

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS REPORT

2485

Evaluation of Flooring Materials in Army Installations

By

Thomas H. Boone
Percy A. Sigler
Hubert R. Snoke



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NBS PROJECT

NBS REPORT

1004-30-4726

May 11, 1953

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Floor, Roof and Wall Coverings Section
Building Technology Division

Sponsored by
Repairs and Utilities Division
Office of the Chief of Engineers
Department of the Army



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IN ARMY INSTALLATIONS

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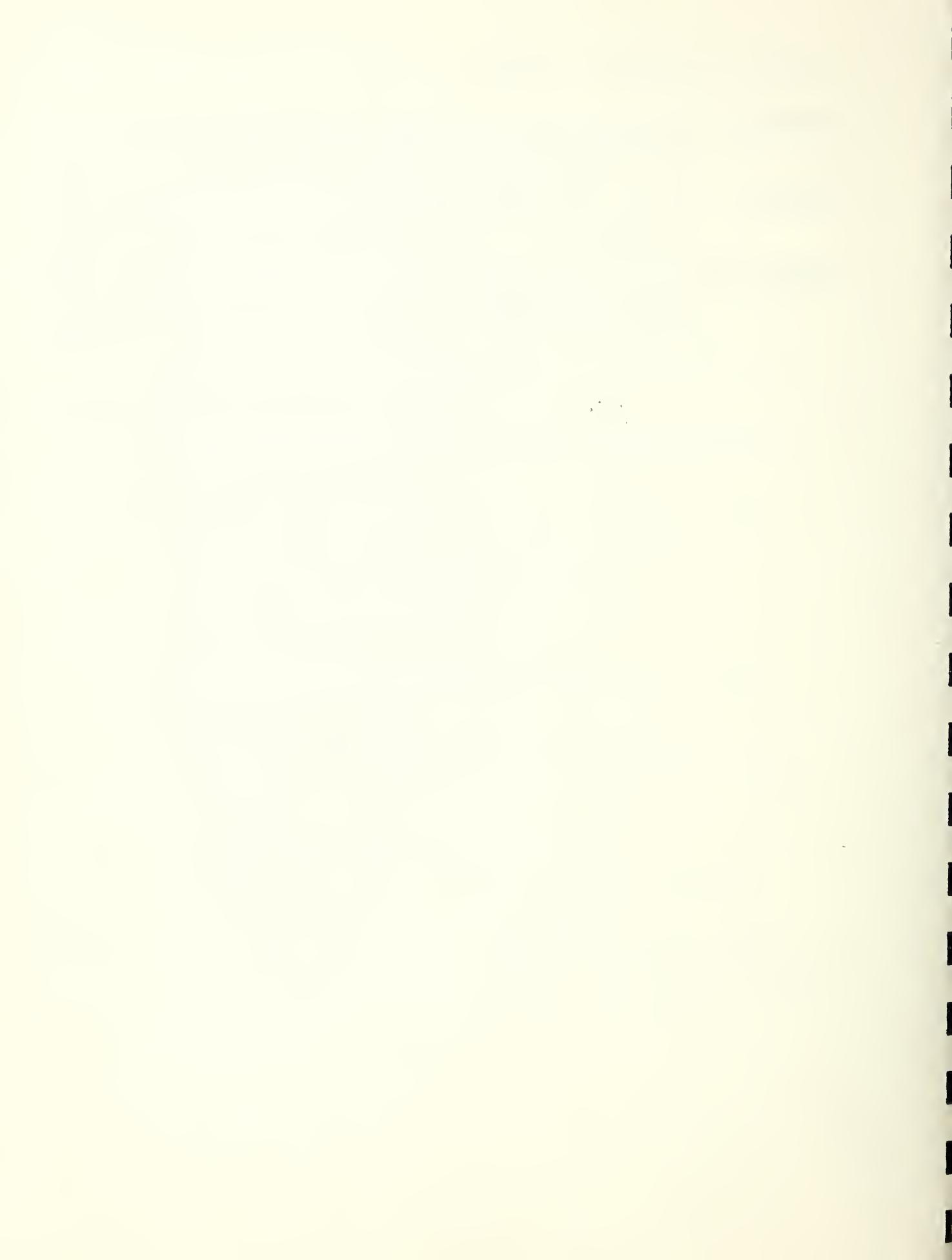
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EVALUATION OF FLOORING MATERIALS
IN ARMY INSTALLATIONS

1. PURPOSE OF INVESTIGATION

To evaluate the performance of flooring materials in military-type structures within the continental United States and to secure data upon which to base recommendations for coordinating and standardizing the repair and rehabilitation of floors in such structures on an economical basis.

2. BACKGROUND

The maintenance and repair of floors in Army buildings throughout the country has become a difficult problem. Many of the buildings were closed in 1946 and reopened for active service in 1949. In numerous cases, replacement of the floor surface was necessary if the buildings were to be kept in a sanitary and livable condition.

The various Armies have proposed and, in some cases, used, radically different methods for covering these floors, involving a wide range of materials and costs. Since very large floor areas were involved, it seemed desirable that an impartial survey be made of the conditions of the floors in need of repair, and of coverings now in use, in order to insure satisfactory and economical service from all reconditioned floors.

The Repairs and Utilities Division, Office of the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army, requested the Building Technology Division, National Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, to conduct such a survey and submit appropriate recommendations.

3. METHOD OF MAKING THE SURVEY

The Office of the Chief of Engineers arranged for all inspections in the various Armies. The representative or representatives of the National Bureau of Standards visited stations selected either by the Office of the Chief of Engineers or by the Army headquarters in each area in company with an engineer from Army headquarters. Station engineers assisted in the actual inspections.

4. SCOPE OF THE INVESTIGATION

Fifty-six stations in the six Army areas and the Military District of Washington were visited. Practically every type of floor, floor covering, and method of repair was observed in the course of the inspections.

While emphasis was placed on floors in mobilization-type buildings, inspections were not confined to buildings of this type, but rather, included every category from permanent to most temporary.

The tabulated lists of floors, Tables 1 to 9 inclusive, give the stations visited and the condition of floors in buildings of different occupancy. It should be understood that, in most cases, numerous buildings of each type of occupancy were inspected at every station.

Stations Visited, Listed by Army Areas

Military District of Washington:

Walter Reed Army Hospital, District of Columbia.
Fort Belvoir, Virginia.
Fort Myer, Virginia.

First Army Area:

Govenors Island, New York.
Fort Jay, New York.
New York Port of Embarkation, New York.
Belle Mead Quartermaster Depot, New Jersey.
Raritan Ordnance Arsenal, New Jersey.
Fort Monmouth, New Jersey.
Fort Dix, New Jersey.
Camp Edwards, Massachusetts.
Fort Devens, Massachusetts.
Murphy Army Hospital, Massachusetts.

Second Army Area:

Fort George G. Meade, Maryland.
Aberdeen Proving Grounds, Maryland.
Valley Forge Army Hospital, Pennsylvania.
Richmond Quartermaster Depot, Virginia.
Fort Lee, Virginia.
Fort Eustis, Virginia.
Fort Monroe, Virginia.
Fort Campbell, Kentucky.
Fort Knox, Kentucky.

Third Army Area:

Fort McPherson, Georgia.
Atlanta General Depot, Georgia.
Fort Benning, Georgia.
Camp Gordon, Georgia.
Lawson Air Force Base, Georgia.
Fort McClellan, Alabama.
Fort Bragg, North Carolina.
Pope Air Force Base, North Carolina.
Fort Jackson, South Carolina.

Fourth Army Area:

Fort Sam Houston, Texas.
San Antonio Quartermaster Depot, Texas.
Brooke Army Hospital, Texas.
Camp Bullis, Texas.
Fort Hood, Texas.
Fort Bliss, Texas.
William Beaumont Army Hospital, Texas.
Camp Polk, Louisiana.
Camp LeRoy Johnson, Louisiana.
New Orleans Port of Embarkation, Louisiana.

Fifth Army Area:

Fort Sheridan, Illinois.
Fort Custer, Michigan.
Percy Jones Army Hospital, Michigan.
Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.
Fort Riley, Kansas.
St. Louis Medical Depot, Missouri.
Camp Carson, Colorado.

Sixth Army Area:

Presidio of San Francisco, California.
Letterman Army Hospital, California.
Oakland Army Base, California.
Camp Stoneman, California.
Fort Mason, California.
Fort Ord, California.
Presidio of Monterey, California.
Camp Roberts, California.

5. RESULTS OF INSPECTIONS

The various Armies have used practically every available material to repair and cover floors. In some cases, only small-scale experimental installations have been made; in others, millions of square feet of floors have been covered with the same material.

In this section, the condition of floors, as found during the survey period July 1952 to February 1953, in buildings of different occupancy, is discussed and the materials that are considered satisfactory for repairing them are listed. Materials that are reported as satisfactory have been observed to render satisfactory service for at least the periods of time indicated. Some materials that have not proved to be satisfactory are listed. (See Tables 1 to 9, inclusive.)

In cases where a material has not been in service long enough under a particular condition of exposure to state positively the minimum length of service it may be expected to render, an attempt has been made to predict, from information available from other sources, the service it is reasonable to expect. An example is vinyl plastic flooring in barracks, etc. Some vinyl plastic floorings exposed to heavy foot traffic have been under observation for 4 years.

No attempt has been made to establish cost data for any of the materials or methods of repair.

5.1 Barracks (Mobilization-Type, Excluding Latrine Areas)

Most of these two-story buildings were floored originally with 25/32-in., tongued-and-grooved, flat-grained pine, having a 3-1/4-in. face. The flooring was laid over 1-in. diagonally-placed boards. The average age of these floors was 11 years. They had been exposed to 8 years of severe use by troops. The condition of these floors was poor, although they were still usable. Splintered segments were torn out, wide cracks appeared between strips and at the end joints, and they have required between 10 and 15 percent replacement of the boards in each barracks approximately every four years. The poor condition of the floors was generally attributed to the unorthodox methods of maintenance used by the Army; largely excessive exposure to water (see Fig. 1).

Oak and edge-grained pine gave 15 or more years of satisfactory service when properly maintained and not exposed to excessive water.

Magnesium oxychloride flooring, heavy duty type, at least 5/8 in. thick, using proper mixing and installation methods with proper maintenance, should give 12 years of satisfactory service (see Fig. 6).

Asphalt tile, 1/8 or 3/16 in. thick, was not satisfactory when laid directly over strip-wood flooring, i.e., without a hard underlayment board (see Fig. 7).

Linoleum, burlap-backed, 1/8 in. thick, laid over sanded strip-wood and felt underlayment, gave approximately 8 years satisfactory service (see Fig. 11).

Vinyl plastic flooring, felt-backed, with a wearing surface at least 0.03 in. thick, should be equal in durability to 1/8-in. burlap-backed linoleum.

Pitch composition flooring, felt-backed, laid over strip-wood without underlayment board, gave satisfactory service for approximately 2 to 2-1/2 years before replacement was required (see Fig. 12). With underlayment board, felt-backed pitch composition flooring provided satisfactory service for approximately 3 to 3-1/2 years before localized replacement was required.

5.2 Mess Halls (Mobilization; Company & Consolidated Types)

(a) Dining Areas

The dining areas of these buildings were floored originally with the same type of strip-pine flooring used in the barracks. Most of these floors had been covered in each Army area and from these installations the following conclusions were drawn:

Wood floors were not satisfactory because of damage from the frequent wet mopping required to keep them in a sanitary condition.

Concrete slabs, 4 in. or more thick, either structural or on grade, should provide 15 or more years of satisfactory service.

Concrete flooring, 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 in. thick, over wood should provide 10 or more years of satisfactory service provided appreciable structural movement does not occur.

Magnesium oxychloride flooring, heavy duty type, at least 5/8 in. thick, over strip-wood, using proper mix and installation methods, should give 10 or more years service in dining-table areas and 5 to 6 years in the heavy trafficked areas, such as along serving lanes and at street entrances.

Asphalt tile, 1/8 or 3/16 in. thick, was not satisfactory when laid directly over strip-wood flooring without a hard underlayment board. It was satisfactory when laid directly over a concrete slab or in conjunction with a hardboard underlayment over strip-wood floors.

Linoleum, burlap-backed, 1/8 in. thick, was satisfactory if a hard underlayment board was used over the strip-wood.

Pitch composition flooring, felt-backed, with under-layment board, over strip-wood, provided only 1 to 2 years service in the traffic areas and serving lanes.

(b) Kitchen Areas

The company-type kitchens were floored originally with strip-pine flooring. Later most of these wood floors were covered with regular-mix concrete ranging from 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 in. thick and reinforced or anchored by various methods. (See Department of the Army Technical Manual TM5-615, Concrete and Masonry.)

The consolidated-type kitchens were floored originally with concrete slabs, four or more inches thick, over wood or on a fill.

From the service life of the concrete and the limited observations of experimental installations of toppings over the concrete, the following conclusions were reached:

Concrete slabs, in thicknesses of four or more inches, over wood or on a fill, provided only 5 to 8 years of service before areas adjacent to ranges, sinks and drains were eroded severely and the aggregate exposed.

Concrete flooring, 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 in. thick, over wood, provided only 5 to 7 years of service before areas adjacent to ranges, sinks and drains were eroded severely and the aggregate exposed. Numerous structural cracks also caused damaging effects (see Fig. 2).

Concrete toppings, integrally-hardened, 1/2 in. thick, over thoroughly scarified, old concrete floors, may prove to be very satisfactory if adequate bonding procedures are carried out carefully and the toppings are cured thoroughly.

Magnesium oxychloride floors over wood or as a topping over concrete were not satisfactory in kitchen areas since excessive amounts of water caused deterioration in less than 1 year (see Figs. 3 and 4).

Asphalt tile floors, grease-resistant, over concrete were not satisfactory. They provided only 6 months of service before replacements were necessary. They are damaged readily by impact and contact with hot cooking utensils and they require a smooth, rigid subfloor.

Quarry tile floors, with acid-resistant mortar joints laid over a structural concrete slab, were the most satisfactory of all the kitchen floors observed. They should give more than 15 years of excellent service (see Fig. 13). The floors were reported as being very slippery when wet.

5.3 Hospitals (Mobilization-Type)

Most hospitals of this type consist of numerous one-story, ward buildings connected by long, enclosed corridors. Special buildings, such as operating suites, laboratories, mess halls, and administrative offices, are also interconnected in the hospital area. These buildings and corridors were floored originally with 25/32-in. flat-grained pine over 1-in. diagonally-placed boards. Some wards were floored with edge-grained pine or oak.

(a) Corridors

The corridors have been subjected to constant foot and cart traffic. The floors were exposed occasionally to rain from open windows. Most corridors had connecting steam lines, either suspended from the roof or running directly under the floor, which often caused damage to the floor from leaks or extreme heat. In 1944 and 1945, many corridors were covered with a thin, felt-backed floor covering laid over 1/4-in. plywood. Some were covered without underlayment. Conclusions from the observations of these corridors were as follows:

Plywood underlayment, interior-type, showed delaminations at places exposed to puddles of water or steam leaks, which resulted in premature damage to the floor coverings at such locations (see Fig. 8).

Wood floors were not satisfactory because of frequent exposure to water, unevenness of boards and sanitary requirements (see Fig. 1).

Magnesium oxchloride floors were not satisfactory over wood floors in corridors (see Fig. 5).

Asphalt tile and felt-backed floor coverings were not satisfactory without a hard underlayment board (see Fig. 7).

Linoleum, burlap-backed, 1/8 in. thick, laid over a hard underlayment board, should give 15 to 20 years service with normal hospital maintenance.

Pitch composition matting, slip-resistant type, provided a satisfactory and safe surface when used on corridor ramps. Occasional replacement was necessary.

(b) Wards

The wards, with few exceptions, have had excellent maintenance and in many cases the original wood floors were still in good condition, which leads to the following conclusions:

Strip-wood floors, especially oak, with proper maintenance, were very satisfactory.

