NIST NCSTAR 1-4A

Federal Building and Fire Safety Investigation of the World Trade Center Disaster

Post-Construction Fires Prior to September 11, 2001

Erica D. Kuligowski David D. Evans Richard D. Peacock



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September 2005



U.S. Department of Commerce *Carlos M. Gutierrez, Secretary*

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In addition, a substantial portion of the evidence collected by NIST in the course of the Investigation has been provided to NIST under nondisclosure agreements.

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National Institute of Standards and Technology National Construction Safety Team Act Report 1-4A Natl. Inst. Stand. Technol. Natl. Constr. Sfty. Tm. Act Rpt. 1-4A, 140 pages (September 2005) CODEN: NSPUE2

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE WASHINGTON: 2005

ABSTRACT

Fires occurred in World Trade Center (WTC) 1, 2, and 7 prior to September 11, 2001. This report documents the facts of significant fires in the buildings after first occupancy as they relate to the performance of the automatic sprinkler, manual suppression, fire detection, and smoke purge systems. The ultimate goal of this review was to identify from New York City Fire Department (FDNY) records significant but not well-known fires for further study.

From the information contained in FDNY fire reports and fire investigation records provided to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), 47 fires occurred in WTC 1, 2, and 7 that were of sufficient size and duration to activate multiple sprinklers or were estimated by NIST to be capable of doing so, over the time period the buildings were occupied. This total does not include the major 1975 office fire in WTC 1 or the 1993 bombing.

The records indicate that in areas protected by automatic sprinklers, no fire activated more than three sprinklers. Three sprinklers would provide coverage for a floor area of approximately 675 ft² (63 m²). This area is much smaller than the 9,000 ft² (800 m²) damaged by the 1975 fire in an office space unprotected with automatic sprinklers.

Many of the fires that occurred were recorded as suspicious or unknown in cause, occurred during off peak work hours, and involved materials such as trash or paper-based supplies. In cases where sprinklers were activated, the FDNY records indicated that the sprinklers either extinguished the fire completely or aided in controlling the spread.

Keywords: Fire, fire detection, manual fire suppression, smoke purge systems, sprinklers, World Trade Center.

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LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Acronyms

DTAP	dissemination and technical assistance program
FDNY	New York City Fire Department
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
HVAC	heating, ventilating, and air conditioning
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
PANYNJ	Port Authority of New York and New Jersey
R&D	research and development
WTC	World Trade Center
WTC 1	World Trade Center 1 (North Tower)
WTC 2	World Trade Center 2 (South Tower)
WTC 7	World Trade Center 7

Abbreviations

ft ²	square	foot

m² square meter

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Genesis of This Investigation

Immediately following the terrorist attack on the World Trade Center (WTC) on September 11, 2001, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the American Society of Civil Engineers began planning a building performance study of the disaster. The week of October 7, as soon as the rescue and search efforts ceased, the Building Performance Study Team went to the site and began its assessment. This was to be a brief effort, as the study team consisted of experts who largely volunteered their time away from their other professional commitments. The Building Performance Study Team issued its report in May 2002, fulfilling its goal "to determine probable failure mechanisms and to identify areas of future investigation that could lead to practical measures for improving the damage resistance of buildings against such unforeseen events."

On August 21, 2002, with funding from the U.S. Congress through FEMA, the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) announced its building and fire safety investigation of the WTC disaster. On October 1, 2002, the National Construction Safety Team Act (Public Law 107-231), was signed into law. The NIST WTC Investigation was conducted under the authority of the National Construction Safety Team Act.

The goals of the investigation of the WTC disaster were:

- To investigate the building construction, the materials used, and the technical conditions that contributed to the outcome of the WTC disaster.
- To serve as the basis for:
 - Improvements in the way buildings are designed, eonstructed, maintained, and used;
 - Improved tools and guidance for industry and safety officials;
 - Recommended revisions to current codes, standards, and praetices; and
 - Improved public safety.

The specifie objectives were:

- 1. Determine why and how WTC 1 and WTC 2 collapsed following the initial impacts of the aircraft and why and how WTC 7 collapsed;
- 2. Determine why the injuries and fatalities were so high or low depending on location, including all technical aspects of fire protection, occupant behavior, evacuation, and emergency response;
- 3. Determine what procedures and practices were used in the design, construction, operation, and maintenance of WTC 1, 2, and 7; and
- 4. Identify, as specifically as possible, areas in current building and fire codes, standards, and practices that warrant revision.

NIST is a nonregulatory agency of the U.S. Department of Commerce's Technology Administration. The purpose of NIST investigations is to improve the safety and structural integrity of buildings in the United States, and the focus is on fact finding. NIST investigative teams are authorized to assess building performance and emergency response and evacuation procedures in the wake of any building failure that has resulted in substantial loss of life or that posed significant potential of substantial loss of life. NIST does not have the statutory authority to make findings of fault nor negligence by individuals or organizations. Further, no part of any report resulting from a NIST investigation into a building failure or from an investigation under the National Construction Safety Team Act may be used in any suit or action for damages arising out of any matter mentioned in such report (15 USC 281a, as amended by Public Law 107-231).

Organization of the Investigation

The National Construction Safety Team for this Investigation, appointed by the then NIST Director, Dr. Arden L. Bement, Jr., was led by Dr. S. Shyam Sunder. Dr. William L. Grosshandler served as Associate Lead Investigator, Mr. Stephen A. Cauffman served as Program Manager for Administration, and Mr. Harold E. Nelson served on the team as a private sector expert. The Investigation included eight interdependent projects whose leaders comprised the remainder of the team. A detailed description of each of these eight projects is available at http://wtc.nist.gov. The purpose of each project is summarized in Table P–1, and the key interdependencies among the projects are illustrated in Fig. P–1.

Technical Area and Project Leader	Project Purpose			
Analysis of Building and Fire Codes and Practices; Project Leaders: Dr. H. S. Lew and Mr. Richard W. Bukowski	Document and analyze the code provisions, procedures, and practices used in the design, construction, operation, and maintenance of the structural, passive fire protection, and emergency access and evacuation systems of WTC 1, 2, and 7.			
Baseline Structural Performance and Aircraft Impact Damage Analysis; Project Leader: Dr. Fahim H. Sadek	Analyze the baseline performance of WTC 1 and WTC 2 under design, service, and abnormal loads, and aircraft impact damage on the structural, fire protection, and egress systems.			
Mechanical and Metallurgical Analysis of Structural Steel; Project Leader: Dr. Frank W. Gayle	Determine and analyze the mechanical and metallurgical properties and quality of steel, weldments, and connections from steel recovered from WTC 1, 2, and 7.			
Investigation of Active Fire Protection Systems; Project Leader: Dr. David D. Evans; Dr. William Grosshandler	Investigate the performance of the active fire protection systems in WTC 1, 2, and 7 and their role in fire control, emergency response, and fate of occupants and responders.			
Reconstruction of Thermal and Tenability Environment; Project Leader: Dr. Richard G. Gann	Reconstruct the time-evolving temperature, thermal environment, and smoke movement in WTC 1, 2, and 7 for use in evaluating the structural performance of the buildings and behavior and fate of occupants and responders.			
Structural Fire Response and Collapse Analysis; Project Leaders: Dr. John L. Gross and Dr. Therese P. McAllister	Analyze the response of the WTC towers to fires with and without aircraft damage, the response of WTC 7 in fires, the performance of composite steel-trussed floor systems, and determine the most probable structural collapse sequence for WTC 1, 2, and 7.			
Occupant Behavior, Egress, and Emergency Communications; Project Leader: Mr. Jason D. Averill	Analyze the behavior and fate of occupants and responders, both those who survived and those who did not, and the performance of the evacuation system.			
Emergency Response Technologies and Guidelines; Project Leader: Mr. J. Randall Lawson	Document the activities of the emergency responders from the time of the terrorist attacks on WTC 1 and WTC 2 until the collapse of WTC 7, including practices followed and technologies used.			

Table P-1. Federal building and fire safety investigation of the WTC disaster.

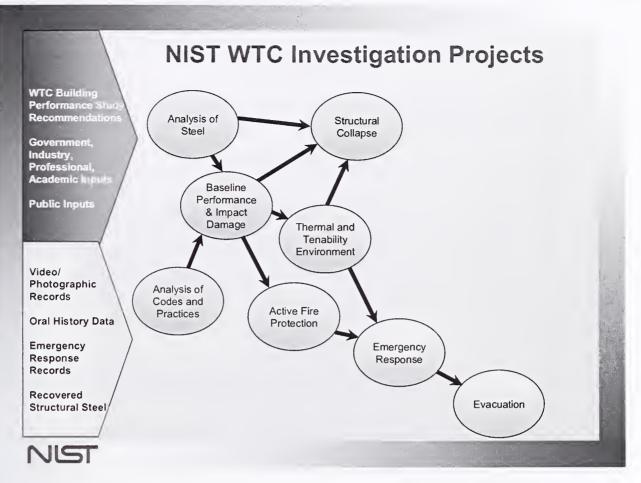


Figure P–1. The eight projects in the federal building and fire safety investigation of the WTC disaster.

National Construction Safety Team Advisory Committee

The NIST Director also established an advisory committee as mandated under the National Construction Safety Team Act. The initial members of the committee were appointed following a public solicitation. These were:

- Paul Fitzgerald, Executive Vice President (retired) FM Global, National Construction Safety Team Advisory Committee Chair
- John Barsom, President, Barsom Consulting, Ltd.
- John Bryan, Professor Emeritus, University of Maryland
- David Collins, President, The Preview Group, Inc.
- Glenn Corbett, Professor, John Jay College of Criminal Justice
- Philip DiNenno, President, Hughes Associates, Inc.

- Robert Hanson, Professor Emeritus, University of Michigan
- Charles Thornton, Co-Chairman and Managing Principal, The Thornton-Tomasetti Group, Inc.
- Kathleen Tierney, Director, Natural Hazards Research and Applications Information Center, University of Colorado at Boulder
- Forman Williams, Director, Center for Energy Research, University of California at San Diego

This National Construction Safety Tcam Advisory Committee provided technical advice during the Investigation and commentary on drafts of the Investigation reports prior to their public release. NIST has benefited from the work of many people in the preparation of these reports, including the National Construction Safety Team Advisory Committee. The content of the reports and recommendations, however, are solely the responsibility of NIST.

Public Outreach

During the course of this Investigation, NIST held public briefings and meetings (listed in Table P–2) to solicit input from the public, present preliminary findings, and obtain comments on the direction and progress of the Investigation from the public and the Advisory Committee.

NIST maintained a publicly accessible Web site during this Investigation at http://wtc.nist.gov. The site contained extensive information on the background and progress of the Investigation.

NIST's WTC Public-Private Response Plan

The collapse of the WTC buildings has led to broad reexamination of how tall buildings are designed, constructed, maintained, and used, especially with regard to major events such as fires, natural disasters, and terrorist attacks. Reflecting the enhanced interest in effecting necessary change, NIST, with support from Congress and the Administration, has put in place a program, the goal of which is to develop and implement the standards, technology, and practices needed for cost-effective improvements to the safety and security of buildings and building occupants, including evacuation, emergency response procedures, and threat mitigation.

The strategy to meet this goal is a three-part NIST-led public-private response program that includes:

- A federal building and fire safety investigation to study the most probable factors that contributed to post-aircraft impact collapse of the WTC towers and the 47-story WTC 7 building, and the associated evacuation and emergency response experience.
- A research and development (R&D) program to (a) facilitate the implementation of recommendations resulting from the WTC Investigation, and (b) provide the technical basis for cost-effective improvements to national building and fire codes, standards, and practices that enhance the safety of buildings, their occupants, and emergency responders.

Date	Location	Principal Agenda			
June 24, 2002	New York City, NY	Public meeting: Public comments on the <i>Draft Plan</i> for the pending WTC Investigation.			
August 21, 2002	Gaithersburg, MD	Media briefing announcing the formal start of the Investigation.			
December 9, 2002	Washington, DC	Media briefing on release of the <i>Public Update</i> and NIST request for photographs and videos.			
April 8, 2003	New York City, NY	Joint public forum with Columbia University on first-person interviews.			
April 29–30, 2003	Gaithersburg, MD	NCST Advisory Committee meeting on plan for and progress on WTC Investigation with a public comment session.			
May 7, 2003	New York City, NY	Media briefing on release of May 2003 Progress Report.			
August 26–27, 2003	Gaithersburg, MD	NCST Advisory Committee meeting on status of the WTC investigation with a public comment session.			
September 17, 2003	New York City, NY	Media and public briefing on initiation of first-person data collection projects.			
December 2–3, 2003	Gaithersburg, MD	NCST Advisory Committee meeting on status and initial results and release of the <i>Public Update</i> with a public comment session.			
February 12, 2004	New York City, NY	NY Public meeting on progress and preliminary findings with public comments on issues to be considered in formulating final recommendations.			
June 18, 2004	New York City, NY	Media/public briefing on release of June 2004 Progress Report.			
June 22–23, 2004	Gaithersburg, MD	NCST Advisory Committee meeting on the status of and preliminary findings from the WTC Investigation with a public comment session.			
August 24, 2004	Northbrook, IL	Public viewing of standard fire resistance test of WTC floor system at Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.			
October 19–20, 2004	Gaithersburg, MD	NCST Advisory Committee meeting on status and near complete set of preliminary findings with a public comment session.			
November 22, 2004	Gaithersburg, MD	NCST Advisory Committee discussion on draft annual report to Congress, a public comment session, and a closed session to discuss pre-draft recommendations for WTC Investigation.			
April 5, 2005	New York City, NY	NY Media and public briefing on release of the probable collapse sequence for the WTC towers and draft reports for the projects or codes and practices, evacuation, and emergency response.			
June 23, 2005	New York City, NY	Media and public briefing on release of all draft reports for the WTC towers and draft recommendations for public comment.			
September 12–13, 2005	Gaithersburg, MD	NCST Advisory Committee meeting on disposition of public comments and update to draft reports for the WTC towers.			
September 1315, 2005	Gaithersburg, MD	WTC Technical Conference for stakeholders and technical community for dissemination of findings and recommendations and opportunity for public to make technical comments.			

Table P-2. Public meetings and briefings of the WTC Investigation.

• A dissemination and technical assistance program (DTAP) to (a) engage leaders of the construction and building community in ensuring timely adoption and widespread use of proposed changes to practices, standards, and codes resulting from the WTC Investigation and the R&D program, and (b) provide practical guidance and tools to better prepare facility owners, contractors, architects, engineers, emergency responders, and regulatory authorities to respond to future disasters.

The desired outcomes are to make buildings, occupants, and first responders safer in future disaster events.

National Construction Safety Team Reports on the WTC Investigation

A final report on the collapse of the WTC towers is being issued as NIST NCSTAR 1. A companion report on the collapse of WTC 7 is being issued as NIST NCSTAR 1A. The present report is one of a set that provides more detailed documentation of the Investigation findings and the means by which these technical results were achieved. As such, it is part of the archival record of this Investigation. The titles of the full set of Investigation publications are:

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Chapter 1 New York CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT RECORDS

Fires occurred in World Trade Center (WTC) 1, 2, and 7 prior to September 11, 2001. This report documents the facts of significant fires in the buildings after first occupancy as they relate to the performance of the automatic sprinkler, manual suppression, fire detection, and smoke purge systems. The ultimate goal of this review was to identify from New York City Fire Department (FDNY) records significant but not well known fires for further study.

1.1 BACKGROUND

The fire protection engineering department of the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey (PANYNJ) maintained records of all significant fire events in the WTC buildings. These records were lost in the collapse of the towers.

Two significant fire events involving WTC 1 are well known. On February 14, 1975, a fire started on floor 11 of WTC 1. Workers reported the fire to WTC police headquarters. When police reached the fire floor, they reported a serious fire and ordered the heating, ventilating, and air conditioning (HVAC) system be placed into the smoke purge mode. Fire spread through unprotected floor openings in utility closets. Fire damage occurred on floor 10 through floor 19. Approximately 9,000 ft² (800 m²) of the floor 11 contents were destroyed or damaged. At that time, sprinklers had not been installed in the office spaces. However, fire barriers divided the floor into quadrants. The fire on floor 11 was confined to the southeast quadrant. Fire damage on other floors was confined to the utility closets. The fire was extinguished by the FDNY. More details about this fire incident can be found in Powers (1975) and Lathrop (1975).

At 12:18 p.m. on Fcbruary 26, 1993, a bomb exploded in an underground parking garage of the WTC complex. The explosion occurred on the B2 level in the area of the garage under WTC 3 and adjacent to WTC 1. The explosion resulted in a loss of normal electric power in WTC 1 and WTC 2. HVAC systems shut down. Smoke spread throughout WTC 1 and to a lesser extent in WTC 2. More details about this fire can be found in Isner and Klein (1993a, 1993b). The only historic record of smaller fire incidents in WTC 1, 2, and 7 known to this investigation are the fire reports and fire investigation reports prepared by the FDNY. These reports were provided to NIST by the FDNY for use in this Investigation.

1.2 FDNY FIRE REPORTS AND FIRE INVESTIGATION REPORTS

The FDNY released 397 Bureau of Operations Fire Reports and 112 Bureau of Fire Investigation Records (Fire Marshals' Reports), which served as the basis for a summary of the fire history in WTC 1, 2, and 7. The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) obtained reports of fircs for the period of 1970–2001 and fire investigation records between 1977 and 2001 for WTC 1, 2, and 7, which in total, consisted of over 500 documents on which to report. These records included all responses to fires in WTC 1, 2, and 7 by the FDNY. All of these records consist of standardized forms that may be

supplemented with other materials. Many were for minor fire events, such as fires that were extinguished by occupants before FDNY arrival. These were not of interest for this investigation. The records of significant fires were identified.

Significant fire incidents were those that exercised the fire suppression systems, specifically multiple sprinklers or multiple standpipes (with or without the activation of at least one sprinkler). These fires will be discussed individually, organized by the building in which they occurred. In addition to these fires, generalized facts relating to those fires involving the use of one standpipe line and one sprinkler and the use of one standpipe line will be provided throughout this report. Appendixes A through H of this report are explanation of numeric codes and reproductions of relevant fire reports. As an aside, the majority of fire records for significant fires documented the performance of the detectors and sprinkler systems, but almost all reports lacked information about the performance of the smoke purge system.

1.2.1 Fire Record Forms

Depending upon the type and date of the incident, a specific fire report form was used by the FDNY to document the incident. For each type of emergency responded to by the FDNY, responders either completed a form that would describe a structural fire (BF–24) or a form that would describe any other type of emergency (BF–25), such as a nonstructural fire, transportation fire, and/or any other nonfire emergency. For this historical summary, only those events logged and organized under the structural fire form, 345 documents total, were of interest and used. A structural fire form is a one-page document (unless additional information is recorded on separate sheets) that gives valuable information about the fire event on various subjects, including:

- Alarm—the date and time of the received alarm
- Injuries and casualties—the numbers of each for the incident
- Extinguishment---details of the sprinkler and standpipe performance
- Ignition—information on the equipment involved in ignition, the form of the ignition source, the material type and form that was ignited, and the ignition factor (cause)
- Structure—information on the class of construction, the use of the building, and its status (vacant, occupied, under construction, etc.)
- Fire origin—the fire location and classification
- Fire extension—the means of fire extension and number of buildings/vehicles involved
- Damage-information on the damage done by flame, smoke, and water
- Detectors—the type, power source, and performance of the detectors in the fire area

Each subject of the incident is given a set of codes or numbers that correspond to any incident, and in order to read the fire records successfully, an understanding of the codes is necessary (see Appendixes A,

B, and C). For the nonstructural B-25 record forms, the only fire-related subjects included are the injury and casualty numbers, ignition, and structure information.

Depending upon the date of the fire incident, certain information is lacking from the structural fire form. Before 1980, a different record form for structural fire incidents was used that left out the following subjects: fire extension, damage, detectors, and portions of the ignition data. Because of this, detection data are not available for the majority of the fires occurring before 1980.

1.2.2 Overview of Fire Incidents 1970–2001 from FDNY Records

Table 1–1 contains the categorization of all structural fire incidents contained in the FDNY records for WTC 1, 2, and 7 available to this investigation. The table contains information on the category of fire incident (whether or not the detection and/or sprinkler systems activated), the time period over which the fires occurred, the numbers of records in that category, and a descriptive statement about the category.

Category	Dates	Number	Generalization of Incidents			
WTC 1						
No detection, no sprinkler	1980–2001	66	Unattended food/appliances, overheated elevator equipment, discarded material, welding operations, electrical failure and suspicious fires			
No detection information and no sprinklers	1970–1979	79	Trash can fires, discarded material, food on stove, electrical failure, overheated equipment			
Detection, no sprinklers	1980–2000	57	Unattended food/appliances, overheated elevator equipment, discarded material, welding operations, electrical failure			
Detection and sprinklers 1977–1999 18 Suspicious, electrical failure, discarded mater		Suspicious, electrical failure, discarded material				
		WTC	2			
No detection, no sprinkler	1980–1999	37	Discarded material, welding too close, overheated equipment, suspicious, elevator motor			
No detection information and no sprinklers	1975–1979	40	Discarded material, fire in office furniture, trash can fires			
Detection, no sprinklers	1981-1999	40	Food on stove, small elevator fire, electrical failure, suspicious, overheated equipment			
Detection and sprinklers	1977-2000	5	Mechanical failure, suspicious			
WTC 7						
No detection, no sprinkler	2000	1	Trash can fire/discarded material			
Detection, no sprinklers	1990	1	Electrical switch on floor — explosion			
Detection and sprinklers	1988	1	Suspicious			

Table 1–1. Categorization of WTC 1, 2, and 7 fires from FDNY records.

All FDNY records provided to NIST, unless the records were not readable, contained relevant information about the type and performance of the suppression system. Because of this, reports of incidents in which the sprinkler system activated can range from 1970 to 2001. When the table lists "[detection]" in brackets, this is meant to symbolize that either detection was present or no information on detector performance was included on the form (as is the case with the older records). An attempt was made to compare all investigation records with the fire reports, especially those which activated the suppression system. Looking at the records in Table 1–1, it is clear that only 24 fires activated the sprinkler system from 1970–2001 from all three buildings. Many of the other structural fires without sprinkler activation were labeled as suspicious, trash can fires, electrical failures, unattended food/appliances, or overheated equipment.

In order to report on significant structural fires occurring in WTC 1, 2, and 7, the FDNY records had to be reviewed for those incidents that activated sprinklers, detectors, or were extinguished by hose line and those smaller fires that self-extinguished or could be extinguished using a fire extinguisher. The structural fire incidents without detection information (before 1980), had to be reviewed to locate any fires that activated the sprinkler system.

The retrofit installation of sprinklers into WTC buildings 1 and 2 was accomplished in two phases. During the first phase in 1976, sprinkler risers/mains were installed throughout WTC 1 and WTC 2. Sprinklers were installed to protect corridors, storage rooms, lobbies, and certain tcnant/PANYNJ spaces. In the second phase of the retrofit from 1983 to 2001, sprinklers were installed in all remaining places in the complex (PACO 2002; shown in Appendix I). Prior to the retrofit, only the sub-grade areas and selected hazard areas were protected by automatic sprinklers. This retrofit, proceeded throughout the buildings as much as practical when other renovations of the office spaces were under way, such as when change of tenants occurred.

After the installation of the sprinkler risers in 1976, tenants had the option of providing sprinklers or compartmentation for fire protection in compliance with Local Law 5. It was therefore possible that during the period of time when retrofit installation of sprinklers was under way, a fire that occurred may or may not have been in an area protected by automatic sprinklers.

The forms used by the FDNY after 1987 give a detailed description of the event and whether or not a system was present at the time of the fire; however, a fire recorded before 1987 will give data only on the number of sprinklers opened. Because of this, an effort was made to look through all reports, especially those that mentioned detection performance, in order to identify fires involving the use of standpipe lines by the FDNY as an alternate indication of a significant fire.

The next section of the report will highlight significant fires occurring in WTC 1, 2, and 7. The significant fires will be described individually by WTC building, and organized by the date on which they occurred in the building. In addition to these significant fires, (1) the fires that activated one sprinkler head and involved the use of one standpipe and (2) the fires that involved the use of only one standpipe, due to the number of incidents, will be generalized as to the nature of the incidents and the procedures followed by the FDNY.

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Chapter 2 SIGNIFICANT FIRES IN WTC 1, 2, AND 7

2.1 FIRE INCIDENTS OCCURRING IN WTC 1

After reviewing all the New York City Fire Department (FDNY) records of fire incidents in World Trade Center 1 (WTC 1) since 1970, the significant fires were selected. There were 12 significant fires found for WTC 1, and the fire reports are included in Appendix D. Table 2–1 provides a summary of the fire incident information from the FDNY records, which is followed by individual paragraphs about each incident.

Significant Fire	Incident Date	Fire Location	No. of Sprinklers Activated	No. of Standpipes Used	Cause of Fire	Material Ignited
1	9/9/77	B-6 level storage room	2	0	None listed	Not listed
2	9/23/77	Dumpster on B-4 level	2	0	Not classified	Trash/waste
3	10/16/81	Floor 19 office area	_	2	Discarded material	Furniture
4	12/23/83	2 dumpsters on B-4 level	2	1	Suspicious	Trash/waste
5	1/27/85	Office space on mezzanine level (floor 2)	2	1	Incendiary	Trash/waste
6	9/10/85	Garbage dumpster in service elevator lobby on floor 43	2	1	Suspicious	Trash/waste
7	11/1/85	Storage closet on B-4 level	3	1	Suspicious	Supplies/stock
8	6/7/86	Dumpster fire on floor 106, compactor room on floor 107	2	1	None listed	Trash/waste
9	9/30/91	Office on B-4 level	≥1	2	Discarded material	Trash/waste
10	11/19/91	Electrical closet on floor 93	0	2	Short circuit	Electrical wire or cable insulation
11	7/23/92	Level B-5 at the power distribution panel	0	2	Electrical failure	Electrical wire or cable insulation
12	11/10/99	Computer room on floor 104	3	≥1	None listed	Plastics, electronic equip

 Table 2–1. Significant fires in WTC 1 extinguished by sprinklers and/or multiple standpipe lines.

Key: \geq symbol denotes that at least one of the units of the suppression system was used (and not specifically identified by the fire report); - indicates that the report acknowledges 0 sprinklers open; however, due to the date of the fire, the space may not have had a sprinkler system installed.

Significant Fire #1

On September 9, 1977, at 11:04 p.m., the FDNY received an alarm for a fire in the B-6 level storage room at the address of WTC 1. The fire activated two sprinklers, and was noted to be extinguished before the FDNY's arrival.

Significant Fire #2

Another fire occurred on September 23, 1977, at 11:48 p.m., in a dumpster on the B-4 level of WTC 1. This fire also activated two sprinklers, and the FDNY noted that the fire had been extinguished prior to their arrival.

In both cases, no injuries or casualties resulted from these fires, and the damage was confined to the area of origin.

Significant Fire #3

Six years later, on October 16, 1981, at 7:12 p.m., a fire occurred on floor 19 of WTC 1. The FDNY noted that they used two standpipe lines to extinguish the fire and that one person was evacuated from the scene. Again, the fire report notes that no sprinklers opened, but does not note whether or not sprinklers were present at the time of the fire. Given the date of the incident, sprinklers are not expected to be located on floor 19. The fire was caused by discarded material and involved furniture in an office area of the floor.

Significant Fire #4

Six years later on December 23, 1983, at 2:50 a.m., the FDNY responded to an alarm of fire and heavy smoke conditions on the B-4 level of WTC 1. The FDNY found two dumpsters fully involved in separate locations on the same floor and noted that the two activated sprinklers extinguished a major portion of the fire. The FDNY extinguished the rest of the flames by stretching hose from the standpipe system. Again, no injuries or casualties resulted from this fire. The cause noted on the report was suspicious and the damage was confined to the origin of the fire.

Significant Fire #5

On January 27, 1985, at 8:53 p.m., the FDNY was called for a fire located in an unoccupied office on the mezzanine level of WTC 1. Two sprinklers contained the incendiary (involving arson) fire consuming trash paper/waste. When the FDNY arrived, they extinguished the remaining fire with one standpipe line. Building and content damage was confined to less than 15 percent of the space. Also, no injuries or casualties were reported.

Significant Fire #6

Eight months later on September 10, 1985, at 4:05 p.m., the Port Authority Police informed the FDNY on arrival of a sprinkler flow and smoke condition on floor 43. A medium smoke condition was report by the FDNY on floor 43, where a fire was extinguished by two sprinklers. The fire report notes the use of one standpipe line; however, this was used during the overhaul process. This fire originated suspiciously in a garbage dumpster in a service elevator lobby. There was no building or content damage as well as no injuries or casualties reported.

Significant Fire #7

On November 1, 1985, at 4:05 a.m., the FDNY was called for another suspicious fire producing heavy smoke on the B-4 level under WTC 1 and WTC 2. This fire occurred in a storage closet of the men's bathroom, and the FDNY noted that three sprinklers activated to keep the fire under control until their arrival. Upon arrival, the FDNY extinguished the remaining fire in the closet area with one standpipe line. Again, the damage was noted to be confined to the area of origin.

Significant Fire #8

Less than a year later, on June 7, 1986, at 9:49 a.m., the FDNY received an alarm for a heavy smoke condition on floor 110. For this call, fires were burning in two separate places: a garbage dumpster on floor 106 and the compactor room on floor 107. Sprinklers were noted in operation in both locations and seemed to control the fires, until the FDNY could complete extinguishment with one standpipe line on floor 106. There was no report of injuries or casualties for the previous two fires.

