	<0.	001				
1219	0.056			(<0.001)	0.078	(0.001)	(0.01)			(0.02)	(<0.	0001)	B (<0.001
				(A AAA &)	(0.05)	(.0.005)		C (0	004) Ca (<0.0005)			(0.0001
1223	0.068	0.053	Mg	(<0.0005)	(0.05)	(<0.005)		5n (U.	004) Cal	<0.00031			(0.0001
1223 C1287	0.068 0.09	0.053 0.46	Mg 0.31	(< 0.0005) 0.050	(0.05) (0.034)	(<0.005)	(0.07)		004) Ca (017)	<0.0003)	0.0	.008	(0.006)

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

0.331 0.127 (<0.0004) Sn (<0.010)

0.023 0.020 (0.01) Sn (0.02)

0.23

Sn (<0.01)

0.026

101. Specialty Steels (disk form)

3.43

1295

1297

C1296

0.082

0.134

0.080

SRM	Type				Elei	mental	Comp	osition ((mass f	raction	, in %)	
	-,, p=	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	V	Mo	W	Co
1157	Tool (AlSI M2)	0.836	0.34	0.011	0.004	0.18	0.088	0.228	4.36	1.82	4.86	6.28	0.028
1158	High Nickel (Ni 36)	0.025	0.468	0.004	0.005	0.194	0.039	36.03	0.062	0.001	0.010		0.008
1233	Valve Steel	0.502	9.16	0.031	0.002	0.219	0.375	3.43	21.08	0.096	0.237	(0.01)	
1772	Tool (S-7)	0.447	0.61	0.008	0.003	0.264	0.083	0.105	3.10	0.236	1.38		

(0.20) (<0.0005)

(0.003) (<0.009)

0.20

0.035

(<0.001)

(<0.001)

(<0.001)

(0.002)

(<0.01)

(0.03)

(0.0001) As (0.006)

(<0.001) As (<0.01)

(<0.0001) As (0.005)

101. Steelmaking Alloys (powder form)

These SRMs are for checking chemical methods of analysis for major constituents and selected minor elements. They are furnished as fine powders (usually <0.1 mm).

SRM	Туре		Unit Siz	ze	Elen	nental	Composi	ition (mass	fraction,	in %)	
			(in g)	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	O
57a	Silicon Metal		60	0.024	0.015	0.003	0.003	98.55	0.004	0.008	(~0.3)
58a	Ferrosilicon (Regular Gr		75	0.014	0.16	0.009	<0.002	2 73.20	0.024	0.012	(0.20)
59a	Ferrosilicon		50	0.046	0.75	0.016	0.002	48.10	0.052	0.033	
64c	Ferrochromiu High Carbo		100	4.68	0.16	0.020	0.067	1.22	0.005	0.43	
68c	Ferromangane High Carbo		100	6.72	80.04	0.19	0.008	0.225			
90	Ferrophospho	rus	75		2	26.2					
195	Ferrosilicon (High-Purity	75% Si-	75	0.034	0.17	0.017	0.001	75.3	0.047	0.032	(0.42)
196	Ferrochromiu Low Carbo	m,	100	0.035	(0.282)	0.020	0.003	0.373	i		
347	Magnesium F	errosilicon	100	0.017	0.53	0.023	0.005	47.6	0.065	0.082	
689	Ferrochromiu	m Silicon	100	0.043	0.32	0.026	0.002	39.5	0.013	0.20	(0.06)
SRM	Cr V	Mo	Ti	Al	Nb		Zr	Ca	Fe	В	As
57a	0.024 0.013	Pb<0.001	0.040	0.47			0.002	0.17	0.50	0.001	<0.001
58a	0.020 (0.002)	(0.01)	0.051	0.95	Co < 0.01		0.002	0.30	25.23	0.0010	(0.0020)
59a	0.080			0.35				0.042	50.05	0.058	
64c	68.00 0.15		0.02		Co 0.051	l		N 0.045	24.98		
68c	0.074								12.3		0.021
90											
195 196	<0.01 (0.001) 70.83 (0.12)	(0.01)	0.037	0.046	Co <0.01		0.011	0.053	23.6	0.0010	(0.0024)
	0.14		0.036	0.78		Co	0.004	0.81	Mg 4.49	Ce 0.45	La 0.26
347											

101. Cast Irons (chip form)

These SRMs are furnished in 150-g units (unless otherwise noted) for use in checking chemical methods of analysis.

SRM	Type			Liemo	ental Col	iiibositio	n (mass fr	action, 1	11 %)	
			(C	Mn	P	S		Si	Cu
			Total (Graphitic	:		Grav	Comb		
4L	Cast		3.21	2.66	0.825	0.149		0.043	1.33	0.240
5m	Cast		2.59		0.74	0.32		0.133	1.83	0.89
6g	Cast		2.85	2.01	1.05	0.557		0.124	1.05	0.502
7g	Cast (High Phosphorus	s)	2.69	2.59	0.612	0.794	0.061	0.060	2.41	0.128
82b	Cast (Ni-Cr)		2.85	2.37	0.745	0.025		0.007	2.10	0.038
107c	Cast (Ni-Cr-Mo)		2.99	1.98	0.480	0.079		0.059	1.21	0.205
115a	Cast (Cu-Ni-Cr)		2.62	1.96	1.00	0.086	0.064	0.065	2.13	5.52
122i	Cast		3.47		0.530	0.28		0.087	0.89	0.033
334	Gray Cast (Carbon &	Sulfur)	2.83					0.043		
338	White Cast (Carbon &	Sulfur)	3.33					0.015		
341	Ductile		1.81	1.23	0.92	0.024	0.007	0.007	2.44	0.152
342a	Nodular		1.86	1.38	0.274			0.006	2.73	0.135
890	HC 250+V		2.91		0.62	0.025		0.015	0.67	0.055
891	Ni-Hard, Type I		2.71		0.55	0.038		0.029	0.56	0.150
892	Ni-Hard, Type IV		3.33		0.76	0.054		0.015	1.83	0.270
SRM	Ni	Cr	v		M	0	Co			Ti
4L	0.042	0.118	0.02	4	0.0	40	Zn(<0.0	01)	(0.03)
5m	0.041	0.080	0.03		0.0	29				0.097
6g	0.135	0.370	0.05		0.0					0.059
7g	0.120	0.048	0.01	0.010 0.013		12				0.044
82b	1.22	0.333	0.02		0.0					0.027
107c	2.20	0.693	0.01		0.8					0.019
115a	14.49	1.98	0.01		0.0					0.020
122i	0.047	0.151	0.01		0.0					0.024
341	20.32	1.98	0.01	2	0.0	10				0.018
342a	0.058	0.034	0.45		0.0		40.0	_		0.020
890	0.397	32.4	0.45		0.0		(0.0)			0.01)
891 892	4.48 5.53	2.23 10.18	0.03 0.04		0.2 0.2		0.1 0.3			(0.01) (0.02)
SRM	As	Sn	Al (tot	al)	Mg		N			Fe
			·			01)				
4L 5m	(0.03)	(0.004)	(0.00	4)	Sb (<0.0	01)	0.0	016) 06	PD ((0.001)
6g	0.042						0.0			
7g	0.014						0.0	04		
341					0.0	68				
342a					0.0	70				
890	(800.0)		(<0.01	*			(0.0)		,	1.8)
891	(0.004)	(<0.01)	(0.00				(0.0)	-	,	8.5)
892	(0.006)	(0.02)	(0.00)19)		7.4)

101. Cast Steels, White Cast Irons, and Ductile Irons (disk form)

These SRMs are for analysis of cast steels and cast irons by rapid instrumental methods.

SRM	Тур	e.			Eleme	ntal Co	mpositio	n (mass fi	raction,	in %)	
DINI	*31			С	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr
C1137a	White Cast	Iron		2.86	0.52	0.087	0.017	1.15	0.192	2.17	0.643
1138a	Cast Steel (1	No. 1)		0.118	0.35	0.035	0.056	0.25	0.09	0.10	0.13
1139a	Cast Steel (1			0.790	0.92	0.012	0.013	0.80	0.47	0.98	2.18
C1145a	White Cast			2.92	0.187	0.215	0.191	0.271	0.46	0.62	0.63
C1173	Cast Steel 3			0.453	0.174	0.031	0.092	1.38	0.204	4.04	2.63
1173	Ni-Cr-Mo-	V Steel		0.423	0.19	0.033	0.092	1.28	0.204	4.06	2.70
C1290	High Alloy	(HC-250+V)		3.04	0.66	0.030	0.013	0.971	0.065	0.917	30.5
C1291		Ni-Hard, Ty	pe I)	2.67	1.14	0.028	0.032	1.34	0.26	4.34	2.78
C1292	High Alloy	(Ni–Hard, Ty	pe IV)	3.47	0.55	0.049	0.016	0.59	0.36	5.04	11.4
C2423	Ductile Iron		,	3.76	0.98	0.27	(0.0006)		1.55	0.146	0.322
C2423a	Ductile Iron			3.66	0.91		(<0.001)	1.59	1.61	0.147	0.322
C2424	Ductile Iron	С		2.68	0.268	0.041	0.024	3.37	0.125	0.061	0.13
C2424a	Ductile Iron	D		2.76	0.207	0.034	0.016	3.30	0.099	0.045	0.15
SRM	v	Mo	Ti	As		Al					Со
C1137a	0.019	0.86	(0.04)			(0.007) N		Mg 0.03	2		Ce0.016
1138a	0.020	0.05	(0.0012)	(<0.00	15)	(0.06		Fe (98.7)	#	`	20.010
1139a	0.26	0.51	(0.004)	(<0.00		(0.13		Fe (93.0)			
C1145a	0.112	0.48	0.012	(0.02	-	(0.04		16 (25.0)			0.058
C1173	0.42	1.46	0.037	(0.0)	2)	(0.005)		Pb (0.00	06)		(0.064)
1173	0.42	1.50	(0.015)	(0.0	-)	(0.00	,5)	Nb (0.04			(0.064)
C1290	0.442	(0.041)	(0.015)					110 (0.01	<i>U</i>)		(0.001)
C1291	0.031	0.32									
C1292 C2423	0.041 0.048	0.25 0.155	0.10			(0.09))				(0.02)
C2423a	0.043	0.159	0.10			(0.09					(0.02) (0.02)
C2423a	0.043	0.139	0.050			(<0.01	,				(0.02) (0.05)
C2424a	0.083	0.019	0.045			(<0.01	*				(0.05)
SRM		M	g	C	e			La			В
C2423		0.0	58	0.0)36		C	0.011			(0.01)
C2423a		0.0)31			.0042			(0.01)
C2424		0.0			0046			.0011			(0.002)
LZ4Z4			14		0053			.0010			(0.001)

102. Nonferrous Metals

Aluminum Base Alloys (chip and disk forms)

These SRMs are for analyses of casting and other aluminum alloys by chemical and instrumental methods. SRMs 1710 through 1719 are specially prepared to include low levels of cadmium and lead encountered in the analysis of recycled aluminum.

SRM	Туре		Uni	t Size		Elemen	ntal Co	mposition	n (mass frac	tion, in %	6)
	-JP0			g)	Mn	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	V	Cd
87a	Al–Si			75	0.26	6.24	0.30	0.57	0.11	<0.01	
855a	Casting Alloy	356		30	0.057	7.07	0.13	0.016	0.013	(0.01	2) Mn 0.060
856a	Casting Alloy		llings)	30	0.35	9.21	3.51	0.37	0.055	` 	
858	Alloy 6011			35	0.48	0.79	0.84	0,0006	0.0011	0.00	30
859	Alloy 7075			35	0.078	0.17	1.59	0.063	0.176	0.00	082
1258	Alloy 6011		d	isk	0.48	0.78	0.84	0.0006	0.0011		
1259	Alloy 7075		d	isk	0.079	0.18	1.60	0.063	0.173		
1710	Alloy 3004		d	isk							0.00084
1711	Alloy 3004		d	isk							0.00209
1712	Alloy 3004		d	isk							0.00516
1713	Alloy 5182		d	isk							0.00087
1714	Alloy 5182			isk							0.0020
1715	Alloy 5182			isk							0.00502
CDM	TP:	C	C-	E	_	DI.		4	7	7	D .
SRM	Ti	Sn	Ga	F	e 	Pb	N	⁄Ig	Zn	Zr	Be
87a	0.18	0.05	0.02	0.6		0.10		.37	0.16		
855a	0.15	0.010	Sr 0.018	0.1		0.019		.37	0.085	(0.003)	Ca (0.001)
856a	0.068	0.10		0.9	92	0.10	0	.061	0.96		
											< 0.0001
858	0.042				78			.01	1.04		
858 859	0.042 0.041				078 202			.01 .45	5.46		0.0026
859 1258			(0.010)	0.2			2				
859 1258 1259	0.041		(0.010) (0.022)	0.0	202		0 2	.45	5.46		0.0026
859 1258 1259 1710	(0.04)			0.0	202 079	0.00177	0 2	.98	1.03		<0.0026
859 1258 1259	(0.04)			0.0	202 079	0.00177 0.00639	0 2	.98	1.03		<0.0026
859 1258 1259 1710 1711 1712	(0.04)			0.0	202 079		0 2	.98	1.03		<0.0026
859 1258 1259 1710 1711	(0.04)			0.0	202 079	0.00639	0 2	.98	1.03		0.0026 <0.0001
859 1258 1259 1710 1711 1712	(0.04)			0.0	202 079	0.00639 0.01559	2 2 2	.98	1.03		<0.0026

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

102. Cobalt Base Alloys (chip and disk forms)

SRM	Туј	pe			-			Elem	ental C	omposition	(mass fr	action	, in %)
	71							C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu
862 1242			ture Allo		–(chip) (1 –(disk)	00 g)).120).126	1.59 1.58	0.002 0.002	0.0008 0.0007	0.017 0.016	
SRM	Ni	Cr	V	Fe	W	Co	N	A	.l	Та	Nb		В
862 1242	9.74 9.78	20.0 20.0	0.005 0.005	1.80 1.80	15.1 15.1	51.5 51.5	0.026 0.026	,	.01) .01)	(<0.01) (<0.01)	(<0.00)	,	(<0.0001) (<0.0001)

102. Copper Base Alloys (chip and rod forms)

SRM	Тур	e			Unit Siz	e Elei	mental Co	omposi	tion (mas	s fraction	, in %)
					(in g)	Cu	Ni		Fe	Zn	Pb
158a	Bronze, Silicor	1			150	90.93	0.0	001	1.23	2.08	0.097
458	Beryllium-Cop	per (17510)			50	(97.9)	1.6	50	0.060	0.002	0.002
459	Beryllium-Cop	per (17200)			50	(97.7)	0.0)39	0.079	0.002	0.001
460	Beryllium-Cop	per (17300)			50	(97.5)	0.0)31	0.098	0.004	0.258
871	Bronze, Phospi)		100	91.68			< 0.001	0.025	0.010
872	Bronze, Phospl	hor (CDA 544	()		100	87.36			0.003	4.0	4.13
874	Cupro-Nickel,			urity''	100	88.49	10.1	18	1.22	0.002	< 0.0005
875	Cupro-Nickel,				100	87.83	10.4	12	1.45	0.11	0.0092
879	Nickel Silver (CDA 762)			100	57.75	12.1	11	0.0020	30.04	0.002
880	Nickel Silver (CDA 770)			100	54.51	18.1	13	0.004	27.3	0.002
1034	Unalloyed Cop	per			rod	(99.96	(0.6)	5)*	(2.0)*	(<11)*	(0.5)*
1035	Leaded-Tin Br	onze Alloy			50	(78.5)	(0.7	75)	(0.001)	(0.25)	(13.5)
SRM	Mn	Sb	Sn	Cr	P	Ag	Si	Al	Te	Cd	Se
158a	1.11		0.96		0.026		3.03	0.46			
458	(<0.002)	(<0.005)		0.004		(0.01)	0.035	0.030			
459	(<0.003)	(<0.005)		0.005		(0.003)	0.077	0.044			
460	(<0.003)	(<0.005)		0.005		(0.002)	0.77	0.048			
871			8.14		0.082						
872			4.16		0.26						
874	0.0020	< 0.001	0.007		0.002		(0.0006)			< 0.0002	
875	<0.0007	<0.001	0.009		0.0020		(0.0008)		(<0.0001)	0.0022	0.0004
879	<0.001										
880	<0.001										
1034	(<0.1)*	(0.2)*	(<0.2)*	` ,		(8.1)*	(<2)*	(<2)*	(0.5)*	(<1)*	(3.3)*
1035	· . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(6.8)	((0.004)						
SRM	Bi	O Co	C	Au	Н	S		As	M	g	Ti
458		0.076	Be 0.360			(<0.0	02) Z r	(<0.00	0.00)3 (<	0.002)
459		0.221	Be 1.82			(<0.0	01) Z r	(<0.00	0.00)7 (<	0.003)
460		0.217	Be 1.86			(<0.0		(<0.00			0.003)
	< 0.0002	(0.06)	(0.0023))	(0.0016		011)	(<0.00			0.0001)
874						,			0.00)		0.0002)
874 875		(0.14)	(0.0035))	(0.004)	(0.0	(110	(0,00	710) (0.00	71U) (<	0.0002)
	0.003	(0.14) (3)* (0.2)*	(0.0035)) (<0.05		2.8	(011) *	(0.00)			0.0002)

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only. *Value is in mg/kg.

**Sulfur value is in mg/kg.

102. Copper Base Alloys (block and disk forms)

The SRMs with a "C" prefix are chill-cast blocks, 31 mm square and 19 mm thick; the others are wrought disks, 31 mm in diameter and 19 mm thick. Both forms have nearly identical elemental compositions.

SRM	Туре		Elem	ental Con	nposition	(mass fr	action, in	%)	
	-J.F.	Cu	Zn	Pb	Fe	Sn	Ni	Al	Sb
1104	Free-Cutting Brass	61.33	35.31	2.77	0.088	0.43	0.070		
1107	Naval Brass B	61.21	37.34	0.18	0.037	1.04	0.098		
1108	Naval Brass C	64.95	34.42	0.063	0.050	0.39	0.033		
1110	Red Brass B	84.59	15.20	0.033	0.033	0.051	0.053		
1111	Red Brass C	87.14	12.81	0.013	0.010	0.019	0.022		
1112 C1112	Gilding Metal A	93.38	6.30	0.057	0.070	0.12	0.100		
1113 C1113	Gilding Metal B	95.03	4.80	0.026	0.043	0.064	0.057		
1114 C1114	Gilding Metal C	96.45	3.47	0.012	0.017	0.027	0.021		
1115 C1115	Commercial Bronze A	87.96	11.73	0.013	0.13	0.10	0.074		
1116 C1116	Commercial Bronze B	90.37	9.44	0.042	0.046	0.044	0.048		
1117 C1117	Commercial Bronze C	93.01	6.87	0.069	0.014	0.021	0.020		
C1122	Beryllium-Copper	97.45	(0.01)	(0.003)	0.16	(0.01)	(0.01)	0.17	
1276a	Cupro-Nickel (CDA 715)) 67.8	0.038	0.004	0.56	0.023	30.5		0.0004
SRM	Be C	d	Mn	ı	P		Si		Ag
1104					0.005	5			
C1106			0.00	5					
1108 C1108			0.02	.5					
1112 C1112					0.009)			
1113 C1113					0.008	}			
1114 C1114					0.009)			
1115 C1115					0.005	5			
1116 C1116							0.008		
1117 C1117					0.002	2			
C1122	1.75		(0.00	94)	(0.004	4)	0.17		(0.005
1276a	0.0	0002	1.01		0.006	5			
	Со		Cr			Se			Mg
SRM									
SRM C1122	0.220		(0.002)						

102. Copper "Benchmark" (chip and rod forms)
[150-g units (unless otherwise noted)]

S	SRM		(II)	(m	Cu nass frac	tion		Elen	nental (Compos	ition (in	mg/kg)	
Chip	Ro	d	Туре	(11	in %)	Sb	As	Bi	Cr	Co	Fe	Pb	Mn
393			alloyed Copper '	''O''	99.998	0.25	0.41	<0.1	<0.5	0.02	<1	0.039	<0.01
	49	4 Un	alloyed Copper 1		99.908	3 4.5	2.6	. 0.35	2.0	0.5	147	26.5	3.7
395	49	5 Un	alloyed Copper l		99.944	8.0	1.6	0.50	6.0		96	3.25	5.3
396	49	6 Un	alloyed Copper 1		99.955	<1	<0.2	0.07	4.3	0.4	143	0.41	7.5
	45	7 Un	alloyed Copper l		99.96	0.2	0.2	0.2	(0.3)	(0.2)	2.0	0.5	<0.1
398			alloyed		99.98	7.5	25	2.0	(0.3)	2.8	11.4	9.9	(0.3)
	49		Copper \	V	99.98	7.4	25	2.0	(0.3)	2.7	11	10	(0.3)
399	49		alloyed Copper	VI	99.79	30	47	10.5	(0.5)	0.5	20.0	114	(0.3)
400	50	0 Un	copper alloyed Copper '		99.70	102	140	24.5	(0.5)	0.6	41	128	(0.2)
	C125	2 Ph	osphoriz Copper l	ed	99.89	42	115	21	7.4	90	(35)	60	(17)
454 ((35 g)	Un	alloyed Copper 2		99.84	24	46	19		(4)	(50)	66	
S	RM	Ni	Se	Ag	S	Te	Sn	Zn	Al	C	Cd	Au	Mg
393		0.05	<0.05	0.10		<0.5	<0.1	<0.1	<0.		0.1	<0.05	<0.1
	494	11.7	2.00	50.5	15	0.58	70	405	(<2		0.5)	(0.07)	(<1)
395	495	5.4	0.63	12.2	13	0.32	1.5	12.2	(<2		0.4)	(0.13)	(<1)
396	496	4.2	0.62	3.30	9.5	(0.02)	0.8	5.0	(<2		0.6)	(<0.05)	(<1)
200	457	0.6	4.2	8.1	(4)	0.29	<0.2	<11	(<2		(1)	(<0.05)	(<1)
398	498	7.0 7.0	17.5 17.5	20.1 20.1	(11) (11)	10.1 10.1	4.8 5	24 25	(<2 (<2		22) 22)	(0.1) (0.1)	(<1) (<1)
399	499	506	95	117	(10)	50	(~90)	45	(<2			(4)	(<1)
400			214	181		153	(~200)	114	(<2		(1)	(10)	(<1) (<1)
,,,,	C1252		53.6	166.6	(29)	51	(110)	60	(7			34.9	(20)
454		(150)	479	286	()	27	2.2	7				7.5	(-0)
S	RM	Si		Be	В		Ca	Li	Pe	d	P	Ti	Zr
393	494	<0.		<0.01	<0.0>	1 <	0.05	<0.01	<0.0)5	<0.05	<0.5	<0.5
205	494	(<2											
395	495	(<2											
396 398	496	(<2											
	498	(<2 (<2											
370													
399	499	(<2											
399	500	(<2	2)										
399 400 454			2)	(<5)		(6	5)	(0.03)	(0.1				

The following four series of SRMs were produced through a cooperative program between NIST and the Institute for Non-Ferrous Metals (IMN), Gliwice, Poland and funded under the auspices of the Second Maria Sklodowska-Curie Fund. Development, characterization and certification of these brasses were carried out by IMN; homogeneity testing was performed by NIST. SRMs 1776 through 1280 are in the form of disks approximately 39.5 mm diameter and 20 mm thick; SRMs 1781 through 1785 are in the form of disks 39 mm diameter and 19 mm thick; SRMs 1786 through 1790 are in the form of disks 39 mm diameter and 25 mm thick; SRMs 1791 through 1795 are in the form of disks 38 mm diameter and 24 mm thick.

NOTE: Certification data for the Free Cutting Brasses, and Gilding Metals are concurrently undergoing review at the IMN and NIST. Therefore, when the Certificates of Analysis for these materials are issued, the actual certified values may differ from the "projected" values listed below.

102. Naval Brass (disk form)

SRM	Туре	Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)								
	<i>J</i> 1	Cu	Pb	Fe	Sn	Ni				
1776	Naval Brass WK1	59.97	0.17	0.28	0.11	0.28				
1777	Naval Brass WK2	60.56	0.33	0.16	1.34	0.21				
1778	Naval Brass WK3	62.10	0.11	0.06	0.49	0.13				
1779	Naval Brass WK4	63.28	0.05	0.08	1.04	0.07				
1780	Naval Brass WK5	64.92	0.006	0.01	0.47	0.005				
SRM	Al	Sb	Mn	, P	Si	Bi				
1776	0.11	0.024	0.12	0.030	0.30	0.014				
1777	0.08	0.019	0.09	0.018	0.23	0.012				
1778	0.04	0.013	0.04	0.018	0.15	0.009				
1779	0.01	0.006	0.02	0.011	0.08	0.005				
1780	0.004	0.002	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.001				

102. Free Cutting Brass (disk form) [See Note above.]

SRM	Туре		Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)									
	-JF-	Pb	Sn	Mn	Al	Fe	Si					
1781	Free Cutting Brass	WN1 0.51	1.00	0.57	0.33	0.23	0.16					
1782	Free Cutting Brass	WN2 1.58	0.68	0.73	0.24	0.29	0.22					
1783	Free Cutting Brass	WN3 2.62	0.39	0.39	0.14	0.062	0.12					
1784	Free Cutting Brass		0.13	0.13	0.047	0.11	0.036					
1785	Free Cutting Brass		0.019	0.0020	(0.0004)	0.0085	(0.0013					
SRM	P	Sb	Bi	As		Ni	Cu					
1781	0.031	0.099	0.023	0.035	,	0.050	57.97					
		0.10	0.025	0.011		0.19	60.38					
1782	0.051	0.10	0.035	0.011		0.19	00.56					
1782 1783	0.051 0.034	0.10	0.035	0.011		0.19	62.32					

102. Cartridge Brass (disk form) [See Note above.]

SRM		Туре			Element	al Compos	ition (mass	fraction, in	%)	
		-J P -		Fe	Pb	Ni	Mn	Cd	Sb	Sn
1786	Cartrio	dge Brass N	лнı	0.017	0.0065	0.26	0.035	0.026	0.0004	0.14
1787	Cartrio	dge Brass N	ЛH2	0.027	0.021	0.22	0.011	0.018	0.024	0.09
1783	Cartrio	dge Brass N	ЛН 3	0.081	0.078	0.10	0.085	0.0089	0.013	0.02
1788	Cartrio	dge Brass N	ЛH4	0.13	0.33	0.052	0.0017	0.0029	0.017	0.01
1780	Cartrio	dge Brass N	ЛН5	0.19	0.20	0.0072	0.072	0.0012	0.0035	0.00
SRM	Ag	As	Bi	P	S	Al	Te	Be	Si	Cu
1786	0.0029	0.067	0.0037	0.016	(0.0020)	0.0010	0.0004	0.0088	0.074	65.93
1787	0.011	0.041	0.0022	0.0055	(0.0068)	0.019	0.0015	0.0015	0.054	68.25
1788	0.0065	0.016	0.0011	0.0035	(0.013)	0.0081	0.0046	0.0003	0.031	71.28
1789		0.0011	0.0006	0.0022	(0.0054)	0.0027	0.0035	0.0045	0.016	69.94
1102					(0.025)	0.014	0.0047	0.00004		72.83

102. Gilding Metal (disk form) [See Note on previous page.]

-	SRM		Type			Ele	mental (Compositio	on (mass fra	ction, in %	(p)	
			-J P -		Fe	Pb)	Ni	Mn	Cd	Sb	Sn
	1791	Gildin	g Metal N	/ II1	0.25	0.00	060	0.0059	0.0030	0.023	0.000044	0.15
	1792	Gildin	g Metal N	1 112	0.16	0.01	6	0.018	0.0081	0.016	0.0019	0.10
	1793	Gildin	g Metal N	413	0.086	0.04	12	0.073	0.035	0.011		0.067
	1794	Gildin	g Metal N	1 14	0.041	0.07	70	0.14	0.050	0.0054	0.00067	0.013
	1795	Gildin	g Metal N	1 15	0.015	0.09	96	0.25	0.069	0.0012	0.0096	0.0040
	SRM	Ag	As	Bi	P	S	Al	Te	Be	Si	Zn	Cu
	1791	0.0038	0.072	0.00063	0.028	0.043	0.040	0.0065	0.000091	0.0032	3.57	95.69
	1792	0.0090	0.054	0.00056	0.022	0.049	0.055	0.011	0.00085	0.012	6.19	93.35
	1793	0.020	0.034	0.0026	0.015	0.023	0.015	0.0031	0.0019	0.031	8.01	91.46
	1794	0.026	0.0031	0.0026	0.0073	0.012	0.0079	0.0021	0.0065	0.060	11.13	88.35
	1795	0.033	0.015	0.0043	0.0026	0.0019	0.0021		0.0072	0.082	4.44	94.71

102. Lead Base Alloys (chip and disk forms)

[150-g units (unless otherwise noted)]

SRM	Туре	Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)									
Chip Disk	- J F -	Cu	Ni	As	Sn	Sb	Bi	Ag	Fe		
1129 (200 g)	Solder 63Sn-37Pb	0.16	0.010	0.055	62.7	0.13	0.13	0.075			
127b 1131	Solder 40Sn-60Pb	0.011	0.012	0.01	39.3	0.43	0.06	0.01			
53e 1132	Bearing Metal(Pb-Sb-Sn)	0.054	0.003	0.057	5.84	10.26	0.052		< 0.001		

102. Lead Base Material (disk form)

These SRMs are issued in the form of disks, 50 mm in diameter and 16 mm thick. They are intended for use with optical emission spectrometric methods of analysis.

SRM Type	C2415 Battery Lead	C2416 Bullet Lead	C2417 Lead Base Alloy	C2418 High Purity Lead
-7 F	· ·	l Composition (mass fi	· ·	g u,u
Sb	2.95	0.79	0.010	(<0.0001)
As	0.20	0.056	0.011	(<0.0001)
Bi	0.054	0.10	0.010	(<0.0005)
Cu	0.095	0.065	0.010	(<0.0001)
S	0.0026	0.0015	(<0.0005)	•
Ag	0.002	0.0044	0.010	0.0001
Sn	0.33	0.09	(<0.010)	(<0.0005)
Al	(<0.0003)	(<0.0001)	(<0.0001)	(<0.0001)
Cd	0.002	(0.0002)	(<0.0002)	0.0003
Ca	(<0.001)	(<0.001)	(<0.001)	(<0.0005)
Co	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(<0.0002)	(<0.0002)	(<0.0005)
Fe	< 0.001	(<0.0005)	(<0.0003)	(<0.0005)
Mn	< 0.001	(<0.0005)	(<0.0003)	(<0.0005)
Ni	< 0.001	(<0.0005)	(<0.0005)	(<0.0005)
Te	0.0045	(<0.0005)	(<0.0005)	(<0.0005)
Zn	< 0.001	(<0.0005)	(<0.0005)	(<0.0005)

102. Nickel Base Alloys (chip and disk forms)

SRM		Туре	Unit Size Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)								
		JF	(in g)	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr
349a	Waspa	nloy TM Ni–Co–C	Cr 150	0.035	0.019	0.003	0.0024	0.018	0.007	58.1	19.3
864	Incone	el TM 600	100	0.064	0.29	0.010	0.003	0.12	0.26	73.1	15.7
865	Incone	el™ 625	100	0.037	0.18	0.012	0.001	0.41	0.36	59.5	21.9
882	Ni–Cu	ı–Al	100	0.006	0.0007		0.0014	0.006	31.02	65.25	
1159		onic and Magne by Ni-Fe	etic disk	0.007	0.305	0.003	0,003	0.32	0.038	48.2	0.06
1160	Allo	onic and Magne by Ni–Mo	etic disk	0.019	0.550	0.003	0.001	0.37	0.021	80.3	0.05
1243	Waspa	ıloy TM	disk	0.024	0.019	0.003	0.0018	0.018	0.007	58.78	19.20
1244	Incone	el TM 600	disk	0.062	0.29	0.010	0.003	0.12	0.26	73.2	15.7
1245a	Incone	el TM 625	disk	0.037	0.18	0.012	0.001	0.41	0.37	59.7	22.0
C1248	Ni-Cu	1	disk	0.266	0.31	0.002	0.0008	1.61	29.80	65.75	0.095
1249	Incone	el TM 718	disk	0.038	0.109	0.013		0.106	0.145	53.3	18.5
C2402		lloy™ C	disk	0.010	0.64	0.007	0.018	0.85	0.19	51.5	16.15
SRM	Мо	Со	Ti	Al	В]	Fe	Та	V	Nb	W
349a	4.25	12.46	3.06	1.23	0.005	1	.15		0.12		
864	0.20	0.059	0.26	0.26	< 0.005		0.6			(0.14)	
865	8.6	0.072	0.28	0.21	<0.001		1.5			3.5	
000			0.57	2.85		0	0.009				
882						<i>C</i> 1	^				
882 1159	0.010	0.022	,			51					
	0.010 4.35	0.022 0.054					.0 l.3				
1159			3.06	1.23	0.005	14			0.12		
1159 1160	4.35	0.054		1.23 0.26	0.005 <0.05	14	1.3		0.12	(0.14)	
1159 1160 1243	4.35 4.25	0.054 12.46	3.06			14 0 9	l.3).79	<0.01	0.12	(0.14) 3.5	<0.001
1159 1160 1243 1244 1245a	4.35 4.25 0.20 8.5	0.054 12.46 0.058 0.071	3.06 0.25 0.28	0.26		14 0 9	l.3).79).6 l.5	<0.01		3.5	
1159 1160 1243 1244	4.35 4.25 0.20 8.5	0.054 12.46 0.058	3.06 0.25	0.26 0.19	<0.05	14 0 9	l.3).79).6	<0.01			

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

102. Trace Elements in Nickel Base Superalloys (chip form)

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Trace Composition (in mg/kg)							
	V I	(in g)	Pb	Bi	Se	Те	TI			
897	"Tracealloy" A	35	11.7	(0.5)	9.1	1.05	0.51			
898	"Tracealloy" B	35	2.5	(1.0)	2.00	0.54	2.75			
899	"Tracealloy" C	35	3.9	(0.3)	9.5	5.9	0.252			

SRM		Base Composition (mass fraction, in %)										
	C	Cr	Co	Ni	W	Nb	Al	Ti	В	Zr	Ta	Hf
897, 898, 899	(0.12)	(12.0)	(8.5)	(Bal)	(1.75)	(0.9)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(0.010)	(0.10)	(1.75)	(1.2)

102.	Ni	ckel	Oxio	des (powder	form	1)						
SRM	Ту	rpe	Unit	Size		E	lemental	Composi	tion (m	ass fractio	on, in %)		
	-,			g)	Mn	Si	Cu	Cr	Co	Ti	Al	Fe	Mg
671 672 673	Oxio Oxio Oxio	le 2	2	25 25 25	0.13 0.047 0.20 0.025 0.31 0.024 0.009 0.39 0.095 0.11 0.018 0.003 0.55 0.009 0.004 0.079 0.0037 0.006 0.002 0.0003 0.016 0.003 0.001 0.029								
SRM					Trac	e Compo	osition (in	mg/kg)					
	Pb	Se	Bi	As	Sn	Sb	Cd	(Ja	Ag	Te	Tl	Zn
671 672 673	16 38 3.5	2.0 0.40 0.2	0.07 0.3 0.06	(59) (74) (0.4)	(2.7) (4) (<0.5)	(0.	5) (1.7) ((0.8) 0.4) 0.1)	(0.5) (0.3) (<0.1)	(<0.2) (<0.2) (0.4)	(<0.1) (<0.1) (<0.1)	(160) (140) (1.7)

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

102.	Tin	Base	Alloys	(chip	form))
------	-----	------	--------	-------	-------	---

SRM	Type	Unit Size (in g)		Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)									
DICIVI			Pb	Sn	Sb	Bi	Cn	Fe	As	Ag	Ni		
54d	Bearing Metal	170	0.62	88.57	7.04	0.044	3.62	0.027	0.088	0.0032	0.0027		

Titanium Base Alloys (chip and disk forms) 102.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)										
SKW	турс	(in g)	C	Mn	Cr	Cu	Mo						
173b	Al-V	50	0.025			0.008	0.013						
641	8 Mn (A)	disk		6.68									
642	8 Mn (B)	disk		9.08									
643	8 Mn (C)	disk		11.68									
647	Al-Mo-Sn-Zr	50	0.006				1.96						
648	Al-Sn-Zr-Cr-Mo	50	0.011		3.84		3.75						
649	V-Al-Cr-Sn	50	0.011	(<0.01)	2.96	(<0.001)							
650	Unalloyed A	30		0.016	0.002	0.033	0.002						
651	Unalloyed B	30		0.005	0.037	0.032	0.031						
652	Unalloyed C	30		0.046	0.082	0.081	0.039						
654b	Al–V	disk			(0.025)	0.004	(0.013)						
1128	V-Al-Cr-Sn	disk	0.011	(<0.01)	2.96	(<0.003)	(0.006)						
2431	6Al-2Sn-4Zr-6Mo	50	0.006	(<0.01)	(<0.01)	(<0.01)	6.01						
2432	10V-2Fe-3Al	50	0.008	(<0.01)	(<0.01)	(<0.005)							
2433	Al-Mo-V	50					0.99						

SRM	Fe	Al	V	Sn	Si	N	W	Zr
173b	0.23	6.36	4.31	(0.03)	0.046	0.015		
647	0.075	5.88	(<0.02)	2.02		(<0.01)		3.90
648	0.15	5,13		1.98	0.027	(0.01)		1.84
649	0.133	3.08	15.1	3.04		(0.01)		
650	0.024	< 0.01	0.009	0.03	0.004	` /	1.55	
651	0.058	< 0.006	0.021	0.026	0.011		0.39	
652	0.67	0.039	0.024	0.053	0.16		0.5	
654b	0.023	6.34	4.31	0.023	0.045		Ni 0.028	0.008
1128	0.134	3.06	15.13	3.04		(0.01)		
2431	0.056	5.73	(<0.01)	1.98	0.088	Ni (<0.01)	(<0.001)	4.06
2432	1.77	3.15	10.00	B (<0.001)	0.029	Ni (<0.01)	(<0.001)	(<0.01)
2433	0.063	7.63	0.98	,		, ,	,	` ′

102. Zinc Base Alloys (chip and disk forms)

SRM	Туре		Unit Size	Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)										
	J.F		(in g)	Cu	Al	Mg	Fe	Pb	Cd	Sn	Cr			
94c	Die Casting Alloy		150	1.01	4.13	0.042	0.018	0.006	0.002	0.006				
625	Zinc-base A-ASTM	AG 40A	disk	0.034	3.06	0.070	0.036	0.0014	0.0007	0.0006	0.0128			
626	Zinc-base B-ASTM	AG 40A	disk	0.056	3.56	0.020	0.103	0.0022	0.0016	0.0012	0.0395			
627	Zinc-base C-ASTM	AG 40A	disk	0.132	3.88	0.030	0.023	0.0082	0.0051	0.0042	0.0038			
628	Zinc-base D-ASTM	AC 41A	disk	0.611	4.59	0.0094	0.066	0.0045	0.0040	0.0017	0.0087			
629	Zinc-base E–ASTM	AC 41A	disk	1.50	5.15	0.094	0.017	0.0135	0.0155	0.012	0.0008			
630	Zinc-base F-ASTM	AC 41A	disk	0.976	4.30	0.030	0.023	0.0083	0.0048	0.0040	0.0031			
631	Zinc spelter (mod.)		disk	0.0013	0.50 (<0.001)	0.005	(0.001)	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001			
SRM	Mn	Ni	Si		In	Ga		Ca	Ag	ş	Ge			
94c	0.014	0.006												
625	0.031	0.0184	0.017											
626	0.048	0.047	0.042											
627	0.014	0.0029	0.021				,							
628	0.0091	0.030	0.008											

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

0.0075

0.0027

(<0.0005)

 $0.078 \\ 0.022$

(0.002)

0.0017

0.0106

0.00015

629

630

631

102. Zirconium Base Alloys (chip and disk forms)

SRM	Type	Unit Siz	e		Ele	mental (Composit	ion (m	ass fract	ion, in	%)		
	- 3 1 -	(in g)		Mn	Hf	Cu	Ni	Cr	Ti	Sn	Fe	N	Al
360b	Zircaloy-4	100	0.011	0.0010	0.008	0.002	0.0025	0.10	0.002	1.55	0.21	0.0045	0.004

0.0023

(0.002)

< 0.001

(<0.0005)

(0.0002)

102. Gases in Metals (platelet form)

Hydrogen (in mg/kg)
49

103. Microanalysis

Metals (rod and wire forms)

SRM	Туре	Elem	Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %)										
	-0 F -	Au	Cu	Ag	W	Mo							
480	Tungsten-20% Mo Alloy				78.5	21.5							
481	Au 100 A	100.00											
	Au-20% Ag B	80.05		19.96									
	Au-40% Ag C	60.05		39.92									
	Au-60% Ag	40.03		59.93									
	Au-80% Ag E	22.43		77.58									
	Ag 100 F			100.00									
482	Au 100 A	100.00											
	Au-20% Cu B	80.15	19.83										
	Au-40% Cu C	60.36	39.64										
	Au-60% Cu	40.10	59.92										
	Au-80% Cu E	20.12	79.85										
	Cu 100 F		100.00										

103. Synthetic Glasses (rod form)

		SRM 1872			SRM 1873		
		Glass			Glass		
	K-453	K-491	K-968	K-458	K-489	K-963	
			Elemental Composi	tion (mass fraction, i	n %)		
Pb Si	54.21	54.69 (0.11)	54.74	23.05	(1.32) (22.23)	(21.96)	
Ge Ba	28.43	26.10	25.93 (0.46)	41.79	39.53	(0.47) 39.21	
Zn P			(0.21) (0.22)	3.01	2.93	2.95 (0.33) (0.34)	
Mg Al B		(0.10)	(0.22)		(0.11)	(0.34)	
Zr Ti		(0.26) (0.14)	(0.48) (0.16)		(0.40) (0.27)	(0.61) (0.32)	
Ce Ta Fe		(0.59) (0.52) (0.17)			(0.80) (0.95) (0.35)		
Li Ni		(0.17)	(0.20)		(0.55)	(0.33)	
Eu U			(0.64) (0.05)			(0.95) (0.16)	
Th Cr O	(16.73)	(16.45)	(0.12) (0.19) (16.67)	(31.86)	(31.70)	(0.06) (0.31) (32.00)	
Total	(99.37)	(99.13)	(100.07)	(99.71)	(100.59)	(100.00)	

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

103. Thin Film for Transmission Electron Microscope

SRM	Туре		Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in										
	··	Mg	Si	Ca	Fe	О	Ar						
2063a	Mineral glass	7.97	25.34	11.82	11.06	43.2	(0.4)						

104. High Purity Materials

High Purity Metals (solid forms)

These SRMs are for determining impurity elements in high purity metals.

SRM		Туре			Unit	Sizo				ital Coi n mg/k	mposition g)	
SINIVI		туре			Oilit	Size		Cu	Ni	Sn	Pb	Zr
680a	High P	urity Pla	tinum (W	ire)	0.51 mm; I			0.1	<1		<1	<0.1
	_				0.51 mm; I	L2 (1 m)		0.1	<1		<1	< 0.1
682	High P	urity Zin	ıc		semicirc 57	7 mm		0.042	(<0.1)	(0.02)	2)	
683	Zinc M	l etal			semicirc 57	7 mm		5.9		(0.02)	2) 11.1	
685R	High P	urity Gol	ld (Rod)		5.9 mm ×	25 mm lor	ıg	0.1	(<0.05)	(<0.07)	7)	
685W	High P	urity Gol	ld (Wire)		$1.4\text{mm}\times$	102 mm lo	ong	0.1	(<0.05)	(<0.07	7)	
726	Seleniu	ım, İnteri	mediate P	urity	shot, 450 g			<1	<0.5	<1	<1	Mn<0.3
728			ate Purity	•	shot, 450 g			5.68	(0.45)	0.02	2 11.13	(<0.0
*885	Refine	d Copper			pin, 200 g				<0.0001	<0.00	0.000	2
SRM	Ag	Mg	In	Fe	О	Pd	Au	Rh	,	Ir	Cd	Tl
680a	<0.1	<1		1.3	4	0.2	<1	<0.2	<	0.01		
682	(0.02)	(<0.1)		(0.1)	(<0.5)						(0.1)	
683	1.3	()		2.2	()						1.1	(0.2)
685R	[0.1]	(<0.2)	0.007	0.2	(<2)							()
685W	[0.1]	(<0.2)	0.007	0.3	(2)							
726	<1	<1	S 12	1	Cr<1	Mo<0.3	Te 0.3	As<2	2	Al <1	B<1	Ca<1
728	1.08	(<0.001) (<0.000	5) 1.84		(<0.05)	(<0.02)	(<0.05	(<	0.005)	1.14	0.2
*885	0.0005			< 0.0005	0.031		S 0.0018	Sb<0.00		0.0002	Bi<0.0001	Zn<0.000

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

104. Royal Canadian Mint Reference Materials (solid forms)

These RMs are a series each of fine silver, fine gold, and gold bullion products developed and certified by the Royal Canadian Mint (RCM), Ottawa, Canada and distributed by NIST. The fine silver and fine gold RMs are primarily intended for use as calibration standards for the determination of trace elements by solid sample spectrometric methods; the gold bullion RMs are primarily intended for use as quality control check standards for fire assay. There are four RMs in the fine silver series, five RMs in the gold bullion series, and six RMs in the fine gold series. The RMs in the fine silver series are available only in block form $(24 \text{ mm} \times 24 \text{ mm} \times 5 \text{ mm})$. The RMs in the gold bullion series are available in three forms—disc (25 mm dia.), wire (2 mm dia.), and foil $(35 \text{ mm} \times 40 + \text{mm} \times 1 \text{ mm})$. The RMs in the fine gold series are available in three forms—block $(25 \text{ mm} \times 25 \text{ mm})$, wire (2 mm dia.), and turnings (25 g).

Values in brackets are subject to greater error since only one method of analysis was employed.

^{*}SRM 885 values are mass fractions, in %.

104. Royal Canadian Mint Reference Materials (solid forms) - Continued

RM Type Block Form Unit Size (in g)	Fine	162 Silve B 30	er					165 Silv B 30	er					8168 e Silv B 30	er				Fi			/er
Components (in mg/kg	g)																					
Bi	6	55.3					:	83.5						28.9						75		
Cu		10.1						61.6						101						65		
Fe		25.0						35.6						15.4						48		
Au		52						15.0						75.0						26		
Pb		18.1						59.1						125						38		
Ni Pd		27.4 41.8						35.0 64.3						13.5 11.7						57 27		
Pt Pt		+1.8 7.3						17.9						24.4						12		
Se		55.8						32.2						3.9						44		
Te		52.9						41.8)						6.6						25		
Sn		21.7						5 4 .1						10.3						46		
Zn		(3.8)						18.6						8.3							7.2	
Values in parentheses	s are no	ot cer	tified	and ar	e g	iven f	or i	nforn	nation	only	/ <u>.</u>											
RM Type Form	8068/ Gold	8069. 1 Bul				/8072 d Bu				74/8(old]					7/8078 d Bul		79		0/80 ld B			2
(Disc, Wire, Foil) Unit Size (in g)	D 30	W 25	F 25		D 30	W 25	F 25		D 30			F 25		D 30	W 25	F 25		D 30	V 2:		F 25	
Components (mass fra	action,	in %)																			
Au	ç	94.84	7			89.92	28			84	.905	5			79.9	62			7	4.9	88	
Ag		4.15				8.03					.08				15.09					5.0		
Cu	((1)				(2)				(3)				(5)				(1	0)		
Values in parentheses a	re not o	certif	ied an	nd are	give	n for	info	ormat	ion o	nly.												
RM Type Form	8050/ Fin	8051. ne Go		8053/ Fir		34/805 Gold	55		8057/ ne Go		80		8060/ e Go	8061 dd	8062 Fi	/80d			8065. Fir		66/8 Gold	
(Block, Wire, Turnings) Unit Size (in g)	B 30	W 25	T 25	B 30	W 25	T 25		B 30	W 25	T 25		B 30	W 25	T 25	B 30	W 2:		T 25	B 30	W 25		T 25
Components (in mg/k	g)																					
As		2.4			10.				18.0				6.7				9.4				1.3	
Bi		3.4			24.				34.0				6.8				3.9				0.1	
Cr		1.7 1.6			32. 98.				13.3 46.9				5.0 5.7				4.9				5.7 3.8	
Cu Fe		6.2			90. 11.				33.8				7.5				9.8 0.4				5.4	
Pb		1.9			21.				30.5				6.4				9.7				1.5	
Mg		1.1			34.				11.8				6.0				3.2				5.6	
Mn		1.1			58.				22.5				10.8				4.3).5	
Ni		2.7			32.				50.5				5.7				4.6				3.5	
Pd Pt		1.3			43.				19.8				5.0			11					3.1	
Pt Si					87. 2.				40.8 27.8				6.1 6.3				5.1 9.0				2.5	
Ag		9.5			20.				81.7				7.1				9.0				5.1	
Sn		2.8			23.				27.2				6.4				9.7				7.8	
Ti Zn		0.7			12.	7			25.3				5.9				2.6			16	5.5	
		2.6			54.	/			6.6				7.5			0	0.9			10	2.5	

104. Stoichiometry (powder form)

These SRMs are defined as primary, working, and secondary standards in accordance with recommendations of the Analytical Chemistry Section of the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry [Ref. Analyst 90, 251 (1965)]. These definitions are as follows:

Primary Standard:

a commercially available substance of purity $100 \pm 0.02\%$ (Purity 99.98 + %).

Working Standard:

a commercially available substance of purity $100 \pm 0.05 \%$ (Purity 99.95+%).

Secondary Standard:

a substance of lower purity which can be standardized against a primary grade standard.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size (in g)	Certified Use	Stoichiometric Purity (mass fraction, in %)
17e	Sucrose			In Prep
40h	Sodium Oxalate	60	Reductometric Value	99.972
41c	Dextrose (D-Glucose)	70	Polarimetric Value	99.9
83d	Arsenic Trioxide	60	Reductometric Value	99.9926
84j	Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate	60	Acidimetric Value	99.996
136e	Potassium Dichromate	60	Oxidimetric Value	99.984
350a	Benzoic Acid	30	Acidimetric Value	99.9958
351	Sodium Carbonate	50	Acidimetric Value for:	
			Sodium Carbonate	99.9796
723c	Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane			In Prep
951	Boric Acid	100	Acidimetric and Boron Isotopic Value	100.00
987	Strontium Carbonate	1	Assay and Isotopic Values	99.98
999a	Potassium Chloride	60	Assay Values for:	
			Potassium Chloride	99.9817
			Potassium	52.4354
			Chloride	47.5463

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

104. Microchemistry (powder form)

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Composition (mass fraction, in %)												
	-34	(in g)	С	Н	N	Br	Cl	F	S	CH ₃ O-					
I41d	Acetanilide	In Prep)												
142	Anisic Acid	2								20.40					
143d	Cystine	In Prep)												
148	Nicotinic Acid	2 `	58.54	4.09	11.38										
2141	Urea	2			46.63										
2142	o-Bromobenzoic Acid	2				39.80									
2143	p-Fluorobenzoic Acid	2						13.54							
2144	m-Chlorobenzoic Acid	2					22.62								

104. Spectrometry, Single Element Standard Solutions

These SRMs are intended as standard solutions for use in calibrating instruments used in atomic spectrometry, including atomic absorption spectrometry, inductively coupled plasma optical spectrometry, and inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry. They can also be used in conjunction with any other analytical technique or procedure where aqueous standard solutions are required. Each SRM is a single element solution of 50 mL with a nominal concentration of 10 mg/g, except where indicated. **NOTE:** The certified values for SRM standard solution lots produced after March 1997 are stated in mass units, **mg/g**, rather than *mg/mL*. For the convenience of the user, each certificate provides instructions for preparing SRM dilutions by volume as well as by mass.

