



A11105 966845

NISTIR 90-4282

REFERENCE

NIST
PUBLICATIONS

**FILE COPY
DO NOT TAKE**

ANNOTATED AND INDEXED BIBLIOGRAPHY OF EXPERIMENTAL PHOTON-ATTENUATION COEFFICIENTS FOR COMPOUNDS

J. H. Hubbell

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Institute of Standards
and Technology
Center for Radiation Research
Gaithersburg, MD 20899**

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Robert A. Mosbacher, Secretary
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS
AND TECHNOLOGY
Dr. John W. Lyons, Director**



QC
100
.U56
MO.90-4282
1990

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS &
TECHNOLOGY
Research Information Center
Gaithersburg, MD 20899

NISTR
QC100
1156
9348
1-70

NISTIR 90-4282

ANNOTATED AND INDEXED BIBLIOGRAPHY OF EXPERIMENTAL PHOTON-ATTENUATION COEFFICIENTS FOR COMPOUNDS

J. H. Hubbell

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Institute of Standards
and Technology
Center for Radiation Research
Gaithersburg, MD 20899**

May 1990



**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Robert A. Mosbacher, Secretary
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS
AND TECHNOLOGY
Dr. John W. Lyons, Director**

ANNOTATED AND INDEXED BIBLIOGRAPHY OF EXPERIMENTAL
PHOTON-ATTENUATION COEFFICIENTS FOR COMPOUNDS

J. H. Hubbell

11830 Rocking Horse Road, Rockville, MD 20852

ABSTRACT

This report presents a bibliography of 106 papers reporting absolute measurements of photon (XUV, x-ray, gamma-ray, bremsstrahlung) total interaction cross sections or attenuation coefficients for molecular or ionic chemical compounds. The energy range covered extends from 10 eV to above 10 GeV. The time period covered extends from 1921 to 1989. Included with each reference are annotations specifying the substances studied and the energy range covered. An index, alphabetized by chemical symbols, is provided. The validity of applying the "mixture rule" for use of theoretical neutral-atom data for deriving data for chemical compounds is discussed.

KEY WORDS: attenuation coefficient, bibliography, compounds, cross section, gamma rays, mixture rule, photons, x rays.

PREPARED FOR: U.S. Department of Commerce
National Institute of Standards and Technology
in fulfillment of Contract No. 52SBNB9C5226, Phase Two
COTR Dr. B. M. Coursey.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|----|
| I. Introduction; Definitions | 1 |
| II. Compilation of the Bibliography | 1 |
| III. Description of the Bibliography | 2 |
| IV. Discussion, Including Mixture Rule | 2 |
| V. Text References | 4 |
| VI. Annotated Bibliography of Experimental Photon Attenuation Coefficients for Compounds, Arranged by Year and Author | 7 |
| VII. Substance Index to Bibliography, Alphabetized by Chemical Symbol | 19 |

I. Introduction; Definitions

Values of the photon (extreme ultraviolet (XUV), x-ray, gamma-ray, bremsstrahlung) mass attenuation coefficient are required in a variety of medical, industrial, defense and scientific applications, as discussed, for example in reference [1]. The symbolic notation for the photon mass attenuation coefficient is μ/ρ , in units of $\text{m}^2 \text{kg}^{-1}$, or more customarily in $\text{cm}^2 \text{g}^{-1}$, where μ is the linear attenuation coefficient in m^{-1} or more customarily in cm^{-1} , and ρ is the substance density in kg m^{-3} or more customarily in g cm^{-3} .

For any homogeneous material the photon mass attenuation coefficient is defined (see, e.g., reference [2]) for monoenergetic photons in terms of the attenuation I/I_0 of a narrowly-collimated photon beam incident normally on a plane-parallel slab of the material of thickness t where I_0 is the incident intensity and I is the transmitted intensity, according to

$$I/I_0 = \exp(-(\mu/\rho)t) \quad (1)$$

in which t is in units reciprocal to μ/ρ , e.g., kg m^{-2} or g cm^{-2} . Hence, from the above type of measurement μ/ρ can be obtained as

$$\mu/\rho = (-\ln(I/I_0))/t \quad (2)$$

The available theoretical information on μ/ρ , derived from probabilities for the principal interaction processes of photons with atoms: atomic photoeffect, Compton and Rayleigh scattering, pair and triplet production, is for isolated atoms. Hence standard compilations of μ/ρ developed at NIST [2-14] and elsewhere, e.g., [15-20] are for isolated atoms, or for compounds ignoring the effects, if any, of chemical binding on the probabilities for the above photon-atom interaction processes.

II. Compilation of the Bibliography

An invaluable aid in preparing this report was the extensive collection of μ/ρ research results, both published and unpublished, made available to the author of this report. This unique internationally recognized resource reference collection has been accumulated at NBS/NIST from the early 1950's to the present (1990) as a result of systematic search and surveillance of the published and unpublished literature, and by promotion of new μ/ρ measurements where gaps in the reliable information become evident from the vantage point of such a systematic data collection project over the extensive photon energy range 10 eV to 100 GeV and for all elements, compounds, and other substances of technological or medical interest. Unsolicited research results also continue to be received by NIST from all parts of the globe in recognition of the NBS/NIST historically dominant national [21-23] and international [24] role in critical evaluation, compilation and dissemination of μ/ρ data required in such diverse technological applications as design optimization and safety assessment in air cargo x-ray surveillance systems [25].

The literature reporting available absolute measured μ/ρ data for the time period 1909 to 1971 for elements (some data were deduced from measurements or compounds) was reviewed by and indexed by Hubbell in 1971 [26]. This material was updated and extended to include compounds and other substances by Hubbell et al. in 1986 [27]. The present bibliography and index focuses only on those references which report absolute μ/ρ measurement for compounds, and draws heavily on reference [27] as a resource, extending the time coverage of that report up to 1989.

In the annotations and indexing in reference [27], which focused primarily on elemental data, compounds were identified either by name or by chemical-symbol formula, in most cases not by both. In the present bibliography the chemical-symbol formulas are used consistently throughout the annotations and the index, so that all the available references for a given compound will be found in the same place in the index, instead of in two places as in reference [27].

III. Description of the Bibliography

The annotated bibliography in Section VI uses the same six-character reference symbols as were used in references [26] and [27]. The first two characters are the last two digits of the year of publication (or report). The next two characters are the first two letters of the first author's last name. The final two digits (usually 01) are added to insure uniqueness. The references are arranged in increasing order of year of publication and within each year alphabetically by first author. For each item the reference symbol is at the left margin. Next comes a complete listing of all authors, the journal title, volume number, pagination and year (or alternate referencing if not a journal article). The title of the article is given on the lines following. On the last line, enclosed in parenthesis, is the photon energy range studied, then a listing of (a) the elements measured in order of increasing atomic number, (b) chemical-symbol formulas for the compounds measured, which are the focus of the present report, and (c) additional substances measured but not characterizable by a chemical formula.

Section VII is a substance index to the above annotated bibliography, alphabetized by chemical symbol. In the right hand column the number of references containing information on a given compound is indicated.

IV. Discussion, Including Mixture Rule

Theoretical predictions of μ/ρ , and the primary experimental databases of μ/ρ , are almost universally for isolated neutral atoms, whereas real substances, except for the noble gases He, Ne, Ar, Kr, Xe, and Rn are almost never encountered in this state. To obtain μ/ρ values for compounds, the "mixture rule" is generally applied, summing over the contributions of μ/ρ from each constituent element multiplied by its fraction by weight in the compound.

A definitive discussion of the mixture rule has been given by Deslattes in 1969 [28], particularly for the photon energy regions just above the atomic photoeffect absorption edges. In these atomic electron subshell threshold regions, the ejected photoelectrons are of low energy. Hence the atomic photoeffect process here is sensitive to chemical and solid state effects on the valence electrons, and to a lesser extent to such effects on inner-shell electrons.

These chemical and solid-state effects are manifested strikingly in the extended x-ray absorption fine structure (EXAFS), to the extent that these oscillatory variations in μ/ρ , with spectral peaks and valleys of the order of 10 eV in width, are now used extensively as an analytical technique. The history of EXAFS from its origins up through 1975, with some references up through 1988, is the subject of a recent (1989) excellent review by von Bordwehr [29]. An additional review of EXAFS as a modern structural tool in materials science has been given by Wong [30].

In addition to chemically-dependent fine structure just above μ/ρ absorption edges, with oscillations typically as much as 10 to 15% of μ/ρ from peak to valley, smooth monotonic curves drawn through this fine structure (such as would be seen by a detector with wide-band energy discrimination) depart systematically from theory [31] by as much as 10%, usually exceeding theory, but sometimes the reverse. The latter systematic effects have been observed and discussed by Del Grande et al. [32,33].

Both the EXAFS features and the systematic (Del Grande effect) discrepancies are generally confined to the photon energy regions within 1 keV above absorption edges. Outside these edge regions the chemical effects are expected to be negligible (less than 2%), allowing general use of the mixture rule. However, further experimental and theoretical studies, questioning the validity of the mixture rule outside the EXAFS regions, including the pair and triplet production region above 1 MeV where theoretical cross section calculations also utilize atomic structure data, would be useful.

Also, to maintain the NIST unique μ/ρ national and international resource data base as up-to-date and comprehensive as possible, the author, in behalf of NIST, would appreciate receiving any corrections, additions, and comments on this work. In particular, any new papers containing photon absorption cross section data, for elements, compounds, and other substances, will be welcomed.

