#### THE CERTIFICATION PLAN

ITS SIGNIFICANCE, SCOPE AND APPLICATION

TO ?

SELECTED FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS AND COMMERCIAL STANDARDS

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WILLING-TO-CERTIFY SOURCES OF SUPPLY

OF

COMMODITIES

COVERED

BY

FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS

AND

'COMMERCIAL STANDARDS

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PREPARED BY

THE DIVISION OF CODES AND SPECIFICATIONS

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

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#### THE CERTIFICATION PLAN

#### ITS SIGNIFICANCE, SCOPE AND APPLICATION

OT

#### SELECTED FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS AND COMMERCIAL STANDARDS.

Prepared by The Division of Codes and Specifications, National Bureau of Standards.

#### FOREWORD

The specification is the common meeting ground for the producer, distributor, and consumer. It is at once a statement of what the consumer needs and what the producer is required to supply. Purchase by competitive bids on specifications is preferable to purchase on sample. The latter method implies that each bidder's product must be considered independently, and it is often a very difficult matter to decide between different combinations of quality and price.

A proper specification is one which enables bidders to know exactly what is desired or required and what procedure the purchaser will follow to satisfy himself that the specification has been complied with. The modern manufacturer, knowing accurately the buyer's needs, can determine the most suitable material and the most economical method of fabrication to obtain the desired results.

Many excellent specifications well recognized in industry are not now widely used because of the inability of many purchasers to determine whether or not commodities delivered conform to the specification. The use of specifications can be greatly facilitated by minimizing this disadvantage to small-quantity purchasers.

As a solution to the problem of minimizing the above mentioned disadvantage and thereby facilitating the use of specifications the certification plan was inaugurated in 1925.

#### THE CERTIFICATION PLAN

THE CERTIFICATION PLAN CONSISTS OF THE COMPILATION AND DISTRIBUTION BY THE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS OF LISTS OF SOURCES OF SUPPLY OF COMMODITIES COVERED BY CERTAIN SELECTED FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS AND COMMERCIAL STANDARDS. THESE LISTS CONTAIN THE NAMES OF FIRMS WHO HAVE INDICATED THEIR WILLINGNESS TO CERTIFY TO PURCHASERS, UPON REQUEST, AT THE TIME OF FLACING THE CONTRACT, THAT THE MATERIAL SUPPLIED BY THEM ON CONTRACTS BASED ON THE SELECTED SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS DOES ACTUALLY COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS AND TESTS THEREOF AND IS SO GUARANTEED BY THEM.

#### WILLING-TO-CERTIFY SOURCES OF SUPPLY

The lists of sources of supply of commodities certified to comply with certain selected Federal specifications and commercial standards—the lists of WILLING-TO-CERTIFY firms referred to herein—are limited to primary sources of supply which include the following groups:

- 1. Firms doing the actual manufacturing and selling their own products;
- 2. Firms having commodities manufactured for them on their own specifications and assuming full responsibility for the commodities marketed;
- 3. Sole selling agents of firms who manufacture, but do no marketing.

At the present time, there have been prepared such lists of sources of surply for 665 Federal specifications and 54 commercial standards.

The lists are continously subject to revision and enlargement additions being made to both the number of lists of WILLING \*TO-CERTIFY manufacturers, and the number of manufacturers on the individual lists.

Purchasers who might be inclined to do business with unknown or untried manufacturers whose names appear on the WILLING-TO-CERTIFY lists should not fail to insist upon receiving from such manufacturers properly signed certificates guaranteeing compliance with the specification requirements.

In order to avoid delay and confusion, when placing orders and requesting certificates from WILLING-TO-CERTIFY manufacturers, the correspondence should always be conducted with the individual officer of the company whose name appears on the WILLING-TO-CERTIFY list. This officer can be assumed to be familiar with the specification and with the plan for issuing certificates, whereas other officers of the same company may be unfamiliar therewith.

It is to be definitely understood that the certificates are to be issued by the manufacturers to the purchasers, and not to the National Bureau of Standards, which assumes no responsibility of any kind in connection with the transaction. The purchaser must take such steps as he considers desirable to determine whether or not the commodities delivered do actually comply with the specifications.

Experience in the actual operation of the certification plan demonstrate, the desirability, from the point of view of the manufacturer of having all of his branch offices and authorized dealers informed promply concerning his listing among the WILLING-TO-CERTIFY manufacturers. It is suggested, therefore, that copies of all of the Federal specifications for commodities upon which requests for bids in accordance with the certification plan are desired, be placed on file with all bidding officers.

Copies of Federal specifications and amendments, if desired by non-governmental activities, may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. for a very nominal price, usually 5 cents each. Requests should be accompanied by cash, check, money order, or coupors.

Copies of specifications and amendments desired by Government departments, and establishments should be obtained from the department representative on the Federal Standard Stock Catalog Committee, or, if there is no such representative, they should be obtained direct from that committee, Room 376 Procurement Division Building; Washington, D. C.

Federal specifications are not available for issue from the National Bureau of Standards.

A complete index of Federal specifications may be obtained **upon** application, to the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. for 15 cents a copy. In this index, the titles of all specifications for which WILLING-TO-CERTIFY lists are available are indentified by the letter "D".

Lists of sources of supply for commodities covered by Federal specifications are designated as Letter Circular LC256a (in 12 parts listed on page 12) and their distribution is limited to tax-supported purchasing agencies (Federal, State, County and municipal). Individual lists are sent to others upon specific request.

Letter Circular LC277a contains lists of sources of sup ly of commoditie covered by commercial standards. Its distribution is unlimited, being sent to all interested agencies and individuals.

Copies of the above letter circulars are available upon request, from the Division of Codes and Specifications, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.

#### SERVICE TO TAX-SUPPORTED PURCHASING AGENCIES.

From time to time State and other public purchasing agencies have sought the assistance of the United States Department of Commerce in the formulation of standards, specifications, and methods of tests for their purchases. Every effort is, therefore, exerted to make the certification plan as effective as possible for "public purchasers", that is purchasers for the Federal, State, County and municipal governments and institutional agencies who ar spending the money collected from the public in the form of taxes.

#### SIGNIFICANCE AND STATUS OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS

The specifications that are prepared, adopted by the Federal Specifications Executive Committee and approved by the Director of Procurement, are, as far as applicable, binding upon and govern all departments, bureaus, agencies and offices of the Government.

In formulating specifications for the United States Government, the Federal Specifications Executive Committee acts for the Government departments as consumers, not as law makers, and no specification is promulgated until after interested producers have had opportunity to offer constructive criticisms. To as great an extent as practicable the Federal Government as a consumer makes use in its specifications of the requirements set forth in the specifications of nationally recognized organizations. On Dec. 1, 1924, each chairman of a technical committee formulating Federal specifications was given the following instructions:

"If there is an existing specification which is adequate for Government requirement, it is desired that such specification be adopted, rather than to write a new specification with slight unnecessary variations, which might require special fabrication with the resulting unnecessary increased costs."

Before placing any of the Federal specifications in final form for promulgation for the use of the Government departments and establishments, all criticisms of the specifications and advice received from interested commercial and industrial concerns are given serious consideration by the technical committees. Moreover, the specifications in tentative form are submitted formally to all departments and establishments of the Government and informally for criticism and suggestion to various interested engineering and technical societies.