Asphalt tile, 1/8 in. thick, felt-backed linoleum and 1/8 in. burlap-backed linoleum over a hard underlayment board provided very satisfactory service when they were maintained properly.

(c) Kitchens and Dining Areas

Remarks concerning mess hall floors apply equally to floors in the kitchen and dining areas of hospitals (see Mess Halls).

(d) Administrative Offices

The condition of the floors in these buildings was found to be the same as those in General Administration Buildings (see Administration Buildings).

5.4 Administration and Recreation Buildings

In Administration and Recreation buildings wear of floors has not been as serious a factor as damage caused by office furniture, game tables or rearrangement of space. Based on this type of occupancy, the following observations were made:

Linoleum, vinyl plastic, or asphalt tile floorings, directly over suspended concrete floors or over hardboard underlayment on existing wood floors, provided long service when reasonably protected against severe indenting loads or abuse. Asphalt tile indents readily at elevated temperatures such as 120°F. It, however, is one of the few floor coverings which can be installed satisfactorily over concrete floors in direct contact with the ground without the slab being thoroughly waterproofed.

Pitch composition type floorings were not satisfactory because of their relatively low resistance to indentation, puncturing and tearing.

5.5 Bakeries

These buildings were constructed originally with a concrete slab on grade. Because of dusting of the concrete, the floors have been covered with various materials. From these installations, the following conclusions were reached:

Maple floorings, 25/32 in. thick, tongued-and-grooved, laid over thoroughly waterproofed, existing concrete floors, were satisfactory.

Concrete toppings, integrally-hardened, not less than 1/2 in. thick, thoroughly bonded to existing concrete floors, were satisfactory.

Magnesium oxychloride floors, heavy-duty type, not less than 5/8 in. thick, thoroughly bonded to adequately waterproofed existing concrete floors, were satisfactory.

5.6 Warehouses

Most warehouse floors were found to be in a satisfactory condition. Heavy-duty mastic topping over existing concrete floors, as specified in War Department Technical Manual TM5-615, dated October 1946, rendered very satisfactory service.

6. RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommendations for floor coverings for cantonment-type buildings:

6.1 Barracks (Mobilization-Type, Excluding Latrine Areas)

(a) Resilient Type

Burlap-backed linoleum, 1/8 in. thick; felt-backed vinyl plastic flooring with a wearing surface not less than 0.03 in. thick; and 1/8 in. asphalt tile. The flooring materials, particularly asphalt tile, should be laid over a hardboard underlayment not less than 3/16 in. thick. The hardboard should be nailed on 6 in. centers in each direction over the entire area with ringed or barbed nails at least 1-3/4 in. long. Consideration should be given to linoleum and vinyl plastic floorings in tile form, particularly at entrances and heavy-trafficked areas, to permit economical and satisfactory replacement at damaged or worn areas. Means should be provided to protect resilient-type coverings against severe indenting loads such as from lockers and legs of cots (see Fig. 14).

(b) Magnesium Oxychloride Cement

Heavy-duty type, at least 5/8 in. thick, as specified by the American Standards Association Specification ASA A88.3-1951, "Heavy Duty Oxychloride Composition Flooring and Its Installation". The flooring should be installed in the following manner:

After preparation of the subfloor, a layer of 15-lb, asphalt-saturated felt, conforming to Federal Specification HH-F-191a, should be laid over all wood floor areas to be covered. All edges and joints of felt to be lapped not less than two inches and tacked in a manner sufficient to hold the felt in place until metal mesh is placed. Right-angled dividing strips of brass or suitable plastic, not less than 1/16 in. thick, and of sufficient width to conform to the thickness of the flooring, should be nailed to the felt and wood flooring at least every three feet. The dividing strips should be placed at not more than 30-ft. intervals and at inside entrances to hallways and rooms. Over the felt and butted tight to the dividing strips, an anchoring medium consisting of 2.5 lb, small, diamond-mesh, painted, expanded metal lath, conforming to Federal Specification QQ-B-1016, should be laid with joints lapped at least 1/2 in. The lath should be nailed with 1-1/2-in., large head, galvanized, roofing nails, except over joists, where nails should be of sufficient length to

extend not less than 1-1/2 in. into the floor joists. Lath should be nailed on 6-inch centers in two directions and driven tight enough to secure the lath to wood floor, but not hard enough to force the lath into or puncture the felt.

The magnesium oxychloride cement, as specified in the American Standards Association Specification should be worked into the lath and finished with experienced workmen.

Consideration should be given to the feasibility of installing a high wear-resistant oxychloride composition in hallways leading to stairs, latrine and street entrances.

(c) Wood Type

Replacement of the top tongued-and-grooved flat-grained pine with 25/32-in. tongued-and-grooved oak or maple in heavily-trafficked areas, or with edge-grained pine or edge-grained fir where less wear resistance is required. The existing 1-in. subfloor should be carefully examined for loose boards and/or defective places before placing of building paper and new top flooring. The finished flooring should be sanded and sealed with two coats of a penetrating sealer. Caution should be taken to prevent excessive water from coming in contact with wood flooring.

6.2 Mess Halls (Mobilization; Company & Consolidated Types)

(a) Dining Areas

A concrete topping, not less than 1-1/2 in. thick, over existing wood floors. The topping should be reinforced with 4- X 4-in., No. 10 gage, wire mesh suspended in the center of the slab and laid over 55-lb, asphalt-prepared roll roofing, lapped 4 inches, and sealed at all edges and joints with asphalt adhesive. Additional reinforcement with 20-d nails driven along all joists on 12-in. centers is recommended. The nails should be allowed to protrude one inch above the surface of the wood floor. The following references are given as sources of information on materials, placing, finishing, and curing of concrete: Department of the Army Technical Manual TM5-615, "Concrete and Masonry"; and "Concrete Floor Finishes", Portland Cement Association, 33 West Grand Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Vinyl plastic tile, semi-flexible and flexible, 1/8 in. thick, as specified in Interim Federal Specification L-T-751, dated 18 March, 1952. The tile should be placed over hard-board underlayment not less than 3/16 in. thick, which should be securely nailed on 6-in. centers, in two directions, with

ringed or barbed nails at least 1-3/4 in. long to the existing strip-wood floor. A water-resistant adhesive, recommended by the manufacturer of the flooring material, should be used in areas likely to be subjected to spillage of water, such as along serving lanes.

Felt-backed vinyl plastic flooring with a wearing surface not less than 0.03 in. thick. The flooring should be placed over hardboard underlayment over existing wood floor.

Flexible-type vinyl floorings are not recommended for concrete floors in direct contact with the ground. Semi-flexible vinyl or asphalt tiles are recommended for such locations.

(b) Kitchen Areas

Slip-resistant, abrasive-type, quarry tile with acid-resistant mortar joints. The tile should be applied only over a structurally-sound concrete slab and in continuously-used kitchens, such as in a permanent-type mess hall.

Integrally-hardened concrete toppings not less than 1/2 in. thick, or cement-latex toppings not less than 1/4 in. thick. The toppings should be placed over thoroughly scarified and cleaned existing concrete floors. Both of these types of toppings show promise of being satisfactory. However,

due to lack of information their use on an extensive basis is not recommended at this time. Additional studies being made of these materials will be covered in a supplemental report.

Existing magnesium oxychloride floors should be patched and a penetrating sealer applied over the entire floor to extend the service life as long as possible before removal. The sealer should be applied periodically depending upon the condition of the floors but in no case should the period between applications exceed 6 months.

6.3 Administration and Recreation Buildings (Including Offices, Day Rooms, and Club Rooms)

Suspended concrete floors and strip-wood floors in unsatisfactory condition should be covered with one of the floorings recommended for barracks. Recommended installation methods also apply. Rough concrete surfaces should be made even with a troweled-on, latex-type underlayment before installing resilient-type floor coverings.

Concrete floors, on- or below-grade, in need of repair, should be leveled with a troweled-on underlayment and covered with 1/8 in. asphalt tile or semi-flexible vinyl plastic tile using a cut-back type asphalt adhesive (see Fig. 9).

Means should be provided to protect resilient-type coverings, especially asphalt tile, against severe indenting loads from legs of desks, tables, chairs, and filing cabinets. Small-sized casters and glides on all movable furniture and equipment should be replaced with ample-sized fittings. Heavy equipment should be placed on protective blocks or cups.

In view of the likelihood of localized areas being damaged by severe indenting loads and the rearrangement of equipment and space, the use of resilient-type floor coverings in tile form is particularly recommended for administration and recreational buildings, to accommodate economical and satisfactory replacement at damaged areas (see Fig. 10).

6.4 Hospitals (Mobilization-Type)

(a) Corridors

Burlap-backed linoleum, 1/8 in. thick, or felt-backed vinyl plastic flooring with a wearing surface not less than 0.03 in. thick. These floorings should be laid over a hardboard underlayment not less than 3/16 in. thick. The hardboard should be nailed on 6-in. centers in both directions over the entire area with ringed or barbed nails at least 1-3/4 in. long.

(b) Wards

In general, the floors in the wards were found to be in good condition and should render many more years of service under the present type of maintenance. In the few exceptions where the floors may be in a condition which warrants covering, the recommendations given for barracks should be followed. Recommendations for the dining areas in mess halls should serve as a guide for diet kitchens.

(c) Kitchen and Dining Areas

Recommendations for mess halls should be followed for both kitchen and dining areas of hospitals (see Mess Halls).

(d) Administrative Offices

Recommendations as given for administration and recreation buildings should be followed.

7. COMMENTS ON THE CARE OF FLOORS

The importance of the proper care and adequate maintenance of floors, in order to prolong their life, render satisfactory service, and present a pleasing appearance, can hardly be overemphasized. In the course of the survey,

it was noted that training courses on floor maintenance were instituted in a few Army Areas. It was also observed that, in general the floors in these Army Areas were in relatively good condition.

Probably the most damaging treatment of floors is an excessive exposure to water. Practically all floors are harmed by such treatment, particularly wood floors. Continued wetting of wood floors causes the grain of the wood to raise, the strips to expand and buckle, and eventually result in a splintered and split flooring with open seams and end joints.

Resilient-type floor coverings are doubly harmed by excessive exposure to water. Even though the floor covering itself may be fairly resistant to water, failure in bond to an underlayment or to the subfloor is most likely to result. With a wood subfloor, additional damage to the floor covering occurs due to expansion and buckling of the flooring, or if a plywood underlay is involved, to the delamination of the plywood.

When wood and resilient-type floors need to be mopped in order to cleanse the floor surface, the least amount of water necessary to do the job should be used. Excess water

should be wrung from the mop into a pail and not spilled onto the floor surface. When detergent solutions are used, the floors should be rinsed with clear water. (See Department of the Army Technical Manual TM5-609, Custodial Services). Paste, spirit, and water emulsion waxes are suitable as a protective surface coating for wood, linoleum, and vinyl plastic floor coverings. Solvent-type or spirit waxes should never be used on asphalt tile as the turpentine or mineral spirits used in such waxes will soften or dissolve the tile, causing the colors to bleed. Use only water emulsion wax.

In general, water emulsion waxes are less slippery than paste and spirit waxes. The addition of colloidal silica to water emulsion waxes improves their slip resistance. The colloidal silica should be added during the manufacturing process.

Magnesium oxychloride floors which are porous should be sealed with a penetrating sealer of low viscosity. Spirit or water emulsion waxes are suitable as protective coatings. If colored waxes are desired, the coloring should be done only by experienced persons, or waxes already pigmented should be purchased.

While magnesium oxychloride floors are damaged to a considerable extent by continuous exposure to water, such as occurs around kitchen sinks, they will withstand intermittent exposure to water, such as from occasional spillage and wet mopping.

Repeated exposure to strong alkaline solutions or caustic preparations is harmful to most floors and will result in early deterioration. The service life of linoleum, in particular, is materially reduced by the frequent use of alkaline cleaning solutions.

8. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The authors of this report wish to acknowledge and thank the many military and civilian members of the Engineering Section of the Department of the Army for their splendid cooperation and valuable assistance in this investigation and survey. Appreciation is also extended to the U. S. Army Signal Corps for photographs of flooring installations.

TABLE 1. WOOD FLOORING (25/32 IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS)

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	TYPE OF FLOORING	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BELVOIR ^a	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	1-IN. BOARDS	PINE, FLAT-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	10	POOR	SPLINTERED. SEGMENTS TORN OUT. WIDE CRACKS BETWEEN STRIPS AND END JOINTS.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	DO.	10	POOR	DO.
DO.	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	PINE FLOORING ON 1-IN. BOARDS	OAK, EDGE-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	3	GOOD	STRIP OAK LAID AT RIGHT ANGLES TO STRIP PINE ALONG AISLE. SOME CRACKS BETWEEN STRIPS.
FORT MONMOUTH ¹	DO.	1-IN. BOARDS	PINE, FLAT-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	10	POOR	REQUIRES FREQUENT REPLACE- MENT OF DAMAGED AND WORN AREAS.
CAMP EDWARDS ¹	DO.	PINE FLOORING ON 1-IN. BOARDS	DO.	1	GOOD	LAID AT RIGHT ANGLES TO OLD PINE FLOOR. FEW SMALL CRACKS AND SPLINTERS.
FORT DEVENS ¹	DO.	1-IN. BOARDS	DO.	12	POOR	SPLINTERED. SEGMENTS TORN OUT. WIDE CRACKS BETWEEN STRIPS AND END JOINTS.
MURPHY HOSPITAL ¹	HOSPITAL; ^c CORRIDORS	DO.	OAK, EDGE-GRAIN, 2-1/4-IN. FACE	9	GOOD	SOME LOOSE BOARDS. GOOD CARE.
FORT MEADE ²	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	PINE, FLAT-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	12	POOR	SPLINTERED. SEGMENTS TORN OUT. WIDE CRACKS BETWEEN STRIPS AND END JOINTS.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA RECREATION; ^b DAY ROOM	DO.	DO.	12	POOR	DO.
VALLEY FORGE HOSPITAL ²	HOSPITAL; ^c CORRIDORS	DO.	OAK, EDGE-GRAIN, 2-1/4-IN. FACE	10	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE.
FORT LEE ²	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	PINE, FLAT-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	12	POOR	SPLINTERED. SEGMENTS TORN OUT. WIDE CRACKS BETWEEN STRIPS AND END JOINTS.
FORT EUSTIS ²	BARRACKS; ^b 800 SERIES	DO.	DO.	10	POOR	DO.

TABLE 1. WOOD FLOORING (25/32 IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS) CONTINUED - 2

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	TYPE OF FLOORING	AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	APPROX. REMARKS
FORT EUSTIS ²	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	1-IN. BOARDS	PINE, FLAT-GRAIN 3-1/4-IN. FACE	10	POOR	SPLENTINED. SEGMENTS TORN OUT. WIDE CRACKS BETWEEN STRIPS AND END JOINTS.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS	DO.	DO.	10	POOR	DO.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b WARDS	DO.	DO.	10	GOOD	FEW DAMAGED AREAS AND SOME REPLACEMENTS. GOOD CARE.
FORT CAMPBELL ²	BARRACKS; ^b 600 SERIES	DO.	DO.	10	POOR	BEING REPLACED WITH PINE FLOORING.
DO.	DO.	DO.	DO.	2	FAIR	SOME SPLINTERS AND CRACKS. DIFFICULT TO CLEAN.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	DO.	10	POOR	REQUIRES FREQUENT REPLACEMENT.
FORT KNOX ²	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	OAK, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	1/4	VERY GOOD	ORIGINAL PINE FLOORING REMOVED. OAK GIVEN TWO COATS OF SEALER.
ATLANTA GEN. DEPOT ³	SCHOOL; ^b CLASS ROOM	DO.	PINE, FLAT-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	4	GOOD	FREQUENTLY WAXED. GOOD CARE.
FORT SAM HOUSTON ⁴	BAKERY	1-IN. BOARDS ON SLEEPERS	MAPLE, 1-1/8-IN. THICK, 2-1/4-In. FACE	3/4	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE. SOME OBJECTION TO SMALL CRACKS BETWEEN STRIPS.
DO.	GYMNASIUM	DO.	DO.	8	VERY GOOD	REFINISHED OFTEN. PHENOLIC VARNISH USED RECENTLY.
BROOKE HOSPITAL ⁴	NURSES RESIDENCE ^c	CONCRETE	OAK UNIT-BLOCK	13	GOOD	APPRECIABLE SHRINKAGE OF UNIT-BLOCKS. FLOORS SAND- ED, FILLED AND SEALED.
FORT HOOD ⁴	HOSPITAL; ^b WARDS	1-IN. BOARDS	OAK, FACE	2-1/4-IN.	10	VERY GOOD EXCELLENT CARE.