Significant Fire #9

An additional fire occurred in WTC 1 where multiple standpipe lines were used along with the activation of the sprinkler system. This fire occurred on September 30, 1991, at 6:32 p.m., in an office on the B-4 level. The fire report noted that the sprinkler system operated; however, there is no mention of how many sprinklers or even their activation in the Operations/Comments section of the report. Two 1 3/4 in. or larger hose lines were used by the FDNY to extinguish this fire. The cause of the fire was abandoned material (cigarette) igniting boxes/carton material in an office. The fire damage was confined to the area of origin and smoke damage was confined to the floor. There was one uniformed officer injured and no civilian injuries or casualties.

Significant Fire #10

A fire occurred on November 19, 1991, at 6:27 p.m., and two 2 1/2 in. standpipe hose lines were used by the FDNY. The FDNY responded to WTC 1 for this fire due to a report of fire and smoke condition in electrical closets on possibly four floors (floors 93–96) and an alarm transmitted from floors 93 through 98. According to the fire report, the sprinklers were in service, but did not operate for this fire. The noted cause of this fire was a short circuit and the material that was ignited was electrical wire or cable insulation. The fire and smoke damage was confined to its area of origin (electrical closet). Two occupants were removed from stalled elevators during this incident, and occupants were evacuated from the scene, although an exact number is not given. Also, two occupants were injured and required first aid.

Significant Fire #11

The FDNY responded to WTC 1 on July 23, 1992, at 10:02 p.m., due to a transformer fire on the 5th subbasement level. Firefighters found a fire situation in a large power distribution panel, where a firefighter was knocked unconscious by a shock blast from the panel. Similar to the fire in November 1991, two 2 1/2 in. standpipe hose lines were used by the FDNY on this fire. The cause of the fire was an electrical failure and the material ignited was electrical wire or cable insulation. No appreciable damage is noted. As mentioned earlier, one firefighter was injured as well as three civilians.

Significant Fire #12

The final fire associated with WTC 1 was one that occurred on November 10, 1999, at 11:01 p.m., in a computer room on floor 104. The FDNY noted that the fire was "knocked down" by three sprinklers

when they arrived and they completed extinguishment with a line extended from the standpipe. The flame damage was confined to the area of origin and computer equipment was involved in fueling the fire. There was one injury and no casualties reported in the FDNY record for this fire.

Table 2–1 presents the 12 significant fires in WTC 1. Five of the 12 fires occurred on the basement levels and two occurred on the upper levels (above floor 100). The causes of these significant fires include suspicious, discarded materials, and electrical failures.

2.2 FIRE INCIDENTS OCCURRING IN WTC 2

Table 2–2 presents the significant fire occurring in WTC 2. There were three significant fires found for WTC 2, and the fire reports are included in Appendix E. Table 2–2 provides a summary of the fire incident information from FDNY records, which is followed by individual paragraphs about each incident.

Significant Fire	Incident Date	Fire Location	Number of Sprinklers Activated	Number of Standpipes Used	Cause of Fire	Material Ignited
1	5/19/75	Floor 32	_	3	Incendiary	Trash/waste
2	4/12/77	Ductwork over grill in restaurant on floor 107	2	0	None listed	Ductwork
3	3/22/93	Fan motor room on floor 108	2	0	Mechanical failure	Not classified

 Table 2–2. Significant fires in WTC 2 extinguished by sprinklers and/or multiple standpipe lines.

Key: – Indicates that the report acknowledges 0 sprinklers open; however, due the date of the fire, the space may not have had a sprinkler system installed.

Significant Fire #1

A fire occurred on May 19, 1975, at 9:38 p.m., on floor 32 of WTC 2. The FDNY noted that they used three standpipe lines to extinguish the fire and that the Port Authority reported occupants trapped on floors 31 and 32. The fire report notes that no sprinklers opened, but does not note whether or not sprinklers were present at the time of the fire. Given the date of the incident, sprinklers are not expected to be located on floors 31 and 32. The fire was labeled as incendiary and involved trash/waste. The FDNY stated that the fire involved the core area of the floor and was confined to that area. More than 20 people (civilians and uniformed personnel) were injured by this incident.

Significant Fire #2

On April 4, 1977, at 1:15 p.m., the FDNY was called to WTC 2 for a fire in the ductwork over the grills in a restaurant on floor 107. The FDNY record on this fire noted that the fire was extinguished prior to its arrival. The damage was confined to the area of origin, and the fire caused no injuries or casualties.

Significant Fire #3

The second fire occurred on March 22, 1993, at 8:39 a.m., and caused a smoke condition on floor 108. The fire activated two sprinklers due to an overheated bearing in a fan motor room on floor 108. The

damage to the area did not exceed 15 percent of the space, and there were no injuries or casualties reported.

Table 2–2 presents the three significant fircs in WTC 2. No fires were discovered in WTC 2 where multiple sprinklers or standpipes were used with another suppression system. Two of the three fires occurred on the upper levels (above floor 100) and the other occurred on floor 32. The causes of these significant fires included incendiary and mechanical failures.

2.3 ADDITIONAL FIRES INVOLVING DEPLOYMENT OF STANDPIPE LINES IN WTC 1 AND WTC 2

The fires described in this section (31 in total) involve the use of one standpipe, with and without the activation of one sprinkler for WTC 1 and WTC 2. Four of the 31 reports describe fires that were extinguished with one sprinkler and one standpipe line (see Appendix F). Three of these fires were located in WTC 1 between the years of 1986–1991 and the other in WTC 2 in 1981. Two of these fires occurred in basement levels, one occurred on floor 106 of WTC 1, and the last on floor 5 in WTC 1. In some of the fire reports, the FDNY noted that the sprinkler controlled the fire, and the standpipe was used to actually extinguish the remaining fire. Half of the fires were labeled as incendiary/suspicious, one was an electrical failure, and the last was unknown.

In addition, 27 of the 31 fire reports describe fires that were extinguished using one standpipe line (see Appendix G). Twenty of these fires occurred in WTC 1 and the other seven occurred in WTC 2. A majority of these fires (19) are labeled as incendiary/suspicious or unknown, while the other causes of the fires are attributed to short circuits, abandoned material/cigarette, welding close to combustibles, and a mechanical failure. The dates of occurrence for these fires range from 1973–1999, with a majority (23) occurring between the years of 1973–1985. These fire incidents did not result in any casualties, but five civilians and one uniformed officer were injured.

Two of the 27 fires involved a 300-person (April 19, 1980) and a 1,500-person (April 17, 1981) evacuation. These will be described in further detail. On April 19, 1980, at 2:06 p.m., the FDNY received reports of an activated smoke detector in the return air duct on floor 106 of WTC 1. The FDNY also received reports of heavy smoke on floor 106, light smoke on floor 109, and heavy odor of smoke in stairways A and B. The report notes that while only one standpipe was used, approximately 300 people were evacuated from the Windows on the World restaurant on floor 107 via stairway C (which was clear of smoke). The fire cause was labeled as abandoned or discarded material and involved plastic material. This fire did not cause any injuries or casualties.

On April 17, 1981, at 9:18 a.m.; the FDNY was informed of a fire on floor 7 and a smoke condition on floors 7 through 11 of WTC 1. The FDNY hooked up one standpipe and extinguished the fire located in an air conditioning unit in the "MER" room on floor 7. The cause of this fire was labeled as a mechanical failure. The fire report notes that the Port Authority personnel reported an evacuation of approximately 1,500 people from floors 9 through 23. However, no injuries or casualties were reported from this fire.

2.4 FIRE INCIDENTS OCCURRING IN WTC 7

Table 2–3 presents the significant fire occurring in WTC 7. There was one significant fire found for WTC 7, and the fire report is included in Appendix H. Table 2–3 provides a summary of the fire incident information from FDNY records, which is followed by an individual paragraph on the incident.

	Number of Number of						
Significant Fire	Incident Date	Fire Location	Sprinklers Activated	Standpipes Used	Cause of Fire	Material Ignited	
1	5/20/88	Construction shanties on floor 3	Multiple, number not listed	1	Suspicious	Shanties	

 Table 2–3. Significant fires in WTC 7 extinguished by sprinklers and/or multiple standpipe lines.

Significant Fire #1

In WTC 7, a fire occurred on May 20, 1988, at 12:38 a.m., in the construction shanties on floor 3. Although the fire report does not specifically note the number of sprinklers that activated, the operations notes state that Ladder Truck 10 found the sprinklers (noting more than one) in operation and shut them down. The FDNY had to complete the extinguishment by stretching a line from the standpipe to the fire source. This fire is noted by the report as being suspicious in nature and the flame damage was confined to the area of origin.

It is possible that the fire incidents that were not specifically highlighted, especially those in the areas without sprinklers, involved other methods of extinguishment before FDNY arrival, such as a WTC houseline (pre-connected standpipe hose), hand extinguisher, or bucket of water, as noted on some of the FDNY reports. All other fires, the majority, included in other categories were either self-extinguished, extinguished prior to FDNY arrival (by staff, etc.), or a hand extinguisher was used by the FDNY.

2.5 SUMMARY

In summary, 16 significant fires occurred in WTC 1, 2, and 7, with 12 occurring in WTC 1, three in WTC 2, and one in WTC 7. In addition to these, 31 fires occurred in WTC 1 and WTC 2, which involved the use of one standpipe (with or without the activation of one sprinkler). Of these additional 31 fires, 23 occurred in WTC 1 and eight occurred in WTC 2. The following paragraphs will summarize findings from the 16 significant fires that occurred in all three buildings.

After reviewing the 16 significant fires, trends developed relating to the time of day that the fires occurred. Overall, 12 of the 16 fires occurred between the hours of 6 p.m. and 4 a.m. The fires that occurred during office hours (between 7 a.m. and 6 p.m.) included a dumpster fire in the floor 43 elevator lobby (WTC 1), a dumpster fire on floor 106 (WTC 1), a kitchen fire on floor 107 (WTC 2), and a bearing overheating in the fan motor room on floor 108 (WTC 2). Almost all of the incendiary (arson) and suspicious fires (5 out of 6 fires) and unclassified or unlisted fires (4 out of 5 fires) occurred after business hours (before 7 a.m. and after 6 p.m.).

In addition to the time of day of the fire, trends in the cause of the fire and the materials involved in the fire can be highlighted. Of the 16 fires and their causes, five were labeled as unlisted or unclassified, six as suspicious or incendiary, two as discarded material, and three as an electrical failure or mechanical failure. For the material involved in the fire, eight reports noted trash, waste, and supplies; two reported not listed or not classified; one reported furniture; three reported electrical equipment; one reported duct work; and one reported shanties were the material involved in the fire.

Lastly, the location of the fires throughout the buildings was of interest. Of the 16 fires, 4 fires were concentrated above floor 100 and 6 fires were located in the basement. The others (six fires) were spread throughout the rest of the building.

2.6 ATTACHMENTS TO THIS FIRE HISTORY

Appendixes A through H are included as supplements to this report. The first three sections, Appendixes A through C, are explanations of the numeric codes used in the fire reports by the FDNY. Appendix A is included to explain the codes for the fire reports produced prior to and including 1980, Appendix B is included to explain the fire reports produced from 1981 to May 31, 1987, and Appendix C is included to explain the fire reports produced from June 1, 1987, to the present. The report code explanations are divided into the same sections as the fire report and give short descriptions for the numbers used in the fire report under each section. For example, if the ignition factor for a fire occurring in 1990 was given a number code of 54, the reader can find that the cause of the fire was a "short circuit, ground fault."

Appendixes D through H are reproductions of the actual fire reports produced by the FDNY on the significant fires highlighted in the sections above. The reader can use Appendixes A through C (depending upon the date of the fire) to read the fire reports in more detail than what is provided in this fire history report.

2.7 CONCLUSIONS

From the information contained in FDNY fire reports and fire investigation records provided to NIST, 47 fires occurred in WTC 1, 2, and 7 that were of sufficient size and duration to activate multiple sprinklers or were estimated by NIST to be capable of doing so, over the time period the buildings were occupied. This total does not include the major 1975 office fire in WTC 1 or the 1993 bombing.

The records indicate that in areas protected by automatic sprinklers, no fire activated more than three sprinklers. Three sprinklers would provide coverage for a floor area of approximately 675 ft² (63 m²). This area is much smaller than the 9,000 ft² (800 m²) damaged by the 1975 fire in an office space unprotected with automatic sprinklers.

Many of the fires that occurred were recorded as suspicious or unknown in cause, occurred during offpeak work hours, and involved materials such as trash or paper-based supplies. In cases where sprinklers were activated, the FDNY records indicated that the sprinklers either extinguished the fire completely or aided in controlling the spread.

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Appendix A EXPLANATION OF NUMERIC CODES PRIOR TO 1980

Explanation of Numeric Codes Used on Fire and Emergency Reports -

Prior to 1980

CLASSIFICATION OF BUILDING BY USE

COMMERCIAL

-	
01	Bank
.02	Brevery
03	Coal Pocket
05	Department Store Electric Power Plant
06	Factory:Hulti occu-
	pancy
07	Pactory: Single
	Occupancy
08 09	Foundry
10	Freight Depot Garage: Non-Storage Storage
11	"Storage
12	Gas Works
13 14	Lumber Yard Hotor Vehicle Pepair
14	Hotor Vehicle Pepair
	Shop
15 16	Office Building
17	Oil Selling Station Oil Storage Plant
18	Pier, Wharve, Dock,
	Pier, Wharve, Dock, Bulkhead Building
19	Restaurant, Diner
20	Shed, Newsstand,
21	Shanty Shinward Dyudock
22	Shipyard, Drydock Stable
23	Steam Generating
	plant
24	Stort Building,
~ ~	Taxpayer
25	Warehouse, Store- house
26	Store Building 6
	Private Dwelling
39	Other Commercial
-	
PUBI	<u>ac</u>
40	Airport Building
41	Arytum
42	Bridge
43	Bus Terminal
44 45	Church, Synagogue Dance Hall, Ban-
45	
46	Dispensary, Clinic Ferry Terminal
47	Ferry Terminal
	Government Building
	<pre>(Not othervise class- ified);</pre>
48	City
49	Intersate
50	Federal
51	Foreign State
52 53	State
53 54	Hospital, Infirmary
55	Nursing Home Railroad Station
56	School; College,
	University
57	University Private High
58	Public High
59	Public Junior
60	High " Private Ele-
60	montary
61	School: Public Elementary
62	Children's
	Narsery
63	 Other
64	Television Studio
65	Theatre, Legitimate
66	Theatre, Hotion
67	
01	Transit System - Station Structure
68	Tunnel
69	Other Public

	*
80	Apartment Hotel "A"
81	Apartment House "A"
82	Boarding House, Room
:	ing House "B"
83	Convent, Rectory,
	Monastery, etc.
84	Dormitory-School Club, Lodge Rotel "B"
	Club, Lodge
85 86	Lodging House "B"
87	Motel
88	Pvt. Dwelling: 1 Family
89	" Two Family
90	Tenement: New Law "A"
91	Old Law "A"
92	Converted Dwelling "A"
	Other Residential DING STATUS
BUIL	ANG SIA105
1	Occupied
2	Partly Occupied.
	Partly Occupied, Good Condition
3	Partly Occpuied, De-
	teriorating
4	Vacant
6	Under Demolition Under Construction
	E(to Building or Contents)
516 635	ales satisfied of concence)
0	None-No Appreciable
1	None-No Appreciable Light 0-15%
2	Medium 161-491
3	Heavy 50% & Greater
ADTA	DIDE ORTH BLOOD
AREA	PIRE ORGIN -PLOOP.
00	Outside Building
01	1st Floor
to	
94	94th and Higher
95	Attic
96 97	Bool
36	Basement Cellar
59	Sub-cellar
3 REA	FIRE ORGIN-ROOM OR LEFE
r-nun	FIRE ORGIN-ROOM OR AREA
10	Area Not in Building
11	Attic
12	Awning
13	Balcony
14	Basement
15	Bathroom Toilet
16	Bedroom, Sleeping Area
17	Ceiling
18	Cellar
19	Chimney
20	Classroom Lecture
	Area
21	Closet
22	Cockloft
23 24	Court-Exterior
25	Court-Interior Dining Room, Dining
13	Area
26	Duct-Air Condition-
	ing
27	Duct-Exhaust
28	Plooring
29	Plooring
29 30	Furnace Room
31	Hallway-Private Hallway-Public
32	Incinerator Cl set
	or Room
33	Ritchen, Cooking
	Area

RESIDENTIAL

	Living Room
35	Lobby
36	Machinery Room'
37	Office Area
	Operating Laboratory Area
39	Partition
40	Porch
41	Projection Booth
42	Recreation Area
43	Roof
44	Sales Showroom Dis- play Area
45	Shaft-Duct, Pipe
46	Shaft-Dumbwaiter
47	Shaft-Elevator
48	Shaft-Exterior Light
49	Shaft-Interior Light
50	Shaft-Vent
51	Shipping Receiving Loading Area
52	Stage
53	Stairway
54	Storage Room Area
\$5	Vacant-Room, Apart-
56	Work Area Workroom
57	Other Areas, Not
	Classified (State
	area)
	ANTON ACCOMMON

.

* .

5.1

AREA FIRE ORIGIN-OCCUPANCE

MP		

.

	Pactory:
00	Chemicals
~~	Clothing:
01	Dresses
02	Undergarment
03	Other (State Type)
04	Dry Cleaning Laundry
05	Electrical Products
06	Food & Brink Products
07	Furniture
08	Furs, Fur Goods
**	Hats:
09	Hen's
10	Women's
11	Leather, Leather
**	Products
12	Machine Shop Metal
	works
13	Paints
14	Paper Products
15	Petroleum Products
16	Plastics, Rubber
17	Printing LAllied Ind-
	ustries
18	Shoes
19	Textiles
20	Toy or Doll
21	Woodworking
22	Other Factories not
~~	classified(state type)
	Store:
23	Auto Accessories
24	Bakery
25	Butcher
26	Candy, Cigar, Stationery
27	Clothing
28	Department, large
29	
	Department, small(5110)
30	Dry Cleaner & Tailor
31	Drug
32	Electrical Appliances
33	Eruit & Vegetables
34	Furniture
35	Grocery, Dairy, Deli-
	catessen
36	Haberdashery
37	Ladies Accessories
38	Laundry
39	Paint Hardwale

(2)

.

à

40	Restaruant Luncheonette
41	Shoe Depair
42 43	Shoe Repair Super Market
44	Tavern
45	Other Stores not
	classified(state
	type) Garages:
46	Non Storage
47	Storage
48	Oil Selling Station
49	Motor Vehicle Re- pair Shop
50	Office Building
	Warehouse:
51	Film Paper, Rags,Fibre
52 53	Other (state type)
54	Freight Depot
55	Pier
56 57	Shipyard Lumber Yard
58	Shed, Newstand, Shanty, etc.
59	Shed, Newstand, Shanty, etc. Other Commericial
	Building Occupancies,
	<pre>not classified(state type)</pre>
RESIDEN	
60	Apartment Hotel, Hultiple Dwelling"A"
61	Apartment House, Hul-
	tiple Dwelling"A"
62	Boarding House, Rooming
	House Multiple Dwelling 5
63	Hotel, Multiple
	Dwelling "B"
64	Lodging House, Mul- tiple Dwelling"B"
65	Private Duelling
66	Rectory, Convent,
67	Monastery Tenement House,
	New Law, Malti-
	New Law, Malti- ple Dwelling "A"
68	Tenemont Romse, Old Law, Multiple
	Dwelling "A"
69	Other Residential,
	not classified (state type)
	(acace cype)
PUBLIC	
70	Airport
71	Cabaret, Basquet
	Ball
72 73	Church Dance Hall
74	Hospital
75	Motion Picture
76	Theatre N.Y. Transit
/*	System-Station
77	Passenger Depot
78 79	School Theatre
20	T.V. Studio
81	Other Public, not
	classified (state
	type)
MANNER	EXTENSION
00	Confined to star
00	Confined to area of origin
C1	Cockloft
62	Door or opening .
03	Ploor ~
94	Ball Stairway
05	Partition
05 07	Pipe Recess Shaft-Dumbwaiter
09	Shaft-Elevator

CLASSIFIC OR EMERGI	
TRANS	SPORTATION FIRES
87	Ship, Vessel
88	Motor Vehicle
89	Other Transportation
	(state type)
NON-	STRUCTURAL PIRES
86	ADV (Abandoned/
	Derelict Motor
	Vehicle)
90	Bonfire
91 92	Brush, Grass Demolition Wood,
74	Building Site
93	Dump, Land Fill
94	Rubbish-Outside
	Building
95	Manhole
96	N.Y. Transit System-
	Yard Roadway, Ties,
	etc.
97	Railroad-Yard, Road-
	way, Ties, etc.
98 99	Tunnel, Bridge Other Non-Structural,
33	not classified
	(state type)
EMER	GENCY
	mi
02	Chimney Elevator, Escalator
04	Explosives Escort
05	First Aid - Assist
	Person(s)
06	First Ald - Resucita-
	tion
07	Marine
08	Precarious Condition
09	Signs, Trees, etc.
10	Subway-Railroad Water Leak
11	Bomb-Unexploded,
	Scare
12	Collapse-Cave in
13	Collision-Vehicular
	Incident
14	Controlled Fire,
	Permitted
15	Flood Condition-
16	Broken Water Main Incinerator
17	Leak-Fuel Oil, Gasóline
	etc.
18	Leak-Illum, Gas, Flam,
	Vapor
19	Lightning
20	Oil Burner
21	Person Locked in,
22	Locked out Power - Electrical
23	Pressure Rupture
24	Refrigerant Leak
25	Smoke Condition,
	Odor, Funes
26	Sprinkler
27	Steam Discharge
28	Other

Shaft-Air,Light, Chute,Duct, etc.

Window Other (state how):

Ceiling

12

(3)

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Appendix B EXPLANATION OF NUMERIC CODES FROM 1981 TO 1987

Explanation of Numeric Codes Used on Fire and Emergency Reports -

From 1981 to May 31, 1987

1.14

- Type of Papart
- 1 Sugenerat.
- 2 Transcortation Fire.
- 3 Non Structural Fare. 4 Emergency Response.
- 5 Folse Alarm
- E Additional data (ha 8F 74A)
- New Reported
- 1 Street Box Manual
- 7 Telephage
- 3 Verbal
- & Glass J-Menuel, PFA.
- 5 Class 3-Vetus. PFA.
- 6 Closs 3-Other Automatic, PFA
- 7 Cless 3-ERS
- B Street Bos -FRS.
- 9 Class 3-Menual, FORY,
- 10 Pre-recorded Albims
- Initial Aburn
- 8 Special Call Other Than Engine Only-No Chiel.
- 1 Box (Street or Cless 3). 5 Special Call Engine Only-No Chief.
- B Satcial Coll Chaet Operatedi.
- 8 518

Highest Stars

- 0 Inizal Altern
- 1 More than the Initial Alarm & kiss than 3 Engine & 2
- Lader Co. et work.
- 2 2nd Alarm.
- 3 3rd Abarm
- A Ath Alarm
- 5 5th Alarm
- 6 Semulteranous
- 7 Signal 7-5.

How Extinguished

- 0 Before Actival
- Hand Extinguishers.
- 2 Spranhiler Haads (Static Number)
- 3 Reaster Stypen
- 4 Low Pressure Hydren: Streem.
- 5 Doe 15" or larger hoseling from a pumping unit or a standappe outhet, repardless of the termination (Controlling Nuzzle, Brickope, Stang Multi Yeesel Ledder Pipe, 1/L, Fram Nozzie, etc.).
- 5 Two 14" or larger boseknes as above
- Three-1%" or larger hoseñoes as abave.
 Four or mare 1%" or larger hoselines as abave. 4 Dillow State Howk
- Ignition Stage-Termination Stage
- 7 Smalder Stage, before any flame.
- 3 FEAME Stage.
- D Undeterminent or test reported

FOURPMENT INVOLVED IN ISNITION

- Haating Systems
- 11 Central heating unit.
- 12 Weter benter.
- 13 Saked, statemary local hereiting cast. 14 Indone Tirephase
- 15 Portable local heating unit.
- 16 Chimney, ass yent lines
- 17 Elimeny connector, vent connector.
- 18 Heat granufer system.
- IS lisened systems not classified above.
- 10 Heating system, andetainsinad.

Cooking Equipment

- 21 fixed, asstionary surface unit.
- 22 Fixed stationery own.
- 23 Fined, stelausery focul warming emphance. 24 Deep dat layer.
- 25 Periabia cooking, warning unit. 28 Upen tira pril.
- 27 Greanni land, duct.

20

- 29 Cooking ensignment not classified above.
- 20 Looking equipment, undetermined

Air Conditioning, Befrigeration Equipment

95 Anached, unwateried annualie

89 Dilar object, exposure fire not classified above 90 Other object, exposure fire.

Hast from Fugi-Fired. Fuel Passened Object.

00 Equipment Involved in ignition undetermined or not

11 Start, ender, flame escaping from pas fueled source

13 Spark, ember, flome excepting from liquid tooled

15 Sperk, ember, flame escaping from sold fueled

17 Spark, ember, fience escaping from equipment: fuel

10 Heat from Jud fired, fuel powered object, un-

Hast from Electrical Equipment Arcine, Dyarloaded

Short circuit are from methanical damage.
 Short circuit are from defective, worn insulation

25 Are from foully contact, toose connection, broken

29 Heat from electrical equipment arcing overloaded.

20 Heat from electrical equipment arcing, overloaded

39 Heat from smoking marcrist, not classified above.

43 Torch operation, other them cutting and welding.

49 Heat loop open liame, spark, not classified above

66 Heat from properly operating electrical equipment.

57 Heat from improperly operating electrical exapment.

69 Heat from explosive, foreworks, not classified ebeys.

NIST NCSTAR 1-4A, WTC Investigation

60 Heal from supposive, fireworks, undetermined

59 Hest from hot object, not classified above.

50 Heat from het object, undetermined.

65 Medel micket, not emateur rocketry

Heat from Explosive, Fireworks,

64 Paper cap. porty poppos.-

48 Beckline from internal conduction engine.

40 lisst from open fisme, spark, undetermined

30 Heat from smaking material undetermined

conductor 26 Arc, sport from operating equipment or switch

98 Ne equipment involved-

FORM OF HEAT OF IGNITION

12 Heat from gas fueled equipment.

14 Heat from Figuid fueled equipment

18 Heat from solid fueled equipment

21 Water caused short carcult arc.

24 Unspecified short circuit arc.

27 Heat from overloaded equipment

28 Faurescent light ballest.

not classified above.

Heat from Smaking Material

Hast from Does Heme, Spark

41 Cutting torch operation

62 Weiding turch operation.

Heat from Hot Object

52 Moltan, hot material.

53 Hot amber, ash

55 Rekardie, reignitika

54 Electric tamp.

G1 Explosive

83 Fremmis.

82 Blasting month.

66 Incertifiary device.

51 Heat, spark from friction

ad Candle, Laner

45 Match

46 Lighter.

47 Open fire

Inclusionstation

31 Examerte.

32 Ciger.

33 Pmr

13 Heat from equipment; fuel not known. 18 Heat from fuelfied fuelpowered object, not

36 Vehick.

In norred.

ment

equipment.

equipment_

not known.

determined.

classified above.

- 31 Central air conditioning, relingeration equipment.
- 32 Water cooling denicit, towner. 33 Fired, stationary local infrigerator unit.
- 34 Fixed, stationary local air conditioning unit.
- 35 Porteble air conditioning, referenzion unit. 39 Aur conditioning, referenzion equipment not
- classified above. 30 six conditioning, relayeration equipment, un-
- einerminad.
- Floretrives | Gistribution Ensignment
- 41 Fixed waing. 42 Transformer, associated overcommin or disconnect e gu prnent.
- 43 Meter, motor box
- 44 Power switch pear, overcorrent protection devices.
- 45 Switch, receptocle, putiet. 46 Lighting Exture, tempholder, ballast, sign.
- 47 Cord, plug. 48 1 amp, fight bulb.
- 48 Electrical distribution equipment, not classified above.
- 45 Electrical distribution equipment, undetermined,

Appliances, Equipment

- 51 Television, andu, phonograph. "
- 52 Dryer
- 53 Washing mochine
- 54 \$ logs gare equipment
- 55 Segurate molor, generator. SE Nand Inola.
- Portable applience designed to produce controlled 57
- heat. 58 Partable appliance designed not to produce heat.
- appliances, equipment not classified in 51 through 554 E.0
- 50 Appliances, equipment, undetermined

Special Equipment

61 Flactronic aquipment. 52 Vending mechane, draiting fountain

55 Secretate guard, compressed.

69 Sportal equipment, not classified above.

60 Spacial equipment, undetermored.

72 Easting, molding, forging equipment.

79 Processing equipment, not classified above.

89 Service, menteriance equipment, not classified

80 Service, maintenance agapteent, undetermined

70 Processing equipment, undetermined.

Service, Maistanance Sourcesont

- 63 Office machine.
- 64 Biomedical equipment device. EE Combustion engine.

67 Conveyor

EB Printing press.

Processing aquipment

71 Furnane, oven, julia

75 Costing mechanie.

3) Incinerator.

82 Beening, brake.

85 Arc. all lamp

BG Elevern. 87 Torshay

abovs.

83 Rectifier, charges

84 Terpot, tar kettle,

Other Chievel, Exponents Fire

91 Separate, tensored expension

S2 Separate, deteched exposure.