SRM	Element	Nominal Acid Concentration
3101a	Aluminum	HNO ₃ 10%
3102a	Antimony	HNO ₃ 10% + HF 2%
3103a	Arsenic	HNO ₃ 15%
3104a	Barium	HNO ₃ 1%
3105a	Beryllium	HNO ₃ 10%
3106	Bismuth	HNO ₃ 10%
3107	Boron (5 mg/g)	H_2O
3108	Cadmium	HNO ₃ 10%
3109a	Calcium	HNO ₃ 10%
3110	Cerium	HNO ₃ 10%
3111a	Cesium	HNO ₃ 1%
3112a	Chromium	HNO ₃ 10%
3113	Cobalt	HNO ₃ 10%
3114	Copper	HNO ₃ 10%
3115a	Dysprosium	HNO ₃ 10%
3116a	Erbium	HNO ₃ 10%
3117a	Europium	HNO ₃ 16%
3118a	Gadolinium	HNO ₃ 10%
3119a	Gallium	HNO ₃ 10%
3120	Germanium	Oxalic Acid 10%
3120	Germanium	Oxane Acid 10%
3121	Gold	HNO ₃ 5% + HF 2%
3122	Hafnium	HNO ₃ 10% + HF 2%
3123a	Holmium	HNO ₃ 16%
3124a	Indium	HNO ₃ 10%
3126a	Iron	HNO ₃ 10%
3127a	Lanthanum	HNO ₃ 10%
3128		
	Lead	HNO ₃ 10%
3129a	Lithium	HNO ₃ 1%
3130a	Lutetium	HNO ₃ 10%
3131a	Magnesium	HNO ₃ 10%
3132	Manganese	HNO ₃ 10%
3133	Mercury	HNO ₃ 10%
3134	Molybdenum	HCl 10%
3135a	Neodymium	HNO ₃ 10%
2126	NY 1 Y	IDIO 100
3136	Nickel	HNO ₃ 10%
3137	Niobium	5% HNO ₃ + HF 2%
3138	Palladium	HCl 10%
3139a	Phosphorus	HNO ₃ 0.8%
3140	Platinum	HCl 10%
3141a	Potassium	HNO ₃ 1%
3141a 3142a	Praseodymium	HNO ₃ 10%
3143	Rhenium	HNO ₃ 10%
3144	Rhodium (1 mg/g)	HCl 10%
3145a	Rubidium	HNO ₃ 1%

104. Spectrometry, Single Element Standard Solutions - Continued

SRM	Element	Acid Concentration
3147a	Samarium	HNO ₃ 10%
3148a	Scandium	HNO ₃ 10%
3149	Selenium	HNO ₃ 10%
3150	Silicon	H ₂ O
3151	Silver	HNO ₃ 10%
3152a	Sodium	HNO ₃ 1%
3153a	Strontium	HNO ₃ 10%
3154	Sulfur	H ₂ SO ₄ 0.1%
3155	Tantalum	HNO ₃ 5% + HF 2%
3156	Tellurium	HCl 20%
3157a	Terbium	HNO ₃ 16%
3158	Thallium	HNO ₃ 10%
3159	Thorium	HNO ₃ 10%
3160a	Thulium	HNO ₃ 10%
3161a	Tin	HNO ₃ 5% + HF 2%
3162a	Titanium	HNO ₃ 10% + HF 2%
3163	Tungsten	HNO ₃ 7% + HF 4%
3164	Uranium	HNO ₃ 10%
3165	Vanadium (5 mg/g)	HNO ₃ 10%
3166a	Ytterbium	HNO ₃ 16%
3167a	Yttrium	HNO ₃ 10%
3168a	Zinc	HNO ₃ 10%
3169	Zirconium	HNO ₃ 10% + HF 2%

104. Spectrometry, Multielement Standard Solutions

SRMs 3171a and 3172a each consists of a single 50 mL solution containing several elements in concentration ratios appropriate for natural water and similar type sample analysis. SRM 3179 consists of a set of three 50 mL solutions, (3179-I, 3179-II and 3179-III), designed to be combined, diluted (I, 1:100; II and III, 1:1000), and used immediately, as the full combination of elements is unstable over extended periods of time. The elemental concentration ratios in the final combined and diluted solution of SRM 3179 are appropriate for the analysis of soil, sediment, and sludge leachates.

Element	Nominal Concentration (in μg/g
Aluminum	100
Antimony	100
Beryllium	10
Cadmium	100
Chromium	100
Iron	100
Magnesium	100
Manganese	100
Molybdenum	100
Nickel	100
Potassium	500
Sodium	100
Vanadium	100

104. Spectrometry, Multielement Standard Solutions - Continued

SRM 3172a Multielement Mix B1 Standard Solution (in HNO₃ 5%)

Element	Nominal Concentration (in μg/g)		
Arsenic	200		
Barium	10		
Calcium	10		
Cobalt	100		
Copper	100		
Lead	100		
Selenium	500		
Silver	100		
Strontium	10		
Thallium	100		
Zinc	100		

SRM 3179 Multielement Mixes I, II, and III Standard Solutions (in HNO₃ 5%)

	Element	Nominal Concentration (in μg/g)
I	Aluminum	100
	Arsenic	200
	Iron	200
	Lead	100
	Magnesium	100
	Manganese	100
	Phosphorus	100
	Potassium	100
	Sodium	100
	Vanadium	50
	Zinc	100
II	Barium	100
	Cadmium	100
	Calcium	100
	Chromium	100
	Cobalt	100
	Copper	100
	Lanthanum	100
	Lithium	100
	Molybdenum	100
	Nickel	100
	Strontium	100
III	Silver	100

104. Chromium Speciation (solution form)

These SRMs are intended for use in conjunction with the measurement of specific species of chromium, and consist of 50 mL solutions.

SRM	Source, Purity, %	Diluent	Element Concentration (in mg/mL		
OKW			Cr (III)	Cr (VI)	
2108	Metal, (99.999+)	HCl, 1%	In Prep	<0.001	
2109	SRM 136e (99.984)	deionized H ₂ O	< 0.005	1.000 ± 0.004	

104. Anion Chromatography (solution form)

These SRMs are single component solutions prepared gravimetrically for use in anion chromatography or any other technique that requires aqueous standard solutions for calibration of control materials.

SRM	Anion	Unit Size (in mL)	Nominal Concentration (in mg/kg)
3181	Sulfate	50	1000
3182	Chloride	50 ,	1000
3183	Fluoride	50	1000
3184	Bromide	50	1000
3185	Nitrate	50	1000
3186	Phosphate	50	1000

104. Stable Isotopic Materials (solid and solution forms)

The isotopic composition of these SRMs has been determined by mass spectrometry.

SRM	Туре	Element/Isotopic Composition Certified	Unit Size d (in g)
951	Boric Acid, assay and isotopic	Boron	100 powder
952	Boric Acid, 95% enriched ¹⁰ B, assay and isotopic	Boron	0.25 powder
975a	Sodium Chloride	Chlorine	In Prep
976	Copper Metal	Copper	0.4 disk
977	Sodium Bromide	Bromine	0.25 powder
978a	Silver Nitrate	Silver	0.25 powder
979	Chromium Nitrate	Chromium	0.25 powder
980	Magnesium Metal	Magnesium	0.25 chips
981	Lead Metal, natural	Lead	1.0 wire
*982	Lead Metal, equal atom (208Pb/206Pb)	Lead	1.0 wire
*983	Lead Metal, radiogenic (92% ²⁰⁶ Pb)	Lead	1.0 wire
984	Rubidium Chloride, assay and isotopic	Rubidium	0.25 powder
985	Potassium Chloride, assay and isotopic	Potassium	1.0 powder
986	Nickel Metal	Nickel	0.5 powder
987	Strontium Carbonate, assay and isotopic	Strontium	1.0 powder
989	Rhenium Metal, assay and isotopic	Rhenium	0.003 cm×0.0076 cm×1.90 cm ribbon
990	Silicon Metal, assay and isotopic	Silicon	3 cm×0.2 cm wafer
991	Lead–206 Nitrate Spike, assay and isotopic	Lead	15 solution
994	Gallium Metal, isotopic	Gallium	0.25 disk
997	Thallium Metal, isotopic	Thallium	0.25 rod

^{*}These SRMs are radioactive, containing Lead-210 of natural origin. All users and purchasers must comply with all national and international regulations regarding the use and disposal of these SRMs.

104. Light Stable Isotopic Materials (gas, liquid and solid forms)

These RMs are for calibration of isotope-ratio mass spectrometers and associated sample preparation systems. They are distributed by NIST on behalf of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). At the request of the IAEA, quantities of these materials are limited to one unit of each RM per laboratory every 3 years.

The isotopic compositions are given in parts per thousand difference from isotope-ratio standards—Vienna Standard Mean Ocean Water (VSMOW), Vienna PeeDee Belemnite (VPDB), atmospheric N_2 (Air), NBS28 Silica Sand (optical), and Canyon Diablo Troilite (CDT). The exception is Lithium (Li), which is expressed as an absolute isotopic ratio.

RM	Tuno	Nominal Unit	Nominal Isotopic Composition (in parts per 1000)						
RIVI	Type (IAEA Designation)	Size	δD_{VSMOW}	⁶ Li/ ⁷ Li	δ ¹³ C _{VPDB}	$\delta^{15}N_{Air}$	δ ¹⁸ O _{VSMOW}	δ ³⁰ Si _{NBS28}	δ ³⁴ S _{CDT}
8535	VSMOW-water	20 mL	0*				0 *		
8536	GISP-water	20 mL	-190				-24.8		
8537	SLAP-water	20 mL	-428*				-55.5*		
8538	NBS30-biotite	2 g	-66				+5.1		
8539	NBS22-oil	l mL	-120		-29.7				
8540	PEFI-polyethylene foil	x mg	-100		-31.8				
8541	USGS24–graphite	0.8 g			-16				
8542	Sucrose ANU-sucrose	1 g			-10.5				
8543	NBS18-carbonatite	0.4 g			-5.0		+7.2		
8544	NBS 19-limestone	0.4 g		2	, +1.95*		+28.6		
8545	LSVEC-lithium carbonate	0.4 g		0.0814	^f -47		+3		
8546	NBS28-silica sand (optical)	0.4 g					+9.6	0*	
8547	IAEA-N1-ammonium sulfate	0.4 g				+0.4			
8548	IAEA-N2-ammonium sulfate	0.4 g				+20.3			
8549	IAEA-N3-potassium nitrate	0.4 g				+2			
8550	USGS25-ammonium sulfate	0.5 g				-30.4			
8551	USGS26-ammonium sulfate	0.5 g				+53.5			
8552	NSVEC-gaseous nitrogen	300 µmol				-2.8			
8553	Soufre de Lacq-elemental sulfur	0.5 g							+16
8554	IAEA-S1-silver sulfide	0.5 g							-0.3
8555	IAEA-S2–silver sulfide	0.5 g							+21
8556	NBS123-sphalerite	0.5 g							+17
8557	NBS127-barium sulfate	0.5 g					+9.3		+20
8558	USGS32—potassium nitrate	0.5 g				+179.9			

^{*}Exactly defined isotopic abundances

[†]Absolute isotopic ratio

105. Health and Industrial Hygiene

Clinical Laboratory Materials (gas, liquid, and solid forms)

The following SRMs are for calibrating apparatus and validating analytical methods used in clinical and pathology laboratories. Additional information on the serum materials is given in the table on the following page.

SRM	Туре	Purity/Constituent (mass fraction, in %)	Unit Size
900	Antiepilepsy Drug Level Assay (phenytoin, ethosuximide, phenobarbital, and primidone)		Set of 4 ampules
909b	Human Serum		Set of 6 bottles
910	Sodium Pyruvate	98.7	25 g
911b	Cholesterol	99.8	2 g
912a	Urea	99.9	25 g
913	Uric Acid	99.7	10 g
914a	Creatinine	99.7	10 g
915a	Calcium Carbonate	99.9	20 g
916a	Bilirubin	98.3	100 mg
917a	D-Glucose (Dextrose)	99.7	25 g
918a	Potassium Chloride	99.9817	30 g
919a	Sodium Chloride	99.89	30 g
920	D-Mannitol	99.8	50 g
921	Cortisol (Hydrocortisone)	98.9	1 g
*924a	Lithium Carbonate	99.9	30 g
925	VMA (4–hydroxy–3–methoxymandelic acid)	99.4	l g
927c	Bovine Serum Albumin		In Prep
928	Lead Nitrate	100.00	30 g
929	Magnesium Gluconate Dihydrate	Mg 5.403	5 g
937	Iron Metal (Clinical)	99.90	50 g
938	4–Nitrophenol	(99.75)	15 g
955b	Lead in Blood		Set of 4 ampule
*956a	Electrolytes in Frozen Human Serum		Set of 6 ampule
965	Glucose in Frozen Human Serum		Set of 4 ampule
966	Toxic Elements in Blood		In Prep
968b	Fat-Soluble Vitamins and Cholesterol in Human Serum		Set of 3 ampule
998	Angiotensin I (Human)	94.1	0.5 mg
1400	Bone Ash	8 elements	50 g
1486	Bone Meal	8 elements	50 g
1595	Tripalmitin	99.5	2 g
1598	Inorganic Constituents in Bovine Serum		Set of 2 ampule
1599	Anticonvulsant Drug Level Assay (valproic acid and carbamazepine)		Set of 4 ampule
1951a	Lipids in Frozen Human Serum		Set of 6 bottles
1952a	Cholesterol in Human Serum (Freeze-dried)		Set of 6 bottles
2389	Amino Acids in HCl	17 amino acids	Set of 5 ampule

^{*}Conforms to National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS) specification ACC-1.

105. Serum Materials (frozen, liquid, and lyophilized forms)

These SRMs serve a variety of clinical measurement needs. SRM 909b is a lyophilized human serum for use in determining specified constituents. SRM 927b is a bovine serum albumin in a sterile 7% solution for use in the calibration and standardization of procedures to analyze total serum protein. SRM 956a is a frozen human serum for use in the calibration and standardization of procedures for the determination of specific electrolytes in either diluted or undiluted human serum or plasma. SRM 965 is a frozen human serum for evaluating the accuracy of procedures used to determine glucose in human serum and to validate secondary reference materials. SRM 968b is a lyophilized human serum for validating methods used to determine fat-soluble vitamins, carotenoids, and cholesterol in human serum and plasma. SRM 1951 is a frozen human serum for evaluating the accuracy of clinical procedures for the determination of total cholesterol, HDL-cholesterol, LDL-cholesterol and triglycerides (triglyerides and total glyceride species).

SRM	Туре	Unit Size		Analyte Cor	mol/L)	
				90	9b-1	909b-2
909ь	Human Serum	909b-1; 3 bottles 909b-2; 3 bottles	Calcium Chloride Cholesterol Creatinine Lithium Magnesium Potassium Sodium Total Glycerides Glycerides Urea Uric Acid	2 89 3 0 0 0 3 120 0	.218 .11 .787 .05681 .6145 .7634 .424	3.532 119.43 6.084 0.4674 2.600 1.918 6.278 141.0 1.529 1.271 30.75 0.7579
927c	Bovine Serum Albumin			In	Prep	
				Level I	Level II	Level II
956a	Electrolytes in Frozen Human Serum	Level I; 2 ampules Level II; 2 ampules Level III; 2 ampules	Calcium Lithium Magnesium Potassium Sodium	3.025 2.083 1.441 6.008 121.4	2.570 1.34 0.947 3.985 141.0	2.127 0.570 0.448 2.025 160.9
				Level I	Level II	Level II
965	Glucose in Frozen Human Serum	Level II; 2 ampules Level III; 2 ampules Level III; 2 ampules	Glucose	5.680	11.097	16.355
				Low*	Middle*	High*
968Ь	Human Serum	Low; 1 vial Middle; 1 vial High; 1 vial	Retinol Retinyl Palmitate α-Tocopherol trans-β-Carotene Total-β-Carotene Total α-Carotene Lutein Cholesterol	1.033 0.189 16.4 0.417 0.471 0.0410 0.108	1.794 0.339 23.5 1.06 1.17 0.070 0.111	3.11 0.469 41.4 2.10 2.31 0.099 0.068 3300
				Level I	Level II	
1951a	Lipids in Frozen Human Serum	Level I; 2 bottles Level II; 2 bottles	Cholesterol Total Glycerides Triglyerides Only	4.7109 1.1357 1.0053	7.1554 1.9477 1.7462	

105. Ethanol Solutions

This SRM is for use in the calibration of instruments and techniques for the determination of ethanol (ethyl alcohol) in breath and blood. SRM 1828a consists of four concentrations of ethanol-water solutions in a set of five ampules.

SRM	Туре	Certified Constituent (mass fraction, in %)	Unit Size
1828a	Ethanol in Water Solutions	Ethanol: 95.60 Ethanol: 2.003 Ethanol: 0.0960 Ethanol: 0.02309	Set: 1, 20 mL ampules 2, 20 mL ampules 1, 5 mL ampules 1, 5 mL ampules

105. Toxic Substances in Urine (powder form)

SRMs 2670, 2671a and 2672a are for determining toxic substances in human urine. They consist of freeze-dried urine and are provided in sets of four 30 mL bottles—two each at low and elevated levels. **NOTE:** The values listed for these SRMs apply only to reconstituted urine.

SRM	Туре	Low/Elevated Elemental Composition (in mg/L)								
	Type	Al		As]	Be [']	Cd (0.00040)/0.088 (Ca 0.105/0.105 g/L	
2670 2671a 2672a	Toxic Metals Fluoride Mercury	s (0.18)/	(0.18)	0.06)/0.48	(≤0.0005)/(0.033)					
SRM	Cl	Cr	Cu	F	Au	Pb	Mg		Mn	
2670 2671a 2672a	(4.4)/(4.4) g/L	(0.013)/0.085		(0.0.55/5.7	008)*/(0.24	4) (0.01)/0.	109 0.063/0.0)63 g/L (0.03)/(0.33)	
SRM	Hg	Ni	Pt	K		Se	Na	v	SO ₄	
2670 2671a 2672a	(0.002)/0.105 (0.002)/0.105	(0.07)/(0.30)	(0.008)*/(0.1	2) (1.5)/(1	.5) g/L 0	0.030/0.46	2.62/2.62 g/L	-/(0.12)	(1.3)/(1.3) g	

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

105. Drugs of Abuse in Urine, Single Analyte (powder form)

These SRMs are for verifying the accuracy of methods used to determine marijuana, benzoylecgonine (cocaine metabolite), morphine glucuronide, and cotinine substances classed as drugs of abuse in humans or metabolites of drugs of abuse. SRMs 1507b, 1508a, and 2382 consist of freeze-dried urine and are provided in sets of four 20 mL bottles—three levels plus a blank. RM 8444 consists of freeze-dried urine in a set of four 5 mL vials—two levels and two blanks. Each SRM/RM consists of a single analyte drug of abuse.

SRM/RM	Туре	Unit Size	Component (in µg/L)				
SKIVLKIVI	туре	Oiit Size	I	II	III	IV High	
			Blank	Low	Medium		
1507b	THC-9-COOH	Set of 4 bottles	x _D :<1	11.7	24.1	49.6	
1508a	Benzoylecgonine	Set of 4 bottles	In Prep				
2382	Morphine Glucuronide	Set of 4 bottles	$x_D:<1$	209	437	853	
8444	Cotinine	Set of 4 vials	0.8	54		488	

^{*}Value is in µg/L.

105. Drugs of Abuse in Urine, Multianalyte (powder form)

These SRMs are for verifying the accuracy of methods used to determine cocaine, morphine and codeine and opiate-based substances classed as drugs of abuse in humans. Each SRM consists of multianalyte drugs of abuse. SRM 1511 consists of a mixture of five substances—morphine, codeine, cocaine metabolite, marijuana metabolite and phencyclidine in freeze-dried urine and is provided as a set of three bottles, each containing all analytes (no blank). SRM 2381 consists of freeze-dried urine and is provided in a set of four 20 mL bottles—three levels plus a blank.

SRM	Type	Unit Size		Compor	ent (in µg.	L)	
			Benzoyl- ecgonine	Morphine	Codeine	THC-9- COOH	
1511 2381	Multi-Drugs of Abuse Morphine and Codeine	Set of 3 bottles Set of 4 bottles	162	309 134–580	288 130–560	14.1	23.8

105. Drugs of Abuse in Hair (solid forms)

These SRMs were developed primarily to further research related to the accurate determination of drugs of abuse in human hair. The values provided on the Reports of Investigation are not certified. Rather they are "Best Estimates" based on proven NIST methods.

RM	Туре	Unit Size		Component (i	n mg/kg)	
		(in mg)	Cocaine	Benzoylecgonine	Morphine	Codeine
8448	Human Hair Segments	110–125	7.3	1.6	11.9	6.7
8449	Powdered Human Hair	100-120	7.0	4.0	4.3	2.9

105. DNA Profiling (solid forms)

These SRMs are intended for use in the standardization of forensic and paternity quality assurance procedures and instructional law enforcement or non-clinical research purposes. SRM 2390 DNA Profiling Standard, based on Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism (RFLP) testing, is certified for the sizes of each allelic band of five commonly used DNA probes of two human DNA samples; one is from a female cell line, and the other is from a male source. SRM 2391 [Polymerase Chain Reaction] PCR-Based DNA Profiling Standard is certified for allele assignment of D1S80 loci for eight human DNA samples plus two human cell lines. Both SRMs consist of 20 components. SRM 2392 DNA Standard for Mitochrondrial Sequencing is currently under development.

SRM Type 2390 DNA Profiling		Unit of Issue 20 components: boxes A, B, and C		

105. Biomaterials (solid forms)

This SRM is intended for use in evaluating the physical and chemical properties of calcium apatites of biological, geological, and synthetic origins, that are used in the manufacture of medical implants made from biomaterials (materials used for medical purposes). SRM 2910 is certified for calcium and phosphorus contents, Ca/P molar ratio, specific surface area, and solubility product. Reference values are supplied for hydrogen phosphate, carbonate and water contents in addition to physical properties determined from x-ray powder diffraction data.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size (in g)
2910	Calcium Hydroxyapatite	5

105. Materials on Filter Media

These SRMs consist of potentially hazardous materials deposited on filters to be used to determine the levels of these materials in industrial atmospheres. SRMs 2676d, 2677a, and 2679a provide element values at four different levels; SRM 3087a provides element values at one level only. SRMs 2676d, 2677a, and 3087a are each 37 mm diameter and 0.8 µm pore size; SRM 2679a is 47 mm diameter and 0.45 µm pore size.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size		Element	/Compone	nt (in µg/	filter)
	J E			I	П	III	IV
2676d	Metals on Filter Media	Set of 8	Cadmium	0.97	2.81	10.04	(<0.0005)
			Lead	7.44	14.82	29,77	(<0.0005)
			Manganese	2.09	9.83	19.83	(<0.0005)
			Zinc	10.17	49.47	99.31	(0.26)
2677a	Beryllium and Arsenic on Filter Media	2 Sets of 5	Beryllium	0.129	0.643	2.58	0.050 ≤0.0005 Blank
			Arsenic	0.269	2.69	26,92	0.101 ≤0.0005 Blank
2679a	Quartz on Filter Media	Set of 4	Quartz	≤2	30.8	80.2	202.7
			Clay	(370)	(370)	(370)	(370)
3087a	Metals on Filter Media	Set of 6	Arsenic	50,48			
		and 6 blanks	Barium	25.24			
			Cadmium	15.14			
			Chromium	10.10			
			Iron	25.24			
			Magnesium	25.24			
			Manganese	10.10			
			Nickel	25.24			
			Lead	40.38			
			Selenium	25.24			
			Vanadium	50.48			
			Zinc	100.94			

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

105. Trace Constituent Elements in Blank Filters

SRMs 2678 and 2681 are for use in evaluating the performance of air sampling filter methods with two different filter types or sizes commonly used in air sampling of industrial atmospheres. For both SRMs, either certified values (in µg), or limits of detection (XD), for each of 30 constituent elements as well as six leachable anions and cations are provided.

SRM	Туре	Diameter (in mm)	Pore Size (in μm)	Filter Weight (in g)
2678	Cellulose Acetate Membrane	47	0.45	0.09
2681	Ashless	42.5		0.14

105. Respirable Silica (powder form)

SRMs 1878a and 1879a are crystalline silica materials with particles in the respirable range. They are intended for use in determining by x-ray diffraction, the levels of respirable silica in an industrial atmosphere according to NIOSH Analytical Method P&CAM 259 or equivalent methods. **NOTE:** These SRMs are not certified for particle size.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Component (mass fraction, in %)
1878a	Respirable Alpha Quartz	5 g	In Prep
1879a	Respirable Cristobalite	5 g	In Prep

105. Lead in Paint, Dust, and Soil (powder and sheet forms)

These SRMs and RM have been developed in conjunction with the U.S. EPA to monitor paint, soil, and dust sources of lead. SRMs 2570 through 2576 consist of one MylarTM sheet per unit. Each sheet, 7.6 cm × 10.2 cm, is coated with a single uniform paint layer for use with portable x-ray fluorescence analyzers. SRM 2579a consists of a set of six MylarTM sheets, one each of SRMs 2570 through 2575. SRMs 2580, 2581, 2582, and 2589 consist of paint that has been ground and homogenized into a powder, 99+ % of which passes a 100 μm sieve. SRM 2583 consists of dust, 99+ % of which passes a 100 μm sieve, that was collected in vacuum cleaner bags during routine cleaning of dwelling interiors. SRM 2583 is certified for arsenic, chromium, cadmium, lead, and mercury. [Also see Category 106.] SRMs 2584, 2586, and 2587 are dust or soil matrices containing lead from paint. RM 8680 consists of a 10.2 cm wide × 15.2 cm long × 1.3 cm thick section of painted fiberboard and is intended for use in the evaluation of destructive and nondestructive methods of measuring lead in paint on fiberboard.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Lead Concentration
2570	Lead Paint Film, Blank	1 sheet	In Prep
2571	Lead Paint Film, Nominal 3.5 mg/cm ²	1 sheet	In Prep
2572	Lead Paint Film, Nominal 1.6 mg/cm ²	1 sheet	In Prep
2573	Lead Paint Film, Nominal 1.0 mg/cm ²	1 sheet	In Prep
2574	Lead Paint Film, Nominal 0.7 mg/cm ²	1 sheet	In Prep
2575	Lead Paint Film, Nominal 0.3 mg/cm ²	1 sheet	In Prep
2576	Lead Paint Film, High Level	1 sheet	In Prep
2579a	Lead Paint Films for Portable X-ray Fluorescence Analyzers (SRMs 2570-2575)	6 sheets	$3.5 \text{ to } < 0.0001 \text{ mg/cm}^2$
2580	Powdered Paint, Nominal 4 % Lead	30 g	4.34 %
2581	Powdered Paint, Nominal 0.5 % Lead	35 g	0.449 %
2582	Powdered Paint, Nominal 200 mg/kg Lead	20 g	209.8 mg/kg
2583	Trace Elements in Indoor Dust	8 g	85.9 mg/kg
2584	Trace Elements in Indoor Dust, Nominal 1 % Lead	In Prep	
2586	Trace Elements in Soil Containing Lead	In Prep	
	from Paint, Nominal 500 mg/kg Lead	•	
2587	Trace Elements in Soil Containing Lead from Paint, Nominal 3000 mg/kg Lead	In Prep	
2589	Powdered Paint, Nominal 10 % Lead	35 g	9,99 %
RM 8680	Paint on Fiberboard, Nominal 1 to 2 mg/cm ²	l sheet	individually value assigned

105. Asbestos

These SRMs are for use in identifying and quantifying asbestos types. SRM 1866a consists of a set of three common bulk mine-grade asbestos materials; chrysotile, grunerite (Amosite), riebeckite (Crocidolite), and one glass fiber sample. SRM 1867 consists of a set of three uncommon mine-grade asbestos materials; antophyllite, tremolite, and actinolite. The optical properties of SRMs 1866a and 1867 as observed by polarized light microscopy (PLM), have been characterized so that they may serve as primary calibration standards for the identification of asbestos types in building materials.

SRM 1868 consists of a set of two common bulk mine-grade asbestos materials; chrysotile and grunerite (Amosite), contained in matrices simulating building materials (calcium carbonate and glass fiber), in quantities at just below the U.S. EPA regulatory limit of 1%. This SRM is certified by weight for the quantity of each asbestos material present.

SRM 1876b is intended for use in evaluating the techniques used to identify and count chrysotile asbestos fibers by transmission electron microscopy (TEM). A unit consists of sections of mixed-cellulose-ester filters containing chrysotile asbestos fibers deposited by an aerosol generator.

RM 8411 consists of a section of collapsed mixed-cellulose-ester filters with a high concentration (138 fibers/0.01 mm²) of chrysotile asbestos and a medium concentration (43 fibers/0.01 mm²) of grunerite (Amosite) asbestos. It is intended for use in evaluating the techniques used to identify and count asbestos fibers by transmission electron microscopy (TEM).

SRM	Туре	Unit Size
1866a	Common Commercial Asbestos	Set of 3: 4 g each
1867	Uncommon Commercial Asbestos	Set of 3: 5 to 10 g each
1868	Quantitative Asbestos in Building Materials	Set of 2: 5 to 10 g each
1876b	Chrysotile Asbestos for TEM	Set of 10: $3 \text{ mm} \times 3 \text{ mm}$
8411	Mixed Asbestos Research Filter	1 cm ²

106. Inorganics

106. Metal Constituents in Natural Matrices (liquid and solid forms)

These SRMs and RM are for analysis of materials of health or environmental interest. [Also see Categories 105 and 111.]

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Elemental Composition
1640	Natural Water	250 mL	17 elements certified
1641c	Mercury in Water	6×20 mL	Hg: 1.47 mg/L
1643d	Trace Elements in Water	250 mL	26 elements certified
1646a	Estuarine Sediment	75 g	20 elements certified
1648	Urban Particulate Matter	2 g	14 elements certified
2583	Trace Elements in Indoor Dust	8 g	5 elements certified
2694b	Simulated Rainwater	Ü	In Prep
2704a	Buffalo River Sediment	50 g	In Prep
2709	San Joaquin Soil	50 g	26 elements certified
2710	Montana Soil Highly Elevated Trace Element Concentrations	50 g	21 elements certified
2711	Montana Soil Moderately Elevated Trace Element Concentrations	50 g	24 elements certified
2781	Domestic Sludge	40 g	10 elements certified
2782	Industrial Sludge	,	In Prep
8407	Tennessee River Sediment	25 g	Hg: 0.50 mg/kg

106. Simulated Rainwaters (liquid form)

This SRM was developed to aid in the analysis of acidic rainwater by providing a stable, homogeneous material at two levels of acidity.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size			
2694b	Simulated Rainwater	Set of 4: $2 \times 50 \text{ mL}$	at each of 2 leve		
	Constituent Element/Parameter	2694b-ĭ	2694b-II		
	pH, 25 °C Electrolytic Conductivity (μS/cm, 25 °C) Acidity, meq/L Fluoride, mg/L Chloride, mg/L Nitrate, mg/L	In Prep	In Prep		
	Sulfate, mg/L Sodium, mg/L Potassium, mg/L Ammonium, mg/L Calcium, mg/L Magnesium, mg/L				

106. Thin Films for X-Ray Fluorescence

This SRM is for standardizing x-ray spectrometers. It may be useful in elemental analysis of particulate matter collected on filter media, and where x-ray spectrometer calibration functions are determined using thin film standards. Each SRM unit is individually certified and consists of a silica base glass film (0.5 µm thick) deposited on a 47 mm diameter polycarbonate filter mounted on an aluminum ring.

SRM	Туре	E	lemental Comp	position per a	rea (in μg/cn	n ²)	
	- J R -	Fe	Pb	K	Si	Ti	Zn
1833	Thin Glass Film			— Out of	Stock —		

106. Carbon Modified Silica (powder form)

This SRM is intended for the calibration of instruments used to measure total elemental carbon. The SRM consists of three, 1-g bottles of chemically modified microparticulate silica.

SRM	Type	Bottle	Carbon (mass fraction, in %)
1216 Carl	Carbon Modified Silica	I	0.70
		II	9.06
		III	17.04

106. Trace Elements (solid form)

This SRM is for analysis of trace elements in materials of environmental interest.

SRM		Туре		Ur	nit Size	Trac	e Element	s (in m	g/kg unle	ss noted	as ma	ss fracti	on, in %
							Al		Sb	As		F	Ba
1648	Urban I	Particula	ate Matter		2 g		3.42 %		(45)	115	5	(7.	37)
SRM	В	r	Cd		Ce		Cs	Cl		Cr		Co	Cu
1648	(50	00)	75		(55)		(3)	(0.45	%)	403	(18)	609
SRM	Hf	•	In	I	-	Fe	La	I	Pb Pb	Mg		Mn	Ni
1648	(4.4)	(1.0)	(20)	3.	.91 %	(42)	0.6	55 %	(0.8 %)		786	82
SRM	K	Rb	Sc	Se	Ag	S	Na	Th	Ti	U	V	W	Zn
1648	1.05 %	(52)	(7)	27	(6)	(5.0)	0.425 %	(7.4)	(0.40 %)	5.5	127	(4.8)	0.476 %

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

106. Used Auto Catalysts (powder form)

These SRMs are intended for use in the evaluation of methods for the analysis of the platinum group metals and lead in auto catalysts. They were produced in cooperation with the International Precious Metals Institute and are issued as fine ($<74 \mu m$) powders.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size		Elemental Composition (in mg/kg)					
	2,50		Pt	Pd	Rh	Pb			
2556 2557	Recycled Pellet Recycled Monolith	70 g 70 g	697.4 1131	326.0 233.2	51.2 135.1	6228 13931			

107. Primary Gas Mixtures

These SRMs are for calibrating equipment and apparatus used to measure various components of gas mixtures and atmospheric pollutants. The typical gas mixture is supplied in a DOT 3AL specification aluminum (6061 alloy) cylinder with a nominal pressure exceeding 12.4 mPa that provides the user with approximately 0.73 m³ of usable mixture. Due to increasing customer demand, these primary gas mixtures are in short supply and may not be readily available for sale. In such cases, a NIST traceable reference gas described below may be substituted.

A NIST Traceable Reference Material (NTRM) is a reference material produced by a commercial supplier with a well-defined *traceability* to NIST. This traceability is established via criteria and protocols defined by NIST that are tailored to meet the needs of the metrological community to be served. The NTRM concept was established to allow NIST to respond to the increasing needs for high quality reference materials by leveraging its relatively fixed human and financial resources with secondary reference material producers. Reference material producers adhering to NIST defined protocol requirements are allowed to use the "NTRM" trademark to identify their product.

The gas NTRM program was established in 1992 in partnership with the U.S. EPA and specialty gas companies as a means for providing end-users with the wide variety of certified gas standards needed to implement the "Emissions Trading" provision of the 1990 Clean Air Act. Gas NTRMs are produced and distributed by specialty gas companies with NIST oversight of the production and maintenance, and direct involvement in the analysis. NTRMs can be developed for any pollutant, concentration, and balance gas combination for which a NIST primary standard or SRM exists. The gas standards prepared according to this program are related, within known limits of *uncertainty*, to specific gaseous primary standards maintained by NIST.

Those SRMs that are marked "†" are available as NTRMs from commercial suppliers. A supplier list can be obtained upon request from the SRM Program Sales Office.

SRM	Туре	Certified Component	Nominal Amount-of-substance fraction (in µmol/mol)
1674b [†]	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	7 mol %
1675b [†]	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	14 mol %
2619a	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	0.5 mol %
2620a	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	1.0 mol %
2621a	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO ₂	1.5 mol %
2622a	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	2.0 mol %
2623a	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	2.5 mol %
2624a	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	3.0 mol %
2625a†	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	3.5 mol %
2626a	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	4.0 mol %
2745†	Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	CO_2	16 mol %
2612a	Carbon Monoxide in Air	CO	10
2613a	Carbon Monoxide in Air	CO	20
2614a	Carbon Monoxide in Air	СО	45
1677c†	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	10
1678c†	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	50
1679c†	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	100
1680b†	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	500
1681b [†]	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	1000
2635a†	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	25
2636a†	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	250
2637a†	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	2500
2638a†	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	5000
2639a	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	СО	1 mol %
2640a	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	СО	2 mol %
2641a	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	4 mol %
2642a [†]	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	8 mol %
2740	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	10 mol %
2741	Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	CO	13 mol %

107. Primary Gas Mixtures – Continued

SRM	Туре	Certified Amo	Nominal ount-of-Substance Fracti (in µmol/mol)
1658a	Methane in Air	CH ₄	1
1659a	Methane in Air	CH ₄	10
1660a	Methane-Propane in Air	CH ₄	4
10004	Wethane Propane in 7th	C_3H_8	i
2750	Methane in Air	CH ₄	50
2750 2751	Methane in Air	CH ₄	100
1683b†	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	50
1684b†	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	100
1685b†	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	250
1686b [†]	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	500
1687b [†]	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	1000
2627a	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	5
2628a	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	10
2629a†	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	20
2630 [†]	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	1500
2631a†	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	3000
2735	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	800
2736	Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	NO	2000
2656	Oxides of Nitrogen in Air	NO _x	2500
2660 [†]	Oxides of Nitrogen in Air	NO _x	100
2657a [†]			
	Oxygen in Nitrogen	O_2	2 mol %
2658a†	Oxygen in Nitrogen	O_2	10 mol %
2659a†	Oxygen in Nitrogen	O_2	21 mol %
1665b	Propane in Air	C_3H_8	3
1666b	Propane in Air	C_3H_8	10
1667b	Propane in Air	C_3H_8	50
1668b [†]	Propane in Air	C_3H_8	100
1669b	Propane in Air	C_3H_8	500
2764	Propane in Air	C_3H_8	0.25
1671a	Carbon Dioxide in Air	CO_2	340
1672a	Carbon Dioxide in Air	CO_2	350
2643a	Propane in Nitrogen	C ₃ H ₈	100
2644a	Propane in Nitrogen	C ₃ H ₈	250
2645a	Propane in Nitrogen	$C_{3}H_{8}$	500
2645a 2646a	Propane in Nitrogen	C_3H_8 C_3H_8	1000
2646a 2647a	Propane in Nitrogen Propane in Nitrogen		2500
2647a 2648a		C ₃ H ₈	5000
	Propane in Nitrogen	C₃H ₈	
2649a	Propane in Nitrogen	C ₃ H ₈	1 mol %
2650	Propane in Nitrogen	C ₃ H ₈	2 mol %
1661a†	Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen	SO_2	500
1662a†	Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen	SO_2	1000
1663a†	Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen	SO_2	1500
1664a†	Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen	SO ₂	2500
1693a†	Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen	SO_2	50
1694a†	Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen	SO_2	100
1696a†	Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen	SO_2	3500
1800	Ambient Non-Methane Organics in Nitrogen	(Fifteen components in large cylin	
1800a	Ambient Non-Methane Organics in Nitrogen	(Fifteen components in small cylin	
1804a			
	Ambient Toxic Organics in Nitrogen	(Nineteen components)	5 nmol/mol
2730 2731	Hydrogen Sulfide in Nitrogen	H_2S	5
//1	Hydrogen Sulfide in Nitrogen	H_2S	20

107. Permeation Devices

These SRMs are primarily intended for use in calibrating air pollution monitoring apparatus and for calibrating air pollution analytical methods and procedures. Each tube is individually calibrated and certified according to NIST procedures and protocols.

SRM	Туре	Tube Length	Permeation Rate at 30 °C		stance Fraction (Flow Rates of (La	
		(in cm)	(in μg/min)	1	5	10
1625 1626	Sulfur Dioxide Permeation Tube Sulfur Dioxide Permeation Tube	10 5	2.8 1.4	1.1 0.54	0.21 0.11	0.11 0.054

108. Fossil Fuels

Alcohols and Ethers [Oxygenates] in Reference Fuels (liquid form)

SRMs 1829, 1837, 1838, and 1839 are for calibrating instruments and validating methods used to determine various alcohols in gasoline. SRM 1829 is issued as a set of six sealed 20 mL ampules; SRMs 1837, 1838 and 1839 are each issued as a set of five sealed 20 mL ampules.

SRMs 2286 through 2297 were produced in response to the U.S. EPA Final Rule on Reformulated Gasoline aimed at reducing the volatile organic compounds emitted from gasoline. They consist of varying quantities of alcohol and ether (oxygenate) solutions in gasoline. SRMs 2286 through 2293 will be certified for constituent oxygenate concentration and resultant oxygen concentration in gasoline. Each SRM unit is issued as a set of three sealed 20 mL ampules—two ampules contain oxygenate and one ampule contains base reference gasoline. SRMs 2294 through 2297 will be certified for total olefins, total aromatics, oxygenate, sulfur, and benzene. Each SRM unit is issued as a set of two sealed 20 mL ampules. [NOTE: See Section 203 for Flash Point RMs.]

SRM	Туре		Concentration (mass fraction, in %)						
	Турс	Methanol	Ethanol	Methanol and t-Butanol	Oxygenate	Oxygen			
1829	Alcohols in Reference Fuels	0.335	11.39	10.33 + 6.63					
1837	Methanol and t-Butanol			10.33 + 6.63					
1838	Ethanol		11.39						
1839	Methanol	0.335							
2286	Ethanol in Gasoline				5.73	2.02			
2287	Ethanol in Gasoline				10.07	3.53			
2288	t-Amyl Methyl Ether in Gasoline				12.78	2.02			
2289	t-Amyl Methyl Ether in Gasoline				17.30	2.73			
2290	Ethyl t-Butyl Ether in Gasoline				12.78	2.01			
2291	Ethyl t-Butyl Ether in Gasoline				17.18	2.70			
2292	Methyl t-Butyl Ether in Gasoline				10.96	2.00			
2293	Methyl t-Butyl Ether in Gasoline				14.86	2.71			
2294	Reformulated Gasoline (nominal 11%)	MTBE, 35 mg/k	g sulfur)		In Prep				
2295	Reformulated Gasoline (nominal 15%	MTBE, 300 mg/k	g sulfur)		In Prep				
2296	Reformulated Gasoline (nominal 13%)	ETBE, 35 mg/k	g sulfur)		In Prep				
2297	Reformulated Gasoline (nominal 10%)	Ethanol, 300 mg/k	g sulfur)		In Prep				

108. Metal Constituents in Fossil Fuels (liquid and solid forms)

These SRMs and RM are for analysis of metal trace elements in fuel oil and reference fuels. [Also see Category 114.]

SRM	Type	Unit Size		Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %*)						
	- J F -		As	Со	Pb	Ni	S	Se	V	
1618	Vanadium and Nickel in Residual Fuel Oil (No. 6)	100 mL				75*	(4.3)		423*	
1634c	Trace Elements in Fuel Oil (No. 6)	100 mL	0.1426*	0.1510*		17.54*	(2)	0.1020*	28.19*	
2712	Lead in Reference Fuel	6×20 mL			11.4*					
2713	Lead in Reference Fuel	$6\times20~\mathrm{mL}$			19.4*					
2714	Lead in Reference Fuel	6×20 mL			28.1*					
2715	Lead in Reference Fuel	6×20 mL			784*					
RM 8505	Vanadium in Crude Oil	250 mL	,						(390*)	

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

^{*}Values are in mg/kg.

108. Sulfur in Fossil Fuels (liquid and solid forms)

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Sulfur (mass fraction, in %)	Furnace Ash (mass fraction, in %)	Volatile Matter (mass fraction, in %)
1616a	Sulfur in Kerosine	100 mL	0.01462		
1617a	Sulfur in Kerosine	100 mL	0.17307		
1619a	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	100 mL	0.725		
1620b	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	100 mL	4.220		
1621e	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	100 mL	0.9480		
1622e	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	100 mL	2.1468		
1623c	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	100 mL	0.0024		
1624c	Sulfur in Distillate Fuel Oil	100 mL	0.3970		
2717	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	100 mL	3.022		
2723	Sulfur in Diesel Fuel Oil	100 mL	In Prep		
2724a	Sulfur in Diesel Fuel Oil	100 mL	0.04304		
1632b	Trace Elements in Coal (Bituminous)	50 g	1.89	6.8	(35)
1635	Trace Elements in Coal (Sub-bituminous)	50 g	0.33		
2718	Trace Elements in				
	Green Petroleum Coke	50 g	In Prep		
2719	Trace Elements in				
	Calcined Petroleum Coke	50 g	In Prep		
2682a	Coal (Sub-bituminous)	50 g	0.486	6.3	
2683b	Coal (Bituminous)	50 g	1.955	9.93	
2684a	Coal (Bituminous)	50 g	3.06	11.0	
2685a	Coal (Bituminous)	50 g	4.730	16.21	
2692a	Sulfur in Coal, 1%	50 g	1.184	7.94	1.21
2775	Foundry Coke	50 g	0.5816	5.77	1.31
2776	Furnace Coke	In Prep			

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

108. Moisture in Oils and Alcohols (liquid form)

These RMs are intended for use in developing and validating methods for the determination of moisture in oil and similar matrices. The water concentration values are not certified, but represent the "best estimate" of the moisture content determined by NIST.

RM	Туре	Unit Size	Water Concentration (in mg/kg)
8506	Moisture in Transformer Oil	Set of 5 ampules: 10 mL each	(39.7)
8507	Moisture in Mineral Oil	Set of 5 ampules: 10 mL each	(76.8)
8509	Moisture in Methanol	Set of 5 ampules: 5 mL each	(93)
8510	Moisture in Methanol	Set of 5 ampules: 5 mL each	(325)

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given as recommended reference values only.

108. Reference Liquids for Evaluating Fuels

SRMs 1815a and 1816a are high purity liquids intended for use in maintaining the integrity of the octane rating of motor and aviation fuels as specified in the ASTM Manual for Rating Motor, Diesel, and Aviation Fuels.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Purity (mass fraction, in %)
1815a	n-Heptane	100 mL	99.987
1816a	Iso octane (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane)	100 mL	99.987

Element Concentrations are in mg/kg, unless noted by a single asterisk for mass fraction, in %.	SRM Type	1632b Coal (Bituminous)	1633b Coal Fly Ash	1635 Coal (Subbitum- inous)	2689 Coal Fly Ash	2690 Coal Fly Ash	2691 Coal Fly Ash	2718 Green Petroleum Coke	2719 Calcined Petroleur Coke
Alumanum		50 g	75 g	75 g	3×10 g	3×10 g	3×10 g	50 g	50 g
Antimory (0.24) (6) (0.14) (9) (6) (3) Assertion (3.72) (156.2) (200) (200) (200) (300) (5000	Element	(Concentrations a	are in mg/kg, unle	ess noted by a sing	le asterisk for ma	ss fraction, in %.)			
Adminomy Q.24 Q.6 Q.14 Q.9 Q.6 Q.3 Q.5	Aluminum	0.855*	15.05*	(0.32*)	12 94*	12 35*	9.81*	In Pren	In Pre
Asenic 3.72 136.2 0.42 (200) (26) (30) Berlina (7.5 709 (800) (810) (800) (5900) Berlina (7.5 709 (800) (810) (800) (5900) Berlina (7.7 (2.9) (810) (8								ш пер	111 110
Bromine	•								
Bromine Color Co	Barium	67.5	709		(800)	(5800)	(5900)		
Cadrium 0.0573 0.784 0.03 (3) (0.7) (0.9) (2.6) (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° 6.81° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° 6.81° (2.18° 5.71° 18.45° 6.81° 6.81° (2.18° 5.81° 6.81°	Beryllium				(21)	(8)	(8)		
Cakiam 0.204* 1.51* 2.18* 5.71* 18.45* Cerium 0.90 (190) (3.6) Cerium (9) (190) (3.6) Cesium (0.44) (11) (11) (8) (1) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	Bromine	, ,							
Carbon 78.86* (190) (190) (180) (34) (11) (8) (1) Cesium (0.44) (11) (11) (8) (1) Chlorine (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1260) (1270)<				0.03			• •		
Cersium (9) (190) (3.6) Cesium (0.44) (11) (11) (8) (1) Chlorine (1260) (170) (67) (68) Chonitum (11) 198.2 2.5 (170) (67) (68) Cobper 6.28 112.8 3.6 (19) (26) Dysprosium (17) (41) (0.06) (3) (2) (2) Europium (0.17) (41) (0.06) (3) (2) (2) Fluorine 41,7 2.99 (105) (100)			1.51*		2.18*	5.71*	18.45*		
Cesium			(100)	(2.6)					
Chlorime (1260) Chondum (11) 198.2 2.5 (170) (67) (68) Cobalt 2.29 (50) (0.65) (48) (19) (26) Copper 6.28 112.8 3.6 Copper 6.29 112.8 3.6 Copper 6.28 112.8 3.				(3.0)					
Chromism			(11)		(11)	(8)	(1)		
Cobalt 2.29 (50) (0.65) (48) (19) (26) Copper 6.28 112.8 3.6 Week of the common o	_	, ,	198.2	2.5	(170)	(67)	(68)		
Dysprosium (0.17) (4.1) (0.06) (3) (2) (2)	Cobalt	2.29	(50)	(0.65)					
Europium	Copper	6.28	112.8	3.6					
Fluorine Galolinium (13) Gallium (0.43) (6.8) (0.29) (7) (8) (10) Hafnium (0.43) (6.8) (0.29) (7) (8) (10) Hafnium (10) Hafnium (5.1) (94) Lead (3.67) (68.2) (1.9) (52) (39) (29) Lithium (10) Luetium (10) Luetium (10) Magnesium (0.0383* (0.482* (0.61* (1.53* (3.12* (1.94* (Dysprosium		(17)						
Gadilium (1.3) Gallium (0.43) (6.8) (0.29) (7) (8) (10) Holmium (3.5) Hydrogen 4.94* 1.00 <td></td> <td></td> <td>(4.1)</td> <td></td> <td>(3)</td> <td>(2)</td> <td>(2)</td> <td></td> <td></td>			(4.1)		(3)	(2)	(2)		
Hafnium		41.7		25.9					
Hafnium (0.43) (6.8) (0.29) (7) (8) (10) Holmium (3.5) Hydrogen 4.94* Iron (Total) 0.759* 7.78* 0.239* 9.32* 3.57* 4.42* Landhanum (5.1) (94) Lead 3.67 68.2 1.9 (52) (39) (29) Lithium (10) Luetium (10) Luetium (10) Magaesium 0.0383* 0.482* 0.61* 1.53* 3.12* Manganesc 12.4 131.8 21.4 (300) (300) (200) Mercury (0.10) 0.141 (0.02) (<0.003) (<0.003) (<0.003) Molybdenum (0.9) Nickel 6.10 120.6 1.74 (122) (46) (53) Nikkel 6.10 120.6 1.74 (122) (46) (53) Nikkel 6.10 120.6 1.74 (122) (46) (53) Nikyim (0.87) (20) Scandium (0.87) (20) Scandium (1.9) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Selenium 1.29 10.26 0.9 (7) (0.8) (17) Sclenium 1.29 10.26 0.9 (7) (0.8) (17) Sclenium (1.9) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Sclenium (1.9) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Sclenium (1.9) (1041 (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (0.25* 0.34* 1.09* Strontium (1.80* 0.201* 0.201* 0.25* 0.31* Tantalum (1.81) Terbium (1.82) (2.57) 0.62 (2.5) (2.5) (2.6) Thorium 1.342 2.5.7 0.62 (2.5) (2.5) (2.5) (2.6) Thanium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 0.456 8.79			(13)	(1.05)					
Holmium					·				
Hydrogen (4.94* 1.076 1.78* 1.78* 1.29* 1.029*		(0.43)	• ,	(0.29)	(7)	(8)	(10)		
Fron (Total) 0.759* 7.78* 0.239* 9.32* 3.57* 4.42*		4.94*	(3.3)						
Lead	, ,		7.78*	0.239*	9.32*	3.57*	4.42*		
Lithium Lutetium (10) Lutetium (1.2) Magnesium 0.0383* 0.482* 0.61* 1.53* 3.12* Manganese 12.4 131.8 21.4 (300) (300) (200) Mercury (0.10) 0.141 (0.02) (<0.003)	Lanthanum	(5.1)	(94)						
Luteium Magnesium Magnesium Magnese 1.2.4 0.482* 0.61* 1.53* 3.12* Manganese 12.4 131.8 21.4 (300) (300) (200) Mercury Molybdenum Nedymium Nickel (85) (85) (46) (53) Nikekel 6.10 120.6 1.74 (122) (46) (53) Phosphorus Potassium Nicogen (2300) 0.10* 0.52* 0.51* Potassium Nicogen 1.95* 2.20* 1.04* 0.34* Rubidium S.50 (140) (85) (17) (24) Samarium (0.87) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (21) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (21) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24) (25) (25) (25) (25) (26) (25) (25) (25) (25) (25) (25)	Lead	3.67	68.2	1.9	(52)	(39)	(29)		
Magnesium Magnese 0.0383* 12.4 0.482* 131.8 0.61* 1.53* 3.12* (300) 3.12* (200) Mercury (0.10) 0.141 (0.02) (<0.003)		(10)							
Manganese 12.4 131.8 21.4 (300) (300) (200) Mercury (0.10) 0.141 (0.02) (<0.003)		0.0393*			0.61*	1.52*	2.12*		
Mercury (0.10) 0.141 (0.02) (<0.003) (<0.003) (<0.003) Molybdenum (0.9) (85)				21.4					
Molybdenum Neodymium (85) Nickel 6.10 1.56* 120.6 1.74 (122) (46) (53) Phosphorus Potassium 0.0748* 1.95* 2.20* 1.04* 0.34* Photassium Potassium 0.0748* 1.95* 2.20* 1.04* 0.34* Rubidium Samarium 5.50 (0.87) (140) (0.87) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (24) (25) (26) (27) (24) (24) (24) (25) (26) (27) (24) (24) (25) (26) (27) (200) (2700) (2700) (2700) (2700) (2700) (2700) (2700) (2700) (2700) (26) (25) (25)		 							
Neodymium Nickel (85) 1.56* (122) (46) (53) Phosphorus Potassium (2300) 0.10* 0.52* 0.51* Potassium Rubidium 0.0748* 1.95* 2.20* 1.04* 0.34* Rubidium Samarium (0.87) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) (20) Scandium (1.9) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Selenium 1.29 10.26 0.9 (7) (0.8) (17) Silicon (1.4*) 23.02* 24.06* 25.85* 16.83* Sodium 0.0515* 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum (1.8) (2.6) (1.7) (2.6) (1.7) (2.6) (2.6) (2.6) (2.6) (2.6) (2.6) (2.6) (2.6)			0.141	(0.02)	(<0.003)	(<0.003)	(<0.003)		b
Nitrogen 1.56* Phosphorus (2300) 0.10* 0.52* 0.51* Potassium 0.0748* 1.95* 2.20* 1.04* 0.34* Rubidium 5.50 (140) Samarium (0.87) (20) Scandium (1.9) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Selenium 1.29 10.26 0.9 (7) (0.8) (17) Silicon (1.4*) 23.02* 24.06* 25.85* 16.83* Sodium 0.0515* 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum (1.8) Terbium (2.6) Thallium (5.9) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium (0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Titanium 0.0450* 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2	Neodymium								
Phosphorus (2300) 0.10* 0.52* 0.51* Potassium 0.0748* 1.95* 2.20* 1.04* 0.34* Rubidium 5.50 (140) Samarium (0.87) (20) Scandium (1.9) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Selenium 1.29 10.26 0.9 (7) (0.8) (17) Silicon (1.4*) 23.02* 24.06* 25.85* 16.83* Sodium 0.0515* 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum (1.8) Terbium (2.6) Thallium (5.9) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Titanium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2			120.6	1.74	(122)	(46)	(53)		
Potassium 0.0748* 1.95* 2.20* 1.04* 0.34* Rubidium 5.50 (140) (140) (19) (20) Scandium (1.9) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Selenium 1.29 10.26 0.9 (7) (0.8) (17) Silicon (1.4*) 23.02* 24.06* 25.85* 16.83* Sodium 0.0515* 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum (1.8) (2.6) (1.5) (25) (25) (26) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium (0.48) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 (4.24) (4.24) (4.24)	Nitrogen	1.36*							
Rubidium Samarium (0.87) 5.50 (140) (20) Scandium (1.9) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Selenium (1.9) 1.29 (1.4*) 10.26 (0.9) (7) (0.8) (17) (17) Silicon (1.4*) 23.02* 24.06* 25.85* 16.83* Sodium (0.0515*) 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* (0.24*) 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur (1.89*) 0.2075* (0.33*) 0.15* (0.83*) Tantalum Terbium (2.6) (2.6) (2.6) Thallium (5.9) (5.9) (2.5) (2.5) Thorium (1.342) 25.7 0.62 (2.5) (2.5) (2.6) Thulium (0.454*) 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* (0.52*) 0.90* Titanium (0.48) (5.6) 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2		0.0540*							
Samarium Scandium (0.87) (1.9) (20) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Selenium 1.29 10.26 0.9 (7) (0.8) (17) Silicon (1.4*) 23.02* 24.06* 25.85* 16.83* Sodium 0.0515* 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum Terbium (5.9) (2.6) (5.9) (25) (25) (26) Thallium (5.9) (2.1) (25) (26) (26) Thulium (0.454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) (0.48) (5.6) (0.48) (5.6) Uranium (14) 295.7 5.2 (24 (25) (26)					2.20*	1,04*	0.34*		
Scandium (1.9) (41) (0.63) (32) (17) (24) Selenium 1.29 10.26 0.9 (7) (0.8) (17) Silicon (1.4*) 23.02* 24.06* 25.85* 16.83* Sodium 0.0515* 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum (2.6) Thallium (5.9) (5.9) (5.9) (5.9) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium (0.45/4* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5.6) (5									
Silicon (1.4*) 23.02* 24.06* 25.85* 16.83* Sodium 0.0515* 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum Terbium (2.6) Thallium (5.9) (25) (25) (26) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2				(0.63)	(32)	(17)	(24)		
Silicon (1.4*) 23.02* 24.06* 25.85* 16.83* Sodium 0.0515* 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum Terbium (2.6) Thallium (5.9) (25) (25) (26) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2	Selenium	1.29	10.26	0.9	(7)	(0.8)	(17)		
Sodium 0.0515* 0.201* (0.24*) 0.25* 0.24* 1.09* Strontium (102) 1041 (700) (2000) (2700) Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum (1.8) 7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thallium (5.9) (5.9) (25) (25) (26) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) 0.24 0.24 0.24 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2 0.24 0.24 0.24									
Sulfur 1.89* 0.2075* 0.33* 0.15* 0.83* Tantalum Terbium (2.6) (2.6) (2.6) (2.7)				(0.24*)	0.25*				
Tantalum Terbium (2.6) Thallium (5.9) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2				0.22*	(700)				
Terbium (2.6) Thallium (5.9) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium (2.1) Titanium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2	Sultur	1.89*	0.2075*	0.33*		0.15*	0.83*		
Thallium (5.9) Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium (2.1) Titanium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2									
Thorium 1.342 25.7 0.62 (25) (25) (26) Thulium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2									
Titanium 0.0454* 0.791* (0.02*) 0.75* 0.52* 0.90* Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2		1.342		0.62	(25)	(25)	(26)		
Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2					,		,		
Tungsten (0.48) (5.6) Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2	Titanium	0.0454*	0.791*	(0.02*)	0.75*	0.52*	0.90*		
Uranium 0.436 8.79 0.24 Vanadium (14) 295.7 5.2	Tungsten	(0.48)	(5.6)	(2 /					
THEOREM (7.0)		. (14)		5.2			4		
Zinc 11.89 (210) 4.7 (240) (120) (120)									

109. Organics

109. GC/MS and LC System Performance (liquid form)

These SRMs and RM are for evaluating the sensitivity of gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) instrumentation and for characterizing liquid chromatography (LC) column selectivity.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Selectivity (C18 phases)	Concentra (in mg Low/H	/L)
869	LC Selectivity	Set of 5, 1.1 mL	BaP≤PhPh <tbn< th=""><th></th><th></th></tbn<>		
1543 RM 8443	GC/MS System Performance	Set of 4, 1 mL Set of 20, 1 mL		Methyl Stearate Benzophenone	

109. Organic Constituents (liquid and solid forms)

These SRMs and RMs are for calibrating or measuring organic contaminants found in a variety of environmental matrices. They are listed in the table below and further described in tables on this and the following three pages. The first three tables identify the SRMs for PAHs, Pesticides, PCBs, methylmercury, and mercury, respectively. The SRMs described therein are grouped according to application — calibration or natural matrix measurement. The calibration SRMs are useful for validating the chromatographic separation step while the natural matrix SRMs, which are similar to actual environmental samples, can be used to validate all the steps of an analytical procedure. The fourth table describes SRMs and RMs certified for organic components in such matrices as oil, *iso* octane, and methanol. **NOTE:** Due to space limitations, only selected components are listed for most SRMs in the tables. Also, due to the types of components certified, SRMs 1588a, 1941a, 1945, 1974a, and 2974, are listed in more than one table.