TABLE 1. WOOD FLOORING (25/32-IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS) CONTINUED - 3

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	TYPE OF FLOORING	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BLISS ⁴	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	1-IN. BOARDS	PINE FLAT-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	12	POOR	SPLINTERED. SEGMENTS TORN OUT. WIDE CRACKS BETWEEN STRIPS AND END JOINTS.
CAMP POLK ⁴	BARRACKS; ^b 800 SERIES	NONE	DO.	8	FAIR	FLOORS LACKED RIGIDITY. LOOSE BOARDS.
CAMP LEROY JOHNSON ⁴	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	1-IN. BOARDS	DO.	11	FAIR	SOME SPLINTERS AND CRACKS.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b WARDS	DO.	DO.	11	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE.
FORT RILEY ⁵	BARRACKS; ^b 800 SERIES	PINE FLOORING ON 1-IN. BOARDS	FIR EDGE-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	2	GOOD	SOME WEAR AT ENTRANCES. NO SPLINTERING OR CRACKS. MAINTAINED WELL.
CAMP STONEMAN ⁶	POST EXCHANGE ^b	1-IN. BOARDS	OAK, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	4	GOOD	SEVERE TRAFFIC. MAIN- TAINED WELL.
DO.	SERVICE CLUB	DO.	PINE EDGE-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	12	FAIR	SLIGHT SPLINTERING. FEW DAMAGED AREAS. 5% RE- PLACEMENT.
PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO ⁶	BARRACKS ^c	DO.	OAK EDGE-GRAIN, 2-1/4-IN. FACE	30	VERY GOOD	REFINISHED AND SEALED AT RECENT DATE.
DO.	FAMILY QUARTERS ^c	DO.	PINE EDGE-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	12	VERY GOOD	REFINISHED AND SEALED FROM TIME TO TIME.
FORT ORD ⁶	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	PINE FLAT-GRAIN, 3-1/4-IN. FACE	12	POOR	SPLINTERED. WIDE CRACKS BETWEEN STRIPS. 25% REPLACEMENT.
PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY ⁶	CLASSROOMS ^b	DO.	PINE EDGE-GRAIN 3-1/4-IN. FACE	40	FAIR	WEAR CONSIDERABLY. MAINTAINED WELL.

^aMILITARY AREAS.^bTEMPORARY-TYPE.^cPERMANENT-TYPE.^dTWO- BY FOUR-INCH SLEEPERS EMBEDDED IN WATER-PROOFED CONCRETE ON GRADE.

TABLE 2. CONCRETE FLOORS

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	METHOD OF REINFORCING	APPROX. THICK., IN.	AGE, YRS.	APPROX. OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BELVOIR ^a	HOSPITAL; ^b KITCHEN	WOOD ^d	-----	1-1/2	---	POOR	AGGREGATE EXPOSED AT STOVE AND WASH AREAS. NO CRACKS.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	NAILS; 15-IN. ON CENTER, IN JOINTS	1-1/2	---	POOR	AGGREGATE EXPOSED. LARGE CRACKS. SUBFLOOR ROTTING.
FORT DEVENS ¹	DO.	FILL	4	8	8	POOR	AGGREGATE EXPOSED OVER MOST OF KITCHEN FLOOR. CONSIDERABLE WEAR.
ABERDEEN PROVING GR. ²	DO.	DO.	-----	4	2	GOOD	NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	WIRE MESH ^e	1-1/2	1	GOOD	DO.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	DO.	1-1/2	2	GOOD	DO.
ATLANTA GENERAL DEPOT ³	DO.	FILL	-----	5	10	GOOD	FEW CRACKS. SOME WEAR.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	-----	5	10	GOOD	DO.
DO.	WAREHOUSE ^c	DO.	-----	8	11	VERY GOOD	FEW SMALL CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR. NO DUSTING. EXPOSED TO SEVERE TRUCKING.
FORT BENNING ³	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	WIRE MESH ^f	1-1/2	1	GOOD	SIX MESS HALLS INSPECTED, ALL IN GOOD CONDITION.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	DO.	1-1/2	1	GOOD	DO.
DO.	BARRACKS ^c	---	-----	5	19	GOOD	NO CRACKS. SOME WEAR.
SAN ANTONIO G.M. DEPOT ⁴	WAREHOUSE ^c	---	-----	---	--	GOOD	VERY SMOOTH SURFACE. COATED WITH ABRASIVE PASTE
BROOKE ARMY HOSPITAL ⁴	SERVICE CLUB	ON GRADE TILE DRAIN	-----	6	8	VERY GOOD	INTEGRAL-COLORED TOPPING 1/4-IN. THICK, TREATED WITH SEALER. EXCELLENT COLOR AND FINISH.

TABLE 2. CONCRETE FLOORS CONTINUED - 2

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	METHOD OF REINFORCING	APPROX. THICK., IN.	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
CAMP BULLIS ⁴	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	FILL	-----	4	30	FAIR	FEW LARGE STRUCTURAL CRACKS.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	ON GRADE	-----	4	30	FAIR	SOME PITTING AROUND STOVE AND WASH AREAS. SLIGHT WEAR.
DO.	LATRINE AND WASH ROOM ^b	DO.	-----	---	3	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT FINISH. NO WATER DAMAGE. NO CRACKS. NO WEAR.
FORT HOOD ⁴	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	WOOD ^d	-----	5	10	GOOD	CRACKS AT STOVES AND BEAMS. NO APPRECIABLE WEAR OR WATER DAMAGE.
FORT BLISS ¹	DO.	DO.	WIRE MESH ^e	1-1/2	3	FAIR	SOME PITTING AROUND SINKS AND DRAIN. FEW SMALL CRACKS.
DO.	DO.	DO.	DO.	1-1/2	3	VERY POOR	LARGE CRACKS. PITED AROUND SINKS AND DRAIN. SOME WEAR.
DO.	RECREATION; ^b DAY ROOM	ON GRADE	-----	---	11	VERY GOOD	SOME SURFACE CRAZING. SLIGHT WEAR. NO CRACKS.
DO.	WAREHOUSE; ^c SHOPS	---	-----	---	---	VERY POOR	VERY POOR MIX. NUMEROUS LARGE CHIPS OF WOOD EXPOSED AND GOUGED OUT.
CAMP POLK ⁴	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	FILL	-----	6	10	FAIR	STRUCTURAL CRACKS AND SEPARATIONS. SURFACE IN GOOD CONDITION.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	-----	6	10	FAIR	STRUCTURAL CRACKS. SOME PITTING AROUND SINKS, DRAIN AND STOVES.
N.O.P.E. ⁴	WAREHOUSE ^c	---	-----	---	34	GOOD	FEW CRACKS. SOME HOLES AND DAMAGED SPOTS. SEVERE SERVICE.
CAMP LEROY JOHNSON ⁴	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	WIRE MESH ^h	2-1/2	3-1/2	GOOD	FEW CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR. GOOD FINISH.

TABLE 2. CONCRETE FLOORS CONTINUED - 3

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	METHOD OF REINFORCING	APPROX. THICK., IN.	AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT CUSTER ⁵	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	WOOD ^d	WIRE MESH ^f	2-1/2	2	POOR	AGGREGATE EXPOSED AT STOVE AND WASH AREAS. LARGE CRACKS. WORN.
DO.	DO.	ON GRADE	-----	5	7	POOR	DO.
FORT RILEY ⁵	DO.	WOOD ^d	WIRE MESH ^f	2-1/2	2	GOOD	SLIGHT WEAR. NO CRACKS.
CAMP STONEMAN ⁶	DO.	DO.	-----	4	5	POOR	AGGREGATE EXPOSED AT STOVE AND WASH AREAS. CONSIDERABLE WEAR.
FORT ORD ⁶	DO.	DO.	WIRE MESH ^f	1-1/2	1	GOOD	FEW LARGE STRUCTURAL CRACKS.
PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY ⁶	DO.	DO.	-----	4	2	FAIR	AGGREGATE EXPOSED AT STOVE AND WASH AREAS.

NUMBERS REFER TO ARMY AREAS. ^aMILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON. ^bTEMPORARY-TYPE. ^cPERMANENT-TYPE.
^dSTRIP-PINE FLOORING OVER 1-IN. WOOD BOARDS. ^eCONCRETE REINFORCED WITH 4- X 4-IN., NO. 13-GAGE, WIRE MESH AND WITH 20-d NAILS DRIVEN 12 IN. ON CENTER ALONG FLOOR JOISTS, LEAVING 1-IN. OF NAIL EXTENDING ABOVE WOOD FLOORING, PLACED DIRECTLY ON WET WOOD FLOORING. ^fCONCRETE REINFORCED WITH 4- X 4-IN., NO. 10-GAGE, WIRE MESH, PLACED ON 55-LB., ASPHALT-PREPARED ROLL ROOFING. ^gCONCRETE REINFORCED WITH 12-d NAILS DRIVEN 12-IN. ON CENTERS ALONG FLOOR JOISTS, LEAVING 1-IN. OF NAIL EXTENDING ABOVE WOOD FLOORING, NO WIRE MESH, PLACED ON 15-LB., ASPHALT-SATURATED FELT.
^hCONCRETE REINFORCED WITH WIRE MESH AND NAILS ALONG JOISTS, PLACED ON ASPHALT-SATURATED FELT.

TABLE 3. FLOOR TOPPING (1/2-IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS) INTEGRAL-HARDENED CONCRETE

MILITARY STATION	TYPE STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	SUBFLOOR TREATMENT	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT DEVENS ¹	BAKERY	CONCRETE, ON GRADE	-----	2	VERY GOOD	
CAMP GORDON ³	MESS HALL; ^a KITCHEN	CONCRETE ^b ON WOOD	MACHINE CHIPPED	1	VERY GOOD	GOOD BOND. NO CRACKS. NO WEAR. NO WATER DAMAGE.
DO.	DO.	DO.	DO.	1	VERY GOOD	DO.
DO.	DO.	DO.	DO.	1	VERY GOOD	DO.
FORT BRAGG ³	DO.	DO.	ACID ETCHED	1/12	POOR	POOR BOND. OBJECTIONABLE CRACKS.
DO.	DO.	DO.	-----	1/12	POOR	DO.

NUMBERS REFER TO ARMY AREAS. ^aTEMPORARY-TYPE. ^bCONCRETE SLAB, 2-IN. THICK, REINFORCED WITH WIRE MESH, ON 55-LB., ASPHALT-PREPARED ROLL ROOFING OVER ORIGINAL WOOD FLOOR.

TABLE 4. MAGNESIUM OXYCHLORIDE (1/2-5/8 IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS)

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	METHOD OF ANCHORING	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BELVOIR ^a	HOSPITAL; ^b OPERATING RM.	WOOD ^d	-----	10	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. SLIGHT DUSTING.
DO.	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES, 2ND FLR.	DO.	ADHESIVE ^f	10	POOR	CRACKED AND BROKEN.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	METAL MESH ^g	1	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. NO WATER DAMAGE. MARKED BY BLACK RUBBER HEELS.
FORT MYER ^a	THEATER; LATRINE	DO.	DO.	1	GOOD	NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WATER DAMAGE. POOR CARE.
FORT JAY ¹	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	METAL MESH ^h	1	VERY GOOD	EXPOSED TO SEVERE TRANSIENT TRAFFIC. NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR.
DO.	FORT; ^c PRISON CELLS	CONCRETE	ADHESIVE	1/4	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT FINISH.
FORT MONMOUTH ¹	BAKERY	CONCRETE, ON GRADE	-----	6	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR.
FORT DIX ¹	DO.	DO.	-----	6	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR.
FORT DEVENS ¹	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	CONCRETE, ON WOOD ⁱ	-----	2	VERY GOOD	EXPOSED TO SEVERE WETTING. NO CRACKS. NO WATER DAMAGE.
DO.	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^h	1	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR.
FORT MEADE ²	HOSPITAL; ^b KITCHEN	CONCRETE, ON WOOD ⁱ	ADHESIVE	3	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. NO WATER DAMAGE.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b DISH-WASHING ROOM	DO.	DO.	3	VERY POOR	COMPLETELY DISINTEGRATED.
FORT MONROE ²	ADMINIS-TATION; ^c CORRIDORS	WOOD ^e	-----	10	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR. GOOD CARE.
FORT CAMPBELL ²	HOSPITAL; ^b MESS SERVING AREA	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^g	2	VERY GOOD	EXPOSED TO SEVERE TRAFFIC. NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR.
FORT KNOX ²	BAKERY	CONCRETE, ON GRADE	ADHESIVE	6	GOOD	NO CRACKS. SOME WEAR FROM STEEL-TIRED TRUCK WHEELS.

TABLE 4. MAGNESIUM OXYCHLORIDE (1/2-5/8 IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS) CONTINUED - 2

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	METHOD OF ANCHORING	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BENNING ³	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^e	1	VERY GOOD	186 BARRACKS (900,000 FT. ²). NO CRACKS. SOME WEAR AT DOORWAYS. GOOD CARE.
FORT BRAGG ³	DO.	DO.	DO.	1	VERY GOOD	300 BARRACKS (1,250,000 FT. ²). NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR. GOOD CARE.
CAMP GORDON ³	MACHINE SHOP ^b	CONCRETE, ON GRADE WOOD ^d	-----	1/2	POOR	DAMAGED CONSIDERABLY FROM IMPACTS OF HEAVY OBJECTS. CRACKS OVER ENTIRE FLOOR AREA.
FORT SAM HOUSTON ⁴	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	WIRE MESH ^j	4	POOR	CRACKED, BROKEN AND PITTED. CRUSHED AT STAIRWAY.
DO.	DO.	DO.	ADHESIVE ^k	4	VERY POOR	FEW SMALL CRACKS. SOME WEAR AT DOORWAYS AND STAIRWAY.
DO.	DO.	DO.	WIRE MESH ^j	3/4	FAIR	NO CRACKS. MESH DESIGN SHOW- ING ON SURFACE. POOR FINISH.
DO.	DO.	DO.	METAL MESH ^g	1/4	GOOD	FEW SMALL CRACKS. SOME WEAR AND MESH SHOWING AT DOORWAYS.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	DO.	2	PAIR	SOME WEAR AND PITTING FROM WATER ALONG SERVING AREA.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	CONCRETE ON WOOD ⁱ	-----	2	VERY POOR	CONSIDERABLE WATER DAMAGE.
DO.	DO.	DO.	-----	2	GOOD	FLOOR GIVEN EXCELLENT CARE.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^g	2	GOOD	SLIGHT PITTING AND WEAR AT DOORWAY. EXCELLENT CARE.
FORT HOOD ⁴	BARRACKS; ^b 800 SERIES	DO.	DO.	2	VERY GOOD	LARGE NUMBER OF BARRACKS IN- SPECTED. FEW SMALL CRACKS.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	DO.	3	GOOD	FEW NAIL HOLES. SOME CRACKS AROUND HEATER. SLIGHT WEAR.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b OFFICER'S MESS	DO.	DO.	2	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE. WAXED WITH PIGMENTED SPIRIT WAX.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS	DO.	DO.	1	POOR	NUMEROUS CRACKS ACROSS CORRI- DORS. STRUCTURAL CRACKS.