V. Text References

1. Hubbell, J.H., Industrial, Agricultural, and Medical Applications of Radiation Metrology: Current Status and Prospects for the 1990's, Proceedings of the 6th Pacific Basin Nuclear Conference, Beijing, September 7-11, 1987, p. 407-412.
2. Hubbell, J.H., Photon Cross Sections, Attenuation Coefficients, and Energy Absorption Coefficients from 10 keV to 100 GeV, NSRDS-NBS Rep. 29 (1969).
3. White (Grodstein), G.R., X-Ray Attenuation Coefficients from 10 keV to 100 MeV, NBS Rep. 1003 (1952).
4. Fano, U., Gamma-Ray Attenuation, Part 1, *Nucleonics* 11 (8), 8-12 (1953); Part 2, 11 (9), 55-60 (1953).
5. Grodstein, G.R., X-ray Attenuation Coefficients from 10 keV to 100 MeV, NBS Circ. 583 (1957).
6. McGinnies, R.T., X-Ray Attenuation Coefficients from 10 keV to 100 MeV, Suppl. to NBS Circ. 583 (1959).
7. Berger, R.T. (McGinnies), The X- or Gamma-Ray Energy Absorption or Transfer Coefficient: Tabulations and Discussion, *Rad. Res.* 15, 1-29 (1961).
8. Hubbell, J.H. and Berger, M.J., Sec. 4.1: Attenuation Coefficients, Energy Absorption Coefficients, and Related Quantities (p. 167-184) and Sec. 4.2: Photon Atomic Cross Sections (p. 185-202). IAEA Engineering Compendium on Radiation Shielding, R.G. Jaeger, ed., Springer, Berlin (1968).
9. Hubbell, J.H., McMaster, W.H., Del Grande, N.K., and Mallett, J.H., Sec. 2.1: X-Ray Cross Sections and Attenuation Coefficients (p. 47-70), IUCr International Tables for X-Ray Crystallography, J.A. Ibers and W.C. Hamilton, eds., Kynoch Press, Birmingham, England (1974); based on McMaster, W.H., Del Grande, N.K., Mallett, J.H., and Hubbell, J.H., Compilation of X-Ray Cross Sections, Lawrence Livermore Nat. Lab. Rep. UCRL-50174, Sec II, Rev.1 (1969).
10. Hubbell, J.H., Photon Mass Attenuation and Mass Energy-Absorption Coefficients for H, C, N, O, Ar, and Seven Mixtures from 0.1 keV to 20 MeV, *Rad. Res.* 70, 58-81 (1977)
11. Hubbell, J.H., Gimm, H.A. and Øverbø, I., Pair, Triplet and Total Atomic Cross Sections (and Mass Attenuation Coefficients) for 1 MeV-100 GeV Photons in Elements Z = 1 to 100, *J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data* 9, 1023-1147 (1980).
12. Hubbell, J.H., Photon Mass Attenuation and Energy-Absorption Coefficients from 1 keV to 20 MeV, *Int. J. Appl. Radiat. Isot.* 33, 1269-1290 (1982).

13. Berger, M.J. and Hubbell, J.H., XCOM: Photon Cross Sections on a Personal Computer, NBSIR 87-3597 (1987).
14. Saloman, E.B., Hubbell, J.H., and Scofield, J.H., X-Ray Attenuation Coefficients (Total Cross Sections) for Energies between 0.1-100 keV, Atomic Data and Nuclear Data Tables 38, 1-197 (1988).
15. Henke, B.L., and Elgin, R.L., X-Ray Absorption Tables for the 2- to 200 Å Region, Advances in X-Ray Anal. 13, 639-664 (1970).
16. Henke, B.L., Lee, P., Tanaka, T.J., Shimabukuro, R.L., and Fujikawa, B.K., Low-Energy X-Ray Interaction Coefficients: Photoabsorption, Scattering, and Reflection, E= 100-2000 eV, Z=1-94, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables 27, 1-144 (1982).
17. Hudson, R.D., and Kieffer, L.J., Compilation of Atomic Ultraviolet Photoabsorption Cross Sections for Wavelengths between 3000 and 10 Å, At. Data 2, 205-262 (1971).
18. Stainer, H.M., X-Ray Mass Absorption Coefficients. A Literature Survey, U.S. Bureau of Mines Info. Circ. 8166 (1963).
19. Storm, E., and Israel, H.I., Photon Cross Sections from 1 keV to 100 MeV for Elements Z=1 to Z=100, Nucl. Data Tables A 7, 565-681 (1970).
20. Veigele, Wm.J., Photon Cross Sections from 0.1 keV to 1 MeV for Elements Z=1 to Z=94, At. Data 5, 51-111 (1973).
21. Trubey, D.K., Berger, M.J., and Hubbell, J.H., Photon Cross Sections for ENDF/B-VI, presented at Am. Nucl. Soc. Topical Meeting: Advances in Nuclear Computation and Radiation Shielding, Santa Fe, NM, April 9-13, 1989.
22. Cullen, D.E., Chen, M.H., Hubbell, J.H., Perkins, S.T., Plechaty, E.F., Rathkopf, J.A., and Scofield, J.H., Tables and Graphs of Photon Interaction Cross Sections from 10 eV to 100 GeV Derived from the LLNL Evaluated Nuclear Data Library (ENDL), Lawrence Livermore National Lab. Report UCRL-50400, Vol. 6, Rev. 4 (in press).
23. Higgins, P.D., Sibata, C.H., Attix, F.H., Hubbell, J.H., Seltzer, S.M., and Berger, M.J., Mass Energy-Transfer and Absorption Coefficients, Including In-Flight Positron Annihilation, to be submitted to Med. Phys.
24. Creagh, D.C. and Hubbell, J.H., X-Ray Absorption (or Attenuation) Coefficients, Section 4.2.4 in International Tables for Crystallography (in press).
25. Hubbell, J.H. (Chairman), (WHO/IAEA) Consultation on Food Safety Aspects Relating to the Application of X-Ray Surveillance Equipment, Neuherberg/Munich, W. Germany, November 13-17, 1989, World Health Organization Press Release, November 30, 1989.

26. Hubbell, J.H., Survey of Photon-Attenuation-Measurements 10 eV to 100 GeV, At. Data 3, 241-297 (1971).
27. Hubbell, J.H., Gerstenberg, H.M., and Saloman, E.B., Bibliography of Photon Total Cross Section (Attenuation Coefficient) Measurements 10 eV to 13.5 GeV, NBSIR 86-3461 (1986).
28. Deslattes, R.D., Estimates of X-Ray Attenuation Coefficients for the Elements and Their Compounds, Acta Cryst. A 25, 89-93 (1969).
29. von Bordwehr, R.S., A History of X-Ray Absorption Fine Structure, Ann. Phys. (France) 14, 377-466 (1989).
30. Wong, J., Extended X-Ray Absorption Fine Structure: A Modern Structural Tool in Materials Science, Mat. Sci. Engin. 80, 107-128 (1986).
31. Scofield, J.H., Theoretical Photoionization Cross Sections from 1 to 1500 keV, Lawrence Livermore National Lab. Report UCRL-51326 (1973), also, 1985 personal communication of additional data 0.1 to 1.0 keV.
32. Del Grande, N.K., Tirsell, K.G., Schneider, M.B., Garrett, R.F., Kneidler, E.M., and Manson, S.T., Resonances in Near-Threshold X-Ray Photoabsorption of Inner Shells, J. de Physique, Colloq. C9, 951-954 (1987).
33. Del Grande, N.K., Measured 1 to 40 keV Photoabsorption Cross Sections for: Fe, Ni, Sn, Ta, Pt, Au, Pb, U, SPIE Proc. 691, 2-10 (1986).