83 Separate, exponent asposure.

54 Assached, protected exposure.

76 Panting equipment

13 Neat treating equipment.

74 Working, shaping mechine,

77 Chemical process comment.

78 Waste recurrent equipment.

49 Adomment, recreational material not classified

40 Adorment, recreational material, undeterminent

45, Toy, gauge

EDOVE.

Suppliers, Stock

52 Basket, barrel.

56 Bale storage.

57 Bulk storage.

62 Transformer.

64 Tife

55 Fuel

General Form

72 Feace note. 73 Fertilizet.

27 Sgn

Spacial Farm

84 Greas.

71 Agricultural product.

14 Grawing, Iwang form

76 Cooking materials.

81 Just, fiber, Ind

PT Refer manage

IGNITEDE FACTOR

Incendiary

Suspicious

37 Thawing 33 Falling asleep

Other Form of Material

87 Multiple form of material lignited 98 Form of material not applicable.

89 Form of material not classified anow

11 herendiary, not during civil dicturbance

21. Suspensies, net denng civil eksturbance 22 Suspirations, during civil distorbance.

12 Incendiary, during civil disturbance

Misuse of meas of Innoview

31 Abandoned, discarded material,

34 inadequate control of poen live.

35 fulling, welding too close co. 36 Chödren with chöd playing

Misuse of Material Ignited

45 Improper container.

47 Improper storage. 48 Cirildren with, third playing

42 Improper fueling techniques.

4.1 Furt spitted, reisased accidentally

45 Compustible las close 18 heat.

37 Unconscious, mental, physical impairment

30 Misuse of heat of ignition, undetermined.

43 Flammable Rood used to kindle Tire.
44 Washing part, cleaning, relatishing, participant

49 Misuse of material ignited not crassified above 40 Misuse of material ignited, undetermined

21

39 Mause of heat of ignition not classified aligne

85 Adhesive.

75 Rustish trash waste

82 Printechnics applesours

83 Atomized, vaporized liquid.

58 Cleaning supplies.

51 Box, sarton, bag

53 Pailet, skid inot in uce).

54 Rope, cord, twine, yarn.

55 Packing, wraping motorial.

50 Secoles, stack not classified above

30 Supplers, stock, undetermined

Power Transfer Equipment, Fuel

51 Electrical wire, cable insulation.

63 Conveyor belt, drive belt, Vibelt,

59 Power transfer equipment, fuel, not classified above

50 Power transfer equipment, had undetermined.

85 Pailetine material, material stored on paliets

Bill Farm al material undetermined or nat reported

86 Gas or liquid in ar fram pipe or container

46 Awning, canopy,

47 Tareauter, tent.

ste.

- 2
- Next from Natural Source
- 11 Suals reat
- 77 Samianettis enten skemes teation.
- 73 Liphong discharge
- 14 Static discharge
- 75 keat from satural source, not classified above.
- 70 Heat from natural source, podetermined

Heat Spreading from Another Heatile Fire fits 853 112

- 81 Haat from direct flame, convector currents.
- BZ Radiated heat.
- E3 Hest from liping brand, ember, spara
- 84 Conducted head
- 5.9 Heat spreading from another hostile two. WI classifier shreet
- 80 Heat spreading from enother hustlie line, an determined.
- Other Form of Rest of Ignition
- 9.7 Multicle ferms of heat of ignition.
- 98 Biber form of heat of contine.
- 00 Form of best of lesson unders miled.

TYPE OF MATERIAL IGNITED

- Gas
- 11 haural gas.
- 12 LP city cas ILP and air mol.
- Manufactured gas 13
- 14 18 gas.
- 15 Amesthetic car
- TE Acetylene
- 17 Specially gas when than aneithesic.
- 19 Das net classified abirti.
- TO Cas.

Flammable, Combustible Luquid

- 21 Class UN Seminable local
- 27 Class IS Elemmable liquid
- 73 Gaussian
- 24 Dars IC Constable Issuid.
- 25 Elass II computatio licend.
- 26 Eluza tild compare ov band
- 27 Elass HIB combestible liquid
- 29 Flammabe, combostible liquid not classified almost 20 Harminhle, combustible logad and stammingd
- Valative Solid Charries
- 31 Fat grease Book
- 32 Grease inantoodi
- 71 Point
- 34 Aphenne, rese La
- 35 Applied GHRL variesh
- 36 Compassible metal
- 37 Solut chemical taseoily type1
- 36 Radioscine material
- 39 Fullative solid stempest not classified source
- 30 Vorable said, chemical undetermined.
- Plastic
- 41 Polyanitane
- 4.1 Polystylane
- 23 Polyamet
- 4.6 Polyacrylic
- 45 Palvester.
- 46 Polychelina
- 49 Plastit, net cassiliet slove
- 40 Plaste, umieternined.
- Satural Product
- 53 Rubber. 57 Celk

- 53 Leather 54 Grass leaves has straw
- 55 Grain, namusi Maer
- 55 Seal only broughts pert-
- houd start
- 58 Tebarra
- 30 minutes, and product, not classifier interest 30 Natural product, and Stevensed.

NIST NCSTAR 1-4A, WTC Investigation

- Wood, Paper -
- 61 Growing wood.
- 67 Felled but smanen moto
- 63 Same wood.
- 64 Wood shavings.
- 85 Hardbaard, plywood.
- 66 Fiberboard flow density materiall wood pub-
- 67 Paper, intrested, incoated. 68 Caulinaci.
- 53 Wood, paper, and classified above,
- 60 Wood, paper, undetermined

fabric, Toutile, Far

- 71 Manimade fabrie, faber, finished goods
- 72 Coston, rayon, cotton fabric, finished goods.
- 73 Wash must mixture fabre, linished goods.
- 74 Fur, pla, other fabris, finished goods.
- 75 Wig
- 16 Heman har
- 79 Fabric, textile, fur, not classified above. 30 fabric, textile, fun, audetermined.
- Material Compaunded with Dil
- ST Lingleum
- 82 Gi ck th
- raded beteon when testers EB
- 64 Waterproof courses B5 Dir racs.
- 85 Asshaft treated marenal
- 89 Material costpounded with oil, not classified above. 80 Material compounded with ell undetermined

97 Multiple typics of material first idented.

95 Type of material not classified above.

11 Externs not covering, surface, finish,

offixed to wall and door surface.

12 Erterior sitewall covering, surface, Inish

15 Interior wall covering, surface items permanently

18 Therinal socurred insulation within wall, partition

19 Structural component, finish not classified abova.

18 Structure component, finish, undetermined.

21 Uphoistered sofa, chaie, vehicle seats.

22 Narapholstered chail, bench. 23 Eabinetry.

25 Appliance housing an casing

Solt Goods, Wearing Apparel

33 Lines, other thus bestding

32 Bedding blanket steet, comforter,

34. Wearing apparel not on a porson,

Afternment, Becrestions) Material

44 Magazine newspaper, writing paper

47 Department for special event

39 Soft goods, weating apparel not classified above.

30 Soft goods, weating appares, undetermined

35 Wearing appared us a person, 38 Earners, band, droposty, tapestry

20 Fullerture undetermined.

29 Euroiture act classified above

IDD Type of material undertemmined on not reported.

Other Type of Material Issiend 98 Type of material not applicable

FURM OF MATERIAL IGNITED

Structurel Component, Fipish

13 Exterior truth, applicationnes.

1.4 Floor covering sufface.

TE CEAMS TONYING, sarface

or Hosticeling space

Furniture

24 treang board.

31 Mattress, places.

37 Goods not made we.

38 Luppage

41 Crestmas cree

43 Both

17 Shuetura member, liammo

Mechanical Failure, Mallanction

- 51 Part failure, leak, break,
- 52 Automatic control failure.
- 53 Manual control failure.
- 54 Short circuit, ground fault.
- 55 Other electrical failure. 55 Lock of maintenance, worn out.
- 57 Backfire.

. .

- 57 Becknie. 59 Mechanical failure, malfunction not classified above 50 Mechanical failure, malfunction, undetermined.
- Design, Construction, Installation Deficiency
- 61 Design deficiency.
- 62 Construction deficiency.
- 63 installed too close to combustibles. SA Other installation deficiency
- 65 Property too close to.
- 69 Design, construction, installation deficiency not
- classified above. 60 Design, construction, installation deficiency, undeter-
- mined.

Operational Deficiency

- 71 Collision, everturn, knockdown. 72 Accidentally turned on, not turned off.
- 73 Unattended.
- 74 Dverloaded.
- 75 Spontaneous heating
- 76 improper startup, shutdown procedures.
- 79 Operational deficiency not classified above. 70 Operational deficiency, undetermined.
- Natural Condition
- 61 High wind. 82 Earthquake.
- 83 High water, including floads.
- 84 Lightning
- 89 Natural condition not classified above,
- 8D Natural condition, undetermined.

Other Ignition Factor

- 91 Animal.
- 92 Rekindled from a pravious fire.
- 99 Other ignition factor not classified above. 00 Ignition factor undetermined or not reported.

Construction Class

- O No Building Involved
- 1 Fireproof Structure 2 Fire Protected Structure
- 3 Non-fireproof Structure.
- 4 Wood Frame Structure.
- 5 Metal Structure
- 6 Heavy Timber Structure

Classification of Building By Use-Commercial

- 01 Bank.
- 02 Brewery 03 Coal Pocket.
- 04 Department Store
- 05 Electrical Power Plant.
- 06 Factory: Multi Occupancy.
- 07 Factory: Single Occupancy.
- 08 Foundry. 09 Freight Depot.
- 10 Garage: Non-Storage.
- 11 Garage: Storage.
- 12 Gas Works.
- 13 Lumber Yard.
- 14 Motor Vehicle Repair Shop.
- 15 Office Building.
- 16 DE Selling Station.
- 17 OF Storage Plant.
- 18 Pier, Wharve, Dock, Bulkhead Building 19 Restaurant, diner,
- 20 Shed, Newsstand, Shanty,
- 21 Shevard, Drydock.
- 22 Stable
- 23 Steam Generating Plant.
- 24 Store Building, Texpayer.
- 25 Warehouse Storehouse.
- 26 Store Building & Private Dwelling.
- 39 Other Commercial.

22

40 Airport Building. 41 Asylum 42 Bridge. 43 Bus Terminal. 44 Church, Synapogue. 45 Dance Hall, Banquet Hall 46 Dispensary, Clinic. 47 Ferry Terminal. Government Buildings-(Not otherwise classified); 48 City. 49 Interstate

Classification of Building By Use-Public

15 Bathroom Toilet.

17 Ceiling

18 Callar.

21 Closet.

22 Cocklett.

28 Flooring.

23 Court-Exterior."

24 Court-Interior.

27 Durt-Exhaust.

29 Furnace Room

30 Hallway-Private

31 Hallway-Public.

36 Machinery Room

41 Projection Booth

42 Recreation Area

45 Shaft-Duct, Pipe.

46 Shaft-Gumbwatter

48 Shaft-Exterior Light

49 Shaft-Interior Light

54 Storage Room Area

56 Work Area, Workroom,

47 Shaft-Elevator.

50 Shaft-Vent

52 Stage.

53 Starway.

Commercial

Factory

Clothing:

02 Undergarment.

03 Other (state type).

05 Electrical Products

OB Furs, Fur Goods.

04 Dry Cleaning Laundry.

06 Food & Drink Products

11 Leather, Leather Products.

12 Machine Shop Metal Works.

17 Printing & Allied Industries.

22 Other Factories Not Classified (state type).

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99 Chemicals.

D1 Dresses.

07 Furniture.

Hats:

09 Men's.

13 Paints.

18 Shoes,

19 Textiles

20 Toy or Doli

Store.

24 Bakery

25 Butcher

21 Woodworking.

23 Auto Accessories.

14 Paper Products.

16 Plastics, Rubber.

15 Petroleum Products.

10 Wemen's.

34 Living Room, 35 Lobby.

37 Office Area.

39 Partition.

40 Parch.

43 Roof.

19 Chimney.

16 Bedroom, Sleeping Area.

20 Classroom Lecture Area.

25 Dining Room, Dining Area.

32 Incinerator Closet or Room.

38 Operating Laboratory Area.

44 Sales Showroom Display Area.

51 Shipping Receiving Loading Area.

55 Vacant-Room, Apartment or Area.

57 Other Areas, Not Classified Istete area-

Area Fira Origin-Occupancy Classification-

33 Kitchen, Cooking Area.

26 Duct-Air Conditioning.

- 50 Federal
- 51 Foreign
- 57 State
- 53 Hospital Informary
- 54 Nursing Home.
- 55 Railroad Station.
- 56 School: College, University.
- 57 School: Private High.
- 58 School: Public High.
- 59 School: Public Jr. High.
- 60 School: Private Elementary.
- 61 School: Public Elementary.
- 62 School. Children's Nursery.
- 53 School: Other.
- 64 Television Studio
- -65 Theatre, Legitimate.
- 66 Theatre, Motion Picture,
- 67 Transit System-Station Structure. 68 Tunnel
- 69 Other Public.

Residential

- 80 Apartment Hotel "A "
- 91 Apartment House "A."
- 82 Boarding House, Rooming House "8"

88 Private Dwelling: One Family.

89 Private Dwelling: Two Family. 90 Tenement: New Law "A." 91 Tenement: Old Law "A."

2 Partly Occupied, Good Condition,

3 Partly Occupied, Deteriorating,

Damage Its Building or Contents)

92 Converted Dwelling "A."

99 Other Residential.

5 Linder Demolition

6 Under Construction

Building Status

1 Occupied.

4 Vacani.

D None.

1 1 to 15%

2 16 to 49%

3 50% or Greater.

00 Dutside Building

94 94th and Higher,

Area Fire Origin-Room or Area

10 Area Not in Building.

01 1st Floor

95 Attic.

96 Root.

98 Cellar.

11 Artic.

12 Awning

13 Balcony.

14 Basement.

97 Basement.

99 Sub-cellar

ŧn.

Area Lire Origia-Floor

- 83 Convent, Rectory, Monastery, etc.
- 84 Darmitary-School, Club, Lodge. 85 Hatel "B."
- 86 Lodging House "B." 87 Motel.

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Area Fira Origin-Occupancy Classification-Iconten erti Store: 26 Candy, Cigar, Stationery. 27 Clothing. 28 Department, Large. 29 Department, Small (5&10). 30 Dry Cleaner & Tailor 31 Drug. 32 Electrical Appliances 33 Fruit & Vegetables. 34 Furniture 35 Grocery, Davy, Delicatessan. 36 Haberdashery 37 Ladies Accessories. 38 Landry 39 Pant Hardware 40 Restaurant Luncheonette. 41 Shoe. 42 Shoe Repair 43 Super Market 44 Tavern. 45 Other Stores Not Classified (state type). Garages. 45 Non Storage 47 Storage. 48 Dil Selling Station. 49 Motor Vehicle Repair Shop. 50 Office Building. Warshouse. 51 Film. 52 Paper, Rags, Fibre 53 Other Istate typel. 54 Freight Depot. 55 Pier 56 Shipyard 57 Lumber Yard 58 Shed, Newsstand, Shanty, etc. 59 Other Commercial Building Decupanices, Not Classified Istate type). Residential

- 60 Apartment Hotel, Multiple Dwelling "A." 51 Apartment House, Multiple Dwelling "A."
- 52 Boarding House, Rooming House, Multiple Divelling В.
- 53 Hotel, Multiple Dwelling "B" 54 Ladging House Multiple Owelling "B."
- 65 Private Dwelling

- 55 Rectory, Convent, Monastery, etc. 56 Rectory, Convent, Monastery, etc. 57 Tenement House, New Law, Multiple Dwalling "A." 58 Tenement House, Old Law, Multiple Dwalling "A."
- **59 Other Residential, Not Classified Istate type**
- Public
- 70 Airport.
- 71 Cabaret, Banquet Hall
- 72 Church.
- 73 Dance Hall
- 74 Hospital
- 75 Motion Picture Theatre
- 76 NY Transit System-Station.
- 77 Passenger Depot.

- 78 School 79 Theatre. 80 T.V. Studio. 81 Other Public, Not Classified (state type). Manner Fytensins 00 Confined to area of origin. 01 Cockleft, 02 Ooor or Opening Between Rooms. 03 Floor 04 Hall Starway 05 Partition. 06 Pipe Recess. 07 Shaft-Dumbwaiter. 08 Shaft-Elevator. 09 Shaft-Ar, Light, Chute, Duct, etc. 10 Ceiling 11 Window 12 Other (state how) Number al Occupancies 01 1 Оссиралсу. 02 2 Occupancies. 99 99 pr more Occupancies.
- Buildings
- 0 did not spread beyond building of origin.
- 1 1 structure or vehicle.
- 9 9 or more buildings or vehicles,
- Note: Form BF-24A must be submitted for each building or vehicle listed in this coded space.
- Smoke Detector
- 0 No detector present.
- I lonization type, power disconnected or battery removed by occupant.
- 2 Ionization type, provided early warning.
- 3 Ionization type, failed to operate, battery powered.
- 4 Ionization type, failed to operate, line voltage power. 5 Photoelectric type, power disconnected or battery removed by occupant.
- 5 Photoelectric type, provided early warning.
- 7 Photoelectric type, failed to operate, battery priwered.
- 8 Photoelectric type, failed to operate, line voltage power
- 9 Not possible to determine if detector operated or 101
- **Classification by Type Fire or Emergency**
 - Transportation Fires
- 87 Ship, Vessel.
- 88 Motor Vehicle
- 89 Other Transportation (state type) Nan Structural Fires
- 86 ADV (Abandoned/Derekct Motor Vehicle).
- 90 Bonive
- 91 Brush Grass
- 92 Demolition Wood, Building Site.
- 93 Dump, Land Fill
- 84 Rubbish-Outside Building

95 Manhole 96 N.Y Transit System-Yard, Roadway, Ties, atc. 97 Railroad-Yard Roadway, Ties, etc. 98 Tunnel, Bridge. 99 Other Non-Structural, Not Classified (state type). Emergency 02 Chimney. 03 Elevator, Escalator. 04 Explosives Escort. 05 First Aud-Assist Personis), 06 First Ad-Resuscitation, 07 Marine. 08 Precarious Condition-Signs, Trees, etc. 09 Subway-Railroad. 10 Water Leak. 11 Bomb-Unexploded, Scare, 17 Collagse-Cave In 13 Collision-Vehicular Incident 14 Controlled Fire, Permitted. 15 Flood Condition-Broken Water Main. 16 Incinerator. 17 Leak-Fuel Dil, Gasolino, etc., 18 Leak-Hum. Gas, Fiam. Vepor. 19 Lightning. 20 Oil Burner 21 Person Locked In, Locked Out, 22 Power-Electrical 23 Pressure Rupture 24 Refrigerant Leak. 25 Smoke Condition, Odor, Fames. 26 Sprinkler 27 Steam Discharge. 28 Defective Alarm Device (other than Sprinkler). 29 Smoke Detector. 30 Other. Power for Equipment 01 1 23 volts A.C. 02 24 volts A.C. 11 1-5 vots D.C 12 7-17 yolts 0 C 15 115 volts A.C. 28 208 voits A.C. 30 220-230 volts A.C. 33 231-330 volts A.C. 34 331 or higher volts AC 50 25 50 volts A.C. 61 Butane 52 Coal, Coke, Charcoal, Peat. 53 Fuel Dil, No. 1 or No. 2. 54 Fuel Oil, No. 3 or No. 4 55 Fuel Dil, No. 5 or No. 6 66 Gasoline. 67 Keresene. 68 LN gas Istored as liquid) 89 LP gas (stored as liquid). 70 Natural or illuminating gas fas a gas). 71 Page 72 Propane.

99 Diher.

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Appendix C EXPLANATION OF NUMERIC CODES FROM 1987 TO PRESENT

Explanation of Numeric Codes Used on Fire and Emergency Reports -

From June 1, 1987, to present

MO3-5 H1-91126A-Schooling 14.1 TYPE OF REPORT Code No. 1 Structural 2 Transportation Tire 3 Non-Structural Fire 4 Emergency Response 5 False Alarm 5 Additional data (BF-24A) 14.2 HOW BEPORTED Code No. 10 felephone 20 Street - Manual 21 Glass 3 - Manual 30 Glass 3 - P.F.A. 31 Glass 3 Valve, Sprinking - P.F.A. 32 Glass 3, Other Automatic - P.F.A. đ٦ 50 Verbal 60 Pre Becarded Telephone Alarm

20 Tie Line (Direct Line to Dispotcher — Provine Corp.) 80 Street Pox - ERS 81 Class 3 - ERS

00 Gable Television Luni

Note, 1. P.F.A. stands for Prevale Film Alerra. These are received using the 3-Box-Termont Designation

2. If the starm was encountened whee rusponding to ar miniming from whither warm. # is considered a ventral alarm.

3. A pre-recorded teleplane alarm (PRIA) is used to designate those tekyshone eleme received from recording or pre-chilled machines, whether directly to 911, 3-digit fulliphone or an alarm service.

14.3 INITIAL ALARM

Code No.

- B Special Call Other Theo English Daly No Chief
- 1 Box (Street or Class 5) 5 Special Call Engine Only No. Chief
- It Spenial Call (Chert Operated) 1 538

14.4 HIGHEST ALARM

Lose No.

- a longe Arean 1 More than the Initial Alarm A Less than 3 Eacher 4. 2 Ladder Ces. at work.
- 2 2nd Alarm 3 Srd Alarm
- A 4th Alarm
- 5 5th Alarm
- 6 Simultaneous
- 7 Signal 7-5

14.5 BOROUGKS

- Code No.
- I Magaztar
- 2 Bronx
- 3 Staten Island 4 Erookiva
- 5 Queens

14.6 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

14.6.1 Class to be obtained from D.D.I. required labels or placant or from shipping papers of other documents Code No.

- 100 No Hazandous Materials Involved
- 11 Diass A. Explosives
- 12 Class & Explosives
- 13 GLESS & Explosures
- 15 Blasting Agents 21 Flammeble Gases
- 22 Mon-Hammable Gases
- 23 Poison Gases
- 24 Cohence

26

25 Ovygen

31 Remmable Liquids, fustgernt 100 degrees or less 33 Combestible Liberds, Fashpoint greater than 100 regrees 41 Aammable Solids 42 Spontaneously Computible Materials 43 Materials Dangerous when wet 61 Ars5.30m 52 Organit Ferromoter 51 POISKING 57 Etiologic (infectiours) Substances 63 Instants 71 Referrire | Meterrais Radioactore II Matenaia 72 Radioactore II Materials 73 Radioactore III Materials ST Cosmistres SE Multiple Classes (More than one hamatous material) 99 Citer 14.6.7 Amount & Unit - the feller departments the unit of measurement shall have the two digits indicating the amount. Example, 2000 pairs of gasoline would be connectly cooped as JTU in the "Amount" held 000 No Hazandous Material Involved A Dates lest, for pases only OT LESS BART T 173 1.40 C. Callin 03 10 43 M Multok Ends - Ext a soll motives a logand and a solid 05 100-409 P Prand I Im 06 \$76-995 02 1.0650-4.939 08 5 1953 9 1993 05 10006-49,995 10 50/000-50,999 11 100,000 and more 14.7 HEATING EQUIPMENT PHUDLIKED TIPE OF FUEL USED Cride Ha 5. Extremente L P.S. 3. Electro Noos 5 638 Natura: Gas R. Ganating 9. D'Biet C NO HEATING EQUERTMENT AND YES 14.8 HOW EXTENDUISHED Costs his **Ö Fieldre Artive** Hang Extinguishers Sprinker Reads (State Number of heads init opprated in Operations Section) × Booster Stream Biologie Britanie
 Low Pagestry, Hydram Stream
 Ovo 1941 un talget hopshite form a pumping unit or a standard offer indget/Heat of Ene semination (Controlling Mazzle Decktas, Stans, Meth Versal, Ladder Pipe, TS., Foam Nazzle, etc.) 5 Wo Hat or larger hoselines as above Three 1W" or larger hoselines as above four or more 1W" or larger hoselines as above 8 Other (State How). 14.5 SPRINKLER PERFORMANCE-II somhlers were present of a taxof in this operation record ther

FIRE RECORD CODE LIST

DESTIMATION.

- Foundation Operated
- Equipment in service, did not operate
- Encomment present, 1 th to small to operate
- Equipment operated, did not entirguesh live
- No equipment present
- 9 Equipment present, not in service, iRecord action takes in Operations Section)

14.10 STANDERE FERFORMANCE-H a standard system way prepare or used on this appendices, resord its

- performance. 1 Standpipe senapeable and used

- 2 Standorse present but not used
- 5 No standorige present 9 Equipment present, not in service. (Record action takes
- a Operations Section)

٩

- 13.11 CONDITION ON ARRIVAL CODES
- () he indication of fire
- Overheat
- 2 Smoldering
- 3 Onen Flamm 8 Out on Arrival

14.12 EQUIPMENT INVOLVED IN IGNITION

- 1. HEATING SYSTEMS
- 18. Solar panel
- 13 Central heating and, lurance
- 12. Water heater,
- 13. Woodstovs, wall furnaces, fixed local brahing unit
- 14 indate fimation 18 Portable beating unit
- 16
- Groundy, gas vert file 12 Carringy yest consector
- te Heat transfer system, ducts, pipes
- 19 Not classified above.
- 2. COOKING EQUIPMENT
- 21 Ford, stationary surface and, store
- Fixed, stationary even
 Fixed, stationary food warming applicance.
- Desa fai Inver
- 25. Portable obakely, warming unit
- 26 Open lauf grill
- Globse Lood, deci.
- 29 hot classified above

L AT CONDITIONING, REFRIGERATION EQUIPMENT

- 31 Contral air conditioning, refrigeration equipment
- 32. Water Cooling device, lower
- 13. Cald boxes, freezers, infrigerators.
 34. Frited, stationary local an excelutioning unit.
- 35 Portable as conditioning, regilgeration unit, dehu-
- middier. 25 bint elsewidted show
- 4. ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION FORDERS
- 41 Fixed Wiring, power lines, juricition boxes. 42 Francionnes, eventurient er disconnect equipment.
- 45 Melac moter box. 44. Power Switch cear tused, current breakers.
- 45 Switch, receptacle outlet
- 45 Lighting fixture, lamp-holder balast, sign
- 42 Cost, plug
 42 Cost, plug
 48 Lamp, light bath
- 49 Nor classified above
- 5 APPLIANCES FULLPMENT
- SC Distweshet

55. Separate motor, generator.

irons, heat taces, 5% Electrical rezora, can openeral

59 Not classified above.

6. SPECIAL FORIPARKS

53 Office machines

FT CANANTY

1.8 Printing press

69 Not classified above

51. Helevision, radio sound or octure,

Roor care equipment, vacuum.

55. hand tools, soldaring itons, drills

phone, transmitter ecasioment.

54 Biomedical equipment, device. 65 Separate pump, compressor, sump painto.

66. Internal combostion engine.

Vending machine, drinking fountain.

57 Commiled heat appliance, electrical blankets, steam

61 Electronic equipment, radar, x rays, computer, tele

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- 52. Glothes dryers.
- 52. Washing machine

53

67

Included is electrical wire insulation.

Included are mattresses. Jurniture interior toam and

Included are polyethylene trash begs, photographic

55. Gran, leathers, felt, kapok, hemp, jule, conon, before

43. FLEXIBLE PLASTICS

carpet pads.

45. FILM PLASTICS

44 FLEXIBLE FOAMPLASTICS

tim and coated wallpaper

49. Plastic not classified above.

54. Grass; leaves, hay and straw

56. Coal, coke, briquettes, peat.

57. Food, starch, excluding tal and grease.

5 NATION PRODUCTS

51. Rubber

52. Carlo

53. Leather

58. Tobacco

processing.

6. WOUD, PAPER

6% Cardboard

75 Human hair

81. Linoleum. 82 Dil cioto,

85. Düy ragei.

59. Not classified above

61. Growing wood, tree

65. Hardboard, plywood.

69. Not classified above.

7. FRIERIC, TEXTILE, FUR

74. Fut sitk, other labric, 75. Wig

79. Not classified above.

84. Votemmof canvas

85. Asphalt treated material

89. Not plassified above.

72. Cotton, revon, cotton tabric. 73. Wool, wool mixture, fabric.

62. Feiled but unsawn wood.

67. Paper, untrested, uncoated

63. Finished lumber, finished wood

64. Wood shavings, sawdust excelsion

66. Fiberboard, wood puls, press board,

71. Man-made labric, fiber, funished goods

8. MATERIAL COMPOUNDED WITH OIL

83. Treated and/or coaled paper, wax paper.

9. OTHER TYPE OF MATERIAL IGNITED

Multiple types of malerial first spatied.
 Not classified above.

14.15 FORM OF MATERIAL IGNITED

1. STRUCTURAL COMPONENT, FINISH

14, Tile, carpet, rug flooring and stairs. 15. Interior wall covering.

21. Upholstered sofa, chair, vehicle seats

16. Ceiling covering surface

19 Not classified above.

2. FURHITURE

24. froming board.

29 Not classified above

18

17. Structural member, traming,

25. Appliance housing or casing.

33 Lines towels tablecloths.

37. Fabrici, yard goods.

38 Loggage. 39 Not classified apove

3. SCET GOODS, WEARING APPAREL

34. Wearing apparel not on a person

36. Curtain, blind, drapery, tapestry,

35. Weanny apparel on a person.

11. Eldenar roal covering, surface, finish

12. Exterior sidewall, covering surface, Unish, eares 13. Doors, purches and platforms.

Thermal, acoustical insulation, within wall or celling.