TABLE 4. MAGNESIUM OXYCHLORIDE (1/2-5/8 IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS) CONTINUED - 3

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	METHOD OF ANCHORING	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BLISS ⁴	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	CONCRETE ON WOOD ^d	ADHESIVE ^j	1/2	POOR	WATER DAMAGE. CHANNELLED BY DRAIN WATER. BOND FAILURES.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^g	3	GOOD	FEW CRACKS AND NAIL HOLES.
DO.	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	METAL MESH ^h	1-1/4	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR.
DO.	BARRACKS ^c	WOOD ^e	DO.	1	GOOD	3 BARRACKS INSPECTED. MAP-LIKE CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR.
DO.	POST EXCHANGE ^b	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^g	10	VERY GOOD	BRASS DIVIDING-STRIPS USED EXTENSIVELY. FEW CRACKS AT DOORWAY.
WM. BEAUMONT HOSPITAL ⁴	HOSPITAL; ^c OPERATING ROOM	CONCRETE	-----	1	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. EXCELLENT FINISH. SLIGHT DAMAGE FROM IMPACTS.
CAMP POLK ⁴	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^g	1/4	FAIR	SOME CRACKS ACROSS CORRIDORS. UNEVEN TROWELING.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	DO.	1-1/4	VERY POOR	CONSIDERABLE WATER DAMAGE. CRACKED. BEING REPLACED.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	DO.	2	GOOD	SOME CRACKS. SLIGHT WEAR.
FORT SHERIDAN ⁵	ADMINISTRATION; ^c LATRINE AND LOCKERS	ASPHALT MASTIC ON CONCRETE	-----	1/2	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT FINISH. NO CRACKS. FAIR UNIFORMITY OF COLOR.
DO.	BARRACKS ^c	WOOD ^d	ADHESIVE ^f METAL MESH ^g	1	GOOD	FEW STRUCTURAL CRACKS.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^c KITCHEN	DO.	DO.	1	GOOD	SOME WATER DAMAGE AND WEAR.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^c DINING AREA	DO.	DO.	1	GOOD	FEW SMALL CRACKS.
FORT CUSTER ⁵	HOSPITAL; ^b OPERATING ROOM	CONCRETE ON WOOD ⁱ	NONE	4	VERY POOR	NO BOND TO CONCRETE. CRACKED AND BROKEN. ROOM NOT USABLE.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	CONCRETE SPOT CHIPPED	4	VERY POOR	NO BOND TO CONCRETE. CRACKED AND BROKEN.

TABLE 4. MAGNESIUM OXYCHLORIDE (1/2-5/8 IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS) CONTINUED - 4

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	METHOD OF ANCHORING	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT CUSTER ⁵	HOSPITAL; b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^e	4+	VERY GOOD	NO CRACKS. EXCELLENT FINISH.
PERCY JONES HOSPITAL ^j	HOSPITAL; c OPERATING RM.	TERRAZZO	CONCRETE CHIPPED 1/4 IN.	1	VERY GOOD	TERRAZZO TYPE. NO CRACKS.
FORT RILEY ⁵	ADMINISTRATION; b OFFICES	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^e	1/2	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT FINISH. NO COLORING. NO CRACKS.
DO.	WAREHOUSE ^b	WOOD PLANKING	DO.	1/2	FAIR	NO CRACKS. SURFACE DAMAGED FROM TRUCKING AND IMPACTS.
DO.	WAREHOUSE; b COLD STORAGE	CONCRETE	ADHESIVE ¹	1/2	POOR	ERODED BY WATER.
CAMP STONEMAN ⁶	POST EXCHANGE ^b	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^e	4	VERY GOOD	SUBJECTED TO SEVERE TRAFFIC.
PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO ⁶	MESS HALL; c DISH-WASHING AREA	CONCRETE	ADHESIVE ¹	3	POOR	ERODED BY WATER.
DO.	BARRACKS; c LATRINE	DO.	DO.	8	FAIR	SOME WATER DAMAGE. COMPLETELY WORN IN AREAS.
LETTERMAN HOSPITAL ⁶	MESS HALL; b KITCHEN	WOOD ^d	WIRE MESH ^j	3	VERY POOR	ERODED BY WATER. WIRE MESH AND SUBFLOOR EXPOSED IN AREAS.
DO.	MESS HALL; b DINING AREA	DO.	DO.	3	GOOD	SLIGHT WEAR.
FORT ORD ⁶	MESS HALL; b KITCHEN	DO.	METAL MESH ^e	1	POOR	ERODED BY WATER. 11 KITCHENS.

TABLE 4. MAGNESIUM OXYCHLORIDE (1/2-5/8 IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS) CONTINUED - 5

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	METHOD OF ANCHORING	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
CAMP ROBERTS ⁶	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	WOOD ^d	METAL MESH ^e	1	FAIR	SOME WEAR AND EROSION BY WATER.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	DO.	1	POOR	ERODED BY WATER.

NUMBERS REFER TO ARMY AREAS. ^aMILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON. ^bTEMPORARY-TYPE. ^cPERMANENT-TYPE.
^dSTRIP-PINE FLOORING OVER 1-IN. WOOD BOARDS. ^eSTRIP-OAK FLOORING OVER 1-IN. WOOD BOARDS. ^fADHESIVE APPLIED
TO 15-LB. ASPHALT-SATURATED FELT NAILED TO WOOD SUBFLOOR. ^gEXPANDED METAL MESH, 2-1/2 LB/YD², OVER 15-LB.
ASPHALT-SATURATED FELT NAILED ON 6-IN. CENTERS TO WOOD SUBFLOOR WITH 1-1/2-IN. GALVANIZED ROOFING NAILS.
^hSAME AS ^g EXCEPT THAT LARGER NAILS WERE USED ALONG JOISTS TO EXTEND 1-1/2-IN. INTO WOOD JOISTS.
ⁱCONCRETE SLAB, 1-1/2-IN. THICK, REINFORCED WITH WIRE MESH, ON 55-LB. ASPHALT-PREPARED ROLL ROOFING OVER
ORIGINAL WOOD FLOOR. ^jCHICKEN WIRE WITH 1-IN. OPENING OVER 15-LB. ASPHALT-SATURATED FELT NAILED ON 6-IN.
CENTERS TO WOOD SUBFLOOR. ^kRUBBER LATEX ADHESIVE APPLIED DIRECTLY TO WOOD SUBFLOOR, NO FELT UNDERLAY.
^lRUBBER LATEX ADHESIVE APPLIED TO CONCRETE SUBFLOOR.

TABLE 5. ASPHALT TILE

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	NOMINAL THICK., IN.	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BELVOIR ^a	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD	FELT	1/8	1	POOR	FRACTURED AT DOORWAY, KITCHEN AND STOVE. WAVY SURFACE.
WALTER REED HOSPITAL ^a	HOSPITAL; ^c RESEARCH SCHOOL	CONCRETE	NONE	1/8	5	FAIR	SEVERELY INDENTED BY EQUIPMENT. DAMAGED BY CHEMICALS.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^c CORRIDORS	TERRAZZO	NONE	1/8	5	GOOD	FEW FRACTURES AT EXPANSION JOINTS. EXCELLENT CARE.
FORT JAY ¹	ADMINISTRATION; ⁱ OFFICES, CORRIDORS	WOOD ^e	FELT	1/8	3	GOOD	SOME INDENTATION. NO FRACTURES.
N.Y.P.E. ¹	CAFETERIA; ^c DINING AREA	CONCRETE	NONE	1/8	10	VERY GOOD	SLIGHT INDENTATION. NO FRACTURES. SEVERE SERVICE.
DO.	ADMINISTRATION; ^c OFFICES, ^j CORRIDORS	DO.	NONE	1/8	10	VERY GOOD	SLIGHT INDENTATION. NO FRACTURES. (250,000 FT.²).
RARITAN ORD. ARSENAL ¹	DO.	DO.	NONE	1/8	11	VERY GOOD	SLIGHT INDENTATION. NO FRACTURES.
DO.	DO.	CONCRETE ON GRADE	NONE	1/8	1	FAIR	SEVERELY INDENTED.
FORT MONMOUTH ¹	ADMINISTRATION; ^b OFFICES	DO.	NONE	1/8	11	GOOD	SOME INDENTATION.
FORT DIX ¹	HOSPITAL; ^b KITCHEN	POST EXCHANGE ^b	WOOD ^d	1/8 ^f	6	POOR	COMPLETELY WORN AT DOORWAYS AND WORK AREAS.
FORT EDWARDS ¹	HOSPITAL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	PLYWOOD	1/8 ^f	10	VERY POOR	COMPLETELY WORN IN TRAFFIC LANES. MANY FRACTURES.
MURPHY HOSPITAL ¹	HOSPITAL; ^c RECREATION ROOM	CONCRETE	NONE	1/8	2	VERY POOR	CURLED AND SHRUNK. MANY FRACTURES.
FORT MEADE ²	HOSPITAL; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	1/8	9	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE.
ABERDEEN PROVING GR. ²	BARRACKS; ^b 600 SERIES	DO.	FELT	3/16	1	POOR	PLYWOOD DELAMINATED AT WATER FOUNTAIN. 105 BARRACKS. 20% OF TILES FRACTURED.

TABLE 5. ASPHALT TILE (CONTINUED) - 2

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	NOMINAL THICK., IN.	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
VALLEY FORGE HOSPITAL ² DO.	HOSPITAL; c LATRINE POST EXCHANGE ^c	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	1/8f	2	GOOD	EXCELLENT MAINTENANCE. NO FRACTURES.
RICHMOND Q.M. DEPOT ²	MESS HALL; b KITCHEN, DINING	CONCRETE	NONE	3/16	3	VERY GOOD	NO INDENTATION. NO FRACTURES.
FORT LEE ² DO.	HOSPITAL; b CORRIDORS; HOSPITAL; b WARDS	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	1/8	6	GOOD	SOME INDENTATION. NOT EXPOSED TO SEVERE SERVICE.
FORT MONROE ²	ADMIN- ISTRATION; c OFFICES CORRIDORS	CONCRETE	NONE	1/8	5	GOOD	SOME FRACTURES.
FORT CAMPBELL ² DO.	RECREATION; b DAY ROOM HOSPITAL; b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	FELT	1/8	5	VERY POOR	FRACTURED OVER ENTIRE AREA.
FORT KNOX ²	HOSPITAL; b CORRIDORS	DO.	PLYWOOD	1/8	1-1/2	VERY POOR	FRACTURED OVER MOST OF AREA.
FORT MC PHERSON ³ DO.	COMMISSARY ^b BARRACKS; b ADM. OFFICES	CONCRETE	NONE	1/8	1	FAIR	SEVERELY INDENTED IN AREAS.
ATLANTA GEN. DEPOT ³	ADMIN- ISTRATION; c OFFICES CORRIDORS	WOOD ^d	FELT	1/8	5	GOOD	INDENTED AND FRACTURED. 10% REPLACEMENTS.
FORT MC CLELLAN ³	HOSPITAL; b WARDS	DO.	PLYWOOD	1/8	8	VERY POOR	FRACTURED AND SHRUNK OVER MUCH OF AREA.
FORT JACKSON ³	HOSPITAL; b WARDS, CORRIDORS	DO.	HARDBOARD	1/8	8	GOOD	WELL MAINTAINED AND PROTECTED.

TABLE 5. ASPHALT TILE (CONTINUED) - 3

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	NOMINAL THICK., IN.	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT JACKSON ³	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS	WOOD ^d	FELT	1/8	6	VERY POOR	FRACTURED AND BROKEN. 30% REPLACEMENTS.
FORT SAM HOUSTON ⁴	ADMINISTRATION; ^b OFFICES	DO.	FELT	1/8	1/4	POOR	FRACTURED AND CRUSHED BY DESK CHAIRS. CURLED AND SHRUNK AT DOORWAY.
DO.	DO.	DO.	ASPHALT FIBERBOARD	1/8	3	FAIR	INDENTED SEVERELY BY DESKS & CHAIRS. NO FRACTURES.
DO.	DO.	DO.	NONE	1/8	12	VERY POOR	FRACTURED AND CRUSHED. WOOD SUBFLOOR EXPOSED IN MANY AREAS.
DO.	RECREATION; ^b POOL ROOM	DO.	NONE	3/16	16	VERY POOR	FRACTURED AND INDENTED. MOST OF ORIGINAL TILE RE-PLACED & FRACTURED ALSO.
FORT HOOD ⁴	SERVICE CLUB ^b	DO.	FELT	1/8	7	VERY POOR	FRACTURED AND CRUSHED. COMPLETELY WORN IN SOME AREAS.
FORT BLISS ⁴	POST EXCHANGE; ^c CARD SHOP	CONCRETE	NONE	1/6	7	FAIR	COMPLETELY WORN AT ENTRANCE.
WM. BEAUMONT HOSPITAL ⁴	ADMINISTRATION; ^c OFFICES	DO.	NONE	---	10	VERY GOOD	SOME SCRATCHES AND INDENTATIONS. EXCELLENT CARE.
CAMP POLK ⁴	POST EXCHANGE ^b	OXYCHLORIDE	NONE	1/8	1-1/2	GOOD	SOME INDENTATION. NO FRACTURES.
N.O.P.E. ⁴	ADMINISTRATION; ^c OFFICES	CONCRETE	NONE	1/8	3	VERY GOOD	VERY LARGE AREA. EXCELLENT CARE.
DO.	CAFETERIA; ^c KITCHEN	DO.	NONE	1/8 ^f	1-1/4	FAIR	CURLED, SHRUNK AND FRAC-TURED WHERE EXPOSED TO SEVERE WETTING.
DO.	CAFETERIA; ^c SERVING AREA	DO.	NONE	1/6 ^f	1-1/4	VERY GOOD	NO CURLING, SHRINKAGE OR FRACTURES.
CAMP LEROY JOHNSON ⁴	HOSPITAL; ^b DINING ROOM	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	1/8	3	GOOD	INDENTED BY TABLE AND CHAIR LEGS. NO FRACTURES.
FORT SHERIDAN ⁵	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	LATEX COMPO-SITION	1/8	1/2	VERY GOOD	USED FOR FAMILY QUARTERS. UNDERLAYMENT TROWELED TO HARD AND SMOOTH COATING.

TABLE 5. ASPHALT TILE (CONTINUED) - 4

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	NOMINAL THICK., IN.	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
PERCY JONES HOSPITAL ⁵	HOSPITAL; C CORRIDORS	TERRAZZO	NONE	3/16	10	GOOD	ONLY FEW FRACTURED AND REPLACED TILES OVER LARGE AREA. EXCELLENT CARE.
DO.	HOSPITAL; c WARDS	DO.	NONE	3/16	10	VERY GOOD	NO REPLACEMENTS. EXCELLENT CARE. PROTECTED AGAINST INDENTATION.
DO.	DO.	DO.	NONE	3/16	5	VERY GOOD	DO.
ST. LOUIS MED. DEPOT ⁵	ADMIN-ISTRATION; OFFICES; CORRIDORS	CONCRETE	NONE	1/8	8	GOOD	SOME INDENTATION BY DESKS AND CHAIRS. EXCELLENT CARE.
FORT CARSON ⁵	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	NEW CONCRETE ON WOOD	NONE	1/8 ^f	1/2	POOR	BOND FAILURES AND SHRINKAGE AT DRAINS. DAMAGED BY HOT KETTLES. 30 KITCHENS.
CAMP STONEMAN ⁶	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	1/8	3	GOOD	SLIGHT WEAR IN TRAFFIC LANES. EXCESSIVE MAINTENANCE WITH WATER.
PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO ⁶	ADMIN-ISTRATION; b OFFICES	DO.	FELT	1/8	5	VERY POOR	FRACTURED & CRUSHED. COMPLETELY WORN IN SOME AREAS. 30% REPLACEMENTS.
DO.	ADMIN-ISTRATION; c OFFICES	CONCRETE	NONE	1/8	15	GOOD	SOME INDENTATION BY DESKS & CHAIRS. EXCELLENT CARE.
OAKLAND ARMY BASE ⁶	BARRACKS ^c	DO.	NONE	1/8	2	VERY GOOD	NO REPLACEMENT. PROTECTED AGAINST INDENTATION.
FORT MASON ⁶	POST EXCHANGE ^c	DO.	NONE	1/8	10	GOOD	ONLY FEW FRACTURED & REPLACED TILES OVER LARGE AREA.
PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY ⁶	CLASSROOM ^b	WOOD ^d	FELT	1/8	4	FAIR	SOME FRACTURES & SHRINKAGE.
CAMP ROBERTS ⁶	ADMINISTRA-TION; b OFFICES	DO.	PLYWOOD	1/8	10	GOOD	10% REPLACEMENTS. INDENTED BY TABLE & CHAIR LEGS. NO FRACTURES.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	DO.	1/8	12	GOOD	SLIGHT WEAR & FRACTURES IN TRAFFIC LANES.