VI. Annotated Bibliography of Experimental Photon Attenuation Coefficients for Compounds, Arranged by Year and Author.

- 21He01 Hewlett, C. W., Phys. Rev. 17, 284-301 (1921)
The Mass Absorption and Mass Scattering Coefficients for Homogeneous X Rays of Wavelength Between 0.13 and 1.05 Angstrom Units in Water, Lithium, Carbon, Nitrogen, Oxygen, Aluminum and Iron
(11.76-118.1 keV: Li, C, N, O, Al, Fe, H₂O)
- 22Bu01 Burbidge, P. W., Philos. Mag. 43, 381-392 (1922)
The Absorption of the K X-Rays of Silver in Gases and Gaseous Mixtures
(22.16 keV: Air, CO₂, SO₂, CH₃I)
- 22Ta01 Taylor, E. G., Phys. Rev. 20, 709-714 (1922)
Absorption Coefficients for Homogeneous X-Rays
(17.4 keV: C, H, O, Al, C₁₀H₁₆, C₆H₆, C₇H₈, C₃H₈O, C₄H₈O₂, C₃H₆O (Acetone), C₃H₆O₂, C₃H₈O₂, H₂O)
- 23Ol01 Olson, A. R., Dershem, E., and Storch, H. H., Phys. Rev. 21, 30-37 (1923)
X-Ray Absorption Coefficients of Carbon, Hydrogen and Oxygen
(12.69-65.29 keV: C, H, O, C₆H₆, C₆H₅CH₃, C₆H₄(CH₃)₂, C₆H₃(CH₃)₃, C₇H₁₆, C₆H₁₂O, H₂O)
- 28Ku01 Kurtz, H., Ann. Phys. 85, 529-551 (1928)
Die Absorption der Kohlenstoff-K-Strahlung in C, N und O
(0.277 keV: C, N, O, Air, CO₂, CO, C₂H₆)
- 30Co01 Colvert, W. W., Phys. Rev. 36, 1619-1624 (1930)
X-Ray Absorption in Gases
(5.42-25.0 keV: Ne, Al, S, Cl, Ar, SO₂)
- 30Ta01 Tarrant, G. T. P., Proc. R. Soc. London, Sect. A 128, 345-359 (1930)
The Absorption of Hard Monochromatic Gamma-Radiation
(2.649 MeV: H, C, Na, Mg, Al, P, S, Fe, Cu, Zn, Cd, Sn, Sb, Pb, Bi, Paraffin)
- 30Wo01 Woernle, B., Ann. Phys. (Leipzig) 5, 475-506 (1930)
Die Absorption langwelliger Rontgenstrahlen von 2-10 Angstrom in leichten Elementen
(1.254-5.946 keV: C, N, O, Ne, S, Cl, Ar, Air, SO₂, CCl₄, C₅H₁₂ (Pentane))
- 31De01 Dershem, E., and Schein, M., Phys. Rev. 37, 1238-1245 (1931)
The Absorption of the K-alpha Line of Carbon in Various Gases and Its Dependence Upon Atomic Number
(0.277 keV: He, C, N, O, Ne, Ar, Kr, Xe, Au, CO₂, Air)

- 32Ch01 Chao, C. Y., Sci. Rep. Tsing Hua Univ. 1, 159-176 (1932) (See also Proc. R. Soc. London, Sect. A 135, 206-213 (1932) Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. U.S. 16, 431-433 (1930))
The Absorption and Scattering of Hard Gamma-Rays
(2.63 MeV: Al, Cu, Zn, Sn, Pb, H₂O)
- 32Cr01 Crowther, J. A., and Orton, L. H. H., Philos. Mag. 13, 505-523 (1932)
(See also Philos. Mag. 10, 329-342 (1930))
On the Absorption of X-Rays in Gases and Vapours. I. Gases
(6.407-8.056 keV: N, O, Al, Ar, C₂H₄, Air, CO₂, H₂S, C₅H₁₂, C₆H₁₄, C₂H₅Cl, Paraffin (CH₂), (C₂H₅)₂O, CHCl₂, CCl₄, Zr(CH₃)₂, C₂H₅Br, CH₃I)
- 32St01 Stockmeyer, W., Ann. Phys. (Leipzig) 12, 71-106 (1932)
Untersuchungen zur Anwendung der Ionisationsmessmethode bei Röntgen Strahlen
(6.42-25.6 keV: Air, SO₂, C₂H₅Br)
- 33Me01 Messner, R. H., Z. Phys. 85, 727-740 (1933)
Der Einfluss der chemischen Bindung auf den Absorptionskoeffizienten leichter Elemente im Gebiete ultraweicher Röntgenstrahlen
(0.1823-0.2786 keV: H, C, N, O, Air, CO, CO₂, CH₄, C₂H₂, C₂H₄, C₂H₆, C₃H₈)
- 34Gr01 Grosskurth, K., Ann. Phys. (Leipzig) 20, 197-232 (1934)
Neubestimmung der Massenschwächungskoeffizienten monochromatischer Röntgenstrahlen für 16 Elemente und Paraffin zwischen 0.128 und 2.5 Angstrom
(5.42-96.9 keV: C, Al, S, Ni, Cu, Mo, Rh, Ag, Cd, In, Sn, Ta, W, Pt, Au, Pb, (CH₂)_n (Paraffin))
- 34Ha01 Hahn, T. M., Phys. Rev. 46, 149-153 (1934)
The Absorption of Monochromatic X-Rays of Short Wave-length
(59.31-88.37 keV: H, C, Al, Cu, Ag, Ta, W, Pb, (CH₂)_n (Paraffin))
- 35Ge02 Gentner, W., and Starkiewicz, J., J. Phys. Radium 6, 340-346 (1935)
La Variation du Coefficient d'Absorption des Rayons Gamma dans en Fonction du Numero Atomique
(2.62 MeV: Li, Mg, Al, S, Cu, Zn, Ag, H₂O)
- 35Ma01 Mayneord, M. V., and Roberts, J. E., Nature (London) 136, 793 (1935)
Absorption of Short Wave-length X-Rays
(210 keV: Li, Be, C, O, Mg, Al, S, Ca, Fe, Cu, Se, Rh, Pd, Sn, I, Ta, Pt, Pb, H₂O, D₂O, C₂H₆O (Ethyl Alcohol))
- 39Ha02 Hansen, H., Ann. Phys. 35, 524-546 (1939)
Die Schwächung monochromatischer Röntgenstrahlen in flüssigem und gasförmigem CS₂, CH₂Cl₂ und C₂H₅Br sowie in gasförmigem CH₃I zwischen 0.1263 und 1.933 Angstromen
(6.403-77.10 keV: S, Cl, Br, I, CS₂, CH₂Cl₂, C₂H₅Br, CH₃I)

- 39Wr01 Wrede, W., Ann. Physik (Leipzig) 36, 681-695 (1939)
 Die Massenschwächungskoeffizienten monochromatischer Röntgenstrahlen von 24 Elemente zwischen C(6) und Ce(58) für Wellenlängen von 0.1279 bis 1.433 Angstromen
 (8.638-96.93 keV: C, F, Mg, Al, S, Cl, Ca, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Zn, As, Se, Br, Sr, Zr, Mo, Sb, Te, I, Ce, LiF, NH₄Cl, CaH₂, TiO₂, NH₄VO₃, Cr₂O₃, MnO₂, [(CO₂)₂ Fe+2H₂O], CoCO₃, AS₂O₃, NH₄Br, SrO, ZrO₂, Sb₂O₃, K₂TeO₃, CHI₃, CeO₂)
- 47Ma01 Mayneord, W. V., and Cipriani, A. J., Can. J. Res. 25A, 303-314 (1947)
 The Absorption of Gamma-Rays from 60-Co
 (1.25 MeV: Be, C, Al, Fe, Cu, Ag, Pt, Hg, Pb, Bi, U, H₂O, D₂O)
- 51Gl01 Glaser, H., Phys. Rev. 82, 616-621 (1951)
 The Absolute Absorption Coefficient of Germanium and the Fine Structure in the K Edge of some of Its Compounds
 (11.06-11.26 keV: Ge, GeH₄, Ge₂H₆, GeCl₄, GeBr₄)
- 52Wy01 Wyard, S. J., Phys. Rev. 87, 165 (1952) (See also: Proc. Phys. Soc. London, Ser A 66, 382-390 (1953))
 Absorption Coefficients of Gamma-Rays
 (0.279-1.51 MeV: C, Al, Cu, Mo, Ag, W, Pb, U, H₂O)
- 53Gh01 Ghose, A. M., and Ganguly, N. K., Trans. Bose Res. Inst. Calcutta 29, 141-153 (1952-1953)
 Absorption Coefficients of 60-Co Gamma Rays
 (1.25 MeV: O, Al, Cu, Br, I, Pb, H₂O)
- 54Ho01 Howland, P. R., and Kreger, W. E., Phys. Rev. 95, 407-410 (1954)
 Gamma-Ray Absorption Coefficients for NaI, Cu, Ta and W
 (0.279-1.113 MeV: Cu, Ta, W, NaI)
- 54Pa01 Paul, R. S., Phys. Rev. 96, 1563-1565 (1954)
 Gamma-Ray Absorption Coefficients at 6.13 MeV
 (6.13 MeV: C, Al, Cu, Cd, Sn, Pb, U, H₂O, NaI)
- 57Ma01 Mahmoud, K. A., Proc. Third Arab Congress, Cairo, 726-740 (1957)
 A New Technique for Measurement of Absorption Coefficients of Gamma Rays of Different Energies in Different Absorbers
 (0.4118-2.76 MeV: C, Fe, Sn, Pb, H₂O, Concrete)
- 58Ba01 Batterman, B. W., Rev. Sci. Instrum. 29, 1132 (1958)
 Use of Polystyrene as an X-Ray Absorber - The Mass Absorption Coefficient of Carbon
 (8.048 keV: C, (C₈H₈)_n (Polystyrene))
- 58Bo01 Boltaks, B. I., Plachenov, B. T., and Semenov, E. V., Dok. Akad. Nauk USSR 123, 72-75 (1958)
 The Coefficient of Absorption of 60-Co Gamma Rays by Semiconductors
 (1.25 MeV: Ge, Si, Se, Te, Al, Pb, Zn, PbTe, CdSb)

