## NIST TIME AND FREQUENCY BULLETIN NIST IR 6646-08

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#### 1. GENERAL BACKGROUND INFORMATION

### ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS BULLETIN

ACTS - Automated Computer Time Service

BIPM - Bureau International des Poids et Mesures

CS - Cesium Standard

GPS - Global Positioning System

IERS - International Earth Rotation Service

LORAN - Long Range Navigation

MC - Master Clock

SI

MJD - Modified Julian Date

NIST - National Institute of Standards and Technology
NOAA - National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NVLAP - National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

TA - Atomic Time
TAI - International Atomic Time
USNO - United States Naval Observatory
UTC - Coordinated Universal Time

- International System of Units

s - second min - minute

ns

μs

ms

- nanosecond

- microsecond

millisecond

### 2. TIME SCALE INFORMATION

The values listed below are based on data from the IERS, the USNO, and NIST. The UTC(USNO,MC) - UTC(NIST) values are averaged measurements from all available common-view GPS satellites (see bibliography on page 5). **UTC - UTC(NIST) data are on page 3.** 

0000 HOURS COORDINATED UNIVERSAL TIME							
JUL 2007	MJD	UT1-UTC(NIST) (±5 ms)	UTC(USNO,MC) - UTC(NIST) (±20 ns)				
5	54286	-159 ms	-1 ns				
12	54293	-163 ms	-2 ns				
19	54300	-163 ms	-3 ns				
26	54307	-163 ms	-3 ns				

The master clock pulses used by the WWV, WWVH, and WWVB time-code transmissions are referenced to the UTC(NIST) time scale. Occasionally, 1 s is added to the UTC time scale. This second is called a leap second. Its purpose is to keep the UTC time scale within  $\pm 0.9$  s of the UT1 astronomical time scale, which changes slightly due to variations in the Earth's rotation.

NOTE: No leap second will be added at the end of December 2007

Positive leap seconds, beginning at 23 h 59 min 60 s UTC and ending at 0 h 0 min 0 s UTC, were inserted in the UTC timescale on 30 June 1972, 1981-1983, 1985, 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1997, and on 31 December 1972-1979, 1987, 1989, 1990,1995, 1998 and 2005.

The use of leap seconds ensures that UT1 - UTC will always be held within  $\pm 0.9$  s. The current value of UT1 - UTC is called the DUT1 correction. DUT1 corrections are broadcast by WWV, WWVH, WWVB, and ACTS and are printed below. These corrections may be added to received UTC time signals in order to obtain UT1.

	+0.3 s beginning 0000 UTC 01 January 2006
DUT1 = UT1 - UTC =	+0.2 s beginning 0000 UTC 27 April 2006
	+0.1 s beginning 0000 UTC 28 September 2006
	+0.0 s beginning 0000 UTC 22 December 2006
	-0.1 s beginning 0000 UTC 15 March 2007
	-0.2 s beginning 0000 UTC 14 June 2007

The difference between UTC(NIST) and UTC has been within  $\pm 100$  ns since July 6, 1994. The table below shows values of UTC - UTC(NIST) as supplied by the BIPM in their Circular T publication for the most recent 310 day period in which data are available. Data are given at 10 day intervals. Five day interval data are available in Circular T.

**0000 Hours Coordinated Universal Time** 

DATE	MJD	UTC-UTC(NIST) ns
Jun. 28, 2007	54279	-0.2
Jun. 18, 2007	54269	2.6
Jun. 08, 2007	54259	2.1
May 29, 2007	54249	5.4
May 19, 2007	54239	7.9
May 09, 2007	54229	9.4
Apr. 29, 2007	54219	11.2
Apr. 19, 2007	54209	10.4
Apr. 09, 2007	54199	11.4
Mar. 30, 2007	54189	12.5
Mar. 20, 2007	54179	13.6
Mar. 10, 2007	54169	15.2
Feb. 28, 2007	54159	15.2
Feb. 18, 2007	54149	15.3
Feb. 08, 2007	54139	14.0
Jan. 29, 2007	54129	13.3
Jan. 19, 2007	54119	15.5
Jan. 09, 2007	54109	16.1
Dec. 30, 2006	54099	15.9
Dec. 20, 2006	54089	15.5
Dec. 10, 2006	54079	14.5
Nov. 30, 2006	54069	11.6
Nov. 20, 2006	54059	9.8
Nov. 10, 2006	54049	2.7
Oct. 31, 2006	54039	-4.9
Oct. 21, 2006	54029	-11.8
Oct. 11, 2006	54019	-14.3
Oct. 01, 2006	54009	-14.4

## 3. PHASE DEVIATIONS FOR WWVB AND LORAN-C

- WWVB The values shown for WWVB are the time differences between the time markers of the UTC(NIST) time scale and the first positive-going zero voltage crossover measured at the transmitting antenna. The uncertainty of the individual measurements is  $\pm 0.5~\mu s$ . The values listed are for 1300 UTC.
- LORAN-C The values shown for Loran-C represent the daily accumulated phase shift. The phase shift is measured by comparing the output of a Loran receiver to the UTC(NIST) time scale for a period of 24 h. If data were not recorded on a particular day, the symbol (-) is printed. The stations monitored are Baudette, Minnesota (8970) and Boise City, Oklahoma (9610). The monitoring is done from the NIST laboratories in Boulder, Colorado.