Nonuphoistened chair, bench.
 Cabinetry, filling cabinets, platos, dressers, desks, 105/cs and bookcases.

31. Mattress, pillow 32. Badding, hlanket, sheet, comforter, heating pat

27

.

- 2
- 7. PROCESSING EQUIPMENT
- 71. Femace over kiln
- 72. Castleg, moldeg, longer,
- 73. Heat freating, guench tank.
- 74. Working, shaping, machine saws, grinders, sanders, ete.
- 75. Coating machine, asphalt saturating, rebber spreading
- machines.
- 76. Painting, dipping, sponying
- 77. Chemical process distilling.
- 75. Waste recovery 75 Not classified above,
- 8. SERVICE, MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT
- 81. Incinerator
- \$2. Bearing, broke.
- 83. Receiver, charger, battery
- 84. largot, tar kette,
- 85. Art, of latto, gas mantles,
- 25 Elevator
- 87. Torches, bunsen burners,
- avoids healing and above
- 9. OTHER DEJECTS, EXPOSURE FIRE 95. Vehicle, exhaust systems, vehicle parts.
- 95. No equipment involved.
- 39. Other object, Exposure Fire nor classified above.
- 14.13 FORM OF HEAT IGNITHIN
- 1. HEAT FROM FUEL-FIRED, FUEL-POWERED OBJECT The difference between subdivision 11 and subdivision 12 is whether a spark, ember or fiame actually excepted from the equipment, or whether it was simply overheating of outside surface of the equipment (or its internal heat)
- causing the ignition of nearby combustibles. 11. Spark, ember, fiame escaping from gas fueled
- Aninment 12. Heat from des fueled equipment, pilot lights, normal
- fiames. 13. Soark, ember, flame escaping from Equid fueled
- equipment. 14 Heat from liquid fueled equipment, pilot lights.
- 15 Spark, emory, tiame estrating train solid fueled equipment.
- 15. Heat from solid foxled explorement
- 17. Spark, ember, fiame escaping from equipment, fuel not known.
- 18. Heat from equipment; feel not known.
- 19 Not classified above.
- 2. HEAT FROM ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT ARCPAG. OVERLOADED.
- 23. Water caused short circuit arc.
- 22. Short olicult are from mechanical damage
- 23 Short circuit arc from defective, worn insulation.
- 24 Unspecified short provid arc 25. Are from faulty contact, loose connection, broken
- conductor.
- 25. Arc. spark from operating equipment or switch.
- 27. Heat from overloaded equipment, whes, motors,
- 28. Fluoressent light ballast.
- 29 Not classified above
- **3 HEAT FROM SMOKING MATERIAL**
- 31. Cigarette.
- 32. Cigar
- 33 Pipe
- Si Not classified above
- 4 HEAT FROM OPEN FLAME, SPARK
- Cotting forch operation (sciparating metals).
 Weiding forch operation (joming metals).
 Blow forches, plumbers forches, Bunsen Burners,
- soldering paint stripping 44 Candle, taper
- 45 Match.
- 46 Lighter (Bame type) 47 Camplues, bordres, writing fame, mitblish fires
- 48 Backline from internal combustion engine

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44 Not classified above

- 5. HEAT FROM HOT OBJECT
- 51. Heat, swark from fristion, overheated tires.
- 52. Malten metal, has forging and hot glass.
- 53. Het ember, ash.
- 54. Electric lamp, light bulbs.
- 55. Relandle, reignition.
- 56 Heat from properly operating electrical. 57 Heat from improperly operating electrical equipment.
- 59. Not classified above.
- 5. NEAT FROM EXPLOSIVES, FIREWORKS
- 61. Exclosives, bombs, ammunicion.
- 52. Blasting agent
- 63. Filoworks, speriders, 54. Paper nationative phones
- 65. Alodal racket, not amateur rocketay.
- 65. Incendiary device. 67. Not classified above.
- 7. HEAT FROM NATURAL SOURCE
- 71. Sun's heat. 72. Spontaneous ignition, chemital reaction.
- 73. Lightning discharge.
- 74. State discharge.
- 79. Not classified above
- & HEAT SPREADING FROM ANDTHER HOSTILE FIRE
- (ECPOSURE)
- 81. Hest from direct fizme, convection currents.
- S2. Radiated heat.
- 81 Heat from flying brand, ember, spark, 84. Conducted beat,
- 89. Not classified above
- S. OTHER FORM OF HEAT OF IGNITION
- 97. Multiple forms of heat of ignition. 99 Not classified above.

14.14 TYPE OF MATERIAL IGNITED

- 1. GAS
- 11. Natural gas.
- 12. LP-Ony Gas (LP and air mix).
- 13 Manufactured cas.
- 14. LP-Gas 15. Anasthetic gas.
- 16 Acetylene.

værane,

23 Gasoline

Class 18:

(Class IC).

(Class IIIA).

29. Not classified above

31. Fat, grease (lood).

35 Applied paint, vamish

38. Badapatine material

39. Not cleasified above

and retrigorators.

41. BIGID PLASTICS

37. Solid chemical, explosives

asphalt.

2100.0010100

4. PLASTIC

3. VULATILE SOLIC, CHEMICAL

32. Grezse (nonfood), petroloum jelkes. 33. Polish, parafilin, was.

- 17. Specially gas other than anesthetic.
- 12. Not classified above
- 2. FLAMMABLE, CONSUSTIBLE LIQUID

21 Ethyl ether, pentang and ethylene oxide (Class 1A), 22. Actions, ethyl alcohol, JP-4 jet fuel and roethyl ethys

24. Butyl alcohol, propyl alcohol styrene and turpentine.

27. Cooking oil, transformer and lubicating oil. (Class (IIB)

34 Creosole, pilch, adhesive, resin, tar, gelatin, rosan,

36. Combustible metal magnesium titanium and

Included are molded plastics such as appliance cases,

42. BIGID FOAM PLASTICS Included are doubt thermal foam insulation for waits

ficht tile, decorative kitchen faminates,

25. Kerosane, Fuel Oil 1, 2, 4, 5 and Diesel Fuel

26 No 6 fuel oil, cottonseed oil and creasere oil,

4. ADORNMENT, RECREATIONAL MATERIAL 41. Christmas tree. 42. Decoration for special event. 43. Book. 44. Magazine, newspaper, writing paper, Mes. 45. Toy, game. 46, Awning, Canopy 47. Taipantin, territ 49 Not dessilied above. 5 SUPPLIES STOCK 51. Box, carton, bag 52 Basket barrel 53 Pallet slud. 54. Rope, cord. twine, yara. 55 Packing, wrapping material. 58 Bale storage 57 Rult storage 58. Brooms, breshes, mops, deaming clottes, cleaning supplies 59. Not classified above. 6. POWER TRANSFER EBUIPMENT, FUEL 61 Stectrical wire, cable insulation \$2 Transformer \$3. Conveyor bell, drive bell, y-bell. 64 Tire. 65 Fuel 69. Not classified above. 7. GENERAL FORM 71. Argicultural product. 72 Seace pole 23. Fertilizer 74. Forests, brush and prass, 75. Film, creasole, rubbish trash, waste. 76. Cooking materials. 77 Sian. 8. SPECIAL FORM Bt. Dust, fiber, link, sawfust 62. Pyrotechnics, explosives. 83 Atomined, vaporized liquid 84. Chipe, 85. Material stored on pallets. 85. Accelerants. 67. Rolled material. 88 Adhesing 9 OTHER FURN OF MATERIAL 97. Multiple form of material ignited. 99. Not classified above. 14.16 IGNITION FACTOR (CAUSE) 1. INCENDIARY Incendiary.
 Incendiary, during civil disturbance. 2. SUSPICIOUS 21. Sessicipus. 22 Suspicious, during civil disturbance, 3. MISUSE OF HEAT OF IGNITION 31 Abandoned, discarded material, ciparette, etc. 32. Thanking. 33. Falling asleep 34. Inadequate control of open fire-35 Cutting, welding too close to. 36 Children with matches, lighter, etc. Unconscious, mental, physical impairment
 Not classified above 4. MISUEE OF MATERIAL IGNITED 41. Files spilled, released accidentally 42 improper trailing technique. 43 flammable liquid used to kindle fire. 44 Washing part, cleaning, retinishing, painting _ 45 Improper container. 45. Compustible too close to heat. 47. Improper storage.

49 Not classified above.

5. MECHANICAL FAILURE, MALFUNCTION 51. Part failure, leak, break. 52. Automatic control failure 54. Short circuit, ground fault. 55. Other electrical failure, 56. Lack of maintenance, worn out, failure to steen. 57 Backfire 59 Not reactified above 6. DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, INSTALLATION REFICIENCY 61. Design deficiency, catalytic converter failure 62. Construction deficiency. 63. Installed too close to combustibles. 64. Other installation deficiency.
 65. Property too close to, included are exposure fires. 69. Not classified above 7. OPERATIONAL DEFICIENCY 71. Collision, overtura, knockdowa, 72. Accidentally turned on, not turned usi-73. Unattended 74 Overloaded. 75. Spontaneous heating 76 Improper startop, shutdown procedures. 79. Not classified above. 3. HATURAL CONDITION \$1. High word, 82. Earthquake 83. Righ water, including floods. 84 Lightning 89. Not classified above 9. OTHER IGNITION FACTORS 91. Automat 92. Rekindled from a previous fire. 95. Not classified above. DO. NO FIRE. 14.17 JUVENILE INVOLVED IN IGNITION 0 Juvenile Not insolved in Ignition or No information that a Juvenite was involved. Juvenile involved in involved. 14 18 CONSTRUCTION CLASS Cede No. C. No building involved. 1. Estepriori Structure. 2 Fire Protected Structure 3. Non Enconort Structure. 4 Wood Frame Structure. 5. Metal Structure 6 Heavy Timber Structure 14.19 CLASSIFICATION OF BUILDING BY USE COMMERCIAL 592 Bank. 723 Brewery

- 895 Coal Storage 581 Department Store
- 615 Electrical Power Plant, 708 Factory: Multi-Occupancy
- 709 Factory: Single Occupancy.
- 771 Foundry, 894 Freight Deppt,
- 882 Garage: Non-Storage.
- 889 Garage: Storage.
- Gas Works, Natural Gas Plant. 767
- 851 Lumber Yard.
- 573 Motor Vehicle Repair Shop, Paint Shop 591 Office Building, State, City, Federal or Commercial
- 571 Oil Selling Station,
- All Of Storage Plant. ASB Pier, Wharf, Dock, Bulkhead Building 164 Restaurant, Diner
- 925 Steel, Newstand, Shanty 781 Shipyard, Dryduck,
- \$15 Stable,
- 614 Steam Generating Plant

539 Storebuilding, Taxpayer. 891 Warehouse Storehouse 410 Store Building & Private Owollung, 580 Other Commencial. PROLIC 171 Airport Building 361 Asylum Feynini,
 Fridge,
 Tis law Terminal,
 Church, Synagopre,
 Dance Halt, Banguet Hall,
 Dispassing, Clinic, 177 331 311 Ferry Terminal, Hospital, Infirmary Nursing Hume. Railroad Station, Street Level. 174 Raiföxid Station, Street Level, 175 Raiföxid Station, Below Grade, 176 Balföxid Station, Ahova Grade 241 Schoot: Cellegz, University. 215 Schoot: High School. 214 Schoot: High School. 213 Schoot: Elementary. 211 Schoot: Elementary.
 211 Schoot: Chidren's Nutsery. 210 School: Other, 185 Television Studio 181 Theatre, Legitimate, 183 Theatre, Motion Pisture 210 185 170 Transit System-Station Structure. 922 Tunnel. 119 Other Public. RESIDENTIAL HESDERHAL 489 Apartment Hotel "A", 429 Apartment House "A", 439 Bloarding House, Rooming House "B", 450 Convent, Rectory, Monastery, etc. 451 Dormitory—School, Club, Lodge, 484 Hotel "School, Club, Lodge, 449 Hotel "8", 430 Lodging House "8" 440 Motel. 440 Motel. 411 Private Ewelling: One Family 414 Private Ewelling: Two Family. 420 Tanament: New Law "A". 433 Idenement: Old Law "A". 422 Converted Dwelling "A". 400 Other Residential. SPECIAL PROPERTIES 972 Airport Burway 934 Cemetery. 951 Construction Site 932 Demp, Landfill. 931 Open Land, Fields Parking Area, Lot. Pipeline. Power Line Right-of Way 985 953 962 Petalic Street, I 952 Railmad Switching Yard, marshailing yard. 936 Vacant Loss. 939 Outdoor Property Not Classified.

14.20 BUILDING STATUS CODE

- Code Description
 Occupied: The building is normally tally occupied
 ur is intended to be fully occupied. A lew vacant
 areas, which are netable, rays exist.
 Parly Occupied. The building is in good condition

 - and more than 25 percent of the areas are vacant. Parby Occupied, Deteniorating: The building has з some vacant areas and tricse are expected to remain vacant until demolition or alteration because
 - of the condition of the building or its surroundings. Vacant: The building is entirely vacant. (Even if 4
 - Yacan' The country's entrony vacan' (cven in squaters'her present). Under Demolition: The building is in the process of being tern down. Under Construction: The building is under con-struction and does not have any occupants Urake Construction: The building is partially oc-urated construction. The building is partially oc-5
 - 6

 - cupied, whether under a temporary certificate of occupancy or not. Note: The status code applies to the building, not

the life area. Therefore, codes 1, 2 and 3 may be used whether the file itself occurred in a vacant or occupied area, and code 1 may apply even if the trop occurred in a vacant area (for example, a line in a vacant apartment being repainted for a new tenant). The occupied or vacant status of the fire area is now recorded on the "Area of Origin" Code. (see Paragraph 2.19.2)

3

Hostman American
 Flood seats (100 or more persons).
 Williout fixed seats (100 or more persons).

Living room, tamely room, longe area,

Bedrooms, patien rooms, cells, lockups.
 Wards, domitories, barracks.
 Dining area, lunchroom, cellagria.

28. Health clubs, massage partors, barber, beauty,

35. Electronic, computer, telephone room, telephone

Performance, stage area, indoor sports.

Shipping receiving, toadety mail room

Trash or rubbish container, compactor.

Electrical, plumbing, ventilation shaft Light shaft.

Garage, carport, vehicle storage.

24. Nitchen, cooking area, cluakroom.

Wills or without fixed seals. (less than 100 persons)

14.24 AREA OF FIRE ORIGIN

& MEANS OF EGRESS

02. Exterior stairway

03. Interior stainers

04. Escalator.

ŧ,

13.

14

19.

61. Hallway constor mall

05. Lobby, entrance way, 09. Not classified above.

ASSEMBLY AREA

Sales, showroom area.

17 Swimming pool area. 19. Not classified above.

2. FUNCTION AREAS

26. Laundry area.

31. Laboratrony.

hooth

37

38

45

66.

¢7.

51

52

53

54

57

64

65

66

74.

75

55. Duct.

58. Common 59. Not classified above.

> shen Test cell.

SDace.

3. FUN AREAS (continued)

Carbinstery.
 Printing or photographic room.
 First ald, treatment room.
 Operating room.

Projection room, stage light,

Process, manufacturing area.

41. Tank, bin, product storage room

43 Supply room.44. Records storage room, vault.

39 Not classified above.

49 Not classified above

5. SERVICE FACILITIES

56. Display window

61. Machinery mom

Elevator, dumweiter.

Laundry or mall chute.

Chimney, flue, stovepipe.

6. SERVICE, EDUIPMENT AREA

incinerator room area.

69. Not classified above.

76. Exterior wall surface.

77. Extenior post surface. 78. Awming, overhang.

79 Not classified above

62. Heating equipment, water heater area.

Maintenance shop, workshop, paint shop, welding

68. Enclosure with enriched dwygen armosphere.

73. Floor and ceiling assembly concealed floor/ceiling

Root and being assembly, concealed rootlesiling

29

7. STRUCTURAL AREAS, NON-FUNCTIONAL

71. Grawl space, cellar, substructural area. 72. Exterior balcony, open porch.

space. Wall assembly, concealed wall space.

63. Switchgear area, transformer vault.

67. Englosure with pressunzed air.

4. STORAGE AREAS

42. Closet.

16. Library, art galleries, adhibit

1

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2

14.21 COMPLEX

- 11. PUBLIC RECREATION COMPLEX included are zoos, amusement parks and general
- recreation paries. 12. STADILIM, EXHIBITION HALL COMPLEX.
- Included balipants, racetracks, sports gardens and amonies 14 GLUB CONFEEX
- Included are golf clubs, tennis clubs and country clubs. 20 EDUCATIONAL COMPLEX
- Included are schools, colleges and universities, 33 MEDICAL CARE COMPLEX Included are Hospitals, Medical Centers, Mental
- Instrubers. TH PRISON COMPLEY
- 40. BUSINESS WITH RESIDENTIAL COMPLEX included are apartments over stores
- 41. DWELLING COMPLEX (ONE AND TWO FAIRILY)
- 42. APARTMENT COMPLEX
- 44. HOTEL COMPLEX
- included are morels, ians and lodges
- 47. MOBILE NOME PARK COMPLEX 58. SHOPPING COMPLEX includes are department stores mals, discourt liveses
- and shopping centers. Also included are groups of business and commercial establishments which may contain theaters and other places of assorbily. 55. UFFICE COMPLEX
- included are non-military government office complexes
- 61. POWER PRODUCTION COMPLEX
- 63. MILITARY RESERVATION DEFENSE COMPANY
- 65 FARM COMPLEX
- 70. INDUSTRIAL PLANT, MARUHACIURING COMPLEX
- 80. WAREHOUSE, STORAGE COMPLEX
- 91, CONSTRUCTION COMPLEX
- Included are demoistum operations.
- 93. CAMPSITE COMPLEX 94 WATERFRONT CUMPLEX
- Included are munnas
- 95. RAILFOAD TRANSPORT COMPLEX
- 96 ROAD COMPLEX
- included are highways, streets and all public ways. 97. AIRPORT COMPLEX
- 98. NO COMPLEX
- If other properties meeting the definition for a complex. as defined above are identified, they may be indicated by Complex Code 50

AREA FIRE ORIGIN

- 14.22 FLOOR CODE NO.
- OR OUTSIDE BUILDING
- 01 1st Floor
- to
- 94 94th and Higher 95 Attic
- 96 Roof
- 97 Basement
- 96 Celia
- 99 Sub-Delas
- 14.23 AREA FIRE ORIGIN-
- OCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATION OR NOT IN RUBLDING

COMMERCIAL

NIST NCSTAR 1-4A, WTC Investigation

- Fastory.
- 99 Chempians Dresses 01
- 02 Undergannerd
- 03 Other (state type)
- Dry Cleaning Launory Electrical Products 04
- 05
- OS Food and Drink Panduats

- 07 Furniture 08 Fors, Fur Goods 09 Men's Hats
- 10 Women's Hats
- 11 Leafner Leather Products
- Machine Shop Metal Works
- 13 Paints 14 Paper Paper Products
- Petroleum Products Plastics, Rubber 75 16
- 17 Ponting and Allied Industries
- Sboes 18
- 19 Textiles
- 20 Toy or Doll 21 Woodworking
- 22 Other Factorizes not classified (state type)
- Since 23 Auto Accessories
- Bakery 24
- 25 Sutchor

- 26 Condy, Gigar, Stationary 27 Ciothang 28 Department, large
- Department, small (5 & 10) Dry Cleaner & Tailor 29 30
- 31
- Drug 32 Electrical Applicance
- 33
- Fruits and Vegetables Furinture 34
- 35 Grobery, Dairy, Delicatessan
- Haberdashery
- 37 Ladies Accessoraes Laugary
- 39 70 Pains, Hardware
- 30 Restaurant Luncheonette
- Shoe Repair **41** 42
- 43 Supermarket 44 Tavem
- 45 Other Stores not classified (state type) Garages:
- 40 Non storage 47 Storage
- 48 Oil Setting Station 49 Motor Vehicle Repair Shop
- 50 Office Building
- Warehouse
- 51 Fin
- Paper, Rags, Fibre Other (state type) 52 53
- 54 Freight Depot 55 Pier

Public: 70 Airport

78 School 79 Steater

Meane

80 I.V. Studio

72 Church 73 Dance Hall

74 Mesniral

Cabaret, Banquet Hall

75 Mohop Picture Theate,

76 N.Y. Transis System Station 77 Passenger Depot

81 Other Public, not classified (state type)

- 56 Shipard 57 Lumber yard 58 Shed, Newstand, Sharity, etc.
- 59 Other Commercial Building Occupancies, not classified (state type)
 - Residential:
- 60 Apartment, Hotel, Multiple Dweiting "A" 61 Apartment House, Multiple Dweiting "A"
- 62 Boarding House, Rooming House, Multiple Diretting

Goging House, Mought Deceming, D.
 Private Dwelling
 Private Dwelling
 Reday, Convent, Monastery, etc.
 Tenement House, New Law, Multiple Dwelling "A"
 Tenement House, Old Law, Multiple Dwelling "A"

69 Other Residential, not classified (state type)

63 Hotel, Multiple Dwelling "B" 64 Lodging House, Multiple Dwelling "B"

- 8. TRANSPORTATION, VEHICLE AREAS 81. Passenger area. 82. Trunk, load carrying area. 83. Engine, running gear, wheel area. 84. Fuel tank, fuel line. 85. Operating, control area, cab, cockpit. 86. Exterior exposed surface. 89. Not classified above. 9. OTHER AREAS OF ORIGIN 91. On or near railroad nght of way, embanionent. 92. On or near highway, public way, street, 93 Terrace, natio, courtward, 94 Lawn, field, open area, vacant lot. 95. Wildland area, woods. 97. Multiple location. 98. Vacant room, apartment or area. 99. Not classified above. 14.25 MANNER OF EXTENSION Code No. 00 Confined to area of origin. 01 Cockloft. Door or opening between rooms. 02 03 Floor 04 Hall, Stairway 05 Partition. Pipe Recess. 06 07 Shaft-dumbwaiter 08 Shat: Flovator Shaft-air, Light, Chute, Duct, etc. 09 Ceiling 10 11 Window 12 Other (state type) 14.26 NUMBER OF OCCUPANCIES Codes Description 1 occupancy 01 02 2 occupancies 99 or more occupancies 99

14.27 BUILDINGS

Code: 0 to 9 0- did not scread beyond building of origin 1-1 structure or vehicles

- 9-9 or more buildings or vehicles

NOTE: Form BF-24A must be submitted for each building or vehicle listed in this coded space.

14.28 DAMAGE CODES

14.28.1 Percentage Codes

- O No appreciable damage
- 1 From 1 through 15%
- 2 From 16 through 49%
- 3 50% or greater
- 14.28.2 Extent of Damage Codes: To be used in the Damage Category Boxes "Flame, Smoke and Water
 - 1. Confined to object or origin.
 - 2. Confined to part of room or area of ongin.

 - 3. Confined to room of origin. 4. Confined to fire-rated compartment of origin.
 - 5. Confined to floor of origin.
 - Confined to structure of origin

 - 7. Extended beyond the structure of origin. 9. No damage of this type.

14.29 SMDKE AND HEAT DETECTOR CODES -

- 14.29.1 Present
- 1 Present

30

D Not Present

14.29.2 Type 1. Smoke 2. Heat 14.29.3 Power Source 1. Battery 2. A/C 14.29.4 Performance 1 in month of fire: operated 2. Not in room of fire; operated 3. In room of fire; did not operate 4. Not in room of fire; did not operate 5 in room; fire too small to operate 6. Did not operate; power source removed 9. Not classified 14.30 POWER FOR EQUIPMENT 01 1-23 volts A.C. 02 24 voits A.C. 11 1-6 volts D.C. 12 7-12 volts D.C.

- 15 115 volts A.C. 28 208 volts A.C. 30 220-230 voits A.C
- 33 231-330 volts A.C.
- 34 331 or higher volts A.C. 50 25-50 volts A.C.
- 61 Butane
- 62 Coal, Coke, Charcoal, Peat
- 63 Fuel Oil, No. 1 or No. 2 64 Fuel Oil, No. 3 or No. 4
- 65 Fuel Oil, No. 5 or No. 6
- 66 Gasoline
- 67 Kerosene
- 68 LN gas (stored as liquid)
- 69 LP gas (stored as liquid)
- 70 Natural or Illuminating gas (as a gas)
- 71 Paper
- Propane 72 99 Other

14.31 CODE FOR TYPE OF ACTION TAKEN

- 1. Extinguishment
- 2. Rescue
- 3. Investigation 4. Remove Hazard
- 5. Standby
- 6. Salvage
- First Aid
- 9 Cancelled Enroute

14.32 CLASSIFICATION BY TYPE FIRE OR EMERGENCY TRANSPORTATION

- Code No.
- 87 Ship, Vessel 88 Motor Vehicle
- Other Transportation (state type) 89

NON-STRUCTURAL FIRES

- Code No.
- 84 Explosion, no after fire
- 85 Outside Spill/Leak with Fire 86 ADV (Abandoned/Derelict Motor Vehicle)
- 90 Bonfire 91 Brush, Grass
- 92 Demolition Wood, Building Site
- 93 Dump, Land Fill
- 94 Rubbish-Outside Building
- 95 Manhole 95 N.Y. Transit System-Yard, Roadway. Ties. etc.
- 97 Railroad Yard, Roadway, Ties, etc.
- 98 Tunnel Bridge
- 99 Other Non-Structural, not classified (state type)

EMERGENCY

- Code No. 03 Elevator, Escalator
- 04 Explosives Escort
- 05 First Aid-Assist Person(s)

- 06 First Aid-Resuscitation 07 Marine
- 08 Precarious Condition-Sions, Trees, etc. 09 Subway, Railroad

5

- 10 Water Leak
- 11 Bomb-Unexploded Scare
- Collapse-Cave In Collision-Vehicular Incident 12
- 13
- Controlled Fire. Permitted 14 15
- Flood Condition-Broken Water Main 16 Incinerator
- 17
 - Leak-Fuel Oil, Gasoline, etc. 18 Leak-filuminating Gas, Flammable Vapor
- 19 Lightning 20 Oil Burner
- 21
- Person Locked In. Locked Out 22 Power Electrical
- 23 Pressure Rupture
- 24 Retrigerant Leak
- 25 Smoke Condition, Odor, Furnes
- 26 27 Sprinkler-Leak, Water Discharge, Damaged Head, etc.
- Sprinket-Leak, Water Ulscharge, Damaged Head
 Steam Discharge
 Befiettive Alarm Device (other then Sprinkler)
 Smoke Detector
- 30 Defective Alarm (Sprinkler)-Surge, Work on System,
- etc. 31 Other

14.33 MOBILE PROPERTY TYPE CODES

- 11 Automobile
- 12 Bus
- 13 Motorcycle, Snowmobile

20 Freight, Road Transport

70 Special Vehicles, Containers 99 Other Mobile Property Types

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14 Motorhome

30 Rail Transport

50 Air Transport

40 Water Transport

60 Heavy Equipment

15 Travel Trailer 17 Mohile Hom-

Appendix D SIGNIFICANT FIRES IN WTC 1

Significant Fire	Incident Date	Fire Location	# Sprinklers Activated	# Standpipes Activated	Cause of Fire	Material Ignited
1	9/9/77	B-6 level storage room	2		None listed	Not listed
2	9/23/77	Dumpster on B-4 level	2		Not classified	Trash/waste
3	10/16/81	Floor 19 office area	-	2	Discarded material	Furniture
4	12/23/83	2 dumpsters on B-4 level	2	1	Suspicious	Trash/waste
5	1/27/85	Office space on mezzanine level (floor 2)	2		Incendiary	Trash/waste
6	9/10/85	Garbage dumpster in service elevator lobby on floor 43	2	1	Suspicious	Trash/waste
7	11/1/85	Storage closet on B-4 level	3	1	Suspicious	Supplies/stock
8	6/7/86	Dumpster fire on floor 106, compactor room on floor 107	2	1	None listed	Trash/waste
9	9/30/91	Office on B-4 level	≥l	2	Discarded material	Trash/waste
10	11/19/91	Electrical closet on floor 93	0	2	Short circuit	Electrical wire or cable insulation
11	7/23/92	Level B-5 at the power distribution panel	0	2	Electrical failure	Electrical wire or cable insulation
12	11/10/99	Computer room on floor 104	3	≥1	None listed	Plastics, electronic equipment

Significant fire incidents occurring in WTC 1

KCPUKI - SIKUCIUKAL HRE
DATE AND TIME DURALION OF ALARM RECEIVED INCIDENT SALARM INCIDENT
ALARM RECEIVED INCIDENT ALARM INCIDENT REPORT
AIDED AND CASUALTIES RESP. EXTINGUISH INVEST. STRUCTURE AREA FIRE ORIGIN
00 00 00 00 03 2 0 02 00 0 1 15 1 0 1 99 54 50 00
ADDRESS 1 World Trade Center Ken. NAME OF OCCUPANI ROOM/APT NO
BURDING <u>110</u> 2002200 Sgt. Daniels P.A. Police (Second Card) Stories AREA LEFT IN CHARGE
S TYPE NO. SECT. MS DATE 20171 TAIN TO A CONSTRUCT OF A CONSTRUCT

Upon arrival at command post was told of fire in B 6 level storage room, operations as follows.

Ladder 1 made necessary infetagation, located fire, vented, overhanled.

Ladder & checked for extension, vented overhauled.

Engine 6 stretched line from standpips and stood fast.

Fire was extinguished by sprinkler system before arrival.

EX. 4 supporvised operations on fire floor.

Fire Batrole 2 on the scene.