Special effort is made continously to bring Federal specifications into harmony with the best commercial practice effectively and rapidly. The certification plan is helpful in accomplishing this result.

The setting up of a recognized standard of quality does not in the least prevent an organization from using this standard for measuring and guaranteeing quality in excess thereof.

Up to June 1, 1939, the Federal Specifications Executive Committee had formulated and promulgated a total of 1,233 specifications, many of which have been revised one or more times. Some of the original specifications have been suspended and some have been consolidated and a few separated into two or more specifications. Since June 1930, all of the Master Specifications then in existence have been reviewed by the technical committee responsible for their formulation for the purpose of making such revisions in substance as might be found desirable and placing them in the standardized "purchase form" for inclusion in the Federal Standard Stock Catalogue.

Encouraging the maximum possible number of purchasing agents to make use of Federal specifications broadens the field of supply by inducing the maximum possible number of producers to manufacture commodities meeting the requirements of the Federal Government. Moreover, the wide-spread use of Federal specifications serves to draw attention to such modifications as might well be made therein in order to render them satisfactory to contract buyers, and to bring them into harmony with the best commercial practice.

#### APPLICATION OF CERTIFICATION PLAN TO FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS

The Federal specifications to which the certification plan has been applied represent almost one-half of the total number of specifications prepared by the Federal Specifications Executive Committee--the largest and most nearly-up-to-date group of nationally-recognized commodity specifications in successful use at the present time.

About 60 percent of the lists relate to types of commodities not only purchased on the basis of formal contracts, but also handled in "over-the-counter" trade (that is, to so-called "consumer goods,") and 40 percent of the formal requests for listings have been filed by manufacturers of these commodities.

About 30 percent of the Federal specifications to which the certification plan has been applied and nearly 60 percent of the requests for listings relate to building and construction materials, fixtures, supplies and equipment. Many of these, such as paints, hardware, and electrical products apply also to "Consumer Goods".

The groups of commodities covered by the specifications to which the certification plan has been applied, the number of Federal specifications in each group, the number of requests for listing, and the number of firms requesting listing in each group, are summarized on page 11.

#### SELECTION OF SPECIFICATIONS

Only such Federal specifications as are believed by the committees responsible for the preparation and revision thereof to be thoroughly satisfactory to both producers and consumers in their present form are selected in applying the certification plan.

The chairman of each technical committee is given reasonable notice (about 60 days) before putting any of the Federal specifications on "certification", so that any desirable revisions may be adopted prior to "certification". Thus the selection is limited to "seasoned" specifications, believed to be commercially satisfactory.

#### COMPILATION OF WILLING-TO-CERTIFY LISTS

To all known manufacturers of the general line of commodities covered by the selected specifications, or group of specifications, is sent a checklist of the particular kinds of commodities called for by the specifications. From the complete list of firms (which can be found in several directories) are omitted such manufacturers as do not indicate on the check-list that they produce the exact kinds of commodities referred to, and from the smaller lists are then omitted those manufacturers who do not desire to produce commodities in accordance with the designated specifications and from the still smaller lists are omitted such firms as have not expressed their willingness to certify to the purchaser, upon request, that the commodities delivered under a contract based on the designated specifications, do actually comply therewith.

#### VOLUNTARY LISTING

Great care is used to make as nearly complete as possible the initial lists of firms manufacturing commodities of the same general type as that covered by a specification to which the certification plan is being applied, and extreme care is exerted to have the final WILLING-TO-CERTIFY listing entirely voluntary. Follow-up letters are sent in connection with the initial, but not the final, listing. No attempt has been made to induce manufacturers, not desiri g to do so, to be listed as WILLING-TO-CERTIFY.

# DISTINCTION BETWEEN FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS AND COMMERCIAL STANDARDS

Federal specifications are prepared by official representatives of the more important Federal Government agencies for the use of all Federal agencies. Their use by other agencies is entirely voluntary. Although these specifications are of much interest to producers who desire to supply commodities based on them, no producer is asked to confine his transactions to these commodities.

Commercial standards on the other hand, are commercial specifications voluntarily developed and supported by producers, distributors, and consumers as a basis for marketing by the industries concerned, for both contract and over-the-counter buyers. Manufacturers, dealers, and users are asked to limit their transactions to those lines of commodities so far as they can conveniently do so.

#### APPLICATION OF CERTIFICATION PLAN TO COMMERCIAL STANDARDS

The certification plan has been applied to 54 of the 73 existing commercial standards. Approximately 1,750 firms have indicated their desire to be listed among the WILLING-TO-CERTIFY manufacturers of the wide variety of commedities covered by commercial standards.

Application of the certification plan to commercial standards has been in accordance with the formal request of the general conferences of industry which adopted these standards.

#### THE USE OF LABELS AND CERTIFICATES

Certain manufacturers are now using or planning to use quality-guaranteeing labels with goods manufactured to comply with Federal specifications. The preferable form of self-identifying, quality-guaranteeing certificates or labels is one which shows the guaranteed compliance of the labeled commodity with the requirements of a designated nationally-recognized specification or standard. Labels or certificates should identify not only the specifications or standards, but also the firm or agency holding itself responsible for the guarantee. The following form is suggested.

#### NIED FOR TESTING SERVICE

A greatly increased realization of the need for testing service by both producers and consumers is to be anticipated from the widespread application of the certification plan. Manufacturers will be in need of testing and inspection service upon which to base such certificates as they may be asked to issue to consumers buying upon nationally recognized specifications, and numerous consumers will resort to such tests as may be considered necessary or desirable to satisfy themselves that the commodities delivered do actually comply with the specifications.

# MISREPRESENTATION IN CEATIFICATION

Misrepresentation in connection with the certification plan is a proper subject for action by the Federal Trade Commission. However, it is unnecessary for the Federal Government to police the contracts entered into by buyers and sellers of commodities guaranteed to comply with certain specifications. The existing laws of the land relating to contracts are adequate to take care of all such cases. Misrepresentation means obtaining, by false representation, business, which rightly belongs to a competitor. Hence, competitors, collectively, are more vitally interested in the unethical practices of a manufacturer than is an isolated purchaser. By cooperating in the certification plan, trade associations, inspection burdaus, testing establishments, and similar organizations, can render a real service to both the producer and the consumer.

# NOTICE TO PURCHASING OFFICERS

The National Bureau of Standards will be pleased to be notified promptly in case any firm listed as WILLING-TO-CERTIFY, fails, when requested to do so at the time of placing the contract, to issue a certificate guaranteeing compliance of the delivered commodity with the designated Federal specification or comm reial standard. The Bureau wishes, also, to receive notice of failure of delivered goods to meet the specification requirements when tested in accordance with the methods set forth in the specification.

## OBLIGATIONS TO PRODUCERS AND CONSUMERS

While safeguarding the interests of the Federal Government as a purchaser the certification plan also conserves the interests of the producer. It is being so applied as (1) to bring the United States Government commodity specifications to the attention of all interested responsible manufacturers throughout the United States and not merely to the attention of the favored few; (2) to list as sources of supply of commodities covered by these specifications all responsible manufacturers who have expressed their desire to be listed, even though some other manufacturers may not care to be listed, and notwithstanding the opposition of certain manufacturers who can obtain business satisfactory to them without being listed; (3) to distribute copies of the list of "sources of supply" to all governmental and institutional buyers making purchases out of tax money; (4) to supply copies to nongovernmental purchasers only when specifically requested to do so.