NUMBERS REFER TO ARMY AREAS. a MILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON. b TEMPORARY-TYPE. c PERMANENT-TYPE.

d STRIP-PINE FLOORING OVER 1-IN. WOOD BOARDS. e STRIP-OAK FLOORING OVER 1-IN. WOOD BOARDS.

f "GREASE-RESISTANT" TILE.

TABLE 6. LINOLEUM (BURLAP-BACKED, SHEET FORM)

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	NOMINAL THICK., IN.	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BELVOIR ^a	HOSPITAL; ^b WARDS	WOOD ^d	NONE	1/8	6	FAIR	CRACKED ALONG STRIP SUBFLOOR.
WALTER REED HOSPITAL ^a	HOSPITAL; ^c OFFICE	CONCRETE	NONE	1/4	21	GOOD	HARDENED. SOME SURFACE CHECKING.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^c WARDS	DO.	NONE	1/4	21	GOOD	HARDENED. SOME INDENTATION.
FORT JAY ¹	HOSPITAL; ^c CORRIDORS	DO.	NONE	1/4	1+	GOOD	DARKENED. WAX ACCUMULATED.
N.Y.P.E. ¹	ADMINISTRATION; ^c OFFICES	DO.	NONE	1/4	12	GOOD	SOME INDENTATION. (250,000 FT. ²).
FORT DIX ¹	HOSPITAL; ^b WARDS	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	1/8	8	VERY GOOD	UNIFORM SURFACE. SLIGHT INDENTATION.
FORT EDWARD ¹	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	NONE	1/8	7	GOOD	SEVERE SERVICE. POOR CARE.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS	DO.	HARDBOARD	1/8	2	VERY GOOD	UNIFORM SURFACE. GOOD CARE.
FORT DEVENS ¹	HOSPITAL; ^b WARDS	DO.	NONE	1/8	8	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE.
FORT MEADE ²	HOSPITAL; ^b WARDS	DO.	NONE	3/16	8	VERY GOOD	DO.
FORT MONMEE ²	ADMINISTRATION; ^c OFFICES	CONCRETE	NONE	1/8	11	VERY GOOD	
FORT MCPHERSON ³	ADMINISTRATION; ^c CORRIDORS	WOOD ^d	FELT	1/8	5	VERY GOOD	NO WEAR. GOOD CARE.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^c WARDS, CORRIDORS.	WOOD ^e	NONE	1/4	20	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT MAINTENANCE.
ATLANTA GEN. DEPOT ³	BARRACKS; ^b 800 SERIES	WOOD ^d	FELT	1/8	1	GOOD	SOME INDENTATION BY FOOT LOCKERS. WELL MAINTAINED. (55 BARRACKS).
FORT BENNING ³	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	FELT	1/8	1	GOOD	BLOCKS USED TO PREVENT INDENTATION. SOME STAINS AND BLISTER. (30 BARRACKS).
DO.	DO.	DO.	FELT	1/8	1	VERY GOOD	OFFICER CANDIDATE SCHOOL AREA. EXCELLENT CARE. (20 BARRACKS).
DO.	CLASSROOMS ^b	DO.	FELT	1/8	1	VERY GOOD	NO INDENTATION FROM DESKS & CHAIRS. SEVERE SERVICE.
DO.	RECREATION; ^b DAY ROOM	DO.	FELT	1/8	1	VERY GOOD	SLIGHT WEAR. EXCELLENT CARE.

TABLE 6. LINOLEUM (BURLAP-BACKED, SHEET FORM) (CONTINUED) - 2

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	NOMINAL THICK., IN.	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BENNING ³	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS	WOOD ^d	FELT	1/8	1	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE.
CAMP GORDON ³	HOSPITAL; ^b WARDS	DO.	FELT	1/8	8	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	FELT	1/8	1	GOOD	SOME BLISTERS.
DO.	BARRACKS; ^d 700 SERIES	DO.	FELT	1/8	1	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE. SLIGHT WEAR.
FORT JACKSON ³	HOSPITAL; ^b WARDS, CORRIDORS	DO.	FELT	1/8	1	VERY GOOD	ALL WARDS AND HALF OF CORRIDORS COVERED WITH LINOLEUM.
DO.	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	FELT	1/8	1	GOOD	SOME BLISTERS.
FORT BRAGG ³	DO.	DO.	FELT	1/8	1	VERY GOOD	GOOD CARE. (2,750,000 FT. ²)
FORT SAM HOUSTON ⁴	PROJECTION SCHOOL ^b	DO.	FELT	1/8	12	GOOD	FILM CABINETS ON BLOCKS OF WOOD. SOME INDENTATION. SLIGHT WEAR.
CAMP BULLIS ⁴	ADMINISTRATION; ^b OFFICES	WOOD ^e	NONE	1/4	12	FAIR	INDENTED BY DESK CHAIRS. SOME WEAR. NO CRACKING. NO BOND FAILURE.
FORT BLISS ⁴	BARRACKS; ^c CLASSROOMS	CONCRETE	NONE	1/4	10	VERY GOOD	SLIGHT INDENTATION AND WEAR. GOOD CARE.
DO.	ADMINISTRATION; ^b	WOOD ^d	FELT	1/8	4	GOOD	SOME INDENTATION AND SMUDGES. SOME BOND FAILURE AT SEAMS.
DO.	DO.	DO.	FELT	1/8	4	FAIR	INLAID LINOLEUM. BOND FAILURE AT SEAMS. CONSIDERABLE PATCHING.
WM. BEAUMONT HOSPITAL ⁴	BARRACKS ^c	CONCRETE	NONE	1/4	24	GOOD	SOME WEAR AT MAIN ENTRANCE. NO INDENTATION. GOOD SEAMS.
FORT SHERIDAN ⁵	RECREATION; ^c DAY ROOM	WOOD ^f	FELT	1/8	10	GOOD	SOME SURFACE CHECKING.
DO.	BARRACKS ^c	DO.	PLYWOOD	1/8	3	FAIR	PLYWOOD DELAMINATED BY WATER IN AREAS.

TABLE 6. LINOLEUM (BURLAP-BACKED, SHEET FORM) (CONTINUED) - 3

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	NOMINAL THICK., IN.	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT SHERIDAN ⁵	ADMINISTRATION; b OFFICES	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	1/8	2	GOOD	SOME WEAR ALONG SEVERE TRAFFIC LANE.
FORT CUSTER ⁵	N.C.O. CLUB ^b	DO.	NONE	1/8	3	FAIR	BOND FAILURES AT SEAMS.
CAMP STONEMAN ⁶	SERVICE CLUB ^b	DO.	NONE	1/8	5	VERY GOOD	SUBJECTED TO SEVERE SERVICE.
PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO ⁶	BARRACKS; c CORRIDORS	WOOD ^e	NONE	1/8	8	GOOD	SOME WATER DAMAGE AT ENTRANCE.
DO.	ADMINISTRATION; c OFFICES	CONCRETE	NONE	1/4	15	GOOD	SOME WEAR AND INDENTATION IN AREAS.
OAKLAND ARMY BASE ⁶	CORRIDORS	WOOD ^d	FELT	1/8	11	GOOD	DO.
CAMP ROBERTS ⁶	HOSPITAL; b CORRIDORS	DO.	PLYWOOD	1/8	12	VERY GOOD	SUBJECTED TO WATER FROM LEAKS ON OCCASIONS. EXCELLENT CARE.

NUMBERS REFER TO ARMY AREAS. a MILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON.

b TEMPORARY-TYPE. c PERMANENT-TYPE.

d STRIP-PINE FLOORING OVER 1-IN. WOOD BOARDS.

e STRIP-OAK FLOORING OVER 1-IN. WOOD BOARDS.

f STRIP-MAPLE FLOORING OVER 1-IN. WOOD BOARDS.

TABLE 7. FELT-BACKED FLOOR COVERINGS

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	SURFACE COMPOSITION	SURFACE THICK., IN.	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT BELVOIR ^a	HOSPITAL; b CORRIDORS	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	CELLULOSE NITRATE	0.05	9	FAIR	WORN TO FELT IN SEVERE TRAFFIC AREAS. REPLACED IN MANY AREAS.
FORT DIX ¹	DO.	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	8	POOR	DO.
FORT MCCLELLAN ²	DO.	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	8	FAIR	WORN TO FELT IN SEVERE TRAFFIC AREAS. DAMAGED BY LEAKING STEAM VALVES.
DO.	HOSPITAL; b LABORATORY	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	8	VERY POOR	DAMAGED BY CHEMICALS. COMPLETELY WORN.
CAMP GORDON ²	HOSPITAL; b CORRIDORS	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	8	GOOD	WORN TO FELT IN FEW AREAS. NO LEAKING STEAM VALVES.
FORT MYER ^a	THEATER; c CORRIDOR	WOOD ^e	NONE	LINOLEUM	.09	3 1/4	FAIR	APPRECIABLE WEAR ALONG RIDGES CAUSED BY STRIP SUBFLOOR.
FORT BELVOIR ^a	HOSPITAL; b CORRIDORS	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	DO.	.05	5	VERY GOOD	NO APPRECIABLE WEAR.
BELLE MEAD (N.M. DEPOTS)	HOSPITAL; b WARDS	DO.	NONE	DO.	.05	10	FAIR	CONSIDERABLE BOND FAILURE AT SEAMS. SLIGHT WEAR.
FORT MONMOUTH ³	DO.	DO.	HARDBOARD	DO.	.03	6	POOR	WORN, INDENTED, SURFACE FRACTURED.
FORT SAN HOUSTON ⁴	RECREATION; b DAY ROOM	WOOD ^e	NONE	DO.	.03	10	FAIR	EXPANDED & BUCKLED AT SEAMS.
FORT HOOD ⁴	SERVICE CLUB ^b	WOOD ^d	NONE	DO.	.03	7	VERY GOOD	NO APPRECIABLE WEAR.
CAMP POLK ⁴	ADMINISTRATION; b OFFICES	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.09	5	VERY GOOD	SOME INDENTATION.
PERCY JONES HOSPITAL ⁵	ADMINISTRATION; c OFFICES	TERRAZZO	NONE	DO.	.03	5	POOR	COMPLETELY WORN. SURFACE FRACTURED.
FORT LEAVENWORTH ⁵	BACHELOR-OFFICER QUARTERS ^c	WOOD ^e	PLYWOOD	DO.	.09	1	VERY GOOD	IN TILE FORM. NO BOND FAILURES.
LETTERMAN HOSPITAL ⁵	HOSPITAL; c, b CORRIDORS	WOOD ^d	FELT	DO.	.09	4	VERY GOOD	IN TILE FORM. NO BOND FAILURES. EXCELLENT CARE.
FORT MASON ⁶	POST EXCHANGE ^b	DO.	FELT	DO.	.05	10	GOOD	SOME WEAR.
FORT ORDNANCE ⁶	HOSPITAL; b WARDS	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.05	10	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE.

TABLE 7. FELT-BACKED FLOOR COVERINGS (CONTINUED) - 2

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	SURFACE COMPOSITION	SURFACE THICK., IN.	AGE, YRS.	APPROX. CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT MCCLELLAN ³	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	WOOD ^d	FELT	VINYL PLASTIC	.03	1	VERY GOOD	NO WEAR. POOR MAINTEN- ANCE. 16 BARRACKS.
DO.	RECREATION; ^b DAY ROOMS	DO.	FELT	DO.	.03	1	VERY GOOD	NO WEAR. 10 DAY ROOMS.
DO.	BACHELOR-OFFICER QUARTERS ^b	DO.	FELT	DO.	.03	1	VERY GOOD	NO WEAR. 4 B.O.O.'s.
DO.	POST OFFICE ^b	DO.	FELT	DO.	.03	1	VERY GOOD	
DO.	ADMINISTRATION; ^b FINNACE ROOM	DO.	FELT	DO.	.03	1	VERY GOOD	
FORT SAM HOUSTON ⁴	CARPENTER SHOP; ^b OFFICE	WOOD ^f	FELT	DO.	.006	1	FAIR	SLIGHT SHRINKAGE AT SEAMS. SOME INDENTA- TION.
FORT ORD ⁶	MESS HALLS; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	FELT	----	.07	1	VERY GOOD	11 COMPANY-TYPE MESS HALLS. MAINTAINED WELL.
FORT BELVOIR ^a	BARRACKS ^b	DO.	NONE	PITCH	.02	4	FAIR	APPRECIABLE INDENTATION
N.Y.P.E. ¹	ADMINISTRATION; ^c	WOOD BLOCKS	NONE	DO.	.02	5	POOR	UNEVEN SURFACE DUE TO SUBFLOOR.
RARITAN ORD. ARSENAL ¹	BARRACKS; ^b B.O.Q.	WOOD ^d	HARDBOARD	DO.	.02	2	VERY GOOD	SLIP-RESISTANT TYPE
FORT MONMOUTH ¹	DO.	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	7	VERY POOR	INDENTED & WORN. PLY- WOOD DELAMINATED.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS	DO.	HARDBOARD	DO.	.02	8	FAIR	
FORT DIX ¹	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	2/3	POOR	PLACED ALONG CENTER AISLES. WORN & TORN.
FORT EDWARDS ¹	OFFICER'S MESS; ^b	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	1	VERY POOR	BLISTERED, INDENTED, WORN.
FORT DEVENS ¹	DINING AREA	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	3	FAIR	WORN IN SOME AREAS.
FORT MEADE ²	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	5	VERY GOOD	NO APPRECIABLE WEAR.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b	DO.	DO.	DO.	.02	5	VERY POOR	WORN. SURFACE FRAC- TURED. APPEARANCE POOR.
FORT CAMPBELL ²	CORRIDORS	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	8	VERY GOOD	HEAVY FOOT & CART TRAF- FIC. MAINTAINED WELL.
FORT KNOX ²	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	1/4	VERY GOOD	NOT SUFFICIENT SERVICE TO EVALUATE.

TABLE 7. FELT-BACKED FLOOR COVERINGS (CONTINUED) - 3

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	SURFACE COMPOSITION	APPROX. SURFACE THICK., IN.	AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT KNOX ²	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	PITCH	.02	1	POOR	PITTED & INDENTED.
LAWSON AIR FORCE BASE	DO.	NONE	DO.	DO.	.02	1	VERY POOR	WORN. SURFACE FRATURED. BOND FAILURES. TO BE REPLACED.
POPE AIR FORCE BASE	DO.	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	1	VERY POOR	IN TILE FORM. APPRECIABLE BOND FAILURES. INDENTED.
CAMP GORDON ³	POST EXCHANGE ^b	DO.	FELT	DO.	.02	1 1/4	GOOD	IN TILE FORM. NO BOND FAILURES. SOME INDENTATION.
FORT BRAGG ³	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	--	GOOD	INDENTED. MARRED. APPEARANCE POOR.
FORT SAM HOUSTON ⁴	PROJECTION SCHOOL ^b	CONCRETE	NONE	DO.	.02	12	FAIR	INDENTED BY CHAIR & DESK LEGS. GOUGED BY FILE LEGS. PROMINENT FOOT PRINTS.
DO.	ADMINISTRATION; ^b OFFICE	WOOD ^d	PITCH FELT-BACKED	DO.	.02	1/52	FAIR	INDENTED & CUT BY COT LEGS. SOME SURFACE CHECKING.
DO.	BARRACKS ^c	WOOD ^e	NONE	DO.	.02	3	GOOD	MAINTAINED WELL. SOME WEAR.
SAN ANTONIO ⁵ Q.M. DEPOT ⁴	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	WOOD ^d	FELT	DO.	.02	4	GOOD	DO.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	FELT	DO.	.02	1	POOR	DO.
CAMP POLK ⁴	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS ^b	DO.	HARDBOARD	DO.	.02	1	VERY GOOD	DO.
DO.	DO.	DO.	PITCH FELT-BACKED	DO.	.02	1	GOOD	DO.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b BARBER SHOP	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	9	VERY POOR	DO.
CAMP LEROY JOHNSON ⁴	HOSPITAL; ^b ENTRANCE	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	3-1/2	VERY GOOD	DO.