- 58Er01 Ergun, S., and Tiensuu, V., J. Appl. Phys. 29, 946-949 (1958)
 Determination of X-Ray Absorption Coefficients of Inhomogeneous
 Materials
 (8.048 keV: C, Al₂O₃)
- 58Sa01 Sastry, K. S. R., and Jnanananda, S., J. Sci. Industr. Res. (India)
 17B, 389-394 (1958)
 Attenuation Coefficients for Gamma Rays from 60-Co
 (1.25 MeV: Cu, C, Cr, Mn, W, C₅H₈O₂ (Lucite, Plexiglas), Carbon
 steel, Cr steel, Mn steel, W steel, Monel metal, Phosphor bronze)
- 58Wo01 Wolff, M. M., Univ. of Pa. (Phila.) Tech. Rep. No. 4 (May 1978)
 Total Photon Absorption in 12-C and 16-O
 (20.29-20.81 MeV: C, O, H₂O)
- 59Ba01 Batterman, B. W., Phys. Rev. 115, 81-86 (1959)
 X-Ray Measurement of the Atomic Scattering Factor of Iron
 (6.40-17.44 keV: Fe, Cu, NaCl)
- 60Wy01 Wyckoff, J. M., and Koch, H. W., Phys. Rev. 117, 1261-1274 (1960)
 X-Ray Attenuation Coefficients from 13 to 80 MeV for Hydrogen,
 Carbon, Water and Aluminum
 (13.3-82.2 MeV: H, C, Al, H₂O)
- 61Wi01 Wise, P. R., II, Thesis, Johns Hopkins Univ., (1961)
 Low Energy X-Ray Mass Attenuation Coefficients for Radiation 850 to
 3000 eV in Selected Elements with Z = 6 to Z = 18
 (0.85-3.0 keV: N, O, Ne, Ar, C₂H₄)
- 62Ba02 Bashandy, E., Int. J. Appl. Radiat. Isot. 13, 173-178 (1962)
 Experimental Determination of the Absorption Coefficients of Gamma
 Rays through Different Barriers
 (0.32-1.32 MeV: C, Al, Fe, Pb, H₂O, Concrete)
- 62Bu01 Buckman, W. G., Thesis, Vanderbilt Univ., Tenn. (1962)
 The Determination of Low Energy Mass Attenuation Coefficients of
 Argon (8-24 keV) and Carbon Dioxide (6-12 keV)
 (6.-24. keV: Ar, CO₂)
- 62Fi01 Fidecaro, M., Finocchiaro, G., and Giacomelli, G., Nuovo Cimento 23,
 800-806 (1962)
 Absorption of 10 and 13.5 GeV Photons
 (10.-13.5 GeV: Li, C, Cu, Pb, CH₂)
- 63Sc01 Schoknecht, G., Biophysik 1, 114-122 (1963)
 Absorption Measurements on X-Ray Contrast Media with Monochromatic
 Radiation
 (17.4 keV: I, H₂O, NaI)
- 64Lu01 Lukirskii, A. P., Brytov, I. A., and Zimkina, T. M., Opt. Spectrosc.
 17, 234-237 (1964)
 Photoionization Absorption of He, Kr, Xe, CH₄ and Methylal in the
 23.6-250 Angstrom Region
 (0.04949-0.5253 keV: He, Kr, Xe, CH₄, C₃H₈O₂ (Methylal))

- 64Lu03 Lukirskii, A. P., and Brytov, I. A., Fiz. Tverd. Tela 6, 43-53 (1964); transl. in Sov. Phys.-Sol. State 6, 33-41 (1964)
Investigation of the Energy Structure of Be and BeO by Ultra-Soft X-Ray Spectroscopy
(0.102-0.194 keV: Be, BeO)
- 64Ru01 Rustgi, O. P., J. Opt. Soc. Am. 54, 464-466 (1964)
Absorption Cross Sections of Argon and Methane between 600 and 170 Angstroms
(0.0125-0.0742 keV: Ar, CH₄)
- 64Te01 Tessler, G., and Stephens, W. E., Phys Rev. 135, B129-B136 (1964)
(See also Tessler, G., Thesis (same title), Univ. of Pa, Philadelphia, 1964)
Total Gamma Absorption in Be-9, O-16, F-19, and Al-27 at 20 MeV
(19.97-22.05 MeV: Be, Al, H₂O, CF₂ (Teflon))
- 65Pr01 Prevo, C. T., and Cate, J. L., UCRL-14680, Hazards Control Quarterly Rep. No. 23, 1-7 (1965)
Attenuation and Absorption Coefficients for 6-LiH, 6-LiH (95 percent), n-LiH, 6-LiD, 6-LiD (95 percent) and BeO
(8.047-662. keV: LiH, LiD (Li deduced), BeO)
- 65Th01 Thoraues, R., Acta Radiol., Ther., Phys., Biol. 3 (New Series), 81-86 (1965)
Attenuation of Gamma Radiation from 60-Co, 137-Cs, 192-Ir, and 226-Ra in Various Materials Used in Radiology
(0.66-1.25 MeV: Al, Cu, Pb, U, H₂O, Presdwood, (C₈H₈)_n (Polystyrene), C₅H₈O₂ (Plexiglass), Stainless Steel, W-alloy)
- 66Er01 Ershov, O. A., and Lukirskii, A. P., Fiz. Tverd. Tela 8, 2137-2142 (1966): transl. in Sov. Phys. - Solid State 8, 1699-1703 (1967)
Emission and Absorption Spectrum Study of Si and SiO₂ Energy Structure in the Regions of Ultrasoft X-Ray Radiation
(0.093-0.193 keV: Si, SiO₂)
- 66Lu01 Lukirskii, A. P., Brytov, I. A., and Gribovskii, S. A., Opt. Spektrosk. 20, 368-369 (1966); transl. in Opt. Spectrosc. 20, 203-204 (1966)
Photoionization Absorption of Ar, Xe, Alcohol and Methylal in the 7-44 Angstrom Wavelength Range
(0.279-1.776 keV: Xe, C₃H₈O₂ (Methylal), C₂H₆O (Ethyl Alcohol))
- 66Lu02 Lukirskii, A. P., Zimkina, T. M., and Gribovskii, S. A., Fiz. Tverd. Tela (Leningrad) 8, 1929-1931 (1966); transl. in Sov. Phys. Solid State 8, 1525-1526 (1966)
Photoionization of d-Electrons in Te, Sn, Pb, PbTe and SnTe
(0.04945-0.5249 keV: Sn, Te, Pb, PbTe, SnTe)
- 67Er01 Ershov, O. A., Opt. Spectrosk. 22, 468-472 (1967); transl. in Opt. Spectrosc. 22, 252-255 (1967)
Comparison of Absorption Coefficients Obtained by Different Methods in the Ultrasoft X-Ray Region
(0.0954-1.77 keV: Al, Ti, V, Cr, Au, SiO₂, (C₈H₈)_n (Polystyrene))

- 67Er02 Ershov, O. A., Brytov, I. A., and Lukirskii, A. P., Opt. Spectrosk. 22, 127-134 (1967); transl. in Opt. Spectrosc. (USSR) 22, 66-69 (1967)
(Also personal comm. received 8/19/71 from Zimkina, T. M.)
Reflection of X Rays from Certain Substances in the Region from 7 to 44 Angstroms
(0.114-1.740 keV: Al, Ti, V, Cr, Ni, Ge, Au, SiO₂, (C₈H₈)_n
(Polystyrene))
- 67He01 Henke, B. L., Elgin, R. L., Lent, R. E., and Ledingham, R. B., Norelco Reporter 14, 112-131 (1967)
X-Ray Absorption in the 2 to 200 Angstrom Region
(0.1089-1.487 keV: H, He, C, N, O, F, Ne, S, Cl, Ar, Kr, Xe, C₂H₆, C₂F₂, H₂S, CCl₄)
- 67Ka01 Kanemori, Y., Nucl. Sci. Eng. 28, 144-145 (1967)
Dose Buildup Factors of Plane Parallel Barriers for 137-Cs Plane Monodirectional Source
(.662 MeV: C, Al, Fe, Pb, H₂O, Glass, Concrete, Magnetite concrete)
- 69Be01 Bezic, N., Brajnik, D., Jamnik, D., Kernel, G., and Miklavzic, U., IJS Rep. R-572 (1969) (See also : Nucl. Instrum. Methods 75, 190-196 (1961))
Tables of Total Absorption Cross Sections for Photons of Energy between 10 and 30 MeV in Be, C, N₂H₄, H₂O, HF, Si and Ca
(7.72-30.69 MeV: Be, C, Si, Ca, N₂H₄, H₂O, HF)
- 69Be02 Bezic, N., Brinsek, A., Kernel, G., Snajder, J., and Jamnik, D., Nucl. Instrum. Methods 75, 190-196 (1969)
Measurement of Photo-Absorption Cross Sections in the Energy Region 10-30 MeV with a Magnetic Compton Spectrometer
(8.-31. MeV: C, Si, Ca, N₂H₄, H₂O, HF)
- 69De02 Del Grande, N. K., Stinner, R. J., and Oliver, A. J., (Unpublished data received 5/9/67 and 1/20/69, and data listed in UCRL-50174 (III) (1969))
(3.52-59.31 keV: Li, Be, C, Ti, Fe, Cu, Zn, Zr, Mo, Ag, Sn, La, Sm, Gd, Tb, Ho, Tm, Yb, Hf, Ta, W, Au, Pb, Th, U, LiH, CH)
- 69Fu01 Fujita, H., Gähwiller, C., and Brown, F. C., Phys. Rev. Lett. 22, 1369-1371 (1969)
Far-Ultraviolet Spectra Due to 4d Electrons in the Alkali Iodides
(50.-170. eV: NaI, KI, CsI)
- 69La01 LaVilla, R. E., (Personal comm. rec. 5/12/69)
(2.480 keV: S, H₂S)
- 69We01 Weber, J., and Van den Berge, D. J., Br. J. Radiol. 42, 378-383 (1969)
The Effective Atomic Number and the Calculation of the Composition of Phantom Materials
(23.-662. keV: Al, Cu, Pb, H₂O, B₂O₃, (CH₂)_n (Paraffin))