SRM	Туре	Unit of Issue
1491	Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Hexane/Toluene	Set of 5 ampules
1492	Chlorinated Pesticides in Hexane	Set of 5 ampules
1493	Polychlorinated Biphenyl Congeners in Iso octane	Set of 5 ampules
1580	Shale Oil	Set of 5 ampules
1581	Polychlorinated Biphenyls in Oil	Set of 8 ampules
1582	Petroleum Crude Oil	Set of 5 ampules
1584	Phenols in Methanol	Set of 5 ampules
1586	Isotopically Labelled Priority Pollutants	Set of 6 ampules
1587	Nitro PAH in Methanol	Set of 4 ampules
1588a	Organics in Cod Liver Oil	In Prep
1589a	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (as Aroclor 1260) in Human Serum	In Prep
1596	Dinitropyrene Isomers and 1-Nitropyrene in Methylene Chloride	Set of 5 ampules
1597	Complex Mixture of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons from Coal Tar	Set of 4 ampules
1614	Dioxin (2,3,7,8 TCDD) in <i>Iso</i> octane	Set of 6 ampules
1639	Halocarbons (in Methanol) for Water Analysis	In Prep
1647d	Priority Pollutant Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (in Acetonitrile)	Set of 5 ampules
1649a	Urban Dust/Organics	10 g
1650a	Diesel Particulate Matter	In Prep
1939a	Polychlorinated Biphenyls in River Sediment A	50 g
1941a	Organics in Marine Sediment	50 g
1944	New York-New Jersey Waterway Sediment	In Prep
1945	Organics in Whale Blubber	Set of 2 bottles
1974a	Organics in Mussel Tissue (Frozen)	Set of 3 bottles
1975	Diesel Particulate Extract	In Prep
2260	Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Toluene	Set of 5 ampules
2261	Chlorinated Pesticides in Hexane	Set of 5 ampules
2262	Chlorinated Biphenyl Congeners in <i>Iso</i> octane	Set of 5 ampules
2974	Organics in Freeze-dried Mussel	8 g
2975	Diesel Particulate Matter (Industrial Forklift)	In Prep
 I 8466	γ-HCH (Lindane) (neat)	Vial, 100 mg
8467	4,4'-DDE (neat)	Vial, 100 mg
8469	4,4'-DDT (neat)	Vial, 100 mg

10% Organic Constituents (inquita una sona forms) Continuea	109.	Organic Constituents (liquid and solid forms) - Continued
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РАН	Calib	ration S	olution						Natural	Matrix				
SRM [No. of Components certified]	1491 [23]	2260 [23]	1647d [16]	1580 [9]	1582 [6]	1597 [12]	1649a [22]	1650a [23]	1941a [23]	1944 [20]	1974a [15]	1975 [23]	2974 [14]	2975 [23]
Component (in mg/	kg)											<u>.</u>		
Naphthalene	10.30	76.3	25.84			1160		In Prep	1.010	In Prep	0.0235	In Prep	(0.00963)	In Prep
1-Methylnaphthalene	12.4	75.7				(47)					(0.0053)		(0.00347)	·
2-Methylnaphthalene	(11.3)	(75.3)				(97)					(0.0102)		(0.00648)	
Biphenyl	10.46	76.14				(27)			(0.175)		(0.00511)		(0.00468)	
Acenaphthylene	10.40	73.09	19.89			(250)			(0.037)		(0.00525)		(0.00460)	
Acenaphthene	10.89	78.9	26.67						(0.041)		(0.00315)		(0.00274)	
Fluorene	10.87	75.62	6.09			(140)	(0.231)		0.973		(0.00572)		(0.00469)	
Phenanthrene	10.48	76.01	4.40		101	462	4.14		0.489		0.0222		0.0222	
Anthracene	11.69	57.54	1.02			101	0.432		0.184		0.0061		0.0061	
1-Methylphenanthrene	10.4	75.2					(0.366)		(0.101)		(0.0105)		(0.0105)	
Fluoranthene	8.84	76.31	9.81	54	2.5	322	6.45		0.981		0.1637		0.1637	
Pyrene	8.81	76.20	10.88	104		235	5.29		0.811		0.1516		0.1516	
Benz[a]anthracene	5.37	66.0	5.25		3.0	98.6	2.21		0.427		0.0325		0.0325	
Chrysene	10.50	76.6	4.71			71.7	3.049		0.380		0.0442		0.0442	
Triphenylene						12.1	1.357		0.197		0.0507		0.0507	
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	7.85	75.97	5.36			(66)	6.43		0.740		0.0464		0.0464	
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	8.33	75.67	6.06			(43)	1.907		0.361		0.02018		0.0202	
Benzo[a]fluoranthene							0.409		0.118		(0.0040)			
Benzo[e]pyrene	8.40	75.98		18		((57)	3.09		0.553	0.0840		0.0840	
Benzo[a]pyrene	10.14	68.61	6.31	21	1.	95.8	2.509		0.628		0.01563		0.01563	
Perylene	10.65	57.48		3.4	31	26.1	0.646		0.452		0.00768		0.00768	
Indeno[1,2,3–cd]pyrene	9.40	67.4	5.49			60.2	3.08		0.501		0.0142		0.0142	
Dibenz $[a,h]$ anthracene	7.74	57.1	4.54				0.299		0.0739					
Benzo[ghi]perylene	7.90	67.9	4.73			53.7	3.99		0.525		0.0220		0.0220	

Values in parentheses are not certified but are provided as reference values or are given for information only.

Pesticide	Calibratio	on Solution			Natural	Matrix		
SRM	1492	2261	1588a	1941a	1944	1945	1974a	2974
[No. of Components certified]	[15]	[15]	[12]	[6]	[10]	[15]	[7]	[7]
Component (in µg/kg)								
Hexaclorobenzene	308	3005	In Prep	70		32.9		
γ-HCH (Lindane)	310	3012	·			3.30		
Heptachlor	299	3020	1					
Aldrin	304	3029						
Heptachlor epoxide	307	3020				10.8		
cis-Chlordane	305	3012		2.33		46.9	17.2	17.2
trans-Nonachlor	297	3034		1.26		231	18.0	18.0
Dieldrin	307	3012		(1.26)		(37.5)	(6.2)	(6.2
Mirex	306	3041				28.9		
2,4'-DDE	303	3019		0.73		12.28	(5.26)	(5.2
4,4'-DDE	306	3019		6.59		445	51.2	51.2
2,4'-DDD	299	3013				18.1	(13.7)	(13.7
4,4'-DDD	296	3043		5.06		133	43.0	43.0
2,4'-DDT	307	2993				106	(8.5)	(8.5)
4,4'-DDT	302	3004		(1.25)		245	3.91	3.9

Organic Constituents (liquid and solid forms) - Continued 109.

PCB	Calibrat	ion Solution				Natural N	Matrix			
SRM	1493	2262	1588a	1589a	1939a	1941a	1944	1945	1974a	2974
[No. of Components certified]	[18]	[25]	[15]	[tbd]*	[16]	[21]	[20]	[27]	[20]	[26]
Component (in µg/kg)										
Methylmercury									77.3	77.3
Mercury									176	176
PCB 1		2997	In Prep	In Prep	In Prep		In Pre	р		
PCB 3			•	•	•			•		
PCB 8	(277)	3110				(1.39)				
PCB 15										
PCB 18	290.8	2983				(1.15)		4.48	(33)	(26.8
PCB 28	288.0	(3000)				(9.8)		(14.1)	(79)	(79)
PCB 29		2980				` ´		, ,	` ′	` ′
PCB 44	289	2977				4.80		12.2	72.7	72.7
PCB 50		(3010)								
PCB 52	285.9	2996				6.89		43.6	115	115
PCB 66	291.9	2973				6.8		23.6	101.4	101.4
PCB 77	284.3	3040								
PCB 87		3000				6.70		16.7	(54)	
PCB 101	287.8	2950				11.0		65.2	128.3	128
PCB 104		3007								
PCB 105	286	2960				3.65		30.1	53.0	53.0
PCB 118	(289)	2992				10.0		74.6	130.8	130.8
PCB 126	287.4	3010								
PCB 128	290.0	2985				1.87		23.7	22.0	22.0
PCB 138	287.1	2939				13.38		131.5	133.5	134
PCB 153	287.5	2957				17.6		213	145.2	145.2
PCB 154		(2950)								
PCB 170	285.3	2964				3.00		40.6	5.5	5.5
PCB 180	289.2	2986				5.83		106.7	17.1	17.1
PCB 187	285.3	2967				(7.0)		105.1	34.0	34.0
PCB 188		3008				, ,				
PCB 195	289.0	2974						17.7		
PCB 201		3001						16.96		
PCB 206	259	2900				3.67		31.1		
PCB 209	289.6	2989				8.34		10.6		

Values in parentheses are not certified but are provided as reference values or are given for information only. *Components to be certified are yet to be determined.

109. Organic Constituents (liquid and solid forms) - Continued

SRM 1581 1584 1586-1 1586-2 1587 1596 1614 1639 RM 8466 RM 8467 RM [No. of Components [4] [10] [10] [6] [4] [2] [7] certified]		1581 [4]	1584 [10]	1586-1 [10]	1586-2 [10]	1587 [6]	1596 [4]	1614 [2]	1639 [7]	RM 8466	RM 8467	RM 84
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Component (Concentrations are in mg/kg,	unless noted by	a single aste	risk for μg/l	rg, a double	e asterisk f	or mg/L @	25 °C, or a dags	ger for mass f	raction, in %	b.)
Motor Oil-Aroclor 1242 100							.,			
Motor Oil-Aroclor 1260 100										
Transformer Oil-Aroclor 1242 100										
Transformer Oil-Aroclor 1242 100 Transformer Oil-Aroclor 1260 100										
2-Chlorophenol	64.4**									
Phenol	29.7**	117.0	116.0							
2-Nitrophenol	25.2**	103.6	101.9							
2,4-Dimethylphenol	51.6**	105.0	101.7							
2,4-Difficulty/phenol	35.6**	102.5	82.2							
4-Chloro-m-cresol	27.4**	102.5	02,2							
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	20.4**									
4-Nitrophenol	20.7**									
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	20.1**									
Pentachlorophenol	15.4**									
2,4-Dinitrophenol	(22.4)**									
Carbon Tetrachloride	(22.1)	128.5	124.4				157.0 **			
Benzene		101.1	99.0				15710			
Chlorobenzene		133.0	144.0							
Nitrobenzene		126.0	134.5							
Naphthalene		126.5	126.6							
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate		63.9	60.4							
Benzo[a]pyrene		49.2	44.1							
2-Nitrofluorene				9.67						
9-Nitroanthracene				5.01						
3-Nitrofluoranthene				9.24						
1-Nitropyrene				8.95	4.38					
7-Nitrobenz[a]anthracene				9.27						
5-Nitrochrysene				8.13						
6-Nitrobenzo[a]pyrene				(6.1)						
1,3-Dinitropyrene					2.10					
1,6-Dinitropyrene					4.82					
1,8-Dinitropyrene					8.90					
2,3,7,8-TCDD						98.3*				
2,3,7,8-TCDD- ¹³ C						95.6*				
Chloroform							6235 **			
Chlorodibromomethane							124.6**			
Bromodichloromethane							389.9**			
Bromoform ,							86.5**			
Trichloroethylene							85.8**			
Tetrachloroethylene							40.6**	<u>.</u>		
γ-Hexachlorocyclohexane (Lindane)								(99.9)†	1	
4,4'-DDE									(99.8)†	
4,4'-DDT										(99.8)

110. Food and Agriculture

These SRMs are for validation of analytical procedures and calibration of apparatus used in the analysis of trace elements in foods and related products.

Foods and	Beverages	(liquid and	powder	forms)
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SRM	1549	1566b	1567a	1568a	1577b
Туре	Non-fat Milk Powder	Oyster Tissue	Wheat Flour	Rice Flour	Bovine Liver
Unit Size	100 g	25 g	80 g	80 g	50 g
Element	(Concentrations are in mg/	kg, unless noted by a	single asterisk for mass	fraction, in %.)	
Aluminum	(2)	In Prep	5.7	4.4	(3)
Antimony	(0.00027)			(0.0005)	(0.003)
Arsenic	(0.0019)		(0.006)	0.29	(0.05)
Bromine	(12)		(6)	(8)	(9.7)
Cadmium	0.0005		0.026	0.022	0.50
Calcium	1.30*		0.0191*	0.011*	116
Chlorine	1.09*		(565)	(300)	0.278*
Chromium	0.0026				
Cobalt	(0.0041)		(0.006)	(0.018)	(0.25)
Copper	0.7		2.1	2.4	160
Fluorine	(0.20)				
Iodine	3.38		(0.0009)	(0.009)	
Iron	1.78		14.1	7.4	184
Lead	0.019		(<0.020)	(<0.010)	0.129
Magnesium	0.120*		0.040*	0.056*	601
Manganese	0.26		9.4	20.0	10.5
Mercury	0,0003		(0.0005)	0.0058	(0.003)
Molybdenum	(0.34)		0.48	1.46	3.5
Nickel				(0.16)	
Nitrogen					
Phosphorus	1.06*		0.134*	0.153*	1.10*
Potassium	1.69*		0.133*	0.1280*	0.994*
Rubidium	(11)		0.68	6.14	13.7
Selenium	0.11		1.1	0.38	0.73
Silicon	(<50)				
Silver	(<0.0003)				0.039
Sodium	0.497*		6.1	6.6	0.242*
Strontium					0.136
Sulfur	0.351*		0.165*	0.120*	0.785*
Tellurium				(<0.002)	
Thorium					
Tin	(<0.02)			(0.0033)	(0.0047)
Uranium			(0.0003)	(0.0003)	
Vanadium			(0.011)	(0.007)	(0.123)
Zinc	46.1		11.6	19.4	127

110. Health Care and Nutrients (liquid and solid forms)

These SRMs and RMs are for use in determining the nutritional contents of foods. The SRMs are certified for such dietary constituents as proximates (solids, ash, protein, carbohydrate, fat and linoleate), vitamins, niacin, folic acid, pantothenic acid, biotin, choline, and selected minerals and trace elements. **NOTE:** Only selected constituent values are shown below for information. Consult the relevant certificate or report of investigation for all available certified and non-certified values.

SRM	Туре	Certified Constitu Analytes	ients Values	Unit Size
Nutritio Constitu	(Compone motions	are in g/kg, unless noted by a sing	le asterisk for n	ng/kg.)
1544	Fatty Acids and Cholesterol in a Frozen Diet Composite	Cholesterol, Fatty Acids, Proximates	0.1483	4×15 g
1548a	Typical Diet	In Prep		2×6.5 g
1563	Cholesterol and Fat-Soluble Vitamins in Coconut Oil	Cholesterol Ergocalciferol dl-α-Tocopherol Acetate	639.8 10.9* 158.0*	10 ampules; 5 fortified 5 natural
1845	Whole Egg Powder	Cholesterol	19.0 g/kg	35 g
1846	Infant Formula (milk-based)	Proximates, Vitamins, Minerals		10×30 g
2383	Baby Food Composite	Carotenoids, Vitamins		4×70 g
M 8036	BCR No 150 Spiked Skim Milk Powder	Trace Elements		30 g
M 8435	Whole Milk	Minerals		40 g

110. USA/Canada Collaborative Materials (powder form)

These materials, developed by Agriculture Canada in collaboration with NIST, are for calibrating apparatus and validating methods applied to food/agricultural commodities.

RM	8412	8413	8414	8415	8416	8418
Туре	Corn Stalk	Corn Kernel	Bovine Muscle Powder	Whole Egg Powder	Microcrystalline Cellulose	Wheat Gluten
Unit Size	34 g	47 g	50 g	35 g	35 g	50 g
Element	(Best Estimate concen	trations are in mg/kg, u	nless noted by a sir	ngle asterisk for n	nass fraction, in %.)	
Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Boron	- - - -	(4) - - - -	1.7 (0.01) 0.009 (0.05) 0.6	540 (0.002) (0.01) (3) 0.41	3.7 (0.001) (0.1) (0.2)	10.8 (0.01) (0.02) 1.53 (0.4)
Bromine Cadmium Calcium Cerium Cesium	- 0.216* - -	- 42 - -	1.1 0.013 145 - (0.05)	(0.005) 0.248* -	0.00002 (5) -	(3.6) 0.064 369 - -
Chlorine Chromium Cobalt Copper	0.244* - - 8	(450) - - 3.0	0.188* 0.071 0.007 2.84	0.508* 0.37 0.012 2.70	80 (0.05) 0.0017 0.015	0.362* 0.053 0.010 5.94
Fluorine Iodine Iron Lanthanum	(0.65) - 139 -	(0.24) - 23 -	(0.22) 0.035 71.2	1.97	(0.005) (0.01) (2)	(0.43) 0.060 54.3
Magnesium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum Nickel	0.160* 15 - -	0.0990* 4.0 - -	0.38 960 0.37 0.005 0.08 0.05	0.061 305 1.78 0.004 0.247	0.006 - (0.03) (0.0002) 0.01 0.05	0.10 510 14.3 0.0019 0.76 0.13
Nitrogen Phosphorus Potassium Rubidium Samarium	(6970) - 1.735 - -	(13750) - 0.3570 28.7 -	13.75 0.836 1.517 -	6.30 1.001 0.319	200 (7) - - -	14.68 0.219 472 (0.4)

110. USA/Canada Collaborative Materials (powder form) — Continued

RM Type	8412 Corn Stalk	8413 Corn Kernel	8414 Bovine Muscle	Whole Egg	8416 Microcrystalline Cellulose	8418 Wheat Gluten
VI is Cin-	24 -	47 -	Powder	Powder	25 -	50 -
Unit Size	34 g	47 g	50 g	35 g	35 g	50 g
Element	(Best estimate concent	rations are in mg/k	g, unless noted by	a single asteri	sk for mass fraction,	in %.)
Selenium	0.016	0.004	0.076	1.39	0.002	2.58
Sodium	28	_	0.210	0.377	(7)	0.142
Strontium	12	_	0.052	5.63	(0.02)	1.71
Sulfur	-	-	0.795	0.512	(10)	0.845
Titanium	_	_	_		_	(2)
Vanadium	-	_	(0.005)	0.459	(0.02)	(0.04)
Zinc	32	15.7	142	67.5	0.1	53.8

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

RM	8432	8433	8435	8436	8437	8438
Туре	Corn Starch	Corn Bran	Whole Milk Powder	Durum Wheat Flour	Hard Red Spring Wheat Flour	Soft Winter Wheat Flour
Unit Size	50 g	50 g	40 g	50 g	50 g	50 g
Element (Bes	st estimate concenti	rations are in mg/kg	g, unless noted by	a single asteris	k for mass fract	ion, in %.)
Aluminum	1.9	1.01	0.9	11.7	2.1	2.3
Antimony	_	(0.004)	-	-	. –	_
Arsenic	-	0.002	(0.001)	(0.03)	(0.04)	/1>
Barium	_	2.40	0.58	2.11	(0.04)	(1)
Boron	_	2.8	1.1	_	(0.2)	(0.1)
Bromine	_	2.3	20	6.6	_	_
Cadmium	0.0003	0.012	(0.0002)	0.11	(0.02)	(0.03)
Calcium	56	420	0.922	278	143	240
Chlorine	45	31	0.842*	680	500	640
Chromium	(0.02)	0.101	(0.5)	0.023	0.026	0.032
Cobalt	0.0012	0.006	(0.003)	0.008	_	_
Copper	0.06	2.47	0.46	4.30	2.01	1.2
Fluorine	(0.02)	_	(0.17)	(0.1)	(0.02)	(0.04)
Iodine		0.026	2.3	0.006	`- ´	`- ´
Iron	(5)	14.8	1.8	41.5	31	29
Lead	0.007	0.140	0.11	0.023	-	-
Magnesium	31	818	814	0.107*	365	214
Manganese	0.10	2.55	0.17	16.0	4.50	5.4
Mercury	0.0011	0.003	_	0.004	(0.004)	(0.002)
Molybdenum	0.02	0.252	0.29	0.70	0.55	0.29
Nickel	0.02	0.158	(0.01)	0.17	(0.2)	_
Nitrogen	670	0.884*	4.182*	2.707*	2.690*	1.756
Phosphorus	178	171	0.780*	0.290*	0.137*	0.108
Potassium	45	566	1.363*	0.318*	0.115*	0.148
Rubidium	_	0.5	(16)	2.0	_	_
Selenium	0.0009	0.045	0.131	1.23	0.56	0.076
Sodium	119	430	0.356*	16.0	7	7
Strontium	0.18	4.62	4.35	1.19	(4)	_
Sulfur	(200)	860	0.265*	0.193*	0.183*	0.126
Titanium	_	_	(4)	(5)	_	_
Tungsten	(0.001)	_	(0.002)		(0.01)	_
Vanadium	_	0.005	-	0.021	0.02	(0.03)
Zinc	0.22	18.6	28.0	22.2	10.6	5.8

SRM Type	Apple Leaves	1547 Peach Leaves	1570a Spinach Leaves	Tomato Leaves	1575 Pine Needles	2695 Fluoride, in Vegetation	RM 8030 BCR No 60 Aquatic Plant	RM 8031 BCR No 61 Aquatic Moss	RM 8412 Corn Stalk (Zea Mays)	RM8413 Corn Kernel (Zea Mays)
Unit Size	50 g	50 g	60 g	50 g	70 g	2 × 25 g	25 g	25 g	34 g	47 g
Element	(Concentrat	tions are in n	ng/kg, unless	s noted by a si	ngle asteris	k for mass fra	ction, in %.)			
Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Boron	286 (0.013) 0.038 49 27	249 (0.02) 0.060 124 29	310 0.068 37.6	598 0.063 0.112 (63) 33.3	545 (0.2) 0.21					(4)
Bromine Cadmium Calcium Cerium Cesium	(1.8) (0.013) 1.526* (3)	(11) (0.026) 1.56* (10)	2.89 1.527*	(1300) 1.52 5.05* (2) (53)	(9) (<0.5) 0.41* (0.4)		(2.20)	(1.07)	(0.216*)	(42)
Chlorine Chromium Cobalt	579 (0.3) (0.09)	360 (1) (0.07)	0.39	(6600) 1.99 0.57	2.6 (0.1)		,		(0.244*)	(450)
Copper Europium	5.64 (0.2)	3.7 (0.17)	12.2 (0.0054)	4.70	3.0 (0.006)		(51.2)	(720)	(8)	(3.0)
Fluorine Gadolinium Gold Hydrogen	(3) (0.001)	(1) 5.2*		(0.17)		64/277			(0.65)	(0.24)
lodine	(0.3)	(0.3)		(0.85)						
Iron Lanthanum Lead	(83) (20) 0.470	(218) (9) 0.87	(0.20)	368 (2.3)	200 (0.2) 10.8		(63.8)	(64.4)	(139)	(23)
Magnesium Manganese	0.271* 54	0.432* 98	(0.89*) 75.9	(1.2*) 246	675		(1759)	(3771)	(0.160*) (15)	(0.0990*) (4.0)
Mercury Molybdenum Neodymium	0.044 0.094 (17)	0.031 0.060 (7)	0.030	0.034 (0.46)	0.15		(0.34)	(0.23)		
Nickel Nitrogen	0.91 2.25*	0.69 2.94*	2.14 5.90*	1.59 3.03*	(3.5) (1.2*)				(6970)	(13750)
Phosphorus Potassium Rubidium Samarium	0.159* 1.61* 10.2 (3)	0.137* 2.43* 19.7 (1)	0.518* 2.903* (13)	0.216* 2.70* 14.89 (0.19)	0.12* 0.37* 11.7				(1.735*)	(0.357*)
Scandium	(0.03)	(0.04)	(0.055)	(0.1)	(0.03)					
Selenium Sodium Strontium Sulfur Tellurium	0.050 24.4 25 (0.18*)	0.120 24 53 (0.2*)	0.117 1.818* 55.6 (0.46*)	0.054 136 (85) (0.96*)	4.8				(0.016) (28) (12)	(0.004)
Terbium Thallium Thorium Tin Tungsten	(0.4) (0.03) (<0.2) (0.007)	(0.1) (0.05) (<0.2)	0.48	(0.12)	(0.05) 0.037					
Uranium Vanadium Ytterbium	(0.006) 0.26 (0.3)	(0.015) 0.37 (0.02)	(0.15) 0.57	(35) 0.835	0.020					
Zinc	12.5	17.9	82	30.9			(313)	(566)	(32)	(15.7)

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information or as recommended values only.

110. Fertilizers (powder form)

These SRMs are intended for use in the fertilizer industry as working standards.

SRM			Type			Unit Si	70	C	omposition	(mass fra	action, in %	·)
SKWI			Турс		(in g)			P	K	P_2O_5	K ₂ O	CaO
120c 193	Potassi	um Nit				90 90	13.85		38.66	33.34	0.147	48.02
194 200a 694	Potassi	um Dih	Pihydrogen Lydrogen l Lok (Weste	Phosphat		90 In 90	12.15 Prep	26.92		30.2	0.51	43.6
SRM	SiO ₂	F	Fe ₂ O ₃	Al ₂ O ₃	MgO	Na ₂ O	MnO	TiO ₂	Cr ₂ O ₃	CdO	U	V_2O_5
694	11.2	3.2	0.79	1.8	0.33	0.86	0.0116	(0.11)	(0.10)	0.015	0.01414	0.31

110. Wheat Hardness (kernel form)

This RM is intended primarily for calibrating instruments used to determine the hardness of bulk or single kernel wheat. RM 8441 was prepared and analyzed by the Federal Grain Inspection Service program, Grain Inspection Packers and Stockyards Administration of the United States Department of Agriculture.

RM	Type	Unit Size
8441 W	heat Hardness	Hard-1 through Hard-5
		5×5 pouches each (20 g/pouch
		Soft-1 through Soft-5
		5×5 pouches each (20 g/pouch

111. Geological Materials and Ores

111. Chinese Ores (powder form)

These RMs are a series of skarn deposit ores developed and certified by the Hubei Geological Research Laboratory, Hubei Province, China. Skarn ores are common in the Pacific area and other parts of the world. These RMs can be used as control samples in geochemical exploration and in environmental monitoring programs.

NOTE: In addition to the listed constituent elements, elemental concentrations are given for all major rock-forming oxides and many trace elements, including the rare earth elements and toxic trace elements important to environmental assessment programs.

RM	8600	8601	8603	8604	8605	8606	8607	8608
Туре	Copper	Copper	Lead	Zinc	Molybdenum	Molybdenum	Tungsten	Tungster
Unit Size (in g)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Element (mass	fraction, in %)						
Cu	1.15	0.19	0.035	0.71			0.079	0.096
Mo					1.51	0.11		
			0.61	0.25				
Pb	0.72	0.14	0.38	2.87	1.64	0.48	3.12	1.90
Pb S	0.72				0.26	0.10	0.015	0.22
	0.72				0.36	0.10	0.015	0.22

111. Ores (powder form)

SRM	79a	113b	180	181	182	183	277	330	331	2430
Туре	Fluorspar, Customs Grade	Zinc Concentrate	Fluorspar, High Grade	Lithium Ore (Spodumene)	Lithium Ore (Petalite)	Lithium Ore (Lepidolite)	Tungsten Concentrate	Copper Ore Mill Heads	Copper Ore Mill Tails	Scheelite Ore
Unit Size (in g)	120	100	120	45	45	45	100	100	100	100
Component (C	Concentrations are r	nass fractions, in	n %, unless note	ed by an asterisk	for mg/kg)					
Ca		0.8196					(0.37)			As 0.002
CaF ₂	97.39		98.80							
Cd		0.7804								
Cu		0.2953						0.84	0.091	(0.01)
Fe		2.077					(7.4)			(1.0)
Au								(0.093*)	(0.034*)	
Hg		(0.55*)								
Li ₂ O				6.39	4.34	4.12				
Mg		0.4460								
Mn							(10.0)			(0.12)
Mo							(0.06)	0.018	0.0022	0.22
Nb							(1.00)			
O ₂							(21.4)			Al (0.4)
P							(0.03)			0.017
Pb		2.731					(0.07)			Bi 0.078
Re								0.30*	0.04*	
Si							(0.85)			Mg (0.5)
Ag		0.04607						(1.51*)	(0.243*)	
S		30.032					(0.25)			0.26
Та							(0.20)			(<0.01)
Sn							(0.54)			K (0.16)
Ti							(2.2)			Na (0.02)
WO_3							67.4			70.26
Zn		56.49								

111. Ores (powder form) – Continued

SRM	25d	27f	69b	120c	600	670	690	691	692	693
Туре	Manganese Ore	Iron Ore, Sibley	Bauxite, Arkansas	Phosphate Rock, Florida	Bauxite, Australian	Rutile Ore	Iron Ore, Canada	Iron Oxide, Reduced	Iron Ore, Labrador	Iron Ore, Nimba
Init Size (in g)	100	80	60	90	90	90	100	100	100	100
omponent (Concer	ntrations are n	nass fraction	ns, in %, unl	ess noted by a	asterisk for r	ng/kg).			·	
Al ₂ O ₃	5.32	0.82	48.8	1.30	40.0		0.18	1.22	1.41	1.02
BaO	(0.21)		(800.0)							
CdO				0.0010						
CaO Co	(0.052)	0.039	0.13 (0.0001)	48.02	0.22		0.20	0.63 0.030	0.023	0.016
Cu	-						· -	0.032		
Cr ₂ O ₃			0.011		0.024	0.23				
Total Fe		65.97					66.85	90.8	59.58	65.11
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.92		7.14	1.08	17.0	0.86				
MgO		0.019	0.085	0.32	0.05		0.18	0.52	0.035	0.013
MnO	Mn 51.78	0.011	0.110	0.027	0.013		0.23	0.043	0.46	0.091
P		0.041					0.011	0.006	0.039	0.056
P ₂ O ₅	0.25		0.118	33.34	0.039					
K ₂ O	0.93	0.008	0.068	0.147	0.23		0.0030		0.039	0.0028
SiO ₂	2.52	4.17	13.43	5.5	20.3	0.51	3.71	3.7	10.14	3.87
Na ₂ O		0.012	(0.025)	0.52	0.022		0.003	0.186	0.008	0.0028
S		0.005					0.003	0.008	0.005	0.005
SO ₃			0.551		0.155					
TiO ₂	0.13	0.019	1.90	0.103	1.31	96.16	0.022	0.27	0.045	0.035
V ₂ O ₅			0.028	0.016	0.060	0.66				
ZnO			0.0035	CO ₂ 3.27	0.003			C 0.12		
ZrO ₂			0.29	F 3.82	0.060	0.84				
Oxygen, Available										
Moisture	(0.96)									
Loss on										
Ignition			27.2		20.5					

111. Ores (powder form) – Continued

SRM	694	696	697	698	699	886	1835
Туре	Phosphate Rock, Western	Bauxite, Surinam	Bauxite, Dominican	Bauxite, Jamaican	Alumina (reduction grade)	Gold Ore, Refractory	Borate Ore
nit Size (in g)	90	60	60	60	60	200	60
Component	(Concentrations a	are mass fraction	ons, in %, unle	ss noted by a	n asterisk for n	ng/kg).	
Al_2O_3	1.8	54.5	45.8	48.2		Au 8.25*	3.474
BaO		(0.004)	(0.015)	(0.008)			0.0497
C _{Total}						(5.7)	
CdO	0.015						
CaO	43.6	0.018	0.71	0.62	0.036		21.622
Co	F 3.2	(0.00009)	(0.0013)	(0.0045)			F 0.348
Cr ₂ O ₃	(0.10)	0.047	0.100	0.080	0.0002		
Fe_2O_3	0.79	8.70	20.0	19.6	0.013		1.141
MgO	0.33	0.012	0.18	0.058	0.0006		3.411
MnO	0.0116	0.004	0.41	0.38	0.0005		0.0333
P ₂ O ₅	30.2	0.050	0.97	0.37	0.0002		
K ₂ O	0.51	0.009	0.062	0.010			1.261
SiO ₂	11.2	3.79	6.81	0.69	0.014		18.408
Na ₂ O	0.86	(0.007)	(0.036)	(0.015)	0.59		3.484
S _{Total}						1.466	
SO_3		0.15	0.077	0.143			1.477
TiO ₂	(0.11)	2.64	2.52	2.38			0.1332
U	0.01414	•					
V_2O_5	0.31	0.072	0.063	0.064	0.0005		
ZnO	(0.19)	0.0014	0.037	0.029	0.013		
ZrO_2		0.14	0.065	0.061			SrO 0.9418
Ga_2O_3					0.010		B ₂ O ₃ 18.739
Li ₂ O					0.002		
Loss on		29.9	22.1	27.3	0.69		25.72

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

111. Ore Bioleaching Substrate (powder form)

This RM is for use as a bioleaching substrate and for testing bioleaching rates. The material consists of pyrite from New Mexico. Thiobacillus ferrooxidans was used in the determinations.

RM	Туре	Unit Size (in g)	Bioleaching Rate (in mg Fe/L/hr)
8455	Pyrite Ore	100	12.4

111. Clays (powder form)

SRM	97ь	98b	679
Туре	Flint Clay	Plastic Clay	Brick Clay
Unit Size (in g)	60	60	75
Element (Concentrations are mass fractions, in	%, unless noted by an aste	risk for mg/kg).	
Aluminum	20.76	14.30	11.01
Antimony	(2.2)*	(1.6)*	
Barium	(0.018)	(0.07)	0.0432
Calcium	0.0249	0.0759	0.1628
Cerium			(105)*
Cesium	(3.4)*	(16.5)*	(9.6)*
Chromium	227*	119*	109.7*
Cobalt	(3.8)*	(16.3)*	(26)*
Europium	(0.84)*	(1.3)*	(1.9)*
Hafnium	(13)*	(7.2)*	(4.6)*
ron	0.831	1.18	9.05
Lithium	550*	215*	71.7*
Magnesium	0.113	0.358	0.7552
Manganese	47*	116*	(1730)*
Phosphorus	(0.02)	(0.03)	(0.075)
Potassium	0.513	2.81	2.433
Rubidium	(33)*	(180)*	(190)*
Scandium	(22)*	(22)*	(22.5)*
Silicon	19.81	26.65	24.34
Sodium	0.0492	0.1496	0.1304
Strontium	84*	189*	73.4*
Thorium	(36)*	(21)*	(14)*
Fit anium	1.43	0.809	0.577
Zinc	(87)*	(110)*	(150)*
Zirconium	(0.05)	(0.022)	
Loss on Ignition (At 1100 °C, 2 hours; sample previously dried.)	(13.3)	(7.5)	

111. Rocks and Minerals (powder form)

1c	70a	81a	88b	99a	165a	278	688	1413
Lime- stone, Argilla- ceous	Feld- spar, Potash	Glass Sand	Limestone, Dolomite	Feld- spar, Soda	Glass Sand (low iron)	Obsidian Rock	Basalt Rock	Glass Sand (high alumina
g) 50	40	75	75	40	75	35	60	75
(Concentration	ons are m	ass fractions	s, in %, unless no	ted by an	asterisk fo	or mg/kg).		
1.30	17.9	0.66	0.336	20.5	0.059	14.15	17.36	9.90
	0.02		CO ₂ 46.37	0.26		Ba (1140*)		0.12
50.3	0.11		29.95	2.14		0.983	(12.17)	0.74
		46*			(1*)	Cr (6.1*)	Cr 332*	
0.55	0.075	0.082	0.277	0.065	0.012	2.04	10.35	0.24
						1.36	7.64	
0.42			21.03	0.02				0.06
0.025			0.0160				0.167	
0.04			0.0044	0.02		0.036	0.134	
0.28	11.8		0.1030	5.2		4.16	0.187	3.94
	0.06			,		Rb 127.5*	Rb 1.91*	
6.84	67.12		1.13	65.2		73.05	48.4	82.77
0.02	2.55		0.0290	6.2		4.84	2.15	1.75
0.030			0.0076			Sr 63.5*	Sr 169.2*	
0.07	0.01	0.12	(0.016)	0.007	0.011	0.245	1.17	0.11
		0.034			0.006			
39.9	0.40		(46.98)	0.26				
	Lime-stone, Argilla-ceous g) 50 (Concentration 1.30 50.3 0.55 0.42 0.025 0.04 0.28 6.84 0.02 0.030 0.07	Lime-stone, Argilla-ceous Feld-spar, Potash Potash	Lime-stone, spar, Argilla-ceous Potash Pot	Lime-stone, spar, Argilla-ceous Sand Limestone, Dolomite	Lime-stone, spar, Argilla-ceous Potash ceous Sand Dolomite Spar, Soda	Lime-stone, spar, Sand	Lime-stone, Argilla-ceous Potash Potash Sand Dolomite Spar, Sand Soda Clow iron Rock Spar, Sand Soda Clow iron Clow iron Soda Clow iron Soda Clow iron Soda Clow iron Clow iron Soda Clow iron Clow iron	Lime-stone, spar, Argilla-ceous Potash ceous Potash ceous

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

†Refer to certificate to ascertain if the value reported represents total iron or species-specific iron.

111. Refractories (powder form)

SRM	76a	77a	78a	154b	198	199
Туре	Burnt Refractory (Al ₂ O ₃ -40%)	Burnt Refractory (Al ₂ O ₃ -60%)	Burnt Refractory (Al ₂ O ₃ -70%)	Titanium Dioxide	Silica Brick	Silica Brick
Unit Size (in g)	75	75	75	90	45	45
Component (ma	ass fraction, in %)				
Al_2O_3	38.7	60.2	71.7		0.16	0.48
CaO	0.22	0.05	0.11	(~0.01)	2.71	2.41
FeO [†]						
Fe ₂ O ₃ †	1.60	1.00	1.2	(0.006)	0.66	0.74
Li ₂ O	0.042	0.025	0.12		0.001	0.002
MgO	0.52	0.38	0.70	(~0.01)	0.07	0.13
MnO					0.008	0.007
P_2O_5	0.120	0.092	1.3	(0.04)	0.022	0.015
K_2O	1.33	0.090	1.22		0.017	0.094
SiO ₂	54.9	35.0	19.4	(0.01)		
Na ₂ O	0.07	0.037	0.078	, ,	0.012	0.015
SrO	0.037	0.009	0.25			
TiO ₂	2.03	2.66	3.22	99.74	0.02	0.06
ZrO ₂						
Loss on Ignition	(0.34)	(0.22)	(0.42)		0.21	0.17

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

†Refer to certificate to ascertain if the value reported represents total iron or species-specific iron.

111. Soils, Sediments, and Sludges (powder form)

SRM	1646a	2704a	2709**	2710**	2711**	2781**	2782	RM 8407
Туре	Estua- rine Sediment	Buffalo River Sediment	San Joaquin Soil	Montana Soil Highly Elevated Traces	Montana Soil Moderately Elevated Traces	Domestic Sludge	Industrial Sludge	Tennessee River Sediment
Unit Size	75 g	50 g	50 g	50 g	50 g	40 g		25 g
Element				an asterisk for mass f				
Aluminum	2.297*		7.50*	6.44*	6.53*	(1.6)	In Duan	
Antimony	(0.3)	In Prep	7.50	38.4	19.4	(1.6)	In Prep	
Arsenic	6.23		17.7	626	105	7.82		
Barium	(210)		968	707	726			
Beryllium	(<1)							
Bromine				(6)	(5)			
Cadmium	0.148		0.38	21.8	41.7	12.78		
Calcium Carbon	0.519*		1.89* (1.2*)	1.25*	2.88* (2 *)	(3.9)		
Cerium	(34)		(42)	(57)	(69)			
Cesium			(5.3)	(107)	(6.1)			
Chlorine								
Chromium	40.9		130	(39)	(47)	(202)		
Cobalt Copper	(5) 10.01		13.4 34.6	(10) 2950	(10) 114	627.4		
	10.01			2930	114	027,4		
Dysprosium			(3.5)	(5.4)	(5.6)			
Europium Gallium	(5)		(0.9)	(1)	(1.1)			
Germanium	(5)		(14)	(34)	(15)			
Gold			(0.3)	(0.6)	(0.03)			
Hafnium			(3.7)	(3.2)	(7.3)			
Holmium			(0.54)	(0.6)	(1)			
Indium			450	(5.1)	(1.1)			
Iodine Iron (Total)	2.008*		(5) 3.50*	3.38*	(3) 2.89*	(2.8*)		
						(2.61)		
Lanthanum	(17)		(23)	(34)	(40)	202.1		
Lead Lithium	11.7 (18)		18.9	5532	1162	202.1		
Magnesium	0.388*		1.51*	0.853*	1.05*	(0.59)		
Manganese	234.5		538	1.01*	638			
Mercury	(0.04)		1.40	32.6	6,25	3.64		(50)
Molybdenum	(1.8)		(2.0)	(19)	(1.6)	46.7		
Neodymium	(15)		(19)	(23)	(31)	N 4.78		
Nickel	22.5		88 0,062*	14.3 0,106*	20.6	80.2		
Phosphorus	0.027*		0,062*	0,100+	0.086*	(2.42)		
Potassium	0.864		2.03*	2.11*	2.45*	(0.49)		
Rubidium Samarium	(38)		(96) (3,8)	(120) (7.8)	(110) (5.9)			
Scandium	(5)		(12)	(8.7)	(9)			
Selenium	0.193		1.57	(61.7)	1.52	16.0		
Silicon	40.00*		29.66*	28.97*	30.44*	(5.1)		
Silver			0.41	35.3	4,63	(98)		
Sodium	0.741*		1.16*	1.14*	1.14*	(0,21)		
Strontium Sulfur	(68) 0.352*		231 0.089*	(330) 0.240*	245.3 0.042*			
Thallium	(<0.5)		0.74	(1.3)	2.47			
Thorium	(5.8)		(11)	(13)	(14)			
Titanium	0.456*		0.342*	0,283*	0.306*	(0.32)		
Tungsten			(2)	(93)	(3)			
Uranium	(2.0)		(3)	(25)	(2.6)			
Vanadium	44.84		112	76.6	81.6			
Ytterbium			(1.6)	(1.3)	(2.7)			
Yttrium			(18)	(23)	(25)	12-2		
Zinc	48.9		106	6952	350.4	1273		

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

**These SRMs also have noncertified leach data. The leach data for SRMs 2709, 2710, and 2711 are based on EPA Method 3050; the leach data for SRM 2781 is based on EPA Methods 3050 and 3051.

112. Ceramics and Glasses

Carbides (powder form)

SRM	Type	Unit Size			Comp	osition (mass fracti	ion, in %)		
SKW	турс	(*)	SiC	Total C	Free C	Fe	0	N	Al	Ca
112b	Silicon Carbide	80	97.37	29.43	0.26	0.13			0.44	0.04
276b	Tungsten Carbide	75		6.10	(0.04)		(80.0)	(0.01)		

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

112. Cemented Carbides (powder form)

SRMs 887-889 are prepared from sintered tungsten carbide base materials.

SRM	887	888	889 Cemented Carbide (W75-Co9-Ta5-Ti4)	
Туре	Cemented Carbide (W83-Co10)	Cemented Carbide (W64-Co25-Ta5)		
Unit Size (in g)	100	100	100	
Element		(mass fraction, in %	6)	
Cobalt	10.35	24.7	9.50	
Tantalum		4.77	4.60	
Titanium			4.03	
Carbon	(5.5)	(4.6)	(6.0)	

112.	Glasses	(powder	and	solid	forms))
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92

Low-

93a

High-

165a

Glass

620

621 Soda1411

1412

1413

Glass

1830

1831

1834

81a

SRM

89

Туре	Glass Sand	Lead- Barium	Boron Soda- Lime Powder	Boron Boro- silicate	Sand (low 1ron)	Soda- Lime, Flat	Lime, Con- tainer	Soft Boro- silicate	Multi Compo- nent	Sand (high alumina)	Soda- Lime, Float	Soda- Lime, Sheet	Fused Ore Glass	
Unit Size	wafer 32 mm 75 g 45 g 45 g D×6 mm		45 g	3	75 g		3 platelets 35×35×3 mm	3 disks 38 mm D×5 mm	10 platelets 32×32×3 mm	8 platelets 32×32×3 mm	75 g	3 platelets 38×38×6 mm	3 platelets N37×37×3 mm	disk 30 mm D×3 mm
Component	(Con	centrations	are mass fr	actions, in	%, unles	s noted by a	n asterisk	for mg/kg).						
SiO ₂ PbO		65.35 17.50	(75.0)	80.8		72.08	71.13	58.04	42.38 4.40	82.77	73.07	73.08	Si 20.19	
Al ₂ O ₃ FeO	0.66	0.18		2.28 0.016	0.059	1.80	2.76	5.68	7.52	9.90	0.12	0.025	Al 20.71	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.082	0.049		0.028	0.012	0.043	0.040	0.050	(0.031)	0.24	0.121	0.087	Fe 0.32	
ZnO CdO MnO		0,088	(0.2)					3.85	4.48 4.38					
TiO ₂ ZrO ₂	0.12 0.034	0.01		0.014 0.042	0.011 0.006	0.018	0.014 0.007	0.02			0.011	0.019	Ti 1.11 Zr (0.047)	
CaO BaO Li₂O		0.21 1.40	(8.3)	0.01		7.11	10.71 0.12	2.18 5.00	4.53 4.67 (4.50)	0.74 0.12	8.56	8.20	Ca 0.095 Ba 0.062 Li (4.6)	
MgO K ₂ O		0.03 8.40	(0.1) (0.6)	0.005 0.014		3.69 0.41	0.27 2.01	0.33 2.97	(4.69) 4.14	0.06 3.94	3.90 0.04	3.51 0.33	Mg 0.088 K 0.42	
Na ₂ O B ₂ O ₃ P ₂ O ₅		5.70 0.23 0.36	(13.1) 0.70	3.98 12.56		14.39	12.74	10.14 10.94	4.69 4.53	1.75	13.75	13.32	Na (0.14) B (1.1) P 0.152	
As ₂ O ₅ As ₂ O ₃		0.03				0.056	0.030							
SO ₃		0.03 0.05		0.060		0.28	0.13		. 1/ . 3/		0.26	0.25		
Cr SrO F								0.09	4.55				(0.02) Sr 0.153	
Cr ₂ O ₃ Loss on	46*				(1*)									
Ignition		0.32	(0.42)						•					

112. Trace Elements (powder and wafer forms)

These SRMs are for calibrating instruments and evaluating analytical techniques used to determine trace elements in inorganic matrices. **NOTE:** The nominal glass composition of SRMs 610 through 617 is 72% SiO₂, 12% CaO, 14% Na₂O, and 2% Al₂O₃.

SRM	607	610 and 611	612 and 613	614 and 615	616 and 617
Туре	Trace Elements in Potassium Feldspar	Trace Elements in Glass	Trace Elements in Glass	Trace Elements in Glass	Trace Elements in Glass
Wafer Thickness (in mm)		3 and 1	3 and 1	3 and 1	3 and 1
Unit Size	5 g	6 wafers	6 wafers	6 wafers	6 wafers
Element (in mg/kg	g)				
Antimony				(1.06)	(0.078)
Barium			(41)	` ,	(,
Boron		(351)	(32)	(1.30)	(0.20)
Cadmium		(551)	()	(0.55)	(0.20)
Cerium			(39)	(0.00)	
Cobalt		(390)	(35.5)	(0.73)	
Copper		(444)	(37.7)	1.37	(0.80)
Dysprosium			(35)		
Erbium			(39)		
Europium			(36)	(0.99)	
Gadolinium			(39)		
Gallium			(57)	(1.3)	(0.23)
Gold		(25)	(5)	(0.5)	(0.18)
Iron		458	51	(13.3)	(11)
Lanthanum		.50	(36)	(0.83)	(0.034)
Land		426	20 57	2.22	1.05
Lead		426	38.57	2.32	1.85
Manganese		485	(39.6)		
Neodymium		450.7	(36)	(0.05)	
Nickel		458.7	38.8	(0.95)	20
Potassium		(461)	(64)	30	
Rubidium	523.90	425.7	31.4	0.855	(0.100)
Samarium			(39)		
Scandium			. ,	(0.59)	(0.026)
Silver		(254)	22.0	0.42	
Strontium	65.485*	515.5	78.4	45.8	41.72
Thallium		(61.9)	(15.7)	(0.260)	(0.0082)
		(61.8)	(15.7)	(0.269)	0.0252
Thorium		457.2	37.79	0.748	
Titanium		(437)	(50.1)	(3.1)	(2.5)
Uranium		461.5	37.38	0.823	0.0721
Ytterbium		(422)	(42)		
Zinc		(433)			

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

In addition to the elements listed above, the glass SRMs contain the following 25 elements: As, Be, Bi, Cs, Cl, F, Ge, Hf, Hg, Li, Lu, Mg, Nb, P, Pr, Se, S, Te, Tb, Tm, Sn, W, V, Y, and Zr.

