NIST TIME AND FREQUENCY BULLETIN NIST IR 6661-09

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS BULLETIN

ACTS	 Automated Computer Time Service 		
BIPM	 Bureau International des Poids et Mesures 		
CS	- Cesium Standard		
GPS	 Global Positioning System 		
IERS	 International Earth Rotation Service 		
LORAN	 Long Range Navigation 		
MC	- Master Clock		
MJD	- Modified Julian Date		
NIST	 National Institute of Standards and Technology 		
NOAA	 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration 		
NVLAP	 National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program 	ns	 nanosecond
SI	 International System of Units 	μs	 microsecond
TA	- Atomic Time	ms	 millisecond
TAI	- International Atomic Time	S	- second
USNO	 United States Naval Observatory 	min	- minute
UTC	- Coordinated Universal Time		

2. TIME SCALE INFORMATION

The values listed below are based on data from the IERS, the USNO, and NIST. The UTC(USNO,MC) - UTC(NIST) values are averaged measurements from all available common-view GPS satellites (see bibliography on page 5). UTC - UTC(NIST) data are on page 3.

0000 HOURS COORDINATED UNIVERSAL TIME							
AUG 2011	MJD	UT1-UTC(NIST) (±5 ms)	UTC(USNO,MC) - UTC(NIST) (±20 ns)				
4	55777	-293 ms	+8 ns				
11	55784	-293 ms	+9 ns				
18	55791	-294 ms	+9 ns				
25	55798	-294 ms	+9 ns				

The master clock pulses used by the WWV, WWVH, and WWVB time-code transmissions are referenced to the UTC(NIST) time scale. Occasionally, 1 s is added to the UTC time scale. This second is called a leap second. Its purpose is to keep the UTC time scale within ± 0.9 s of the UT1 astronomical time scale, which changes slightly due to variations in the Earth's period of rotation.

NOTE: No leap second will be added at the end of December 2011.

Positive leap seconds, beginning at 23 h 59 min 60 s UTC and ending at 0 h 0 min 0 s UTC, were inserted in the UTC time scale on 30 June 1972, 1981-1983, 1985, 1992-1994, and 1997, and on 31 December 1972-1979, 1987, 1989, 1990, 1995, 1998, 2005, and 2008.

The use of leap seconds ensures that UT1 - UTC will always be held within ± 0.9 s. The current value of UT1 - UTC is called the DUT1 correction. DUT1 corrections are broadcast by WWV, WWVH, WWVB, and ACTS and are printed below. These corrections may be added to received UTC time signals in order to obtain UT1.

	- 0.2 s beginning 0000 UTC 06 January 2011
	- 0.1 s beginning 0000 UTC 03 June 2010
	+0.0 s beginning 0000 UTC 11 March 2010
DUT1 = UT1 - UTC =	+0.1 s beginning 0000 UTC 12 November 2009
	+0.2 s beginning 0000 UTC 11 June 2009
	+0.3 s beginning 0000 UTC 12 March 2009

The difference between UTC(NIST) and UTC has been within ± 100 ns since July 6, 1994. The table below shows values of UTC - UTC(NIST) as supplied by the BIPM in their *Circular T* publication for the most recent 310-day period in which data are available. Data are given at ten-day intervals. Five-day interval data are available in *Circular T*.

0000 Hours Coordinated Universal Time						
DATE	MJD	UTC-UTC(NIST) ns				
July 27, 2011	55769	4.1				
July 17, 2011	55759	4.3				
July 7, 2011	55749	2.9				
June 27, 2011	55739	2.1				
June 17, 2011	55729	3.4				
June 7, 2011	55719	4.6				
May 28, 2011	55709	4.8				
May 18, 2011	55699	6.5				
May 8, 2011	55689	7.9				
Apr. 28, 2011	55679	8.6				
Apr. 18, 2011	55669	10.3				
Apr. 8, 2011	55659	12				
Mar. 29, 2011	55649	10.8				
Mar. 19, 2011	55639	10.3				
Mar. 9, 2011	55629	9.5				
Feb. 27, 2011	55619	9.4				
Feb. 17, 2011	55609	9.8				
Feb. 7, 2011	55599	10.2				
Jan. 28, 2011	55589	9.1				
Jan. 18, 2011	55579	9.1				
Jan. 8, 2011	55569	8.2				
Dec. 29, 2010	55559	6.7				
Dec. 19, 2010	55549	5.5				
Dec. 9, 2010	55539	3.9				
Nov. 29, 2010	55529	0.9				
Nov. 19, 2010	55519	1.1				
Nov. 9, 2010	55509	-0.6				
Oct. 30, 2010	55499	-1.6				
Oct. 20, 2010	55489	-3.7				
Oct. 10, 2010	55479	-4.6				