- 70Br01 Brown, F. C., Gähwiller, C., and Fujita, H., Phys. Rev. B 2, 2126-2138 (1970)
Extreme-Ultraviolet Spectra of Ionic Crystals
(45.-240. eV: RbCl, AgCl, KBr, Kr, CsCl, KI, CsI)
- 70Ca01 Cardona, M., Gudat, W., Sonntag, B., and Yu, P. Y., DESY F41-70/6 (1970)
Optical Absorption of Semiconductors from 15 to 170 eV
(0.015-0.17 keV: Se, Ge, GaP, GaAs, GaSb, InP, InAs, InSb)
- 70De01 Denne, D. R., J. Phys. D 3, 1392-1398 (1970)
Measurements of the Ultrasoft X-Ray Absorption of Ar, Ne, N₂, O₂, CH₄, He and H₂
(0.151-0.523 keV: H, He, O, N, Ne, Ar, C, CH₄)
- 70De02 Denne, D. R., J. Phys. D 3, 1405-1406 (1970)
The X-Ray Absorption of Polypropylene, Melinex and Carbon between 44 and 85 Angstrom
(0.151-0.277 keV: C, Melinex, (C₃H₆)_n (Polypropylene))
- 70De03 de Reilhac, L. and Damany-Astoin, N., Spectrochim. Acta A 26, 801-810 (1970)
Spectres d'absorption de H₂O, NH₃ et CH₄ dans l'ultraviolet extreme (100-500 Angstrom)
(0.0279-0.1116 keV: H₂O, NH₃, CH₄)
- 70Fi01 Fischer, D. W., Personal comms. 2/2/70, 2/11/70 (See also J. Appl. Phys. 39, 4757-4776 (1968); ibid 40, 4151-4163 (1969); ibid 41, 3561-3569 (1970)
(0.450-0.522 keV: Ti, V, V₂O₃, V₂O₄, V₂O₅, VN, VC, VB₂)
- 70Ha02 Haensel, R., Rabe, P., and Sonntag, B., Solid State Commun. 8, 1845-1848 (1970) (See also, Rabe, P., Thesis, Univ. Hamburg, Ger. (1970))
Optical Absorption of Cerium, Cerium Oxide, Praseodymium, Praseodymium Oxide, Neodymium, Neodymium Oxide and Samarium in the Extreme Ultraviolet
(0.092-0.189 keV: Ce, Pr, Nd, Sm, Ce₂O₃)
- 70Ma01 Mavroyannakis, E., and Antoniadis, J., Nucl. Res. Ctr. Democritus, Athens, Rep. DEMO-70/11 (1970)
Mesure du Coefficient d'Absorption Gamma par des Matériaux Utilisés aux Constructions Nucleaires
(1.12-1.33 MeV: Al, Si, Fe, Ni, Cd, Sb, Pb, UO₂, Stainless steel, C₅H₈O₂ (Plexiglass), (CH₂)_n (Paraffin), Asphalt, CF₂ (Teflon), Rubber, Masonite, Marble, Porcelain)
- 71Be01 Bennett, S. W., Tellinghuisen, J. B., and Phillips, L. F., J. Phys. Chem. 75, 719-721 (1971)
Absorption Coefficients and Ionization Yields of some Small Molecules at 58.4 nm
(21.22 eV: H, N, O, Ar, Xe, CO, NO, N₂O, H₂O, NH₃, CO₂, CH₄, C₂H₆, CH₄O, C₂H₆O, C₃H₇O, C₄H₁₀O)

- 71CA01 Carrera, N. J., and Brown, F. C., Phys. Rev. B4, 3651-3660 (1971)
Optical Response of AgCl and AgBr in the Near and Extreme
Ultraviolet
(4.1-240. eV: AgCl, AgBr)
- 71De03 de Reilhac, L., and Damany-Astoin, N., J. Phys. C 4, 32-36 (1971)
Mesure des Coefficients D'Absorption de Divers Gaz Moleculaires dans
l'Ultraviolet Extreme (400-100 Angstrom). Analyse des Courbes de
Photoionisation dans le Domaine des Energies Notablement Superieures
a Celle du Seuil
(0.0496-0.124 keV: N, O, NO, CO, N₂O, CO₂)
- 71Go01 Goswami, B., and Chaudhuri, N., Nucl. Instrum. Methods 92, 433-434
(1971)
Measurements of Gamma-Ray Mass Attenuation Coefficients of Organic
Scintillators
(0.079-1.33 MeV: C, C₇H₈ (Toluene), C₈H₁₀ (O-Xylene), C₆H₆
(Benzene), C₁₀H₁₄ (P-Cymene), C₆H₁₂ (Cyclohexane), C₁₀H₁₈ (Decalin),
(CH₂)_n (Paraffin), C₇H₈O (Anisole), Plastic Scintillator)
- 710t01 Ottewell, D., Wilson, J. E., and Larrad, A. J., J. Phys. E 4, 740-742
(1971) (Also private comm. from Wilson, J. E. rec. 9/12/72)
A High Intensity, Fine Focus, Source of Continuous X-Radiation below
3.0 kV for Absorption Spectroscopy
(0.7265-0.990 keV: Cs, Ba, La, Ce, CsF)
- 72Ha01 Hayes, W., and Brown, F. C., Phys. Rev. A 6, 21-30 (1972)
Absorption by Some Molecular Gases in the Extreme Ultraviolet
(70.-220. eV: SiH₄, SiF₄, PH₃, H₂S, HCl)
- 72St01 Starr, W. L., and Loewenstein, M., J. Geophys. Res. 77, 4790-4796
(1972)
Total Absorption Cross Sections of Several Gases of Aeronomic
Interest at 584 Angstroms
(0.02122 keV: N, O, Ar, H, CO₂, NO, N₂O, NH₃, CH₄, H₂S)
- 73Hr01 Hribar, M., Kodre, A., Moljk, A., and Pahor, J., Fizika 5, 171-177
(1973)
The K-Shell Fluorescence Yield of Selenium and the Absorption
Coefficient in the Energy Region around the K-Edge
(6.400-22.105 keV: Se, SeH₂)
- 73Ka01 Katayama, D. H., Huffman, R. E., and O'Bryan, C. L., J. Chem. Phys.
59, 4309-4319 (1973)
Absorption and Photoionization Cross Sections for H₂O and D₂O in the
Vacuum Ultraviolet
(0.01264-0.01907 keV: H₂O, D₂O)
- 73Le01 Lee, L. C., Carlson, R. W., Judge, D. L., and Ogawa, M., J. Quant.
Spectrosc. & Radiat. Transfer 13, 1023-1031 (1973)
The Absorption Cross Sections of N₂, O₂, CO, NO, CO₂, N₂O, CH₄, C₂H₄,
C₂H₆ and C₄H₁₀ from 180 to 700 Angstroms
(0.0170-0.0700 keV: N, O, CO, NO, N₂O, CH₄, C₂H₄, C₂H₆, C₄H₁₀)

- 74Ca01 Caruso, A. J., Appl. Optics 13, 1744-1745 (1974)
 Mass Absorption Coefficients for Polypropylene and Parylene C between
 8.34 Angstroms and 452 Angstroms
 (0.0274-1.487 keV: C₃H₆ (Polypropylene), C₈H₇Cl (Parylene C))
- 74Jo01 Joyet, G. Baudraz, A., and Joyet, M. L., Experientia 30, 1338-1341
 (1974)
 Determination of the Electronic Density and the Average Atomic Number
 of Tissues in Man by Gamma-Ray Attenuation
 (28.5-661.6 keV: C, Al, H₂O, Striated muscle, fat, brain, liver,
 kidneys, lungs, thyroid, testes, skin, aorta, vena cava, cartilage)
- 74Mi01 Millar, R. H., and Greening, J. R., J. Phys. B 7, 2332-2344 (1974)
 Experimental X-Ray Mass Attenuation Coefficients for Materials of Low
 Atomic Number in the Energy Range 4 to 25 keV
 (see also: J. Phys. B 7, 2345-2354 (1974)
 (4.508-25.192 keV: N, O, Ne, Mg, Al, Ar, C₂H₄, CO₂, CF₄, H₂S, HCl,
 Air, SiO₂, (C₂H₅)₃PO₄: Deduced from compounds: C, F, Si, P, S, Cl)
- 74Su01 Sugiyama, S., Researches of the Electrotechnical Lab., No. 744 (Feb.
 1974), 56 p. (See also Denshi Gijutsu Sogo Kenkyujo Kenkyu Hokoku No.
 44, 1-56 (1974)
 Measurements of Bremsstrahlung Spectra and Total Photon Absorption
 Cross Sections for Elemental Materials
 (6.0-24.2 MeV: Mg, Nb, Bi, H₂O)
- 75Ah01 Ahrens, J., Borchert, H., Czock, K. H., Eppler, H. B., Gimm, H.,
 Gundrum, H., Kroning, M., Riehn, P., Sita Ram, G., Zieger, A., and
 Ziegler, B., Nucl. Phys. A 251, 479-492 (1975)
 Total Nuclear Photon Absorption Cross Sections for Some Light
 Elements
 (10.18-209.08 MeV: Li, Be, C, O, Al, Ca, H₂O)
- 75Da01 Damany-Astoin, N., Private comm. with letter dated 10/29/75
 (0.0310-0.1240 keV: N, O, NO, CO, N₂O, CO₂, H₂O, NH₃, CH₄, CH₃OH,
 C₂H₅OH, C₃H₇OH)
- 75Lo01 Loomis, T. C., and Keith, H. D., Appl. Spectrosc. 29, 316-322 (1975)
 Accurate Calibration of Efficiencies of X-Ray Detectors: Flow-
 Proportional and Scintillation Counters
 (2.622-11.209 keV: Ar, CH₄ (Methane), P-10 gas)
- 75Ph01 Phelps, M. E., Hoffman, E. J., and Ter-Pogossian, M. M., Radiology 117,
 573-583 (1975)
 Attenuation Coefficients of Various Body Tissues, Fluids, and Lesions
 at Photon Energies of 18 to 136 keV
 (17.7-136.3 keV: H₂O, 30 biological materials)
- 75Ra01 Rao, P. S., and Gregg, E. C., Am. J. Roentg. 123, 631-637 (1975)
 Attenuation of Monoenergetic Gamma Rays in Tissues
 (27.-662. keV: H₂O, "Mix D", polystyrene, plexiglass, egg white, egg
 yolk, various muscle, brain, liver, blood, normal and cancerous
 tissues)