#### RESULT OF WIDESPREAD APPLICATION OF CERTIFICATION PLAN

An analysis of the lists of WILLING-TO-CERTIFY manufacturers already compiled shows that they contain the names of many progressive, wide-awake firms, irrespective of size, in all lines of manufacture covered by the specifications to which the certification plan has been applied.

Manufacturers have been quick to recognize the potential advertising value of a statement in their sales literature and advertising to the effect that their material is guaranteed to conform to certain well-known specifications.

The result to be expected from a widespread application of the certification plan is a general recognition of specifications as the proper, logical, and economical basis of the written contract between the buyer and the seller.

#### RESULTING ECONOMIES

Considerable economy to the country as a whole would result from abolishing the hit-or-miss method of specifying, hit-or-miss method of manufacturing, and hit-or-miss method of testing, and substituting therefor a logical arrangement in accordance with which (1) a nationally recognized specification for a selected commodity is so formulated as to cover the most satisfactory commodity in the best possible manner; (2) this commodity is placed in mass production by the manufacturers in accordance with this specification; (3) certificates are issued by the suppliers guaranteeing compliance with the specification; and (4) tests and inspections, based on this identical specification, are conducted by independent testing and guaranteeing establishments.

Some idea of the value attached to the lists of WILLING-TO-CERTIFY manufacturers by such officers of the Federal Government as are directly concerned with the Government departments and establishments as consumers, not as law makers, can be gained from the fact that the purchasing agencies of the Government departments and establishments, wherever their headquarters may be located, are making effective use of the WILLING-TO-CERTIFY lists of manufacturers.

# ATTITUDE OF CONSUMER GROUPS TRADE ASSOCIATIONS AND TECHNICAL SOCIETIES

Without exception organized consumer groups are definitely in favor of the application of the certification plan for facilitating the use of specifications, as shown by statements from officers of those groups. Included among these, in addition to Federal agencies, are the American Hospital Association, American Sanitorium Association, Educational Buyers Association, the Governmental Purchasers Group, International City Managers Association, National Association of Public School Business Officials, the National Association of Purchasing Agents, the National Educational Association, the National Municipal League, and the National Tuberculosis Association.

Correspondence conducted with the officers of technical societies and trade associations showed that all technical societies familiar with the formulation of specifications look with favor upon the certification plan as an effective method of bringing specifications to the attention of the interested producers and consumers. With surprisingly few exceptions, the officers of trade associations (many of whom might have been assumed to be opposed to the plan, at least initially ) are actually very favorably inclined toward it.

## ATTITUDE OF THOSE OPPOSED TO SPECIFICATIONS

It is not to be assumed that all manufacturers are enthusiastically advocating specifications. However, many manufacturers have expressed their approval of the application of the certification plan to nationally recognized specifications formulated under the auspices of, or with the cooperation of associations in which they hold membership, even though some of these manufacturers would prefer their customers not to order on specifications. In other words, they consider it better to have the various isolated specification users make use of commercially accepted specifications than to have them write their own specifications. To the extent that the certification plan will be effective in unifying the specifications used by those who will in any event buy on specifications, these manufacturers approve of the plan as tending to "minimize the evils of specification buying."

## COOFERATION OF INDUSTRY

There are several ways in which industry, through representative trade associations, can become very active in the certification plan for facilitating the use of nationally recognized specifications.

- (a) First, is publicity, by means of which the industry will be made acquainted with the real significance of the undertaking and shown the benefits to be derived from the plan.
- (b) Second, is through cooperation in the preparation of nationally recognized specifications.
- (c) Next is cooperation in the plan by inducing all the members of the association to have their names included in the list of manufacturers willing to certify to the purchaser that the commodities supplied by them under nationally recognized specifications comply with the requirements and tests of these specifications.
- (d) Trade associations representing wholesalers, retailers, or manufacturers reaching consumers through retailers, can be of much help in showing the wholesalers and retailers how they will benefit from the plan.
- (e) A final step for the trade association is to make sure that its members are keeping faith so far as the certification plan is concerned.

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CLASSIFICATION OF			SUMMARY OF		
		NUMBER OF	WILLING TO CERTIFY SOURCES OF SUPPLY		
GROUP	COMMODITY GROUPS	SPECIFI-			
SYMBOL		CATIONS	LISTS		
C	Animal Products	24	Ц	33	33
G	Books and Printed Matter	2	None	None	None
H	Brooms and Brushes	53	50	132	949
J	Cable and Wire	4	4	28	75
K	Canvas Articles	1 1	${ t None}$	None	None
M	Ceramics	1	1	13	13
N	Cereals and Products	24	1	21	21
0	Chemicals	27	19	142	239
P	Cleaning and Polishing Materials	33	28	285	925
ନ	Coal and Products	1 1	1	27	27
R	Coal-Tar and Products	9	7	35	150
S	Cooking and Heating Apparatus, Etc	1 1	None	None	None
T	Cordage, Twine and Products	11	g	58	123
U	Drugs and Medicines	2	1	27	27
v	Dry Goods and Notions	7	14	107	184
W	Electric Apparatus	36	11	79	132
Y	Fruits	24	None	None	None
Z	Fruit Products	30	None	None	None
AA	Furniture	25	23	101	267
DD	Glass and Glassware	11	9	29	7474
EE	Groceries	18	None	None	None
FF	Hardware	22	22	281	435
GG	Instruments	29	12	70	90
HH	Insulating Materials	49	36	204	627
JJ			_		
	Knit Goods, Netting and Webbing	15	1	5 148	5
KK	Leather and Leather Goods	19	19		259
LL	Livestock, Poultry & Marine Prods	1 7	None	None	None
MM	Lumber and Timber	3	2	5608	6190
NN	Lumber Products	9 7	5	48	78
00	Machinery		1	45	45
PP	Meats and Sea-Foods	53	None	None	None
ପ୍ର	Metals	82	56	1108	2848
RR	Metal Products	37 65	13	142	147
SS	Minerals & Products (non-metallic).		33	1096	1770
TT	Paints, Pigments, Varnishes, Etc	58	48	367	3796
UU	Paper and Products	57	49	250	693
AA	Petroleum and Products	22	21	171	715
WW	Pipe, Fittings, Fixtures, Etc	40	33	383	641
ZZ	Rubber and Rubber Goods	68	50	103	356
AAA	Scales	3	2	35	40
BBB	Suits and Uniforms	2	None	None	${ t None}$
CCC	Textiles (yardage)	46	20	146	305
DDD	Textile Products	57	21	188	445
FFF	Toilet Articles	2	None	None	None
GGG	Tools	54	39	246	393
HHH	Vegetables		None	None	None
JJJ	Vegetable Products	35 34	5	30	43
KKK	Vehicles	14	None	None	None
LLL	Wood Products	16	7	64	101
	TOTAL	1,233	666	11,855	23,228
1					