^{*}Also certified for isotopic ratio - ⁸⁷Sr/⁸⁶Sr = 1.20039.

113. Cement

Portland Cements (powder form)

These SRMs are for x-ray spectroscopic and chemical analysis of portland cements and related materials. Each unit consists of three sealed vials, each containing approximately 5 g of material. [Also see Category 301.]

SRM	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884
COLOR	BLACK	WHITE	ORANGE	SILVER	IVORY
Component (mass fractio	n, in %)				
CaO	63.14	58.67	37.6	27.8	64.01
SiO_2	19.82	22.25	3.40	0.35	23.19
Al_2O_3	5.03	4.16	38.6	71.2	3.31
Fe_2O_3	2.91	4.68	15.8	0.08	3.30
SO ₃	3.37	3.65			1.67
MgO	2.69	2.63	1.25	0.29	2.32
K ₂ O	0.91	1.17	0.12	(0.01)	0.51
TiO_2	0.23	0.25	1.83	(0.01)	0.16
Na ₂ O	0.28	0.04	(0.06)	0.32	0.13
SrŌ	0.06	0.11	, ,		0.048
P_2O_5	0.29	0.09			0.12
Mn_2O_3	0.08	0.26			0.11
F	0.10	0.09			(0.03)
ZnO	0.01	0.01			(0.02)
Cr ₂ O ₃					(<0.01)
Cl	0.02	0.01			(0)
Loss on Ignition at 1000 °C	1.38	2.01	1.58	0.42	1.17
Total	100.28	100.04			(100.05)
SRM	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889
		CHARL 1 & 1 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	The Res (40 M M M M M		
COLOR	TURQUOISE	CRANBERRY	BROWN	PURPLE	GRAY
COLOR Component (mass fraction		CRANBERRY	BROWN	PURPLE	GRAY
Component (mass fractio	on, in %)	67.43	62.88	63.78	65.08
Component (mass fractio	on, in %) 62.14	67.43	62.88	63.78	65.08
CaO SiO ₂	62.14 21.24	67.43 22.53	62.88 19.98	63.78 20.86	65.08 20.44
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃	62.14 21.24 3.68	67.43 22.53 3.99	62.88 19.98 5.59	63.78 20.86 5.35	65.08 20.44 5.61
CaO SiO ₂	62.14 21.24	67.43 22.53	62.88 19.98	63.78 20.86	65.08 20.44
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O TiO ₂	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83 0.20	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04 1.60 0.16 0.19	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61 1.26 1.27 0.27	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16 0.71 0.56 0.29	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32 0.21
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O TiO ₂ Na ₂ O	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83 0.20 0.38	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04 1.60 0.16 0.19 0.02	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61 1.26 1.27 0.27 0.10	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16 0.71 0.56 0.29 0.14	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32 0.21 0.11
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O TiO ₂ Na ₂ O SrO	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83 0.20 0.38 0.037	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04 1.60 0.16 0.19 0.02	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61 1.26 1.27 0.27 0.10 0.07	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16 0.71 0.56 0.29 0.14 0.07	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32 0.21 0.11 0.20
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O TiO ₂ Na ₂ O SrO	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83 0.20 0.38 0.037	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04 1.60 0.16 0.19 0.02 0.11	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61 1.26 1.27 0.27 0.10 0.07	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16 0.71 0.56 0.29 0.14 0.07	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32 0.21 0.11 0.20
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O TiO ₂ Na ₂ O SrO P ₂ O ₅ Mn ₂ O ₃ F	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83 0.20 0.38 0.037	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04 1.60 0.16 0.19 0.02 0.11	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61 1.26 1.27 0.27 0.10 0.07 0.075 0.075 0.072 (0.11)	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16 0.71 0.56 0.29 0.14 0.07 0.085 0.025 (0.02)	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32 0.21 0.11 0.20
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O TiO ₂ Na ₂ O SrO P ₂ O ₅ Mn ₂ O ₃ F ZnO	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83 0.20 0.38 0.037 0.10 0.12 (0.05) (0.03)	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04 1.60 0.16 0.19 0.02 0.11 0.025 0.013 (0.01) (<0.01)	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61 1.26 1.27 0.27 0.10 0.07 0.075 0.072 (0.11) (0.01)	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16 0.71 0.56 0.29 0.14 0.07 0.085 0.025 (0.02) (0.01)	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32 0.21 0.11 0.20 0.15 0.24 (0.04) (<0.01)
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O TiO ₂ Na ₂ O SrO P ₂ O ₅ Mn ₂ O ₃ F	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83 0.20 0.38 0.037	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04 1.60 0.16 0.19 0.02 0.11	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61 1.26 1.27 0.27 0.10 0.07 0.075 0.075 0.072 (0.11)	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16 0.71 0.56 0.29 0.14 0.07 0.085 0.025 (0.02)	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32 0.21 0.11 0.20 0.15 0.24 (0.04) (<0.01)
CaO SiO ₂ Al ₂ O ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SO ₃ MgO K ₂ O TiO ₂ Na ₂ O SrO P ₂ O ₅ Mn ₂ O ₃ F ZnO Cr ₂ O ₃	62.14 21.24 3.68 4.40 2.22 4.02 0.83 0.20 0.38 0.037 0.10 0.12 (0.05) (0.03) (<0.01)	67.43 22.53 3.99 0.31 2.04 1.60 0.16 0.19 0.02 0.11 0.025 0.013 (0.01) (<0.01)	62.88 19.98 5.59 2.16 4.61 1.26 1.27 0.27 0.10 0.07 0.075 0.072 (0.11) (0.01) (<0.01)	63.78 20.86 5.35 3.18 3.16 0.71 0.56 0.29 0.14 0.07 0.085 0.025 (0.02) (0.01) (0.01)	65.08 20.44 5.61 2.67 2.68 1.38 0.32 0.21 0.11 0.20 0.15 0.24 (0.04) (<0.01)

113. Portland Cement Clinkers (solid form)

These RMs are intended primarily for use in the determination of the abundance of major phases in cement clinkers, i.e., the percentages of alite (C_3S) , belite (C_2S) , aluminate (C_3A) , and ferrite $((C_2(A,F)))$. **NOTE:** In cement chemist notation, C = CaO, $S = SiO_2$, $A = Al_2O_3$ and $F = Fe_2O_3$.

RM	8486	8487	8488	
Туре	Portland Cement Clinker	Portland Cement Clinker	Portland Cement Clinker 3×10	
Unit Size (in g)	3×10	3×10		
Component		(mass fraction, in %)		
CaO	(63.36)	(67.20)	(66.50)	
SiO ₂	(22.48)	(21.43)	(22.68)	
Al_2O_3	(4.70)	(5.53)	(4.90)	
Fe_2O_3	(3.60)	(1.98)	(4.07)	
SO ₃	(0.27)	(0.83)	(0.31)	
MgO	(4.73)	(1.48)	(0.98)	
K ₂ O	(0.42)	(0.72)	(0.35)	
TiO_2	(0.25)	(0.27)	(0.24)	
Na ₂ O	(0.10)	(0.14)	(0.11)	
SrO	(0.05)	(0.11)	(0.13)	
P_2O_5	(0.06)	(0.29)	(0.08)	
Mn_2O_3	(0.10)	(0.04)	(0.03)	
Loss on Ignition	(0.16)	(0.17)	(0.21)	
Total	(100.28)	(100.20)	(100.60)	
Alite (C ₃ S)	(58.47)	(73.39)	(64.97)	
Belite (C_2S)	(23.18)	(7.75)	(18.51)	
Aluminate (C ₃ A)	(1.15)	(12.09)	(4.34)	
Ferrite $(C_2(A,F))$	(13.68)	(3.27)	(12.12)	
Free CaO	(0.18)	(2.45)	(0.00)	
Periclase	(3.21)	(0.09)	(0.05)	
Alkali Sulfate	(0.14)	(0.98)	(0.03)	
Total	(100.01)	(100.02)	(100.02)	

114. Engine Wear Materials

114. Metallo-Organic Compounds (solid form)

These SRMs are for preparing solutions in oils of known and reproducible concentrations of metals. Each SRM unit consists of 5 g of material.

SRM	Туре	Elemental Composition (mass fraction, in %
1051b	Barium cyclohexanebutyrate	Barium	28.7
1052b	Bis(1-phenyl-1,3-butanediono)oxovanadium (IV)	Vanadium	13.01
1053a	Cadmium cyclohexanebutyrate	Cadmium	24.8
1057b	Dibutyltin bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	Tin	22.95
1059c	Lead cyclohexanebutyrate	Lead	37.5
1060a	Lithium cyclohexanebutyrate	Lithium	4.1
1065b	Nickel cyclohexanebutyrate	Nickel	13.89
1066a	Octaphenylcyclotetrasiloxane	Silicon	14.14
1069b	Sodium cyclohexanebutyrate	Sodium	12.0
1070a	Strontium cyclohexanebutyrate	Strontium	20.7
1071b	Triphenyl phosphate	Phosphorus	9.48
1073b	Zinc cyclohexanebutyrate	Zinc	16.66
1075a	Aluminum 2–ethylhexanoate	Aluminum	8.07
1077a	Silver 2–ethylhexanoate	Silver	42.60
1078b	Tris (1-phenyl-1,3-butanediono)chromium (III)	Chromium	9.6
1079b	Tris (1-phenyl-1,3-butanediono)iron (III)	Iron	10.45
1080a	Bis(1-phenyl-1,3-butanediono)copper (II)	Copper	16.37

114. Lubricating Base Oils (liquid form)

These SRMs are for determining the concentrations of a single element in lubricating base oil. SRMs 1818a and 1819a consist of five bottles, approximately 20 g of liquid each; SRM 1836 consists of four sets of four ampules, each ampule containing approximately 4 g of liquid.

SRM	Type _		Elementa	al Composition ((in mg/kg)	
	-38-	I	II	III	IV	V
1818a	Total Chlorine	31.6	60.0	78.2	154.4	234.0
1819a	Total Sulfur	423.5	741.1	4022	4689	6135
1836	Total Nitrogen	9.0	50.9	113.3	166.2	

114. Catalyst Characterization Material (liquid form)

This RM is for determining the activity of FCC Catalysts by Microactivity Test. It is distributed by NIST in cooperation with the ASTM.

RM	Туре	Unit Size
3590	High Sulfur Gas Oil Feed	946 mL

114. Catalyst Package for Lubricant Oxidation (liquid form)

These SRMs and RM are for evaluating the oxidation stability of lubricating oils, i.e., automotive crankcase lubricants. SRM 1817c consists of a set of five ampules of each of three materials. The fuel fraction and the metal mixture are sealed under inert atmosphere. SRM 2567 consists of a set of five ampules of each of five materials. RM 8501 consists of a set of five ampules of each of four materials. The fuel fraction, model compound, and metal mixture in SRM 2567 and RM 8501 are also sealed under inert atmosphere.

SRM	Туре	Consisting of	Unit Size
1817c	Catalyst Package IIID	1) an Oxidized/Nitrated Fuel Fraction,	5×0.15 g
	-	2) a Metal Naphthenate Mixture, and	5×0.3 g
		3) Distilled Water	5×1.0 g
2567	Catalyst Package IIIE	1) an Oxidized/Nitrated Fuel Fraction,	5×0.15 g
	,	2) a Nitro-Paraffin Model Compound,	$5 \times 0.008 \text{ g}$
		3) a Nitro-Aromatic Model Compound,	$5 \times 0.0075 \mathrm{g}$
		4) a Metal Naphthenate Mixture, and	5×0.16 g
		5) Distilled Water	$5\times0.03~\mathrm{g}$
RM 8501	Catalyst Package IIIE	1) an Oxidized/Nitrated Fuel Fraction,	5×0.15 g
	, .	2) a Nitro-Paraffin Model Compound,	$5\times0.15\mathrm{g}$
		3) a Metal Naphthenate Mixture, and	5×0.3 g
		4) Distilled Water	5×1.0 g

14.	Wear-Metals in	oil (liqu	id form)						
SRM	Туре	Unit Size		Elemental Composition (in mg/kg)					
BRIVI	турс	Ome	Size	Al	Cl	Cr	Cu	Fe	Pb
1083 1084a 1085a	Wear-Metals (base oil) Wear-Metals Wear-Metals	Set of 5 ampulo Set of 5 ampulo		(<0.5) (104) (289)	(<0.17)	(<0.02) 98.3 296.3	(<0.5) 100.0 295.1	(<1) 98.9 296.8	(<0.04 101.1 297.4
SRM	Mg	Mn	Мо	•	Ni		Si		Ag
1083 1084a 1085a	(<0.1) 99.5 296.0	(<0.005)	(<0.01) 100.3 302.9		(<0.4) 99.7 302.9	(1	<1) 03) 22)		(<0.05 101.4 305.7
SRM	Na	Sn	S		Ti		V		Zn
1083 1084a 1085a	(<0.06)	(<0.4) 97.2 296.0	(980) (1700) (4500)		(<5) 100.4 305.1		(<0.3) 95.9 292.4		(<0.08)

Physical Properties





Standard Reference Materials

for

Physical Properties

201. Ion Activity

pH Calibration (powder form)

These SRMs are used to prepare solutions of known hydrogen ion activity to calibrate commercial pH instruments. SRMs 186If and 186IIf, 191b and 192b are each certified for use as an admixture only. SRMs 186If and 186IIf may be used to prepare solutions with a pH of 6.860 at 25 °C, or physiological buffer solutions with a pH of 7.414 at 25 °C.

SRM	Туре		pH(S) Values (at 25 °C)	Unit Size (in g)
185g	Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate		4.006	60
186If 186IIf	Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate	}	(see above)	30 30
187d	Sodium Tetraborate Decahydrate (Borax)	,		In Prep
188	Potassium Hydrogen Tartrate		3.557	60
189a	Potassium Tetroxalate		1.681	65
191b	Sodium Bicarbonate	}		In Prep
192a	Sodium Carbonate	J		In Prep
2193	Calcium Carbonate		12.46	30

201. Biological Buffer Systems (powder form)

These SRMs are used to calibrate clinical instruments (e.g., blood pH measurements), in the physiologically important range of pH 7 to 8. They are based on a biological buffer system for clinical pH measurements and are each certified for use as an admixture only. The pH(S) values for the buffer solutions are certified at 0.05 molal and 0.08 molal with respect to the free acid and the sodium salt admixture as a function of temperature. The certified temperature range is from 0 °C to 50 °C.

SRM	Туре	pH(S) V (at 37	Unit Size (in g)	
		0.05 molal	0.08 molal	60
2181	HEPES Free Acid	7.364	7.373	60
2182	NaHEPESate			60
2183	MOPSO Free Acid	6.699	6.676	60
2184	NaMOPSOate			60

201. pD Calibration (powder form)

These SRMs are for the preparation of solutions of known deuterium ion activity to calibrate pH instruments to indicate pD data. SRMs 2186I and 2186II, and 2191a and 2192a are certified for use as admixtures only.

RM	Туре		pD(S) Values (at 25 °C)	Unit Size (in g)
2185	Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate		4.518	60
2186I 2186II	Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate	}	7.428	30 30
2191a 2192a	Sodium Bicarbonate Sodium Carbonate	}	10.732	30 30

201. Ion-Selective Electrode Calibration (powder form)

These SRMs are certified for the calibration of ion-selective electrodes and have conventional ionic activities based on the Stokes-Robinson hydration theory for ionic strengths greater than 0.1 mol/L.

SRM	Туре	Certified Component	Unit Size (in g)
2201	Sodium Chloride	pNa, pCl	125
2202	Potassium Chloride	pK, pCl	160
2203	Potassium Fluoride	pF	125

201. Electrolytic Conductivity (liquid form)

These SRMs are for calibrating and standardizing conductivity cells and meters used in water purity determinations and in clinical applications. SRM 3190 is an aqueous solution of hydrochloric acid; SRMs 3191 through 3195 are solutions of high purity potassium chloride in deionized water in equilibrium with atmospheric carbon dioxide. SRM 3196 is a solution of high purity sodium chloride in deionized water in equilibrium with atmospheric carbon dioxide. (NOTE—This SRM closely matches biological fluids for conductivity measurements in clinical materials. SRMs 3190–3195 are less suitable for such purposes.) SRMs 3198 and 3199 are solutions of potassium chloride in a mixture of n-propanol and deionized water.

SRM	Туре	Nominal Conductivity (µS/cm)	Unit Size (in mL)
3190	HCl in deionized Water	25	500
3191	KCl in deionized Water	100	500
3192	KCl in deionized Water	500	500
3193	KCl in deionized Water	1000	500
3194	KCl in deionized Water	10000	500
3195	KCl in deionized Water	100000	500
3196	NaCl in deionized Water	20000	500
3198	KCl in n-propanol/deionized Water	5	500
3199	KCl in n-propanol/deionized Water	15	500

202. Polymeric Properties

Molecular Weight and Melt Flow (liquid, pellet and powder forms)

These SRMs are for the calibration of instrumentation used in polymer technology science for the determination of molecular weight and molecular weight distribution and as characterized samples for other physical properties of polymers.

SRM	Туре						it Si in g)											
705a	Polystyrene, narrow molecula										7					5		
706		olystyrene, broad molecular weight distribution, M _w ≈257,800, M _w /M _n ≈2.1								18								
1473a		plyethylene Resin, low density, melt flow = 1.17 g/10 min								60								
1474	Polyethylene Resin, melt flov															60		
1475a	Polyethylene, linear, M _w ≈52,	000 (1	$M_z: M_w$	M _n ≈	7.54:	2.90:	1), n	nelt f	low	= 2.0	2 g/1	0 mir	1			50		
1478	Polystyrene, narrow molecula								/M _n	≈1.04	!)					2		
1479	Polystyrene, narrow molecula	ar weig	ght dist	ributi	on, N	$I_{\rm w} \approx 1$,050,0	000								2		
1480	Polyurethane (M _w ≈47,300)															1		
1482a	Polyethylene, linear, M _w ≈13,															1		
1483	Polyethylene, linear, M _w ≈32,															1		
1484a	Polyethylene, linear, M _w ≈119			_n ≈1.19	9)											0.3		
1487	Poly(methylmethacrylate), M	1 _w ≈6,0	00													2		
1488	Poly(methylmethacrylate), M															2		
1489	Poly(methylmethacrylate), M															2		
1496	Polyethylene Gas Pipe Resin															809		
1497	Polyethylene Gas Pipe Resin)										080		
1923 1924	Poly(ethylene oxide), $M_w \approx 26$ Poly(ethylene oxide), $M_w \approx 12$															0.2 0.2		
								1400	17020	a 1483	11010		1400	1 107	1.70			174
Molecular Weight:								1400	1 TOM	11405	11010	- 1107	1400	1107				174
Molecular Weight: Weight Average	(Light Scattering) (Sed. Equili.)		X X			X		X			X	X	X	1107			X	
Molecular Weight: Weight Average														1107				X X
	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration													X				X
Weight Average	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography)	X			X	X		X	X	X	Х							X
Weight Average Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC)	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	Х							X
Number Average Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC)	X X			X	X		X	X	X	Х							X
Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C Benzene, 35 °C	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC) No. (Capillary Viscometry)	X X X	X		X	X		X	X	X	Х							X
Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C Benzene, 35 °C Cyclohexane, 35	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC) No. (Capillary Viscometry)	X X X	X		X X	X		X	X	X	X							X
Number Average Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C Benzene, 35 °C Cyclohexane, 35 1-Chloronaphtha	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC) No. (Capillary Viscometry) °C lene, 130 °C	X X X	X		x x x	X		X	X X	x x	X X							X
Number Average Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C Benzene, 35 °C Cyclohexane, 35 1—Chloronaphtha 1,2,4—Trichlorobe	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC) No. (Capillary Viscometry) °C elene, 130 °C enzene, 130 °C	X X X	X		x x x x	X		X	X	X	X							X
Number Average Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C Benzene, 35 °C Cyclohexane, 35 1–Chloronaphtha 1,2,4–Trichlorobe Decahydronaphth	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC) No. (Capillary Viscometry) °C lene, 130 °C enzene, 130 °C nalene, 130 °C	X X X	X		x x x	X		X	X X	x x	X X	X						X
Number Average Number Average Molecular Weight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C Benzene, 35 °C Cyclohexane, 35 1–Chloronaphtha 1,2,4–Trichlorobe Decahydronaphth Tetrahydrofuran,	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC) No. (Capillary Viscometry) °C lene, 130 °C enzene, 130 °C nalene, 130 °C	X X X	X		x x x x	X		X	X X	x x	X X		X	X				X
Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C Benzene, 35 °C Cyclohexane, 35 1-Chloronaphtha 1,2,4-Trichlorobe Decahydronaphth	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC) No. (Capillary Viscometry) °C lene, 130 °C enzene, 130 °C nalene, 130 °C	X X X	X		x x x x	X		X	X X	x x	X X	X	X					X
Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C Benzene, 35 °C Cyclohexane, 35 1–Chloronaphtha 1,2,4–Trichlorobe Decahydronaphth Tetrahydrofuran, Toluene, 25 °C	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC) No. (Capillary Viscometry) °C lene, 130 °C enzene, 130 °C talene, 130 °C (ASTM)	X X X	X	X	X X X X X X	X		X	X X	x x	X X	X	X	X	X	X		Х
Number Average Number Average MolecularWeight Distribution Limiting Viscosity Benzene, 25 °C Benzene, 35 °C Cyclohexane, 35 1–Chloronaphtha 1,2,4–Trichlorobe Decahydronaphth Tetrahydrofuran,	(Sed. Equili.) (Gel Permeation/Filtration Chromatography-GPC) (Osmometry) (Size Excl. Chromatography) (GPC) No. (Capillary Viscometry) °C lene, 130 °C enzene, 130 °C nalene, 130 °C 25 °C	X X X	X X X	X	X X X X X	X		X	X X	x x	X X	X	X	X		X		X

202. Polyethylene Pipe Products

These RMs are for the testing and characterization of polyethylene pipe products.

RM	Туре	Tensile Properties* (in MPa)	Melt Flow (in g/10 min)	Density (in g/cm ³)
8450	Polyethylene Piping, 1.3 cm	16.40/0.125	0.851	0.938
8451	Polyethylene Piping, 4.8 cm	17.35/0.127		0.937
8452	Polyethylene Piping, 10.2 cm			0.938
8453	Polyethylene Socket T Joint		0.508	
8454	Polyethylene Butt T Joint		0.996	

^{*}Expressed as Yield Stress/Strain at Yield (Strain Rate=81% per min).

203. Thermodynamic Properties

Combustion Calorimetry (powder form)

These SRMs are for use as standards for calibration of combustion bomb calorimeters used in checking the performance of apparatus and analytical procedures and for the characterization of high purity compounds, fuels, and related fuel materials.

SRM		Туре	Heat of Combustion (in MJ/kg)*	Unit Size (in g)
39j	Benzoic Acid		26.434	30
1656	Thianthrene		33.480	30
1657	Synthetic Refuse-De	rived Fuel	13.87**	100
2151	Nicotinic Acid		22.184	25
2152	Urea		10.536	25
2683a	Coal, Bituminous:	%S=1.89; %Ash=6.8	31.90**	50
2684a	Coal, Bituminous:	%S=3.06; %Ash=11.0	28.50**	50
2692a	Coal, Bituminous:	%S=1.184; %Ash=7.94	32.64**	50

^{*}The calorific values (MJ/kg) may decrease upon the aging or normal oxidation of the coals. NIST will continue to monitor these calorific values and report any substantive change to the purchaser.

203. Solution Calorimetry

SRM	Туре	Heat of Solution (in MJ/kg)		Unit Size (in g)	
1655	Potassium Chloride (Water Solution Calorimetry)	Absorbed	(0.235)	30	

203. Flash Point Reference Materials (liquid form)

These RMs are for verifying the performance of various flash point testing instruments. The reference flash points of RMs 8517, 8518, 8519, and 8520 for specific flash point methods were determined through a cooperative interlaboratory program between NIST and ASTM S-15 Coordinating Committee on Flash Point. The participating laboratories used ASTM Standard Test Methods D 56, D 92, D 93, D 3278, and D 3828. Each RM unit contains 4×20 mL of liquid.

RM	Туре	ASTM Test Method	Reference Value (in °C)	Unit Size
8517	n-Decane	D 56	50.9	Set of 4 ampules
		D 93	52.8	· ·
		D 3278/D 3828	49.7	
8518	n-Undecane	D 56	67.1	Set of 4 ampules
		D 92	73.2	•
		D 93	68.7	
		D 3278/D 3828	65.9	
8519	n-Tetradecane	D 92	115.5	Set of 4 ampules
		D 93	109.3	·
8520	n-Hexadecane	D 92	138.8	Set of 4 ampules
		D 93	133.9	•

^{**}Gross calorific value or HHV (Higher Heating Value).

203. Enthalpy and Heat Capacity (solid forms)

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Temperature Range (in K)	Molecular Weight (in g/mol)
RM 5	Copper	0.19 D×12 cm	25 to 300	
705a	Polystyrene	5 g	10 to 350	170,900
720	Synthetic Sapphire	15 g	10 to 2250	
781-D2	Molybdenum	0.64 D×10 cm	273.15 to 2800	

203. Differential Scanning Calorimetry (solid forms)

These SRMs are for calibrating differential scanning calorimeters, differential thermal analyzers, and similar instruments. SRM 1514 is for evaluating methods of determining purity by differential scanning calorimetry. It consists of pure phenacetin and phenacetin doped with p-aminobenzoic acid.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Melting Temperature (in K)	Enthalpy of Fusion (in J/g)
1514	Thermal Analysis Purity Set	Set of 4 vials: 0.5 g eac	h-	*
2220	Tin (99.9995%)	2.5 cm×2.5 cm×0.0127 ci	m 505.10	60.22
2221b	Zinc (99.999%)		In Prep	
2222	Biphenyl (99.984%)	1 g	342.41	120.41
2225	Mercury	2.5 g	234.30	11.469

^{*}Certified for four levels of p-ABA (in mol %).

203. Differential Thermal Analysis (liquid and solid forms)

In cooperation with the International Confederation of Thermal Analysis and Calorimetry (ICTAC), NIST distributes transition point, melting point and magnetic transition measurement RMs 8754, 8759, and 8760 for use with differential thermal analyzers, differential scanning calorimeters, and thermogravimetry apparatus.

The ICTAC has recently undertaken a complete reevaluation of all the materials comprising these RMs and it is anticipated that the RMs will be redistributed in the future, as single material units rather than in sets. Therefore, only limited quantities of the current RMs are still available. Information about RM status can be obtained by contacting the SRM Program Sales Office.

203. Superconductive Thermometric Fixed Point Device

This SRM is composed of six small cylinders of high purity materials mounted in a threaded copper stud and enclosed in a measuring coil pair. It is intended to provide superconductive fixed points, i.e., temperature of transitions from the normal to the superconductive state.

SRM	Туре	Material	Temperature (in K)
767a	Superconductive Thermometric Fixed Point Device	Niobium	9.2
		Lead	7.2
		Indium	3.4
		Aluminum	1.2
		Zinc	0.9
		Cadmium	0.5

203. Defining Fixed Point, International Temperature Scale of 1990, ITS-90 (solid forms)

These SRMs are for use in preparing defining fixed points of the International Temperature Scale of 1990, ITS-90.

SRM	Туре	Temperature (in °C)	Unit Size (in g)
740a	Zinc (Freezing Point)	419.527	200, shot
741	Tin (Freezing Point)	231.928	350, ingot
743	Mercury (Triple Point)	-38.8344	680, ampule
1744	Aluminum (Freezing Point)	660.323	200, shot
1745	Indium (Freezing Point)	156.5985	20×10 , ingot
1746	Silver (Freezing Point)	961.78	300, shot

203. Defining Fixed Point Cells, International Temperature Scale of 1990, ITS-90

These SRM fixed point devices are for use in the realization of the International Temperature Scale of 1990, ITS-90.

SRM	Туре	Temperature (in °C)	Unit Size (in g)
1747	Tin (Freezing Point), 99.9999+% Zinc (Freezing Point), 99.9999+%	231.928	1071, semi-open cell
1748		419.527	1031, semi-open cell

203. Reference Points (solid forms)

These moderate purity SRMs are for use in preparing reference point devices and for calibrating thermometers, thermocouples and other temperature measuring devices.

SRM	Туре	Temperature (in °C)	Unit Size (in g ingot)
45d	Copper (Freezing Point)	1084.8	450
49e	Lead (Freezing Point)	327.45	600
742	Alumina, 99.9+%	2052	10 (powder)

203. Freezing Point, Melting Point, and Triple Point Cells (solid forms)

These SRM fixed point devices are for use in the realization of internationally accepted secondary reference points and/or triple points. They are **not** intended for calibration of differential scanning calorimeters.

SRM	Туре	Temperature (in °C)	Unit Size (in g)
1968	Gallium (Melting Point), 99,9999+%	29.7646	25, sealed cell
1969	Rubidium (Triple Point), 99.9+%	39.3	154, sealed cell
1970	Succinonitrile (Triple Point), 99.999+%	58.0642	60, sealed cell
1971	Indium (Freezing Point), 99.9999+%	156.598	100, sealed cell
19 7 2	1,3-Dioxolan-2-one (Ethylene Carbonate) (Triple Point), 99.999+%	36.3143	60, sealed cell
1973	n-Docosane (Triple Point), 99.999+%	43.879	60, sealed cell

203. Laboratory Thermometer (mercury in glass)

This thermometer is for use in clinical laboratories. Its main scale extends from 24.00 °C to 38.00 °C, in 0.05 °C divisions. It has an auxiliary scale from -0.20 °C to +0.20 °C.

SRM	Туре	Calibrated Points (in °C)	Unit Size
934	Clinical Laboratory Thermometer	0, 25, 30, 37	1 each

203.	. Thermoelement Material, Platinum (wire form)				
SRM	Туре	Temperature Range (in °C)	Unit Size		
1967	Platinum, High Purity (99.999+%)	197 to 1767	0.051D×100 cm		

Vapor Press	ure of Metals (rod a	nd wire forms)	
Туре	Pressure Range (in Pa)	Temperature Range (in K, ITS-90)	Unit Size (in cm)
Gold	10 ⁻⁴ to 10 ²	1300 to 2100	wire, 0.14×15.2 rod, 0.64×6.4
	Туре	Type Pressure Range (in Pa) Gold 10^{-4} to 10^{2}	Type (in Pa) (in K, ITS-90) Gold 10^{-4} to 10^2 1300 to 2100

203. Thermal Conductivity of Graphite and Metals (rod form)

SRM	Туре	Unit Size (in cm)	Temperature Range (in K)	Conductivity at 293 K (in W· m ⁻¹ · K ⁻¹)
1461	Stainless Steel	1.27D×5.0	2 to 1200	14.1
1462	Stainless Steel	$3.18D \times 5.0$	2 to 1200	14.1
RM 8420	Electrolytic Iron	$0.64D \times 5.0$	2 to 1000	77.9
RM 8421	Electrolytic Iron	3.18D×5.0	2 to 1000	77.9
RM 8424	Graphite	0.64D×5.0	5 to 2500	90.9
RM 8425	Graphite	$1.27D \times 5.0$	5 to 2500	90.9
RM 8426	Graphite	$2.54D\times5.0$	5 to 2500	90.9

203. Thermal Expansion of Metal Glass and Silica (rod form)

SRM	Туре	Type Temperature Range (in K)	
731	Borosilicate Glass	L1: 80 to 680	0.64×5.1
		L2: 80 to 680	0.64×10.2
		L3: 80 to 680	0.64×15.2
736	Copper	L1: 20 to 800	0.64×5.1
738	Stainless Steel (AISI 446)	293 to 780	0.64×5.1
739	Fused Silica	L1: 80 to 1000	0.64×5.1
		L2: 80 to 1000	0.64×10.2
		L3: 80 to 1000	0.64×15.2

203. Thermal Resistance of Glass, Silica, and Polystyrene (solid forms)

SRM	Туре	Unit Size (in cm)	Temperature Range (in K)	Thermal Resistance at 293 K (in m ² • K • W ⁻¹)
1449	Fumed Silica Board	60×60×2.54	297.1	1.2
1450c	Fibrous Glass Board	$61 \times 61 \times 2.54$	280 to 340	0.78
1452	Fibrous Glass Blanket	$60 \times 60 \times 2.54$	297.1	0.60
1453	Expanded Polystyrene Board	66×93×1.34	285 to 310	0.4
1459	Fumed Silica Board	$30 \times 30 \times 2.54$	297.1	1.2

204. Optical Properties

Molecular Absorption (film, filter, solid, and solution forms)

The optical SRMs for spectrophotometry are certified transfer standards that fall into three general categories—transmittance, wavelength, and stray radiant energy—each of which addresses a specific instrumental parameter of an absorption spectrometer that must be in control for accurate optical transmittance measurements. To obtain optimum verification results, each SRM must be used within the specified range of conditions for which it is intended.

SRM 930e: This SRM is for the verification of the transmittance and absorbance scales of visible absorption spectrometers. It differs from the prior series, SRM 930d, only with respect to tightened optical polishing tolerances. SRM 930e has been polished to a parallelism of 20 arc seconds or better, to reduce the optical deviation (relative to SRM 930d) and improve performance in instruments where wavelength dispersion occurs *after* the light has passed through the filter. SRM 930e consists of three individual Schott NG-type glass filters in separate metal cuvette-style holders and an empty filter holder. The nominal percent transmittances of the three filters are 10 %, 20 %, and 30 %. The three filters are individually certified for transmittance at five wavelengths in the visible spectrum: 440.0 nm, 465.0 nm, 546.1 nm, 590.0 nm, and 635.0 nm. The optical transmittance neutrality of SRM 930e is sufficient for the filters to be used to verify accurately absorption spectrometers with maximum spectral bandpasses ranging from 2.2 nm to 6.5 nm for the five wavelengths at which the transmittances are certified. When SRM 930e is used in combination with SRM 1930, a 6-point stepwise verification of the transmittance scale is possible over the transmittance range from 1 % to 50 %. A detailed discussion of this SRM and SRM 1930 is given in Special Publication 260–116. (See NOTE.)

SRM 931e: This SRM is for the verification of the absorbance scales of ultraviolet and visible absorption spectrometers having narrow spectral bandpasses. SRM 931e consists of three sets of four solutions in sealed 10 mL ampules. The four solutions include a blank solution and three concentrations of an empirical inorganic solution prepared from high purity cobalt and nickel metals dissolved in a mixture of nitric and perchloric acids. The user must transfer the blank and standard solutions to cuvettes of known pathlength. The spectrum has absorption maxima at 302 nm, 395 nm, and 512 nm, and a plateau in the region of 678 nm at which the absorbances are certified. The nominal absorbances of the three empirical inorganic solution standards are 0.3, 0.6 and 0.9, respectively, at wavelengths 302 nm, 395 nm, and 512 nm. At wavelength 678 nm, the nominal absorbances of the three solutions are 0.1, 0.2, and 0.3, respectively. The liquid filters may be used to verify absorption spectrometers with maximum spectral bandpasses ranging from 1.5 nm to 8.5 nm for the four wavelengths at which the absorbances are certified.

SRM 935a: This SRM is for the verification of the absorbance scales of ultraviolet absorption spectrometers having spectral bandpasses not exceeding 2 nm. Issued in 15 g units, SRM 935a consists of crystalline potassium dichromate of established purity. Solutions of ten known concentrations of this SRM in 0.001 N perchloric acid (between 20 mg/kg and 200 mg/kg) are certified for their specific absorbances under well-defined conditions. The user must prepare the liquid solutions from SRM 935a and then transfer them to cuvettes of known pathlength. The certified specific absorbances for the solutions prepared may be converted to their corresponding reference absorbance values using Beer's Law. Acidic SRM 935a solutions may be prepared anywhere within the concentration range of 20 mg/kg to 200 mg/kg to provide a standard with the desired absorbance at a specified wavelength. The spectrum has absorption maxima at 257 nm and 350 nm, and absorption minima at 235 nm and 313 nm at which the specific absorbance values are certified. A detailed discussion of this SRM is given in Special Publication 260–54.

SRM 1921: This SRM is for use in the calibration of the wavelength scale of spectrometers in the infrared (IR) spectral region from 3.2 μ m to 18 μ m (555 cm⁻¹ to 3125 cm⁻¹). SRM 1921 consists of three cards made of a matte finish polystyrene film, approximately 38 μ m thick with a 25-mm diameter clear aperture and centered 38 mm from the bottom of a cardboard holder 5 cm \times 11 cm \times 2 mm in size. The certified wavelength values, corresponding peak wavenumber values for thirteen absorption peak positions in the 3 μ m to 18 μ m range and a spectrum marked with arrows identifying the certified peaks, are provided with each unit. A detailed discussion of this SRM is given in Special Publication 260-122.

SRM 1930: This SRM complements SRM 930e for the verification of the transmittance and absorbance scales of visible absorption spectrometers. SRM 1930 consists of three individual Schott NG-type glass filters in separate metal cuvette-style holders and an empty filter holder. The nominal transmittances of the three filters are 1 %, 3 %, and 50 %. The three filters are individually certified for transmittance at five wavelengths in the visible spectrum: 440.0 nm, 465.0 nm, 546.1 nm, 590.0 nm, and 635.0 nm. The optical transmittance neutrality of SRM 1930 is sufficient for the filters to be used to verify accurately absorption spectrometers with maximum spectral bandpasses ranging from 2.2 nm to 6.5 nm for the five wavelengths at which the transmittances are certified. When SRM 1930 is used in combination with SRM 930e, a 6-point stepwise verification of the transmittance scale is possible over the transmittance range from 1 % to 50 %. A detailed discussion of this SRM and SRM 930 is given in Special Publication 260–116. (See NOTE.)

SRM 2030a: This SRM is for use in the one-point verification of the transmittance and absorbance scales of spectrophotometers at the given wavelength and at the nominal transmittance of 30 %. SRM 2030a consists of one glass filter in its holder and one empty holder. The exposed surface of the glass is approximately 29 mm×8 mm, measured from a point 1.5 mm above the base of the filter holder. The filter bears an identification number. The certified transmittance value at a wavelength of 465.0 nm and for a maximum spectral bandpass of 2.7 nm is provided for each unit. The uncertainty estimation is described in Special Publication 260-116. (See NOTE.)

SRM 2031a: This SRM is for the verification of the transmittance and absorbance scales of ultraviolet and visible absorption spectrometers. SRM 2031 consists of three individual non-fluorescent, fused silica filters in separate metal cuvette-style holders and an empty filter holder. The nominal transmittances of the three filters are 10 %, 30 %, and 90 %. The quartz base plates of the 10 % and 30 % filters carry different thicknesses of semi-transparent chromium metal that are optically contacted to quartz cover plates. The nominal 90 % filter is a single clear quartz plate. The three filters are individually certified for transmittances at ten wavelengths in the ultraviolet and visible spectral regions: 250.0 nm, 280.0 nm, 340 nm, 360.0 nm, 400.0 nm, 465.0 nm, 500.0 nm, 546.1 nm, 590.0 nm, and 635.0 nm. The optical transmittance neutrality of SRM 2031 is such that wider spectral bandpasses can be used. Consequently, SRM 2031 is the only transmittance SRM that is suitable for use with those absorption spectrometers with large spectral bandpasses, e.g., 8 nm to 20 nm. A detailed discussion of this SRM is given in Special Publication 260-68. CAUTION: Because the 10 % and 30 % chromium-coated filters attenuate incident radiation by reflection to a large extent, SRM 2031a may possibly generate interreflections between optical surfaces in the sample compartment of some absorption spectrometers. Such interreflections may affect the accuracy of the transmittance measurement. Consequently, when contemplating the purchase of SRM 2031a, the user should contact the instrument manufacturer to verify that metal-on-quartz filters are compatible with the spectrometer.

SRM 2032: This SRM is for use in the assessment of heterochromatic stray radiation energy (stray light) in ultraviolet absorption spectrometers in the spectral region below 260 nm. Issued in 25 g units, SRM 2032 consists of reagent grade crystalline potassium iodide (KI). Solutions of this SRM in distilled water are certified for their specific absorbances under well-defined conditions at 240 nm, 245 nm, 250 nm, 255 nm, 260 nm, 265 nm, 270 nm, and 275 nm. The KI solutions exhibit sharp cutoffs in transmittances below about 260 nm. The user must prepare a liquid KI solution from SRM 2032 and then transfer it to a cuvette of known pathlength. The certified specific absorbance for the solution prepared is then converted to its corresponding reference transmittance or absorbance value using Beer's Law. The amount of heterochromatic stray light in the absorption spectrometer at a wavelength below 260 nm may be determined from the equations given in the certificate.

SRM 2034: This SRM is for use in the verification of the wavelength scale of ultraviolet and visible absorption spectrometers having nominal spectral bandwidths not exceeding 3 nm. SRM 2034, a liquid consisting of 4% (m/v) holmium oxide in an aqueous solution of 10% (v/v) perchloric acid, is sealed in a nonfluorescent, fused silica cuvette of optical quality. SRM 2034 is batch certified for wavelength location of minimum transmittance of 14 bands in the spectral range from 240 nm to 650 nm for six spectral bandwidths from 0.1 nm to 3 nm. A detailed discussion of this SRM is given in Special Publication 260–102. (See NOTE.)

NOTE: A recertification service for units of this SRM whose certification has expired, is available directly from the NIST Analytical Chemistry Division. Contact the Division for details: Phone — (301) 975-4115; Fax — (301) 977-0587.

204. Molecular Absorption (film, filter, solid, and solution forms)—Continued

SRM	Туре	Wavelength Range (in nm)	Unit Size
930e	Glass Filters, Transmittance	440 to 635	3 filters/4 holders
931e	Liquid Filters, Absorbance	302 to 678	Set of 12 ampules
935a	Potassium Dichromate, UV Absorbance	235 to 350	15 g
1921	Infrared Transmission Wavelength	3 μm to 18 μm	3 polystyrene cards
1930	Glass Filters, Transmittance	440 to 635	3 filters/4 holders
2030a	Glass Filter, Transmittance	465.0	1 filter/1 holder
2031a	Metal-on-Quartz Filters, Transmittance	250 to 635	In Prep
2032	Potassium Iodide, Stray Light	240 to 280	25 g
2034	Holmium Oxide Solution, Wavelength	240 to 650	1 sealed cuvette

204. Molecular Luminescence (solid form)

This SRM is for use in the evaluation of methods and the calibration of fluorescence spectrometers. Issued in 1 g units, SRM 936 consists of solid quinine sulfate dihydrate. It is certified for the relative molecular emission spectrum, $E(\lambda)$, in radiometric units for a solution of 1.28×10^{-6} mol/L quinine sulfate dihydrate in 0.105 mol/L perchloric acid using an excitation wavelength of 347.5 nm. The values of the molecular emission spectrum are certified at 5 nm wavelength intervals from 375 nm to 675 nm. The user must prepare the solution and transfer it to a cuvette of known pathlength. A detailed discussion of this SRM is given in Special Publication 260–64.

SRM	Туре	Wavelength Range (in nm)	Unit Size
936a	Quinine Sulfate Dihydrate, Fluorescence	375 to 675	1 g

204. Specular Spectral Reflectance (plate form)

These SRMs are for calibrating the reflectance scale of integrating sphere reflectometers used to evaluate materials for solar energy collectors and to calibrate reflectometers used in evaluating the appearance of polished metals and metal-plated objects.

SRM	Туре	Wavelength Range (in nm)	Unit Size (in cm)
2003	First Surface, Aluminum on Glass	250 to 2500	5.1D×0.65
2011	First Surface, Gold on Nickel-Plated Aluminum	600 to 2500	5.1D×1.2
2023	Second Surface, Aluminum on Fused Quartz	250 to 2500	5.1D×0.6
2026	First Surface, Black Glass	250 to 2500	5.1D×0.6

204. Infrared Reflectance (solid form)

This SRM is for establishing the accuracy of the near infrared (IR) wavelength scale of reflectance spectrophotometers.

SRM	Туре	Wavelength Range (in nm)	Unit Size (in cm)
1920a	Rare Earth Oxide Mixture	740 to 2000	holder: 5.1D×1.2

204. Diffuse Spectral Reflectance (wafer form)

This SRM is for calibrating the photometric scale of integrating sphere reflectometer-spectrophotometers used in the measurement of spectral 6°/hemispherical reflectance.

SRM	Туре	Wavelength Range (in nm)	Unit Size (in cm)
2015	White Opal Glass (vitrolite)	400 to 750	5.1×3.8

204. Optical Rotation (powder form)

These SRMs are for calibrating or checking polarimetric apparatus. In aqueous solution, the optical rotation of SRM 17d is certified at three wavelengths, while that of SRM 41c is certified at two wavelengths. SRM 41c is also certified at one wavelength in a dimethyl sulfoxide solution.

SRM	Туре	Optical Rotat	ion (in mrad)—Aqueous Wavelength	Solution	Unit Size (in g)
		546 nm	589 nm	633 nm	
17d	Sucrose	711.64	604.26	519.17	60
41c	Dextrose	1101.1	931.8	798.6	70

204. X-Ray and Photography (chart and step tablet forms)

SRM 1001 is a calibrated x-ray film step tablet of 17 steps that cover the optical density range from <0.200 to >4.000; it has a blue tint and emulsion on both sides. SRM 1008 is a calibrated photographic step tablet of 21 steps that cover the optical density range from <0.200 to >4.000; it has a black tint and emulsion on a single side. SRM 1010a is used to test the resolving power of cameras or of whole microcopying systems. It consists of five charts printed photographically on paper, that have 26 high-contrast, 5-line patterns ranging in spatial frequency of 1 mm⁻¹ to 18 mm⁻¹.

SRM .	Туре	Unit Size
1001	X-ray Film Step Tablet	$25.4 \text{cm} \times 3.5 \text{cm}$
1008	Photographic Step Tablet	$25.4 \mathrm{cm} \times 3.5 \mathrm{cm}$
1010a	Microcopy Resolution Test Chart	Set of 5 charts

205. Radioactivity

Radiation Dosimetry (wire form)

This SRM is a cobalt-in-aluminum alloy wire 0.5 mm in diameter and 1 m in length for use as a neutron density monitor standard.

SRM	Туре	Cobalt Composition (mass fraction, in %)
953	Neutron density monitor wire (Co in Al)	0.116

205. Fission Track Glass (wafer form)

This SRM, which contains uranium, will aid laboratories performing fission track analyses in interlaboratory comparisons of data and in monitoring neutron fluences. The material was irradiated in the 20 MW reactor at the NIST Center for Neutron Research, at two different neutron energies. Each unit consists of four unirradiated glass wafers and two irradiated wafers.

070.8.#	Uranium Composition	Uranium-235	Reactor	Neutron	Fluence
SRM	(in mg/kg)	(in Atom %)	Position	Copper Foil	Gold Foil
963a	0.823	0.2792	RT-4: RT-3: (10 ¹⁴ n/cm ²)	39.5	43.0
			RT-3: (10**n/cm*)	41.2	45.8

205. Special Nuclear Materials

The U.S. Department of Energy New Brunswick Laboratory issues special nuclear reference materials as NBL Certified Reference Materials (CRMs). These CRMs include the plutonium and uranium assay and isotopic materials previously issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. All orders or inquiries should be addressed to: U.S. Department of Energy, New Brunswick Laboratory, 9800 S. Cass Avenue, Bldg. 350, Argonne, IL 60439-4899. Attn: Reference Materials Sales; Phone – (630) 252-2767; Fax – (630) 252-6256; E-mail – usdoe.nbl@ch.doe.gov.

The SRMs in the following 4 pages are certified and distributed for the SRM Program by the NIST Radioactivity Group. The radionuclide types represented by these SRMs are suitable for a variety of measurement and instrument calibration needs. Detailed information about the NIST Radioactivity SRMs and a form for license certification can be obtained by contacting the Radioactivity Group. Inquiries should be directed to the National Institute of Standards and Technology, Radioactivity Group, Ionizing Radiation Division, Building 245, Room C114, Gaithersburg, MD 20899-0001; Phone — (301) 975-5531; Fax — (301) 926-7416; E-Mail — rad.srms@nist.gov.

Requests for new or renewal SRMs can be submitted to the Radioactivity Group. Upon receipt, these requests are evaluated and interested customers are notified whether or not the SRMs can be made available.

NOTE: Certain radionuclides are not economical to maintain as SRMs because of short half lives or low customer demand. NIST Special Publication 250, *Calibration Services Users Guide*, describes the procedure for requesting calibration of radionuclides not provided as SRMs. Requests for such tests should also be submitted, with full source information for approval of suitability, to the Radioactivity Group at the above address.

205. Radioactive Solutions

These SRMs are intended for the calibration of radioactivity measuring instruments and for the monitoring of chemical and geochemical processes. They are calibrated in terms of activity per gram of solution. Each SRM is contained in a flame-sealed glass ampule or bottle and, except as noted, consists of the radionuclide dissolved in an aqueous solution (usually acidic).

SRM	Radionuclide	Decay Modes	Activity per gram (in Bq • g ⁻¹)	Time of Calibration (month/year)	Volume of Solution (mL)
4322B*	Americium-241	α	40	09/91	5
4332D*	Americium-243	α	40	05/95	5
4251C*	Barium-133	EC, γ	500 000	09/93	5
4222C	Carbon-14 (as hexadene)	β-1	50 000	09/90	5
4233D*	Cesium-137 Burn-up Standard	β -, γ	600 000	07/95	5
4943	Chlorine-36	β-	10 000	12/84	3
4915E*	Cobalt-60	β-, γ	75 000	01/95	5
4329*	Curium-243	α	70	06/84	5
4320A*	Curium-244	α	35	02/96	5
4370C*	Europium-152	β ⁻ , EC, γ	90 000	02/87	5
4361C	Hydrogen-3 (as water)	β-	1	In Prep	490
4926D	Hydrogen-3 (as water)	β-	3 000	07/89	18
4927E	Hydrogen-3 (as water)	β-	500 000	07/91	3
4947C	Hydrogen-3 (as toluene)	β-	300 000	03/87	4
4949C*	Iodine-129	β-, γ	3 000	03/93	5
4929E	Iron-55	EC	30 000	In Prep	5
4341*	Neptunium-237	α	100	03/94	5 5
4226C*	Nickel-63	β-	50 000	08/95	5
4323A*	Plutonium-238	α	30	02/94	5
4330A*	Plutonium-239	α	40	12/95	5
4338A*	Plutonium-240	α	40	05/96	5
4340A*	Plutonium-241	β-	250	12/95	5
4334F*	Plutonium-242	α	25	12/89	5
4326	Polonium-209	α, EC	90	03/94	5
4952C	Radium-226 Blank	-	0.000 2	08/91	5
4965	Radium-226	α, γ	30	09/91	5
4966	Radium-226	α, γ	270	09/91	5
4967	Radium-226	α, γ	2 700	09/91	5
4339A	Radium-228	β-	200	04/94	5
4919H*	Strontium-90	β	4 000	07/95	5
4234A*	Strontium-90	β-	2 500 000	03/95	5
4288A	Technetium-99	β-	30 000	09/96	5
4328B	Thorium-229	α	30	07/96	5
4324A	Uranium-232	α	40	11/93	5
4321B	Uranium-238 "natural uranium"	α	250	01/92	5
4276C*	Long-Lived Mixed Radionuclide:	0 -	12.000	09/88	5
	Antimony-125	β-, γ	12 000		
	Europium-154	β-, γ	16 000		
	Europium-155	β-, γ	6 000		

^{*} License certification is required of purchaser by NIST before shipment.

205. Radiopharmaceuticals (solution and gaseous forms)

These SRMs are intended for the calibration of radioactivity-measuring instruments. They are calibrated in terms of activity per gram of solution (except SRM 4415, which is calibrated in terms of activity). Each SRM is contained in a 5 mL flame-sealed glass ampule and, except for SRM 4415, consists of the radionuclide dissolved in an aqueous solution (usually acidic).

These SRMs are produced in collaboration with the Nuclear Energy Institute and, because of the short half lives, are available only at specific times. For the current production schedule, contact the Radioactivity Group at the address given on page 112.

SRM	Radionuclide	Half Life (days)	Activity per gram (MBq • g ⁻¹)
4408F*	Cobalt-57	271.7	2
4416Q*	Gallium-67	3.3	4
4417Q*	Indium-111	2.8	5
1407U*	Iodine-125	59.6	1
1401W*	Iodine-131	8.0	5
1412V*	Molybdenum-99/Technetium-99m	2.7	10
14060*	Phosphorus-32	14.3	2
1425B*	Samarium-153	1.9	4
1426A*	Strontium-89	50.Õ	1
1410V*	Technetium-99m	0.3	1 000
1404S*	Thallium-201	3.0	4
1415U*	Xenon-133	5,2	Total 500
1427B*	Yttrium-90	2.7	1

^{*} License certification is required of purchaser by NIST before shipment.

205. Alpha Particle Point Sources

These SRMs are intended for the calibration of alpha particle detectors. Each SRM consists of a practically weightless deposit of the radionuclide electroplated on a thin platinum foil cemented to a monel disk.

SRM	Radionuclide	Principal Alpha Energies (MeV)	Activity (Bq)	Time of Calibration (month/year)
4906C*	Płutonium-238	5.456, 5.499	10 to 300	09/87
4906HC*	Plutonium-238	5.456, 5.499	1 000 to 50 000	10/87

^{*} License certification is required of purchaser by NIST before shipment.

205. Carbon-14 Dating (solid form)

This SRM is an international standard for contemporary carbon-14 against which world-wide measurements can be compared. Each SRM consists of approximately 225 g of a 450 kg lot of oxalic acid prepared by fermentation of French beet molasses from the 1977 spring, summer, and autumn harvests.