- 76Cr01 Creagh, D. C., J. Phys. E 9, 88-90 (1976)
On the Measurement of Mass Absorption Coefficients Using a Modified X-Ray Fluorescence Spectrometer
(5.415-25.28 keV: LiF, NaF, NaCl)
- 76La01 Lawrence, J. L., and Mathieson, A. McL., Acta Crystallogr., Sect. A 32, 1002-1004 (1976)
A Procedure for Measuring X-Ray Attenuation Coefficients
(17.44 keV: LiF)
- 76Ma01 Mannhart, W., and Vonach, H., Nucl. Instrum. Methods 134, 347-351 (1976)
Gamma-Ray Absorption Coefficients for NaI(Tl)
(0.1454-2.7539 MeV: NaI)
- 77Le01 Lee, L. C., Phillips, E., and Judge, D. L., J. Chem. Phys. 67, 1237-1246 (1977)
Photoabsorption Cross Sections of CH₄, CF₄, CF₃Cl, SF₆, and C₂F₆ from 175 to 770 Angstroms
(16.8-68.9 eV: CH₄, CF₄, CF₃Cl, SF₆, C₂F₆)
- 77Ph01 Phillips, E., Lee, L. C., and Judge, D. L., J. Quant. Spectrosc. Radiat. Transfer 18, 309-313 (1977)
Absolute Photoabsorption Cross Sections for H₂O and D₂O from Lambda 180-790 Angstroms
(17.2-68.9 eV: H₂O, D₂O)
- 78Pe01 Peaple, L. H. J., and White, D. R., AERE-R 9051 (1978) 17p.
The Measurement of Attenuation Coefficients at Low Photon Energies Using Fluorescent X-Radiation
(9.88-17.44 keV: Al; C₅H₈O₂ (Lucite), (C₂H₄)_n (Polyethylene), H₂O (Water))
- 79Ba01 Barrus, M. D., Blake, R. L., Burek, A. J., Chambers, K. C., and Pregoner, A. L., Phys. Rev. A 20, 1045-1061 (1979)
K-Shell Photoabsorption Coefficients of O₂, CO₂, CO, and N₂O
(0.506-0.600 keV: O(O₂), CO₂, CO, N₂O)
- 79Wu01 Wu, C. Y. R., Lee, L. C., and Judge, D. L., J. Chem. Phys. 71, 5221-5226 (1979)
Photoabsorption Cross Sections of CH₃F, CHF₃, CH₃Cl, and CF₂Cl₂ from 175 to 760 Angstroms
(16.3-68.9 eV: CH₃F, CHF₃, CH₃Cl, CF₂Cl₂)
- 81Da01 Day, R. H., Lee, P., Saloman, E. B., and Nagel, D. J., J. Appl. Physics 52, 6965-6973 (1981)
Photoelectric Quantum Efficiencies and Filter Window Absorption Coefficients from 20 eV to 10 keV
(26.-255. eV: Al, Formvar, Kimfoil, (C₃H₆)_n (Polypropylene))

- 81Um01 Umesh, T. K., Ranganathaiah, C., Gowda, R., Puttaswamy, K. S., and Sanjeevaiah, B., Phys. Rev. A 23, 2365-2373 (1981)
Incoherent-Scattering Cross Sections in Low- and Medium-Z Elements Derived from the Measured Total Attenuation Cross Sections in Compounds (279.2-1115.5 keV: Derived: H, Li, C, N, O, F, Na, Mg, Al, P, S, Cl, K, Ti, Cr, Mn, Ni, Cu, Br, Rb, Sr, Zr, Ag, Cd, I, Ba; Measured: LiOH, MgO, NaF, NaCl, NaNO₂, KCl, NiO, CuO, TiO₂, NaHCO₃, NaNO₃, MnO₂, CuCl, CrO₃, Al₂O₃, Na₂CO₃, KBr, RbCl, ZrO₂, SrF₂, KH₂PO₄, Na₂SO₄, AgCl, BaO, KI, CdI₂; Foils: Al, Cu, Zr, Ag)
- 82Ba01 Bacci, C., Cannata, A., Esposito, A., and Pelliccioni, M., Rad. Prot. Dosim. 3, 109-112 (1982)
Measurements of the X-Ray Mass Attenuation Coefficients for some TL Dosemeters in the Energy Range 5-12 keV (5.-12. keV: BeO, LiF-7 (Teledyne), Li₂B₄O₇:Mn(TLD 800), LiF:Mg, Ti(TLD 600), LiF:Mg, Ti(TLD 700), CaSO₄:Dy(Teledyne: Teflon disks), CaSO₄:Dy(TLD 900))
- 82Um01 Umesh, T. K., Gowda, R., and Sanjeevaiah, B., Phys. Rev. A 25, 1986-1992 (1982)
Incoherent-Scattering Cross Sections in some Lanthanum-Group Rare-Earth Elements and Ta, Pb, and Bi Derived from the Measured Total Attenuation Cross Sections in Compounds (279.2-1115.5 keV: Derived: La, Ce, Pr, Nd, Sm, Gd, Dy, Ho, Er, Ta, Pb, Bi; Measured: La₂O₃, CeO₂, PrO₂, Nd₂O₃, Sm₂O₃, Gd₂O₃, Dy₂O₃, Ho₂O₃, Er₂O₃, Ta₂O₅, (HCOO)₂Pb, Bi₂O₃; Foil: Pb)
- 83Sh02 Sherman, N. K., Davidson, W. F., and Claude, A., J. Phys. G 9, 1519-1526 (1983)
Measurement of the Total Photonuclear Cross Section for ¹⁶⁰ in the Region of the Giant Dipole Resonance (3.-38. MeV: O, H₂O)
- 84Ra01 Rao, A. S. N., Perumallu, A., and Rao, G. K., Physica C 124, 96-104 (1984)
(See also: Perumallu, A., Rao, A. S. N., and Rao, G. K., Can J. Phys. 62, 454-459 (1984) Photon Interaction Measurements of Certain Compounds in the Energy Range 30-660 keV)
Photon Cross Section Measurements in Compounds and Elements in the Energy Range 30-660 keV (32.1-661.6 keV: Direct Meas.: C, Al, S, Ni, Cu, Zn, Se, Mo, Ag, Cd, In, Sn, Sb, Te, I, Hg, Pb, Bi: Data derived from Compounds: O, Na, Cl, K, Ca, Ti, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Br, Sr, Ba, W, Th, U: Compounds Meas.: H₂O, NaCl, CaF₂, TiO₂, NH₄NO₃, ZnO, NaNO₃, KNO₃, KH₂PO₄, GaAs, CaTe, KBrO₃, MnSO₄·H₂O, CdCl₂, ZnTe, Sr(NO₃)₂, InSb, (CH₃COO)₂CO₄·H₂O, CuSO₄·5H₂O, Ba(NO₃)₂, ThO₂, FeSO₄·7H₂O, CoSO₄·7H₂O, K₂Cr₂O₇, Na₂WO₄·2H₂O, Na₂B₄O₇·10H₂O, UO₂(COO)₂·3H₂O, HgI₂, Bi(NO₃)₃·5H₂O)
- 84Um01 Umesh, T. K., and Ranganathaiah, C., Nucl. Instr. Meth. B 5, 472-475 (1984)
A Simple Method of Determining the Photoeffect Cross Sections of Elements for Gamma Rays (514.-1332.5 keV: AgCl, KI, BaO, La₂O₃, CeO₂, PrO₂, Nd₂O₃, Sm₂O₃, Gd₂O₃, Dy₂O₃, Ho₂O₃, Er₂O₃, Ta₂O₅, (HCOO)₂Pb, Bi₂O₃)