# WILLING-TO-CERTIFY SOURCES OF SUPPLY OF COMMODITIES COVERED BY FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS

The earlier lists of willing to certify sources of supply of commodities covered by Federal specifications, designated as Bureau of Standards Letter Circulars LC256 and LC256a, are out of print, and copies thereof are no longer available. These two lists have been superseded by parts which will contain the earlier lists in revised form, in addition to other lists belonging to certain designated groups. Parts of Letter Circular LC256a now available and others in preparation are indicated below:

- Part 1B. Animal Products; Cable and Wire; Drugs and Medicines; Dry
  Goods and Notions; Electric Apparatus; Instruments;
  Lumber Products; Metal Products; Petroleum and Products;
  Pipe, Pipe-Fittings, Plumbing Fixtures, Tubes and Tubing,
  (metallic); Rubber and Rubber Goods; Tools; VegetableProducts; and Wood-Products. (Nov. 1, 1937)
- Part 2. Paints, Pigments, Varnishes, and Products (including linseed oil and turpentine). (Dec. 1, 1937)
- Part 3A. Hardwood and Softwood Lumber and Timber Manufacturers, Wholesalers, and Retailers. (Aug. 1, 1938)
- Part 4A. Brooms and Brushes. (Sept. 1, 1938)
- Part 5A. Chemicals; Cleaning and Polishing Materials. (March 1, 1938)
- Part 6. Coal and Products; Coal-Tar and Products; and Insulating Materials. (June 1, 1936)
- Part 7A. Ceramics; Furniture; Glass and Glassware; and Hardware, (April 1, 1939)
- Part 8A. Office Paste; Leather; Inks; Stamp Pads; Paper and Products; : Rubber and Rubber Goods; Mucilage; and Scaling Wax (July 1, 1939)
- Part 0. Instruments; Machi ery; Pipe, Pipe-Fittings, Plumbing Fixtures,
  Tubes and Tubing (metallic); Scales and Tools. (July 1, 1936)
- Part 10. Minerals and Products, (including aschalt, brick, cement, gypsum, lime, plaster, refractories, roofing, tile, etc.)
  (July 15, 1936)
- Part 11. Metal and Metal-Products. (Under Revision)
- Part 12. Cordage and Textiles. (Under Revision)

Further information concerning the application of the certification plan or any other phase of the work on standardization, including the labeling plan, may be obtained from the Division of Codes and Specifications, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.

#### INDEX OF COMMODITY GROUPS

#### UNDER WHICH ARE CLASSIFIED

#### FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS TO WHICH THE CERTIFICATION PLAN HAS BEEN APPLIED

GROUP8*	CLASSIF1CATION	GROUP8*	CLASSIFICATION
С	ABRASIVÉS (SEE P) ANIMAL PRODUCTS ASPHALTIC MATERIALS (SEE SS) BANDAGES (SEE GG, DDD) BED SUPPLIES (SEE V, CCC, DDD) BELTING (SEE KK, 7Z, DDD) BITUMINOUS MATERIALS (SEE R, SS)	89	MINERALS AND PRODUCTS (NON-METALLIC) NETTING, MOSQUITO (SEE JJ) OFFICE SUPPLIES (SEE N, DD, FF, GG, UU, DDD, GGD, JJJ, LLL OILCOTH (SEE CCC) OILS (SEE VV, JJJ) PACKING (SEE HH)
н -	BLUING, LAUNDRY (SEE O) BRICK (SEE HH, SS) BROOMS AND BRUSHES BUNTING, (SEE CCC)	TT	PADLOCKS (SEE FF) PAINTS, PIGMENTS, VARNISHES, AND PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO O, R, SS, VV, JJJ, LLL)
ð	BURLAP (SEE CCC)  CABLE AND WIRE (INSULATED) (SEE ALSO W)  CANS, ASH, GARBAGE, OIL AND FRICTION TOP  (SEE RR)	V <b>V</b>	PAPER AND PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO P) PERCALE (SEE CCC) PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO O, Q, R, SS, TT)
, ,	CARPETS (SEE DDD)		PILLOWS (SEE G, V, noo)
	CEMENT AND CONCRETING MATERIALS (SEE QQ, SS) CERAMICS (SEE ALSO SS)	MA	FIXTURES, :TUBES AND TUBING (METALLIC) (SEE ALSO FF,, QQ, RR)
M N O	CERAMICS (SEE ALSO S) CEREALS AND PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO JJJ) CHESECLOTH (SEE CCC, DDD) CHEMICALS (SEE ALSO P, R, U,TT, VV, JJJ)		PLASTER AND PLASTERBOARD (SEE SS) POLISHING MATERIALS (SEE P) PUTTY (SEE TT)
P	CLEANING AND POLISHING MATERIALS COAL AND PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO R. VV)		RAGS (SEE DDD) REFRACTORIES (SEE HH, SS)
Q R T	COAL-TAR AND PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO 0, Q, TT) CORDAGE, TWINE AND PRODUCTS CORK (SEE HH, LLL) COTTON AND COTTON GAUZE (SEE CCC, JJJ) CYLINDERS, STEEL (SEE RR)		REMOVER, PAINT (SEE TT) RIBBONS, TYPEWRITER, ETC. (SEE DDD) ROAD AND PAVING MATERIALS (SEE R, SS. VV)
	DENIM (SEE JOO) DENTAL SUPPLIES (SEE,U)		ROOF(NG, BITUMINOUS AND WATERPROOFING (SEE R, HH, SS) ROPE (SEE T, RR)
V	DRUGS AND MEDICINES (SEE ALSO 0) DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS (SEE ALSO JJ, CCC, E DUCK (SEE CCC)		RUBBER AND RUBBER GOODS (SEE ALSO J) RUGS (SEE DDD) RULERS AND RULES (SEE GG, GGG)
W	QUST PANS (SEE RR)  ELECTRIC APPARATUS (EDBLE ECTRICAL SUPPLIES SEE ALSO J. HH, WW, 72/ FIRE EXTINGUISHERS AND LIQUID (SEE 0) FLOOR COVERING (SEE ZZ, DDD, LLL)	AAA	SAFES (SEE AA) SCALES (SEE ALSO W, GG, OO, GGG) SCREWS (SEE FF) SHADES AND SHADE CLOTH (SEE CCC, DDC) SHELLAC (SEE TT)
AA	FUMIGANTS (SEE 0) FURNITURE (SEE ALSO MM, QQ, RR, LLL) GASKETS (SEE HH)		SHIELDS, WELDING (SEE GGG) SOAPS AND SCOURING COMPOUNDS (SEE P) SURGICAL SUPPLIES (SEE C, GG, DDD)
DD	GAUZE, COTTON (SEE CCC, DDD) GLASS AND GLASSWARE (SEE ALSO M, SS) GRATINGS, STEEL, FLOOR (SEE RR) HANDLES, TOOL AND MOP (SEE NN)		TABLECLOTHS (SEE DDD) TABLEWARE (SEE M, DD, RR) TAGS, SHIPPING (SEE UU) TARS (SEE, R)
FF	HARDWARE (SEE ALSO QQ, RR, GGG) HEAT INSULATING MATERIALS (SEE ALSO ALL) HELMETS, WELDING AND SANDBLASTING (SEE GGG	CCC DDD	TEXTILES (YARDAGE) (SEE ALSO JJ, DDD) TEXTILE PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO T, JJ, CCO THINNER, PAINT (SEE TT) TILE, (SEE RR, SS, ZZ, LLL) TIMBER (SEE MM)
	INKS (SEE TT) INSECTICIDES (SEE O) INSTRUMENTS (SEE ALSO, W, OO, AAA, GGG)		TIMBER (SEE MM) TIRES AND TUBES (SEE ZZ) TOOLS (SEE ALSO FF. GG, OO, QQ, RR)
G <b>G</b> HH	INSULATING MATERIALS (SEE ALSO C, LLL)	GGĞ	TOOLS (SEE ALSO FF, GG, OO, QQ, RR) TOWELS (SEE UU, DDD) TREADS, SAFETY (SEE RR)
KŘ 11	KNIT GOODS, NETTING AND WEBBING LEATHER AND LEATHER GOODS LAUNDRY APPLIANCES (SEE OO, WW) LIME (SEE SS) LINOLEUM (SEE LLL) LINSEED OIL (SEE JJJ)		TREADS, SAFETY (SEE RR) TUBES AND TUBING (SEE WW) TURPENTINE (SEE LLL) TWINE (SEE T) UNIONS (SEE WW) VARNISH (SEE TT)
MM NN OO	Liquid Measuring Devices (SEE GG) LUMBER AND TIMBER (SEE ALSO AA, NN, LLL) LUMBER PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO AA, MM, LLL) MACHINERY (SEE ALSO GG)	)	VEGETABLE PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO N) WALL-BOARD, (SEE SS, UU) WASTE (SEE DDD) WIRE AND WIRE ROPE (SEE J. RR)
-	MATTRESSES (SEE V. CCC)		WIRE CLOTH (SEE RR)
QQ RR	METALS (SEE ALSO AA. FE. RR. WW. GGG)	LĻĹ	(SEE RR) WOOD PRODUCTS (SEE ALSO AA, MM, NN)