TABLE 7. FELT-BACKED FLOOR COVERINGS (CONTINUED) - 4

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	SURFACE COMPOSITION	SURFACE THICK., IN.	AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
CAMP LEROY JOHNSON ⁴ FORT CUSTER ⁵	COMMISSARY ^b BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	WOOD ^f WOOD ^d	NONE NONE	PITCH DO.	.02 .02	1/2 2	GOOD POOR	NO APPRECIABLE WEAR AT CHECK-OUT COUNTER. PLACED ALONG CENTER AISLES. PITTED & IN- DENTED. REPLACED AT ENTRANCES.
PERCY JONES HOSPITAL ⁵	BARRACKS ^b	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	2	FAIR	SOME BOND FAILURES AT SEAMS. SLIGHT INDEN- TATION. MAINTAINED WELL.
FORT LEAVENWORTH ⁵ DO.	BARRACKS; ^b CCC TYPE CLASSROOM ^c	DO. CONCRETE	NONE NONE	DO. DO.	.02 .02	3 2	FAIR GOOD	PITTED & INDENTED. MAINTAINED WELL. SLIGHT INDENTATION. MAINTAINED WELL.
FORT RILEY ⁵	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	WOOD ^d	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	1	FAIR	NAIL FAILURE IN FLY- WOOD DAMAGING COVER- ING. INDENTED AND PITTED.
DO.	MESS HALL; ^b DINING AREA	DO. DO.	NONE HARDBOARD	DO. DO.	.02 .02	1 4	POOR POOR	COMPLETELY WORN AT SERVING AREA AND AT ENTRANCES.
CAMP CARSON ⁵	BARRACKS; ^b 800 SERIES	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	8	GOOD	COMPLETELY WORN AT ENTRANCE. DAMAGED BY WATER. OUTSIDE LA- TRINE. INDENTED.
DO.	HOSPITAL; ^b CORRIDORS	DO. DO.	NONE	DO. DO.	.02 .02	2-1/2	VERY POOR	SLIGHT PITTING. EX- CELLENT MAINTENANCE.
CAMP STONEMAN ⁶	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES	DO.	DO.	DO.	.02	1-1/2	GOOD	COMPLETELY WORN OUT AT ENTRANCES & CENTER AISLES. BAD INDENTA- TION.
OAKLAND ARMY BASE ⁶ DO.	BARRACKS; ^b 700 SERIES POST EXCHANGE ^b	DO. CONCRETE	NONE NONE	DO. DO.	.02 .02	4	GOOD	SLIGHT USAGE. SLIGHT WEAR & INDENTATION. IN TILE FORM. REPLACED ALONG SERVING AREA.

TABLE 7. FELT-BACKED FLOOR COVERINGS (CONTINUED) - 5

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	SURFACE COMPOSITION	APPROX. SURFACE THICK., IN.	AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
FORT MASON ⁶	ADMINISTRATION; b CORRIDORS AND OFFICES	WOOD ^a	NONE	PITCH	.02	6	POOR	DAMAGED BY STRIP SUB-FLOOR. BAD INDENTATION.
FORT ORD ⁶	HOSPITAL; b CORRIDORS	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	2	GOOD	SLIP-RESISTANT TYPE. WORN AT ENTRANCES.
PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY ⁶	BARRACKS; b 800 SERIES	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	2	GOOD	SLIGHT INDENTATION & WEAR. GOOD CARE.
DO.	CLASSROOMS ^b	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	2	FAIR	UNDESIRABLE INDENTATION.
CAMP ROBERTS ⁶	BARRACKS; b 700 SERIES	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	1	GOOD	EXCELLENT MAINTENANCE. SLIGHT WEAR & INDENTATION. 1000 BARRACKS.
FORT BELVOIR ^a	BARRACKS; b SUPPLY ROOMS	DO.	NONE	RESIN	.02	1	GOOD	
FORT LEE ²	MESS HALL; b DINING AREA	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	1/4	VERY POOR	WORN TO FELT AT SERVING COUNTERS & ENTRANCE. INDENTED.
DO.	BARRACKS; b B.O.Q.	DO.	PLYWOOD	DO.	.02	1	FAIR	POOR APPEARANCE. WORN TO FELT AT ENTRANCE.
FORT LEAVENWORTH ⁵	BARRACKS; b CCC TYPE	DO.	NONE	DO.	.02	1/2	POOR	UNDESIRABLE SURFACE FRACTURING. SOME INDENTATION.

NUMBERS REFER TO ARMY AREAS. aMILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON.

bTEMPORARY-TYPE. cPERMANENT-TYPE.

dSTRIP-PINE FLOORING OVER 1-IN. BOARDS.

eSTRIP-OAK FLOORING OVER 1-IN. BOARDS.

fTONGUED-AND-GROOVED FLOORING, 2-IN. X 6-IN., SANDED.

TABLE 8. QUARRY TILE

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	TYPE OF MORTAR JOINTS	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
WALTER REED HOSPITAL ^a	MESS HALL; c KITCHEN	STRUCTURAL CONCRETE	SPECIAL	11	VERY GOOD	HEAVY FOOD-CART TRAFFIC. SLIP-
FORT CAMPBELL ²	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	DO.	1	VERY GOOD	PERRY WHEN WET.
VALLEY FORGE HOSPITAL ²	MESS HALL; ^c KITCHEN	DO.	DO.	3	VERY GOOD	SLIP-RESISTANT TYPE.
FORT KNOX ²	DO.	DO.	DO.	13	VERY GOOD	HEAVY FOOD-CART TRAFFIC.
FORT BENNING ²	DO.	DO.	DO.	7	VERY GOOD	HEAVY FOOD-CART TRAFFIC.
BROOKE HOSPITAL ⁴	DO.	DO.	DO.	13	VERY GOOD	STAINLESS-STEEL PANS UNDER STEAM KETTLES.
PERCY JONES HOSPITAL ⁵	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	DO.	REGULAR	9	GOOD	SLIGHT FAILURE OF MORTAR JOINTS IN DISH-WASHING AREA.
CAMP STONEMAN ⁶	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	4-IN. CONCRETE OVER WOOD	SPECIAL	3	VERY GOOD	5 CONSOLIDATED MESS HALLS OF THIS TYPE.
LETTERMAN HOSPITAL ⁶	MESS HALL; ^c KITCHEN	STRUCTURAL CONCRETE	DO.	15	VERY GOOD	
PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO ⁶	DO.	DO.	DO.	3	VERY GOOD	
OAKLAND ARMY BASE ⁶	MESS HALL; ^b KITCHEN	CONCRETE ON GRADE	REGULAR	4	GOOD	SLIGHT FAILURE OF MORTAR JOINTS AROUND DRAINS. 2 COMPANY-TYPE MESS HALLS.
FORT MASON ⁶	DO.	DO.	SPECIAL	3	VERY GOOD	
PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY ⁶	DO.	4-IN. CONCRETE OVER WOOD	REGULAR	2	GOOD	SLIGHT FAILURE OF MORTAR JOINTS AROUND DRAINS AND STEAM KETTLES.

NUMBERS REFER TO ARMY AREAS.

^aMILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON.^bTEMPORARY-TYPE.^cPERMANENT TYPE.

TABLE 9. RUBBER AND VINYL TILES (1/8-IN. NOMINAL THICKNESS)

MILITARY STATION	TYPE OF STRUCTURE	SUBFLOOR	UNDERLAY	TYPE OF TILE	APPROX. AGE, YRS.	OVERALL CONDITION	REMARKS
WALTER REED HOSPITAL ^a	HOSPITAL; ^c WARD	TERRAZZO	NONE	RUBBER	11	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT CARE.
FORT BLISS ⁴	POST EXCHANGE; ^c CORRIDOR AND CAFETERIA	CONCRETE	NONE	RUBBER	3/4	GOOD	SEVERE TRAFFIC. VERY POOR WORKMANSHIP IN INSTALLING.
WALTER REED HOSPITAL ^a	HOSPITAL; ^c WARDS	DO.	NONE	VINYL FLEXIBLE ^b	1	VERY GOOD	
FORT KNOX ²	POST EXCHANGE; ^b CAFETERIA	DO.	NONE	VINYL, SEMI-FLEXIBLE	3	GOOD	SEVERE TRAFFIC. SLIGHT WEAR. NO INDENTATION.

NUMBERS REFER TO ARMY AREAS. ^aMILITARY DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON.^bTEMPORARY-TYPE. ^cPERMANENT-TYPE.

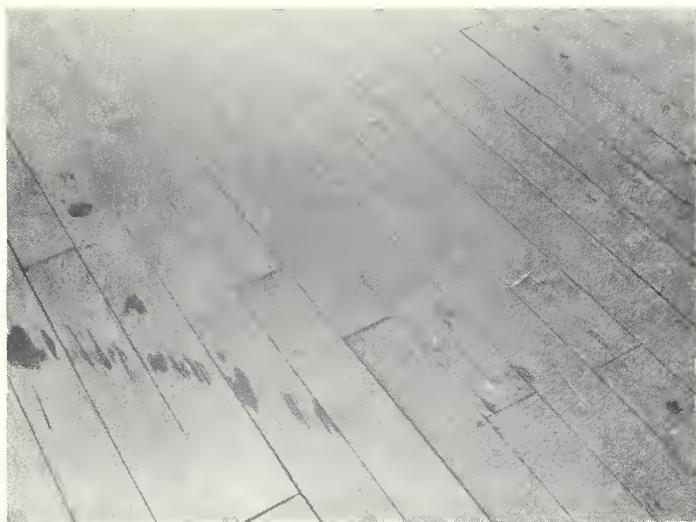


Figure 1. Typical mobilization-type barracks floor with 25/32-in., tongued-and-grooved, flat-grained pine having a 3 1/4-in. face. The flooring was laid over 1-in., diagonally-placed boards. Note splintered segments torn out, and wide cracks between strips and end joints.



Figure 2. Concrete floor, 1-1/2 in. thick, eight years old, over typical, original wood floor in company-type kitchen. Note exposure of aggregate, structural cracks and damage around drain.



Figure 3. Magnesium oxychloride floor, two years old, over concrete in kitchen. Note disintegration caused by water from dishwasher.



Figure 4. Magnesium oxychloride floor, one month old, in kitchen of company-type mess hall. Note eroded channel caused by drain from refrigerator.



Figure 5. Magnesium oxychloride floor, one year old, in hospital corridor. Note numerous cracks running across corridor, apparently caused by structural movement of wood subfloor.

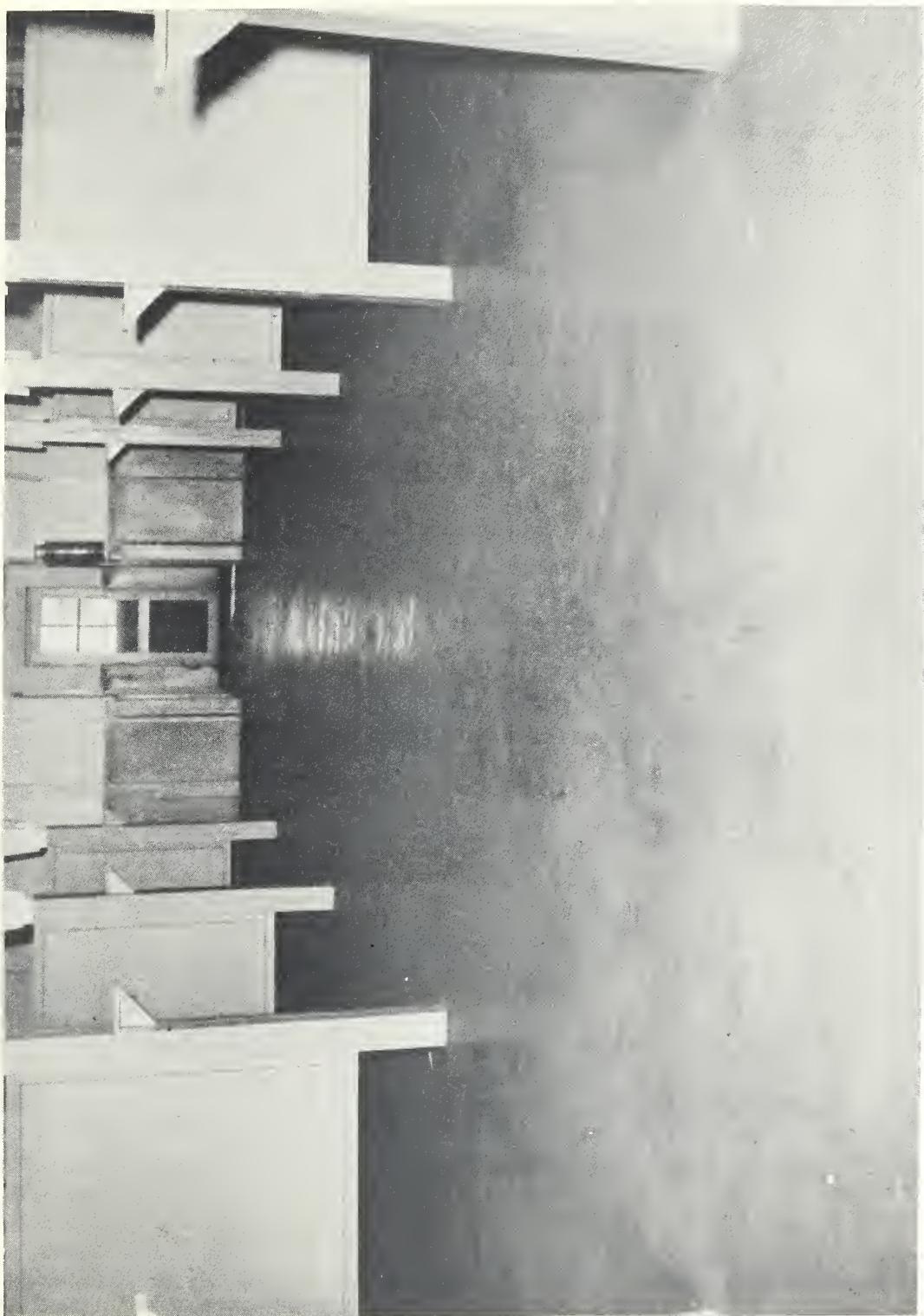


Figure 6. Magnesium oxychloride floor, 5/8-in. thick, one year old, laid over wood in a mobilization-type barracks. Installation was made in accordance with recommended method.