3. BROADCAST OUTAGES OVER FIVE MINUTES AND WWVB PHASE PERTURBATIONS

OUTAGES OF 5 MINUTES OR MORE							PHASE PERTURBATIONS 2 ms			
Station	Aug 2011	MJD	Began UTC	Ended UTC	Freq.	Aug 2011	MJD	Began UTC	End UTC	
WWVB	08-25-11	55798	0632	0727	60 kHz					
WWV										
WWVH										

4. NOTES ON NIST TIME SCALES AND PRIMARY STANDARDS

Primary frequency standards developed and operated by NIST are used to provide accuracy (rate) input to the BIPM. NIST-F1, a cold-atom cesium fountain frequency standard, has served as the U.S. primary standard of time and frequency since 1999. The uncertainty of NIST-F1 is currently about 3 parts in 10¹⁶.

The AT1 scale is run in real-time by use of data from an ensemble of cesium standards and hydrogen masers. It is a free-running scale whose frequency is maintained as nearly constant as possible by choosing the optimum weight for each clock that contributes to the computation.

UTC(NIST) is generated as an offset from our real-time scale AT1. It is steered in frequency towards UTC by use of data published by the BIPM in its *Circular T*. Changes in the steering frequency will be made, if necessary, at 0000 UTC on the first day of the month, and occasionally at mid-month. A change in frequency is limited to no more than ± 2 ns/day. The frequency of UTC(NIST) is kept as stable as possible at other times.

UTC is generated at the BIPM by use of a post-processed time-scale algorithm and is not available in real-time. The parameters that we use to generate UTC(NIST) in real-time are therefore based on an extrapolation of UTC from the most recent available data.

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5. UTC(NIST) - AT1 PARAMETERS

The table below lists parameters that are used to define UTC(NIST) with respect to our real-time scale AT1. To find the value of UTC(NIST) - AT1 at any time T (expressed as a Modified Julian Day, including a fraction if needed), the appropriate equation to use is the one for which the desired T is greater than or equal to the entry in the T_0 column and less than the entry in the last column. The values of x_{is} , x, and y for that month are then used in the equation below to find the desired value. The parameters x and y represent the offsets in time and frequency, respectively, between UTC(NIST) and AT1; the parameter x_{is} is the number of leap seconds applied to both UTC(NIST) and UTC, as specified by the IERS. Leap seconds are not applied to AT1.

		UTC(NIST) - AT1 = x _{ls} + >	α + y*(T -T ₀)	
Month	xls (s)	x (ns)	y (ns/d)	T0 (MJD)	Valid until 0000 on: (MJD)
Oct 11	-34	-367987.8	-38.2*	55835	55866
Sep 11	-34	-366841.8	-38.2	55805	55835*
Aug 11	-34	-365654.5	-38.3	55774	55805
Jul 11	-34	-364467.2	-38.3	55743	55774
Jun 11	-34	-363318.2	-38.3	55713	55743
May 11	-34	-362130.9	-38.3	55682	55713
Apr 11	-34	-361288.3	-38.3	55660	55682
Apr 11	-34	-360980.3	-38.5	55652	55660†
Mar 11	-34	-359786.8	-38.5	55621	55652
Feb 11	-34	-359286.3	-38.5	55608	55621
Feb 11	-34	-358707.3	-38.6	55593	55608†
Jan 11	-34	-357896.7	-38.6	55572	55593
Jan 11	-34	-357508.7	-38.8	55562	55572†
Dec 10	-34	-356305.9	-38.8	55531	55562
Nov 10	-34	-355141.9	-38.8	55501	55531
Oct 10	-34	-354365.9	-38.8	55481	55401
Oct 10	-34	-353941.3	-38.6	55470	55481†
Sep 10	-34	-353285.1	-38.6	55453	55470
Sep 10	-34	-352780.7	-38.8	55440	55470†
Aug 10	-34	-351577.9	-38.8	55409	55440
Jul 10	-34	-350957.1	-38.8	55393	55409
Jul 10	-34	-350378.1	-38.6	55378	55393†
Jun 10	-34	-349760.5	-38.6	55362	55378
Jun 10	-34	-349222.9	-38.4	55348	55362†

† Rate change in mid-month

*Provisional value