<sup>\*</sup> SUBJECTS OPPOSITE WHICH LETTERS APPEAR IN THE LEFT-HAND MARGIN REPRESENT THOSE CLASSI-FICATIONS UNDER WHICH ARE GROUPED FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS TO WHICH THE CERTIFICATION PLAN HAS BEEN APPLIED. OTHER SUBJECTS LISTED ARE CROSS-REFERENCES TO THESE CLASSIFICATIONS.

#### CLASSIFIED INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS TO WHICH THE CERTIFICATION PLAN HAS BEEN APPLIED.

# JUNE - 1939

NOTE: A complete index of Federal specifications known as Federal Standard Stock Catalog, Section IV, Part 1, is obtainable from the Supt. of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. at 15 cents a copy. Copies of all printed Federal specfications are available from the same source at 5 cents a copy unless otherwise stated.

11012 0110 0	ame source at 5 cents a copy unites	38 Otherwise Stateu.
	TITIE	Specification Symbol
	ANIMAL PRODUCTS (GROUP C)	
Glue; animal (for Hair; horse, cur	or) woodworkingrled	
•	BROOMS AND BRUSHES (GROUP	
Brooms; fiber Brooms; metal-ca Brooms; rattan, Brooms; rattan, Brooms; rattan, Brooms; scrubbin Brooms; whisk Brooms; wire, pu Brushes; blackin Brushes; calcimi Brushes; casting Brushes; dust; casting Brushes, flowing Brushes; flowing Brushes; glue, casting Brushes; glue, casting Brushes; marking Brushes; marking	push.  upright.  ish.  ig and dauber.  long-paddle.  ceiling, and wall.  counter.  painters', flat.  painters', round.  radiator.  flat.  g, skunk-hair.  g, skunk-hair.  g, squirrel-tail-hair.  fiber.  flat.  round.  iilitary.  ing; flat.	H-B-56 H-B-61a H-B-71 H-F-75 H-B-91 H-B-101 H-B-101 H-B-111 H-B-131 H-B-131 H-B-151 H-B-151 H-B-151 H-B-211 H-B-211 H-B-211 H-B-221 H-B-221 H-B-251 H-B-251 H-B-251 H-B-251 H-B-271 H-B-271 H-B-301 H-B-371 H-B-371

# BROOMS AND BRUSHES (GROUP H) Continued

Brushes, paint; metal-bound, flat (high-grade). H-B-421 Brushes, paint; metal-bound, flat (medium-grade). H-B-431 Brushes, radiator; bronzing. H-B-451 Brushes, roof; knotted style three knots. H-B-471 Brushes, sash-tool; oval. H-B-491 Brushes, scrubbing; clothes. H-B-521 Brushes, scrubbing; deck. H-B-531 Brushes, scrubbing; floor, hand. H-B-541 Brushes, scrubbing; floor, hand. H-B-551 Brushes, scrubbing; hand, white tampico. H-B-551 Brushes; shaving. H-B-571 Brushes; sidewalk. H-B-591 Brushes; stencil (flag ends cut). H-B-621 Brushes; stencil (flag ends preserved). H-B-621 Brushes, stippling; wall. H-B-636 Brushes, sweeping; floor, hair. H-B-651 Brushes; tooth. H-B-651 Brushes, varnish, flat (double X thickness). H-B-701 Brushes, varnish; flat (triple X thickness). H-B-706 Brushes; window. H-B-731 Brushes; window. H-B-751
Cable (armored and lead-covered armored) and Cord (armored) (600- Volt service and under)
CERAMICS (GROUP M)
Chinaware; vitrified
CEREALS AND PRODUCTS (GROUP N)
Paste, office; Paste-brushes and spreaders
CHEMICALS (GROUP 0)
Acetone

# CHEMICALS (GROUP 0) continued

Glycerin (glyceral)
Mono-Methyl-Paraminophenol-Sulfate
Powaer; insect (pyrethrum-powder)
Salts; nickel (for) electroplating and electrotyping0-S-61
Soda-Ash
Sodium-Carbonate; granular (mono-hydrate crystals)0-5-581
Sodium-Cyanide; (for use as an insecticide in fumigation)0-S-591
Sodium-Fluoride; (insecticide)
Scdium-Sulphite; anhydrous (for) photography
Trisodium-Phosphate; technical (phosphate cleaner)0-T-671
CLEANING AND POLISHING MATERIALS (GROUP P)
Cloth; abrasive, aluminum-oxide
Compound; sweeping
Detergent, hand; paste and powder (for) mechanics useP-D-221
Paper; abrasive, artificial, waterproof
Paper; flint
Paper; garnetP-P-121
Paper; garnet, waterproof
Polish; metal, paste
Polish; silver
Polish; stove
Powder; scouring (for) floors
Powder; scouring (for) highly-polished glass
Soap; chip
Soap; grit, cake
Soap; grit, handP-S-576
Soap; laundry, liquidP-S-586
Soap; laundry, ordinary
Soap; laundry, powdered
Soap- Powder
Soap-salt-waterP-S-611
Soap; soft, (for) automobile and general cleaningF-S-612
Soap; toilet, floating; whiteF-\$-616
Soap; toilet, liquid
Soap; toilet, milled
Soap; toilet, powdered (for) dispensers
Soda; caustic (lye): (for) cleaning purposes
Soda; Laundry (washing soda)F-S-641
Solvent; dry cleaning
COAL AND PRODUCTS (GROUP Q)
Coke: foundry