- 85Bi01 Birenbaum, Y., Kahane, S., and Moreh, R., Phys. Rev. C 32, 1825-1829 (1985)
 Absolute Cross Section for the Photodisintegration of Deuterium
 (9.00-11.39 MeV: H_2O)
- 85Sa02 Samson, J.A.R., Masnoka, T., and Pareek, P. N., J. Chem. Phys. 83, 5531-5535 (1985)
 Dissociative and Double Photoionization Cross Sections of NO from threshold to 129 Å
 (20.2-103.3 eV: NO)
- 85Wu01 Wu, C.Y.R., and Judge, D. L., Chem. Phys. 82, 4495-4499 (1985)
 Photoabsorption Cross Section of Acetylene in the EUV Region
 (16.8-70.4 eV: C_2H_2 (Acetylene))
- 86Br01 Bradley, D. A., Chong, C. S., and Ghose, A. M., Phys. Med. Biol. 31, 267-273 (1986)
 Photon Absorptiometric Studies of Elements, Mixtures and Substances of Biomedical Interest
 (33.1-662. keV: C, Al, S, H_2O , $CaCO_3$, dry bone, bone standard, wax, $(C_2H_4)_n$ (Polyethylene), Polyisoprene, dried lean meat, fat, coconut oil, corn oil, ghee)
- 86Ha01 Haddad, G. N., and Samson, J.A.R., J. Chem. Phys. 84, 6623-6626 (1986)
 Total Absorption and Photoionization Cross Sections of Water Vapor between 100 and 1000 Å
 (12.6-124. keV: H_2O)
- 87Sa01 Samson, J.A.R., Haddad, G. N., and Kilcoyne, L. D., J. Chem. Phys. 87, 6416-6422 (1987)
 Absorption and Dissociative Photoionization Cross Sections of NH_3 from 80 to 1120 Å
 (11.07-155.0 eV: NH_3)
- 89Gu01 Guo, J., Ellis, D. E., Alp, E., Soderholm, L., and Shenoy, G. K., Phys. Rev. B 39, 6125-6139 (1989)
 Multiple-Scattering Approach to the M-Edge X-Ray-Absorption Spectra of UO_2 and UCl_4
 (3.53-4.37 keV: UO_2 , UCl_4)

VII. Substance Index to Bibliography, Alphabetized by Chemical Symbol

| | | | | |
|--------|--|--------|--------|--------------|
| 70Br01 | AgCl | 81Um01 | 84Um01 | 4 REFERENCES |
| 71Ca01 | AgBr | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 58Er01 | Al ₂ O ₃ | 81Um01 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 39Wr01 | As ₂ O ₇ | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 84Ra01 | Ba(NO ₃) ₂ | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | BaO | 84Um01 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 64Lu03 | BeO | 65Pr01 | 82Ba01 | 3 REFERENCES |
| 84Ra01 | Bi(NO ₃) ₃ *5H ₂ O | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Um01 | Bi ₂ O ₃ | 84Um01 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 69We01 | B ₂ O ₃ | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | CaCl | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 86Br01 | CaCO ₃ | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 84Ra01 | CaF ₂ | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 39Wr01 | CaH ₂ | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Ba01 | CaSO ₄ :Dy(Teledyne:Teflon disks) | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Ba01 | CaSO ₄ :Dy(TLD 900) | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 84Ra01 | CaTe | | | 1 REFERENCE |

| | | | | |
|--------|--------------------------|--------|----------------------|--------------|
| 30Wu01 | CCl_4 | 32Cr01 | 67He01 | 3 REFERENCES |
| 84Ra01 | CdCl_2 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | CdI_2 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 58Bo01 | CdSb | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 39Wr01 | CeO_2 | 82Um01 | 84Um01 | 3 REFERENCES |
| 70Ha02 | Ce_2O_3 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 64Te01 | CF_2 | 70Ma01 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 79Wu01 | CF_2Cl_2 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 77Le01 | CF_3Cl | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 74Mi01 | CF_4 | 77Le01 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 67He01 | C_2F_2 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 77Le01 | C_2F_6 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 69De02 | CH | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 32Cr01 | CHCl_2 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 33St01 | CHF_3 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 39Wr01 | CHI_3 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 32Cr01 | CH_2 | 62Fi01 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 34Gr01 | $(\text{CH}_2)_n$ | 34Ha01 | 69We01 70Ma01 71Go01 | 5 REFERENCES |

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------|---------------|
| 39Ha02 | CH_2Cl_2 | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 64Lu01 | $\text{CH}_2(\text{OCH}_3)_2$ | 66Lu01 | | | | 2 REFERENCES | |
| 79Wu01 | CH_3Cl | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 84Ra01 | $(\text{CH}_3\text{CoO})_2 \cdot \text{CO}_4 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 79Wu01 | CH_3F | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 22Bu01 | CH_3I | 32Cr01 | 39Ha02 | | | 3 REFERENCES | |
| 75Da01 | CH_3OH | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 33Me01 | CH_4 | 64Lu01 | 64Ru01 | 70De01 | 70De03 | 71Be01 | 11 REFERENCES |
| 72St01 | | 73Le01 | 75Da01 | 75Lo01 | 77Le01 | | |
| 70Ha02 | CH_4O | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 33Me01 | C_2H_2 | 85Wu01 | | | | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 32Cr01 | C_2H_4 | 33Me01 | 61Wi01 | 73Le01 | 74Mi01 | 78Pe01 | 7 REFERENCES |
| 86Br01 | | | | | | | |
| 32Cr01 | $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br}$ | 32St01 | 39Ha02 | | | | 3 REFERENCES |
| 32Cr01 | $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$ | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 32Cr01 | $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2 \cdot \text{O}$ | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 66Lu01 | $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ | 75Da01 | | | | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 74Mi01 | $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_3 \cdot \text{PO}_4$ | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 28Ku01 | C_2H_6 | 33Me01 | 67He01 | 73Le01 | 81Da01 | | 5 REFERENCES |

| | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|
| 35Ma01 | C_2H_6O 66Lu01 | 71Be01 | 3 REFERENCES | |
| 70De02 | C_3H_6 | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 22Ta01 | C_3H_6O 59Ma01 | | 2 REFERENCES | |
| 22Ta01 | $C_3H_6O_2$ | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 71Be01 | C_3H_7O | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 75Da01 | C_3H_7OH | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 33Me01 | C_3H_8 | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 22Ta01 | C_3H_8O 64Lu01 | 66Lu01 | 3 REFERENCES | |
| 22Ta01 | $C_3H_8O_2$ | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 22Ta01 | C_4H_8O | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 73Le01 | C_4H_{10} | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 71Be01 | $C_4H_{10}O$ | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 58Sa01 | $C_5H_8O_2$ 65Th01 | 70Ma01 | 78Pe01 | 4 REFERENCES |
| 30Wo01 | C_5H_{12} 32Cr01 | | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 71Go01 | C_6H_2 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 230l01 | $C_6H_3(CH_3)_3$ | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 230l01 | $C_6H_4(CH_3)_2$ | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 230l01 | $C_6H_5CH_3$ | | | 1 REFERENCE |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|---------------|
| 22Ta01 | C_6H_6 | 220101 | 71Go01 | | | | | | 3 REFERENCES |
| 230101 | $C_6H_{12}O$ | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 32Cr01 | C_6H_{14} | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 22Ta01 | C_7H_8 | 71Go01 | | | | | | | 2 REFERENCE |
| 71Go01 | C_7H_8O | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 230101 | C_7H_{16} | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 58Ba01 | $(C_8H_8)_n$ | 65Th01 | 67Er01 | 67Er02 | | | | | 4 REFERENCES |
| 71Go01 | C_8H_{10} | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 71Go01 | $C_{10}H_{14}$ | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 22Ta01 | $C_{10}H_{16}$ | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 71Go01 | $C_{10}H_{18}$ | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 28Ku01 | CO | 33Me01 | 71Be01 | 71De03 | 73Le01 | 75Da01 | | | 7 REFERENCES |
| 79Ba01 | | | | | | | | | |
| 22Bu01 | CO ₂ | 28Ku01 | 31De01 | 32Cr01 | 33Me01 | 62Bu01 | | | 11 REFERENCES |
| 71Be01 | | 71De03 | 72St01 | 74Mi01 | 79Ba01 | | | | |
| 39Wr01 | $[(CO_2)_2 * Fe + 2H_2O]$ | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 39Wr01 | CoCO ₃ | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 84Ra01 | CoSO ₄ * 7H ₂ O | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | CrO ₃ | | | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |

| | | |
|--------|--|--------------|
| 39Wr01 | Cr_2O_3 | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Br01 | CsCl | 1 REFERENCE |
| 710t01 | CsF | 1 REFERENCE |
| 69Fu01 | CsI 70Br01 | 2 REFERENCES |
| 39Ha02 | CS_2 | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | CuCl | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | CuO | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | CuO_3 | 1 REFERENCE |
| 84Ra01 | $\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ | 1 REFERENCE |
| 64Co04 | D 69No01 72Ra01 | 3 REFERENCES |
| 35Ma01 | D_2O 47Ma01 73Ka01 77Ph01 | 4 REFERENCES |
| 82Um01 | Dy_2O_3 84Um01 | 2 REFERENCES |
| 82Um01 | Er_2O_3 84Um01 | 2 REFERENCES |
| 84Ra01 | $\text{FeSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Ca01 | GaAs 84Ra01 | 2 REFERENCES |
| 70Ca01 | GaP | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Ca01 | GaSb | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Um01 | Gd_2O_3 84Um01 | 2 REFERENCES |