SRM	Material	Description
4990C	Oxalic Acid	Set of 8: 28 g each

205. Accelerator Mass Spectrometry (solution form)

This SRM is intended for the calibration of accelerator mass spectrometers used to measure beryllium isotopic ratios. It is calibrated in terms of the isotopic ratio. The SRM is contained in a flame-sealed glass ampule and consists of the nuclides dissolved in an aqueous solution (acidic).

SRM	Nuclides	Isotopic Ratio	Total Nuclide Concentration (mg • g ⁻¹)	Time of Calibration (month/year)	Volume of Solution (mL)
4325	Beryllium-10/Beryllium-9	3×10 ⁻¹¹	5	08/86	50

205. Gamma Ray Point Sources

These SRMs are intended for the calibration of gamma ray detectors. Each SRM consists of a small deposit of radioactive material sealed between two layers of polyester tape that are mounted on an aluminum annulus.

SRM	Radionuclide	Principal Photon Energies (keV)	Activity (Bq)	Time of Calibration (month/year)
4241C*	Barium-133	81 to 384	In Prep	
4200B	Cesium-137/Barium-137m	662	60 000	09/79
4207B	Cesium-137/Barium-137m	662	300 000	03/87
4203D*	Cobalt-60	1173, 1332	10 000 to 60 000	01/95
4201 B *	Niobium-94	702, 871	4 000	04/70
4275C*	Long-Lived Mixed Radionuclide:	27 to 1596		09/88
	Antimony-125		120 000	
	Europium-154		160 000	
	Europium-155		55 000	

^{*}License certification is required of purchaser by NIST before shipment.

205. Radon Emanation (encapsulated solution form)

This SRM is intended for the calibration of radon-222 measuring instruments. It consists of a small heat-sealed polyethylene cylinder containing approximately 0.35 g of radium-226 solution. The SRM is calibrated in terms of the radium-226 activity and in terms of the emanation fraction of the radon-222 under specified conditions.

SRM	Radionuclide	Activity (Bq)	Time of Calibration (month/year)
4968	Radium-226	3 to 500	09/91

205. Natural Matrix Materials (powder form)

SRM 4350B—Columbia River Sediment

This material, provided in 85 g units, was collected from a river downstream from a nuclear reactor facility. Concentrations of fission and activation products are elevated over typical world-wide levels. Plutonium-239/plutonium-240 and americum-241 are very homogeneously distributed through the sample and are in acid-leachable forms. Inhomogeneity is 3% or better for other radionuclides.

SRM 4351—Human Lung

This material, provided in 45 g units, contains radioactivity concentrations on the order of 10^{-4} Bq · g⁻¹. It has been freeze-dried, cryogenically ground, homogenized, and packed in a glass bottle under vacuum. There is significant inhomogeneity in plutonium-239/plutonium-240 which is unavoidable because plutonium was taken into the lungs in particulate form. Assessments of accuracy of measurement techniques can be improved by averaging over several samples.

SRM 4352—Human Liver

This material, provided in 45 g units, contains radioactivity concentrations on the order of 10^{-4} Bq · g⁻¹. It has been freeze-dried, cryogenically ground, homogenized, and packed in a glass bottle under vacuum.

SRM 4353A—Rocky Flats Soil Number II In Prep

This material was collected at Rocky Flats, CO, but in a different location from its predecessor, SRM 4353. Transactinide concentrations are about an order of magnitude higher than typical world-wide levels and there is a potential that ≈10% of these nuclides could be in refractory form. It is also possible that ≈15% of the uranium and thorium nuclides present are in non-acid leachable form. The SRM is intended for use in validation of radiochemical environmental studies methods.

SRM 4354—Freshwater Lake Sediment

This material (gyttja) contains approximately 25 g of freeze-dried, pulverized freshwater lake sediment (approximately 50% organic by mass) in a polyethylene bottle. The SRM is intended for use in tests of measurements of environmental radioactivity contained in matrices similar to the sample, for evaluating analytical methods, or as a generally available calibrated "real" sample matrix in interlaboratory comparisons.

SRM 4355—Peruvian Soil

This material, provided in 75 g units, has nonmeasurable radioactivity concentrations for many fallout radionuclides and can be used as a blank or for sensitive tests of radioanalytical procedures at low radioactivity concentrations for other radionuclides. The results of a trace element study are given for 57 elements.

SRM 4356—Ashed Bone In Prep

This material, provided in 15 g units, is a partially ashed bone per sample aliquant of a 1:100 composite of human and bovine bones. The SRM is intended for use in validation of radiobiochemical methods for measurement of such radionuclides as strontium-90, radium-226, thorium-228, thorium-230, thorium-232, uranium-234, uranium-235, uranium-238, plutonium-239/plutonium-240, and curium-243/curium-244. The thorium-232 and uranium-238 decay chains are **not** in equilibrium.

SRM 4357—Ocean Sediment

This material, provided in 80 g units, consists of a blend of sediments collected in the Chesapeake Bay and in the sea off of the British Nuclear Fuels Sellafield facility in the United Kingdom. The SRM, which has been freeze-dried, pulverized, homogenized, and radiation-sterilized, is intended for use in tests of low level radiochemical methods for measurement of such fission products as strontium-90 and cesium-137 and actinides such as thorium-232, uranium-238, and plutonium-239/plutonium-240.

SRM 4358—Ocean Shellfish In Prep

This material, provided in ≈300 g units, was prepared from oysters from the southeastern Pacific Ocean blended with mussels from the White and Irish Seas. The SRM is intended for use in the validation of radiochemical ocean studies methods on material which is both a food product and a bioaccumulator of radionuclides associated with ocean nuclear waste dumping programs. The radionuclides determined include strontium-90, radium-226, thorium-228, thorium-230, thorium-232, uranium-234, uranium-235, uranium-238, plutonium-238, and plutonium-239/plutonium-240.

206. Electrical Properties

Electrical Resistivity and Conductivity of Metals (rod form)

These SRM and RM materials are for evaluating methods of measuring electrical resistivity over wide temperature ranges.

SRM/RM	Туре	Temperature Range (in K)	Resistivity at 293 K (in μΩ • cm)		nit Size (in cm)
1461	Stainless Steel	5 to 1200	80.5	rod:	1.27D×5.0
1462	Stainless Steel	5 to 1200	80.5	rod:	$3.18D \times 5.0$
RM 8420	Electrolytic Iron	6 to 1000	10.1	rod:	$0.64D \times 5.0$
RM 8421	Electrolytic Iron	6 to 1000	10.1	rod:	$3.18D \times 5.0$

206. Electrical Resistivity and Conductivity of Silicon (block and wafer forms)

SRMs 2526, 2527, 2528, and 2529 are sets of 16 silicon chips, each mounted on beveling blocks, intended to provide a number of resistivity scale reference points for calibrating spreading resistance measurements of (111) p-type and n-type (SRMs 2526 and 2527) and (100) p-type and n-type (SRMs 2528 and 2529) silicon. SRMs 2541 through 2547 consist of single wafers intended for use as reference standards for sheet resistance and resistivity measurements utilizing the four-point probe method. SRMs 2541, 2542, and 2543 are made Czochralski-grown, boron-doped silicon with (100) crystallographic orientation; SRMs 2544, 2545, 2546, and 2547 are float zone (111) orientation and phosphorus-doped by the neutron transmutation doping process.

SRM	Туре	Resistivity (in Ω • cm)	Unit Size (in mm)
2526	Spreading Resistance	0.001 to 200	Set of 16: 5×10×0.625
2527	Spreading Resistance	0.001 to 200	Set of 16: $5 \times 10 \times 0.625$
2528	Spreading Resistance	0.001 to 200	Set of 16: $5 \times 10 \times 0.625$
2529	Spreading Resistance	0.001 to 200	Set of 16: $5 \times 10 \times 0.625$
2541	Silicon Resistivity	0.01	100D×0.625
2542	Silicon Resistivity	0.1	100D×0.625
2543	Silicon Resistivity	1	100D×0.625
2544	Silicon Resistivity	10	100D×0.625
2545	Silicon Resistivity	25	100D×0.625
2546	Silicon Resistivity	100	100D×0.625
2547	Silicon Resistivity	200	100D×0.625

206. Residual Resistivity Ratio (rod form)

This SRM is a set of five aluminum rods for use in checking four-terminal dc and eddy current decay techniques. The residual resistivity ratio (RRR), the ratio of electrical resistivity at 273.15 K to resistivity at 4 K, is a sensitive indicator of purity and of the mechanical state of a material.

SRM	Туре	RRR Values	Unit Size (in cm)
769	Aluminum	130, 683, 1205, 2650, and 11,000	0.64D×5.2

206. Superconducting Critical Current (wire form)

This SRM is for checking the performance of measurement systems used in superconductor technology. It consists of 2.2 m of a multifilamentary niobium titanium, copper-stabilized superconducting wire wound in a single layer onto a spool with a core diameter of 8.7 cm.

SRM	Туре	Magnetic Field (in T)	Critical Current
1457	Niobium-Titanium Wire	2.000	293.30
		4.000	187.38
		6.000	124.72
		8,000	69.72

207. Metrology

Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM)

These SRMs and RM are for calibrating the magnification scale and evaluating the performance of scanning electron microscopes. SRM 484g can be used to calibrate the magnification scale of an SEM from 1000 to 20,000 X. SRM 2069b consists of graphitized rayon fibers with smooth and uniform edges on a 12.5 mm diameter SEM specimen mount with a 3 mm pcg. SRM 2090 consists of a silicon chip and was developed to meet the SEM needs of the semiconductor industry. RM 8090 is the noncertified prototype of SRM 2090.

SRM	Type	Spacings	Size in mm	
484g	SEM Magnification Standard	0.5 to 5 μm	6.5D×11	
2069b	SEM Performance Standard	2 to 4 mm	12D	
2090	SEM Magnification Standard	0.2 to 3000 μm	10×10	
M 8090	SEM Magnification Reference	0.2 to 3000 μm	10×10	

207. Optical Microscope Linewidth Measurement (photomask)

These SRMs are for use in calibrating optical microscopes used to measure the widths of opaque lines and clear spaces on integrated circuit photomasks. They can also be used to calibrate line spacings and line-to-space ratios. They are not for use with partially transmitting materials, in reflected light with opaque materials, or in a scanning electron microscope. SRMs 473 and 475 are patterned with antireflecting chromium on quartz; SRM 476 is patterned with bright chromium on glass.

SRM	Туре	Linewidth (in µm)	Pitch (in µm)	Unit Size (in cm)
473	Linewidth Measurement Standard	0.5 to 30	2 to 70	12.7×12.7×0.23
475	Linewidth Measurement Standard	0.9 to 10.8	2 to 38	$6.35 \times 6.35 \times 0.15$
476	Linewidth Measurement Standard	0.9 to 10.8	2 to 38	$6.35 \times 6.35 \times 0.15$

207. Depth Profiling (wafer form)

SRMs 2134 and 2137 are for calibrating the secondary ion response to minor and trace element levels in a silicon matrix. SRM 2134 is certified for arsenic; SRM 2137 is certified for boron. SRMs 2135c and 2136 are for calibrating equipment used to measure sputtered depth and erosion rates in surface analysis. SRM 2135c will be certified for total chromium and total nickel thickness, for individual layer uniformity, for nickel/chromium bilayer uniformity, and for individual layer thickness. SRM 2136 is certified for total chromium thickness of seven individual layer thicknesses.

SRM	Туре	Value	Unit/Size (in cm)
2134	Arsenic Inplant in Silicon Depth Profile Standard	75 As -7×10^{14} atoms/cm ²	1×1
2135c	Nickel-Chromium Thin-Film Depth Profile Standard	In Prep	$1 \times 2.54 \times 0.04$
2136	Chromium/Chromium Oxide Thin-Film Depth Profile Standard	$175.3 \ \mu m/cm^2$	$1 \times 2.54 \times 0.04$
2137	Boron Implant in Silicon Depth Profile Standard	$^{10}B - 1.018 \times 10^{15} \text{ atoms/cm}^2$	1×1

207. Optoelectronics (solid forms)

These SRMs are intended for calibrating equipment (tunable diode lasers, video microscopes, optical retarders, etc.) and measurement systems used in the manufacture and testing of optical fiber. SRM 2518 is a device with a stable and known polarization mode dispersion which simulates optical fiber; SRMs 2517 and 2519 are fiber-connected molecular gas absorption cells with lines in the 1520 to 1570 nm region; SRM 2520 is an optical fiber specimen with a known cladding diameter value; SRM 2521 is a glass specimen with a known diameter and a refractive index approximating that of the polymer coating on fiber; SRM 2522 is a steel wire, with a known diameter, like that used to size bores in fiber connector ferrules; SRM 2523 is a ceramic connector ferrule with a specified outside diameter and roundness; SRM 2524 is an optical fiber with a known zero dispersion wavelength; SRM 2525 is a nominally 90° retarder with a known retardance.

SRM	Туре	Certified Property
2517	Wavelength Reference Absorption Cell (Acetylene)	$v_1 + v_3$ band, in nm
2518	Polarization Mode Dispersion Standard	In Prep
2519	Wavelength Reference Absorption Cell (Hydrogen Cyanide)	In Prep
2520	Optical Fiber Diameter Standard	125 µm D, nominal
2521	Optical Fiber Coating Standard	In Prep
2522	Pin Gauge Standard for Optical Fiber Ferrules	126 µm D, nominal
2523	Optical Fiber Ferrule Geometry Standard	2.5 mm D, nominal
2524	Optical Fiber Chromatic Dispersion Standard	$\lambda_0 = 1550 \text{ nm}, \text{ nominal}$
2525	Optical Retardance Standard	$\delta = 90$ °, nominal

207. Chromium Over Copper on Steel (plate form)

These SRMs are suitable for calibrating instruments used in the measurement of organics and nonmagnetic inorganic coatings over steel. They consist of fine grained copper of varying thicknesses electrodeposited onto low carbon steel substrates having the properties of AISI 1010 steel. These uniform coatings are then overplated with a thin protective layer of chromium and the total coating thickness is then certified. The thickness range covered is between 2.5 µm and 2000 µm. NOTE: A recertification service for units of this SRM, whose certification has expired, is available from the NIST Metallurgy Division. Contact the Division for details: Phone: (301) 975-6411; Fax: (301) 975-4553.

SRM	Unit Size	Coating Thickness, nominal		
SKIVI	30×30 mm	(in mils)	(in μm)	
1357	Set of 3	0.2, 0.8, 2.0	base, 6, 20, 48	
1358a	Set of 3	3.1, 9.8, 39	base, 80, 225, 1000	
1359	Set of 4	2.0, 5.5, 20, 32	48, 140, 505, 800	
1360	Set of 4	0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 0.8	2.5, 6, 12, 20	
1361a	Set of 4	0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0	6, 12, 25, 48	
1362b	Set of 4	1.6, 3.1, 5.5, 7.9	40, 80, 140, 205	
1363a	Set of 4	9.8, 16, 20, 26	255, 385, 505, 635	
1364a	Set of 4	32, 39, 59, 79	800, 1000, 1525, 1935	

207. Solder Thickness (plate form)

This SRM is for calibrating x-ray fluorescence equipment. Each unit, which consists of a $1.5 \text{ cm} \times 1.5 \text{ cm}$ plate of an electroplated tin-lead alloy coating on a copper substrate, is individually certified for composition and mass per unit area.

SRM	Type Composition Coating M		Coating Mass/Area naminal	Coating Thickness, estimate	
SKIVI	Туре	Composition	Coating Mass/Area, nominal (in mg/cm²)	(in µin)	(in µm)
2321	Tin-Lead Alloy	Sn: 60 Pb: 40	6.8	295	7.5

207. Ellipsometry (wafer form)

These SRMs are issued primarily to evaluate the accuracy of ellipsometers and can also be used as an aid in the calibration of various other optical thickness monitoring instruments. Each unit is certified for the ellipsometric parameters delta (Δ) and psi (Ψ) at the vacuum wavelength $\lambda = 633.0$ nm, and for the derived values of the thicknesses and indexes of refraction of the silicon dioxide and silicon layers.

SRM	Туре	Substrate Size (in mm)	Thickness (in nm)
2531	Thin Film Thickness	76 D	50
2532	Thin Film Thickness	76 D	100
2533	Thin Film Thickness	76 D	200
2534	Thin Film Thickness	76 D	25
2535	Thin Film Thickness	76 D	14
2536	Thin Film Thickness	76 D	10

207. Oxygen Concentration in Silicon (wafer form)

SRM 2551 is for the calibration of infrared spectrophotometers used to measure the 1107 cm⁻¹ interstitial oxygen peak in silicon. Each unit is individually certified and consists of a set of three silicon wafers; one each of a low, medium and high oxygen level Czochralski specimen. A float zone specimen of minimum oxygen concentration is also included in each set. Certified values are provided in ppma, mg/kg and atoms/cm.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size (in cm)	Concentration (in mg/kg, nominal)
2551	Oxygen in Silicon	Set of 4: 2.5×2.5×0.2	L - 10 M - 13 H - 15 FZ - (<0.1)

208. Ceramics and Glasses

Chemical Resistance [Durability] of Glass (solid form)

These SRMs are for checking test methods and calibrating equipment used to determine the resistance of glass containers to chemical attack. The values given represent the volume of 0.02 N sulfuric acid used to titrate to the methyl red end point of the alkaline extract from a crushed sample of glass after exposure to high purity water at 121 °C.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	mL of N/50 H ₂ SO ₄
522	Soda-Lime Silica	2.2 kg	7.67
623	Borosilicate	2.2 kg 2.2 kg	0.34

208. Electrical Properties of Glass (bar form)

SRM 624 is for checking test methods and for calibrating equipment used to determine the dc volume resistivity of glass per ASTM C 657. SRM 774 is for checking methods used to determine dielectric constant and ac loss characteristics of insulating materials per ASTM D 150.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size (in cm)	Value
624	Lead-Silica, for dc resistivity	5×5×0.5	$\log_{10}\rho \sim 9.9 \ \Omega$ -cm at 300 °C
774	Lead-Silica, for dielectric constant	$5\times5\times2.5$	K~7.47 at 100 Hz

208. Viscosity of Glass (bar form)

SRMs 710a, 711a, and 717a are for checking the performance of high temperature viscosity equipment (rotating cylinders) and low temperature viscosity equipment (fiber elongation, beam bending, parallel plates, etc.).

SRM	Type			Temp	erature	(°C) at I	Log 10 V	iscosity	(in Pa •	s)		
	1 J PC	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
710a	Soda-Lime-Silica	1464	1205	1037	918							
711a	Lead-Silica	In Prep										
717a	Borosilicate	1555.4	1256.5	1065.1	932.1	(834)	(758)	(697)	(647)	(606)	(570)	(540)

208. Glass Liquidus Temperature (solid form)

This SRM is for checking test methods and for calibrating equipment used to determine the liquidus temperature of glass by the gradient furnace methods per ASTM C 829.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Method	Temperature, °C
773	Soda-Lime-Silica	2.5 cm×2.5 cm×0.6 cm	A (boat) B (perforated plate)	988 991

208. Viscosity Fixpoints (solid forms)

These SRMs are for the calibration of equipment for the determination of the softening, annealing, and strain points of glass. SRM 709 is also used to measure relative stress optical coefficient. [Also see next table.].

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Softening Point, °C	Annealing Point, °C	Strain Point, °C
709	Extra Dense Lead Silica	4 cm×4 cm×5 cm	384	328	311
710a	Soda-Lime-Silica	$10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm}$	730.6	(545)	(504)
713	Dense Barium Crown 620/603	225 g	738	631	599
714	Alkaline Earth Alumina Silicate	225 g	908	710	662
716	Neutral	250 g	794	574	530
717a	Borosilicate	$4.2 \text{ cm} \times 4.2 \text{ cm} \times 12.5 \text{ cm}$	(719)	(513)	(470)

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

208. Relative Stress Optical Coefficient (bar form)

This SRM is for calibrating instruments used to measure the relative stress optical coefficient of glass.

SRM	Type	Unit Size	Relative Stress Optical Coefficient (C) at λ =546.1 nm (Value × 10^{-12} m ² /N)
709	Extra Dense Lead Silica	4 cm×4 cm×5 cm	C = -1.359

208. Density and Refractive Index (solid form)

These SRMs are for reference in the determination of the density of solids. The certified refractive indexes of SRM 1820 at 13 wavelengths were measured with a precision spectrometer. A value for the sodium D_1 , D_2 line is given. The certified densities of SRMs 1826a and 1827a were determined by means of hydrostatic weighing.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size	Density (in g/cm³)	Refractive Index*
1820	Borosilicate Glass	slab – 3.8 cm \times 3.8 cm \times 0.6 cm	(2.292)	1.49669
1826a	Soda-Lime Glass	slab – 0.8 cm \times 2.0 cm \times 4.0 cm	2.548932	
1827a	Lead Silica Glass	slab – $0.5 \text{ cm} \times 2.5 \text{ cm} \times 1.2 \text{ cm}$	3.593014	

^{*}Value is at 20 °C and 435.83 nm (mercury spectral source).

Values in parentheses are not certified and are given for information only.

209. X-Ray Spectrometry

X-Ray Diffraction (powder and solid forms)

SRMs 656, 676, 674a, and 1878a consist of high phase purity materials for use in the quantitative analysis of samples by the internal standard method. SRM 656, a silicon nitride, is certified for both α and β polymorphs. SRMs 640c, 660, 675, and 1976 consist of materials with select crystallographic and microstructure properties used in the evaluation of diffraction equipment for the following variables; 1) d-spacing or line position, 2) line or instrument intensity, and 3) instrumental or sample contributions to the shape of reflection profiles. SRM 1976, a sintered alumina plate, is also certified with respect to lattice parameters as well as 12 relative intensity values from 25° to 145° 2 Θ (Cu K $_{\alpha}$). SRM 1990 will be certified for lattice parameter. SRM 2910 is a high purity synthetic calcium hydroxyapatite for which line profile, relative intensity, lattice parameter, and crystallographically disordered material fraction reference data have been provided.

SRM	Туре	XRD Application	Lattice Parameters (in nm)	Unit Size (in g)
640c	Silicon Powder 20/d-Spacing	Line Position		In Prep
656	Silicon Nitride	Quantitative Analysis	α -(0.7752630/0.5619372)	10
			β-(0.7602293/0.2906827)	10
660	LaB ₆ -2⊖	Line Profile	0.415695	3
674a	Powder Diffraction Intensity	Quantitative Analysis		
	α -Al ₂ O ₃ (corundum)	,	(0.4759397/1.299237))	10
	CeO ₂ (fluorite)		(0,5411102)	10
	Cr ₂ O ₃ (corundum)		(0.4959610/1.358747)	10
	TiO ₂ (rutile)		(0.4593939/0.2958862)	10
	ZnO (wurtzite)		(0.3249074/0.5206535)	10
675	Mica Low 20	Line Position	0.998104	7.5
676	Alumina (corundum)	Quantitative Analysis	0.475919/1.299183	20
1878a	Respirable Quartz	Quantitative Analysis		In Prep
1976	Alumina Plate, Sintered	Instrument Sensitivity	0.4758846/1.299306	$4.5 \text{ cm} \times 4.5 \text{ cm} \times 0.16 \text{ cm}$
1990	Ruby Sphere	Quantitative Analysis		In Prep
2910	Calcium Hydroxyapatite	Quantitative Analysis	(a-0.942253) (c-0.688501)	5

Values in parentheses are not certified but are provided as reference values or are given for information only.

209. X-Ray Stage Calibration (solid forms)

These SRMs are to be used to check the dimensional accuracy of x-ray inspection systems.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size (in mm)
1842	Calibration Board (X and Y dimensions)	Board: $300 \times 300 \times 3$
1843	Calibration Specimen (Z dimension)	Triangular Block: $37 \times 20 \times 12$



Engineering Materials





Standard Reference Materials

for

Engineering Materials

301. Sizing

Particle Size (powder and solid forms)

These SRMs are for evaluating and calibrating specific types of particle size measuring instruments, including light scattering, electrical zone flow-through counters, optical and scanning electron microscopes, sedimentation systems, and wire cloth sieving devices. SRM 659 consists of equiaxed silicon nitride particles with a minimal amount of large agglomerates; SRM 1978 consists of granular, irregular shaped zirconium oxide particles with a minimal amount of large agglomerates; SRM 1982 consists of spheroidal particles measured using scanning electron microscopy, laser scattering, and sieving. SRMs 1003b, 1004a, 1017b, 1018b and 1019b each consist of soda-lime glass beads covering a particular size distribution range. SRMs 1690, 1691, 1692 and 1963 are commercially manufactured latex particles in a water suspension. SRMs 1960 and 1961 (also called "space beads") are latex particles in a water suspension produced by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) during the Challenger STS-6 and STS-11 missions, respectively. SRM 1965 consists of two different groupings of the SRM 1960 particles.

SRM	Туре	Particle Size Diameter, nominal (in µm)	Unit Size
659	Silicon Nitride	0.2 to 10	5 vials: 2.5 g each
1003b	Glass Beads	10 to 60 (600 to 325 mesh)	25 g
1004a	Glass Beads	40 to 170 (325 to 100 mesh)	70 g
1017b	Glass Beads	100 to 400 (140 to 45 mesh)	70 g
1018b	Glass Beads	220 to 750 (60 to 25 mesh)	87 g
1019b	Glass Beads	750 to 2450 (20 to 10 mesh)	200 g
1690	Polystyrene (0.5 % in H ₂ O)	0.895	5 mL vial
1691	Polystyrene (0.5 % in H ₂ O)	0.269	5 mL vial
1692	Polystyrene (0.25 % in H ₂ O)	2.982	5 mL vial
1960	Polystyrene (0.4 % in H ₂ O)	9.89	5 mL vial
1961	Polystyrene (0.5 % in H ₂ O)	29.64	5 mL vial
1963	Polystyrene (0.5 % in H ₂ O)	0.1007	5 mL vial
1965	Polystyrene	9.84 (hexagonal array) 9.89 (unordered clusters)	1 slide
1978	Zirconium Oxide	0.33 to 2.19	5 g
1982	Zirconium Oxide	10 to 150	10 g

301. Cement Turbidimetry and Fineness

This SRM is for calibrating the Blaine fineness meter according to the latest issue of Federal Test Method Standard 158, Method 2101 or ASTM C 204 to calibrate the Wagner turbidimeter according to ASTM C 115 and to determine sieve residue according to ASTM C 430. Each set consists of twenty sealed laminated film pouches, each containing approximately 10 g of cement.

SRM	Туре	Properties Certified	Value
114p	Portland Cement	Residue on 45 µm (No. 325) sieve Specific Surface area (Wagner turbidimeter) Specific Surface area (Air permeability)	8.24 % 2086 cm ² • g ⁻¹ 3774 cm ² • g ⁻¹

301. Electrophoretic Mobility, μ_E (suspension form)

SRM 1980 is intended for use in the calibration and evaluation of equipment used to measure electrophoretic mobility. It consists of a goethite suspension saturated with phosphate in a sodium perchlorate electrolyte solution.

SRM	Туре	Property Certified	Unit Size
1980	Goethite (α–FeOOH)	+ $\mu_{\rm E}$, -2.53 μ m • cm/V • s	40 mL

301. Surface Area of Powders

These SRM and RM materials are for calibrating and checking instruments used to determine the specific surface area of powders by the Brunauer, Emmett and Teller (BET) method. The surface areas of SRMs 1899 and 1900 and RMs 8570, 8571, and 8572 (issued by NIST in cooperation with the ASTM) were determined by both the static (volumetric) and single point methods.

SRM	Туре	Surface Area (in m²/g)		Unit Size
DIGIT	хурс	Static	Single Point	(in g)
1899	Silicon Nitride	10.67	10.52	In Prep
1900	Silicon Nitride			In Prep
RM 8570	Calcined Kaolin	10.9	10.3	25
RM 8571	Alumina	158.7	153.2	25
RM 8572	Silica-Alumina	291.2	277.6	25

301. Particle Count Materials (powder and suspension forms)

These SRM and RM materials are intended for use in calibrating the response of particle sizing instrumentation, including optical counters, in accordance with National Fluid Power Association (NFPA) and ISO standard methods for determining particle contamination in oils. SRM 2806 is certified for particle concentration and projected area diameter. It consists of a polydisperse, irregularly-shaped mineral dust suspended in 5606 hydraulic fluid. RMs 8631 and 8632 are mineral test dusts of medium and ultrafine particle size and can be used to prepare suspensions in other types of oils. NOTE: The same lot of medium test dust was used to produce SRM 2806 and RM 8631.

SRM	Туре	Particle Concentration	Unit Size
2806 Medium Test Dust (MTD) in Hydraulic Fluid		2.8 mg/L, nominal	2 × 400 mL
M 8631	Medium Test Dust (MTD)	In Prep	
M 8632	Ultrafine Test Dust (ULTD)	In Prep	

302. Surface Finish

Microhardness (block form)

These SRMs are for use in calibrating and checking the performance of microhardness testers. SRMs 1893 through 1907 are 1.25 cm×1.25 cm (SRM 2798 is 1.35 cm×1.35 cm) and were made by electroforming the test metal on AISI 1010 steel substrate. SRMs 2830 and 2831 are intended to meet the needs of the structural, electronic and biomedical ceramics communities.

SRM	Туре	Load (in Newtons)	Hardness, nomina (in kg/mm²)
1893	Bright Copper (Knoop)	0.245, 0.490, 0.981	125
1894	Bright Copper (Vickers)	0.245, 0.490, 0.981	125
1895	Bright Nickel (Knoop)	0.245, 0.490, 0.981	600
1896	Bright Nickel (Vickers)	0.245, 0.490, 0.981	600
1905	Bright Nickel (Knoop)	2.943	600
1906	Bright Nickel (Knoop)	4.905	600
1907	Bright Nickel (Knoop)	9.81	600
2798	Bright Nickel (Vickers)	4.905	600
2830	Ceramic, Silicon Nitride (Knoop)	19.6	1500
2831	Ceramic, Tungsten Carbide (Vickers)	9.81	In Prep

302. Abrasive Wear (block form)

This SRM is for use in the dry sand/rubber wheel abrasion test per ASTM G 65, Procedure A.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size (in cm)
1857	D-2 Tool Steel	2 blocks: 0.78×2.5×7.6

302. Corrosion (plate form)

This SRM is for determining the reliability of step test measurements of electrochemical potential and thickness of multilayered nickel deposits. It consists of a 5.0 cm×5.0 cm plate of copper-plated steel over which a duplex nickel coating has been deposited.

SRM	Туре	Step Test Potential (in mV)	Bright	ating Thickness Semibright n μm)
2350	Nickel Step Test	110 to 150	7	20

302. Surface Roughness (block form)

These SRMs are for calibrating stylus instruments that measure surface roughness. These electroless-nickel coated steel blocks have a sinusoidal roughness profile machined on the top surface.

SRM	Туре	Roughness, R _a (in μm)	Wavelength, D (in µm)	Unit Size (in cm)
2071b	Sinusoidal Roughness	0.3	100	In Prep
2073a	Sinusoidal Roughness	3.0	100	block: 2.4×3.3
2074	Sinusoidal Roughness	1.0	40	block: 2.4×3.3
2075	Sinusoidal Roughness	1.0	800	block: 2.4×3.3

303. Nondestructive Evaluation

Dye Penetrant Test Blocks

These SRMs are for checking the performance of liquid dye penetrants and dye penetrant crack detection systems and devices for surface defect detection. These test blocks, composed of a laminate cross section of electrodeposited nickel and copper, have four synthetic cracks, approximately 0.2 µm, 0.5 µm, 1 µm, and 2 µm wide.

SRM	Туре	Surface	Unit Size (in cm)
1850	Penetrant Test Block	Bright Finish	5D×1
1851	Penetrant Test Block	Matte Finish	5D×1

303. Artificial Flaw for Eddy Current NDE

RM 8458 provides a flaw of known size and geometry that closely resembles an actual fatigue crack. It is intended to produce a response suitable for calibrating eddy current nondestructive evaluation (NDE) systems. The flaw size is $3.0 \text{ mm} \times 0.1 \text{ mm}$ long by 1.0 mm deep in a $7 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm} \times 2 \text{ cm}$ block of 7075-T651 aluminum alloy, heat treated to the T6 temper.

303. Magnetic Particle Inspection

SRM 1853 provides a means for obtaining a leakage field of known value. Such a field is useful for verifying the magnetic properties of particles used in Magnetic Particle Inspection (MPI). Each individually calibrated ring was machined from vacuum arc remelted 52100 steel and has a series of holes machined at various depths below the surface.

SRM	Туре	Leakage Field Gradient (in Oe/cm)	Unit Size (in cm)
1853	Magnetic Particle Test Ring	min. A 50 to 2000 max. A 100 to 2500	12.7D×2.2

304. Automatic Data Processing — Discontinued

305. Fire Research

Surface Flammability (sheet form)

This SRM is for checking the operation of radiant panel test equipment in accordance with the procedures outlined in ASTM E 162–78.

SRM	Туре	Certification	Unit Size (in cm)
1002d	Hardboard Sheet	Flame Spread Index, I = 153 Heat Evolution Factor, Q = 36.5	Set of 4: 15.2×45.7×0.63

305. Smoke Density Chamber (sheet form)

This SRM is certified for maximum specific optical density and for performing operational checks of smoke density chambers.

SRM	Туре	Maximum Specific Optical Density	Unit Size (in cm)
1007b	Flaming Exposure Condition (plastic)	Dm (corr.)=421 to 493	3 sheets: 25.4×25.4×0.076

305. Smoke Toxicity (granular and sheet forms)

SRM 1048 is for checking the operation of the Cup Furnace Smoke Toxicity Method under two observation periods. It consists of eight sheets, $16 \text{ cm} \times 16 \text{ cm} \times 0.76 \text{ cm}$ each, of acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer. SRM 1049 is for checking the operation of the University of Pittsburgh I Smoke Toxicity Method. It consists of 150 g of Nylon 6/6 granules which is enough to determine the LC₅₀ value four times.

SRM	MD	Combustion Observation Mode Time	Observation	Values	
SKIVI	Туре		LC ₅₀	N-Gas	
1048	Smoke Toxicity	Flaming	WE*	27	1.4
	(ABS sheets)	•	WE & PE**	25	1.5
		Nonflaming	WE*	58	1.2
		C	WE & PE**	53	1.4
1049	Smoke Toxicity		30-min. exposure	4.4	
	(Nylon 6/6)		10-min. post-exposure		

^{*}WE = within 30 min.

305. Flooring Radiant Panel (sheet form)

This SRM consists of three sheets of kraft paperboard. It is for checking the operation of flooring radiant panel test apparatus used to measure critical radiant flux as per ASTM E 648.

SRM	Туре	Critical Radiant Flux	Unit Size (in cm)
1012	Flooring Radiant Panel	0.36 W/cm ²	104.1×25.4×0.305

^{**}WE & PE = 30 min + 14 d.

309. Miscellaneous Performance Engineering Materials

309. Charpy V-Notch Test Blocks

These SRMs are test specimens intended for the certification of Charpy V-Notch testing machines in accordance with both ASTM Standard E 23 and ISO/DIS 12736 dimensional requirements. Each SRM unit consists of five 10 mm×10 mm×54 mm steel bars. SRMs 2092 and 2096 are made from 4340 alloy steel; SRM 2098 is made from a high strength maraging steel. SRMs 2092 and 2096 are to be tested at –40 °C; SRM 2098 is to be tested at room temperature (20 °C to 22 °C). All SRMs are to be tested in accordance with the testing procedures of the appropriate section of the current ASTM Standard E 23. All SRM bar specimens should be tested (broken) at the same time, then returned to NIST Boulder for evaluation. An acceptable machine will produce an average value within 1.4 J or 5 % of the certified energy value, whichever is greater, provided the specimens appear to have normal markings.

0000	T		Energy Range	
SRM	Туре	(in J)	(in kgf • m)	(in ft • lbf)
2092	Low Energy	12.2 to 20.3	1.24 to 2.07	9.0 to 15.0
2096	High Energy	88.1 to 115.2	8.98 to 11.75	65.0 to 85.0
2098	Super High Energy	210.0 to 230.0	21.40 to 28.43	155.0 to 170.0

309. Socketed Ball Bar

This SRM is for measuring the performance of coordinate measuring machines (CMMs) as per ASME Standard B89.1.12. It consists of a set of three precision balls pinned and cemented onto threaded shafts, one table-mount magnetic socket, one ram-mount magnetic socket, and five partially insulated extension tubes—50 mm, 100 mm, 200 mm, 400 mm, and 800 mm long.

SRM	Туре	Measuring Lengths (in 50 mm steps)	Unit Size
2083	Socketed Ball Bar	100 to 1650	Set

309. Coordinate Measuring Machine (CMM) Probe Performance

These SRMs are designed to aid in the performance evaluation of CMMs and their subsystems in accordance with American National Standard ASME B89.4.1 "Methods for Performance Evaluation of Coordinate Measuring Machines" and related international standards. SRM 2084 consists of a precision 10 mm tungsten carbide sphere and stem and a stand which allows the sphere to be mounted in either a horizontal, vertical, or 45° orientation. SRMs 2084R and 2085 are separate 10 mm tungsten carbide and 25 mm stainless steel spheres, respectively, that can be used with SRM 2084 to provide multiple or alternative artifact configurations. All spheres are calibrated for both form (roundness) and size (diameter).

SRM	Туре	Unit Size
2084	CMM Probe Performance	one 10 mm sphere stem and stand
2084R	CMM Probe Performance	one 10 mm sphere (stem only)
2085	CMM Probe Performance	one 25 mm sphere (stem only)

309. Tape Adhesion Testing (sheet form)

This SRM is intended as a uniform source of linerboard for use with ASTM Standards D 2860 Standard Test Method for Adhesion of Pressure-Sensitive Tape to Fiberboard at 90° Angle and Constant Stress, D 3654 Standard Test Method for Holding Power of Pressure-Sensitive Tapes, and D 3889 Standard Method for Adherence to Linerboard of Pressure-Sensitive Tapes at Low Temperature.

SRM	Туре	Unit Size
1810a	Linerboard for Tape Adhesion Testing	50 sheets: 21.6 cm×28 cm

309. Bleached Kraft Pulps (sheet form)

RM 8495 Northern Softwood Bleached Kraft Pulp and RM 8496 Eucalyptus Hardwood Bleached Kraft Pulp are intended primarily for use in fundamental studies on the physical properties of fibers and paper sheets. The materials selected for these two RMs are bleached dried lap pulp, each from a single lot of a standard commercial production run. The materials were selected because of their differing fiber size, differing papermaking properties, and similarity to commercially available materials.

RMs 8495 and 8496 were developed and prepared with input and support from the Pulp Material Research Committee (PMRC), a subcommittee of the Fundamental Research Committee. These materials were donated by industry and are being distributed by the SRM Program. At this time, no extensive property measurements have been made on these materials beyond ensuring they were within the control limits of the normal production run. A measurement error study is in progress with participation by international paper technical laboratories. As results become available, they will be published and added to the Report of Investigation that accompanies each of these materials.

RM	Туре	Unit Size
8495 8496	Northern Softwood Eucalyptus Hardwood	10 standard lap sheets $\times 0.5$ kg 10 standard lap sheets $\times 0.5$ kg



NIST Special Publications in the 260 Series



NIST Special Publications in the 260 Series

Trahey, N. M., editor, NIST Standard Reference Materials Catalog (1997–98 edition), NIST Spec. Publ. 260 (October 1997).

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SRM/RM Indexes

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Subject Index

A **ALUMINUM** Freezing Point of (DEFINING **ABSORBANCE** FIXED POINT, ITS-90), 105 See MOLECULAR Absorption, 108-110 as a METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUND, 95 Residual Resistivity Ratio, 117 **ACETANILIDE** use in MICROCHEMISTRY, 56 SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59 **ACIDIMETRIC VALUE (STOICHIOMETRY), 56** Specular Reflectance (Mirrors), 110 ALUMINUM BASE ALLOYS of Benzoic Acid See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52 of Boric Acid AMERICIUM (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116 of Potassium Carbonate as Americium-241 of Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate as Americium-243 **ACID RAIN** Columbia River Sediment See SIMULATED RAINWATERS, 68 Human Liver **ADHESION (TAPE ADHESION TESTING)** Human Lung Linerboard for, 132 Peruvian Soil **AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS, 82** Rocky Flats Soil Number II Apple Leaves AMMONIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE Corn Kernel (Zea Mays) constituent in FERTILIZERS, 83 Corn Stalk (Zea Mays) ANALYZED GASES Fluoride in Vegetation See PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES, 70-71 Peach Leaves See PERMEATION DEVICES, 71 Pine Needles ANGIOTENSIN I Spinach Leaves See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62 Tomato Leaves ANISIC ACID See USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE MATERIALS, 80-81 use in MICROCHEMISTRY, 56 AIR PARTICULATES (INORGANIC) ANION CHROMATOGRAPHY, 60 See TRACE ELEMENTS, 69 **Bromide Solution** AIR POLLUTION Chloride Solution See PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES, 70-71 Fluoride Solution ALCOHOL Nitrate Solution Ethanol Solutions, 64 Phosphate Solution ALCOHOLS (FOSSIL FUELS), 72 Sulfate Solution Alcohol Mixture ANTICONVULSANT DRUG LEVEL ASSAY Ethanol See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62 Methanol ANTIEPILEPSY DRUG LEVEL ASSAY Methanol and t-Butanol See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62 **ALLOYS (FERROUS) ANTIMONY** See FERROUS METALS, 31-43 as Antimony-125 Mixed Nuclide **ALLOYS (NONFERROUS)** (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116 See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52 SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-58 **ALUMINA** AQUATIC MATERIALS (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE) as Bauxite (ORES), 84-86 Aquatic Plant (AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS), 82 as Burnt REFRACTORIES, 88 Aquatic Mass (ACRICULTURAL MATERIALS), 82 Reduction Grade (ORES), 84-86 ARGILLACEOUS LIMESTONE **REFERENCE POINST, 105** See ROCKS AND MINERALS, 88 for SURFACE AREA OF POWDERS, 128 **ARSENIC** X-RAY SPECTROMETRY, 123 in FREEZE-DRIED URINE, 64

in MATERIALS ON FILTER MEDIA, 66 Implant in Silicon (DEPTH PROFILING), 118

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE (STOICHIOMETRY)

Reductometric value of, 56

ASBESTOS, 67

Common Commercial

Uncommon Commercial

Mixture on Filter

ASHED BONE (RADIOACTIVITY)

NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS, 116

ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROMETRY

See SPECTROMETRY, MULTIELEMENT

STANDARD SOLUTIONS, 58-59

See SPECTROMETRY, SINGLE ELEMENT

STANDARD SOLUTIONS, 57-58

AUTO CATALYSTS

Platinum Group Metals, 69

B

BALL BAR (MISCELLANEOUS PERFORMANCEMATERIALS)

Socketed Ball Bar, 132

BARIUM

as Barium-133 (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

as Cesium-137 Burn-up Standard

(RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

as a METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUND, 95

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

BASALT ROCK

See ROCKS AND MINERALS, 88

BASIMETRIC VALUE (STOICHIOMETRY)

of Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane, 56

BAUXITE (ORES), 84-86

from Arkansas

from Australia

from the Dominican Republic

from Jamaica

from Surinam

BEARING METAL (Pb-Sb-Sn)

See LEAD BASE ALLOYS, 49

BENZOIC ACID

Acidimetric Value of (STOICHIOMETRY), 56

Calorimetric Value of (COMBUSTION CALORIMETRY), 103

BERYLLIUM

in COPPER BASE ALLOYS, 45-46

in MATERIALS ON FILTER MEDIA, 66

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-58

BET

abbr. for Brunauer, Emmett, and Teller (method)

BET SURFACE AREA

See SURFACE AREA OF POWDERS, 128

BEVERAGE

See FOODS AND BEVERAGES, 79

BILIRUBIN

See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

BIOLOGICAL

See FOOD AND AGRICULTURE, 79-83

See HEALTH AND INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE, 62-67

BIOLOGICAL BUFFER SYSTEMS (ION ACTIVITY), 99

HEPES Free Acid

MOPSO Free Acid

NaHEPESate

NaMOPSOate

BIPHENYL

for DIFFERENTIAL SCANNING CALORIMETRY, 104

BISMUTH

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

BONE ASH

See CLINICAL REFERENCE MATERIALS, 62 See NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS

(RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

BONE MEAL

SEE CLINICAL REFERENCE MATERIALS, 62

BORATE ORE

See ORES, 84-86

BORON

Implant in Silicon (DEPTH PROFILING), 118

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

BORIC ACID

Acidimetric/Assay Values of (STOICHIOMETRY), 56

Enriched in Boron-10 (STABLE ISOTOPIC

MATERIALS), 60

BOTANICAL

See AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS, 82

BOVINE

Liver (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE), 79-83

Muscle Powder (USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE

MATERIALS), 80-81

Serum Albumin (CLINICAL REFERENCE

MATERIALS), 62

BRASS

See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52

BROMIDE

ANION CHROMATOGRAPHY Solution, 60

Sodium Bromide (STABLE ISOTOPIC

MATERIALS), 60

BROMINE

in FOOD AND AGRICULTURE, 79-83

BROMO COMPOUNDS

o-Bromobenzoic Acid (MICROCHEMISTRY), 56

BRONZE

See COPPER BASE ALLOYS, 45–46

BUFFERS

See ION ACTIVITY, 99-100

BURNT REFRACTORIES (ALUMINUM OXIDE)

See REFRACTORIES, 88

C

CADMIUM

Cadmium Cyclohexanebutyrate

(METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUND), 95

in MATERIALS ON FILTER MEDIA, 66

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

VAPOR PRESSURE OF METALS, 106

CALCIUM

Calcium Carbonate (CLINICAL LABORATORY

MATERIALS), 62

Calcium Hydroxyapatite (BIOMATERIALS), 65

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

CALORIMETRY (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES)

COMBUSTION CALORIMETRY, 103

DIFFERENTIAL SCANNING CALORIMETRY, 104

DIFFERENTIAL THERMAL ANALYSIS, 104

ENTHALPY AND HEAT CAPACITY, 104 SOLUTION CALORIMETRY, 103

CARBIDES (CERAMICS AND GLASSES) (SURFACE FINISH)

Silicon CARBIDE, 90

Tungsten CARBIDE, 90

Tungsten Carbide (MICROHARDNESS), 129

See CEMENTED CARBIDES, 90

CARBON

Carbon Modified Silica (INORGANICS), 69

Carbon-14 Dating

(RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

in PLAIN CARBON STEELS

(FERROUS METALS), 31-43

CARBON DIOXIDE (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES), 70-71

Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen

Carbon Monoxide, Propane, and Carbon Dioxide

CARBON MONOXIDE (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES), 70-71

Carbon Monoxide in Air

Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen

Carbon Monoxide and Propane in Nitrogen

Carbon Monoxide, Propane, and Carbon Dioxide

in Nitrogen

β-CAROTENE (FAT SOLUBLE VITAMINS)

in Human Serum (CLINICAL LABORATORY

MATERIALS), 62

CARTRIDGE BRASS

See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52

CAST IRON

See FERROUS METALS, 31-43

CAST STEEL

See FERROUS METALS, 31-43

CATALYST MATERIALS

Catalyst Package (FOR LUBRICANT

OXIDATION), 96

High Sulfur Gas Oil Feed (CATALYST

CHARACTERIZATION MATERIAL), 95

Used Auto Catalysts (INORGANICS), 69

CELLULOSE

Microcrystalline (USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE

MATERIALS), 80–81

CEMENTS

CEMENT TURBIDIMETRY AND FINENESS

(SIZING), 127

PORTLAND CEMENT CLINKERS, 94

PORTLAND CEMENTS, 93

CERAMIC MATERIALS (CERAMICS AND GLASSES)

CARBIDES, 90

CEMENTED CARBIDES, 90

GLASSES, 91

See REFRACTORIES, 88

See ROCKS AND MINERALS, 83

See SPECULAR SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE, 110

CERIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

CESIUM (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

as Cesium-137 Burn-up Standard

as Cesium-137-Barium-137

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

CHARPY

V-NOTCH TEST BLOCKS, 132

CHEMICAL

See HIGH PURITY MATERIALS, 54-61

CHLORIDE

ANION ION CHROMATOGRAPHY Solution, 60

CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

in SERUM MATERIALS, 63

in SIMULATED RAINWATERS, 68

CHLORINE

as Chlorine-36 (RADIOACTIVITY), 113

in LUBRICATING BASE OILS, 95

STABLE ISOTOPES of, 60

as a Trace Element in FOSSIL FUELS, 74

CHLORO COMPOUNDS (ORGANIC

CONSTITUENTS), 75-78

in Biphenyls

in Cod Liver Oil

in Halocarbons

m-Chlorobenzoic Acid (MICROCHEMISTRY), 56

in Pesticides

in Phenols

in Pollutants

CHOLESTEROL (HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS), 80

in Coconut Oil

in freeze-dried Human Serum (SERUM MATERIALS), 63

in frozen Human Serum (SERUM MATERIALS), 63

in Whole Egg Powder (USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE MATERIALS), 80–81

CHROMIUM

as Chromium Nitrate (STABLE ISOTOPIC

MATERIALS), 60

in CLAYS, 87

Chromium/Chromium Oxide (DEPTH PROFILING), 118

Tris (1-phenyl-1,3-butanediono)chromium (III)

(METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUNDS), 95

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

in Steels (FERROUS METALS), 31-43

CHROMIUM COMPOUNDS

in ROCKS AND MINERALS, 88

CHROMIUM SPECIATION

See HIGH PURITY MATERIALS, 60

CHRYSOTILE

in ASBESTOS (HEALTH AND INDUSTRIAL

HYGIENE), 67

CLAYS, 87

Brick

Flint Plastic

CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

Amino Acids in HCl

Angiotensin I (Human)

Anticonvulsant Drug Level Assay

Antiepilepsy Drug Level Assay

Bilirubin

Bone Ash

Bone Meal

Bovine Serum Albumin (SERUM MATERIALS)

Bovine Serum—Inorganic Constituents

Calcium Carbonate CONDUCTIVITY, ELECTROLYTIC (ION ACTIVITY), 100 Cholcsterol Hydrochloric Acid in Water Cholesterol in Freeze-dried Human Serum Potassium Chloride in Water Cortisol (Hydrocortisone) Potassium Chloride in Water-Propanol Mixture Creatinine Sodium Chloride in Water Electrolytes in Frozen Human Serum (SERUM MATERIALS) CONDUCTIVITY, THERMAL (THERMODYNAMIC D-Glucose (Dextrose) PROPERTIES), 107 Glucose in Frozen Human Serum (SERUM MATERIALS) of Electrolytic Iron Iron Metal of Graphite Human Serum (SERUM MATERIALS) of Stainless Steel Lead Nitrate COORDINATE MEASURING MACHINE Lead in Blood PROBE PERFORMANCE, 132 Lipids in Frozen Human Serum (SERUM MATERIALS) **COPPER** Lithium Carbonate Bis(1-phenyl-1,3-butanediono)copper (II) Magnesium Gluconate Dihydrate (METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUNDS), 95 **D-Mannitol** Brass (COPPER BASE ALLOYS), 46 4-Nitrophenol Bronze (COPPER BASE ALLOYS), 45-46 Potassium Chloride CARTRIDGE BRASS, 48 Sodium Chloride Cupro-Nickel (COPPER BASE ALLOYS), 45-46 Sodium Pyruvate ENTHALPY AND HEAT CAPACITY of, 104 Tripalmitin in FERROUS METALS, 31-43 Urea FREE CUTTING BRASS, 48 Freezing Point of (REFERENCE POINTS), 105 Uric Acid Vitamins (Fat-Soluble) and Cholesterol in Human Serum Gilding Metal (COPPER BASE ALLOYS), 46 VMA (4-hydroxy-3-methoxymandelic acid) GILDING METAL, 49 COAL High-Purity METALS (MICROANALYSIS), 53 for COMBUSTION CALORIMETRY, 103 NAVAL BRASS, 48 Sulfur in (SULFUR IN FOSSIL FUELS), 73 Nickel Silver (COPPER BASE ALLOYS), 45 in NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52 TRACE ELEMENTS in, 74 **COAL FLY ASH** in ORES, 84-85 as Phosphorized Copper (COPPER "BENCHMARK"), 47 TRACE ELEMENTS in, 74 **COATING THICKNESS** SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59 Nonmagnetic—CHROMIUM OVER COPPER, 119 STABLE ISOTOPES of, 60 Tin-Lead Alloy (SOLDER THICKNESS), 119 as Unalloyed Copper (COPPER "BENCHMARK"), 47 **COBALT COPPER BASE ALLOYS** as Cobalt-60 (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116 See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52 SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59 CORN **COBALT BASE ALLOYS** Bran (USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52 MATERIALS), 81 **COCAINE METABOLITE** Kernel (AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS), 80-81 See FREEZE-DRIED URINE, 64-65 Stalk (AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS), 80-81 **COCONUT OIL** Starch (USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE Cholesterol in (HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS), 80 MATERIALS), 81 **CORROSION COD LIVER OIL** Organics in (ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS), 75-78 Nickel Step Test, 129 **COLUMBIA RIVER SEDIMENT** Tool Steel (ABRASIVE WEAR), 129

See NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS

(RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

CONDUCTIVITY (RESIDUAL RESISTIVITY RATIO)

of Aluminum, 117

CONDUCTIVITY, ELECTRICAL (ELECTRICAL

PROPERTIES), 117

of Electrolytic Iron

of Lead-Silica (ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES

OF GLASS), 121

of Stainless Steel

CORTISOL (HYDROCORTISONE)

See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

COTININE

in FREEZE-DRIED URINE, 64

CREATININE

See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

CRUDE OIL

Vanadium in (METAL CONSTITUENTS), 72

CUP FURNACE (FIRE RESEARCH)