# COAL-TAR AND PRODUCTS (GROUP R)

Pitch; coal-tar (for) mineral-surfaced built-up roofing, waterproofing and dampproofing	.R-T-101 .R-T-111 .R-T-121 .R-T-126 .R-T-131
CORDAGE, TWINE, AND PRODUCTS (GROUP T)	
Cord; sash, cotton, braided Cordage; hemp, tarred Rope; cotton Rope; manila Twine; cotton, wrapping Twine; cotton, seine Twine; hemp Twine; jute	.T-C-621 .T-R-571 .T-R-601a .T-T-871 .T-T-881a .T-T-901a
DRUGS AND MEDICINES (GROUP U)	
Alloy; dental, amalgam	.U-A-45la
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS (GROUP V)	
Buttons Mattresses; cotton, felted Mattresses; inner-spring Pillows; feather	.V-M-81 .V-M-96
ELECTRIC-APPARATUS (GROUP W)	
Bases; cut-out (for) enclosed-cartridge,	W-B-101a W-F-421 W-F-803 W-F-805 W-F-831 W-L-101c W-P-131
flush-type, with wall-plates	.W-S-893
Switches; snap, single-unit, interchangeable, flush-type, with wall-plates	.w-S-896

Specification Symbol

# FURNITURE (GROUP AA)

Beds; hospital  Beds; hospital (adjustable spring bottom)  Cabinets; stationery; storage, and clothing (steel)  Cases; transfer, steel  Chairs; bent-wood  Chairs; folding, metal  Chairs; office, wood  Costumers; wood  Cots; folding, canvas  Desks; steel  Desks; wood  Furniture and Cabinets; office, sectional, steel  Furniture and Cabinets; office, sectional, wood  Lockers; clothes, steel  Safes; burglar-resisting  Safes; insulated	AA-B-2llaAA-C-3lAA-C-12lAA-C-28lAA-C-29lAA-C-31l (10¢)AA-C-556AA-C-57laAA-D-19lAA-D-20lAA-F-80lAA-L-486AA-S-7l
Shelving; steel, storage. Stands; dictionary. Stools; wood. Tables; office, steel. Tables; and typewriter-stands, wood. Wardrobes; wood.	AA-S-671 AA-S-701 (10¢) AA-T-91 AA-T-101
GLASS AND GLASSWARE (GROUP DD)	
Bottles; prescription	DD-C-311

Bottles; prescription	.DD-B-591
Chimneys and Globes (lemp and lantern); glass	
Cups; pin and sponge	
Droppers; medicine	
Glass; flat (for) glazing purposes	
Glasses; medicine	
Tableware; glass	
Urinals; glass, male, graduated	
Volumetric-Apparatus; glass	

# HARDWARE (GROUP FF)

Bolts, lag; steel (lag-screws).  Bolts; Nuts; Studs; and Tap-Rivets (and material) for Casters; metal-chair.  Casters; truck.  Casters; wood-chair.  Clips; paper, wire.  Dispensers; soap.  Fasteners; paper, brass.  Hardware, builders!; lock and lock-trim.  Hardware, builders!; shelf and miscellaneous.  Hardware, builders!; hinges.  Hardware, builders!; door-closers.  Hardware and Fittings; (for) lavatory partitions and inclosures.  Nails; Spikes; Staples; and Tacks.  Padlocks.  Pins; cotter, split.  Pins; office.  Screws, machine; (including Screws, set).  Screws; wood.  Thumbtecks.  Turnbuckles.	same.FF-B-571aFF-C-81FF-C-86FF-C-91aFF-C-436FF-D-396FF-H-101FF-H-111 (10¢)FF-H-116a(10¢)FF-H-121aFF-H-101 (10¢)FF-P-101aFF-P-386FF-F-386FF-S-91FF-S-111
Wool; steel	FF-W-556
INSTRUMENTS (GROUP GG)	
Bandages; plaster-of-Paris	GG-C-101 GG-E-671 GG-I-531 GG-M-71 GG-M-191 GG-S-776 GG-S-776 GG-T-311 GG-T-321
INSULATING MATERIALS (GROUP HH)	
Brick; fire-clay  Brick; silica  Clay; fire  Cork; compressed (corkboard)  Cork; granulated, insulating	<b>нн-в-6</b> 81 нн-с-451а нн-с-561

#### TILE

# INSULATING MATERIALS (GROUP HH) sontinued

Cotton-Fabric; woven, asphalt-saturated	HH-C-58la
Felt; asphalt-saturated (for) flashings,	
roofing and waterproofing	HH-F-191
Felt; coal-tar-saturated (for) roofing and waterproofing	
Gaskets; asbestos-copper, corrugated	HH-G-71
Gaskets; asbestos, metallic-cloth	HH-G-76
Gaskets; metallic-encased	HH-G-101
Gaskets; rubber, molded, sheet, and strip	HH-G-156
Linings; brake-band	
Magnesia; block, cement, and pipe-covering (molded)	HH-M-61
Millboard; asbestos	HH-M-351
Packing; asbestos, metallic-cloth, sheet	
Packing; asbestos, rod, high-pressure	
Packing; asbestos, rope and wick	
Packing; asbestos, sheet, compressed	
Packing; asbestos, valve-stem	
Packing; diaphragm	
Packing; fabric, condenser-tube	
Packing; fiber, hard, sheet	
Packing; fiber (for) lubricating and fuel-oil	
Packing; flax	
Packing; hydraulic	
Packing; metallic, flexible	
Packing; metallic, and non-metallic, plastic	
Packing; rubber, cloth-insertion	
Packing; rubber, wire-insertion	
Packing; semimatallic	
Packing; spiral, gland, low-pressure	
Refractories; fire-clay, plastic	
Tape; friction	
Tape; rubber, insulating	
Tubing, flexible, nonmetallic	HH-T-791
KNIT GOODS, NETTING, AND WEBBING (GROUP JJ)	
and it would have a sub-	

Netting; mosquito (unbleached-bobbinet)......JJ-N-191

Specification Symbol

# LEATHER AND LEATHER-GOODS (GROUP KK)

Aprons; leather, blacksmiths'  Bags; hand, leather  Belts; lineman's, safety, leather  Belting; flat, leather (vegetable-tanned)  Cases; brief, leather	KK-E-50 KK-B-151 (10¢) KK-B-201
Envelopes; leather	KK-E-561
Holsters; pistol, leather	•••••КК-н-566
Leather; artificial (upholstery)	•••••K-L-136
Leather; bag	KK-L-151a
Leather; case	
Leather; harness, black and russet	
Leather; hydraulic-packing (vegetable-tanned)	
Leather; lace	
Leather; rigging	
Leather; sole, vegetable-tanned	
Leather; strap, black and russet  Leather; upholstery	
Skins; chamois.	
Welting; leather, shoe	
wording, reading, bildering	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
LUMBER AND TIMBER (GROUP MM)	
Lumber and Timber; hardwoodLumber and Timber; softwood	
LUMBER PRODUCTS (GROUP NN)	
Handles; ash (for) tools	NN-H-91 NN-H-101
MACHINERY (GROUP 00)	
Laundry-Appliances	00-L-131b (10¢