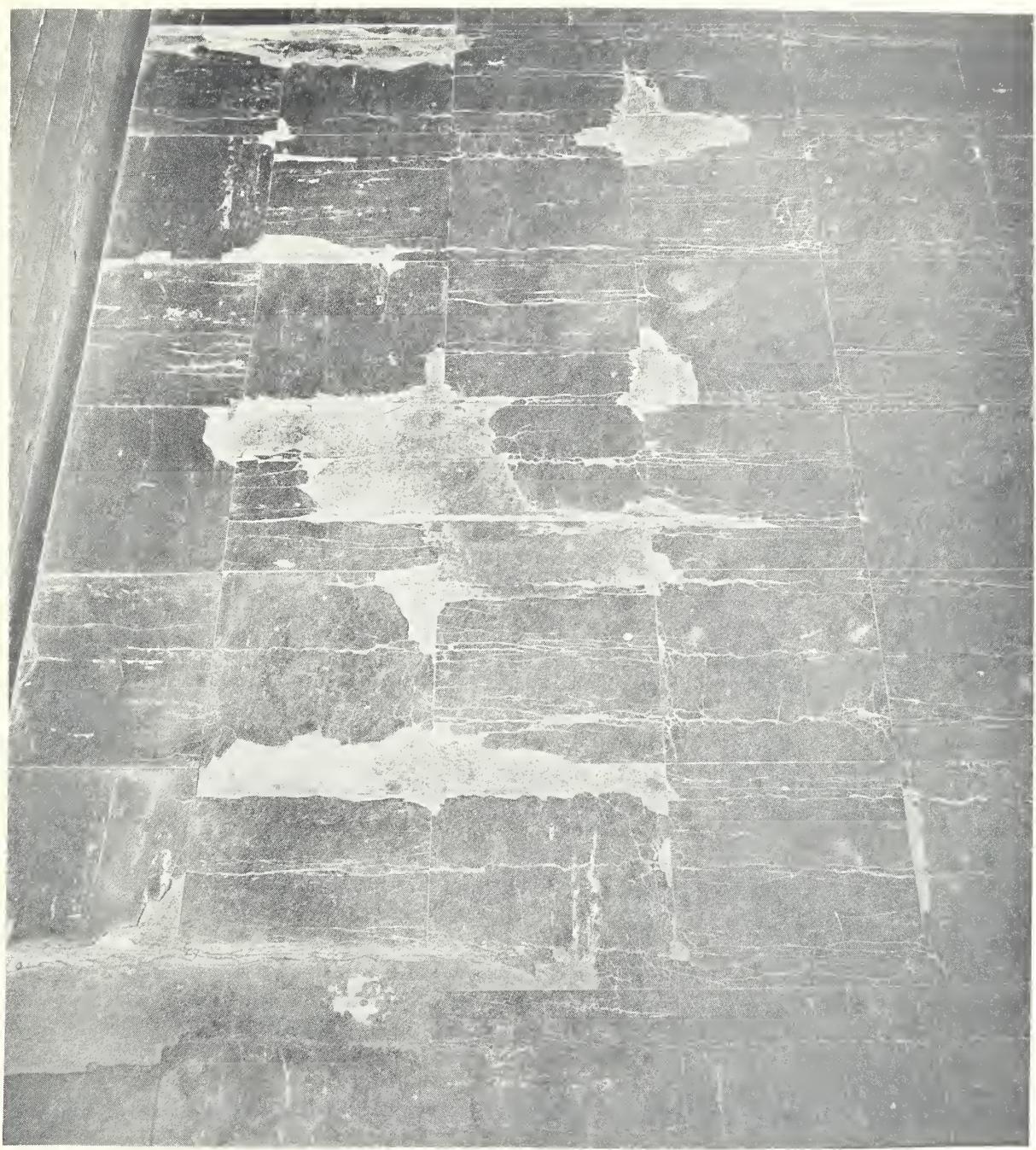


Figure 7. Asphalt tile, 1/8-in. thick, four years old, laid over a strip-pine floor with a 15-lb, asphalt-saturated felt underlayment in a mobilization-type barracks. Note deterioration of tiles and numerous cracks running parallel to tongued-and-grooved, strip-pine flooring.

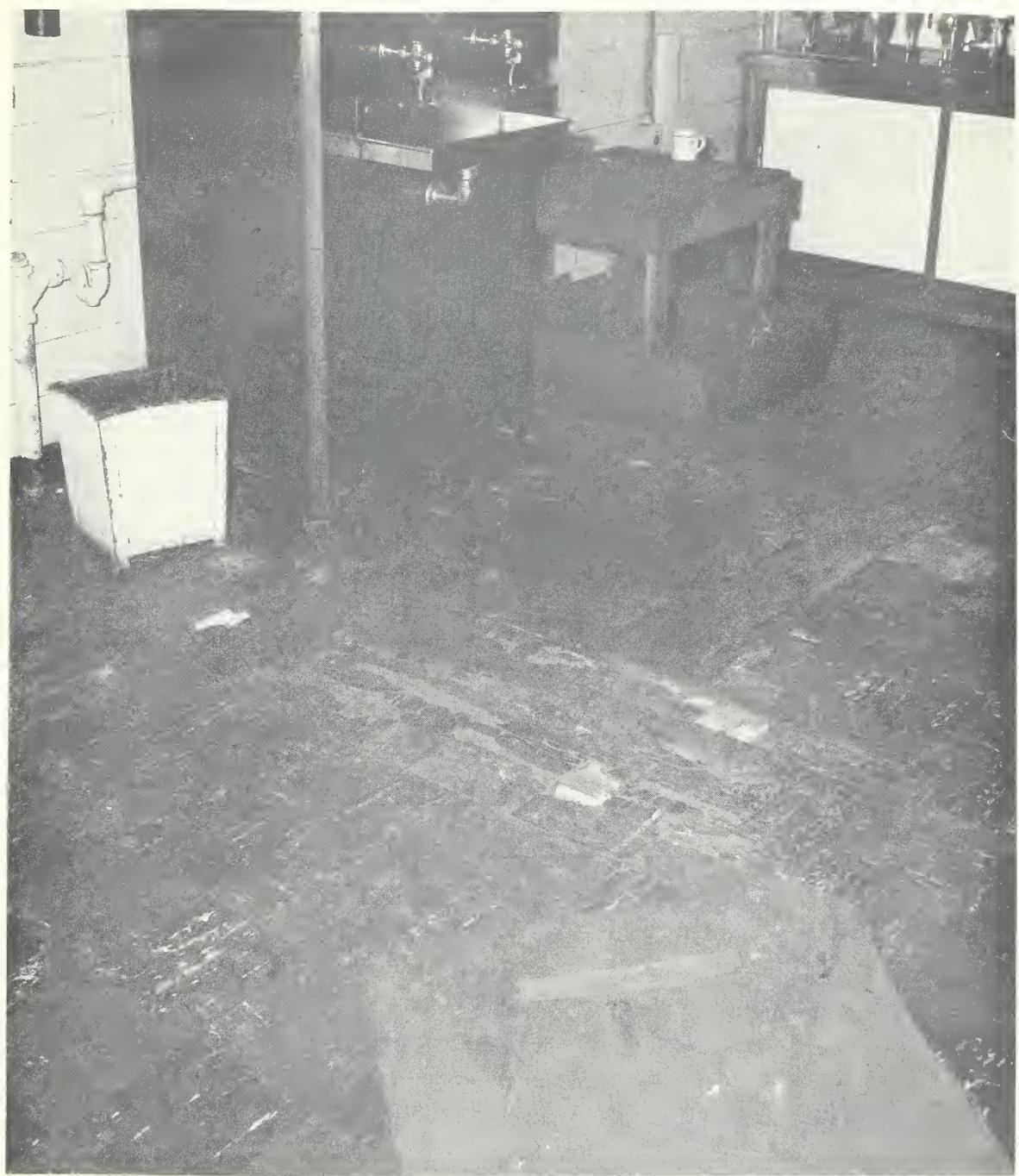


Figure 8. Asphalt tile, five years old, laid over 1/4-in. plywood adjacent to drinking fountain. Spillage of water has caused delamination of plywood and subsequent failure of asphalt tile.

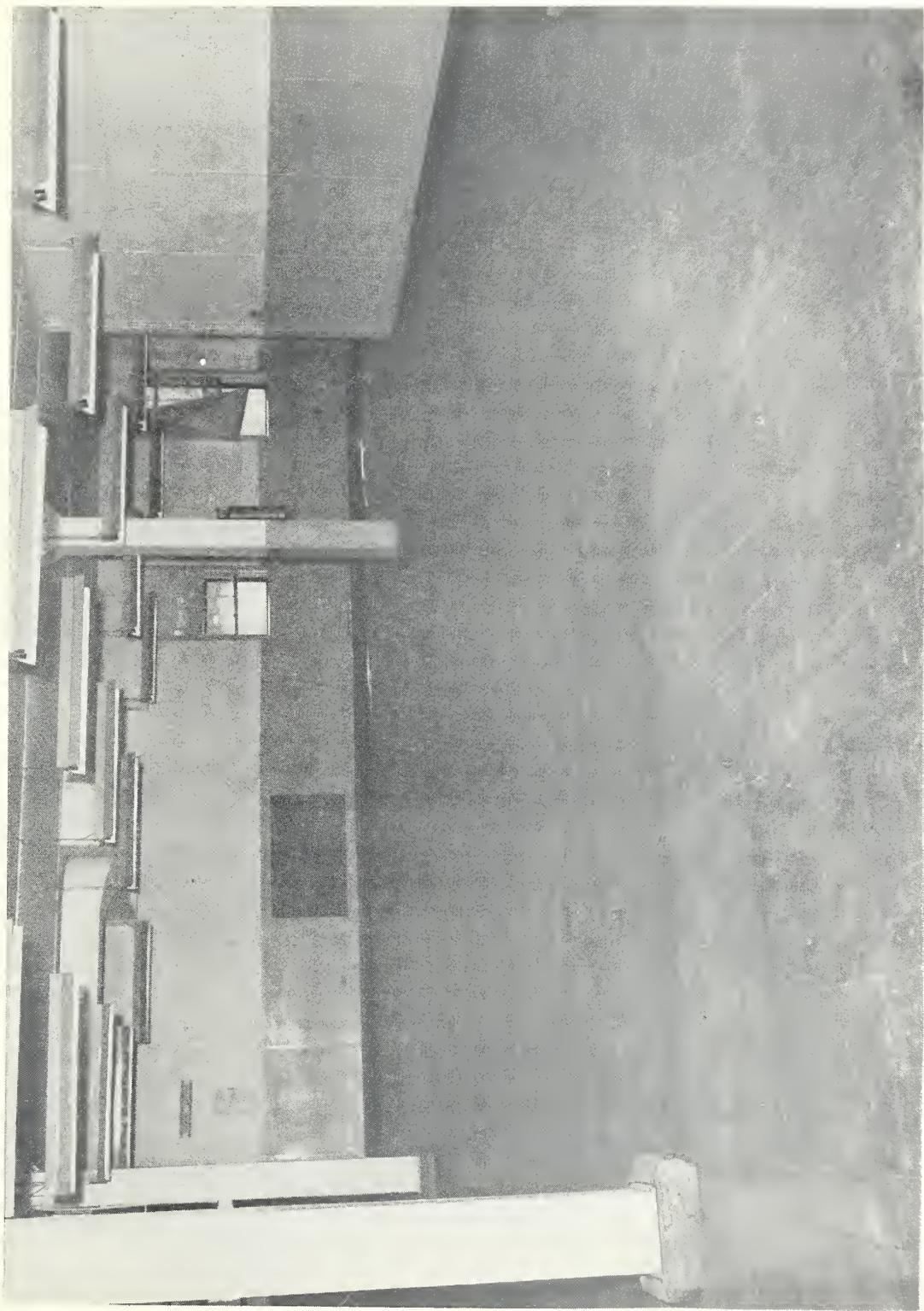


Figure 9. Asphalt tile, six years old, laid over concrete on grade in administration building. This floor was flooded twice by overflow of nearby stream, but still has excellent bond to concrete.

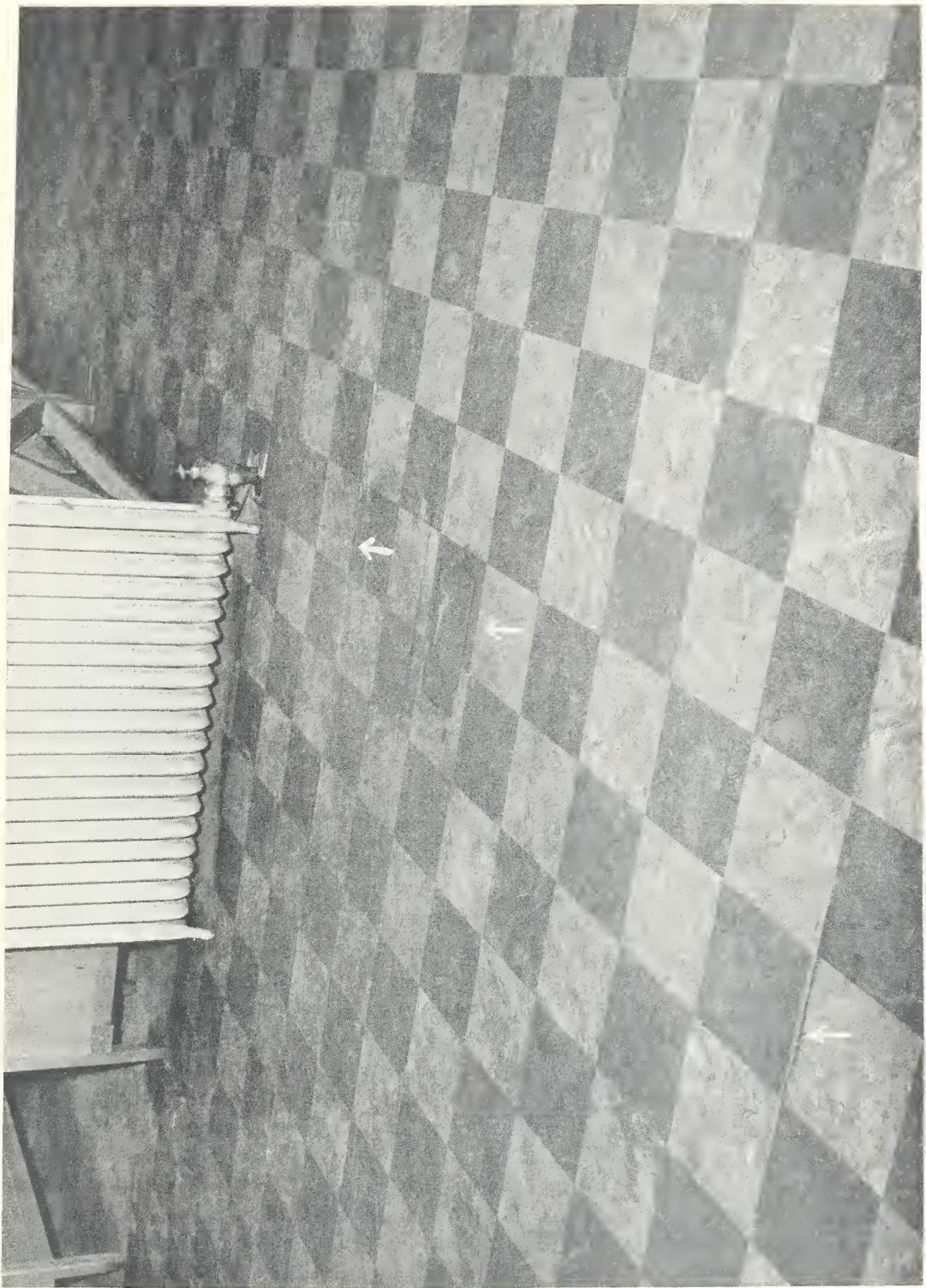


Figure 10. Linoleum, inlaid, sheet form, $1/8$ -in., fourteen years old, laid in large administration building. Note failure at seams and patching.