See SMOKE TOXICITY, 131

CURIUM (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

as Curium-243

as Curium-244

CYSTINE

See MICROCHEMISTRY, 56

DENSITY	EDDY CURRENT
of Borosilicate Glass, 122	Aluminum, 117
of Lead Silica Glass, 122	ARTIFICIAL FLAW FOR NDE, 130
Neutron Density Monitor Wire (RADIATION	DYE PENETRANT TEST BLOCKS, 130
DOSIMETRY), 112	ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES
of Smoke (SMOKE DENSITY CHAMBER), 131	See ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY AND CONDUCTIVITY
of Soda-Lime Glass, 122	OF METALS, 117
DEPTH PROFILING, 118	See ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY AND CONDUCTIVITY
Chromium/Chromium Oxide Thin Film	OF SILICON, 117
Nickel/Chromium Thin Film	See RESIDUAL RESISTIVITY RATIO, 117
Arsenic Implant in Silicon	See SUPERCONDUCTING CRITICAL CURRENT, 117
Boron Implant in Silicon	of GLASS (CERAMICS AND GLASSES), 121
DEXTROSE (D-GLUCOSE)	ELECTROLYTIC CONDUCTIVITY (ION ACTIVITY), 100
See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62	Hydrochloric Acid Solutions for
DIFFERENTIAL SCANNING CALORIMETRY, 104	Potassium Chloride Solutions for
Biphenyl	Sodium Chloride Solutions for
Mercury	ELECTRON MICROSCOPE
Thermal Analysis Purity Set	THIN FILM FOR TRANSMISSION ELECTRON
Tin	MICROSCOPE, 53
Zinc	ELECTRONIC AND MAGNETIC ALLOY, 50
DIFFERENTIAL THERMAL ANALYSIS, 104	Nickel-Iron
DIFFRACTION (X-RAY), 123	Nickel-Molybdenum
DIFFUSE SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE, 111	ELECTROPHORETIC MOBILITY (SIZING), 128
White Opal Glass	ELLIPSOMETRY, THIN FILM
DIOXIN (IN ISO OCTANE)	Silicon Dioxide on Silicon, 120
See ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS, 75–78	ENGINEERING MATERIALS
DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE	See GUIDE TO SRM/RM TECHNICAL
for pD CALIBRATION, 99	CATEGORIES, 25–27
for pH CALIBRATION, 99	ENTHALPY (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES), 104
DNA	of Copper
abbr. for Diribonucleic Acid	of Molybdenum
DNA PROFILING	of Synthetic Sapphire
(HEALTH AND INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE), 65	of Polystyrene
DNA Profiling	ENVIRONMENTAL MATRICES
PCR-Based DNA Profiling	See METAL CONSTITUENTS (INORGANICS), 68
DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE	See NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS
See ROCKS AND MINERALS, 88	(RADIOACTIVITY), 112–116
DOSIMETRY (RADIOACTIVITY)	See ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS (ORGANICS), 75–78
Neutron Density Monitor Wire	See SIMULATED RAINWATERS, 68
(RADIATION DOSIMETRY), 112	See TRACE ELEMENTS (FOSSIL FUELS), 74
DRUG LEVEL ASSAY (Antiepilepsy)	ERBIUM
See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62	SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57
DRUGS OF ABUSE	ESTUARINE SEDIMENT
in FREEZE-DRIED URINE, 64–65	See (SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES), 89
in HAIR, 65	ETHANOL
DSC	Ethanol (ALCOHOLS AND ETHERS IN
abbr. for Differential Scanning Calorimetry	REFERENCE FUELS), 72
DTA	Ethanol-Water (ETHANOL SOLUTIONS), 64
abbr. for Differential Thermal Analysis	ETHERS (ALCOHOLS AND ETHERS IN
DURUM WHEAT FLOUR	REFERENCE FUELS), 72
See USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE	t-Amyl Methyl Ether,
MATERIALS, 80–81	Ethyl t-Butyl Ether,
DUST	Methyl t-Butyl Ether,
Urban (TRACE ELEMENTS), 69	EUCALYPTUS HARDWOOD
Urban (ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS), 75–78	BLEACHED KRAFT PULPS, 133
DYE PENETRANT TEST (CRACK) BLOCK	EUROPIUM
(NONDESTRUCTIVE EVALUATION), 130	as Europium-152 (RADIOACTIVITY), 112–116
Bright Finish	as Europium-154/Europium-155 Mixed Nuclide
Matte Finish	(RADIOACTIVITY), 112116
DYSPROSIUM	SPECTROMETRY solution, 57

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

FATTY ACIDS (HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS), 80 Diet Composite

FELDSPAR (ROCKS AND MINERALS), 88

in Potash

in Soda

FERROUS ALLOYS

See FERROUS METALS, 31-44

FERTILIZERS (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE), 83

Ammonium Dihydrogen Phosphate Phosphate Rock (Florida & Western) Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate

Potassium Nitrate

FIBROUS GLASS BLANKET

See THERMAL RESISTANCE OF GLASS. SILICA, AND POLYSTYRENE, 107

FIBROUS GLASS BOARD

See THERMAL RESISTANCE OF GLASS, SILICA, AND POLYSTYRENE, 107

FILTER MEDIA (MATERIALS ON FILTER MEDIA), 66

Beryllium and Arsenic on

Metals on

Ouartz on

FILTERS, OPTICAL

See MOLECULAR ABSORPTION, 108-111

FINENESS (SIZING)

of Portland Cement (CEMENT TURBIDIMETRY AND FINENESS), 127

FIRE RESEARCH, 131

FLOORING RADIANT PANEL SMOKE DENSITY CHAMBER SMOKE TOXICITY

SURFACE FLAMMABILITY

FISSION TRACK GLASS, 112

Irradiated

Unirradiated

FLAMMABILITY

SURFACE FLAMMABILITY (FIRE RESEARCH), 131

FLASH POINT

FLASH POINT REFERENCE MATERIALS, 103

FLOORING RADIANT PANEL

See FIRE RESEARCH, 131

FLOUR

Durum Wheat (USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE MATERIALS), 81

Hard Red Spring Wheat (USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE MATERIALS), 81

Rice (FOODS AND BEVERAGES), 79

Soft Winter Wheat (USA/CANADA

COLLABORATIVE MATERIALS), 81

Wheat (FOODS AND BEVERAGES), 79

FLUORESCENCE

Quinine Sulfate Dihydrate (MOLECULAR ABSORPTION), 108-111

FLUORIDE

ANION CHROMATOGRAPHY solution, 60

in FREEZE-DRIED URINE, 64

in Vegetation (AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS), 82

FLUORO COMPOUNDS

p-Fluorobenzoic Acid (MICROCHEMISTRY), 56

FLUORSPAR (ORES), 84

Customs Grade

High Grade

FLY ASH COAL

Coal Fly Ash (FOSSIL FUELS)

TRACE ELEMENTS, 74

FOODS AND BEVERAGES, 79

Bovine Liver

Non-Fat Milk Powder

Oyster Tissue

Rice Flour

Wheat Flour

FOSSIL FUELS

Alcohols (ALCOHOLS AND ETHERS IN

REFERENCE FUELS), 72

Coal Heat of Combustion (COMBUSTION

CALORIMETRY), 103

Ethanol (ALCOHOLS AND ETHERS IN

REFERENCE FUELS), 72

Iso octane (REFERENCE LIQUIDS FOR

EVALUATING FUELS), 73

n-Heptane (REFERENCE LIQUIDS FOR

EVALUATING FUELS), 73

METAL CONSTITUENTS in Reference Fuel, 72

METAL CONSTITUENTS in Residual Fuel Oil, 72

Methanol (ALCOHOLS AND ETHERS IN

REFERENCE FUELS), 72

Methanol and t-Butanol (ALCOHOLS AND ETHERS

IN REFERENCE FUELS), 72

Sulfur in Coal (SULFUR IN FOSSIL FUELS), 73

Sulfur in Distillate Fuel oil (SULFUR IN

FOSSIL FUELS), 73

Sulfur in Kerosine (SULFUR IN FOSSIL FUELS), 73

Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil (SULFUR IN

FOSSIL FUELS), 73

Synthetic Refuse Derived Oil (COMBUSTION

CALORIMETRY), 103

TRACE ELEMENTS in Coal, 74

TRACE ELEMENTS in Coal Fly Ash, 74

TRACE ELEMENTS in Fuel Oil, 72

Vanadium in Crude Oil (METAL CONSTITUENTS

IN FOSSIL FUELS), 72

FREE CUTTING BRASS

See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52

FRESHWATER LAKE SEDIMENT (RADIOACTIVITY)

Freshwater Lake Sediment (NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS), 116

FREEZING POINT (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES)

of Aluminum (DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90), 105

of Copper (REFERENCE POINTS), 105

of Indium (DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90), 105

of Lead (REFERENCE POINTS), 105

of Silver (DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90), 105

of Tin (DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90), 105

of Zinc (DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90), 105

FSV

abbr. for Fat Soluble Vitamins

FUELS

See FOSSIL FUELS, 72-74

FUMED SILICA BOARD

See THERMAL RESISTANCE OF GLASS, SILICA, AND POLYSTYRENE, 107

G

GADOLINIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

GALLIUM

in Buffalo River Sediment (SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES), 89

in Coal (TRACE ELEMENTS), 74

in Coal Fly Ash (TRACE ELEMENTS), 74

as Gallium-67 (RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS), 114

in Glass (TRACE ELEMENTS), 92

Melting Point

(THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES), 105

Metal (STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS), 60

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY (ORGANIC

CONSTITUENTS), 75

GC/MS System Performance

LC Selectivity

GASES (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES)

See PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES, 70-71

See PERMEATION DEVICES, 71

GASES IN METALS

in Irons (FERROUS METALS), 34

in Steels (FERROUS METALS), 34

in Unalloyed Titanium (NONFERROUS METALS), 52

GASOLINE

See FOSSIL FUELS, 72-74

GEOLOGICAL

See GEOLOGICAL MATERIALS AND ORES, 84-89

GERMANIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

GILDING METAL

See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52

GLASS BEADS

See SIZING, 127-128

GLASSES

Borosilicate (CHEMICAL RESISTANCE) and

(VISCOSITY OF GLASS), 121

Chemical Composition, 91–92

DENSITY AND REFRACTIVE INDEX of, 122

Fused Ore Glass, 91

GLASS LIQUIDUS TEMPERATURE, 121

High-Boron Borosilicate, 91

Lead-Barium, 91

Lead-Silica (ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF GLASS)

(VISCOSITY OF GLASS), 121

Low-Boron Soda-Lime Powder, 91

LABORATORY THERMOMETER (MERCURY IN

GLASS), 106

Multi Component, 91

RELATIVE STRESS OPTICAL

COEFFICIENT of, 122

Sand (ROCKS AND MINERALS), 88

Soda-Lime Container, 91

Soda-Lime Flat, 91

Soda-Lime Float, 91

Soda-Lime Sheet, 91

Soda-Lime-Silica (VISCOSITY OF GLASS), 121

Soft Borosilicate, 91

SYNTHETIC GLASS (MICROANALYSIS), 53

SYNTHETIC GLASS (TRACE ELEMENTS), 92

THERMAL EXPANSION OF METAL GLASS AND SILICA, 107

THERMAL RESISTANCE OF GLASS, SILICA, AND POLYSTYRENE, 107

VISCOSITY FIXPOINTS of, 122

GLASS SAND

See ROCKS AND MINERALS, 88

GLASS SPHERES

PARTICLE SIZE (SIZING), 127

D-GLUCOSE

aka. Dextrose (CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS), 62

Polarimetric Value of (STOICHIOMETRY), 56

GOETHITE

aka. α-FeOOH (ELECTROPHORETIC MOBILITY), 128

GOLD

First Surface, Gold on Nickel-Plated Aluminum (SPECULAR

SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE), 110

METALS (HIGH PURITY METALS), 54

METALS (MICROANALYSIS), 53

Ore, Refractories, 86

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

VAPOR PRESSURE OF METALS, 106

Royal Canadian Mint Reference Materials

(HIGH PURITY MATERIALS), 54-55

GRAPHITE

THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF GRAPHITE

AND METALS, 107

GRAVITY SEDIMENTATION

Zirconium Oxide (PARTICLE SIZE), 127

H

HAFNIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

in Zircaloy (ZIRCONIUM BASE ALLOYS), 52

HARDNESS (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE)

WHEAT HARDNESS, 83

HARDNESS (SURFACE FINISH)

of Bright Copper (MICROHARDNESS), 129

of Bright Nickel (MICROHARDNESS), 129

of Ceramic (MICROHARDNESS), 129

HASTELLOYTM

NICKEL BASE ALLOYS, 50

HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS, 80

Baby Food Composite

BCR Spiked Skim Milk

Cholesterol in Coconut Oil

Fatty Acids Frozen Diet Composite

Infant Formula (milk-based)

Typical Diet

Whole Egg Powder

Whole Milk

HEAT (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES), 103-107

COMBUSTION CALORIMETRY

DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90

DEFINING FIXED POINT CELLS, ITS-90

DIFFERENTIAL SCANNING CALORIMETRY

DIFFERENTIAL THERMAL ANALYSIS

ENTHALPY AND HEAT CAPACITY

FLASH POINT REFERENCE MATERIALS

FREEZING POINT, MELTING POINT, AND **HUMAN SERUM (ORGANICS)** TRIPLE POINT CELLS Polychlorinated Biphenyls in (ORGANIC LABORATORY THERMOMETER CONSTITUENTS), 75-78 REFERENCE POINTS **HYDROGEN** SOLUTION CALORIMETRY SUPERCONDUCTIVE THERMOMETRIC FIXED POINT DEVICE **HYDROXYAPATITE** THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF GRAPHITE See Calcium Hydroxyapatite, 65, 123 AND METALS THERMAL EXPANSION OF METAL GLASS AND SILICA THERMAL RESISTANCE OF GLASS, SILICA, AND POLYSTYRENE I THERMOELEMENT MATERIAL, PLATINUM VAPOR PRESSURE OF METALS **ICTAC** HEPES (ION ACTIVITY) abbr. for N-2-Hydroxyethyl-piperazine-N'-2-ethanesulfonic and Calorimetry HEPES Free Acid (BIOLOGICAL BUFFER X-RAY AND PHOTOGRAPHY, 111 INCONELTM SYSTEMS), 99 NaHEPESate (BIOLOGICAL BUFFER SYSTEMS), 99 **INDIUM** n-HEPTANE (FOSSIL FUELS) REFERENCE LIQUIDS FOR EVALUATING FUELS, 73 **DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90, 105** HIGH ALLOY STEELS (FERROUS METALS), 34 FREEZING POINT, MELTING POINT, AND TRIPLE Chromium Nickel (Copper Precipitation Hardening) POINT CELLS, 105 Chromium Nickel (Molybdenum Precipitation Hardening) SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57 High Nickel INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE High Temperature Alloy (A286) Nickel-Chromium High Temperature Alloy L605 INFRARED, NEAR High Temperature Alloy Iron-Nickel-Cobalt INFRARED REFLECTANCE, 111 Valve Steel INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE HIGH PURITY METALS, 54 Refined Copper CATEGORIES, 25-27 High Purity Gold IODINE (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116 High Purity Platinum Selenium Intermediate Purity as Iodine-129 (RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS) Zinc Metal as Iodine-131 (RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS) High Purity Zinc ION ACTIVITY, 99-100 **BIOLOGICAL BUFFER SYSTEMS** Zinc Intermediate Purity HIGH TEMPERATURE ALLOYS **ELECTROLYTIC CONDUCTIVITY** See FERROUS METALS, 31-43 ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE CALIBRATION See COBALT BASE ALLOYS, 44 pD CALIBRATION See NICKEL BASE ALLOYS, 50

HOLMIUM

Holmium Oxide Solution Wavelength (MOLECULAR ABSORPTION), 108-110

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

HUMAN

See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62 LIVER (NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS)

(RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

LUNG (NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS)

(RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

Serum (SERUM MATERIALS), 63

HUMAN SERUM (HEALTH AND INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE)

Cholesterol in Human Serum (CLINICAL

LABORATORY MATERIALS), 62

Electrolytes in (SERUM MATERIALS), 63

Fat Soluble Vitamins in (CLINICAL LABORATORY

MATERIALS), 62

Glucose in Frozen (SERUM MATERIALS), 63

Lipids in Frozen (SERUM MATERIALS), 63

SERUM MATERIALS, 63

as Hydrogen-3 (RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS), 113 Unalloyed Titanium for (GASES IN METALS), 52

4-HYDROXY-3-METHOXY-DL-MANDELIC ACID (VMA)

See CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

abbr. for International Confederation of Thermal Analysis

IMAGE QUALITY INDICATOR (OPTICAL PROPERTIES)

NICKEL BASE ALLOYS (NONFERROUS METALS), 50

as Indium-111 (RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS), 114

See HEALTH AND INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE, 62-67

See GUIDE TO SRM/RM TECHNICAL

as Iodine-125 (RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS)

pH CALIBRATION

IRON

Electrolytic Iron (THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF GRAPHITE AND METALS), 107

Electrolytic Iron (ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY AND CONDUCTIVITY OF METALS), 117

See FERROUS METALS, 31–43

as Iron-55 (RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS), 113

Iron Metal (CLINICAL LABORATORY

MATERIALS), 62

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

Tris(1-phenyl-1,3-butanediono)iron (III)

(METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUNDS), 95

ISOTOPE(S)

See LIGHT STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS (HIGH PURITY MATERIALS), 61

See RADIOACTIVITY, 112–116

See STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS (HIGH PURITY MATERIALS), 60

K

KAOLIN

SURFACE AREA OF POWDERS (SIZING), 128

KEROSINE

Sulfur in (SULFUR IN FOSSIL FUELS), 73

KNOOP MICROHARDNESS (SURFACE FINISH), 129

Bright Copper Bright Nickel

Silicon Nitride

L

LANTHANUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

LAKE SEDIMENT (RADIOACTIVITY)

Freshwater Lake Sediment (NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS), 116

LEAD

Lead Cyclohexanebutyrate (METALLO-ORGANIC

COMPOUNDS), 95

Lead in Blood (CLINICAL LABORATORY

MATERIALS), 62

Lead Nitrate (CLINICAL LABORATORY

MATERIALS), 62

Metal, Equal Atom (STABLE ISOTOPIC

MATERIALS), 60

Metal, Natural (STABLE ISOTOPIC

MATERIALS), 60

Metal, Radiogenic (STABLE ISOTOPIC

MATERIALS), 60

Metals on filter Media (MATERIALS ON FILTER

MEDIA), 66

See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52

Powdered Lead Base Paint (LEAD IN PAINT, DUST,

AND SOIL), 67

in Paint (LEAD IN PAINT, DUST, AND SOIL), 67

in Reference Fuel (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN

FOSSIL FUELS), 72

REFERENCE POINTS, 105

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

LEAD BASE ALLOYS/MATERIALS
See NONFERROUS METALS, 44–52

LEAVES (AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS), 82

Apple

Peach

Pine Needles

Spinach

Tomato

LIMESTONE (ROCKS AND MINERALS), 88

Argillaceous

Dolomitic

LINERBOARD

for TAPE ADHESION TESTING, 132

LINEWIDTH (METROLOGY)

OPTICAL MICROSCOPE LINEWIDTH

MEASUREMENT, 118

LIPIDS

in Human Serum (SERUM MATERIALS), 63

LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY

GC/MS AND LC SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, 75

LIQUIDUS TEMPERATURE

(CERAMICS AND GLASSES), 121

LITHIUM

Carbonate (LIGHT STABLE ISOTOPIC

MATERIALS), 61

Carbonate (CLINICAL LABORATORY

MATERIALS), 62

Lithium Cyclohexanebutyrate (METALLO-ORGANIC

COMPOUNDS), 95

Ore, Lepidolite (ORES), 84-86

Ore, Petalite (ORES), 84-86

Ore, Spodumene (ORES), 84-86

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

LIVER

Bovine (FOODS AND BEVERAGES), 79

Human (NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS)

(RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

LUBRICANT OXIDATION (ENGINE WEAR MATERIALS)

Catalyst Package (CATALYST PACKAGE FOR

LUBRICANT OXIDATION), 96

LUBRICATING OIL (ENGINE WEAR MATERIALS)

Chlorine in LUBRICATING BASE OILS, 95

Nitrogen in LUBRICATING BASE OILS, 95

Sulfur in LUBRICATING BASE OILS, 95

WEAR-METALS IN OIL, 91

LUNG (RADIOACTIVITY)

Human (NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS), 116

LUTETIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

M

MAGNESIUM

Magnesium Gluconate Dihydrate (CLINICAL

LABORATORY MATERIALS), 62

Magnesium Metal (STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS), 60

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

MAGNETIC PARTICLE TEST RING (NONDESTRUCTIVE

EVALUATION), 130

MAGNIFICATION

SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPE (SEM), 118

MANGANESE

Metals on Filter Media (MATERIALS ON FILTER

MEDIA), 66

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

D-MANNITOL

CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

MARLJUANA METABOLITE

THC-9-COOH (DRUGS OF ABUSE IN URINE), 64

MARINE MATERIALS

Buffalo River Sediment (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN

NATURAL MATRICES), 68

(SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES), 89

Estuarine Sediment (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN

NATURAL MATRICES), 68

(SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES), 89

Limestone, Argillaceous (ROCKS AND MINERALS), 88

Limestone, Dolomitic (ROCKS AND MINERALS), 88

Mercury in Tennessee River Sediment (METAL

CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES), 68

(SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES), 89 Organics in Marine Sediment (ORGANIC

CONSTITUENTS), 75–78

153

MICROHARDNESS (SURFACE FINISH), 129 CONSTITUENTS), 75-78 of Bright Copper Organics in Whale Blubber (ORGANIC of Bright Nickel CONSTITUENTS), 75-78 of Ceramic Oyster Tissue (FOODS AND BEVERAGES), 79 MICROSCOPY (METROLOGY) Polychlorinated Biphenyls in River Sediment A DEPTH PROFILING, 118 (ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS), 75-78 **ELLIPSOMETRY**, 120 MASS SPECTROMETRY OPTICAL MICROSCOPE LINEWIDTH GC/MS SYSTEM PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT, 118 (ORGANICS), 75-78 SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPE (SEM), 118 See LIGHT STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS, 61 MICROSPHERE (SIZING) See RADIOACTIVITY, 112-116 Glass Beads (PARTICLE SIZE), 127 See STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS, 60 Polystyrene Spheres (PARTICLE SIZE), 127 **MATERIALS ON FILTER MEDIA, 59** MILK (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE) Arsenic Barium Infant Formula (HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS), 80 Beryllium Non-Fat Milk Powder (FOODS AND BEVERAGES), 79 Cadmium Spiked Skim Milk Powder (HEALTH CARE AND Chromium NUTRIENTS), 80 Clav Whole Milk (HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS), 80 Iron **MINERALS** Lead See ROCKS AND MINERALS, 88 Magnesium Manganese MIXTURES AND POLLUTANTS (PRIMARY GAS Nickel **MIXTURES**), 70-71 Quartz Ambient Non-Methane Organics in Nitrogen Selenium Ambient Toxic Organics in Nitrogen Vanadium Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen Zinc Carbon Monoxide in Air MELTING POINT (THERMODYNAMIC Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen PROPERTIES), 105 Hydrogen Sulfide in Nitrogen **MERCURY** Mercury (TOXIC SUBSTANCES IN URINE), 64 Methane in Air Methane-Propane in Air Mercury (Triple Point) (DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90), 105 Methane in Nitrogen ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS, 75-78 Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57 Oxides of Nitrogen in Air in Tennessee River Sediment (METAL Oxygen in Nitrogen CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES), 68 Propane in Air SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES, 89 Carbon Dioxide in Air TRACE ELEMENTS (FOSSIL FUELS), 74 Propane in Nitrogen Trace Mercury in Coal (TRACE ELEMENTS), 74 Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen in Water (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MOLECULAR WEIGHT AND MELT FLOW (POLYMERIC MATRICES), 68 PROPERTIES), 101 METALLO-ORGANICS (ENGINE WEAR MATERIALS) Polyethylene Gas Pipe Resin See METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, 95 Polyethylene, Linear METALS ON FILTER MEDIA Poly(ethylene oxide) See MATERIALS ON FILTER MEDIA, 66 Polyethylene Resin METHANE (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES), 71 Poly(methylmethacrylate) Methane in Air Polystyrene **METHYLMERCURY** Polyurethane ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS, 75-78 See POLYETHYLENE PIPE PRODUCTS, 102 **METROLOGY MOLYBDENUM** See GUIDE TO SRM/RM TECHNICAL ENTHALPY AND HEAT CAPACITY, 104 CATEGORIES, 25-27 as Molybdenum-99-Technetium-99m MICROANALYSIS, 53 (RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS), 114 MICROCHEMISTRY (HIGH PURITY MATERIALS), 56 SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59 Acetanilide Anisic Acid N o-Bromobenzoic Acid m-Chlorobenzoic Acid **NAVAL BRASS** Cystine See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52 p-Fluorobenzoic Acid NDE Nicotinic Acid Urea abbr. for Nondestructive Evaluation **MICROCOPY NEODYMIUM** Microcopy Resolution Test Chart (X-RAY AND SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57 PHOTOGRAPHY), 111

Organics in Mussel Tissue (ORGANIC

NEUTRON MONITOR (RADIOACTIVITY)

Neutron Density Monitor Wire (RADIATION DOSIMETRY), 112

NICKEL

as Nickel-63 (RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS), 113

Nickel Cyclohexanebutyrate

(METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUNDS), 95

Nickel (STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS), 60

NICKEL BASE ALLOYS (NONFERROUS

METALS), 44-52

Nickel-Chromium Thin Film (DEPTH PROFILING), 118 NICKEL OXIDES (NONFERROUS METALS), 44–52

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

NICOTINIC ACID

MICROCHEMISTRY (HIGH PURITY MATERIALS), 56

NIOBIUM

as Niobium-94 (GAMMA RAY POINT SOURCES), 115 SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

NITRATE

ANION CHROMATOGRAPHY Solution, 60

NITRIC OXIDE (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES),

Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen, 71

NITRIDE

Silicon Nitride (SURFACE AREA OF POWDERS), 128 (MICROHARDNESS), 129

NITROGEN (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES), 70-71

Ambient Non-methane Organics in

Ambient Toxic Organics in

Carbon Dioxide in

Carbon Monoxide in

Hydrogen Sulfide in

Nitric Oxide in

Oxygen in

Oxides of

Propane in

Sulfur Dioxide in

Total Nitrogen (LUBRICATING BASE OILS), 95

4-NITROPHENOL

CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

NONDESTRUCTIVE EVALUATION, 130

ARTIFICIAL FLAW FOR EDDY CURRENT NDE

DYE PENETRANT TEST BLOCKS

MAGNETIC PARTICLE INSPECTION

NONFERROUS ALLOYS

See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52

NORTHERN SOFTWOOD

BLEACHED KRAFT PULPS, 133

NUCLEAR MATERIALS (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

ACCELERATOR MASS SPECTROMETRY

ALPHA PARTICLE POINT SOURCES

Carbon-14 DATING

FISSION TRACK GLASS

GAMMA RAY POINT SOURCES

NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS

RADIATION DOSIMETRY

RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS

RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS

RADON EMANATION

SPECIAL NUCLEAR MATERIALS

NUTRITION

See FOODS AND BEVERAGES, 79

See HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS, 80

OBSIDIAN ROCK

ROCKS AND MINERALS, 83

OCEAN MATERIALS (RADIOACTIVITY) (NATURAL

MATRIX MATERIALS), 116

Ocean Sediment

Ocean Shellfish

OIL

Chlorine in (LUBRICATING BASE OILS), 95

Fuel Oil (FOSSIL FUELS), 72-74

High Sulfur Gas Oil Feed (CATALYST

CHARACTERIZATION MATERIALS), 95

Moisture in Oils (FOSSIL FUELS), 73

Nitrogen (LUBRICATING BASE OILS), 95

Organics in Cod Liver Oil (ORGANIC

CONSTITUENTS), 75-78

Petroleum Crude Oil (ORGANIC

CONSTITUENTS), 75-78

Polychlorinated Biphenyls in (ORGANIC

CONSTITUENTS), 75-78

Shale Oil (ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS), 75-78

Sulfur (LUBRICATING BASE OILS), 95

Sulfur in Distillate Fuel Oil (SULFUR IN

FOSSIL FUELS), 73

Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil (SULFUR IN

FOSSIL FUELS), 73

Vanadium in Crude Oil (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN

FOSSIL FUELS), 72

Vanadium and Nickel in Residual Fuel Oil (METAL

CONSTITUENTS IN FOSSIL FUELS), 72

WEAR-METALS IN OIL (ENGINE WEAR

MATERIALS), 96

OPAL

White Opal Glass (DIFFUSE SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE), 111

OPTICAL

See GUIDE TO SRM/RM TECHNICAL

CATEGORIES, 25–27

OPTOELECTRONICS (METROLOGY), 119

Optical Fiber Chromatic Dispersion

Optical Fiber Coating

Optical Fiber Diameter

Optical Fiber Ferrule Geometry

Optical Retardance

Pin Gauge for Optical Fiber Ferrules

Polarization Mode Dispersion

Wavelength Reference Absorption Cell

ORES (GEOLOGICAL MATERIALS AND ORES), 84-89

Alumina (Reduction Grade)

Bauxite, Arkansas

Bauxite, Australian

Bauxite, Dominican

Bauxite, Jamaican

Bauxite, Surinam

Borate Ore

Chinese Ores

Copper Ore Mill Heads

Copper Ore Mill Tails

Fluorspar, Customs Grade

Fluorspar, High Grade

Gold Ore, Refractory

Iron Ore, Canada

Iron Ore, Labrador

Iron Ore, Nimba

Iron Ore, Sibley

Iron Oxide, Reduced

Lithium Ore (Lepidolite)

Lithium Ore (Petalite)

Lithium Ore (Spodumene)

Manganese Ore

Phosphate Rock, Florida

Phosphate Rock, Western

Pyrite Ore (ORE BIOLEACHING SUBSTRATE)

Rutile Ore

Scheelite Ore

Tungsten Concentrate

Zinc Concentrate

ORGANICS

ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS, 75-78

GC/MS AND LC SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, 75

OXALIC ACID (RADIOACTIVITY)

CARBON-14 Dating, 114

OXYGEN (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES), 70-71

Oxygen in Nitrogen

OXYGEN CONCENTRATION IN SILICON

Oxygen in Silicon, 120

OXYGENATES

ALCOHOLS...IN REFERENCE FUELS, 72

OYSTER TISSUE

FOODS AND BEVERAGES, 79

P

PACKAGE

Catalyst Package (CATALYST PACKAGE FOR LUBRICANT OXIDATION), 96

PAINT

LEAD IN PAINT, DUST, AND SOIL, 67

PALLADIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

PARTICLE COUNT (SIZING)

for suspensions, 128

PARTICLE SIZE (SIZING), 127

Glass Spheres

Polystyrene Spheres

Silicon Nitride

Zirconium Oxide

PARTICULATES

Diesel Particulate Matter (ORGANIC

CONSTITUENTS), 75–78

MATERIALS ON FILTER MEDIA, 66

Urban Dust/Organics (ORGANIC

CONSTITUENTS), 75-78

Urban Particulate Matter

(INORGANICS), 68-69

pD CALIBRATION (ION ACTIVITY), 99

Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate

Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate

Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate

Sodium Bicarbonate

Sodium Carbonate

PERMEATION DEVICES (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES), 71

Sulfur Dioxide Permeation Tube

PERUVIAN SOIL (RADIOACTIVITY)

NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS, 116

PESTICIDES (ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS), 75-78

Chlorinated Pesticides in Hexane

Chlorinated Pesticides in Iso octane

pH CALIBRATION (ION ACTIVITY), 99

Calcium Carbonate

Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate

Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate

Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate

Potassium Hydrogen Tartrate

Potassium Tetroxalate

Sodium Bicarbonate

Sodium Carbonate

Sodium Tetraborate Decahydrate

See BIOLOGICAL BUFFER SYSTEMS, 99

PHOSPHATE

See pD CALIBRATION, 99

See pH CALIBRATION, 99

ANION CHROMATOGRAPHY Solution, 60

Phosphate Rock (ORES), 84-86

Triphenyl Phosphate (METALLO-ORGANIC

COMPOUNDS), 95

PHOSPHORUS

as Phosphorus-32 (RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS), 114

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

PHOTOGRAPHY

See X-RAY AND PHOTOGRAPHY, 111

PINE NEEDLES

AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS, 82

PLASTIC

See POLYMERIC PROPERTIES, 101–102

PLATINUM

High Purity Platinum (HIGH PURITY METALS), 54

Platinum, High Purity (THERMOELEMENT

MATERIAL), 106

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

PLUTONIUM (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

Ashed Bone

Columbia River Sediment

Human Liver

Human Lung

Ocean Sediment

Ocean Shellfish

Peruvian Soil

as Plutonium-238

as Plutonium-240

as Plutonium-241

as Plutonium-242

Rocky Flats Soil Number II

POLLUTANTS

METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES, 68

PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES, 70-71

ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS (ORGANICS), 75–78

SIMULATED RAINWATERS (INORGANICS), 68

POLONIUM (RADIOACTIVITY)

as Polonium-209 (RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS), 113

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS—PCBs

(ORGANICS), 75–78

Chlorinated Biphenyls

Chlorinated Biphenyl Congeners in Iso octane

Polychlorinated Biphenyl Congeners in Isooctane

Polychlorinated Biphenyls in Human Serum

Polychlorinated Biphenyls in Oil

Polychlorinated Biphenyls in River Sediment A

POLYETHYLENE (MOLECULAR WEIGHT AND

MELT FLOW), 101

Polyethylene Gas Pipe Resin

Polyethylene, Linear

Poly(ethylene Oxide)

Polyethylene Resin

POLYETHYLENE (POLYETHYLENE PIPE PRODUCTS), 102

Polyethylene Butt T Joint

Polyethylene Piping

Polyethylene Socket T Joint

POLYMER

See POLYMERIC PROPERTIES, 101-102

POLY(METHYLMETHACRYLATE) (POLYMERIC

PROPERTIES)

MOLECULAR WEIGHT AND MELT FLOW, 101

POLYSTYRENE

ENTHALPY AND HEAT CAPACITY

(THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES), 103-107

MOLECULAR WEIGHT AND MELT FLOW

(POLYMERIC PROPERTIES), 101–102

POTASSIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57-59

POTASSIUM CHLORIDE

CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

ELECTROLYTIC CONDUCTIVITY, 100

ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE CALIBRATION, 100

STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS, 60

SOLUTION CALORIMETRY, 103

STOICHIOMETRY, 56

POTASSIUM DICHROMATE

MOLECULAR ABSORPTION, 108-110

STOICHIOMETRY, 56

POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

FERTILIZERS, 83

pD CALIBRATION, 99

pH CALIBRATION, 99

POTASSIUM FLUORIDE

ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE CALIBRATION, 100

POTASSIUM HYDROGEN PHTHALATE

pD CALIBRATION, 99

pH CALIBRATION, 99

STOICHIOMETRY, 56

POTASSIUM HYDROGEN TARTRATE

pH CALIBRATION, 99

POTASSIUM IODIDE

MOLECULAR ABSORPTION, 108-110

POTASSIUM NITRATE

FERTILIZERS, 83

LIGHT STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS, 61

POTASSIUM TETROXALATE

pH CALIBRATION, 99

POWDERED LEAD BASE PAINT

LEAD IN PAINT, DUST, AND SOIL, 67

PRASEODYMIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

PRIMARY CHEMICALS

STOICHIOMETRY, 56

PRIORITY POLLUTANT PAHS

ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS, 75–78

PYRITE ORE

ORE BIOLEACHING SUBSTRATE, 86

 $\mathbf{0}$

QUARTZ

MATERIALS ON FILTER MEDIA, 66

Metal-on-Quartz Filters, Transmittance (MOLECULAR ABSORPTION), 108–110

QUININE SULFATE DIHYDRATE

MOLECULAR LUMINESCENCE, 110

R

RADIOACTIVITY, 112-116

ACCELERATOR MASS SPECTROMETRY

ALPHA PARTICLE POINT SOURCES

FISSION TRACK GLASS

GAMMA RAY POINT SOURCES

NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS

RADIATION DOSIMETRY

RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS

RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS

RADON EMANATION

CARBON-14 DATING

SPECIAL NUCLEAR MATERIALS

RADIUM (RADIOACTIVITY)

as Radium-226 (RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS), 113

as Radium-226 (RADON EMANATION), 115

as Radium-228 (RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS), 113

RAINWATER

SIMULATED RAINWATERS

(INORGANICS), 68

RECYCLED ALUMINUM

Cadmium and Lead Levels (ALUMINUM

BASE ALLOYS), 44

REFERENCE FUELS

See FOSSIL FUELS, 72–74

REFLECTANCE (OPTICAL PROPERTIES)

DIFFUSE SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE, 111

INFRARED REFLECTANCE, 111

SPECULAR SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE, 110

REFRACTIVE INDEX (CERAMICS AND GLASSES)

See DENSITY AND REFRACTIVE INDEX, 122 REFRACTORIES (GEOLOGICAL MATERIALS

AND ORES)

Burnt Refractory, 88

REFORMULATED GASOLINES

See FOSSIL FUELS, 72–74

RESIDUAL RESISTIVITY RATIO (ELECTRICAL

PROPERTIES)

Aluminum, 117

RESISTANCE (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES)

THERMAL RESISTANCE OF GLASS SILICA,

AND POLYSTYRENE, 107

RESISTIVITY (ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES)

ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY AND CONDUCTIVITY OF METALS, 117

ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY AND CONDUCTIVITY OF SILICON, 117

RESIDUAL RESISTIVITY RATIO, 117

RHENIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

RHODIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

RICE FLOUR (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE)

FOODS AND BEVERAGES, 79

RIVER SEDIMENT

(INORGANICS, GEOLOGICAL MATERIALS AND ORES) (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES), 68

SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES, 89

Buffalo River Sediment

Estuarine Sediment

Tennesce River Sediment

RIVER SEDIMENT (ORGANICS)

Polychlorinated Biphenyls in River Sediment A (ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS), 75-78

RIVER SEDIMENT (RADIOACTIVITY)

Columbia River Sediment (NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS), 116

ROCKS

Basalt Rock (ROCKS AND MINERALS), 88 Obsidian Rock (ROCKS AND MINERALS), 88 Phosphate Rock (Florida) (FERTILIZERS), 83 Phosphate Rock (Western) (FERTILIZERS), 83 Phosphate Rock (Western) (ORES), 84-86

ROCKY FLATS SOIL NUMBER II (RADIOACTIVITY) NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS, 116

ROYAL CANADIAN MINT REFERENCE MATERIALS (HIGH PURITY MATERIALS), 54-55

RRR

abbr. for Residual Resistivity Ratio

RUBIDIUM

Rubidium (FREEZING POINT, MELTING POINT, AND TRIPLE POINT CELLS), 105 Rubidium Chloride (STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS), 60 SPECTROMETRY Solution, 57

S

SAMARIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

SAND (GLASS)

See ROCKS AND MINERALS, 88

SCANDIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPE

(METROLOGY), 118-120

SEM Magnification Standard

SEM Performance Standard

SEM Magnification Reference

SCHEELITE ORE

ORES, 84-86

SEDIMENT

METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES, 68 NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS (RADIOACTIVITY), 116

ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS (ORGANICS), 75–78 SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES, 89

SELENIUM

Selenium, Intermediate Purity (HIGH PURITY METALS), 54

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

SEM

abbr. for Scanning Electron Microscope

SERUM MATERIALS, 63

Bovine Serum Albumin

Electrolytes in Frozen Human Serum

Glucose in Frozen Human Serum

Human Serum

Lipids in Frozen Human Serum

SHELLFISH

Mussel Tissue (ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS), 75-78 Ocean Shellfish (NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS), 116 Oyster Tissue (FOODS AND BEVERAGES), 79

SILICA

Carbon Modified Silica (INORGANICS), 69 Fumed Silica Board (THERMAL RESISTANCE OF GLASS, SILICA, AND POLYSTYRENE), 107

Fused Silica (THERMAL EXPANSION OF METAL GLASS AND SILICA), 107

Lead Silica Glass (DENSITY AND REFRACTIVE INDEX), 122

Respirable Alpha Quartz (RESPIRABLE SILICA), 66 Respirable Cristobalite (RESPIRABLE SILICA), 66 Sand (LIGHT STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS), 61 Silica Brick (REFRACTORIES), 88

SILICON

ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY AND CONDUCTIVITY OF SILICON, 117

Octaphenylcyclotetrasiloxane (METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUNDS), 95

Silicon Carbide (CARBIDES), 90

Silicon Metal (STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS), 60

Silicon Metal (STEELMAKING ALLOYS), 41

Silicon Powder (X-RAY DIFFRACTION), 123

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

See STEELMAKING ALLOYS, 41

SILICON DIOXIDE

Thin Film Thickness (ELLIPSOMETRY), 120

SILICON NITRIDE (SIZING) (SURFACE FINISH)

PARTICLE SIZE, 127

SURFACE AREA OF POWDERS, 128

MICROHARDNESS, 129

SILVER

Alloy (MICROANALYSIS)/(METALS), 53

Royal Canadian Mint Reference Materials, 54-55

Silver 2-ethylhexanoate (METALLO-ORGANIC MATERIALS), 95

Silver Nitrate (STABLE ISOTOPIC MATERIALS), 60

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58-59

SINUSOIDAL ROUGHNESS

SURFACE ROUGHNESS (SURFACE FINISH), 129

SIZING

CEMENT TURBIDIMETRY AND FINENESS, 127 PARTICLE SIZE, 127

SURFACE AREA OF POWDERS, 128

SLUDGE

Domestic Sludge (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES), 68

Industrial Sludge (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES), 68

SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES (GEOLOGICAL MATERIALS AND ORES), 89

SMOKE (FIRE RESEARCH), 131

SMOKE DENSITY CHAMBER

SMOKE TOXICITY

SOCKETED BALL BAR (MISCELLANEOUS PERFORMANCE ... MATERIALS)

Socketed Ball Bar, 132

SODA LIME GLASS (CERAMICS AND GLASSES)

Soda-Lime, Container (GLASSES), 91

Soda-Lime, Flat (GLASSES), 91 Soda-Lime, Float (GLASSES), 91

Soda-Lime, Sheet (GLASSES), 91

SODIUM

Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate (ION ACTIVITY), 99-100

Sodium Bicarbonate (ION ACTIVITY), 99-100

Sodium Carbonate (STOICHIOMETRY), 56

Sodium Carbonate (ION ACTIVITY), 99-100

Sodium Chloride

(CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS), 62 (ION ACTIVITY), 99–100

Sodium Cyclohexanebutyrate (METALLO-ORGANIC MATERIALS), 95

Sodium Oxalate (STOICHIOMETRY), 59

Sodium Pyruvate (CLINICAL LABORATORY

MATERIALS), 62

Sodium Tetraborate Decahydrate

(pH CALIBRATION), 99

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58-59

SOILS

METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES, 89 SOILS, SEDIMENTS, AND SLUDGES, 89

SOLDER (METROLOGY)

Tin-Lead Alloy (SOLDER THICKNESS), 119

SPECIAL NUCLEAR MATERIALS (RADIOACTIVITY)

See SPECIAL NUCLEAR MATERIALS, 112

SPECIATION

CHROMIUM SPECIATION, 60

SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE (OPTICAL PROPERTIES)

DIFFUSE SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE, 111 SECULAR SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE, 110

SPHERES (SIZING)

PARTICLE SIZE, 127

SPECTROMETRY

SINGLE ELEMENT solutions

(HIGH PURITY MATERIALS), 57-58

MULTI-ELEMENT Solutions

(HIGH PURITY MATERIALS), 58-59

See MOLECULAR ABSORPTION

(OPTICAL PROPERTIES), 108-111

SPECULAR SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE, 110

First Surface, Aluminum on Glass

First Surface, Black Glass

First Surface, Gold on Nickel-Plated Aluminum

Second Surface, Aluminum on Fused Quartz

STAINLESS STEEL

See FERROUS METALS, 31-43

STEEL COATINGS

CHROMIUM OVER COPPER ON STEEL, 119

STEELS (FERROUS METALS)

See GUIDE TO SRM/RM TECHNICAL

CATEGORIES, 25-27

STRONTIUM

as Strontium-90 (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

Strontium Carbonate (STOICHIOMETRY), 56

Strontium Carbonate (STABLE ISOTOPIC

MATERIALS), 60

Strontium Cyclohexanebutyrate (METALLO-ORGANIC

MATERIALS), 95

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58-59

SUCCINONITRILE (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES)

FREEZING POINT, MELTING POINT, AND TRIPLE POINT CELLS, 108

SUCROSE

OPTICAL ROTATION, 111 STOICHIOMETRY, 56 **SULFATE**

ANION CHROMATOGRAPHY Solution, 60

SULFIDE (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES), 70-71

Hydrogen Sulfide in Nitrogen

SULFUR

CATALYST CHARACTERIZATION MATERIAL, 95

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

SULFUR IN FOSSIL FUELS, 73

WEAR-METALS IN OIL, 96

SULFUR DIOXIDE (PRIMARY GAS MIXTURES), 70-71

Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen

Sulfur Dioxide Permeation Tube (PERMEATION

DEVICES), 71

SUPERCONDUCTIVE (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES)

Superconductive Thermometric Fixed Point Device, 104

SURFACE AREA (SIZING)

SURFACE AREA OF POWDERS, 128

SURFACE FINISH, 129

ABRASIVE WEAR

CORROSION

MICROHARDNESS

SURFACE ROUGHNESS

SURFACE FLAMMABILITY (FIRE RESEARCH), 131

Hardboard Sheet

T

TANTALUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

TAPE ADHESION TESTING

Linerboard for Tape Adhesion Testing, 132

TECHNETIUM

as Technetium-99 (RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS), 113

as Technetium-99m

(RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS), 114

TELLURIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

TEM

abbr. for Transmission Electron Microscope

TERBIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

TETRAHYDROCANNABIONOL (Marijuana Metabolite)

DRUGS OF ABUSE IN URINE, SINGLE ANALYTE, 64 DRUGS OF ABUSE IN URINE, MULTIANALYTE, 65

THALLIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58-59

as Thallium-201 (RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS), 114

THO

abbr. for Tetrahydrocannabionol

THERMAL ANALYSIS (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES)

COMBUSTION CALORIMETRY, 103

DIFFERENTIAL SCANNING CALORIMETRY, 104

DIFFERENTIAL THERMAL ANALYSIS, 104

ENTHALPY AND HEAT CAPACITY, 104

SOLUTION CALORIMETRY, 103

THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY OF GRAPHITE AND METALS

(THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES), 107

Electrolytic Iron

Graphite

Stainless Steel

THERMAL EXPANSION OF METAL GLASS AND SILICA (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES), 107

Borosilicate Glass

Copper

Fused Silica

Stainless Steel (AISI 446)

THERMAL RESISTANCE OF GLASS, SILICA, AND POLYSTYRENE (THERMODYNAMIC

PROPERTIES), 107

Expanded Polystyrene Board

Fibrous Glass Blanket

Fibrous Glass Board

Fumed Silica Board

THERMOGRAVIMETRY (THERMODYNAMIC

PROPERTIES)

See DIFFERENTIAL THERMAL ANALYSIS, 104

THERMOMETER (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES)

LABORATORY THERMOMETER, 106

THERMOMETRIC FIXED POINTS (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES)

DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90, 105

DEFINING FIXED POINT CELLS, ITS-90, 105

FREEZING POINT, MELTING POINT, AND

TRIPLE POINT, 105

SUPERCONDUCTIVE THERMOMETRIC FIXED

POINT DEVICE, 104

THIANTHRENE

COMBUSTION CALORIMETRY, 103

THICKNESS (METROLOGY)

CHROMIUM OVER COPPER ON STEEL, 119

ELLIPSOMETRY, 120

SOLDER THICKNESS, 119

THORIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

THORIUM (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS

RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS

THULIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

TIN

DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90, 105

DEFINING FIXED POINT CELLS, ITS-90, 105

Dibutyltin bis (2-ethylhexanoate) (METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUNDS), 95

DIFFERENTIAL SCANNING CALORIMETRY, 104 SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

TIN BASE ALLOYS

See NONFERROUS METALS, 44-52

TITANIUM

GASES IN METALS (NONFERROUS METALS), 52

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

TITANIUM BASE ALLOYS (NONFERROUS

METALS), 51

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

REFRACTORIES, 88

TOXIC METALS

TOXIC SUBSTANCES IN URINE, 64

TRACE ELEMENTS

See CERAMICS AND GLASSES, 90–92

See FOSSIL FUELS, 72-74

See TRACE ELEMENTS IN NICKEL BASE

SUPERALLOYS, 50

TRANSMISSION ELECTRON MICROSCOPE

See THIN FILM FOR TRANSMISSION

ELECTRON MICROSCOPE (MICROANALYSIS), 53

See ASBESTOS, 67

TRANSMITTANCE

Sce MOLECULAR ABSORPTION, 108-110

TRIPLE POINT

(THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES), 103–107

2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE (ISO OCTANE)

REFERENCE LIQUIDS FOR RATING FUELS, 73

TRIPALMITIN

CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

TRIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)AMINOMETHANE

STOICHIOMETRY, 56

TUNGSTEN

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

Tungsten Carbide (CARBIDES), 90

Tungsten Carbide (MICROHARDNESS), 129

Tungsten Concentrate (ORES), 84-86

TURBIDIMETRY (SIZING)

Portland Cement (CEMENT TURBIDIMETRY AND FINENESS), 127

U

UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH I (FIRE RESEARCH)

See SMOKE TOXICITY, 131

URANIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

URANIUM (RADIOACTIVITY), 112-116

FISSION TRACK GLASS

RADIOACTIVE SOLUTIONS

NATURAL MATRIX MATERIALS

UREA

CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

COMBUSTION CALORIMETRY (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES), 103

in Human Serum (SERUM MATERIALS), 63

MICROCHEMISTRY, 56

URIC ACID

CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS, 62

URINE, FREEZE-DRIED (HEALTH AND INDUSTRIAL

HYGIENE), 62–67

Cocaine Metabolite in

Cotinine in

Fluoride in

Mercury in

Morphine and Codeine in

Morphine Glucuronide in

Multi-drugs of Abuse in

THC (Marijuana Metabolite) in

Toxic Metals in

USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE MATERIALS (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE), 80–81

Bovine Muscle

Corn Bran

Corn Kernel

Corn Stalk

Corn Starch

Durum Wheat Flour

Hard Red Spring Wheat Flour

Microcrystalline Cellulose Soft Winter wheat Flour Wheat Gluten Whole Egg Whole Milk

\mathbf{V}

VANADIUM

Bis(1-phenyl-1,3-butanediono)oxovanadium (IV) (METALLO-ORGANIC COMPOUNDS), 95

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58-59

Vanadium in Crude Oil (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN FOSSIL FUELS), 72

Vanadium and Nickel in Residual Fuel Oil (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN FOSSIL FUELS), 72

VAPOR PRESSURE OF METALS (THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES), 106

Cadmium

Gold

VICKERS (MICROHARDNESS) (SURFACE FINISH), 129

Bright Copper Bright Nickel

Tungsten Carbide

VISCOSITY OF GLASS (CERAMICS AND GLASSES)

VISCOSITY FIXPOINTS, 122 VISCOSITY OF GLASS, 121

VITAMINS

Baby Food Composite (HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS), 80

Cholesterol and FSV in Coconut Oil (HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS), 80

Fat Soluble Vitamins in Human Serum (CLINICAL LABORATORY MATERIALS)/(SERUM MATERIALS), 62–63

Infant Formula (HEALTH CARE AND NUTRIENTS), 80

VMA

aka. 4-hydroxy-3-methoxymandelic acid

W

WASPALOYTM

NICKEL BASE ALLOYS (NONFERROUS METALS), 50

WATER ANALYSIS (INORGANICS)

Mercury in Water (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES), 68

Natural Water (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES), 68

SIMULATED RAINWATERS, 68

Trace Elements in Water (METAL CONSTITUENTS IN NATURAL MATRICES), 68

WAVELENGTH (OPTICAL PROPERTIES)

Holmium Oxide Solution (MOLECULAR ABSORPTION), 108–110

WEAR (SURFACE FINISH)

D-2 Tool Steel (ABRASIVE WEAR), 129

WEAR-METALS (ENGINE WEAR MATERIALS)

WEAR METALS IN OIL, 96

WHALE BLUBBER (ORGANICS)

ORGANIC CONSTITUENTS, 75-78

WHEAT FLOUR (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE)

FOODS AND BEVERAGES, 79

USA/CANADA COLLABORATIVE MATERIALS, 80–81

WHEAT HARDNESS (FOOD AND AGRICULTURE), 83

XENON (RADIOACTIVITY)

as Xenon-133 (RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS), 114

X-RAY

THIN FILMS FOR X-RAY FLUORESCENCE (INORGANICS), 68

X-RAY DIFFRACTION, 123

X-RAY STAGE CALIBRATION, 123

X-RAY FILM

X-Ray Film Step Tablet (X-RAY AND PHOTOGRAPHY), 111

Y

YTTERBIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

YTTRIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58

Z

ZINC

DEFINING FIXED POINT, ITS-90, 105
DEFINING FIXED POINT CELLS, ITS-90, 105
DIFFERENTIAL SCANNING CALORIMETRY, 104
METALS (HIGH PURITY METALS), 54
Metals on Filter Media (MATERIALS ON FILTER
MEDIA), 66
SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58–59
Spelter (ZINC BASE ALLOYS), 52
ZINC BASE ALLOYS (NONFERROUS METALS), 52