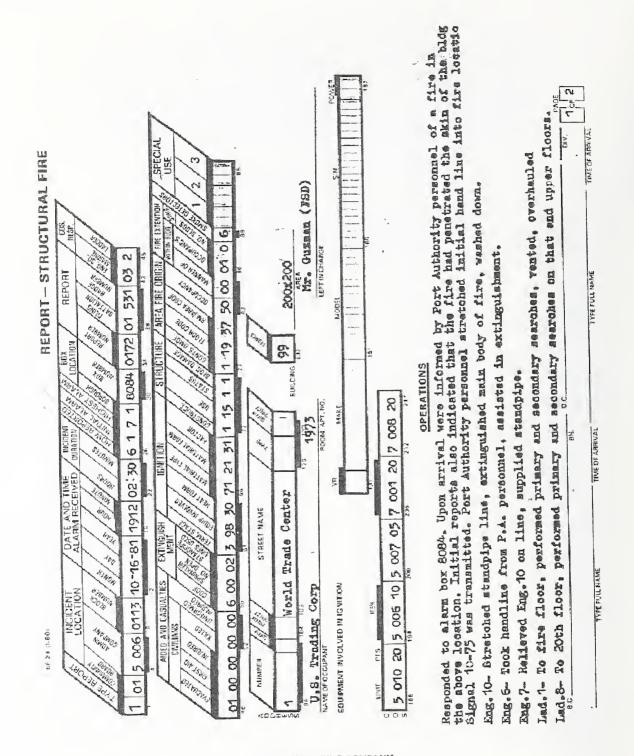
2306 Rudy E. DiGeorgio TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPE FULL NAME TIME OF ARRIV TYSE FAIL NAME

جعجيد والعاراة للمنصل العاد ويمسا والممحكوم ودواق للعالج

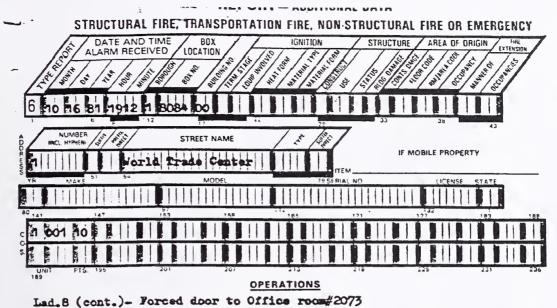
NIST NCSTAR 1-4A, WTC Investigation

in in price we per we we show and the RIBS and	2 - 2017 - 2
DATE AND TIME DURATION LOCATION	. /
/ SSA /S/ ALARM RECEIVED / INCIDENT /S/S/S/ ALARM / INCIDENT /	REPORT
ALARM RECEIVED INCOUNT ALARM INCIDENT	A COMPACT
1 09523 77 1 2243 00 25 4 1 0 1 0070 5 006 0113 0153 01 4	17
AIDED AND CASUALTIES	
CIVILIANS RESP. AREA HIRE ORIGIN	N .
	· ·
00 00 00 00 03 Z 0 02 00 I 63 I I IS I 0 0 99 74 72 00	
47 53 54 65 54 64. 72 76 t	5 mg
ADDRESS 1 World Trade Ctr. Man POWYA	B-6(Lem
NUMBER STREET BORDUGN NAME OF OCCUPANT	TATAT N
Becond Card) Ala piles alias alias alias alias	1. 10 montes 4. 5
5,006 0 05 7,001 0 05	
OPERATIONS	10
Responded to 3-70-10 (Manual Alarm)	
Upon arrival was informed of fire in Deepster B-4 level 1 WTC. investigation and found fire therein, which had been extinguish to the arrival of this dept. Operations as follows:	Ordered and prior
E Rolled up lengths stood fast.	
L.1- Search. examination, ventilation of B-4 level, conditions	As stated.
•	
î.	
	,
~ <i>n</i> .1	
a plichard & Torgio 1 ac	9455
BN. BN.	DIV,
Michael R. Portio 1237	
TYPE FULL NAME TIME OF A SRIVAL TYPE FULL NAME TIME	OF ARRIVAL
	8-34 N 1 - 45

ADMINISTRATIVE COMPANY



ADMINISTRATIVE COMPANY



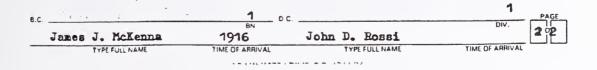
Res.1- Checked went ducts and stairways on and above fire floor, secured

passenger elevators serving fire floor.

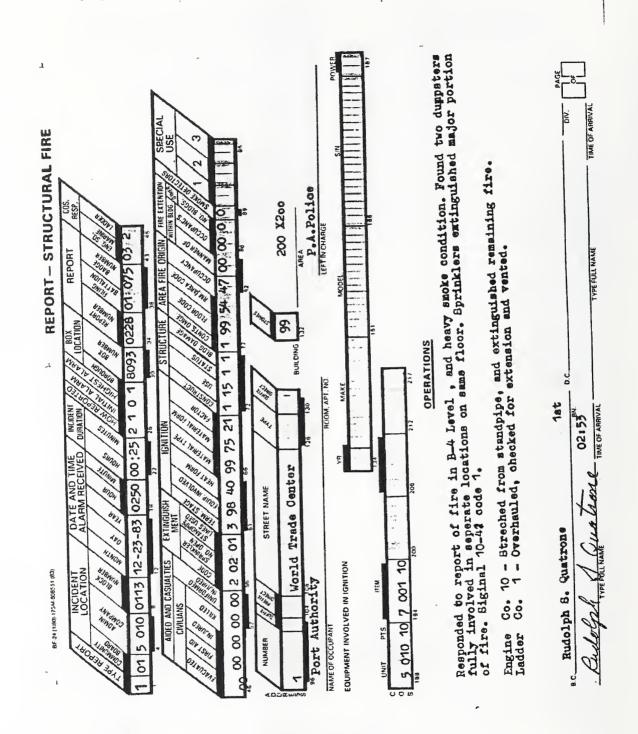
Patrol#1- On scene, salvage work on 16th and 17th floors.

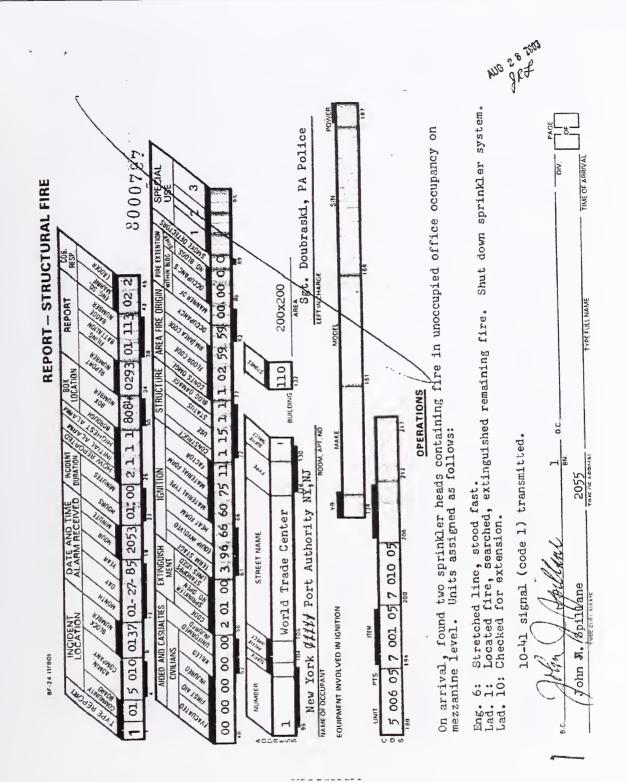
Patrol#2- On scene, salvage work on 18th floor.

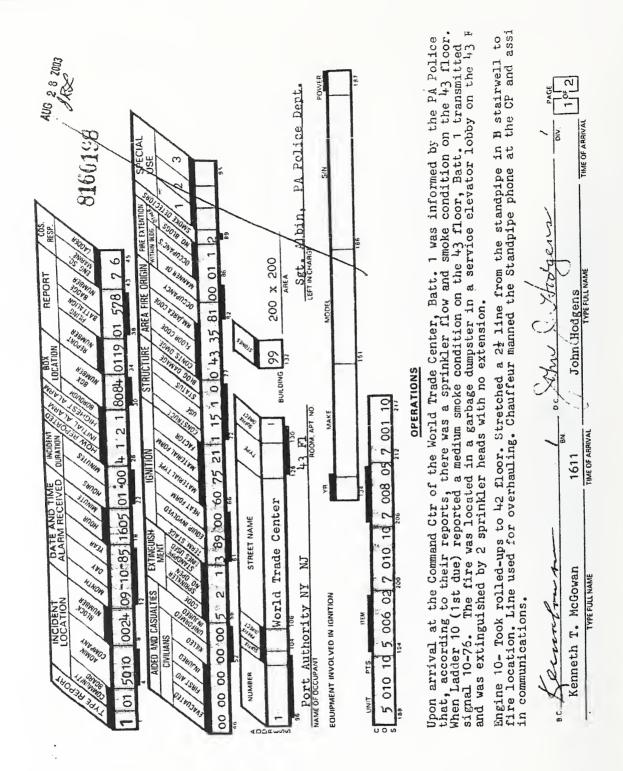
Div.1- D.C. Rossi on scene, in charge of Department operations upon arrival.



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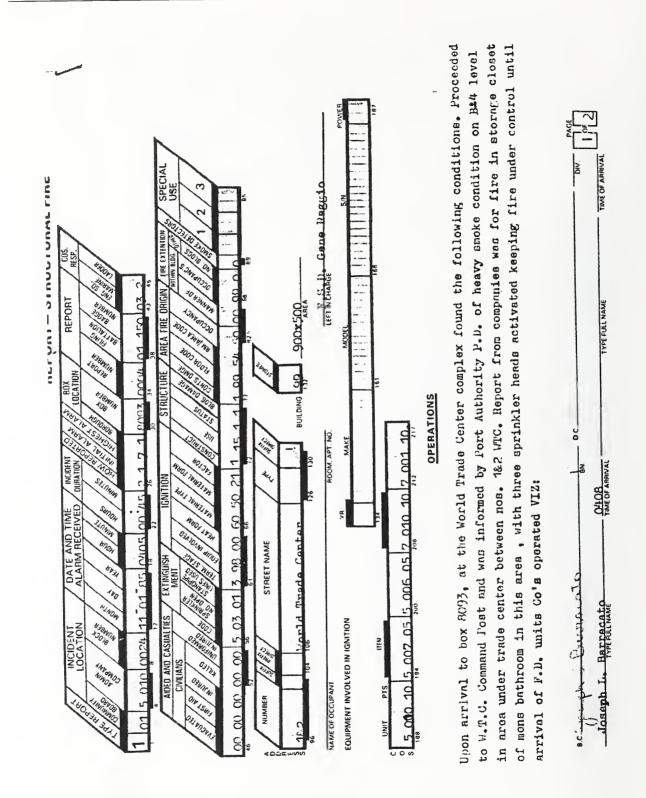






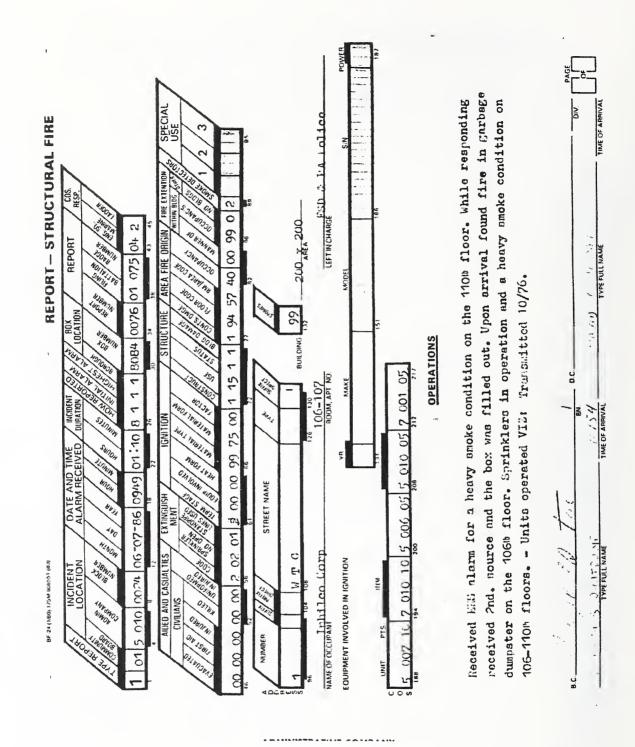
FIRE RECORDS

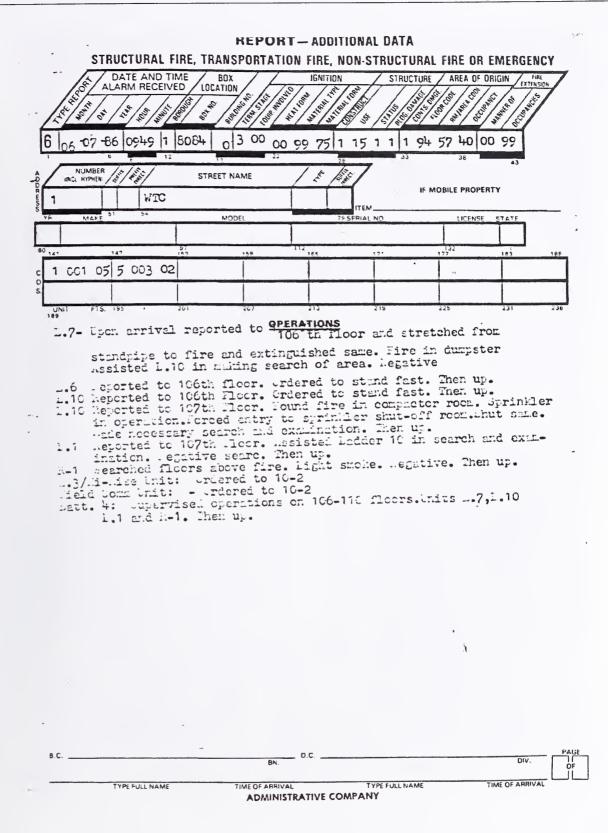
A DATE AND TIME BOX	IGNI	TION STRUC	TURE / AREA OF ORIGI	N FIRE
S ALARM RECEIVED LOCATION	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	LAN STRANG		N 12
DATE AND TIME BOX ALARM RECEIVED LOCATION	40 540 400 500 500 1000 1000 1000 1000 1	100 51000		in the second se
		<u> </u>		Ĩ
	22	26 33	36	43
NUMBER AT ALL	AME Jan	1 and a start	8160199	
1 World Trade C			IF MOBILE PROPERTY	
YR MARE SI 53 MOD		TEM	LICENSE ST	ATE
89 141 147 <u>152</u>	159 172	171	132 177 11	83 18P
5 007 02				
S				
UNT PTS 135 201 189	207 213	213	225 2	31 236
Engine 6- (teamed with E.10	OPERATIO		nine stretch.	
Engine 7- Manned the Standy				
messages to and 1	from Command (Center		
Ladder 10- To 43 fl, stair made neeessary	examination a	nd overhaul c	of fire area.	
Ladder 1-to 44 fl,searched occupants (negati	ve) Checked t	op ten ils (i	01-110) 101	SHOKE (NEB.)
Ladder 8- Made secondary s Searched affecte	a service ele	vator cars #	1 @ 27.	
Batt. 4- Set up operations supervised operat	ions of units	on 43 and 44	- ILS.	and Center,
E.4, E.3 (HiRise Unit), L. Brooklyn Cos responding on Batt 32, E. 205, E.XM 279, F.C.U Established Field	L.101. L.110	Boxes 9031 8 stood fast,	took up.	7 hrs Batt 31,
Sprinkler heads (2) replace				
-	FM McCaffrey.			
Responded to Scene: AC Mat	<u>Signal</u> 10-84 10-76	<u>Time</u> <u>By</u> 1609 E.1	0 ;t 1 7 1	der
			ť.	<u>.</u>
* .		0	,	
Ka e		4.00	1.1	
S.C. Sundowan	D.C	Xan X J	magens	DIV. PAGE
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TYPE FULL NAME	TIME OF ARRIVAL	TYPE FULL NAME	TIME OF	ARRIVAL
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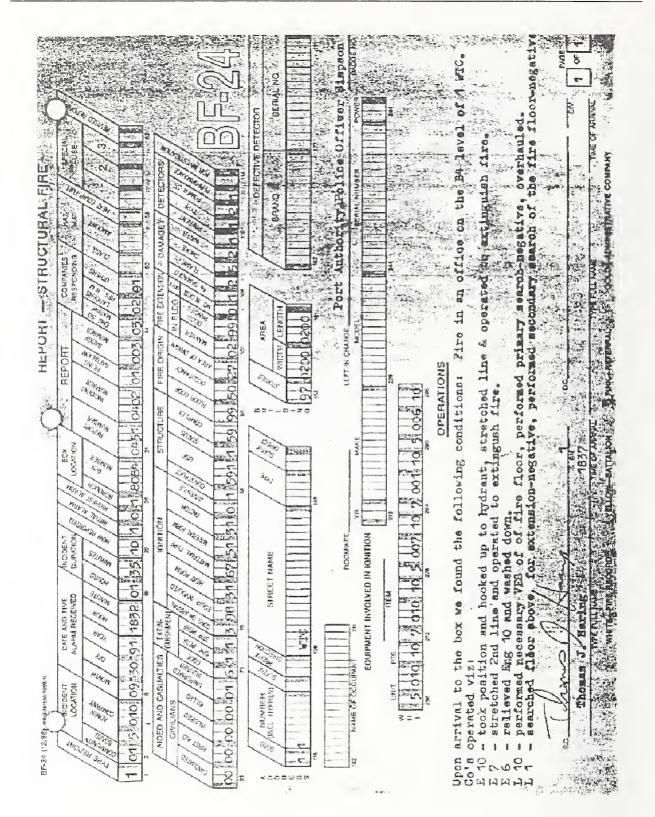


	REFUNI-AUDITIONAL DATA
-	URAL FIRE, TRANSPORTATION FIRE, NON-STRUCTURAL FIRE OR EMERGENCY
S ALARM	
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6 11 01 85 0	405 1 8093 × × × × × × × × × × ×
NUMBER NUMBER	
122	WTC
VR MAKE 51	A MODEL 79 SERIAL NO LICENSE STATE
BC 141 147	57 112 153 159 165 171 172 163 186
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o s	
UNIT PTS. 195 189	201 207 213 219 225 231 236 OPERATIONS
E-10 stretche	ed line into fire area from standpipe and extinguished all
	ng in closet area
1-7 Stretche	ed line from opposite side of fire and stood fast
_I-6 assisted	i E10 in stretching line and relieved on line and then washdown
L-10 found fi	ire and performed necessary VII and overhaul in area, made
primary	and secondary search, then up
L-1 performe	ed necessary VES and checked for possible extension in
surround	ling areas
Times: 10-84	0408
10-75	0410
All hands	0425
10-41-1	0425 .
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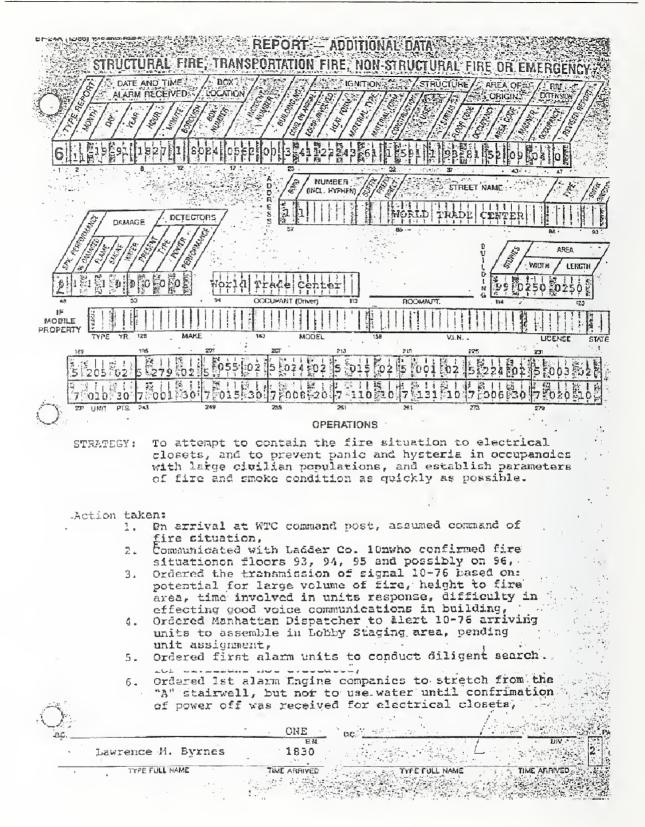
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TYPE FULL NAME	TIME OF ARRIVAL	TYPE FULL NAME	TIME OF ARRIVAL
	ADMINISTRATIVE	COMPANY	

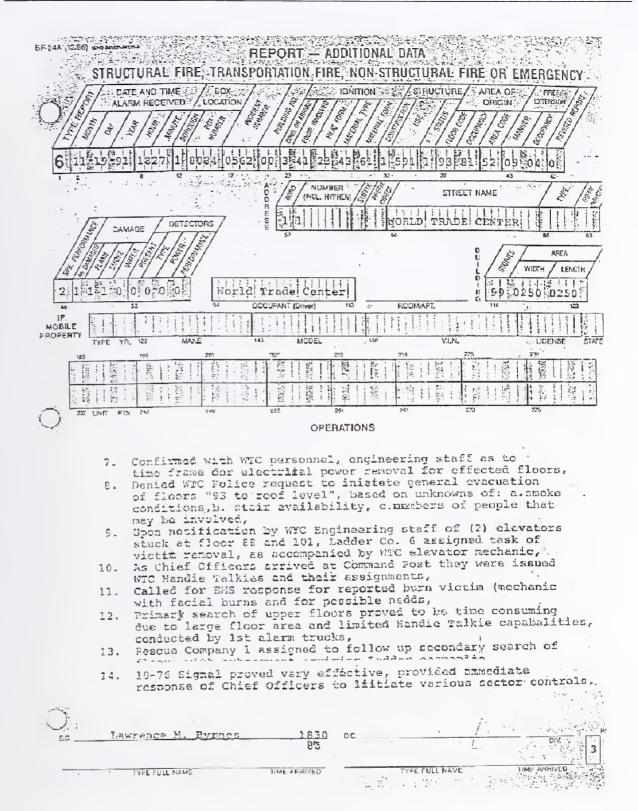


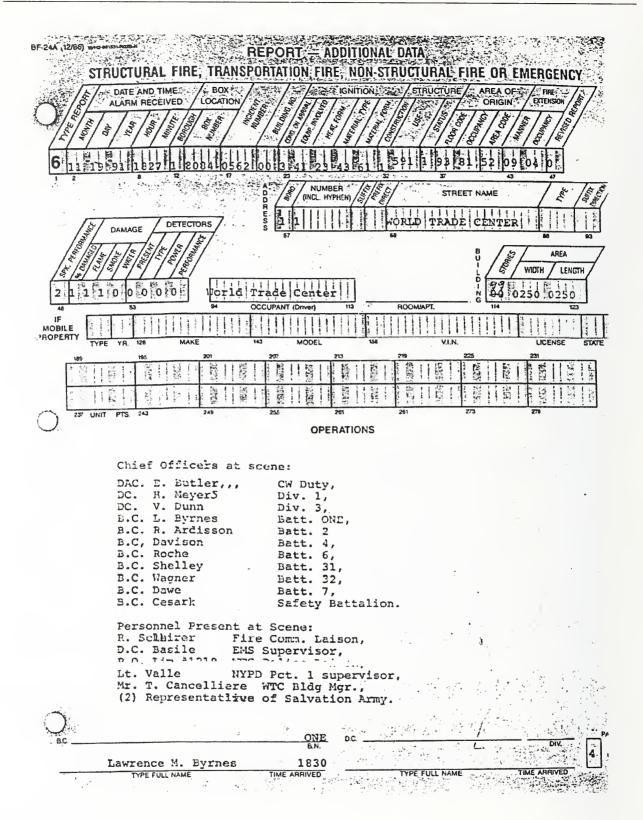


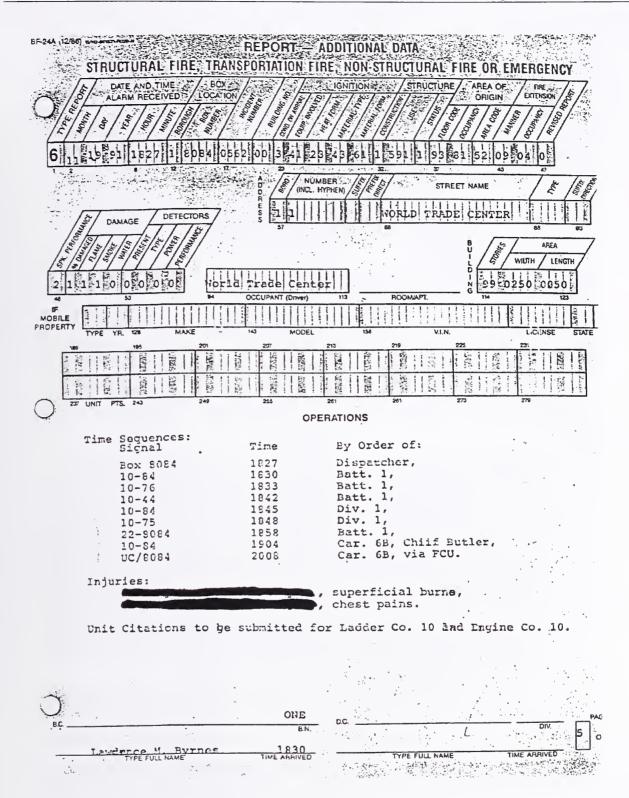


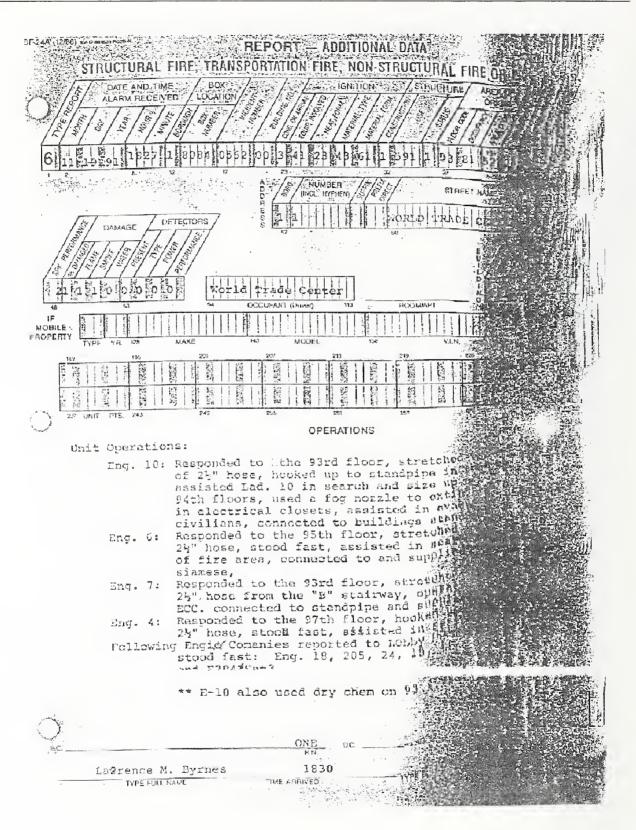
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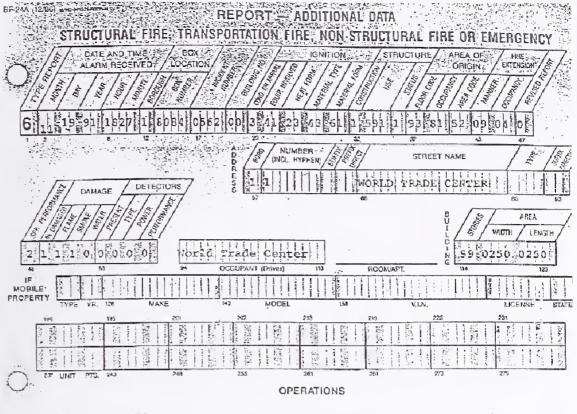










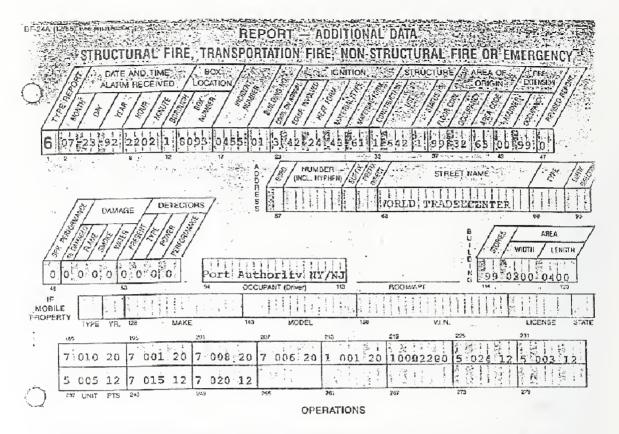


UNIT OPERATIONS cont:

	of product and set	
	Lad. 10;	Conducted primary search on floors 93, 94, 95, and %, and the Unit split into 3 teams, locateddfire condition in electrical distribution closets, called for placement of hand lines, conducted opening up operations on 94th floor to check for fire extension,
	Lad. 1:	evacuated unknown member of civilians from floors 94 through 95 suring initial operations, Conducted primary search on 53rd floor, conducted secondary search on floors 94 to 101, proved to be
		negative, conducted survey on floors 81 through 92 for water damage to electrical closets due to hand- line use, negative.
	Lad. 15:	Conducted primary and secondary seached of floors 93 to 97, negative results,
	Leā, 8;	Conducted exemination of floors 92 to 101 for possible fire extension from electrical closets,
	Lad.110:	and 95, Performed secondary search of floors 96 through 110,
		negative results,
-		ONE DC.
1	Lawrence H.	THE ADDINED WITH A
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REPORT ADDITIONAL DATA
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IF IF<
OPERATIONS 243 249 255 201 201 273 279
Unit Operations Cont:
Lad. 6: Conducted semondary search 66 floors 105 to 110, negative esults, removed (2) civilians from stalled elevators on the 38th and 101st floors, no injuries
to civilians, or damage to building,
to civilians,or damage to building, Lad. 20: Conducted secondary search of floors 98,99, and 100 negative results, Lad.131: Conducted search of floors 105 to 110, with negative
to civilians, or damage to building, Lad. 20: Conducted secondary search of floors 98,99, and 100 negative results, Lad.131: Conducted search of floors 105 to 110, with negative gesults. Field Communications Unit: Set up Communications/Command Post
to civilians, or damage to building, Lad. 20: Conducted secondary search of floors 98,99, and 100 negative results, Lad.131: Conducted search of floors 105 to 110, with negative mesults. Field Communications Unit: Set up Communications/Command Post in Easement, WYC Command Post,
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 to civilians,or damage to building, Lad. 20: Conducted secondary search of floors 98,99, and 100 negative results, Lad.131: Conducted search of floors 105 to 110, with negative results. Field Communications Unit: Set up Communications/Command Post in Basement, WYC Command Post, Eattalion 2 supervised Lobby Staging Area, Battalions 4, 6, and 7 operated on various floors with units so assigned,
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 to civilians,or damage to building, Lad. 20: Conducted secondary search of floors 98,99, and 100 negative results, Lad.131: Conducted search of floors 105 to 110, with negative results. Field Communications Unit: Set up Communications/Command Post, Eattalion 2 supervised Lobby Staging Area, Battalions 4, 6, and 7 operated on various floors with units so assigned, Division 3 operated as Operations OTC on various floors. Division 1 operated at the Command Post as CTC

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ица низ ила низ вид низ ви	Cuncel Liere, Mgr	sub basement 1. condary search lding, thait a
REPORT REPORT	В 25 МПСТН СЕЛАНЕА В 290 102000400 0 191 152 190 00200020000 0 191 LEFT IN CHARGE 32. 2010 152 00051 191 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250	re, on the 5 build up in complox. refeat
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ATE AND TIME AND TIME AND TIME AND RECEIVED 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0	23 70 (2)	The r The r fidentif to int to int
Вистрем ПИСТРЕЧТ		Response to aloum of Upon confirmation of Strategy herd is to i effect ventilation of and duration of servi e. Lawrengerun



Due to high electrical voltage (13000Pvolts confirmed, no water was used in initially, pending donfirmation of power off at the electfrical distribution panel.