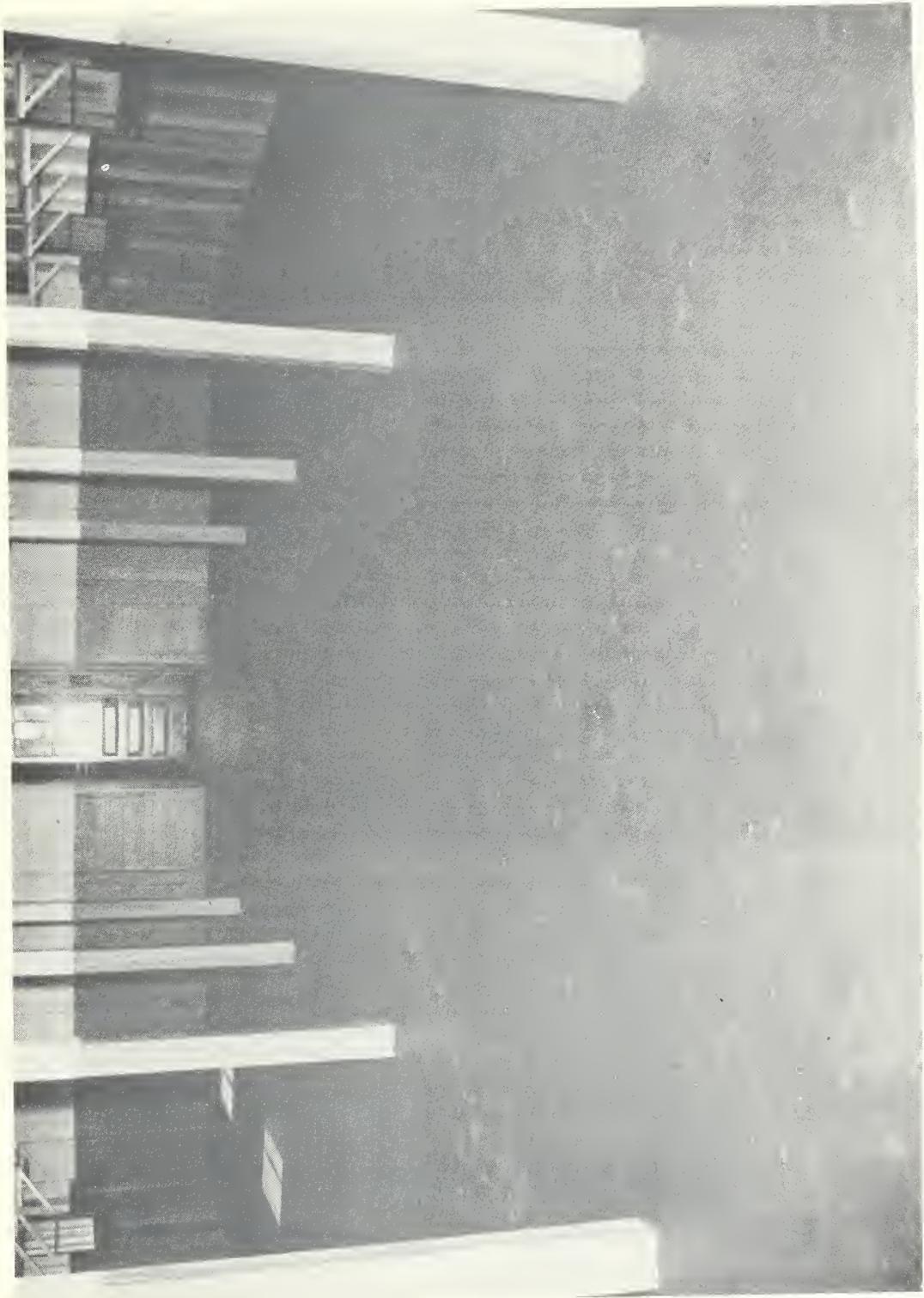


Figure 11. Linoleum, burlap-backed, $1/8$ -in., one year old, laid over sanded wood floor and felt underlayment.

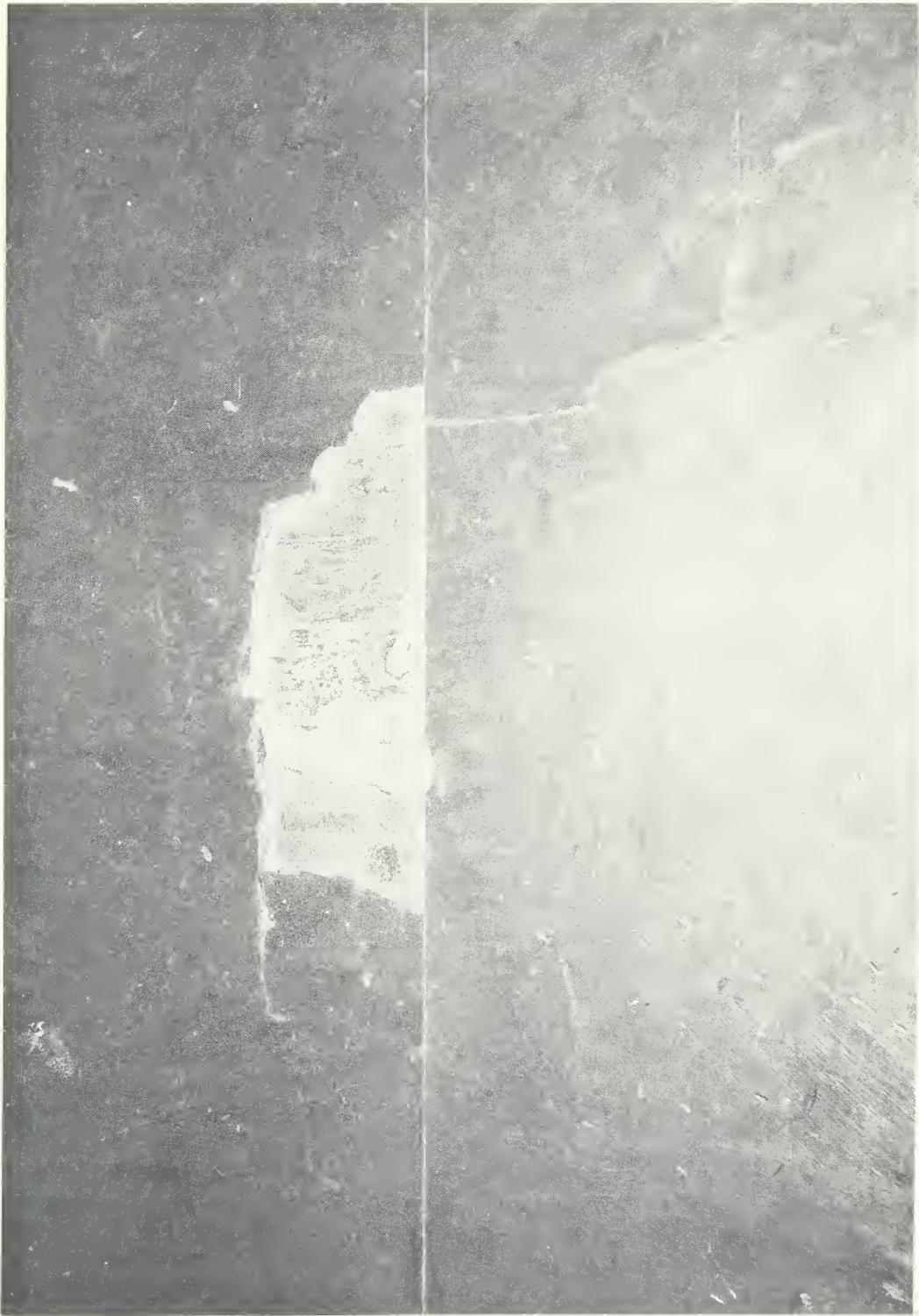


Figure 12. Felt-backed, pitch composition floor covering, one year old, laid over pine flooring in mobilization-type barracks. Note scars, seam failure and wear.

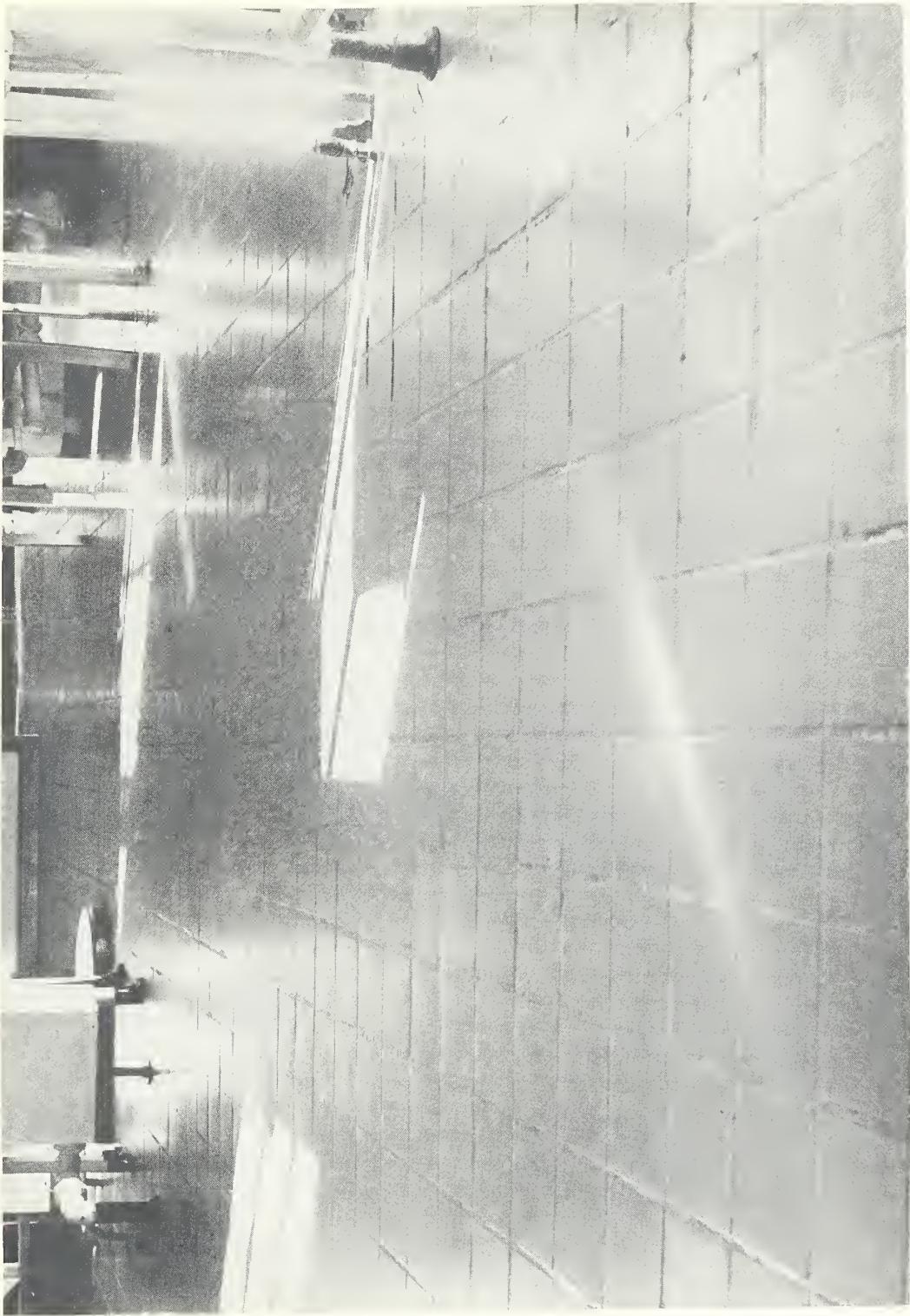


Figure 13. Quarry tile floor with acid-resistant mortar joints, thirteen years old, in permanent-type kitchen.

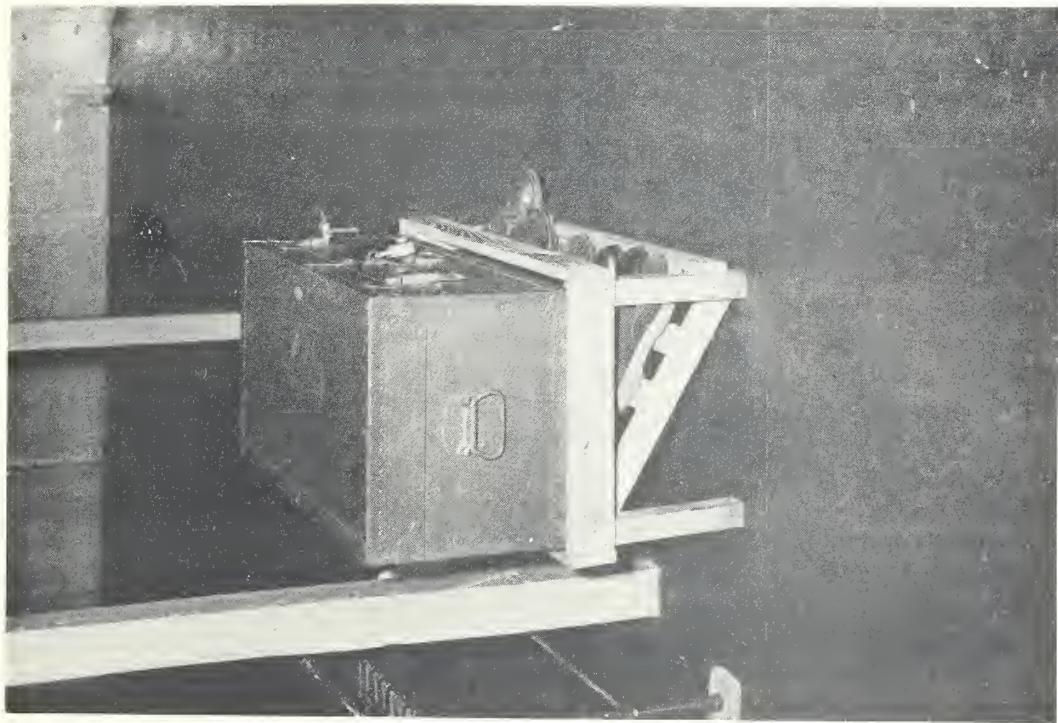
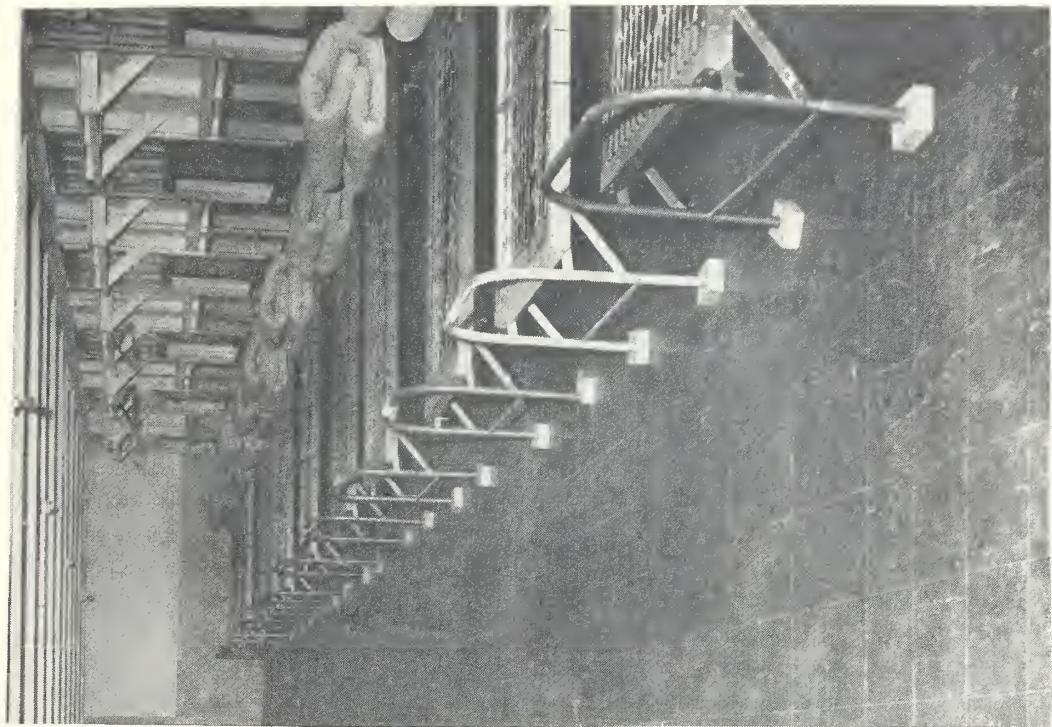


Figure 14. Foot locker stands and bed post blocks used to protect resilient-type coverings against severe indenting loads.

THE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

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