COMPOUNDS), 95 Zinc Concentrate (ORES), 84–86

ZIRCONIUM

SPECTROMETRY Solution, 58
Zircaloy-4 (ZIRCONIUM BASE ALLOYS), 52
ZIRCONIUM BASE ALLOYS (NONFERROUS METALS), 52

Zinc Cyclohexanebutyrate (METALLO-ORGANIC



SRM/RM Indexes—(Continued)

Numerical and Certificate Index



Numerical and Certificate Index

SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page
lc	Limestone, Argillaceous	Mar 90	111	88	101g	Stainless Steel (AISI 304L)	Aug 86	101	35
4L	Cast Iron	Jun 90	101	42	106b	LA Steel, Cr-Mo-Al (Nitralloy G)	Mar 61	101	32
5m	Cast Iron	Jan 97	101	42	107c	Cast Iron (Ni-Cr-Mo)	May 83	101	42
RM 5	Cu Low Temp Heat Capacity	Mar 92	203	104	112b	Silicon Carbide	Nov 87	112	90
6g	Cast Iron	Nov 70	101	42	113b	Zinc Concentrate	Mar 95	111	84
7g	Cast Iron Hi-Phos.	Oct 59	101	42	114p	Portland Cement	May 94	301	127
8j	Carbon Steel, 0.1 C	Apr 72	101	31	115a	Cast Iron (Cu-Ni-Cr)	Apr 62	101	42
11h	Carbon Steel, 0.2 C	Feb 92	101	31	120c	Phosphate Rock (Florida)	Feb 88	110/111	83/8
12h	Carbon Steel, 0.4 C	Mar 66	101	31	121d	Stainless Steel, Cr-Ni-Ti (AISI 321)	Aug 81	101	35
13g	Carbon Steel, 0.6 C	Apr 74	101	31	122i	Cast Iron	Sep 92	101	42
14g	Carbon Steel, 0.8 C	Mar 90	101	31	123c	Stainless Steel, Cr-Ni-Nb (AISI 348)	Oct 81	101	35
15h	Carbon Steel, 0.1 C	Jun 93	101	31	125b	LA Steel, High Silicon	Oct 95	101	32
16f	Carbon Steel, 1.0 C	Jul 93	101	31	126c	HA Steel, High Nickel	Dec 77	101	34
17e	Sucrose (Polarimetric)	In Prep	104/204	56/111	127b	Solder, 40Sn-60Pb	Aug 90	102	49
19h	Carbon Steel, 0.2 C	Sep 87	101	31	129c	LA Steel, High Sulfur (SAE 112)	Aug 73	101	32
20g	Carbon Steel	Oct 70	101	31	131f	LA Steel, High Silicon	May 97	101	32
25d	Manganese Ore	Feb 84	111	85	132b	Tool Steel (AISI M2)	Aug 95	101	35
27f	Iron Ore, Sibley	Dec 91	111	85	133c	Stainless Steel, Cr-13, Mo-0.3, S-0.3	In Prep	101	35
30f	LA Steel, Cr-V (SAE 6150)	Mar 92	101	32	134a	Tool Steel, Mo-W-Cr-V	May 57	101	35
32e	LA Steel, Ni-Cr (SAE 3140)	Apr 57	101	32	136e	Potassium Dichromate (Oxidimetric)	Jun 89	104	56
33e	LA Steel, Ni-Mo (SAE 4820)	Mar 95	101	32	139b	LA Steel, Cr-Ni-Mo (AISI 8640)	Jun 93	101	32
36b	LA Steel, Cr-Mo	Jul 69	101	32	141d	Acetanilide	In Prep	104	56
39 j	Benzoic Acid (Combustion Cal.)	May 95	203	103	142	Anisic Acid	Jul 69	104	56
40h	Sodium Oxalate (Reductometric)	May 92	104	56	143d	Cystine	In Prep	104	56
41c	Dextrose (D-Glucose) (Polarimetric)	May 93	104/204	56/111	148	Nicotine Acid	Dec 94	104	56
45d	Cu (Freezing Point)	Apr 90	203	105	152a	Carbon Steel, 0.5 C	Oct 65	101	31
49e	Lead (Freezing Point)	Apr 90	203	105	154b	Titanium Dioxide	Sep 91	111	88
50c	Tool Steel, W-Cr-V	Jun 57	101	35	155	LA Steel, Cr-W	Oct 46	101	32
53e	Bearing Metal (Pb-Sb-Sn)	Jan 70	102	49	158a	Bronze, Silicon	Aug 61	102	45
54d	Bearing Metal (Tin Base)	Sep 57	102	51	160b	Stainless Steel, Cr-Ni-Mo (AISI 316)	Jul 86	101	35
57a	Silicon Metal	May 93	101	41	163	LA Steel, 1.0 C	Jan 68	101	32
58a	Ferrosilicon (73% Si)	Apr 78	101	41	165a	Glass Sand (Low Iron)	Nov 92	111/11:	
59a	Ferrosilicon	Nov 69	101	41	166c	Stainless Steel, Carbon Only	Mar 70	101	35
64c	Ferrochromium, High Carbon	Feb 92	101	41	173b	Titanium Alloy Al-V	Dec 84	102	51
68c	Ferromanganese, High Carbon	Aug 79	101	41	176	Titanium Alloy Al-Sn		iscontinuec	
69b	Bauxite (Arkansas)	Jan 91	111	85	178	Carbon Steel, 0.4 C	Jul 69	101	31
70a	Feldspar, Potash	Nov 90	111	88	179	LA Steel, High Silicon	May 94		32
72g	LA Steel (AISI 4130)	Jun 81	101	32	180	Fluorspar, High Grade	Aug 86		84
73c	Stainless Steel, Cr (SAE 420)	Feb 92	101	35	181	Lithium Ore (Spodumene)	Oct 81		84
76a	Burnt Refractory (Al203-40%)	Mar 92	111	88	182	Lithium Ore (Petalite)	Oct 81	111	84
77a	Burnt Refractory (Al203-60%)	Mar 92	111	88	183	Lithium Ore (Lepidolite)	Oct 81	111	84
78a	Burnt Refractory (Al203-70%)	Mar 92	111	88	185g	Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate, pH	Feb 91	201	99
79a	Fluorspar, Customs Grade	Jan 80	111	84	186lf	Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate, pH	Dec 96	201	99
81a	Glass Sand	Jan 78	111/112		18611f	Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate, pH	Dec 96	201	99
82b	Cast Iron (Ni-Cr)	Apr 66	101	42	187d	Sodium Tetraborate (Borax), pH	In Prep	201	99
83d	Arsenic Trioxide (Reductometric)	Apr 95	104	56	188	Potassium Hydrogen Tartrate, pH	May 87		99
84j	Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate	Jan 93	104	56	189a	Potassium Tetroxalate, pH	Feb 91	201	99
87a	Aluminum-Silicon Alloy	Jan 91	102	44	191b	Sodium Bicarbonate, pH	In Prep		99
88b	Limestone, Dolomite	May 94	111	88	192b	Sodium Carbonate, pH	In Prep		99
89	Glass, Lead Barium	Dec 90	112	91	193	Potassium Nitrate	Nov 91	110	83
90	Ferrophosphorus	Oct 28	101	41	194	Ammonium Dihydrogen Phosphate	Sep 92	110	83
91	Glass, Opal Powder		iscontinued		195	Ferrosilicon (75% Si-HP Grade)	Apr 78	101	41
92	Low-Boron, Soda-Lime Powder	Mar 82	112	91	196	Ferrochromium, Low Carbon	Nov 70	101	41
93a	High-Boron Borosilicate	Sep 91	112	91	198	Silica Brick	Jan 60	111	88
94c	Zinc-Base Die Casting Alloy	Dec 94	102	52	199	Silica Brick	Jan 91	111	88
97b	Flint Clay	Apr 88	111	87	200a	Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate	ln Prep	110	83
98b	Plastic Clay	Apr 88	111	87	211d	Toluene		iscontinued	
99a	Feldspar, Soda	Nov 90	111	88	276b	Tungsten Carbide	Sep 94	112	90
100b	LA Steel, Manganese (SAE (T340))	Aug 59	101	32	277	Tungsten Concentrate	Oct 78	111	84

SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page
278	Obsidian Rock	Mar 92	111	88	621	Soda-Lime Container	Jan 82	112	91
291	LA Steel, Cr-Mo (ASTM A 213)	Oct 75	101	32	622	Soda-Lime Silica (Durability)	Mar 76	208	121
293	LA Steel, Cr-Ni-Mo (AISI 8620)	Mar 75	101	32	623	Borosilicate (Durability)	Mar 76	208	121
330	Copper Ore Mill Heads	Aug 91	111	84	624	Lead-Silica, for dc resistivity	Oct 77	207	121
331	Copper Ore Mill Tails	Sep 91	111	84	625	Zinc-Base A	Jun 96	102	52
334	Gray Cast Iron (Carbon & Sulfur)	Mar 82	101	42	626	Zinc-Base B	Jun 96	102	52
337a	Carbon Steel, 1.1 C (Carbon & Sulfur)	Apr 85	101	31	627	Zinc-Base C	Jun 96	102	52
338	White Cast Iron (Carbon & Sulfur)	May 93	101	42	628	Zinc-Base D	Jun 96	102	52
339	Stainless Steel, Cr-Ni-Se (SAE 303Se)	Jul 65	101	35	629	Zinc-Base E	Jun 96	102	52
341	Ductile Cast Iron	Mar 62	101	42	630	Zinc-Base F	Jun 96	102	52
342a 343a	Nodular Cast Iron Stainless Steel (AISI 431)	Mar 92 Jun 94	101 101	42 35	631 640c	Zinc Spelter (mod.) Line Position, Silicon (XRD)	Feb 95 In Prep	102 209	52 123
344	HA Steel, (Mo Precipitation Hardening)	Oct 63	101	34	641	Titanium Alloy, 8 Mn (A)	Oct 81	102	51
345a	HA Steel, (Cu Precipitation Hardening)	Jun 92	101	34	642	Titanium Alloy, 8 Mn (B)	Oct 81	102	51
346a	Valve Steel	Feb 92	101	34	643	Titanium Alloy, 8 Mn (C)	Oct 81	102	51
347	Magnesium Ferrosilicon	Aug 90	101	41	644	Titanium Alloy, Cr-Fe-Mo		iscontinued	<i>31</i>
348a	Hi Temp. Alloy, (A286) Ni-Cr	Mar 87	101	34	647	Titanium Alloy, Al-Mo-Sn-Zr	Aug 86	102	51
349a	Waspalloy™	Jan 97	102	50	648	Titanium Alloy, Al-Sn-Zr-Cr-Mo	Jun 87	102	51
350a	Benzoic Acid	Mar 95	104	56	649	Titanium Alloy, V-Al-Cr-Sn	Jul 90	102	51
351	Sodium Carbonate (Assay)	Sept 96	104	56	650	Unalloyed Titanium A	Nov 85	102	51
352c	Unalloyed Titanium, Hydrogen	Jun 90	102	52	651	Unalloyed Titanium B	Nov 85	102	51
360b	Zircaloy 4, Zr-Base Alloy	Apr 86	102	52	652	Unalloyed Titanium C	Nov 85	102	51
361	LA Steel (AISI 4340)	Feb 81	101	33	654b	Titanium Alloy, Al-V	Sep 91	102	51
362	LA Steel (AISI 94B17) (mod.)	Jun 89	101	33	656	Silicon Nitride Quant. Anal. (XRD)	Mar 95	209	123
363	LA Steel, Cr-V (mod.)	Feb 81	101	33	659	Silicon Nitride, Particle Size	Mar 92	301	127
364	LA Steel, High C (mod.)	May 93	101	33	660	Line Profile, LaB6 (XRD)	Jun 89	209	123
367	Stainless Steel (AISI 446)	Mar 95 Jan 78	101 101	35 31	661 663	LA Steel (AISI 4340)	Dec 91	101	36
368 371h	Carbon Steel (AISI 1211) Sulfur (Rubber Compound)		iscontinue		664	LA Steel, Cr-V (mod.) LA Steel, High Carbon, (mod.)	Dec 91 Dec 91	101 101	36 36
371ii	Stearic Acid (Rubber Compound)		iscontinued		665	Electrolytic Iron	Dec 91	101	36
383a	Mercaptobenzothiazole		iscontinue		670	Rutile Ore	Jan 93	111	85
386k	Styrene-Butadiene/500		iscontinue		671	Nickel Oxide 1	Sep 60	102	51
393	Unalloyed Copper-"O" (chips)	Sep 80	102	47	672	Nickel Oxide 2	Sep 60	102	51
395	Unalloyed Copper II (chips)	Jul 93	102	47	673	Nickel Oxide 3	Sep 60	102	51
396	Unalloyed Copper III (chips)	Apr 86	102	47	674a	Quant. Analysis, Set (XRD)	Jan 89	209	123
398	Unalloyed Copper V (chips)	Jul 93	102	47	675	Line Position, Mica (XRD)	Jun 82	209	123
399	Unalloyed Copper VI (chips)	Jul 93	102	47	676	Quantitative Analysis, Alumina (XRD)	May 92	209	123
400	Unalloyed Copper VII (chips)	Apr 86	102	47	679	Brick Clay	Jan 87	111	87
454	Unalloyed Copper X1 (chips)	Apr 86	102	47	680L1a	High Purity Platinum	Jul 95	104	54
457	Unalloyed Copper IV (solid)	Apr 86	102	47	680L2a	High Purity Platinum	Jul 95	104	54
458	Beryllium-Copper (17510)	Sep 92	102	45	682	High Purity Zinc	Jan 88	104	54
459 460	Beryllium-Copper (17200) Beryllium-Copper (17300)	Sep 92	102 102	45 45	683 685R	Zinc, Metal High Purity Gold	Jan 88 Oct 81	104 104	54 54
473	Optical Linewidth	Sep 92 Jan 97	207	118	685W	High Purity Gold	Oct 81	104	54
475	Optical Linewidth	Jan 92	207	118	688	Basalt Rock	Aug 81	111	88
476	Optical Linewidth	Sep 90	207	118	689	Ferrochromium Silicon	Feb 82	101	41
480	Tungsten-Molybdenum EPMA	Nov 68	103	53	690	Iron Ore Canada	Jun 92	111	85
481	Gold-Silver EPMA	Feb 69	103	53	691	Iron Oxide, Reduced	Oct 91	111	85
482	Gold-Copper EPMA	Aug 88	103	53	692	Iron Ore, Labrador	Jan 92	111	85
484g	SEM Magnification	Sept 96	207	118	693	Iron Ore, Nimba	Jul 90	111	85
487	Austenite in Ferrite, 30%	D	iscontinue	d	694	Phosphate Rock, Western	Sep 93	110/111	83/86
488	Austenite in Ferrite, 2.5%	D	iscontinue	1	696	Bauxite, Surinam	Jan 91	111	86
494	Unalloyed Copper 1 (solid)	Apr 86	102	47	697	Bauxite, Dominican	Jan 91	111	86
495	Unalloyed Copper 11 (solid)	Oct 87	102	47	698	Bauxite, Jamaican	Jan 91	111	86
496	Unalloyed Copper III (solid)	Apr 86	102	47	699	Alumina (Reduction Grade)	Dec 93	111	86
498	Unalloyed Copper V (solid)	May 93		47	705a	Polystyrene	Jul 90	202/203	
499	Unalloyed Copper V1 (solid)	Mar 86		47	706	Polystyrene	Apr 95	202	101
500	Unalloyed Copper VII (solid)	Mar 86		47	709	Extra Dense Lead	Jun 74	208	122
600	Bauxite, Australian	Jan 91	111	85	710a	Soda-Lime Silica Glass	Mar 91	208	121/12
607	Potassium Feldspar	May 73		92	711a	Lead-Silica Glass	In Prep		121
610	Trace Elements in Glass	Jan 92 Jan 92	112 112	92 92	713 714	Dense Barium Crown Glass 620/603 Alkaline Earth Glass	Oct 65 Oct 65	208 208	122 122
611 612	Trace Elements in Glass Trace Elements in Glass	Jan 92 Jan 92	112	92 92	714	Neutral Glass	Sep 66	208	122
613	Trace Elements in Glass Trace Elements in Glass	Jan 92 Jan 92	112	92 92	717a	Borosilicate	Sep 96	208	121/12
614	Trace Elements in Glass Trace Elements in Glass	Jan 92 Jan 92	112	92	720	Synthetic Sapphire (Heat Capacity)	Apr 82	203	104
615	Trace Elements in Glass	Jan 92 Jan 92	112	92	723c	Tris (Basimetric)	In Prep	104	56
616	Trace Elements in Glass	Jan 92 Jan 92	112	92	723c 724a	Tris (Heat of Soln.)	-	iscontinued	50
617	Trace Elements in Glass	Jan 92	112	92	72 4 a 726	Selenium, Intermediate Purity	Jan 67	104	54
	Soda Lime, Flat	Jan 82	112	91					

SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page
728	Zinc, Intermediate Purity	Jul 96	I04	54	931e	Liquid Filters, Absorbance	Apr 97	204	108/110
731LI	Borosilicate Glass (Therm. Expansion)	Jul 93	203	107	934	Clinical Thermometer	Oct 92	203	106
731L2	Borosilicate Glass (Therm. Expansion)	Jul 93	203	107	935a	Potassium Dichromate, UV Absorbance	Apr 88	204	108/110
73 IL3	Borosilicate Glass (Therm. Expansion)	Jul 93	203	107	936a	Quinine Sulfate, Fluorescence	Dec 94	204	110
736L1	Copper Therm. Exp.	Oct 90	203	107	937	Iron Metal (Clinical)	Sep 95	105	62
738	Stainless Steel (Ther. Expansion)	May 93	203	107	938	4-Nitrophenol	Aug 95	105	62
739L1	Fused Silica (Ther. Resist.)	Dec 91	203	107	951	Boric Acid, Assay and Isotopic	Feb 69	105	56/60
739L2 739L3	Fused Silica (Ther. Resist.)	Dec 91	203	107	952	Boric Acid 95% enr. 10B	Feb 69	104	60
739L3 740a	Fused Silica (Ther. Resis.) Zinc (Freezing Point)	Dec 9I Nov 90	203 203	107	953 055b	Neutron Density Monitor Wire	Mar 69	205	112 62
740a 741	Tin (Freezing Point)	Jun 90	203	105 105	955b 956a	Lead in Blood Electrolytes in Frozen Human Serum	Dec 94 Nov 96	105 105	62/63
742	Alumina (Reference Point)	Jul 90	203	105	950a 963a	Fission Track Glass U-1 mg/g	Feb 84	205	112
743	Mercury (Triple Point)	Jul 90	203	105	965	Glucose in Frozen Human Serum	Dec 96	105	62/63
745	Gold-Vapor Pressure	Aug 90	203	106	966	Toxic Elements in Blood	In Prep	105	62
746	Cadmium-Vapor Pressure	Jan 91	203	106	968b	Fat-Sol. Vit. & Chol. in Serum	Aug 95	105	62/63
767a	Thermometric Fixed Point	Feb 92	203	104	975a	Chlorine (Isotopic)	In Prep	104	60
769	Aluminum (Residual Resist. Ratio)	Nov 82	206	117	976	Copper (Isotopic)	Jan 94	104	60
773	Soda-Lime-Silica (Glass Liquidus)	Nov 80	208	121	977	Bromine (Isotopic)	Mar 65	104	60
774	Lead-Silica (Dielectric Constant)	Jul 82	208	I21	978a	Silver (Isotopic)	Sep 84	104	60
78 I D2	Molybdenum (Heat Capacity)	Apr 77	203	104	979	Chromium (Isotopic)	May 66	104	60
855a	Aluminum Casting Alloy 356	Jan 90	102	44	980	Magnesium (Isotopic)	Jan 67	104	60
856a	Aluminum Casting Alloy 380	Jan 90	102	44	981	Natural Lead (Isotopic)	Mar 91	104	60
858	Aluminum Alloy 601 I	Mar 95	102	44	982	Equal Atom Lead (Isotopic)	Mar 91	104	60
859	Aluminum Alloy 7075	Jun 80	102	44	983	Radiogenic Lead (Isotopic)	Mar 91	104	60
862	High Temp. Alloy L605	Oct 91	101/10	2 34/44	984	Rubidium Assay (Isotopic)	Jul 70	I04	60
864	Inconel™, 600	May 84	102	50	985	Potassium Assay (Isotopic)	Aug 79	104	60
865	Inconel™, 625	May 84	102	50	986	Nickel (Isotopic)	May 90	104	60
866	Incoloy™, 800	May 84	102	39	987	Strontium Assay and Isotopic	Oct 82	104	56/60
867	Incoloy™, 825	May 84	102	39	989	Rhenium Assay (Isotopic)	Feb 74	104	60
868	High Temp. Alloy Fe-Ni-Co	Apr 93	IO1	34	990	Silicon Assay (Isotopic)	Aug 74	104	60
869	LC Column Selectivity	Mar 90	109	75	991	Lead-206 Spike Assay and Isotopic	Mar 76	104	60
871	Bronze, Phosphor (CDA 521)	Aug 79		45	994	Gallium (Isotopic)	Feb 86	104	60
872	Bronze, Phosphor (CDA 544)	Aug 79		45	997	Thallium (Isotopic)	Jul 86	104	60
874	Cupro-Nickel, 10% (CDA 706) "H-P"	Jan 78	102	45	998	Angiotensin I (Human)	Jan 83	105	62
875	Cupro-Nickel, 10% (CDA 706) "Doped"	Jan 78	102	45	999a	Potassium Chloride (Assay)	Apr 95	104	56
879	Nickel Silver, (CDA 762)	Jun 79	102	45	1001	X-Ray Film Step Tablet	Oct 97	204	111
880	Nickel Silver, (CDA 770)	Jun 79	102	45	1002d	Hard Board (Surface Flammability)	Aug 89	305	131
882	Alloy Ni-Cu-Al	Aug 79		50	m .	Glass (Particle Size) Glass (Particle Size)	Sep 93 Dec 93	301 301	127
885 886	Refined Copper Gold, Ore Refractory	Mar 91 Mar 95	111	54 86		Alpha-Cellulose (Smoke Density)		iscontinue	127
887	Cemented Carbide (W83-Co10)	Sep 88	112	90	1000c	Plastic, (Smoke Density)	Apr 91	305	131
888	Cemented Carbide (W64-Co25-Ta5)	Sep 88	112	90	10078	Photographic Step Tablet	In Prep		111
889	Cemented Carbide (W75-Co9-Ta5-Ti4)	Sep 88	112	90	1010a	Microcopy Test Chart	Jun 90	204	111
890	Cast Iron, HC250+V	Apr 82	101	42	1012	Flooring Radiant Panel	Sep 84	305	13I
89I	Cast Iron, Ni-Hard, Type I	Apr 82	10 I	42	1017b	Glass (Particle Size)	Aug 95	301	127
892	Cast Iron, Ni-Hard, Type IV	Apr 82	101	42	1018b	Glass (Particle Size)	Apr. 97		127
893	Stainless Steel (SAE 405)	Mar 92		35	I019b	Glass (Particle Size)	Jul 97	301	127
895	Stainless Steel (SAE 201)	Dec 91	101	35	I034	Unalloyed Copper	Feb 82	102	45
897	"Tracealloy" A	Aug 83	102	50	1035	Leaded-Tin Bronze Alloy	Feb 82	102	45
898	"Tracealloy" B	Aug 83		50	1048	Smoke Toxicity (Cup Furnace)	Nov 91	305	131
899	"Tracealloy" C	Aug 83	102	50	1049	Smoke Toxicity (Univ. Pitts.)	Nov 92	305	131
900	Antiepilepsy Drug (4) Level	Apr 79	105	62	1051b	Barium (Metallo-Organic)	Jun 91	114	95
909b	Human Serum	Oct 97	I05	62/63	1052b	Vanadium (Metallo-Organic)	Apr 93	114	95
910	Sodium Pyruvate	May 81	105	62	1053a	Cadmium (Metallo-Organic)	Jan 70	114	95
911b	Cholesterol	Apr 94	105	62	1057b	Tin (Metallo-Organic)	Aug 68	114	95
912a	Urea	Dec 90	105	62	1059c	Lead (Metallo-Organic)	Sep 87	114	95
913	Uric Acid	Sep 68	I05	62	1060a	Lithium (Metallo-Organic)	Apr 64	114	95
914a	Creatinine	Feb 94	105	62	I065b	Nickel (Metallo-Organic)	Nov 93	114	95
915a	Calcium Carbonate (Clinical)	Jan 95	105	62	1066a	Silicon (Metallo-Organic)	Jun 91	114	95
916a	Bilirubin	Jun 89	105	62	1069ь	Sodium (Metallo-Organic)	Jun 91	114	95
917a	D-Glucose (Dextrose-Clinical)	Aug 89	105	62	1070a	Strontium (Metallo-Organic)	Apr 64	114	95
918a	Potassium Chloride (Clinical)	Apr 95	105	62	1071b		Sep 91	114	95
919a	Sodium Chloride (Clinical)	Feb 91	105	62	1073b		Sep 86	114	95
920	D-Mannitol	Jan 72	105	62	1075a	Aluminum (Metallo-Organic)	Oct 67	114	95
92 I	Cortisol (Hydrocortisone)	Feb 93	105	62	1077a		Feb 68	114	95
924a	Lithium Carbonate (Clinical)	Jun 95	105	62	1078Ь		Jul 72	114	95
925	VMA (Clinical)	May 73		62	1079b		Feb 69	114	95
927c	Bovine Serum Albumin	In Prep		62/63	1080a	Copper (Metallo-Organics)	Feb 69	114	95
	Land Misses (Clinical)	Apr 94	105	62	1083	Wear Metals (Base Oil)	Jul 91	114	96
928	Lead Nitrate (Clinical)	•							
	Magnesium Gluconate Glass Filters, Transmittance	Mar 93 Jun 96	105 204	62 108/110	1084a 1085a	Wear Metals Wear Metals	Apr 91 Apr 91	114 114	96 96

SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page
									8-
1090	Ingot Iron, Oxygen	Nov 85	101	34	1244	Inconel™ 600	May 84	101	50
1091a	Stainless Steel (AISI 431)	Nov 85	101	34	1245a	Inconel™ 625	May 84	101	50
1093	Valve Steel, Oxygen	Nov 84	101	34	1246	Incoloy™ 800	May 84	101	39
1094	Maraging Steel	Nov 84	101	34	1247	Incoloy™ 825	May 84	101	39
1095	Steel (AISI 4340) [see SRM 1089]	Apr 86	101	34	C1248	Nickel-Copper Alloy	Dec 86	102	50
1096	Steel (AISI 94B17) [see SRM 1089]	Apr 86	101	34	1249	Inconel™ 718	Маг 96	102	50
1097	Cr-V Steel (mod.) [see SRM 1089]	Apr 86	101	34	1250	High Temp. Alloy Fe-Ni-Co	Jul 93	101	39
1098	Steel (High Carbon) [see SRM 1089]	Apr 86	101	34	C1252	Phos. Copper 1X	Apr 86	102	47
1099	Electrolytic Iron [see SRM 1089]	Apr 86	101	34	C1253	Phos Copper X	Ε	Discontinue	t
1104	Free-Cutting Brass	Aug 65	102	46	1254	LA Steel (Ca only)	Apr 82	101	36
1107	Naval Brass B	Nov 81	102	46	1258	Aluminum Alloy 6011	May 78	102	44
1108	Naval Brass C	Nov 81	102	46	1259	Aluminum Alloy 7075	May 78	102	44
1110	Red Brass B	Oct 81	102	46	1261a	LA Steel (AISI 4340)	May 93	101	36
1111	Red Brass C	Oct 81	102	46	1262b	LA Steel (AISI 94B17)	Oct 92	101	36
1112	Gilding Metal A (disk)	Oct 81	102	46	1263a	LA Steel Cr-V (mod.)	Feb 81	101	36
C1112	Gilding Metal A (block)	Oct 81	102	46	1264a	LA Steel, High Carbon (mod.)	Jan 88	101	36
1113	Gilding Metal B (disk)	Oct 81	102	46	1265a	Electrolytic Iron	Jun 89	101	36
C1113	Gilding Metal B (block)	Oct 81	102	46	1269	Line Pipe (AISI 1521 mod.)	Jun 81	101	36
1114	Gilding Metal C (disk)	Oct 81	102	46	1270	LA Steel, Cr-Mo (A336) (F-22)	Jun 81	101	36
C1114	Gilding Metal C (block)	Oct 81	102	46	1271	LA Steel (HSLA-100)	Oct 91	101	36
1115	Commercial Bronze A (disk)	Nov 81	102	46	1276a	Cupro-Nickel (CDA 715)	Jun 89	102	46
C1115	Commercial Bronze A (block)	Nov 81	102	46	C1285	LA Steel (A242) (mod.)	Jun 82	101	36
1116	Commercial Bronze B (disk)	Nov 81	102	46	1286	LA Steel HY 80	Mar 92	101	36
C1116	Commercial Bronze B (block)	Nov 81	102	46	C1287	Stainless Steel (AISI 310 mod.)	Jun 81	101	40
1117	Commercial Bronze C (disk)	Nov 81	102	46	C1288	Stainless Steel (A-743)	Aug 81	101	40
C1117	Commercial Bronze C (block)	Nov 81	102	46	C1289	Stainless Steel (AISI 414 mod.)		Discontinue	
C1117	Beryllium-Copper (block)	Dec 81	102	46	C1289	High Alloy (HC-250 + V)	Jan 85	101	43
C1123	Beryllium-Copper (block)		iscontinued		C1290	High Alloy (Ni-Hard, Type I)	Jan 85	101	43
1128	Ti Alloy, V-Al-Cr-Sn	Jul 91	102	51	C1291	High Alloy (Ni-Hard, Type IV)	Jan 85	101	43
1129	Solder 63Sn-37Pb		102	49	1295				40
	Solder 60Pb-40Sn	May 89 Oct 81	102		C1296	Stainless Steel (SAE 405)	Mar 92	101	40
1131				49		Stainless Steel 28Cr-3Mo (SAE 460)	Dec 91	101	
1132	Bearing Metal (Pb-Sn)	Nov 94	102	49	1297 1357	Stainless Steel Cr-Ni-Mn (SAE 201)	Dec 91	101	40
1134	LA Steel, High Silicon	Apr 70	101	36		Cu & Cr Coating on Steel	Jul 91	207	119
1135	LA Steel, High Silicon	Jul 72	101	36	1358a	Cu & Cr Coating on Steel	In Prep	207	119
		Sep 96	101	43	1359	Cu & Cr Coating on Steel	Jul 91	207	119
1138a	Cast Steel (No. 1)	Jan 77	101	43	1360	Cu & Cr Coating on Steel	Jul 91	207	119
1139a	Cast Steel (No. 2)	Jan 77	101	43	1361a	Cu & Cr Coating on Steel	Jul 91	207	119
	White Cast Iron	Jan 88	101	. 43	1362b	Cu & Cr Coating on Steel	In Prep	207	119
	White Cast Iron		iscontinued		1363a	Cu & Cr Coating on Steel	Jul 91	207	119
	Stainless Steel 23Cr-7Ni	Dec 92	101	40	1364a	Cu & Cr Coating on Steel	Jul 91	207	119
	Stainless Steel 18Cr-11Ni	Feb 90	101	40	1371	Gold Coating on Fe-Ni-Co Alloy		Discontinue	
	Stainless Steel 17Cr-9Ni	Sep 90	101	40	1373	Gold Coating on Fe-Ni-Co Alloy		Discontinue	
	Stainless Steel 19Cr-13Ni	Jun 92	101	40	1374	Gold Coating on Fe-Ni-Co Alloy		Discontinue	
1155	Stainless Steel Cr-Ni-Mo (AISI 316)	Aug 69	101	40	1400	Bone Ash	Dec 92	105	62
1157	Specialty Steel, Tool (AISI M2)	Aug 73	101	40	1411	Soft Borosilicate Glass	Aug 85	112	91
1158	Specialty Steel, High Nickel (Ni36)	Dec 77	101	40	1412	Multicomponent Glass	Aug 85	112	91
1159	Elec/Mag Ni-Fe	Aug 81	102	50	1413	Glass Sand (High Alumina)	Aug 85	111/112	
1160	Elec/Mag Ni-Mo-Fe	Aug 81	102	50	1414	Lead-Silica (Resistivity)		Discontinue	
1171	Stainless Steel Cr-Ni-Ti (AISI 321)	May 93	101	40	1416	Glass Al-Silicate (Glass Liquidus)		Discontinue	
1172	Stainless Steel Cr-Ni-Nb (AISI 348)	Jul 71	101	40	1449	Fumed Silica Board	Jan 89	203	107
1173	Ni-Cr-Mo-V Steel	Jun 89	101	43	1450c	Fibrous Glass Board	Mar 97	203	107
C1173	Cast Steel 3	Jan 89	101	43	1452	Fibrous Glass Blanket	Apr 86	203	107
1216	Carbon Modified Silicon	Nov 87	106	69	1453	Expanded Polystyrene Board	Dec 96	203	107
1218	LA Steel, High Silicon	Nov 84	101	36	1457	Superconducting Nb-Ti Wire	Jun 84	206	117
1219	Stainless Steel Cr-Ni (AISI 431)	Sep 85	101	40	1459	Fumed Silica Board	Jan 89	203	107
C1221	LA Carbon (AISI 1211)	Apr 93	101	36	1461	Stainless Steel (Therm./Elec. Resist.)	May 84	203/206	107/
1222	LA Steel, Cr-Ni-Mo (AISI 8640)	Sep 90	101	36	1462	Stainless Steel (Therm./Elect. Resist.)	May 84	203/20€	107/
1223	Chromium Steel	May 93	101	40	1473a	Polyethylene Resin	Aug 95	202	101
1224	LA Steel, Carbon (AISI 1078)	Feb 81	101	36	1474	Polyethylene Resin	Apr 90	202	101
1225	LA Steel (AIS1 4130)	Mar 83	101	36	1475a	Polyethylene, Linear	Jun 96	202	101
1226	LA Steel	Sep 96	101	36	1478	Polystyrene, Narrow Mol. Wt.	Jul 92	202	101
1227	LA Steel, Basic Open Hearth, 1% C	Mar 83	101	36	1479	Polystyrene, Narrow Mol. Wt.	Mar 92	202	101
1228	LA Steel, 0.1% C	Jun 93	101	36	1479	Polyurethane	Aug 92	202	101
1230	High Temp. Alloy, A286	Jun 87	101	39	1480 1482a	Polyethylene, Linear	Dec 97	202	101
								202	101
1233	Specialty Steel, Valve Steel	Mar 92	101	40	1483	Polyethylene, Linear	Mar 76		
1235	Zirconium B for Hf		iscontinued		1484a	Polyethylene, Linear	Oct 92	202	101
1242	High Temp. Alloy L-605	Nov 91	102	44	1486	Bone Meal	Dec 92	105	62
1243	Waspaloy™	Jan 89	102	50	1487	Poly (methylmethacrylate)	Jun 89	202	10

SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Pag
1488	Poly (methylmethacrylate)	Feb 88	202	101	1658a	CH4/Air, 1 µmol/mol	Jun 93	107	71
1489	Poly (methylmethacrylate)	Mar 86	202	101	1659a	CH4/Air, 10 µmol/mol	Aug 97	107	71
491	Arom. Hydro/Hexane Toluene	Aug 89	109	75	1660a	CH4-C3H8/Air, 1 µmol/mol	Nov 95	107	71
492	Chlor. Pesticides/Hexane	Apr 92	109	75	1661a	SO2/N2, 500 µmol/mol	Feb 97	107	71
493	PCB Congeners	Feb 95	109	75	1662a	SO2/N2, 1000 µmol/mol	Feb 97	107	7
496	Polyethylene Gas Pipe Resin	Sep 88	202	101	1663a	SO2/N2, 1500 µmol/mol	Feb 97	107	7
497	Polyethylene Gas Pipe Resin	Jul 87	202	101	1664a	SO2/N2, 2500 μmol/mol	Aug 96	107	7
507b	THC-COOH in Urine	Nov 94	105	64	1665b	C3H8/Air, 3 µmol/mol	May 97	107	7
508a	Cocaine Metab. in Urine	In Prep	105	64	1666b	C3H8/Air, 10 µmol/mol	May 97	107	7
511	Multi-Drugs of Abuse in Urine	Sep 94	105	65	1667b	C3H8/Air, 50 µmol/mol	Feb 97	107	7
514	Thermal Analysis Purity Set (DSC)	Jul 84	203	104	1668b	C3H8/Air, 100 μmol/mol	Jan 97	107	7
515	Apple Leaves	Jan 93	110	82	1669b	C3H8/Air, 500 µmol/mol	Oct 96	107	, 7
543	GC/MS and LS System Performance	Aug 84	109	75	1670a	CO2/Air, 300 µmol/mol		iscontinue	
544	Diet Composite Peach Leaves	Feb 96	110	80	1671a	CO2/Air, 340 µmol/mol	In Prep	107	7
547		Jan 92	110	82	1672a	CO2/Air, 350 µmol/mol	In Prep	107	7
548a 549	Typical Diet Non-Fat Milk Powder	In Prep	110	80 79	1674b	CO2/N2, mol 7%	In Prep	107	7 7
		Jul 85	110		1675b	CO2/N2, mol 14%	In Prep	107	
563 566b	Coconut Oil Oyster Tissue	Nov 96 In Prep	110 110	80 79	1677c 1678c	CO/N2, 10 µmol/mol CO/N2, 50 µmol/mol	Mar 94 Nov 95	107 107	7
567a	Wheat Flour	Sep 88	110	79 79	1678c	CO/N2, 30 μmol/mol	Jun 97	107	7
568a	Rice Flour	Jan 88	110	79	1680b	CO/N2, 100 µmol/mol	Nov 95	107	7
570a	Trace Elements in Spinach Leaves	Jul 96	110	82	1680b	CO/N2, 1000 µmol/mol	Nov 95	107	7
573a	Tomato Leaves	Nov 95	110	82	1683b	NO/N2, 50 μmol/mol	Dec 97	107	7
575a	Pine Needles	Feb 93	110	82	1684b	NO/N2, 100 μmol/mol	In Prep	107	7
577b	Bovine Liver	Aug 91	110	79	1685b	NO/N2, 250 μmol/mol	Nov 96	107	7
580	Shale Oil	Nov 80	109	75	1686b	NO/N2, 500 µmol/mol	Sep 96	107	7
581	PCBs in Oil	Jun 90	109	75	1687b	NO/N2, 1000 µmol/mol	Nov 96	107	7
582	Petroleum Crude Oil	Jan 84	109	75	1690	Polystyrene (Particle Size)	Dec 82	301	1
584	Phenols in Methanol	Apr 84	109	75	1691	Polystyrene (Particle Size)	May 84	301	1
586	Isotope Label Pollutants	Oct 84	109	75	1692	Polystyrene (Particle Size)	May 91	301	1
587	Nitro PAH in Methanol	Jun 85	109	75	1693a	SO2/N2, 50 µmol/mol	Aug 96	107	7
588a	Organics in Cod Liver Oil	In Prep	109	75	1694a	SO2/N2, 100 µmol/mol	Aug 96	107	7
589a	PCBs (Aroclor 1260) in Human Serum	In Prep	109	75	1696a	SO2/N2, 3500 μmol/mol	Sep 96	107	7
595	Tripalmitin	Jul 83	105	62	1700a	CO2/N2, 10 mol (Blood Gas) %	_	iscontinue	d
596	Nitropyrenes in Methylene Chloride	Jul 87	109	75	1701a	CO2-5%, O2-12 mol (Blood Gas) %/N2	D	iscontinue	d
1597	Complex PAH Mix	May 92	109	75	1702a	CO2-5%, O2-20 mol (Blood Gas) %/N2	D	iscontinue	d
598	Inorg. Const. in Bovine Serum	Jan 90	105	62	1703a	CO2-10%, O2-7 mol (Blood Gas) %/N2	D	iscontinue	d
599	2 Anticonvulsant Drugs	Aug 82	105	62	1710	Aluminum Alloy 3004	Jun 93	102	4
614	Dioxin in Iso octane	Jul 85	109	75	1711	Aluminum Alloy 3004	Jun 93	102	4
616a	Sulfur in Kerosene	Sep 95	108	73	1712	Aluminum Alloy 3004	Jun 93	102	4
617a	Sulfur in Kerosene	Jul 95	108	73	1713	Aluminum Alloy 5182	Jun 93	102	4
618	Vanadium & Nickel in Fuel Oil	May 85	108	72	1714	Aluminum Alloy 5182	Jun 93	102	4
619a	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Apr 91	108	73	1715	Aluminum Alloy 5182	Jun 93	102	4
620b	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Jul 90	108	73	1744	Aluminum (Freezing Point)	Nov 94	203	10
621e	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Jul 96	108	73	1745	Indium (Freezing Point)	In Prep	203	10
622e	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Apr 97	108	73	1746	Silver (Freezing Point)	Jul 93	203	10
623c	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Jul 96	108	73	1747	Tin (Freezing Point)	Mar 97	203	10
624c	Sulfur in Distillate Fuel Oil	Jun 97	108	73	1748	Zinc (Freezing Point)	Mar 97	203	10
625	SO2 Permeation Tube-10 cm	May 95	107	71	1754	Steel (AISI 4320)	Feb 89	101	3
626	SO2 Permeation Tube-5 cm	May 95	107	. 71	1761	LA Steel	Apr 92	101	3
627	SO2 Permeation Tube-2 cm		iscontinuec		1762	LA Steel	Apr 92	101	3
629a	NO2 Permeation Device 1 cm		iscontinue		1763	LA Steel	Apr 92	101	3
632b	Trace Elements in Coal (Bituminous)	Jun 97	108	73/74	1764	LA Steel	Feb 93	101	3
633b	Trace Elements in Coal Fly Ash	Jun 93	108	74	1765	LA Steel	Feb 93	101	3
634c	Trace Elements in Fuel Oil	Aug 95	108	72	1766	LA Steel	Feb 93	101	3
635	Trace Elements in Coal (Subbituminous)	Oct 95	108	73/74	1767	LA Steel	Jun 93	101	3
639	Halocarbons (in methanol)	Apr 83	109	75	1768	High-Purity Iron	Dec 91	101	3
640	Natural Water	Oct 97	106	68	1772	Tool Steel (S-7)	Oct 95	101	4
641c	Mercury in Water	Jun 93	106	68	1776	Naval Brass WK1	Jul 95	102	4
643d	Trace Elements in Water	Jul 95	106/11	68	1777	Naval Brass WK2	Jul 95	102	4
646a	Estuarine Sediment	Jan 95	106/11		1778	Naval Brass WK3	Jul 95	102	4
647d	Priority Pollutant PAHs	Oct 96	109	75	1779	Naval Brass WK4	Jul 95	102 102	4
648 649a	Urban Particulate Matter	Aug 91	106	68/69 75	1780	Naval Brass WK5	Jul 95	102	4
11442	Urban Dust/Organics	In Prep	109	75 75	1781	Free-Cutting Brass WN1	In Prep	102	4
		In Prep	109	13	1782	Free-Cutting Brass WN2	In Prep	102	
1650a	Diesel Particulate Matter	_	202	102	1702	Free-Cutting Proce W/M2	In Dear	102	
1650a 1655 1656	KCI Solution Calorimetry Thianthrene Combustion Calorimetry	Mar 81 Jan 85	203 203	103 103	1783 1784	Free-Cutting Brass WN3 Free-Cutting Brass WN4	In Prep In Prep	102 102	4

SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page
786	Cartridge Brass MH1	1n Prep	102	48	1907	Microhardness, Ni-Knoop	Mar 95	302	129
1787	Cartridge Brass MH2	ln Prep	102	48	1920a	Near IR Reflectance	In Prep	204	111
1788	Cartridge Brass MH3	In Prep	102	48	1921	1R Transmission Wavelength	Jun 97	204	108/13
1789	Cartridge Brass MH4	In Prep	102	48	1923	Poly(ethylene oxide)	Jun 94	202	101
1790	Cartridge Brass MH5	In Prep	102	48	1924	Poly(ethylene oxide)	Jun 94	202	101
1791	Gilding Metal M11	In Prep	102	49	1930	Glass Filters, Transmittance	Aug 94	204	109/1
792	Gilding Metal M12	ln Prep	102	49	1931	Fluorescence Spectra	D	Discontinue	d
793	Gilding Metal M13	In Prep	102	49	1939a	PCBs in River Sediment A	Oct 90	109	75
794	Gilding Metal M14	In Prep	102	49	1941a	Organics in Marine Sediment	Mar 94	109	75
795	Gilding Metal M15	In Prep	102	49	1944	NY/NJ Waterway Sediment	In Prep	109	75
800	Organic Compounds/N2 (large)	Dec 93	107	71	1945	Organics in Whale Blubber	Jun 94	109	75
800a	Organic Compounds/N2 (small)	Aug 97	107	71	1951a	Cholesterol in Human Serum	Jun 97	105	62/63
804a	Tox. Organic Compounds/N2	Nov 92	107	71	1952a	Cholesterol in Human Serum	Jan 90	105	62
810a	Linerboard	May 97	309	132	1960	Polystyrene (Particle Size)	Apr 85	301	127
811	Aromatic Organics/N2	-	scontinued		1961	Polystyrene (Particle Size)	Jan 87	301	127
812	Aromatic Organics/N2		scontinued		1963	Polystyrene (Particle Size)	Nov 93	301	127
815a	n-Heptane (Fuel Rating)	Mar 85	108	73	1965	Polystyrene (on Slide)(Particle Size)	Jan 87	301	127
	-		108	73					
816a	Isooctane (Fuel Rating)	Mar 85			1967	Platinum Thermoelement Material	Jul 90	203	106
817c	Catalyst Package IIID	Jun 92	114	96	1968	Gallium (Melting Point)	Mar 91	203	105
818a	Chlorine in Lub. Base Oil	Apr 94	114	95	1969	Rubidium (Triple Point)	Mar 91	203	105
819a	Sulfur in Lub. Base Oil	Арг 94	114	95	1970	Succinonitrile (Triple Point)	Apr 91	203	105
820	Borosilicate Glass (Refractive Index)	Sep 74	209	122	1971	Indium (Freezing Point)	Aug 90	203	105
822	Soda-Lime Glass (Refractive Index)	Dis	scontinued		1972 '	1,3-Dioxolan-2-one (Triple Point)	May 94	203	105
826a	Soda-Lime Glass (Density)	Feb 96	209	122	1973	n-Docosane (Triple Point)	May 93	203	105
827a	Lead Silica Glass (Density)	Feb 96	209	122	1974a	Organics in Mussel Tissue	Jul 97	109	75
828a	Ethanol-Water Soln.	Jun 96	105	64	1976	Instrument Intensity, Alumina (XRD)	Nov 91	209	123
829	Alcohols in Ref. Fuels	Mar 86	108	72	1978	Zirconium Oxide (Particle Size)	Oct 93	301	127
830	Soda Lime Float (Glass)	Apr 97	112	91	1980	Electrophoretic Mobility (Positive)	Mar 94	301	128
831	Soda Lime Sheet (Glass)	Apr 97	112	91	1982	Thermal Spray Zirconia (Particle Size)	Nov 96	301	127
832	Thin Glass Film (XRF)	•	scontinued	,,	1990	Ruby Sphere (XRD)	In Prep	209	123
833			ut of Stock	68	2003	First Surface Aluminum on Glass	Mar 96	204	110
	Thin Glass Film (XRF)			91					
834	Fused Ore (Glass)	Jul 90	112		2011	First Surface, Gold on Aluminum	May 92	204	110
835	Borate Ore	Sep 87	111	86	2015	Opal Glass (Reflectance)	May 82	204	111
836	Nitrogen in Lub. Base Oil	Dec 89	114	95	2023	Second Surface, Aluminum on Quartz	Sep 92	204	110
837	Methanol, Butanol (Fossil Fuel)	Mar 86	108	72	2026	First Surface, Black Glass	Oct 92	204	110
838	Ethanol (Fossil Fuel)	Mar 86	108	72	2030a	Glass Filters, Transmittance	Oct 93	204	109/
839	Methanol (Fossil Fuel)	Mar 86	108	72	2031a	Metal-on-Quartz Filters, Transmittance	Jul 97	204	109/
842	X-Ray Stage Calib., X and Y Dimen.	Nov 93	209	123	2032	Potassium Iodide,Stray Light	Oct 79	204	109/
843	X-Ray Stage Calib., Z Dimen.	Nov 93	209	123	2034	Holmium Oxide Wavelength	Jul 96	204	109/
845	Cholesterol in Egg Powder	Арг 94	110	80	2063a	Mineral Glass (Thin Film)	Feb 93	103	53
846	Infant Formula (milk-based)	May 96	110	80	2069b	SEM Performance	May 91	207	118
850	Penetrant Test Block	Aug 97	303	130	2071b	Sinusoidal Roughness	In Prep	302	129
851	Penetrant Test Block	Арг 84	303	130	2073a	Sinusoidal Roughness	Oct 95	302	129
853	Magnetic Particle Test Ring	Арг 92	303	130	2074	Sinusoidal Roughness	Jun 92	302	129
857	Tool Steel (Abrasive Wear)	Mar 83	302	129	2075	Sinusoidal Roughness	Jan 94	302	129
866a	Common Commercial Asbestos	Jun 91	105	67	2083	Socketed Ball Bar	Aug 85	309	132
867	Uncommon Commercial Asbestos		105	67	2083	CMM Probe Performance	Oct 96	309	132
		Aug 93							
868	Asbestos in Building Materialsk	In Prep	105	67	2084R	CMM Probe (10-mm sphere)	Jun 96	309	132
872	Synthetic Glass	May 84	103	53	2085	CMM Probe (25-mm sphere)	Jun 96	309	132
873	Synthetic Glass	May 84	103	53	2090	SEM Magnification	In Prep	207	118
876b	Chrysotile Asbestos	Jan 92	105	67	2092	Low Energy Charpy	Feb 97	309	132
878a	Respirable α-Quartz	ln Prep	105/209		2096	High Energy Charpy	Feb 97	309	132
879a	Respirable Cristobalite	In Prep	105	66	2098	Super High Energy Charpy	Feb 97	309	132
880	Portland Cement, Black	Jan 93	113	93	2108	Chromium (111) Speciation	In Prep	104	60
881	Portland Cement, White	Jan 89	113	93	2109	Chromium (V1) Speciation	Aug 95	104	60
882	Portland Cement, Orange	Jul 90	113	93	2134	Arsenic Depth Profile	In Prep	207	118
383	Portland Cement, Silver	Jul 90	113	93	2135c	Nickel-Chromium Depth Profile	In Prep	207	118
384	Portland Cement, Ivory	Sep 89	113	93	2136	Chromium/Chromium Oxide Depth Profile	Mar 91	207	118
385	Portland Cement, Turquoise	Sep 89	113	93	2137	Boron Implant in Silicon Depth Profile	Apr 93	207	118
886	Portland Cement, Turquose Portland Cement, Cranberry	Sep 89	113	93	2141	Urea	Aug 70	104	56
		-					-		56
887	Portland Cement, Brown	Sep 89	113	93	2142	0-Bromobenzoic Acid	Sep 70	104	
888	Portland Cement, Purple	Sep 89	113	93	2143	p-Fluorobenzoic Acid	Jan 82	104	56
889	Portland Cement, Gray	Sep 89	113	93	2144	m-Chlorobenzoic Acid	Apr 73	104	56
893	Microhardness, Cu-Knoop	Mar 95	302	129	2151	Nicotinic Acid (Comb. Calorimetry)	Jan 85	203	103
894	Microhardness, Cu-Vickers	Nov 94	302	129	2152	Urea (Comb. Calorimetry)	Jan 85	203	103
895	Microhardness, Ni-Knoop	Mar 95	302	129	2159	LA Steel, Carbon & Sulfur only	Mar 90	101	33
896	Microhardness, Ni-Vickers	Mar 95	302	129	2160	LA Steel, Carbon & Sulfur only	Mar 90	101	33
899	Specific Surface Area (BET)	Jun 97	301	128	2165	LA Steel, E	Jun 89	101	33
900	Specific Surface Area (BET)	In Prep	301	128	2166	LA Steel, F	Jun 89	101	33
905	Microhardness, Ni-Knoop	Mar 92	302	129	2167	LA Steel, G	Jun 89	101	33
	Principliandiscoo, 131-151100p	IVIAI 72	302	147	2107	Lit Sicci, O	Jun 07	101	23

SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page
2168	High Purity Iron	Dec 91	101	33	2533	Si/SiO2 Thickness-200 nm	Jul 92	207	120
2171	LA Steel, (HSLA 100)	Oct 91	101	32	2534	Si/SiO2 Thickness-25 nm	Jul 92	207	120
2172	S-7 Tool Steel	Dec 96	101	35	2535	Si/SiO2 Thickness-14 nm	Sep 94	207	120
2181	HEPES Free Acid	Mar 92	201	99	2536	Si/SiO2 Thickness-10 nm	Sep 94	207	120
2182	HEPES ate	Mar 92	201	99	2541	Silicon Resistivity	In Prep	206	117
2183	MOPSO Free Acid	Mar 92	201	99	2542	Silicon Resistivity	In Prep	206	117
2184	MOPSO Bte	Mar 92	201	99	2543	Silicon Resistivity	In Prep	206	117
2185	Pot. Hydrogen Phthalate	Nov 84	201	99	2544	Silicon Resistivity	Aug 97	206	117
2186 I	Pot, Dihydro. Phosphate	May 68	201	99	2545	Silicon Resistivity	Sep 96	206	117
2186 I I	Disod. Hydro. Phosphate	May 68	201	99	2546	Silicon Resistivity	In Prep	206	117
2191a	Sodium Bicarbonate	Feb 94	201	99	2547	Silicon Resistivity	In Prep	206	117
2192a	Sodium Carbonate	Feb 94	201	99	2551	Oxygen in Silicon	Mar 94	207	120
2193	Calcium Carbonate	Oct 91	201	99	2556	Recycled Pellet (Autocatalyst)	Aug 93	106	69
2201	Sodium Chloride (Ion-Selective)	May 93	201	100	2557	Recycled Monolith (Autocatalyst)	Aug 93	106	69
2202	Potassium Chloride (Ion-Selective)	Mar 84	201	100	2567	Catalyst Package IIIE	Jul 95	114	96
2203	Potassium Fluoride (Ion-Selective)	May 73	201	100	2570	Lead Paint Film, Blank	In Prep	105	67
2220	Tin (Dif. Scan. Calor.)	May 89	203	104	2571	Lead Paint Film, Nom. 3.5 mg/cm ²	In Prep	105	67
2221b	Zinc (Dif. Scan. Calor.)	In Prep	203	104	2572	Lead Paint Film, Nom. 1.6 mg/cm ²	In Prep	105	67
2222	Biphenyl (Dif. Scan. Calor.)	Jun 89	203	104	2573	Lead Paint Film, Nom. 1.0 mg/cm ²	In Prep	105	67
2225	Mercury (Dif. Scan Calor.)	Mar 89	203	104	2574	Lead Paint Film, Nom. 0.7 mg/cm ²	In Prep	105	67
2260	Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Toluene	Jun 91	109	75	2575	Lead Paint Film, Nom. 0.3 mg/cm ²	In Prep	105	67
2261	Chlorinated Pesticides in Hexane	Jan 92	109	75	2576	Lead Paint Film, High Level	In Prep	105	67
2262	Chlorinated Biphenyls in Isooctane	Mar 95	109	75	2579a	Lead Paint Films	Mar 93	105	67
2286	Ethanol in Gasoline	Feb 95	108	72	2580	Powdered Paint, Nom. 4 % Pb	Dec 96	105	67
2287	Ethanol in Gasoline	Jan 95	108	72	2581	Powdered Paint, Nom. 0.5 % Pb	Jan 97	105	67
2288	t-Amyl Methyl Ether in Gas.	Jan 95	108	72	2582	Powdered Paint, (Low Lead)	Jun 97	105	67
2289	t-Amyl Methyl Ether in Gas.	Jan 95	108	72	2583	Trace El. in Indoor Dust	Dec 96	105/10	67/6
2290	Ethyl t-Butyl Ether in Gas.	Jan 95	108	72	2584	Trace El. in Indoor Dust	In Prep	105	67
2291	Ethyl t-Butyl Ether in Gas.	Jan 95	108	72	2586	Trace El. in Soil containing Lead	In Prep	105	67
2292	Methyl t-Butyl Ether in Gas.	Jan 95	108	72	2587	Trace El. in Soil containing Lead	In Prep	105	67
2293	Methyl t-Butyl Ether in Gas.	Feb 95	108	72	2589	Powdered Paint, Nom. 10 % Pb	Jun 97	105	67
2294	Reform. Gas. (nom. 11 % MTBE)	In Prep	108	72	2607	CO2/N2O/Air, 340/0.3 µmol/mol	D	iscontinue	d
2295	Reform. Gas. (nom. 15 % MTBE)	In Prep	108	72	2609	CO2/N2O/Air, 380/0.33 µmol/mol	D	iscontinue	d
2296	Reform. Gas. (nom. 13 % ETBE)	In Prep		72	2610	CO2/N2O/Air, 380/0.33 µmol/mol	D	iscontinue	d
2297	Reform. Gas. (nom. 10 % Ethanol)	In Prep	108	72	2612a	CO/Air, 10 µmol/mol	Jun 97	107	70
2321	Sn-Pb Alloy Coating	Jun 91	207	119	2613a	CO/Air, 20 µmol/mol	Nov 95	107	70
2350	Nickel Step Test	Aug 85	302	129	2614a	CO/Air, 45 µmol/mol	Nov 95	107	70
2381	Morphine and Codeine in Urine	Jul 93	105	65	2619a	CO2/N2, 0.5 mol %	Jun 97	107	70
2382	Morphine Glucuronide in Urine	Jul 93	105	64	2620a	CO2/N2, 1.0 mol %	Jun 97	107	70
2383	Baby Food Composite	In Prep	110	80	2621a	CO2/N2, 1.5 mol %	Aug 97	107	70
2389	Amino Acids in Hydrochloric Acid	Dec 93	105	62	2622a	CO2/N2, 2.0 mol %	Nov 95	107	70
2390	DNA Profiling	Aug 92	105	65	2623a	CO2/N2, 2.5 mol %	Jun 92	107	70
2391	PCR-Based DNA Profiling	May 95	105	65	2624a	CO2/N2, 3.0 mol %	Jul 96	107	70
C2400	HA Steel ACI (17/4 PH)	Feb 86	101	39	2625a	CO2/N2, 3.5 mol %	Aug 94	107	70
C2401	HA Steel (ACI-C-4M-Cu)	Feb 86	101	39	2626a	CO2/N2, 4.0 mol %	Apr 95	107	70
C2402	Hastelloy™ C	Feb 86	101	50	2627a	NO/N2, 5 μmol/mol	Dec 95	107	71
C2415	Battery Lead	Mar 91	102	49	2628a	NO/N2, 10 μmol/mol	Jul 95	107	71
C2416	Bullet Lead	Feb 88	102	49	2629a	NO/N2, 20 µmol/mol	Aug 97	107	71
C2417	Lead-Base Alloy	Feb 87	102	49	2630	NO/N2, 1500 μmol/mol	Apr 97	107	71
C2418	High Purity Lead	Feb 87	102	49	2631a	NO/N2, 3,000 μmol/mol	In Prep	107	71
C2423	Ductile Iron A	Nov 85	101	43	2632a	CO2/N2, 300 µmol/mol	D	iscontinue	d
C2423a	Ductile Iron B	Nov 85	101	43	2635a	CO/N2, 25 µmol/mol	Jun 97	107	70
C2424	Ductile Iron C	Jul 85	101	43	2636a	CO/N2, 250 µmol/mol	May 97	107	70
C2424a	Ductile Iron D	Jul 85	101	43	2637a	CO/N2, 2500 µmol/mol	May 97	107	70
2430	Scheelite Ore	Jan 87	111	84	2638a	CO/N2, 5000 µmol/mol	May 97	107	70
2431	Titanium Base Alloy	Aug 93	102	51	2639a	CO/N2, 1 mol %	Sep 97	107	70
2432	Titanium Base Alloy	Aug 93	102	51	2640a	CO/N2, 2 mol %	Sep 97	107	70
2433	Titanium Base Alloy	Apr 96	102	51	2641a	CO/N2, 4 mol %	Oct 97	107	70
2517	Wavelength Reference Absorption	Oct 97	207	119	2642a	CO/N2, 8 mol %	Sep 93	107	70
2518	Polarization Mode Dispersion	In Prep	207	119	2643a	C3H8/N2, 100 µmol/mol	In Prep	107	71
2519	Wavelength Reference Absorption	In Prep		119	2644a	C3H8/N2, 250 µmol/mol	In Prep	107	71
2520	Optical Fiber Diameter	Jan 96	207	119	2645a	C3H8/N2, 500 µmol/mol	In Prep	107	71
2521	Optical Fiber Coating	In Prep		119	2646a	C3H8/N2, 1000 µmol/mol	In Prep	107	71
2522	Pin Gauge for Opt. Fib. Ferrules	May 96	207	119	2647a	C3H8/N2, 2500 µmol/mol	In Prep	107	71
2523	Optical Fiber Ferrule Geometry	Aug 97	207	119	2648a	C3H8/N2 5000 µmol/mol	In Prep	107	71
2524	Optical Fiber Chromatic Dispersion	Feb 97	207	119	2649a	C3H8/N2, 1 mol %	In Prep	107	71
2524 2525	Optical Retardance	Apr 97	207	119	2650	C3H8/N2, 2 mol %	In Prep	107	71
		•	206	119	2650	C3H8/N2 & O2, 0.01/5 mol %	-	iscontinue	
2526	111P-Type Si. Sprd. Resist.	Aug 83						iscontinue iscontinue	
2527	111N-Type Si. Sprd. Resist.	Aug 83	206	117	2652	C3H8/N2 & O2, 0.01/10 mol %			
2528	100P-Type Si. Sprd. Resist.	Jan 84	206	117	2656	NOx/Air, 2500 μmol/mol	In Prep	107	71
2529	100N-Type Si. Sprd. Resist.	May 84	206	117 120	2657a 2658a	O2/N2, 2 mol % O2/N2, 10 mol %	Jun 93 In Prep	107 107	71 71
2531	Si/SiO2 Thickness-50 nm	Jul 92	207						

SRM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	SRM/RM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page
2660	NOx/Air, 100 μmol/mol	In Prep	107	71	3115a	Dysprosium Standard Soln.	Apr 96	104	57
2670	Toxic Metals in Urine	Aug 94	105	64	3116a	Erbium Standard Soln.	Sep 96	104	57
2671a	Fluorine in Urine	Aug 95	105	64	311 7 a	Europium Standard Soln.	Oct 96	104	57
2672a	Mercury in Urine	May 83	105	64	3118a	Gadolinium Standard Soln.	Jul 96	104	57
2676d	Metals on Filter Media	Aug 92	105	66	3119a	Gallium Standard Soln.	Jun 96	104	57
2677a	Be and As on Filter Media	Feb 94	105	66	3120	Germanium Standard Soln.	Mar 97	104	57
2678	Membrane Blank Filter	May 88	105	66	3121	Gold Standard Soln.	Mar 97	104	57
2679a	Quartz on Filter Media	May 84	105	66	3122	Hafnium Standard Soln.	Jan 96	104	57
2681	Ashless Blank Filter	May 88	105	66	3123a	Holmium Standard Soln.	Aug 95	104	57
2682a	Sulfur in Coal, 0.5%, (also Heat of Comb.)	May 94	108	73	3124a	Indium Standard Soln.	Jan 97	104	57
2683b	Sulfur in Coal, 2%, (also Heat of Comb.)	Oct 97	108/20		3126a	Iron Standard Soln.	Mar 96	104	57
2684a	Sulfur in Coal, 3%, (also Heat of Comb.)	Nov 92	108/20		3127a	Lanthanum Standard Soln.	Jul 96	104	57
2685a	Sulfur in Coal, 5%, (also Heat of Comb.)	May 94	108	. 73	3128	Lead Standard Soln.	May 97	104	57
2689	Coal Fly Ash	Dec 93	108	74	3129a	Lithium Standard Soln.	Feb 96	104	57
2690	Coal Fly Ash	Dec 93	108	74	3130a	Lutetium Standard Soln.	Jul 95	104	57
2691	Coal Fly Ash	Dec 93	108	74	3131a	Magnesium Standard Soln.	Jan 97	104	57
2692a	Sulfur in Coal, 1%	Sep 94	108/20		3132	Manganese Standard Soln.	Oct 95	104	57
2694b	Simulated Rainwater	In Prep	106	68	3133	Mercury Standard Soln.	Jan 97	104	57
2695	Fluoride in Vegetation	Aug 91	110	82	3134	Molybdenum Standard Soln.	May 96	104	57
2704a	Buffalo River Sediment	In Prep	106/11		3135a	Neodymium Standard Soln.	Feb 96	104	57
2709	San Joaquin Soil	Aug 93	106/11		3136	Nickel Standard Soln.	Jan 97	104	57
2710	Montana I Soil	Oct 97	106/11		3137	Niobium Standard Soln.	Mar 97	104	57
2711	Montana II Soil	Aug 93	106/11		3138	Palladium Standard Soln.	Dec 96	104	57
2712	Lead in Ref. Fuel	Sep 88	108	72	3139a	Phosphorus Standard Soln.	Aug 96	104	57
2713	Lead in Ref. Fuel	Sep 88	108	72	3140	Platinum Standard Soln.	Nov 97	104	57
2714	Lead in Ref. Fuel	Sep 88	108	72	3141a	Potassium Standard Soln.	Mar 97	104	57
2715	Lead in Ref. Fuel	Sep 88	108	72	3142a	Praseodymium Standard Soln.	Feb 96	104	57
2717	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Oct 90	108	73	3143	Rhenium Standard Soln.	Mar 97	104	57
2718	Trace El. in Green Petroleum Coke	In Prep	108	73/74	3144	Rhodium Standard Soln.	Aug 95	104	57
2719	Trace El. in Calcined Petroleum Coke	In Prep	108	73/74	3145a	Rubidium Standard Soln.	Aug 95	104	57
2723	Sulfur in Diesel Fuel Oil	In Prep	108	73	3147a	Samarium Standard Soln.	Aug 95	104	58
2724a	Sulfur in Diesel Fuel Oil, 0.04%	Aug 95	108	73	3148a	Scandium Standard Soln.	Jul 95	104	58
2727	IM Gases, 3 Components		iscontinue		3149	Selenium Standard Soln.	Apr 97	104	58
2728	IM Gases, 3 Components		iscontinue		3150	Silicon Standard Soln.	May 97	104	58
2730	H2S/N2, 5 µmol/mol	Apr 95	107	71	3151	Silver Standard Soln.	May 96		58
2731	H2S/N2, 20 μmol/mol	In Prep	107	71	3152a	Sodium Standard Soln.	May 97	104	58
2735	NO/N2, 800 µmol/mol	In Prep	107	71	3153a	Strontium Standard Soln.	Jan 97	104	58
2736	NO/N2, 2000 μmol/mol	Sep 90	107	71	3154	Sulfur Standard Soln.	Nov 95	104	58
2740	CO/N2, 10 mol %	Sep 90	107	70	3155	Tantalum Standard Soln.	Mar 96	104	58
2741	CO/N2, 13 mol %	Sep 90	107	70	3156	Tellurium Standard Soln.	May 95		58
2745	CO2/N2, 16 mol %	Jul 96	107	70	3157a	Terbium Standard Soln.	Aug 95		58
2750	CH4/Air, 50 μmol/mol	May 97	107	71	3158	Thallium Standard Soln.	May 97		58
2751	CH4/Air, 100 µmol/mol	May 97	107	71	3159	Thorium Standard Soln.	Oct 96	104	58
2764	C3H8/Air, 0.25 μmol/mol	Nov 95	107	71	3160a	Thulium Standard Soln.	Jul 95	104	58
2775	Foundry Coke	May 97	108	73	3161a	Tin Standard Soln.	Feb 97	104	58
2776	Furnace Coke	In Prep	108	73	3162a	Titanium Standard Soln.	Mar 97	104	58
2781	Domestic Sludge	Oct 96	106/11		3163	Tungsten Standard Soln.	May 97		58
2782	Industrial Sludge	In Prep	106/11		3164	Uranium Standard Soln.	Mar 97	104	58
2798	Microhardness, Ni Vickers	Aug 93	302	129	3165	Vanadium Standard Soln.	Apr 97	104	58
2806	Medium Test Dust in Hydraulic Fluid	Dec 97	301	128	3166a	Ytterbium Standard Soln.	Jul 95	104	58
2830	Microhardness, Ceramic-Knoop	Feb 96	302	129	3167a	Yttrium Standard Soln.	Aug 95		58
2831	Microhardness, Ceramic-Vickers	In Prep	302	129	3168a	Zinc Standard Soln.	Jun 96	104	58
2910	Calcium Hydroxyapatite	Nov 97	105/20		3169	Zirconium Standard Soln.	Jul 97	104	58
2974	Organics in Freeze-Dried Mussel Tissue	Jul 97	109	75	3171a	Multielement Mix A1 Standard Soln.	In Prep	104	58
2975	Diesel Particulate Matter	In Prep	109	75	3172a	Multielement Mix B1 Standard Soln.	Apr 96	104	59
3087a	Metals on Filter Media	Jan 97	105	66	3179	Multielement Mixes I, II, III Standard Solns.	Sep 97	104	59
3101a	Aluminum Standard Soln.	May 96	104	57	3181	Sulfate Anion Soln.	Sep 97	104	60
3102a	Antimony Standard Soln.	Apr 97	104	57	3182	Chloride Anion Soln.	Aug 97		60
3103a	Arsenic Standard Soln.	Mar 97	104	57	3183	Fluoride Anion Soln.	Aug 97		60
3104a	Barium Standard Soln.	Sep 97	104	57	3184	Bromide Anion Soln.	Dec 97	104	60
3105a	Beryllium Standard Soln.	Oct 96	104	57	3185	Nitrate Anion Soln.	Oct 96	104	60
3106	Bismuth Standard Soln.	Aug 96	104	57	3186	Phosphate Anion Soln.	Oct 97	104	60
3107	Boron Standard Soln.	Jan 97	104	57	3190	Electro. Conductivity (25 μS/cm)	Feb 97	201	100
3108	Cadmium Standard Soln.	Jan 97	104	57	3191	Electro. Conductivity (100 μS/cm)	Sep 97	201	100
3109a	Calcium Standard Soln.	Nov 96	104	57	3192	Electro. Conductivity (500 µS/cm)	Apr 97	201	100
3110	Cerium Standard Soln.	Feb 95	104	57	3193	Electro. Conductivity (1000 µS/cm)	Sep 97	201	100
3111a	Cesium Standard Soln.	Feb 95	104	57	3194	Electro. Conductivity (10,000 µS/cm)	In Prep	201	100
3112a	Chromium Standard Soln.	Oct 96	104	57	3195	Electro. Conductivity (100,000 µS/cm)	Apr 97	201	100
3113	Cobalt Standard Soln.	May 96	104	57	3196	Electro. Conductivity (20,000 µS/cm)	In Prep	201	100
					-	Electro. Conductivity (5 μS/cm)			

SRM/RM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	RM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page
3199	Electro. Conductivity (15 μS/cm)	In Prep	201	100	4926D	Hydrogen-3 Water Soln.	Aug 89	205	113
4200B	Cesium/Barium-137m	Dec 79	205	115	4927E	Hydrogen-3 Soln.	Jan 89	205	113
1201B	Niobium-94	Jun 70	205	115	4929D	Iron-55 Soln.	Feb 86	205	113
203D	Cobalt-60	Jun 95	205	115	4943	Chlorine-36 Soln.	Dec 84	205	113
207B	Cesium-137/Barium-137m	Mar 87	205	115	4947C	Hydrogen-3 Toluene Soln.	May 87	205	113
222C	Carbon-14 (as hexadene)	Jan 91	205	113	4949C	lodine-129 Soln.	Feb 82	205	113
226C	Nickel-63 Soln. Cesium-137 Soln.	Dec 95	205	113 113	4952C 4965	Radium-226 Blank Soln.	Jan 92	205 205	113 113
233D 234A	Strontium-90 Soln.	Jul 96 May 95	205 205	113	4965	Radium-226 Soln. Radium-226 Soln.	Jan 92 Jan 92	205	113
234A 241C	Barium-133	In Prep	205	115	4967	Radium-226 Soln.	Jan 92 Jan 92	205	113
251C	Barium-133 Soln.	Oct 94	205	113	4968	Radium-226/Radon-222 Eman.	Aug 94	205	115
275C	Mixed Radionuclide	Sep 88	205	115	4990C	Oxalic Acid (C-14 Dating)	Jul 83	205	113
276C	Mixed Radionuclide Soln.	Sep 88	205	113	8030	BCR No 60 Aquatic Plant	Jun 82	110	82
288A	Technetium-99 Soln.	Oct 96	205	113	8031	BCR No 61 Aquatic Mass	Jun 82	110	82
320A	Curium-244 Soln.	Feb 96	205	113	8036	BCR No 150 Spiked Skim Milk	Dec 85	110	80
321B	Natural Uranium Soln.	Feb 92	205	113	8050-8052	RCM Fine Gold	Aug 95	104	54/5
321B	Americium-241 Soln.	Oct 91	205	113	8053-8055	RCM Fine Gold	Oct 95	104	54/5
323A	Plutonium-238 Soln.	Feb 95	205	113	8056-8058	RCM Fine Gold	Oct 95	104	54/5
324A	Uranium-232 Soln.	Jun 95	205	113	8059-8061	RCM Fine Gold	Oct 95	104	54/5
325	Beryllium-10/Beryllium-9	May 90	205	115	8062-8064	RCM Fine Gold	Oct 95	104	54/5
325 326	Polonium-209 Soln.	Jan 95	205	113	8065-8067	RCM Fine Gold	Sep 95	104	54/5
328B	Thorium-229 Soln.	Jul 96	205	113	8068-8070	RCM Gold Bullion	Oct 95	104	54/5
329	Curium-243 Soln.	Mar 85	205	113	8071-8073	RCM Gold Bullion	Oct 95	104	54/5
330A	Plutonium-239 Soln.	Jan 96	205	113	8074-8076	RCM Gold Bullion	Oct 95	104	54/5
332D	Americium-243 Soln.	Sep 95	205	113	8077-8079	RCM Gold Bullion	Oct 95	104	54/5
334F	Plutonium-242 Soln.	Mar 96	205	113	8080-8082	RCM Gold Bullion	Oct 95	104	54/5
338A	Plutonium-240 Soln.	Aug 96	205	113	8090	SEM Magnification Calibration	Aug 95	207	118
339A	Radium-228 Soln	Aug 95	205	113	8101a	Auto. Computer Time Service		iscontinued	
340A	Plutonium-241 Soln.	May 96	205	113	8162	RCM Fine Silver	Oct 95	104	54/5
341	Neptunium-237 Soln.	Jan 93	205	113	8165	RCM Fine Silver	Oct 95	104	54/5
350B	River Sediment (Radioactivity)	Sep 81	205	116	8168	RCM Fine Silver	Sep 95	104	54/5
351	Human Lung (Radioactivity)	Oct 82	205	116	8171	RCM Fine Silver	Oct 95	104	54/5
352	Human Liver (Radioactivity)	Jun 82	205	116	8384	TBBS (powder)		iscontinued	
353A	Rocky Flats Soil No. II (Radioactivity)	In Prep	205	116	8406	Tennessee River Sediment		iscontinued	
354	Lake Sediment (Radioactivity)	Feb 86	205	116	8407	Tennessee River Sediment	Jun 90	106/111	
355	Peruvian Soil (Radioactivity)	Jun 82	205	116	8411	Mixed Asbestos Research Filter	Nov 88	105	67
356	Ashed Bone (Radioactivity)	In Prep	205	116	8412	Corn Stalk (Zea Mays)	Sep 93	110	80/1
357	Ocean Sediment (Radioactivity)	Mar 97	205	116	8413	Corn Kernel (Zea Mays)	Sep 93	110	80/1
358	Ocean Shellfish (Radioactivity)	In Prep	205	116	8414	Bovine Muscle Powder (Beef)	Sep 93	110	80
361C	Hydrogen-3 Soln.	In Prep	205	113	8415	Whole Egg Powder	Sep 93	110	80
370C	Europium-152 Soln.	Mar 87	205	113	8416	Micro. Cellulose	Sep 93	110	80
400N	Chromium-51 Soln.		iscontinued		8418	Wheat Gluten	Sep 93	110	80
401W	lodine-131 Soln.	FC	205	114	8420	Electrolytic Iron	May 84	203/206	
402C	Tin-113/Indium-113m Soln.		iscontinue		8421	Electrolytic Iron	May 84	203/200	
403B	Strontium-85 Soln.		iscontinue		8424	Graphite	May 84	203	107
404S	Thallium-201 Soln.	FC	205	114	8425	Graphite	May 84	203	107
405B	Gold-198 Soln.		iscontinue		8426	Graphite	May 84	203	107
406O	Phosphorus-32 Soln.	FC	205	114	8432	Corn Starch	Sep 93	110	81
407U	lodine-125 Soln.	FC	205	114	8433	Corn Bran	Sep 93	110	81
408F	Cobalt-57 Soln.	FC	205	114	8435	Whole Milk Powder	Sep 93	110	80/
409D	Selenium-75 Soln.		iscontinue		8436	Durum Wheat Flour	Sep 93	110	81
410V	Technetium-99m Soln.	FC	205	114	8437	Hard Red Spring Wheat Flour	Sep 93	110	81
411B	Iron-59 Soln.		iscontinue		8438	Soft Winter Wheat Flour	Sep 93	110	81
412V	Molybdenum-99/Technetium-99 Soln.	FC	205	114	8441	Wheat Hardness	Dec 97	110	83
414C	lodine-123 Soln.		iscontinue		8442	LC Selectivity		iscontinued	
415U	Xenon-133 Gas	FC	205	114	8443	GC/MS System Performance	Aug 84	109	75
416Q	Gallium-67 Soln.	FC	205	114	8444	Cotinine in Freeze-dried Urine	Feb 89	105	64
417Q	Indium-111 Soln.	FC	205	114	8448	Drugs of Abuse in Hair Segments	Mar 92	105	65
418A	Mercury-203 Soln.		iscontinue		8449	Drugs of Abuse in Powdered Hair	Feb 92	105	65
419C	Ytterbium-169 Soln.		iscontinue		8450	Polyethylene Piping, 1.3 cm	Jan 88	202	102
120B	Lead-203 Soln.		iscontinue		8451	Polyethylene Piping, 4.8 cm	Jan 88	202	102
120B 121A	Gold-195 Soln.		riscontinued Piscontinued		8452	Polyethylene Piping, 4.6 cm	Jan 88	202	102
121A 124A	Sulfur-35 Soln.		riscontinued riscontinued		8453	Poly Socket T Joint	Jan 88	202	102
		FC	205	114	8454	Poly Butt T Joint	Jan 88	202	102
425B	Samarium-153 Soln.		205		8455	-	Apr 91	111	86
426A	Strontium-89 Soln.	FC		114		Pyrite Ore Artificial Flaw for Eddy Current NDE	-		
127B	Yttrium-90 Soln.	FC	205	114	8458	Artificial Flaw for Eddy Current NDF	Aug 91	303	130
904NG	Americium-241		iscontinue		8466	Y-HCH (Lindane) (neat)	Apr 92	109	75 75
904SG	Americium-241		iscontinue		8467	4,4'-DDE (neat)	Apr 92	109	75
906C	Plutonium-238	Nov 87	205	114	8469	Pesticide, 4,4'-DDT (neat)	Apr 92	109	75
906HC	Plutonium-238 Cobalt-60 Soln.	Nov 87 Feb 84	205 205	114	8486	Portland Cement Clinker Portland Cement Clinker	May 89 May 89	113 113	94
915E	t about 611 Vale	Hab 84	7015	113	8487	FORHANG Cement Clinker	May XQ	113	94

RM/RM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Page	RM	Descriptor	Cert. Date	Section Code	Pa
8495	Northern Softwood	N/A	209	133					
8496	Eucalyptus Hardwood	N/A	209	133					
8501	Catalyst Package IIIE	Jul 91	114	96					
8505	Vanadium in Crude Oil	Oct 83	108	72					
8506	Moisture in Transformer Oil	Jun 97	108	73					
8507	Moisture in Mineral Oil	Jun 97	108	73					
8509	Moisture in Methanol, 93 mg/kg	Jun 97	108	73					
8510	Moisture in Methanol, 325 mg/kg	Jun 97	108	73					
8517	N-Decane Flashpoint	Oct 95	203	103					
8518	N-Undecane Flashpoint	Oct 95	203	103					
8519	N-Tetradecane Flashpoint	Oct 95	203	103					
8520	N-Hexadecane Flashpoint	Oct 95	203	103					
8535	VSMOW-Water	Oct 92	104	61					
8536	GISP-Water	Oct 92	104	61					
8537	SLAP-Water	Oct 92	104	61					
8538	NBS30-Biotite	Jun 92	104	61					
8539	NBS22-Oil	Jun 92	104	61					
8540	PEFI-Polyethylene Foil	Jun 92	104	61					
8541	USGS24-Graphite	Jun 92	104	61					
8542	Sucrose ANU-Sucrose	Jun 92	104	61					
8543	NBS18-Carbonatite	Jun 92	104	61					
8544	NBS19-Limestone	Jun 92	104	61					
8545	LSVEC-Lithium Carbonate	Jun 92	104	61					
8546	NBS28-Silica Sand	Jun 92	104	61	1				
8547	IAEAN1-Ammonium Sulfate	Feb 93	104	61					
8548	IAEAN2-Ammonium Sulfate	Feb 93	104	61					
8549	IAEAN3-Potassium Nitrate	Feb 93	104	61					
8550	USGS 25-Ammonium Sulfate	Feb 93	104	61					
8551	USGS 26-Ammonium Sulfate	Feb 93	104	61					
8552	NSVEC-Gaseous Nitrogen	Feb 93	104	61					
8553	Soufre De Lacq-ElemenSulf.	Jun 92	104	61					
8554	NZ1-Silver Sulfide	Jun 92	104	61					
8555	NZ2-Silver Sulfide	Jun 92	104	61					
8556	NBS123-Sphalerite	Jun 92	104	61					
8557	NBS127-Barium Sulfate	Jun 92	104	61					
8558	USGS32-Potassium Nitrate	Feb 93	104	61					
8570	Calcined Kaolin (Sur. Area)	Sep 94	301	128					
8571	Alumina (Sur. Area)	Sep 94	301	128					
8572	Silica-Alumina (Sur. Area)	Sep 94	301	128					
8590	High Sulfur Gas Oil Feed	N/A	114	95					
8600	Chinese Copper Ore	Jun 92	111	84					
8601	Chinese Copper Ore	Jun 92	111	84	1				
8603	Chinese Lead Ore	Jun 92	111	84					
8604	Chinese Zinc Ore	Jun 92	111	84					
8605	Chinese Molybdenum Ore	Jun 92	111	84					
8606	Chinese Molybdenum Ore	Jun 92 Jun 92	111	84					
8607	Chinese Tungsten Ore	Jun 92	111	84					
8608	Chinese Tungsten Ore	Jun 92 Jun 92	111	84					
8631	Markham Trus Done (MTD)	In Prep	301	128					
8632	Ultrafine Test Dust (ULTD)	In Prep	301	128					
8680	Paint on Fiberboard	Feb 97	105	67					
8754		N/A	203	104					
8757	ICTAC Polystyrene DTA ICTAC Set DTA								
			iscontinue		1				
8758	ICTAC Set DTA		iscontinue						
8759	ICTAC Set DTA	N/A	203	104					
8760	ICTAC Set DTA	N/A	203	104					
8761	ICTAC Thermogravimetry	D	iscontinue	d					
N/A	- Certificate does not exist.								
FC -	- New certificate is issued with each new	sublot prepared							
	and a continuente to toouch with cach liew	ower prepared			100				

SRM/RM Indexes—(Continued)

Numerical MSDS Index



Numerical MSDS Index

The following is a listing of Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) for compounds that have been determined to be hazardous by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Under current OSHA regulations, there is no expiration date associated with a MSDS. Materials **not** considered to require an MSDS, fall into one of the following categories:

- 1. The SRM is an article, as the word is defined in paragraph (c) of section 1910.1200 of the title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations, which does not release or otherwise result in exposure to a hazardous chemical, under normal conditions and use.
- 2. The SRM has been determined to be non-hazardous by NIST under paragraph (d) of section 1910.1200 title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations. The SRM will not release or otherwise result in exposure to a hazardous chemical under normal conditions of use.
- 3. The SRM is a pesticide or hazardous waste labeled according to regulations issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
- 4. The SRM is a food, food additive, drug or clinical material labeled according to regulations issued by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
- 5. The SRM is a wine labeled according to regulations issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF).
- 6. The SRM is a tobacco product, wood or wood product which is exempted by paragraph (b)(5)(ii) and (iii) of section 1910.1200 of title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations from the provisions of that section.
- 7. The SRM was obsoleted before MSDS regulations came into effect.

Additional information about MSDSs can be obtained by contacting the SRM MSDS Coordinator at:

Telephone: (301) 975-6439 Fax: (301) 926-4751 E-Mail: srmmsds@nist.gov

SRM	Descriptor	MSDS Date	Page	SRM	Descriptor	MSDS Date	Page
27f	Iron Ore, Sibley	Sep 94	85	351	Sodium Carbonate	Sep 96	56
39i	Benzoic Acid (Combustion Cal.)	Mar 92	103	607	Potassium Feldspar	Jul 94	92
40h	Sodium Oxalate (Reductometric)	May 90	56	640c	Line Position, Silicon (XRD)	ln Prep	123
58a	Ferrosilicon (73% Si)	Nov 93	41	659	Silicon Nitride, Particle Size	Apr 92	127
59a	Ferrosilicon	Nov 93	41	660	Line Profile, Lab6 (XRD)	Nov 92	123
76a	Burnt Refractory (Al203-40%)	Sep 94	88	671	Nickel Oxide 1	Dec 91	51
77a	Burnt Refractory (Al203-60%)	Sep 94	88	672	Nickel Oxide 2	Dec 91	51
78a	Burnt Refractory (Al203-70%)	Sep 94	88	673	Nickel Oxide 3	Dec 91	51
81a	Glass Sand	Mar 95	88/91	674a	Quant. Analysis, Set (XRD)	Oct 93	123
83d	Arsenic Trioxide (Reductometric)	Dec 91	56	675	Line Position, Mica (XRD)	Jan 93	123
84j	Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate	Mar 92	56	676	Quantitative Analysis, Alumina (XRD)	Nov 92	123
114p	Portland Cement	Apr 94	127	699	Alumina (Reduction Grade)	Nov 93	86
127b	Solder, 40Sn-60Pb	Feb 94	49	742	Alumina (Reference Point)	Jul 92	105
13 6 e	Potassium Dichromate (oxidimetric)	May 93	56	869	LC Column Selectivity	May 90	75
14Id	Acetanilide	In Prep	56	887	Cemented Carbide	Aug 95	90
142	Anisic Acid	May 80	56	888	Cemented Carbide	Aug 95	90
148	Nicotine Acid	Jan 87	56	889	Cemented Carbide	Aug 95	90
154b	Titanium Dioxide	Jan 93	88	912a	Urca	Jun 96	62
165a	Glass Sand (Low Iron)	Sep 94	88/91	915a	Calcium Carbonate (Clinical)	Dec 91	62
181	Lithium Ore (Spodumene)	Feb 93	84	928	Lead Nitrate (Clinical)	Mar 89	62
182	Lithium Ore (Petalite)	Feb 93	84	931e	Liquid Absorbance	May 97	108/110
183	Lithium Ore (Lepidolite)	Feb 93	- 84	934	Clinical Thermometer	Mar 93	106
185g	Potassium Hydrogen Phthalate, pH	Mar 92	99	935a	Potassium Dichromate, UV Absorbance	Sep 94	108/110
187c	Sodium Tetraborate (Borax), pH	Oct 88	99	951	Boric Acid, Assay and Isotopic	Apr 92	56/60
189a	Potassium Tetroxalate	Jun 96	99	952	Boric Acid 95% enr. 10B	Apr 92	60
192b	Sodium Carbonate	In Prep	99	979	Chromium (Isotopic)	Dec 85	60
193	Potassium Nitrate	Sep 85	83	980	Magnesium (Isotopic)	Dec 85	60
194	Ammonium Dihydrogen Phosphate	Sep 86	83	981	Natural Lead (Isotopic)	Jan 92	60
198	Silica Brick	May 94	88	982	Equal Atom Lead (Isotopic)	Jan 92	60
199	Silica Brick	May 94	88	983	Radiogenic Lead (Isotopic)	Jan 92	60
276b	Tungsten Carbide	Oct 83	90	984	Rubidium Assay (Isotopic)	Dec 85	60
350a	Benzoic Acid	Mar 92	56				

SRM	Descriptor	MSDS Date	Page	SRM	Descriptor	MSDS Date	Page
986	Nickel (Isotopic)	Oct 94	60	1669b	C3H8/Air, 500 µmol/mol	Oct 96	71
987	Strontium Assay and Isotopic	Aug 94	56/60	1674b	CO2/N2, mol 7%	Sep 94	70
989	Rhenium Assay (Isotopic)	Apr 94	60	1675b	CO2/N2, mol 14%	Sep 94	70
991	Lead-206 Spike Assay and Isotopic	Oct 94	60	1677c	CO/N2, 10 µmol/mol	Jan 91	70
994	Gallium (Isotopic)	Sep 79	60	1678c	CO/N2, 50 µmol/mol	Jan 91	70
997	Thallium (Isotopic)	Oct 94	60	1679c	CO/N2, 100 µmol/mol	Jan 91	70
007b	Plastic, (Smoke Density)	Sep 94	131	1680b	CO/N2, 500 µmol/mol	Jan 91	70
051b	Barium (Metallo-Organic)	Feb 81	95	1681b	CO/N2, 1000 µmol/mol	Jan 91	70
052b	Vanadium (Metallo-Organic)	Jul 80	95	1683b	NO/N2, 50 µmol/mol	Dec 90	71
053a	Cadmium (Metallo-Organic)	May 81	95	1684b	NO/N2, 100 µmol/mol	Sep 94	71
057b	Tin (Metallo-Organic)	May 81	95	1685b	NO/N2, 250 µmol/mol	Dec 90	71
059с	Lead (Metallo-Organic)	Jun 84	95	1686b	NO/N2, 500 µmol/mol	Sep 96	71
060a	Lithium (Metallo-Organic)	Sep 86	95	1687b	NO/N2, 1000 μmol/mol	Nov 96	71
065b	Nickel (Metallo-Organic)	Feb 83	95	1693a	SO2/N2, 50 µmol/mol	Sep 94	71
066a	Silicon (Metallo-Organic)	May 81	95	1694a	SO2/N2, 100 µmol/mol	Sep 94	71
069b	Sodium (Metallo-Organic)	Aug 85	95	1696a	SO2/N2, 3500 μmol/mol	Sep 96	71
073b	Zinc (Metallo-Organic)	Jun 84	95	1800	Organic Compounds/N2	Feb 94	71
075a	Aluminum (Metallo-Organic)	Feb 81	95	1804a	Tox. Organic Compounds/N2	Oct 92	71
077a	Silver (Metallo-Organic)	Feb 83	95	1815a	n-Heptane (Fuel Rating)	May 93	73
079b	Iron (Metallo-Organic)	Apr 85	95	1816a	Isooctane (Fuel Rating)	Jan 93	73
080a	Copper (Metallo-Organics)	Feb 83	95	1817c	Catalyst Package 111D	Mar 90	96
083	Wear Metals (Base Oil)	Mar 92	96	1818a	Chlorine in Lub. Base Oil	Apr 94	95
084a	Wear Metals	Mar 92	96	1819a	Sulfur in Lub. Base Oil	Apr 94	95
085a	Wear Metals	Mar 92	96	1828a	Ethanol-Water Soln.	Jun 96	64
129	Solder 63Sn-37Pb	Dec 93	49	1829	Alcohols in Ref. Fuels	Aug 93	72
131	Solder 60Pb-40Sn	Feb 94	49	1836	Nitrogen in Lub. Base Oil	Oct 92	95
400	Bone Ash	Jun 93	62	1837	Methanol, Butanol (Fossil Fuel)	Jun 93	72
450b	Fibrous Glass Board	Apr 92	107	1838	Ethanol (Fossil Fuel)	May 93	72
491	Arom. Hydro/Hexane Toluene	Aug 89	75	1839	Methanol (Fossil Fuel)	Jun 93	72
492	Chlor. Pesticides/Hexane	Sep 89	75	1866a	Common Commercial Asbestos	Jan 94	67
493	PCB Congeners	Dec 94	75	1867	Uncommon Commercial Asbestos	Aug 93	67
514	Thermal Analysis Purity Set (DSC)	May 92	104	1879a	Respirable Cristobalite	In Prep	66
543	GC/MS and LS System Performance	Mar 92	75	1880	Portland Cement, Black	Jan 92	93
5 8 1	PCBs in Oil	Dec 91	75	1881	Portland Cement, White	Apr 91	93
584	Phenols in Methanol	Mar 91	75	1882	Portland Cement, Orange	Jan 91	93
586	Isotope Label Pollutants	Jun 93	75	1883	Portland Cement, Silver	Apr 91	93
587	Nitro PAH in Methanol	Sep 93	75	1884	Portland Cement, Ivory	Apr 91	93
597	Complex PAH Mix	Feb 94	75	1885	Portland Cement, Turquoise	Apr 91	93
614		Aug 93	75	1886	Portland Cement, Cranberry	Apr 91	93
616a	Dioxin in Isooctane Sulfur in Kerosene		73	1887	Portland Cement, Brown	Apr 91	93
617a	Sulfur in Kerosene	Aug 95 Aug 95	73	1888	Portland Cement, Purple	Apr 91	93
618	Vanadium & Nickel in Fuel Oil	Aug 93 Apr 91	72	1889	Portland Cement, Gray	Apr 91	93
619a	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Apr 91	73	1920a	IR Reflectance	In Prep	111
		•	73	1920a	Poly(ethylene Oxide)	•	101
620b	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Sep 90 Jul 96	73	1924 1941a		Aug 94 Aug 92	75
621e 622d	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Nov 93	73	19414	Organics in Marine Sediment Organics in Whale Blubber		75
	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Jul 96	73	1943	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	July 94 Nov 92	105
623c					Succinonitrile (Triple Point)		105
624c 625	Sulfur in Distillate Fuel Oil SO2 Permeation Tube-10 cm	May 97	73 71	1972 1973	1,3-Dioxolan-2-one (Triple Point)	Aug 94	103
	SO2 Permeation Tube-10 cm SO2 Permeation Tube-5 cm	May 95 May 95	71 71	1973	n-Docosane (Triple Point)	Aug 94 Oct 93	103
626 632h		May 95		100	Zirconium Oxide (Particle Size)		109
632b	Trace Elements in Coal (Bituminous)	Feb 93	73/74	2034	Holmium Oxide Wavelength	Feb 92	
633b	Trace Elements in Coal Fly Ash	Sep 95	74	2108	Chromium (III) Speciation	Jun 93	60
634c	Trace Elements in Fuel Oil	Jul 95	72	2109	Chromium (V1) Speciation	Aug 92	60 56
635	Trace Elements in Coal (Subbituminous)	Sep 94	73/74	2141	Urea	Jul 96	56 56
639	Halocarbons (in methanol)	May 93	75	2142	0-Bromobenzoic Acid	Aug 85	56
641c	Mercury in Water	Dec 89	68	2143	p-Fluorobenzoic Acid	Mar 88	56
643d	Trace Elements in Water	In Prep	68	2144	m-Chlorobenzoic Acid	May 91	56
647c	Priority Pollutant PAHs	Apr 93	75	2152	Urea (Comb. Calorimetry)	Jul 96	103
658a	CH4/Air, 1 µmol/mol	Jan 91	71	2185	Pot. Hydrogen Phthalate	Mar 92	99
659a	CH4/Air, 10 µmol/mol	Jan 91	71	2193	Calcium Carbonate	Dec 91	99
660a	CH4-C3H8/Air, 1 µmol/mol	Aug 95	71	2203	Potassium Fluoride (Ion-Selective)	May 82	100
661a	SO2/N2, 500 μmol/mol	Jan 97	71	2222	Biphenyl (Dif. Scan. Calor.)	Mar 93	104
662a	SO2/N2, 1000 μmol/mol	Jan 97	71	2225	Mercury (Dif. Scan Calor.)	Mar 93	104
663a	SO2/N2, 1500 μmol/mol	Jan 97	71	2260	Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Toluene	Feb 92	75
664a	SO2/N2, 2500 μmol/mol	Jan 97	71	2261	Chlorinated Pesticides in Hexane	Feb 92	75
665b	C3H8/Air, 3 µmol/mol	May 97	71	2262	Chlorinated Bephenyls in Isooctane	Mar 95	75
666b	C3H8/Air, 10 µmol/mol	May 97	71	2286	Ethanol in Gasoline	Jan 95	72
667b	C3H8/Air, 50 µmol/mol	Feb 97	71	2287	Ethanol in Gasoline	Jan 95	72
669h	C3H8/Air, 100 µmol/mol	Jan 97	71	2288	t-Amyl Methyl Ether in Gasoline	Jan 95	72
1668b					t-Amyl Methyl Ether in Gasoline	Jan 95	72

SRM	Descriptor	MSDS Date	Page	SRM	Descriptor	MSDS Date	Page
ORNI	Descriptor	Dute	Tuge	- CIGIT	Descriptor	Dutt	1460
2290	Ethyl t-Butyl Ether in Gasoline	Jan 95	72	3105a	Beryllium Standard Soln.	Jan 94	57
2291	Ethyl t-Butyl Ether in Gasoline	Jan 95	72	3106	Bismuth Standard Soln.	Feb 97	57
2292	Methyl t-Butyl Ether in Gasoline	Jan 95	72	3108	Cadmium Standard Soln.	May 90	57
2293	Methyl t-Butyl Ether in Gasoline	Jan 95	72	3109a	Calcium Standard Soln.	May 93	57
2389	Amino Acids in Hydrochloric Acid	Jan 94	62	3110	Cerium Standard Soln.	Apr 89	57
2579	Lead Paint Film	Oct 92	67	3111a	Cesium Standard Soln.	Jul 93	57
2580	Powdered Paint	Jan 97	67	3112a	Chromium Standard Soln.	May 93	57
2581	Powdered Paint	Jan 97	67	3113	Cobalt Standard Soln.	Mar 89	57
2582 2583	Powdered Paint, (Low Lead) Trace Elements in Indoor Dust	Jan 97	67	3114	Copper Standard Soln.	May 90	57
2589	Powdered Paint	Jan 97 Apr 96	67/68 67	3115a 3116a	Dysprosium Standard Soln. Erbium Standard Soln.	Mar 94 Jan 94	57 57
2612a	CO/Air, 10 µmol/mol	Jun 91	70	3110a 3117a	Europium Standard Soln.	Jan 94 Jan 93	57
2613a	CO/Air, 20 µmol/mol	Jun 91	70	3117a	Gadolinium Standard Soln.	Jan 93	57
2614a	CO/Air, 45 µmol/mol	Jun 91	70	3119a	Gallium Standard Soln.	Oct 93	57
2619a	CO2/N2, 0.5 mol %	Jun 92	70	3120	Germanium Standard Soln.	Apr 89	57
2620a	CO2/N2, 1.0 mol %	Jun 92	70	3121	Gold Standard Soln.	Apr 97	57
2621a	CO2/N2, 1.5 mol %	Jun 92	70	3122	Hafnium Standard Soln.	Jan 94	57
2622a	CO2/N2, 2.0 mol %	Jun 92	70	3123a	Holmium Standard Soln.	May 97	57
2623a	CO2/N2, 2.5 mol %	Jun 92	70	3124a	Indium Standard Soln.	May 93	57
2624a	CO2/N2, 3.0 mol %	Jul 96	70	3126a	Iron Standard Soln.	Feb 94	57
2625a	CO2/N2, 3.5 mol %	Sep 94	70	3127a	Lanthanum Standard Soln.	May 93	57
2626a	CO2/N2, 4.0 mol %	Jan 93	70	3128	Lead Standard Soln.	Sep 88	57
2627a	NO/N2, 5 µmol/mol	Jan 91	71	3129a	Lithium Standard Soln.	May 93	57
2628a	NO/N2, 10 µmol/mol	Jun 91	71	3130a	Lutetium Standard Soln.	Feb 94	57
2629a	NO/N2, 20 µmol/mol	Jun 91	71	3131a	Magnesium Standard Soln.	May 93	57
2630	NO/N2, 1500 µmol/mol	Jun 91	71	3132	Manganese Specto Soln.	Apr 89	57
2631a	NO/N2, 3,000 μmol/mol	Jun 91	71	3133	Mercury Standard Soln.	May 97	57
2635a	CO/N2, 25 µmol/mol	Jan 89	70	3134	Molybdenum Standard Soln.	May 90	57
2636a	CO/N2, 250 µmol/mol	Jun 92	70	3135a	Neodymium Standard Soln.	May 93	57
2637a	CO/N2, 2500 µmol/mol	Jun 92	70	3136	Nickel Standard Soln.	May 97	57
2638a	CO/N2, 5000 µmol/mol	Jun 92	70	3138	Palladium Standard Soln.	Apr 89	57
2639a	CO/N2, 1 mol %	Jun 92	70	3139a	Phosphorus Standard Soln.	Jul 94	57
2640a	CO/N2, 2 mol %	Dec 88	70	3140	Platinum Standard Soln.	Apr 89	57
2641a	CO/N2, 4 mol %	Dec 88	70	3141a	Potassium Standard Soln.	May 97	57
2642a	CO/N2, 8 mol %	Sep 92	70	3142a	Praseodymium Standard Soln.	May 93	57
2643a	C3H8/N2, 100 µmol/mol	Dec 90	71	3143	Rhenium Standard Soln.	Jul 88	57
2644a	C3H8/N2, 250 µmol/mol	Dec 90	71	3144	Rhodium Standard Soln.	Jan 93	57
2645a	C3H8/N2, 500 µmol/mol	Dec 90	71	3145a	Rubidium Standard Soln.	Jan 94	57
2647a	C3H8/N2, 2500 µmol/mol	Dec 90	71	3147a	Samarium Standard Soln.	Jan 94	58
2648a	C3H8/N2 5000 µmol/mol	Nov 93	71	3148a	Scandium Standard Soln.	May 93	58
2649a	C3H8/N2, 1 mol %	Dec 90	71	3149	Selenium Standard Soln.	Apr 89	58
2650	C3H8/N2, 2 mol %	Feb 93	71	3151	Silver Standard Soln.	Apr 89	58
2656	NOx/Air, 2500 µmol/mol	Aug 93	71	3152a	Sodium Standard Soln.	Sep 94	58
2657a	O2/N2, 2 mol %	Jul 93	71	3153a	Strontium Standard Soln.	May 93	58
2658a	O2/N2, 10 mol %	Jul 93	71	3154	Sulfur Standard Soln.	Feb 93	58
2659a	O2/N2, 21 mol %	Jul 93	71	3155	Tantalum Standard Soln.	Mar 89	58
2660	NOx/Air, 100 μmol/mol	Jul 93	71	3156	Tellurium Standard Soln.	Mar 90	58
2682a	Sulfur in Coal, 0.5%, (also Heat of Comb.)	Apr 91	73	3157a	Terbium Standard Soln.	Feb 94	58
2683a	Sulfur in Coal, 2%, (also Heat of Comb.)	Apr 91	73/103	3158	Thallium Standard Soln.	Feb 89	58
2684a	Sulfur in Coal, 3%, (also Heat of Comb.)	Apr 91	73/103	3159	Thorium Standard Soln.	Jan 89	58
2685a	Sulfur in Coal, 5%, (also Heat of Comb.)	Apr 91	73	3160a	Thulium Standard Soln.	Mar 94	58
2689	Coal Fly Ash	Nov 85	74	3161a	Tin Standard Soln.	Feb 97	58
2690	Coal Fly Ash	Nov 85	74	3162a	Titanium Standard Soln.	Jan 93	58
2691	Coal Fly Ash	Nov 85	74	3163	Tungsten Standard Soln.	Nov 88	58
2692a	Sulfur in Coal, 1%	Jul 94	73/103	3164	Uranium Standard Soln.	Nov 96	58
2712	Lead in Ref. Fuel	Nov 88	72	3165	Vanadium Standard Soln.	Feb 90	58
2713	Lead in Ref. Fuel	Nov 88	72	3166a	Ytterbium Standard Soln.	Feb 94	58
2714	Lead in Ref. Fuel	Nov 88	72	3167a	Yttrium Standard Soln.	Jul 93	58
2715	Lead in Ref. Fuel	Nov 88	72	3168a	Zinc Standard Soln.	Oct 93	58
2717	Sulfur in Residual Fuel Oil	Feb 93	73	3169	Zirconium Standard Soln.	Oct 88	58
2724	Sulfur in Diesel Fuel Oil, 0.04%	Sep 94	73	3171a	Multielement Mix A1 Soln.	May 93	58
2735	NO/N2, 800 μmol/mol	Dec 90	71	3172a	Multielement Mix B1 Soln.	Jan 93	59
2736	NO/N2, 2000 μmol/mol	Dec 90	71	3179	Multielement Mixes I, II, III Solns.	Nov 93	59
2740	CO/N2, 10 mol %	Jan 91	70	3183	Fluoride Anion Soln.	Feb 93	60
2741	CO/N2, 13 mol %	Jan 91	70	8443	GC/MS System Performance	Mar 92	75
2745	CO2/N2, 16 mol%	Jul 96	70	8466	Y-HCH (Lindane) (neat)	May 92	75
2764	C3H8/Air, 0.25 µmol/mol	Aug 95	71	8467	4,4'-DDE (neat)	May 92	75
3101a	Aluminum Standard Soln.	May 93	57	8469	Pesticide, 4,4'-DDT (neat)	May 92	75
3102a	Antimony Standard Soln.	Jun 93	57	8505	Vanadium in Crude Oil	Jan 93	72
3103a	Arsenic Standard Soln.	Jul 93	57	8506	Transformer Oil	Mar 92	73
3104a	Barium Standard Soln.	May 97	57	8507	Mineral Oil	Mar 92	73

		MSDS				MSDS		
SRM	Descriptor	Date	Page	SRM	Descriptor	Date	Page	
8509	Moisture in Methanol, 93 mg/kg	Sep 95	73					
8510	Moisture in Methanol, 325 mg/kg	Sep 95	73					
8517	N-Decane Flashpoint	Oct 95	103					
8518	N-Undecane Flashpoint	Oct 95	103					
8519	N-Tetradecane Flashpoint	Oct 95	103	1				
8520	N-Hexadecane Flashpoint	Oct 95	103	1				
8570	Calcined Kaolin (Sur. Area)	Apr 85	128	1				
8571	Alumina (Sur. Area)	May 92	128	1				
8572	Silica (Sur. Area)	May 85	128					
8590	High Sulfur Gas Oil Feed	Dec 91	95					
8759	ICTAC Set DTA	Aug 93	104					
8760	ICTAC Set DTA	Aug 93	104					





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