Due to large floor area of the 5th floor-sub-basement, responding units were split into teams viz: Ladder Co. 10 and Engine 10 using the K13 stair to approach the fire adra, Ladder 1 to use φ second staireay-K12, to access the 5th sub. basement level. These units were takked with pinpointing the fire area, an area of 200' x 400'.

A member of Ladder Co. 1 having found the fire situation in a very large power disfribution panel, attempted to relay information to his officer. Prior to his transmission firefighter was struck by a shock bist generated by the involved panel. Ladder 1 firefighter knocked unconscience required a conserted effort to remove to a separate safe area.

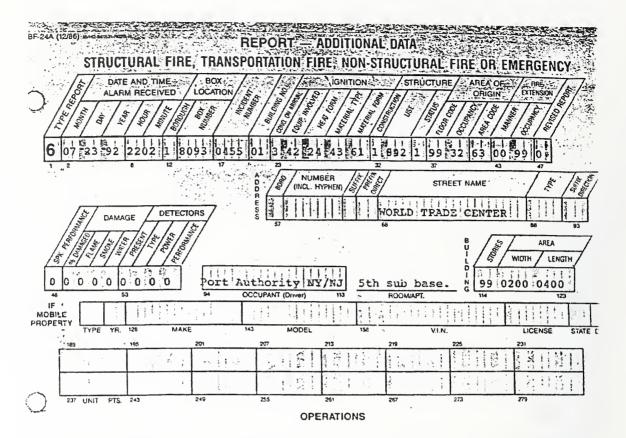
Unit Operations.

Engine 10 - Operated on 5th sub level, stretched a 24^o hand line from the standpipe, operated when power off confirmation received. Company

Engine 7 - Operated on fire floor with line off standpipe; opersted under D.C. Demarest, Batt. 4, extinguished fire, used dry chemical extinguishers on fire,

Lawrence M.Byrnes /	E.N. 2205
TYPE FULL NAME	TIME ARRIVED TYPE FULL NAME TIME ARRIVED

REPORT - ADDITIONAL DATA					
STRUCTURAL FIRE, TRANSPORTATION FIRE, NON-STRUCTURAL FIRE OR EMERGENCY					
A DATE AND THE ST / BOXED / STOLEN IS STOLEN OF A APPA OF A APPA OF					
ALARM RECEIVED / LOCATION / S / S / S / S / S / S / S / S / S /					
6 07 123 192 12202 L 18093 10455 101 13 142 124 143 161 11 154211 199 132 163 100 199 10					
1 1 2 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
0-/8/ (INCL. HYPHEN) /8/8 8/ STREET NAME / 8/8 5/					
WORLD TRADE CENTER					
DAMAGE DETECTORS S 3 3 1 WORLD TRADE CENTER 5 57 60 90 90					
Image: State of the state o					
S S S WIDTH LENGTH					
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Poet Authority NY/NJ 5th sub. base. N 99 0200 0400					
44 53 94 OCCUPANT (Driver) 113 ROOMUAPT. 114 123					
MOBILE PROPERTY					
TYPE YR, 128 MAKE 2 149 MODEL 158 V.I.N. LUCENSE STATE (
237 UNIT PTS. 243 249 255 261 - 267 273 273					
OPERATIONS					
Operation cont: .					
Engine 6 - Assisted Eng 7 in stretch of and operation of a $2\frac{1}{2}$ " line into fire area, performed search of area, overhauled as necessary,					
Engine $55 - Operat \in 0$ with and relieved Eng. 7 on hand line on fire floor, took up hose lines,					
Engine 4 - Under supervision of BC. Turnee, B2, transported injured member of Lad. 1 to ambulance on the B1 level of the fire building, relieved Eng.					
10 on a land line, oberhauled, took up hand line,					
Engine 24 - Transported Air Cylingers fire area under supervision of					
BC. Jackson,					
Engine 3 - Ordered to and did provide air cylingers to operating					
units of the 35 level.					
Engin - Cherothad an Compand Back Company					
Stood Fast - Eng9Satl, Engines 15, 28. 33, 34, 207/Maxi, 284/Sat.3,					
O D . J					
Marriel M. Matque 1 marrie (1 marries)					
BR. DR. DN.					
Lawrence L. Byrnes 2205					
CRC D 78					



Operations cont:

Ladder 1- Operated at the B5 level, conducted seadsh to pinpoint the fire area, concucted a primary search for possible employees trapped. FF. Amodio injured in explosion of 13000 volt distribution panel,

Ladder 10- Performed a search of the E5 level lto identify the fire area, and searched for possible trapped employees, gathered and used dry chemical extinguishers on the fire prior to power removal, onerhauled as required,

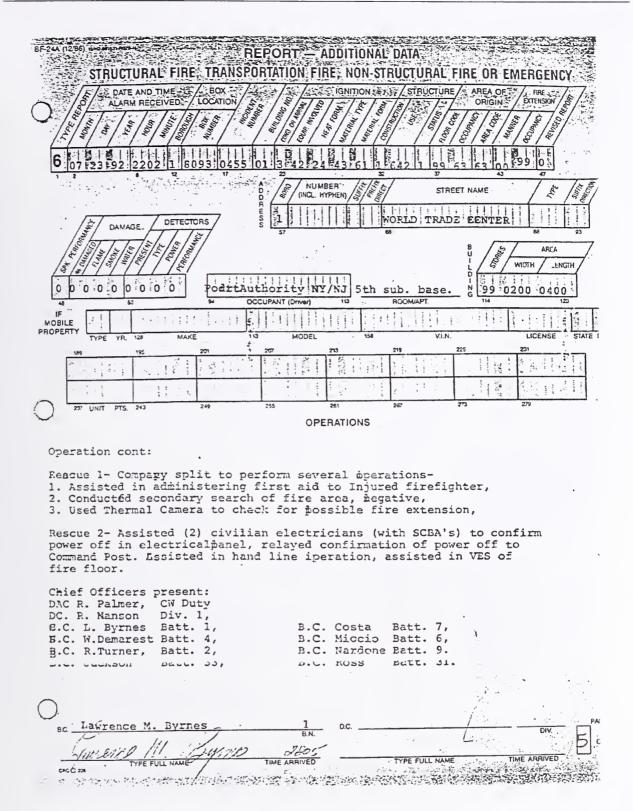
Ladder &- Performed a secondary search of the fire area, used dry chimical extinguishers, assisted in overhauling,

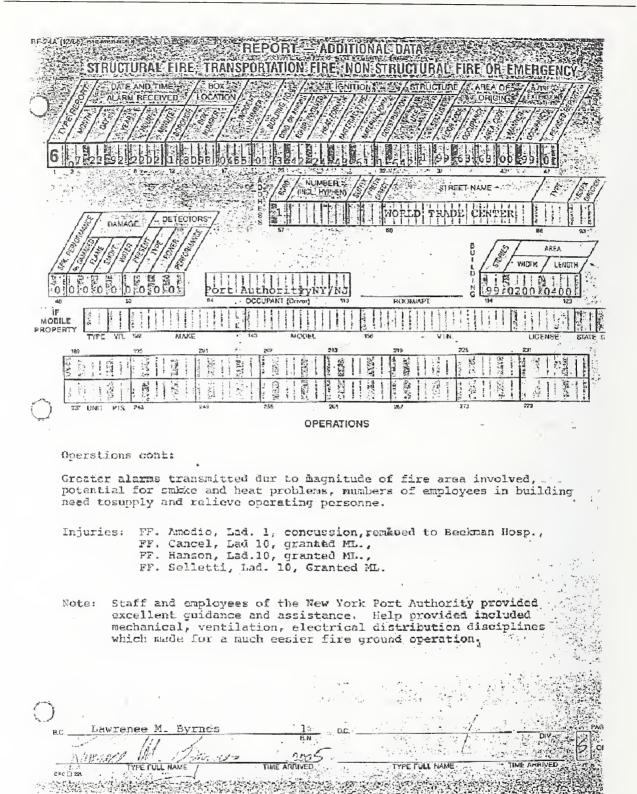
Ladder 6- Paaced and used portable exhaust fans in stairgells to . effact ventilation , took up,

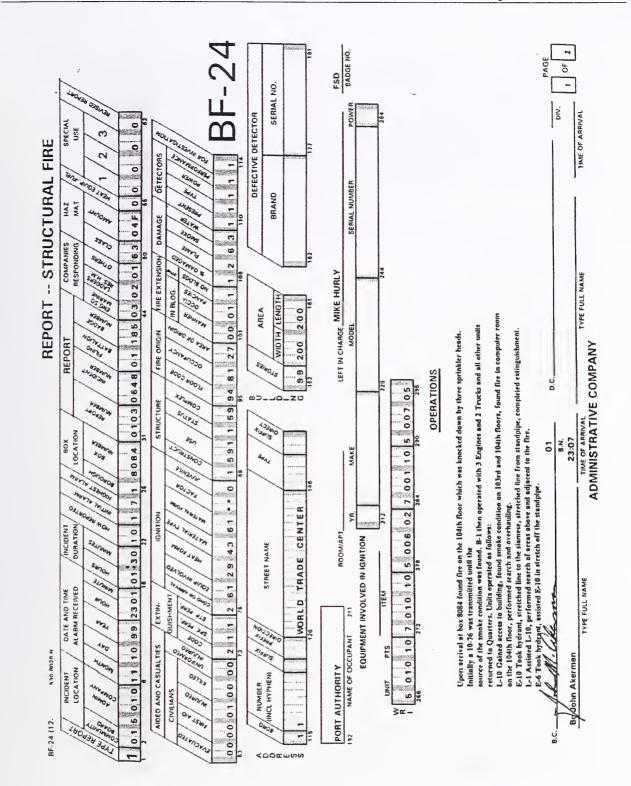
Ladder 15- Supplied spare SCBA cylinders to staging area,

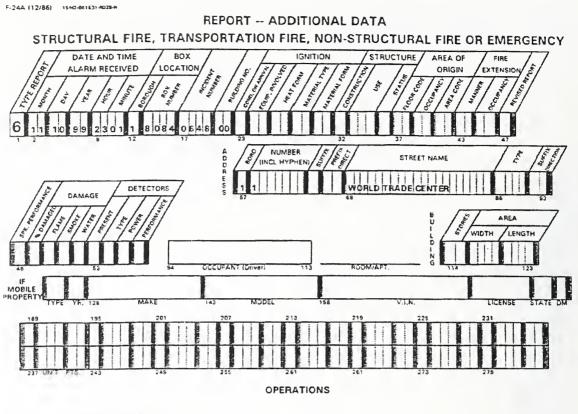
Ladder 20- Supplied spare SCBA cylinders to staging area, ...

On Rawing M. Augus	1 pc	مستر مع بند محمد المحمد الم	PAC
1	BN. 205	E S.	Div.
	E ARRIVED	2 March Frank Provent Content of the	IME ARRIVED









E-7 Stretched precautionary line from standpipe. F.S.D. for World Trade Center - Mr. Mike Hurly. O.E.M. Lt. Wilson.

F.M. Kregler #361 responded on BFI's own knowledge of prior suspicious activity. Job #11201.

M. aken 01 D.C. 8.C 2 OF B.N. DIV. 23:07 Bc John Akerman TIME ARRIVED TYPE FULL NAME TYPE FULL NAME TIME ARRIVED

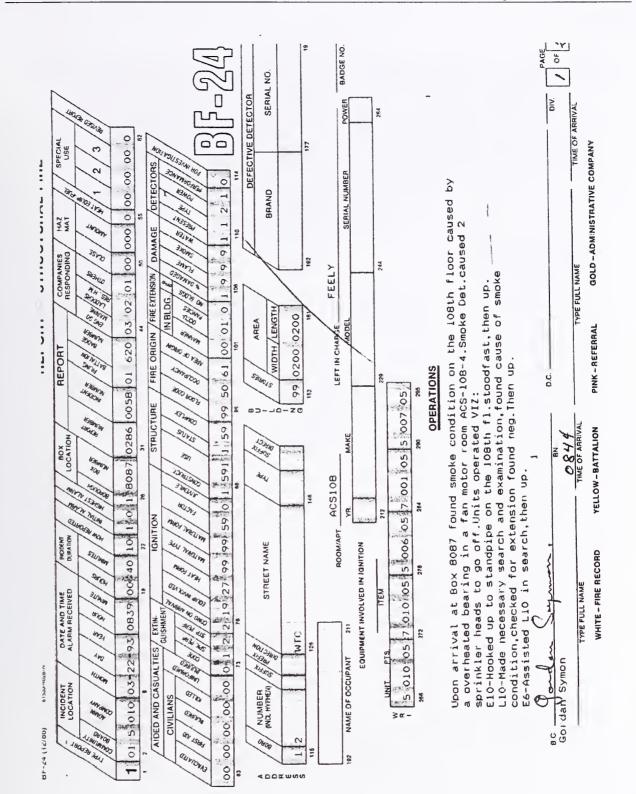
Appendix E SIGNIFICANT FIRES IN WTC 2

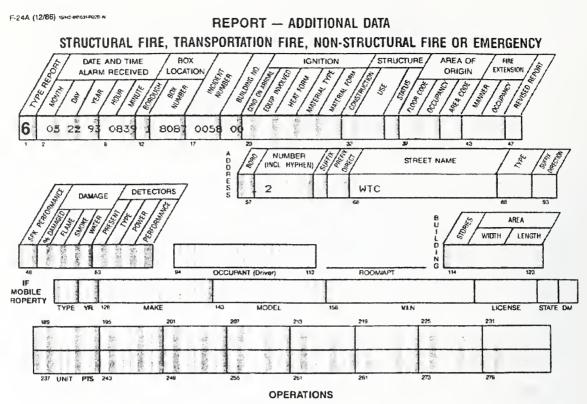
Significant Fire	Incident Date	Fire Location	# Sprinklers Activated	# Standpipes Activated	Cause of Fire	Material Ignited
1	5/19/75	Floor 32	-	3	Incendiary	Trash/waste
2	4/12/77	Duct work over grill in restaurant on floor 107	2		None listed	Duct work
3	3/22/93	Fan motor room on floor 108	2		Mechanical failure	Not classified

DURATION IOCATION DATE AND TIME ALARM RECEIVED INCIDENT. otheost dool ito 0070-7=010:0033 011101 dan 232.8 0 len nåd" 8-1144 aroof 20 dorse shek, MVEST E . E IDED AND GASUA EXINGUISH 3320 17. STRUCTURE / AREA-FIRETORIGINU MENT IGATION CIVILLANS E.10(So% b/isur A Property (end a state ⁶¹ ~ L.6- (Spee :05 05 00 nn 03 Batt. 4- Euservised unit. inicially operating on the jand 11. -32n X & E Farer #1191 STORIES AREA (Second Card) Griered to start smell m 12 ded 28 doreon ebgu . 3251 to territe a 三;三 5 028 0.30 5 007 0 30 5 027 0 30 5 010 0 25 5 009 055 0 15 20 7 008 0 20 SIZ 05 7 610 0 30 7 5 024 0 12 5 017 0 12 6 001 0 nni 0 1.1.4 1 8 20 X 21 NG. SECT. PIS DOUG RUSS TIMUSTT OPERATIONS Upon arrival was informed by Port Authority. Police of smokescindition on 32 floor and occupants reported trapped on 31 and 32 floors to Established command post and ordered Engine 6 (28) and Engine 7 to proceed to fire area and operate in separate stairways. Ladders 10 and 200 to fire area and operate in separate stairways, Ladders, 10, and 16 to trans-mit-immediate report of fire conditions and to make search for occupants and perform necessary duties. Battalion 4 to supervise operations in fire and period heressally ductes, lateration 4 to substrike operations in the area. Division 1 assumed command upon arrival. Ordered one additionally engine and ladder a mits. Then transmitted 2nd alarm upon receipt of repoi from fire area of "beavy fire and smoke condition" ... Hattalional with Engi 10 and Ladder 8 ordered to operate in third stairway. ... Additional units put to work as required and to relieve operating units. Fire area involved core area throughout and was confined to same. Four minor fires in previous two hours were suspected argon and were each reported via dispatcher to fire marshal and same ordered to respond. E.6(28) Stretched line to 32fl via stairway B. Operated to extinguish major body of fire. Then relieved by Eight bedetidetel .039 construction - control TH bergstore - cool files bedetidetel .039 Assisted E.6 in stretching and advancing Tipe? Then strotched 20 E-7-Jine to 32nd 11 via stairway B and operated to artinguian fire. (AAVAS of Spatial Calle: 2150 hrs. 20 -fa1--Roger Rodriguez brzs 2140 Charles J. Votruba TIME OF ARRIVAL .210 TELTE FULL MONE JEDO TE DELETIME OF ADAVAL THE FULL HAME Chief Childre Courating: BC Fotrada, Mater 1 - 20 Declay, En 52 MALTINE A THAT ADALIANT COMPANY I COM

All All and a second
Seg. ADARM RECEIVED (B CTMOD) S S SEARCH INCIDENT
E.27 Stratched Hins to 32nd fl. Operated to extinguish remaining fire.
L.10- Forced door to 32nd fl- stairway "C" Operated house hose line to intrist in Esting Rearch. Then operated on 32nd fl. continuing scard Maderexperimetics. Then assisted in overnaulings. Then relieved by L.
L.1- Made search of floors 13, 34 , and 35 , Then model examination at 33rd f. for certainsion off flore. Mannel Mennel 2000 Change Statistical 10 flore
E.10(Spec. called) - Criered to stand, fast at 31mp fil. Then relieved on hose lines 32nd fil. to set it in everyaning. Then took up lines of E.6 & 7. L.8- (Spec. called) - Assisted in making secondary dearch of office occupancies 32nd fil. Then relieved L.10 cycrheuling fire:
Batt.4- Supervised units initially operating on the 32nd fl. DECE Batt.1- Ordered to assist in supervision in fire area. Then relieved Bath Sectors and supervised secondary search; cramination and overhauling.
E.55 Relieved operating units on the 32nd fla where neckssary. 100 7
E. 24- Made examination 20th, 40th and 60th fls. (2. WFC)
E.17-Made search acculation 20,40th, 60th fis (1 WTC)
240148330 L.15- Made search of permineter office occupancies 32nd fb. Then made
this search and eratination of Lith fit. Then made final, examination 10
the second set of the state of the second set with the second second second second second second second second
-> Batt: 32 Supervised examination in glowIC: Then supervised examination in conserving #2.WIC:44th and 60th flate is a conserve and a conser
Kar. 1- Stretched Time to fate and ordered to stand fast book of a mile with a start with the start of the st
Res. 1- Aurinizzizie Administered oxygen to Fr. O. Neill' E. 7. Then, made
avioval Bist 11 Pille Bille Confine and the State of Bille Bi Bille Bille B
Superpumper System Superpumper and Sat 22, ordered to return to gtro as the second state then a second seco
こうしゃ かかがかり しんしょう しょうしん ひとうしょう しんがく しょうしん ないしょう しんかく しんしん
POU. Established Field Hdtgs. monitored HT circuits. Transmitted Protess reports. Maintained control longers. Transmitted
-Meu- Serviced Units, Exchanged 30 cylinders.
(Strine of Spefial Calls: 2150 hrs
Line under control : 2257 hrs. Invious Came Campa in a set
Chief Officers Operating: BC Totruba, Eatt. 1 BG Eagley. Bn

THE REPORT AND	-
DATE AND TIME DURATION LOCATION	2
1 pt 12 77 1 1315 00 30 1 1 0 1 0070 5 000 0113 0056 01 999	
AIDED AND CASUALTIES RESP EXTENGUISH INVEST STRUCTURE AREA FIRE ORIGIN	
ADDRESS 2 World Trade Canter Man Windows on the World Rest.	
AUDRESS NUMBER STREET BORDUCH NAME OF OCCUPANT POOM/AFT, M BUILDING 110 400 x 400 Krs. Samell FSD	10 M
	ALC STR
	14 AT
OPERAHONS On arrival found fire to be extinguished pryor to arrival ;	79
Fire was located in duct work over grills in in restaurant on 107 th	
floor, Bn. 1 notified dispatcher to notify board of Health of possible	the second
food contamination from heat smoks and gasts in restaurant.	14.1
E. 6 Took rolled ups to 107 floor, stretched line and stood fast.	
L. 1 Made necessary search and investigation.	ar Ea Fr
F.P. 2 on scene replaced two sprinkler heads.	
a William the Lackan In	1
ABC William M. Feehan 1318 NYCEFULL NAME EME OF AKRIVAL IMPE FULL NAME	





E7-Assisted E10 in stretching line,then up. L1-Assisted L10 in search,then up.

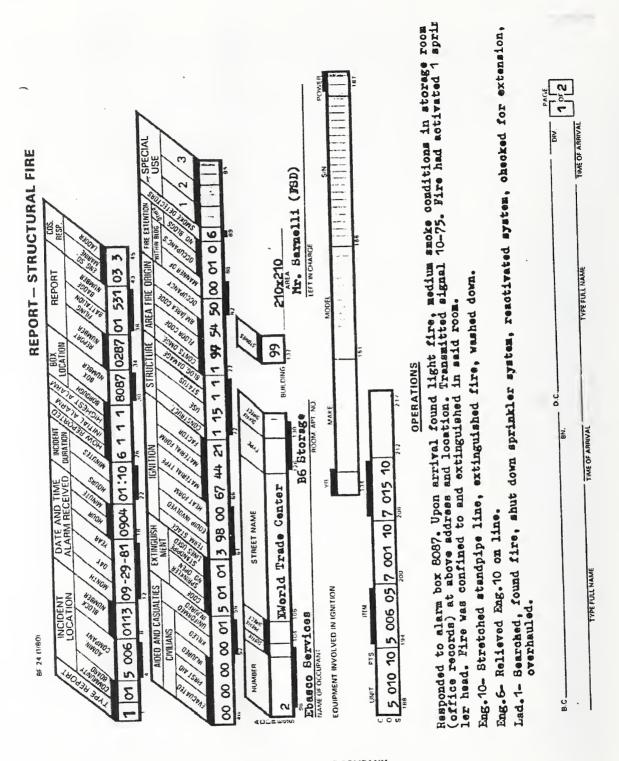
1 B.C. D.C Gordan DIV 2 OF 2 0844 TIME ARRIVED TIME ARRIVED TYPE FULL NAME TYPE FULL NAME

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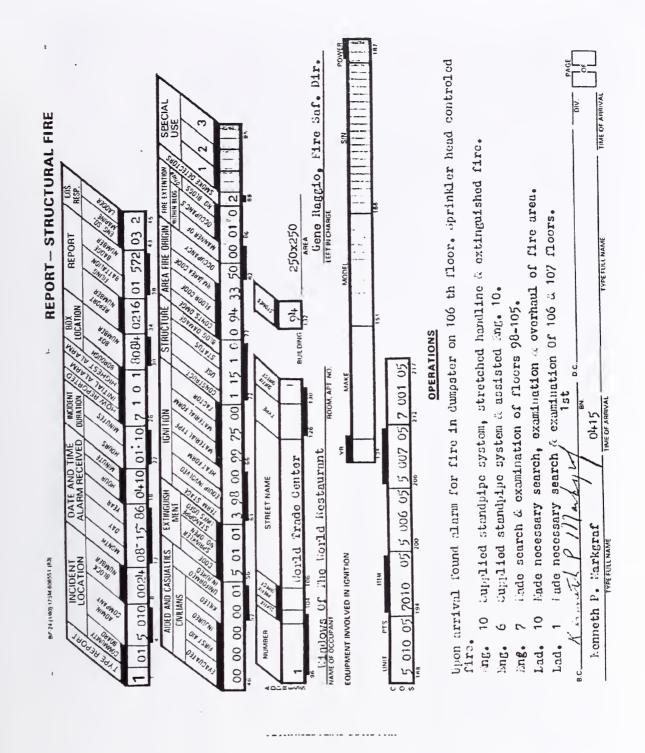
Appendix F FIRES WITH STANDPIPES AND SPRINKLERS IN WTC 1 AND WTC 2

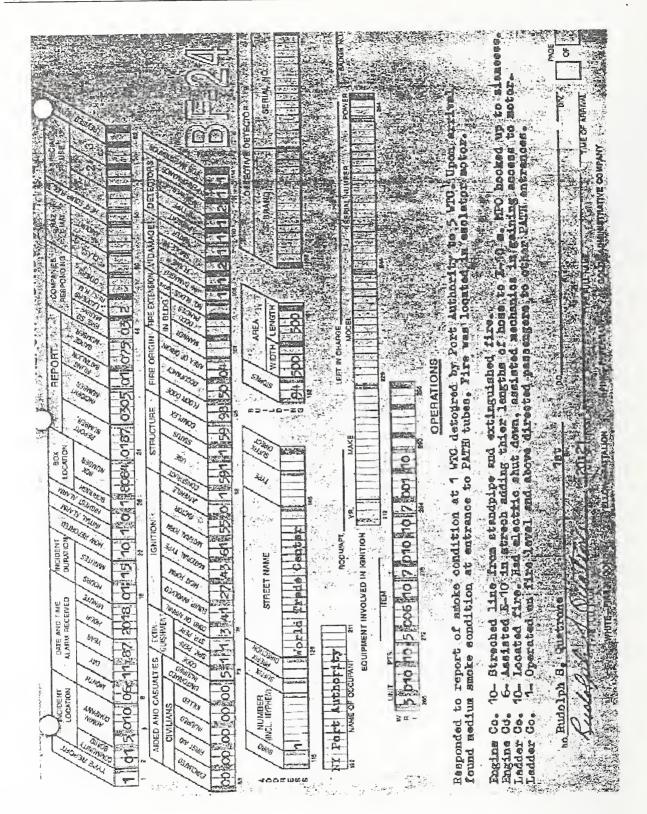
Additional fire incidents involving the deployment of standpipe lines in WTC 1 and WTC 2:

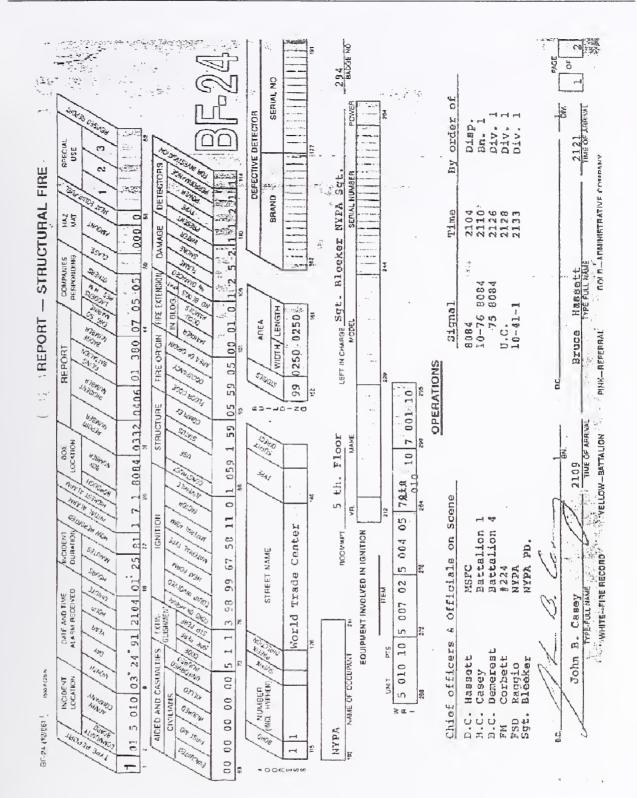
• Fires involving the use of one standpipe line and the activation of one sprinkler (4 in total)



ADMINISTRATIVE COMPANY





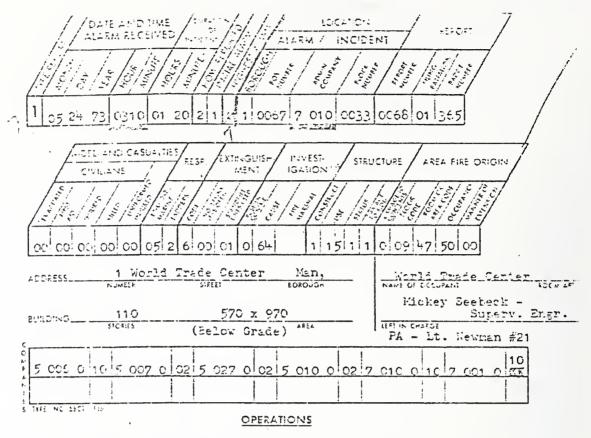


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Appendix G FIRES WITH STANDPIPES IN WTC 1 AND WTC 2

Additional fire incidents involving the deployment of standpipe lines in WTC 1 and WTC 2:

• Fires involving the use of one standpipe line (27 in total)



On arrival found fire in elevator car (J3) - B2 level, -J-4 area -Heavy shoke condition in adjacent areas, B-2 level. Light smoke cond. in Concourse, on 19th, 35th & 76th floors and various other floors. Fire was confined and extinguished with 1 house line and one F.D. hand line from standgipe. Areas involved with shoke were searched, occupant ansisted where required. Operations as follows: E6- stretch line from standpire J-4 area, ext. fire in elev. & shaft. E7 - assist B6 in stretching handline. E10 - made search upper floors - 77th to 79th(light smoke cond.) E27 - made search upper floors - 36th fl. & vic. L10(L18) - report to CP - search & examination of concourse area. L1 - forced elev. door B-2 level, examine ear, overhaul. E2 - supervise operations of E6 & L1 opening elef. car door & ext. fire E-2 INE level (264)



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BUNDING 110	200x200	Security Guards	
c		·	
5 006 0 10 7 010 0 10			
R I			
E TERE POLISET FIS		·	_

OPERATIONS

Upon arrival found fire in rublish in room 6515 On the 65th. floor, fire confined and extinguished.Fire was in an unoccupied office of bldg E.6: Stretched line off standpipe extinguished. fire,had taken rolled ups to 65th. floor.