Specification Symbol

# METALS (CROUP QQ)

Aluminum-Alloy (aluminum-manganese); bars, rods, shapes,	
and wire	• •
Aluminum-Alloy; ingots	
Aluminum; ingots	
Bars; reinforcement, (for) concrete	
Bases, metal; (for) plaster and stucco construction	
Brass; castings (to be brazed)	•124-B-POT
Brass, commercial; bars, plates, rods, shapes, sheets,	00 D (316
and strips	
Brass, commercial and naval; castings	. 76-D-08I
Brass, naval; bars, plates, rods, shapes, sheets, and ;	00 D.636
strips  Bronze, aluminum; bars, plates, rods, shapes, sheets and	•ಲೆನೆ-□-೧೨೧
strins	CO-D-666
Bronze, aluminum; castings	
Bronze; castings	
Bronze; ingots	
Bronze, manganese; bars, forgings, plates, rods, and shapes	
Bronze, manganese; castings	
Bronze, manganese; ingots (for remelting)	
Bronze, phosphor; bars, plates, rods, shapes, sheets, and	• 4° D 10TG
strips	.GO-B-746
Copper; bars, plates, rods, shapes, sheets, and strips	
Copper; ingots	
Copper-Nickel-Alloy; bars, plates, rods, shapes, sheets,	
strips, tubing, (seamless) and wire	.ସ୍ର-C-541
Copper-Nickel-Alloy; castings	
Copper; phosphor	.ମ୍ୟ-C-571
Copper; silicon	. NQ-C-581
Copper-Silicon-Alloy; castings	. ର୍ୟ-୯-593
Culverts; iron or steel, zinc-coated	
Ferrochromium	.QQ-F-151
Ferromanganese	•
Ferrosilicon	- •
Ferrotitanium	
Iron, gray; castings	
Iron, gray, high test (semisteel); castings	.ପୃ <b>ର୍-</b> I-656

# METALS (GROUP CQ) continued

Iron, malleable; castings.   QQ-I-666     Iron; pig, foundry.   QQ-I-676     Iron, wrought (refined); bar.   QQ-I-686a     Iron and Steel; sheet, black and zinc-coated (galvanized) QQ-I-696     Lead; calking.   QQ-L-156     Lead; pig.   QQ-L-171     Lead; sheet.   QQ-L-201     Manganese; ore.   QQ-M-71     Metal, antifriction; castings and ingots.   QQ-M-161     Nickel; (for) remelting.   QQ-M-161     Nickel-Silver (German-Silver); bars, plates, rods, shapes     sheets, and strips.   QQ-N-321     Rods; welding, nonferrous (for) gas welding.   QQ-S-551     Solder; brazing.   QQ-S-551     Solder; silver.   QQ-S-561b     Solder; tin-lead.   QQ-S-561b     Solder; tin-lead.   QQ-S-561     Steel; castings.   QQ-S-561     Steel; staybolt (boiler)   QQ-S-691     Steel; staybolt (boiler)   QQ-S-701     Steel; staybolt (boiler)   QQ-S-751     Tin; phosphor.   QQ-T-351     Tin; phosphor.   QQ-T-351     Wire; brass.   QQ-W-321     Wire; phosphor-bronze, spring.   QQ-W-321     Wire; plates, sheets, and strips.   QQ-Z-351     Zinc; plates, sheets, and strips.   QQ-Z-351     Zinc; slab (spelter).   QQ-Z-351     CQ-Z-351     CQ-Z-17	
METAL PRODUCTS (GROUP RR)	
Barrels; steel, type 5	ž)
MINERALS AND PRODUCTS (non-metallic) (GROUP SS)	
Asphalt; (for) built-up roofing, waterproofing, and damp- proofing	

# MINERALS AND PRODUCTS (non-metallic) (GROUP SS) & ontinued

Asphalt; petroleum, type PAF-1-25 (for) joint-filler (squeegee or pouring method)	.SS-A-701
Brick; building (common), clay	•SS-B-663 •SS-B-671a •SS-B-681
Brick; sewer, clay	.SS-C-153 .SS-C-161 .SS-C-181b
Concrete-Units; masonry, hollow	.SS-C-621 .SS-F-111 .SS-G-901 .SS-L-351
Pipe; concrete, non-pressure, non-reinforced and reinforced  Plaster; gypsum  Plaster Board; gypsum  Quicklime; (for) structural purposes	.SS-P-401 .SS-P-431a .SS-Q-351
Roof-Coating; asphalt, brushing consistency	.SS-R-501 .SS-R-511 .SS-R-521 .SS-S-31 .SS-S-451
Stone; architectural, cast	•SS-T-321 •SS-T-341 •SS-T-351
PAINTS, PIGMENTS, VARYISHES AND PRODUCTS (GROUP TT)	
Aluminum-Powder; (for) paints (aluminum-bronze-powder) Blue-Lead; basic-sulphate, dry and paste-in-oil Boneblack; dry, paste-in-japan, paste-in-oil Chrome, green; oxide Chrome, green; pure, dry, paste-in-japan, paste-in-oil Chrome, yellow; dry, paste-in-japan, paste-in-oil (lemon, medium, orange).	.TT-B-486 .TT-B-601 .TT-C-231 .TT-C-236
Drier; paint, liquid.  Enamel; interior, gloss, light-tints and white  Enamel; pigmented (air-drying and baking), black  Enamel; water-resisting, red  Filler; wood, paste  Ink; copying and record  Ink; drawing, waterproof, black	.TT-E-506a .TT-E-521 .TT-E-531a .TT-F-336 .TT-I-521

# PAINTS, PIGMENTS, VARNISHES AND PRODUCTS (GROUP TT) continued

Ink; drawing, waterproof; colored
tintedTT-P-36a
Paints; oil, interior, eggshell-flat-finish, ready-mixed and semipaste, light-tints and white
Paint; outside, ready-mixed, medium-chrome-yellowTT-P-53
Paint; (for) priming plaster-surfaces (plaster-primer and sealer) TT-F-56
Paints; ready-mixed and semipaste, blackTT-P-61
Paints; ready-mixed and semipaste, greenTT-P-71
Paints; ready-mixed and semipaste, olive-drabTT-P-81
Paints; titanium-zinc, and titanium-zinc-lead.outside, ready-
mixed, white
Prussian-Blue; dry, paste-in-japan, paste-in-oilTT-P-691
Putty; pure-linseed-oil, (for) wood-sash glazingTT-P-79la
Red-Lead; dry and paste-in-oilTT-R-19la
Remover; paint and varnish (organic-solvent-type)TT-R-251
Shellac; orange
Thinner; paint (for) semipaste paintsTT-T-271
Thinner; paint, volatile mineral spirits
Ultramarine Blue; dry, paste-in-japan, paste-in-oilTT-U-451
Varnish; asphaltTT-V-51
Varnish; interior
Varnish; mixing (for) aluminum-paintTT-V-81
Varnish; shellacTT-V-91
Varnish; spar, water-resistingTT-V-121a
White-Lead; basic-carbonate, dry, paste-in-oil, and
semipaste containing volatile-thinnerTT-W-25la
White-Lead; besic-sulphate; dry and paste-in-oilTT-W-26la
Zinc-Oxide; dry and paste-in-oil
Zinc-Oxide; leaded, dry and paste-in-oil
PAPER AND PRODUCTS (GROUP UU)
Bags; paper, kraft, grocers'
Bands; paper, shirt, laundry
Board; bristol
Board; illustrating
Boxes; cardboard, laundry
Cards; guide (card-size)
Cards; guide, calendered (file-size)
Cards; guide, pressboard, (file-size)