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------|---------------|
| 51G101 | GeBr ₄ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 51G101 | GeCl | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 51G101 | GeH ₄ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 51G101 | Ge ₂ H ₆ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 72Ha01 | HCl | 74Mi01 | | | | 2 REFERENCES | |
| 63Ch01 | (HCoO) ₂ *Pb | 82Um01 | 84Um01 | | | 3 REFERENCES | |
| 69Be01 | HF | 69Be02 | | | | 2 REFERENCES | |
| 84Ra01 | HgI ₂ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 21He01 | H ₂ O(Water) | 22Ta01 | 230I01 | 32Ch01 | 35Ge02 | 35Ma01 | 36 REFERENCES |
| 47Ma01 | | 52Wy01 | 53Gh01 | 54Pa01 | 57Ma01 | 58Wo01 | |
| 60Wy01 | | 62Ba02 | 63Sc01 | 64Te01 | 65Th01 | 67Ka01 | |
| 69Be01 | | 69Be02 | 69We01 | 70De03 | 71Be01 | 73Ka01 | |
| 74Jo01 | | 74Su01 | 75Ah01 | 75Ph01 | 75Ra01 | 77Ph01 | |
| 78Pe01 | | 83Sh02 | 84Ra01 | 85Bi01 | 86Br01 | 86Ha01 | |
| 32Cr01 | H ₂ S | 67He01 | 69La01 | 72Ha01 | 72St01 | 74Mi01 | 7 REFERENCES |
| 75Da01 | | | | | | | |
| 82Um01 | Ho ₂ O ₃ | 84Um01 | | | | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 70Ca01 | InAs | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Ca01 | InP | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Ca01 | InSb | 84Ra01 | | | | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 70Br01 | KBr | 81Um01 | | | | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 84Ra01 | KBrO ₃ | | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |

| | | | | |
|--------|---|--------|---------------|--------------|
| 81Um01 | KCl | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | KH_2PO_4 | 84Ra01 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 69Fu01 | KI | 70Br01 | 81Um01 84Um01 | 4 REFERENCES |
| 84Ra01 | KNO_3 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 84Ra01 | $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 39Wr01 | K_2TeO_3 | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Um01 | La_2O_3 | 84Um01 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 65Pr01 | LiD | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 39Wr01 | LiF | 76Cr01 | 76La01 | 3 REFERENCES |
| 82Ba01 | LiF:Mg,Ti (TLD 600) | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Ba01 | LiF:Mg,Ti (TLD 700) | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Ba01 | LiF-7(Teledyne) | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 65Pr01 | LiH | 69De02 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 81Um01 | LiOH | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Ba01 | $\text{Li}_2\text{B}_4\text{O}_7:\text{Mn}$ (TLD 800) | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | MgO | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 39Wr01 | MnO_2 | 81Um01 | | 2 REFERENCES |
| 84Ra01 | $\text{MnSO}_4 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ | | | 1 REFERENCE |

| | | | | | | |
|--------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------------|--------------|
| 59Ba01 | NaCl | 76Cr01 | 81Um01 | 84Ra01 | 4 REFERENCES | |
| 76Cr01 | NaF | 81Um01 | | | 2 REFERENCES | |
| 81Um01 | NaHCO ₃ | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 54Ho01 | NaI | 54Pa01 | 63Sc01 | 69Fu01 | 76Ma01 | 5 REFERENCES |
| 81Um01 | NaNO ₂ | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 81Um01 | NaNO ₃ | 84Ra01 | | | 2 REFERENCES | |
| 84Ra01 | NaWO ₄ *2H ₂ O | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 84Ra01 | Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ *10H ₂ O | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 81Um01 | Na ₂ CO ₃ | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 81Um01 | Na ₂ SO ₄ | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 82Um01 | Nd ₂ O ₃ | 84Um01 | | | 2 REFERENCES | |
| 70De03 | NH ₃ | 72St01 | 75Da01 | 87Sa01 | 4 REFERENCES | |
| 39Wr01 | NH ₄ Br | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 39Wr01 | NH ₄ Cl | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 84Ra01 | NH ₄ NO ₃ | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 39Wr01 | NH ₄ VO ₃ | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |
| 69Be01 | N ₂ H ₄ | 69Be02 | | | 2 REFERENCES | |
| 81Um01 | NiO | | | | 1 REFERENCE | |

| | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------|
| 72St01 | NO | | | | | 7 REFERENCES |
| 85Sa02 | 71Be01 | 71De03 | 72St01 | 73Le01 | 75Da01 | |
| 72St01 | N ₂ O | | | | | 7 REFERENCES |
| 79Ba01 | 71Be01 | 71De03 | 72St01 | 73Le01 | 75Da01 | |
| 58Bo01 | PbTe | | | | | 2 REFERENCES |
| | 66Lu02 | | | | | |
| 72Ha01 | PH ₃ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Um01 | PrO ₂ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Br01 | RbCl | | | | | 2 REFERENCES |
| | 81Um01 | | | | | |
| 39Wr01 | Sb ₂ O ₃ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 73Hr01 | SeH ₂ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 77Le01 | SF ₆ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 72Ha01 | SiF ₄ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 72Ha01 | SiH ₄ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 66Er01 | SiO ₂ | | | | | 4 REFERENCES |
| | 67Er01 | 67Er02 | 74Mi01 | | | |
| 82Um01 | Sm ₂ O ₃ | | | | | 2 REFERENCES |
| | 84Um01 | | | | | |
| 66Lu02 | SnTe | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 22Bu01 | SO ₂ | | | | | 4 REFERENCES |
| | 30Co01 | 30Wo01 | 32St01 | | | |
| 81Um01 | SrF ₂ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |
| 84Ra01 | Sr(NO ₃) ₂ | | | | | 1 REFERENCE |

| | | |
|--------|---|--------------|
| 39Wr01 | SrO | 1 REFERENCE |
| 82Um01 | Ta ₂ O ₅ 84Um01 | 2 REFERENCES |
| 84Ra01 | ThO ₂ | 1 REFERENCE |
| 81Um01 | TiO ₂ 84Ra01 | 2 REFERENCES |
| 89Gu01 | UCl ₄ | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Ma01 | UO ₂ 89Gu01 | 2 REFERENCES |
| 84Ra01 | UO ₂ (CoO) ₂ *3H ₂ O | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Fi01 | VB ₂ | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Fi01 | VC | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Fi01 | VN | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Fi01 | V ₂ O ₃ | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Fi01 | V ₂ O ₄ | 1 REFERENCE |
| 70Fi01 | V ₂ O ₅ | 1 REFERENCE |
| 84Ra01 | ZnO | 1 REFERENCE |
| 84Ra01 | ZnTe | 1 REFERENCE |
| 32Cr01 | Zr(CH ₃) ₂ | 1 REFERENCE |
| 39Wr01 | ZrO ₂ 81Um01 | 2 REFERENCES |

NIST-114A
(REV. 3-89)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY

1. PUBLICATION OR REPORT NUMBER
NISTIR 90-4282

2. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER

3. PUBLICATION DATE
MAY 1990

BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA SHEET

4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE

ANNOTATED AND INDEXED BIBLIOGRAPHY OF EXPERIMENTAL
PHOTON-ATTENUATION COEFFICIENTS FOR COMPOUNDS

5. AUTHOR(S)

J. H. Hubbell

6. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION (IF JOINT OR OTHER THAN NIST, SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY
GAITHERSBURG, MD 20899

7. CONTRACT/GRANT NUMBER

8. TYPE OF REPORT AND PERIOD COVERED

9. SPONSORING ORGANIZATION NAME AND COMPLETE ADDRESS (STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP)

10. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

DOCUMENT DESCRIBES A COMPUTER PROGRAM; SF-185, FIPS SOFTWARE SUMMARY, IS ATTACHED.

11. ABSTRACT (A 200-WORD OR LESS FACTUAL SUMMARY OF MOST SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION. IF DOCUMENT INCLUDES A SIGNIFICANT BIBLIOGRAPHY OR LITERATURE SURVEY, MENTION IT HERE.)

This report presents a bibliography of 106 papers reporting absolute measurements of photon (XUV, x-ray, gamma-ray, bremsstrahlung) total interaction cross sections or attenuation coefficients for molecular or ionic chemical compounds. The energy range covered extends from 10 eV to above 10 GeV. The time period covered extends from 1921 to 1989. Included with each reference are annotations specifying the substances studied and the energy range covered. An index, alphabetized by chemical symbols, is provided. The validity of applying the "mixture rule" for use of theoretical neutral-atom data for deriving data for chemical compounds is discussed.

12. KEY WORDS (6 TO 12 ENTRIES; ALPHABETICAL ORDER; CAPITALIZE ONLY PROPER NAMES; AND SEPARATE KEY WORDS BY SEMICOLONS)

attenuation coefficient, bibliography, compounds, cross section, gamma rays, mixture rule, photons, x rays.

13. AVAILABILITY

UNLIMITED

FOR OFFICIAL DISTRIBUTION. DO NOT RELEASE TO NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE (NTIS).

ORDER FROM SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS, U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, DC 20402.

ORDER FROM NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE (NTIS), SPRINGFIELD, VA 22161.

14. NUMBER OF PRINTED PAGES

34

15. PRICE

A03