L.10: Overhauled, make necessary examination, ventilated.

On Scene: Fire Patrol #2.

Injured Member:Fr. 1st. Vincent Segretto #9050 Lad.10, twist right knee

Dr. Schwarts notified.No time lost.

J. 2017 John Hart Louis Fike TIME OF ARRIVAL THE FULL NAME TYPE FULL NAME

Appendix G

· VARBER COM MARASA MARASA NET OKI - DIKULIUKAL MKE DUNATION IOCATION DATE AND TIME REPORT ALARM RECEIVED INCIDENT ALARM INCIDENT THOMAN . se AIDED AND CASUALTIES EXTINGUISH INVEST-STRUCTURE RESP AREA FIRE ORIGIN CIVILIANS MENT IGATION * * FLa CEAS ഹവ 3.2 Port Authority 2 World Trade Center ADDRESS STREE 200x 200 NAME OF OCCUPANT BOROUCH PROVIDED NET 110 Mr. Sarnelli (Misesaftey Dir) BILLDING STORES 49E4 ISST IN CHARTLE (Second Card)* 1 E c 5,006词 5 13 <u>.</u>02 24 作用 EY. 19 に開 h 50 23 375 10 FB 522 703 TTPE NO. SECT. PTS 10 OPERATIONS Beceived Alarm Class 3-70-4, On Arrival proceeded to the 5th. floor, smoke reported there and floors 32 above. 5.-6 took in rolled-up lengths and masks, proceeded to ebeck out Sthand loth. floors, then ebecked 21st, 22nd, and 61st. floors.
 5-7- found fire, rubbish burning of foyer of 5th. floor, extinguished with the state of the state line taken from standpips. L.-10- cramined and overhauled, checked 14th to 17th. floors for smoke. L.1- checked following floors, 9, 10, 11, 61st and 69th. assisted in crowd 1.5 control. 27- checked 10th and 11th. floor and assisted in crowd control. 1-8- checked the SOth thru 99th. floor. L.-15- checked 190th thru liOth. floors. Deputy chief Eart was on scene. a francisco BC. Whitney supervised following Cos. L.1-,L.10, E.7, E. 27(Batt. 4) Sgt, Le-ghan of FF.#2 was on scene. Fire was also found on 49th. Floor, Extinguished on arrival, found and checked out by E.7. Fire Marshall Paritti Called, because of suspicious fire. Crouse in Black John J. Hart 0907 Charles M. Blaich TTPE FULL NAME TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPE FULL NAME TIALE OF ARRIVAL ----

REPORT- STRUCIURAL	FIRE'
DATE AND TIME DURATION OF ALARM RECEIVED INCOMING	
LARM RECEIVED INCODENT 6 2 3 ALARM	Comments in the second
	ICTURE AREA FIRE ORIGIN
CIVILIANS MENT IGATION	
	1 32 30 50 00
ADDRESS # 2 World Trade Center Manhattan	Port of N.Y. Authority
ADDRESS NUMBER STREET BOROUGH BUILDING 110 250x259 BUILDING STORES AREA	HAME OF OCCUPANI BOOM/AFT. ND. Fire Safety Director
(Second Card) STORES AREA	PLEPI IN CHARGE
S TYPE NO. SECT. PS 14 2017 7110 16 22	26 129 26 129
Responded to Class 3-70-4	
Upon arrival found fire in planter on 32 floo extinguished as follows.	r there confined and HILIAGUE
E.6 - Carry in rolled up lengths, hook up to operate on and extinguish fire and nece	S/P outlet, strectc line and ssary wash down.
L.10 - Make necessary examination of 32 and 3 burnt debris on 32 floor.	3 floors and overhaul
	* *
scale of the same to the state of the second	DIV. [
Fergus J. McDermott #2	0
TYPE FULL NAME TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPE	FULL NAME TIME OF ARRIVAL

JIRUCIURAL FIRE				
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ALARM RECEIVED INCIDENT OF ALARM INCIDENT REPORT				
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NUMBER STREET BOPOUGH NAME OF OCCUPANT BOOM/AFT. NO. BUILDING 110 204 x 204 Lt. John Killott PAPD				
SUILDING				
5 055 0 10 7 008 0 05				
S TIPE NO. SECT. PIS 44 NUT1 22/10 16/22 28/29 29				
OPERATIONS				
On arrival found light fire condition in rubbish piled against wall in main concourse which had caused scortching to said wall.				
E 55 Stretched line from standpipe outlet and extinguished fire.				

L 8 Examined for extension and exerhauled.

Huntfull 1608 tanley Hirschfield TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPE FULL NAME TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPE FULL NAME

ADMINISTRATIVE COMPANY

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DATE AND TIME OURATION IOCATION REPORT
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AIDED AND CASUALTIES /
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ADDRESS 1 World Trade Centre Han.
NUMBER STEET BOEDUGH NAVE OF OCCUMENTATE OF A AROOMAPE NO
EUILDING Tower *B* 110 #300 X 300 Mr. Sarnulli PSD Ground Card) SIGRIES AREA LIFE IN CHARGE
On arrival was notified by Mr Sarnelli of a rubbish fire on the 79 floor
south west Quadrent tower B .
E. 7 Responded to 79 floor stretched line from standpips, extinguished
fire
E. 6 Stretched line and stood fast in fire control center area.
E. 24 Stretched line and stood fast in stairway in lobby area.
L. 1 Performed necessary search, ventilation, and over haul on fire floors
L. S Stood fast with tools and marks in stairway at lobby.
In faired P.O. Keely (port Antority Police) # 1501 removed to Beekman Hospital
Theodone (Campbell 1620
ADMINISTRATIVE COMDANY
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	*			
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ADDRESS I World Trade Ctr Han Port of N.Y. Authority hall				
RUNDING 110 250 x250 Richard Hintsen (Fire Safety Intin Charge	D			
5 006 0 20 5 007 0 12 5 024 0 12 1 001 0 10 7 001 0 20 7 008 0 20				
7 015 0 10				
S TYPE HO SELL PIS 14 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017				

Responded to 3-70-2 (Manual Alarm)

While responding Batt.1 notified via dept, radio of special call additional Ladder Co(L.15) due to report of fire 46th fl. Upon arrival was informed of fire 46th fl public hallway near freight elevator. Ordered investigation a nd found fire therein, which had been extinguished prior to the arrival of this dept. Evacuation instituted by Port Authority personnel prior to arrival of Fire Dept. units. Report of smoke detector operational of the 103rd fl. Fire located between freight elevators 49 & 17.

- E.6- Rolled up, lengths to the 44th fl. Connected to standpipe therein and stretched to fire floor (46th) Washed down fire area for overhauling purposes.
- E.7- Assisted in stretch, then ordered to search, examination of 53rd to 58th fls. Also Checked 45th fl. report of sucke condition.
- E.24- Reported to secondary command post (2005). Then ordered to check of 53rd to 56th fls. Also checked cut snoke detector 103rd fl.

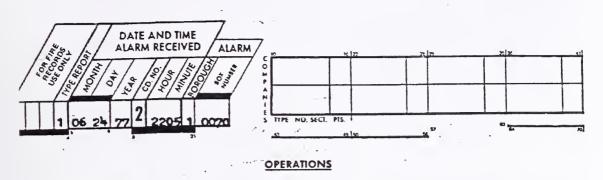
1 03 2208 Matthew J. Farrela Jahes J. McKenna THE OF SHRIVAL HAR SULL FRAME

ADMINISTRATIVE COMPANY

BF-24A (6/76)

REPORT — Additional Data

Structural Fire, Transportation Fire, Non-Structural Fire or Emergency



- L.1- Initially to the fire floor (46th) operated for overhauling search & examinations ventilation of same. Then search, examination & ventilation of the 107th to 46th fl. Stairvay "B".
- L.8- Initially to secondary command post. (West St). Then ordered to check 78the to 60th fls search & examination. Also assisted in overhauling fire floor (46th)
 - L.15- Special called to report to West St. Then trough lobby to recondary command post. Enroute found (2) civilian cleaning personnel(female) had been removed to lobby suffering sucks inhalation. Performed first Aid on injured civilians. Then relieved by Res. 7 with resustitator Then run ordered to serach $\frac{1}{2}$ 7th to 52nd fis as (2) injured civilians reported to have worked on the 48th & 50th fis.
 - Res.1- Relieved L.15 and administered first aid (Inhelation) to injured civlians. Then ordered Office r & remainder of members went to investigate report of smoke & people on the 55th fl. T henre down to 46th fl. Search, exg mination of floors enroute.
 - Batt.1- Initia 11y in command, thenordered to Managarra Real set up additional command in lobby, as first aid station. Two public anbulances standing by with (4) resuscitators. Directed search operations of B.7, L.15, Res. 1. Ordered smoke purge 45th to 107 when fire was out. Batt.2- Ordered to supervise units on the fire floor & report conditions
 - therein. Supervised in part operation of B.6, L.1

Batt.32 - Ordered to supervise operations of units above fire floor.

In overhauled command of operations at command post B.1 level. D1v.1-

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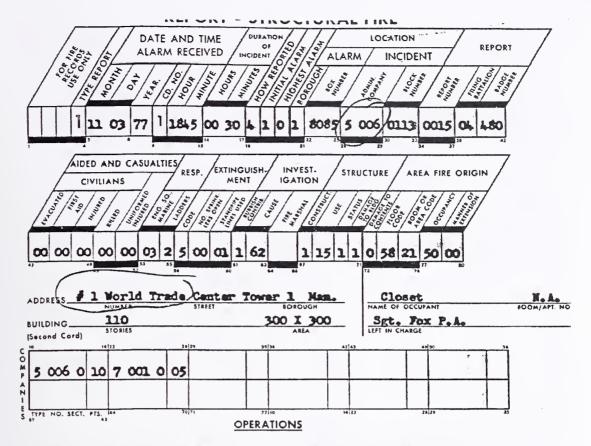
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RE	PORT Additional Dat	a		
Structural Fire; Transp	ortation Fire, Non-Structur	al Fire or Emergency		
DATE AND TIME	<u>7</u>			
ALARM RECEIVED	ALARM	<u>7 7</u>		
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1 06 24 77 2 2205 1 00	ZC s TYPE NO. SECT. PIS.	5 ² , 4 ¹ , 5 ² , 6		
	n an			
	OPERATIONS	the state of the s		
Act Asst Chief Munk on	the scene to supervised	overall operations.		
Ordered 10-4	all elevator she cars t Code 5 due to report uble with Maintainence	from Port Authority police		
Dept. Photgrand	a pher ordered to scene	to take pictures of fire		
Alarm was tdu (2) ^B eekman Amb Injured Civilians:	rned in by Mr. Nick Cap ulances on the scane un	pola, Temco Maintainence nder Mr. B. John		
*Name	Address	Injury Treated Beekma		
		Snoke inhal. & Released		
		Scoke inhal.		
	Čk J.	Smoke Inhall Received 02 nc removed to Hos		
Note : All of the above are employees of the Temco Co.				
Sgt. Steve Fox Bd# 264	Burn to Fingefirs Rt I	land.		
Ptl A. Halicker	Burn to Rt Wrist			
Ptl Meyers	Smoke inhal			
Ptl. Carcaic	Smoke Innal.			
Note: Police pembers of Port Beekman Hospital & rel ac Study 4. 94 County	Authority Police Dept eased.			
Jamas J McKenns	IME UT AREVAL - No thew THETU	of the second		
	and the second			
	ADMINISTRATIVE COMMAN	v		

81-24 (6/72)-50M-881970174+ 448 KETUNI -. . . BURATION DATE AND TIME 5 ALARM / Ne ALARM RECEIVED NCIDEME + MAUTES Course inte 1 MONTH 23 1.00 NOUR 041 PEAR 0122 110 0113 01 5 006 0070 h 1 30 h 1530 20 1 77 13 14 AREA FIRE ORIGIN STRUCTURE INSVEST AIDED AND CASUALTIES EXTINGUIS-DETO IGATION MENT CIVILIANS Topher I Constanting See Car Calify 12 144164860 3 8 4 . 00 5 57 b 09 15 p h. 61 b 00 2 ho 00 bo \mathbf{n} 00 ŝ Port Authority FIA MOUT 1 World Trade Center Tower B NAME OF OCCUPANT -DUCE-FSD. Mr. Sarnelle ADDPESS. 600 x 600 LEFT IN LHANDE 110 AFLA BUILDING_ STORIES (Second Card) 05 05 7 001 0 õ 5 007 0 ы. р 5 15 OPERATIONS S TITE NO SECT PIS On arrival found fire to be in airconditioning room on the 9th fl E. 7 Stretched Line, extinguished fire. L. 1 Made necessary search and overhaul. -UN PAGE ٦ 5.74 THAT OF ARRIVAL Theodore A. Campbell -1535 FTPE FULL HAME TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPE MULL MANE I DIMINICTRATIVE COMPANY

KEPORI SIEUCIURAT FIRE	
DATE AND TIME DURATION LOCATION	REPORT .
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ADDRESS I World Trade Center Rene Verious NUMBER STREET STREET STREET STORE STREET STR	ерси/ат. No. 109- Р. А.Р. В.
Second Card) STORIES AREA THE LEFT IN CHARGE	
5,006,0 05,7,001,0 05, 3	
3 1112 110, 200, 113	
On arrival found fire in accumulated rubbish in elevator 1 of 35th floor which had caused scortching of the walls and Port Anthority personnel had extinguished fire with hand a and standpipe hose. Fire termsd suspicious by F.A.FD.	Lobby i ceiling. axtinguishers
E 6 Responded with rolled- up lengths, hooked-up to stand about fast.	ipipe and
L 1 Searched, examined for extension and overhauled.	
a ABC fames Hallingent to oc	PAGE
JAMES Hallingen 1110 EVER FULL MAME TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPE FULL MAME	I OF I
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On arrival found cause of alarm to be fire in janatorial closet in volving rags and rubbish. Batt 4 requested a 10-41 Godel Fire caused searing of paint on walls and ceiling.

- E-6 Stretched rolled up lengths and hooked up to standpipe outlet and extinguished fire.
- L-1 Made examination of walls and ceiling and wentilated am necessary.

fild Lth or 1 1 Stanley Hirschfield 1850 TYPE FULL NAME TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPE FULL NAME TIME OF ARRIVAL

DATE AND TIME OF ALARM INCIDENT REPORT
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AIDED AND CASUALTIES CIVILIANS CIVILIANS
ADDRESS 2 World Trade Ctr Mon Port of N.Y. Anthority 107 NUMBER STREET BOROUGH NAME OF OCCUPANT ROM/ADT. AT BUILDING 110 200 x200 AREA STORIES AREA
C V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V
OPERATIONS
Responded to magnal ala ra box 8089- Upon arrival was informed of fire 107th fl. Ordered investigation and found fire in rubtish & maint. materials therein. Batt. 1 ordered additional Battalion Chief to respond on report of definate fire. Batt.4 responde d.
R.6- Rolled up lengths to the fire floor extinguished remaining fire
L.1- Search, examination of fire floor & floor above. Opened walls for examination. Overhauled burned materials.
Bn.4- Ordered to supervise operations on the fire floor.
Div. 1- Responded to scene, and assumed command.
Note: Batt.1 transmitted 10-41 Code 2 & requested F.M. to respond.

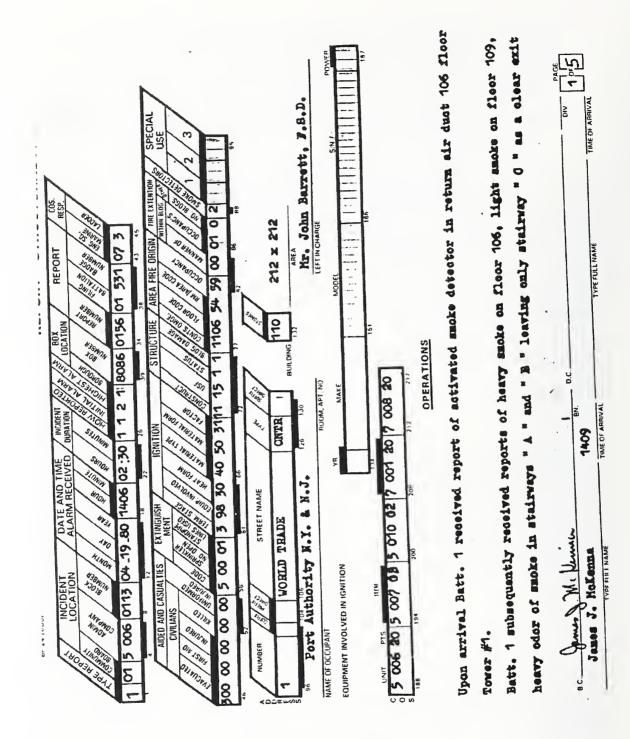
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JEANS J. MCKONDE 200	BN. 20 Matthey J. Patrall IIII AME IIII IIII	DIV. DF

	AND TIME DURATION	LOCATION
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ADDRESS 2 World TE	rade Center Man.	N.Y. State
BUILDING 110	STREET BOROUGH	Bon Baily P.A. Police
[Second Card] STORIES	AREA	LEFT IN CHARGE
	211/22 33/30 42/43	
5 005 0 10 5 007 0	7 001 0 10 7 008 0 10	
A 7		
E TYPE NO. SECT. PTS. 144	70 23 77 100 46 22	2963 25
5 57 63	OPERATIONS	

Upon arrival was told of fire on the 6th floor, operations as follows. Ladder 1 made necessary investagation, located the fire, vented, overhauled and searched. Ladder 8 searched and vented floor above, overhauled. Engine 6 stretched a line from standpipe and extanguished the fire. Engine 6 washed down. Batt. 2 on the scene. Div. 1 on the scene.

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_____D.C. Joseph A. Hingerton 2355 TIME OF ARRIVAL TIME OF AR TYPE FULL NAME TYPE FULL NAME

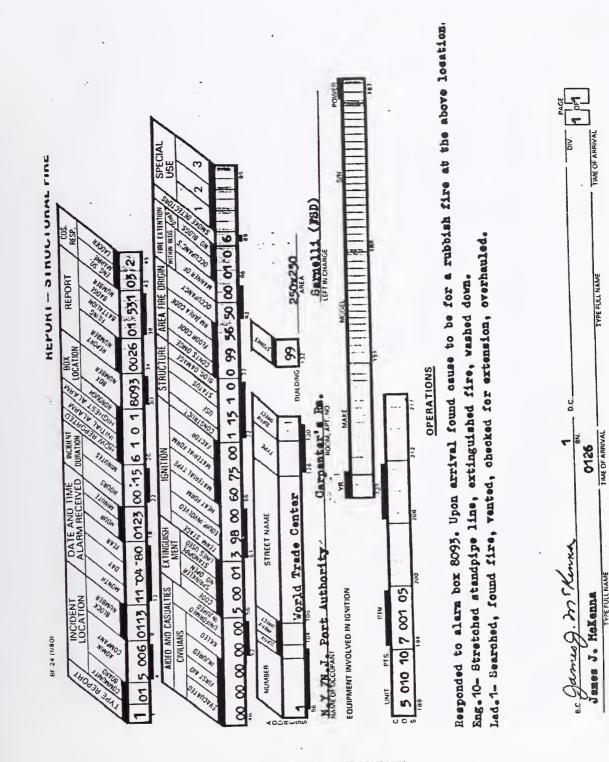


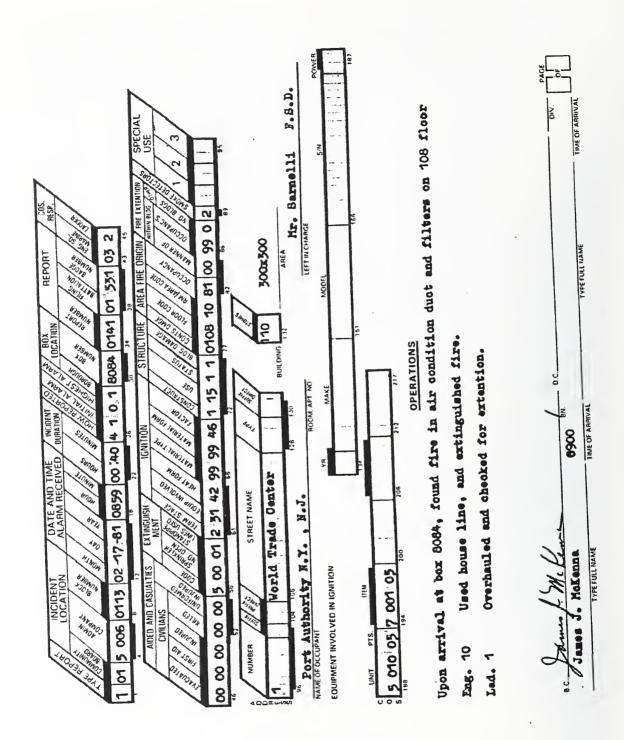
REPORT - ADDITIONAL DATA STRUCTURAL FIRE TRANSPORTATION FIRE, NON-STRUCTURAL FIRE OR EMERGENCY DATE AND TIME: A BOX **ISMITION** AREA OF ORIGIN ALARM RECEIVED EDCATION REEL NAME T HTPHEN IF MOBILE PROPERTY -4 BAARE 207 15 5 010 12 77 144 2008 506 20 5 2001 20 20 1 UN#1 189 OPERATIONS 1.00 মূল্যা খুন প্ৰয়ন্ত 1.2. the state of the state from the 107th. floor restaurant. There is an open access 106. opening into 107th. floor restaurant dining area. At this point fire had not been located. On basis of above, Batt. ŀ ordered approx. 300 persons evacuated from the " Windows on the world restaurant " on the 107th, floor via stairway " C " which was of ear of sucke. Later stairway " B " was clear of sucke and was made avai for evacuation. 18. 2.3 On Arrival of D.C. Rossi, Div. 1 Batt. 1advised Him of above and recommended a 2nd. alarm be transmitted, as fire had not been located. الشيقة بري Restaurant was being evacuated and all units were now assigned to work ANT STATE D.C. Rossi transmitted a 2nd. alarm and requested 2 additional Sat Operations of Cos. are as follows: Eng. 6 Masks, rolledups, responded to fire floor via freight eleva to 104 fl. via stairway to 106 fl. Met Lad. 1 who had located fire 106 fl. Hooked 4 lengts of 21/2 hose to standpipe, operated on 53 1 mils B.C. 1409 James J. McKenna June washes Sec. TYPE FULL NAME TYPE FULL NAME TIME OF ARRIVAL (3) Pink Copy: Administrative Compony (4) Coldewood

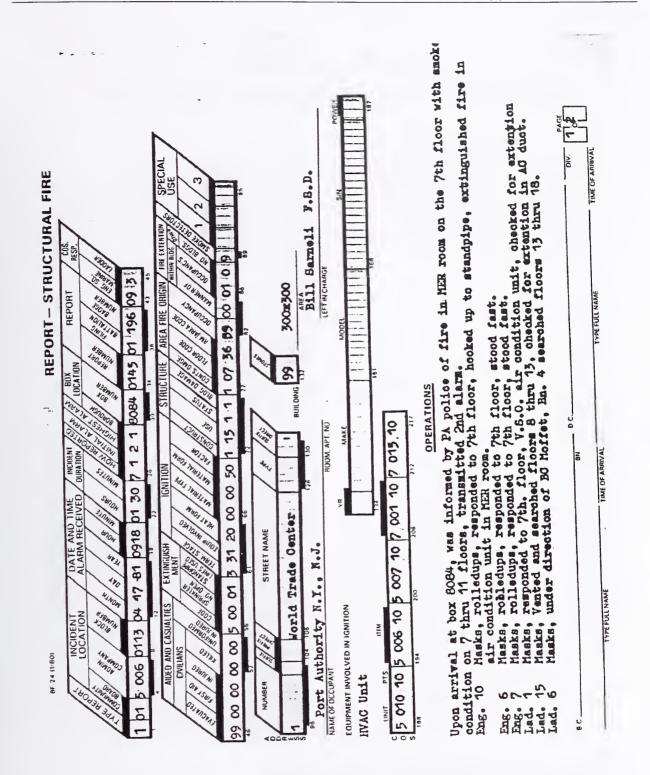
SILA GIOD REPORT ADDITIONAL DATA TRUCTURAL FIRE-TRANSPORTATION FIRE, NON-STRUCTURAL FIRE OR EMERGENCY DATE AND TIME? AND ROYCE AND NORTON STRUCTURE AHEA DE DRIGIN and and ALARM RECEIVED LOCATION 12: 15/ \$ Æ NUMBER TESTHEET, NAME HE MACIENI E 101 **OPERATIONS** Operations of Cos. Continued: Lad. 1 to 106 floor to investagate activated smoke al Same and a complete and located fire, checked floor above for extension, and overhal found Eng. 7 Responded to 109 fl. to investigate a sprinkler alars. 2.73 no sprinkler flow, and light smoke condition. Responded to 109 fl. with Eng. 7. Lad. 8 Eng. 7, and Lad. 8 then reported to 108, 107, and 106fls, made search and assisted in evacuation of Restaurent. Eng. 10, Responded to 106 fl. to assist and reliave Eng. 6 on the man in hat he had 2nd. slarm units reported to comand post, stood fast then orded. up by DAC Glasse. ------Rescue 1 responded on 2nd. alarm, reported to 107 fl. assisted evacuation of restaurent, then to 106 fl. to assist Lad. then to take up. ð. B.C. 1409 James J. McKenna TYPE FULL NAME TIME UF ARRIVAL -- TYPE FULL NAME S. TIME (4) Golden (2) Canary Copy: Banalian (3) Pick Copy: Administrative Cov (1) White Copy: Fire Records