Specification Symbol

# PAPER AND PRODUCTS (GROUP UU) continued

Cards; index, 50% rag	.UU-C-111
Cards; index, 100% rag (for) permanent-records	.UU-C-116
Cards; index, chemical-wood	
Cardboard; bristol, manila, and railroad	.UU-C-201
Cups; naper	•UU-C-806a
Folders; file (calendered), vertical	.UU-F-571a
Folders; file, pressboard	
Napkins, table, paper	.UU-N-106
Pads; memorandum	.UU-P-21
Paper; blotting	
Paper; blue-print (sensitized and unsensitized)	.UU-P-79
Paper; bond, white and colored	.UU-F-121b
Paper; brownprint, (sensitized, and sensitized and transparentized.	
Paper; carbon, light-weight (typewriter), black	.UU-P-15la
Paper; carbon, standard-weight (typewriter), black	
Paper; chart, 100% rag, lithograph-finish, white	.UU-P-171
Paper; computing-machine	
Paper; cross-section, printed, drawing and tracing	
Paper; cross-section, ruled	
Paper; detail-drawing	
Paper; drawing	
Paper; index	
Paper; kraft, wrapping	
Paper; kraft, wrapping, paraffined	
Paper; kraft, wrapping, waterproofed	
Paper; ledger	
Paper; manifold	
Paper; mimeograph	
Paper; photographic, blotting, white	
Paper; printing, book, machine-finish	
Paper; sheathing, waterproof	
Paper; stencil, board	
Paper; teletype, roll and tape	
Paper; tcilet, tissue, roll (round and oval) and sheet	
Paper; tracing	
Faper; writing	
Tags; shipping and stock	
Tape; paper, gummed, (kraft)	
Towels, paper	
WELL T THOSE FOR THE COURT OF THE FOREST CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	- UNITED TO A

# PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS (GROUP VV)

Gasoline; motor, U. S. Government
TUBES, AND TUBING (metallic) (GROUP WW)
Conduit; steel, rigid, enameled

# PIPE, PIPE-FITTINCS, PLUMBING-FIXTURES, TUBES, AND TUBING (metallic) (GROUP WW) - continued

Pipe; steel, seamless and welded, black and zinc-coated	
RUBBER AND RUBBER-GOODS (GROUP ZZ)	
Aprons; rubber, surgeons'	

# RUBBER AND RUBBER GOODS (GROUP ZZ) - continued

Heels; rubber	-H-421a -H-451 -H-461a -H-461a -H-466b -H-481a -H-496 -H-521 -H-521 -H-561a -H-581 -H-601 -H-611 -I-121 -M-71 -M-81 -O-841 -P-351 -S-916 -T-91 -T-351 -T-381b -T-391 -T-401 -T-636 -T-721b -T-766 -T-831
Valves; rubberZZ	
TOUT TO LONGTO LAAL	
SCALES (GROUP AAA)	
Scales; railroad-track	-S-101 -S-121a

TILE

Specification Symbol

# TEXTILES (yardage) (GROUP CCC)

Burlap; jute	CCC-B-811 CCC-C-271 CCC-C-406 CCC-C-451 CCC-C-521a CCC-D-151a CCC-D-171 CCC-D-651 CCC-D-651 CCC-D-771a CCC-G-101 CCC-J-191 CCC-J-191 CCC-P-191 CCC-S-271 CCC-S-271 CCC-S-281 CCC-S-291
TEXTILE PRODUCTS (GROUP DDD)	
Bandages; gauze, compressed	DDD-B-61a DDD-C-51 DDD-C-61b DDD-C-71a DDD-C-301 DDD-C-481a DDD-C-491
Pillow-Cases; cotton, bleached	DDD-R-271 DDD-R-291

Specification Symbol

# TOOLS (GROUP GGG)

A 3	000 4 161
Adzes	• GGG-A-IDI
Augers, Bits (auger and woodboring), and Chisels	~~~ 1 003
(mortising, hollow); woodworkers'	
Axes	
Bers; chisel, crow, pinch, and wrecking	
Braces; ratchet	
Chisels, Gouges and Slicks; woodworkers	
Clamps; and Hand-Screws	
Coppers; soldering	
Cutlery; galley and kitchen	
Cutters; glass (wheel-type)	.GGG-C-751
Cutters; pipe	.GGG-C-771
Dividers	.GGG-D-351
Frames; hack-saw	.GGG-F-671
Gages; plug and ring, plain and thread	.GGG-G-61 (10¢
Goggles; eyecup, chippers'	.GGG-G-501
Goggles; protective (glare and welders')	.GGG-G-511(10g
Gogales; rubber-frame	
Hand-Saw-Sets	
Hatchets	.GGG-H-131
Helmets and Masks; (for) abrasive-cleaning	
Helmets and Shields (hand-held); welders	
Jacks	
Knives; drawing	
Knives; linoleum, plumbers'-chimping, putty, scraping and shoe	
Ladles; plumbers'	
Nail-Sets.	
Pullers; nail	
Punches; bag, center, coopers, coppering, cutting and drive-pin.	
Rules.	
Saws	
Scissors and Shears	
Screw-Drivers	
Scribers; machinists'	
Shaves; spoke	
Shears; tinners', bench, and hand (snips)	
Tools; blacksmiths' and horseshoers'	
Tools; pipe-threading, hand	
Trowels; plastering, cement, brick, and pointing	
Wrenches; pipe	·GG-W-DDI

TITLE Specification Symbol VEGETABLE-PRODUCTS (GROUP JJJ) Cotton; absorbent......JJJ-C-561 Oil; linseed, raw......JJJ-0-336 Wax; sealing......JJJ-W-15la WOOD-PRODUCTS (GROUP LLL) Boxes; fiber, corrugated.....LLL-B-63la Boxes; fiber, solid.......LLL-B-636a Linoleum; battleship......LLL-L-351 Linoleum; plain, inlaid and printed...................LLL-L-361 Receptacles; waste-paper, fiber, office and lobby.....LLL-R-191 Turpentine; (for) paint, type I......................LLL-T-79la

Turpentine; (for) paint, type II......LLL-T-792

# LIST OF COMMERCIAL STANDARDS TO WHICH THE CERTIFICATION PLAN HAS BEEN APPLIED

NOTE:

Printed pamphlets may be obtained for five cents a copy

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Title CS No.	
Apple Wraps	(OP)
Board, Binders, for Bookbinding and Other Purposes50-34 Board, Chip, Laminated Chip Board and Miscellaneous Boards for Bookbinding Purposes	
Board, Fiber Insulating (Second Edition)	(10¢)
Purposes except Library Bindings	
Colors for Sanitary Ware	(20¢)
(Overall Elastic Webbing)	
Gage Blanks (Second Edition)	(OP)
Gold Filled and Rolled Gold Plate Articles, Other than Watch Cases, Marking of	1104
Hardware; Builders' Nontemplate	
Mattresses for Hospitals	
Poment Mohair Plain Frieze and 50-Percent Mohair Plain	

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Stopcocks, Stoppers and Joints, Interchangeable