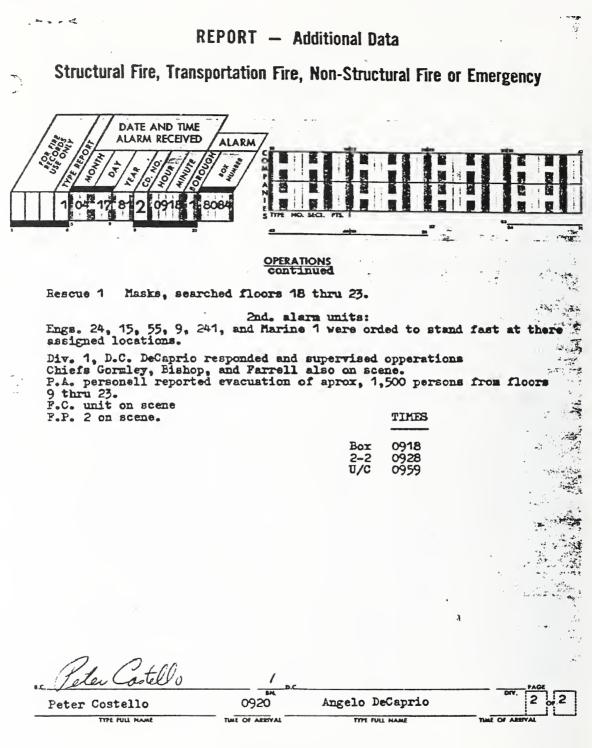
248 1182 REPORT - ADDITIONAL DATA STRUCTURAL FIRE, TRANSPORTATION FIRE, NON-STRUCTURAL FIRE OR EMERGENCY DATE AND TIME BOX SECONDER IN INC. STRUCTURE AREA OF ORIGIN ADALE SET 23 STREELNAME ? AND HYPEDA C 2 MORILE PROPERTY 1. 3 213 - 7282027 **DPERATIONS** The second second the work Operations of Cos. continued: Chief Officers on scene: 32 : والمراجع المتحج المحج المحج 1.2.2.2.4 DAC Glasse, City wide command. Chief. . S. S. 34 D.C. Rossi Dept. chief 1st. Div. B.C. James J. McKenna Chief 1st. Batt. B.C. Louis Pike Chief 2nd. Batt. B.C. John T. Carroll Chief 4th, Batt. " B.C. Edward J. Miller Chief 6th. Batt. Field Comm. unit, Lieut. Soranno on scene. Fire Patrol #2 on scene. a share and the stand and where a W.T.C. fire safety director Mr. John Barrett on scene. were the stand الجا مذكرت P.A. Patrolmen Cemonuk, and Oorbeek on Duty at Command Pos Building Mechanical System falures noted: #1 Sprinkler alarm received for unsprinklerd 109 FL. #2 Return air duct smoke detectors did not shut fans down. #3 Heat fused link shut damper in purge system. #4 107 floor standpipe phone unreliable due to feed back from radi 4.2% milt Case de DC. ame A.C. AN -Ū. Real Control - Automation and the State Tere a 1409 James J. McKenna TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPEFULLNAME TIME OF ARRIVAL TYPE FULL NAME \mathcal{O} (1) White Copy: Fire Recents (2) Clinary Copy: Battelion (3) Mink Lupy: Administrative Company (4) Guide and Copy: Priferal of

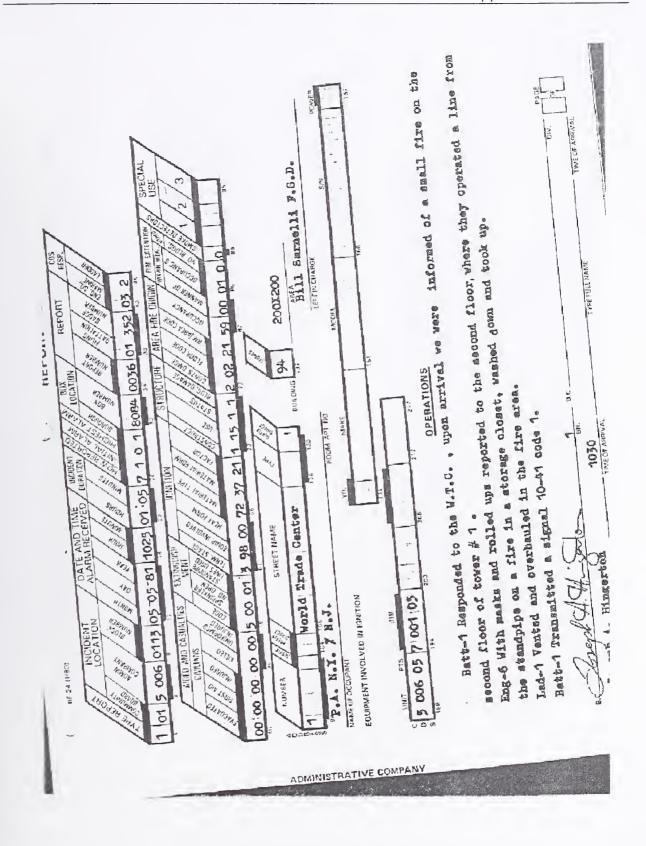
and the States REPORT - ADDITIONAL DATA soul in STBUCTURAL FIRE TRANSPORTATION FIRE NON-STRUCTURAL FIRE OR EMERGENCY DATE AND TIME SOX STRUCTURE AREA OF ORIGIN 100 1.2 MORI F PROPERT - WAKE BLANNE MAS MODEL 10 25 OPERATIONS Sarat. ALL REAL PROPERTY OF Cart R Righ Rise Report prepared and fowarded to Div. of Fire Prevention -Fellow up on Mechancal and Electrical malfunctions being made a Pert Authority. See copy of High Rise report for details. The state of the second 4.23 · 20% W.S. . - Com Stand and the 44.3 3 . . S a in Sum ۵۰ - میرونید میرونید بر ۲۰۰۰ میرونید بر ۲۰۰۰ میرونید Janes J. Mr. K. Mi 1 Kennin D.C. 1409

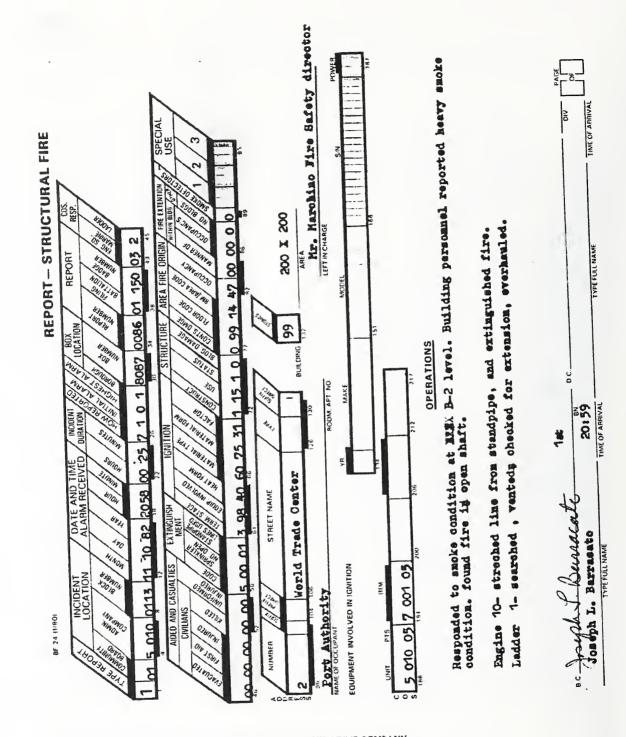


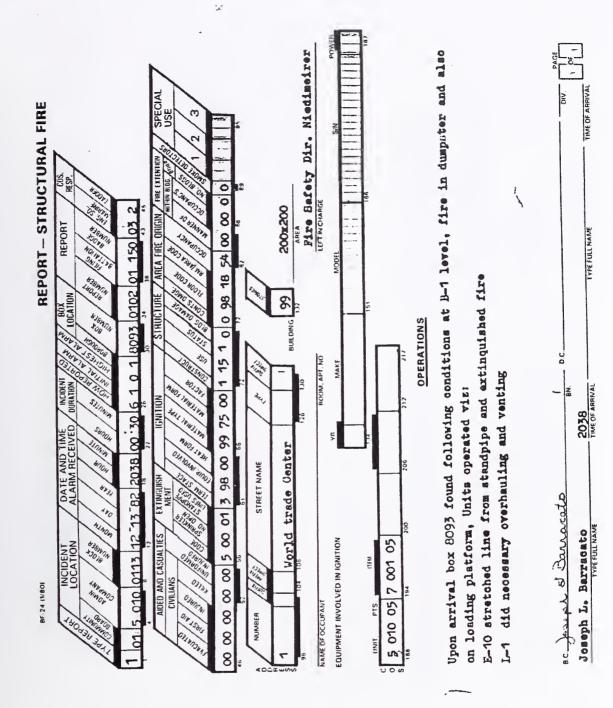


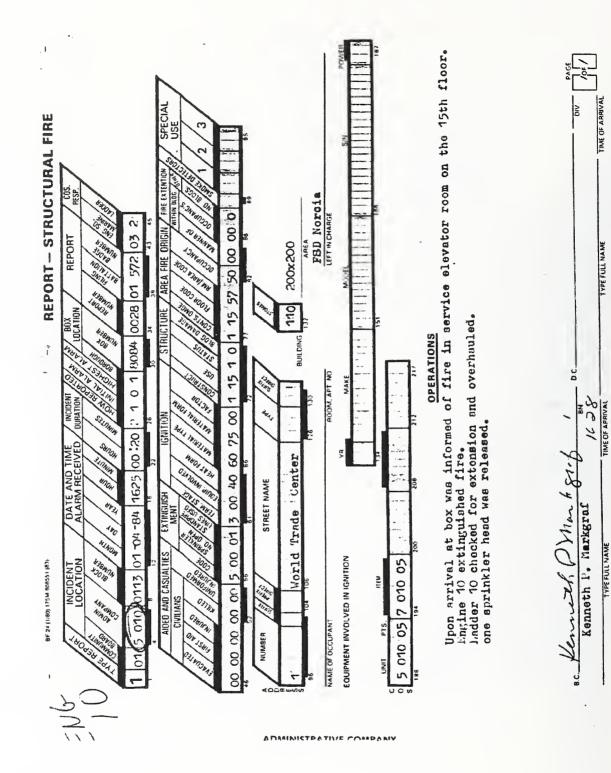


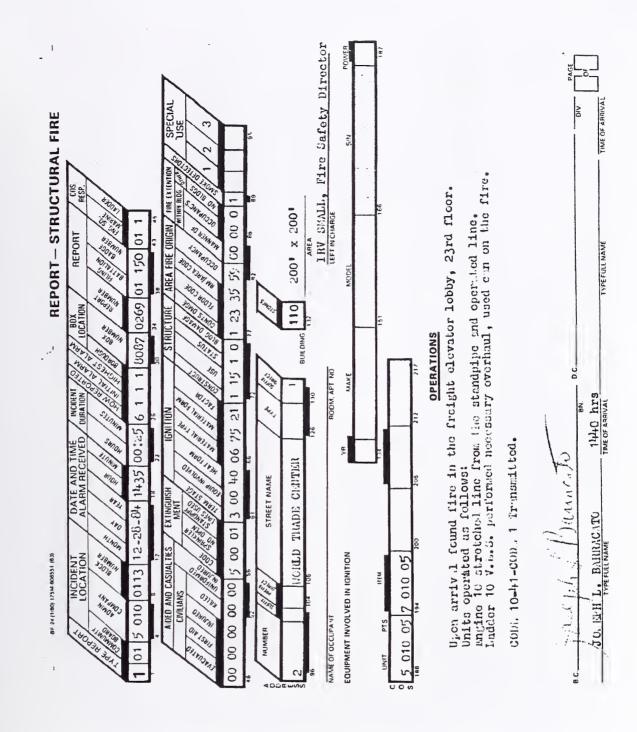


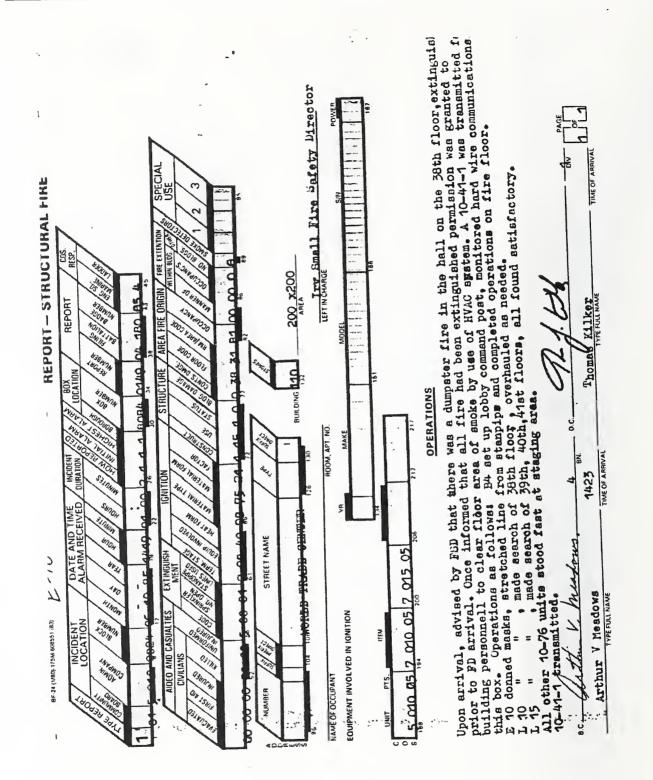




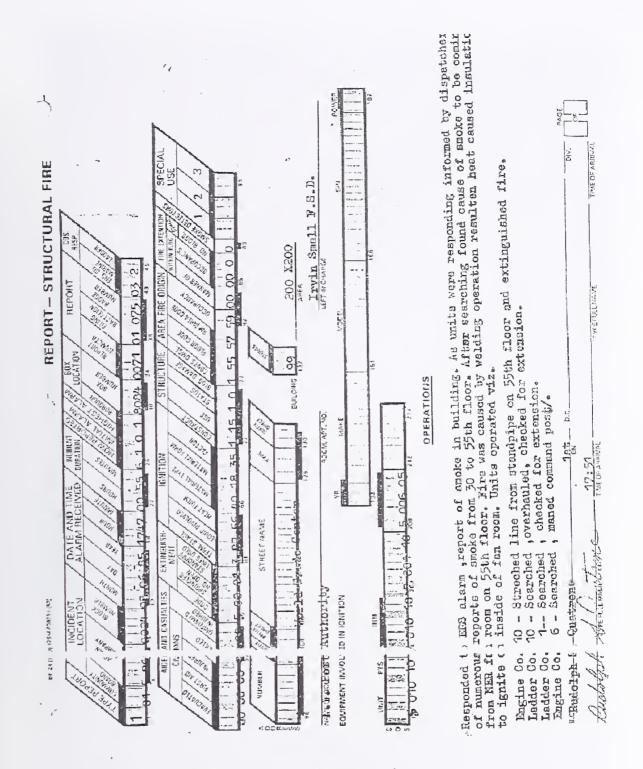


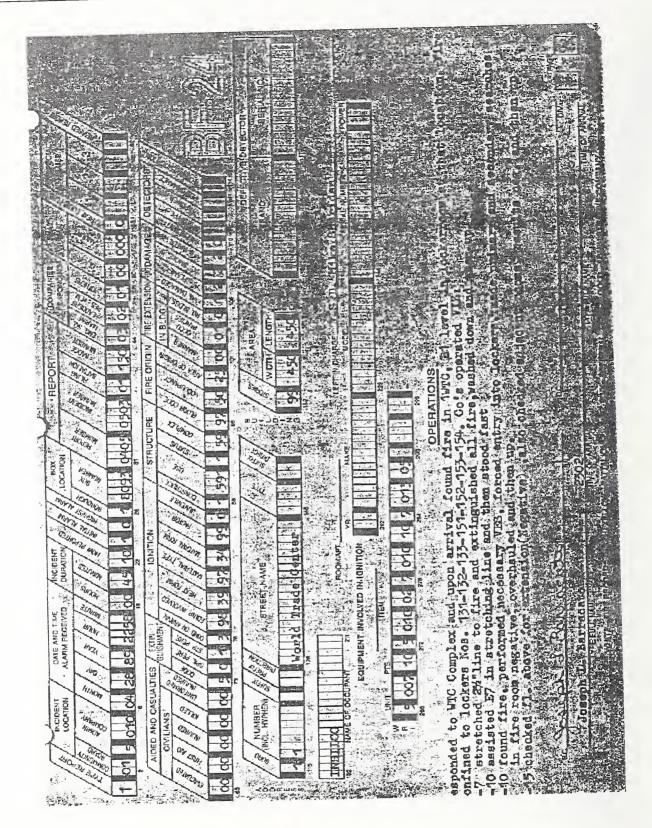




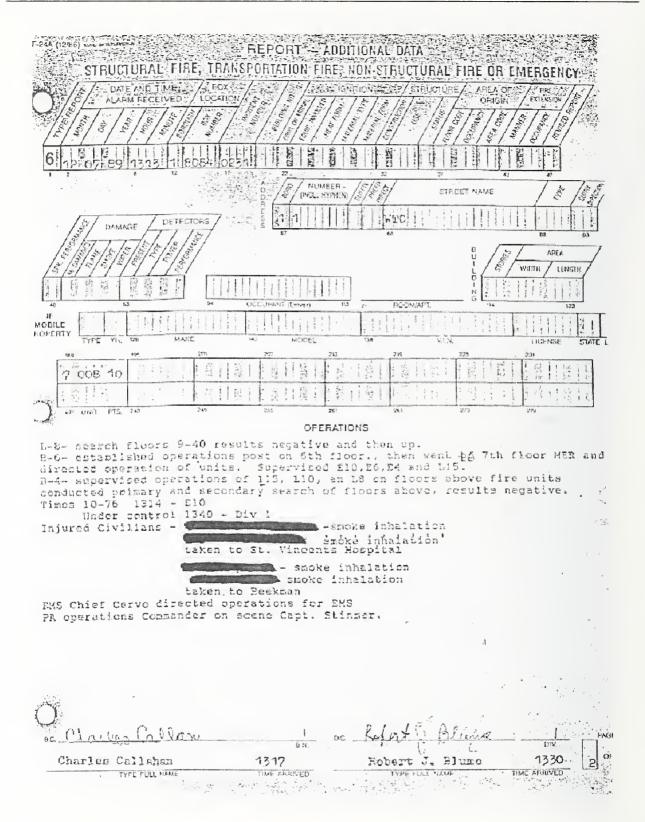


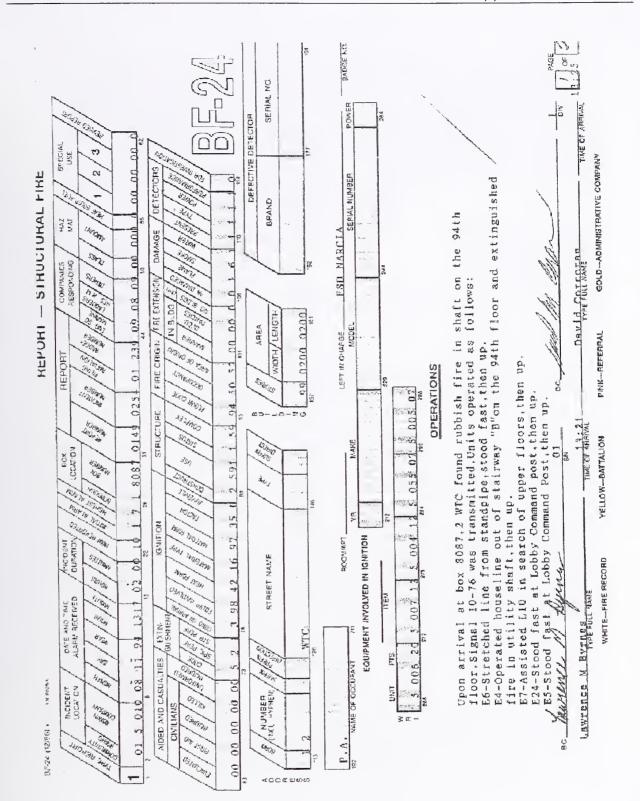
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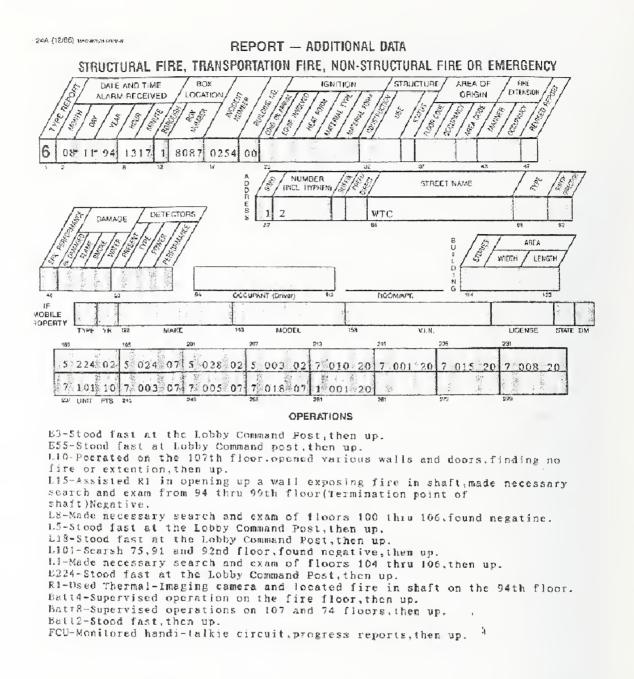




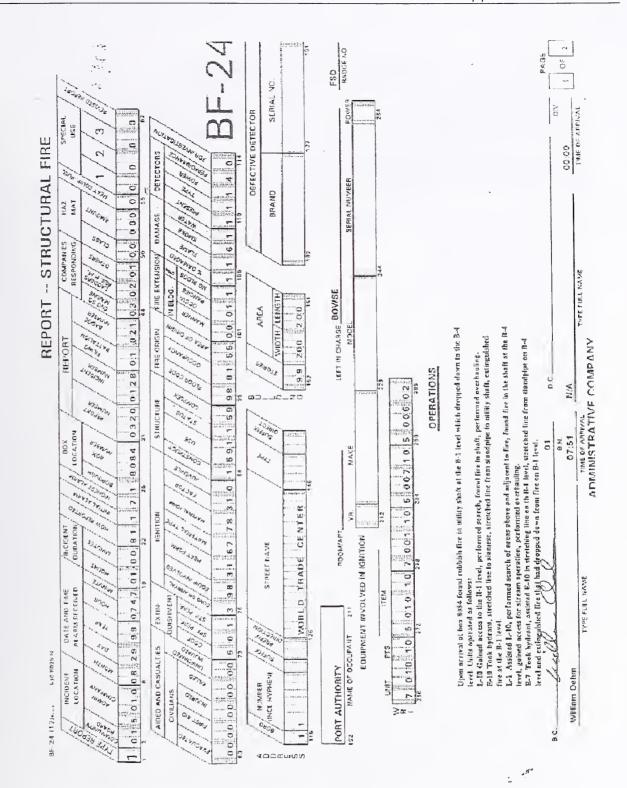
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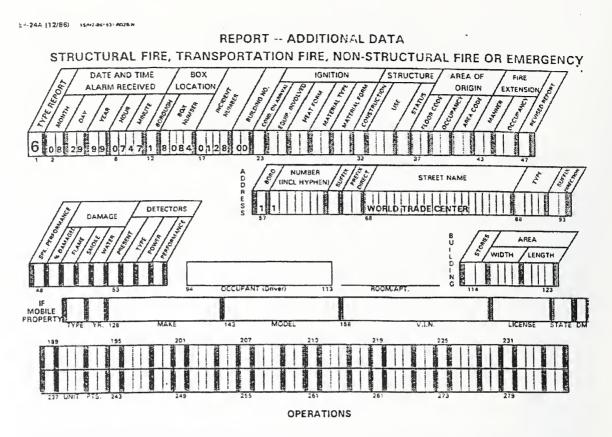






Kune D.C. _ 01 PAGE DIV 6 N Lawrence M Byrnes 13:21 David Corcoran 13:25 TIME ARRIVED TYPE FULL NAME THAN ARRIVED TYPE FIEL NAME





E-6 Took hydrant, assisted E-7 in stretch.

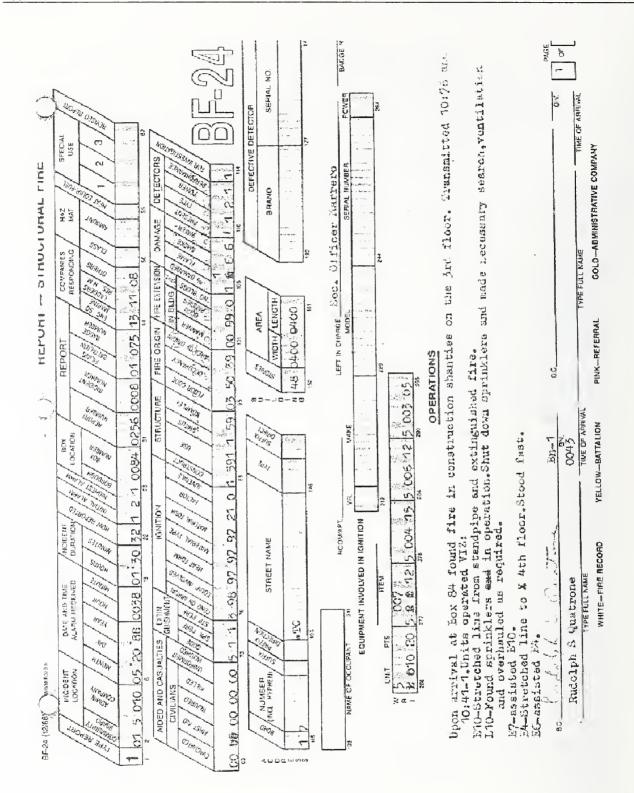
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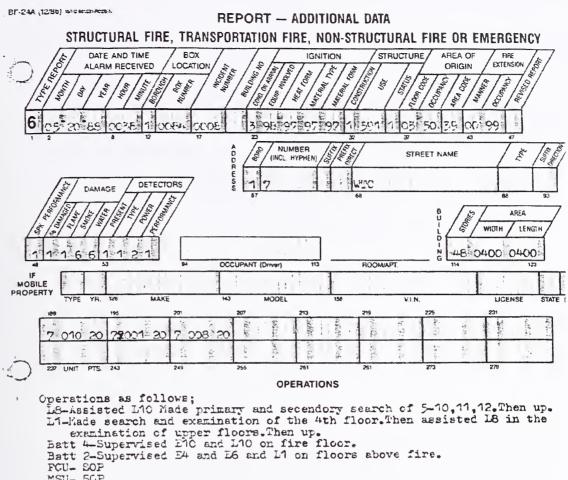
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Appendix H SIGNIFICANT FIRES IN WTC 7

Significant fires occurring in WTC 7

Significant Fire	Incident Date	Fire Location	# sprinklers activated	# standpipes activated	Cause of fire	Material Ignited
1	5/20/88	Construction shanties on floor 3	Multiple, # not listed	l	Suspicious	Shanties





MSU- 50P

E3- Stood fast. Batt 6- Stood fast.

1 Bn-1 ar DC. DIV c 2 CC43 Fudelos TYPE FULL NAME TIME ARRIVED TYPE FULL NAME

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Appendix I EXTRACTED PAGE FROM PACO REPORT ON SPRINKLER PROGRAM

PACO 2002 Report: World Trade Center General Description of All Building Systems and the Capital Program. Extracted page.

Miscellaneous Life Safety Improvements and Sprinklerization Program

12. Miscellaneous Life Safety Improvements and Sprinklerization Program

12.1 Description of the Program

The initial base building provided for Fire Standpipe (FSP) protection in the Towers and Plaza Buildings and no sprinkler system installation (except in the sub-grade Levels). In response to the enactment of Local Law 5 and other NYC Building Code Local Law enactments related to the fire protection of high rise office towers built after 1973 the Port Authority voluntarily retrofitted the WTC complex to comply with the new NYC Building Code Requirements supplemented by PA imposed life safety requirements unique to the WTC. These requirements provided tenants the option of achieving fire protection compliance by a compartmentalization or a sprinklerization option. The Scope of miscellaneous life safety and sprinkler system upgrades/improvements, other than certain fire alarm, concourse circulation and blast recovery improvements discussed elsewhere, included but was not limited to:

12.2 Scope of Fire Life Safety Improvements

Architectural Modifications - On all floors:

- Upgraded core wall construction to provide for a 2 hour rated fire separation from one side of a tower floor to the opposite side (Where core wall were already 2 hour rated, such as in elevator shafts, upgraded where not previously required).
- Installed a double acting set of rated HM fire doors in the core corridors where
 the above 2 hour rated fire separation crossed the corridor (This enabled one
 half of a typical tower floor to serve as a horizontal fire refuge for the other.)
 Doors included special magnetic hold open hardware and closures linked to
 smoke detectors in floor return air ducts.
- Restored all ceilings in corridors and lobbies affected by fire protection installations.
- Provided slab-to-slab thour fire rated walls to enable a maximum of 10,000 gross square foot compartmentalization on each side of the 2 hour rated fire separations.

Sprinkler System Installation

- The entire WTC complex was fully sprinklered. The Sprinkler System was installed In three basic phases. Phase 1: Sub-grade areas for the initial building construction; Phase 2: Sprinkler riser/main installation throughout 1 & 2 WTC including the sprinklerization of corridors, storage rooms, lobbies and certain tenant/PA spaces In 1976 in compliance with Local Law 5 to provide tenants with a compartmentation or sprinkler fire protection option; Phase 3: The full sprinklerization of the entire complex for all remaining places from 1983 to the 2001(including 1993 blast recovery and ongoing up-grades/improvements and replacements).
- The Tower sprinkler systems were fed in the various zones from the gravity feed fire reserve tanks located on the 20th, 41st,75th and 110th Floors through a 4" vertical sprinkler riser located in the Janitor Closet on each floor of each building in the WTC complex.

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