Note: The values shown for Loran-C are in nanoseconds.

		UTC(NIST)-WWVB (60 kHz)	UTC(NIST) - LORAN PHASE (ns)	
		ANTENNA PHASE	LORAN-C (BAUDETTE)	LORAN-C (BOISE CITY)
DATE	MJD	(µs)	(8970)	(9610)
07/01/2007	54282	5. 65	+11	+26
07/02/2007	54283	5.65	+18	+11
07/03/2007	54284	5.65	-86	+4
07/04/2007	54285	5.65	-108	+107
07/05/2007	54286	5. 65	+39	+1
07/06/2007	54287	5.65	+25	+29
07/07/2007	54288	5. 65	-47	-53
07/08/2007	54289	5.65	+24	+54
07/09/2007	54290	5.65	-16	+4
07/10/2007	54291	5. 65	-47	-40
07/11/2007	54292	5.65	-1	+38
07/12/2007	54293	5.65	+29	-14
07/13/2007	54294	5.65	+121	+30
07/14/2007	54295	5.65	-6	+132
07/15/2007	54296	5. 65	+50	-133
07/16/2007	54297	5.65	+28	-6
07/17/2007	54298	5.65	+76	+4
07/18/2007	54299	5.65	+28	-4
07/19/2007	54300	5. 65	-149	-28
07/20/2007	54301	5. 65	+12	+32
07/21/2007	54302	5.65	-10	+24
07/22/2007	54303	5. 65	-10	-12
07/23/2007	54304	5. 65	-155	-9
07/24/2007	54305	5. 65	+7	+6
07/25/2007	54306	5. 65	+239	-23
07/26/2007	54307	5. 65	+119	-11
07/27/2007	54308	5.65	+12	-19
07/28/2007	54309	5.65	+16	+18
07/29/2007	54310	5. 65	-24	-27
07/30/2007	54311	5. 65	-182	+81
07/31/2007	54312	5.65	+92	-24

#### 4. BROADCAST OUTAGES OVER FIVE MINUTES AND WWVB PHASE PERTURBATIONS

OUTAGES OF 5 MINUTES OR MORE							PHA	SE PERTU 2 m:	_	ıs
Station	JUL 2007	MJD	Began UTC	Ended UTC	Freq.		JUL 2007	MJD	Began UTC	End UTC
WWVB	07-18-07	54299	1658	2125	60 kHz					
WWVB	07-02-07	54283	1654	1704	60 kHz					
WWV										
WWVH										

### 5. NOTES ON NIST TIME SCALES AND PRIMARY STANDARDS

Primary frequency standards developed and operated by NIST are used to provide accuracy (rate) input to the BIPM. NIST-F1, a cold-atom cesium fountain frequency standard, has served as the U.S. primary time and frequency standard since 1999. The uncertainty of NIST-F1 is currently about 5 parts in 10<sup>16</sup>.

The AT1 scale is run in real-time by use of data from an ensemble of cesium standards and hydrogen masers. It is a free-running scale whose frequency is maintained as nearly constant as possible by choosing the optimum weight for each clock that contributes to the computation.

UTC(NIST) is generated as an offset from our real-time scale AT1. It is steered in frequency towards UTC by use of data published by the BIPM in its Circular T. Changes in the steering frequency will be made, if necessary, at 0000 UTC on the first day of the month, and occasionally at mid-month. A change in frequency is limited to no more than  $\pm 2$  ns/day. The frequency of UTC(NIST) is kept as stable as possible at other times.

UTC is generated at the BIPM using a post-processed time-scale algorithm and is not available in real-time. The parameters that we use to generate UTC(NIST) in real-time are therefore based on an extrapolation of UTC from the most recent available data.

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Table 7.1 lists parameters that are used to define UTC(NIST) with respect to our real-time scale AT1. To find the value of UTC(NIST) - AT1 at any time T (expressed as a Modified Julian Day, including a fraction if needed), the appropriate equation to use is the one for which the desired T is greater than or equal to the entry in the  $T_0$  column and less than the entry in the last column. The values of  $X_{Is}$ , x, and y for that month are then used in the equation below to find the desired value. The parameters x and y represent the offset in time and in frequency, respectively, between UTC(NIST) and AT1; the parameter  $x_{Is}$  is the number of leap seconds applied to both UTC(NIST) and UTC as specified by the IERS. Leap seconds are not applied to AT1.

Table 7.1 $UTC(NIST) - AT1 = x_{ls} + x + y^*(T - T_0)$								
Month	X <sub>Is</sub> (S)	x (ns)	y (ns/d)	T <sub>₀</sub> (MJD)	Valid until 0000 on: (MJD)			
Sep 07	-33	-310768.8	-38.1*	54344	54374			
Aug 07	-33	-309587.7	-38.1	54313	54344*			
Jul 07	-33	-308940.0	-38.1	54296	54313			
Jul 07	-33	-308408.0	-38.0	54282	54296†			
Jun 07	-33	-307762.0	-38.0	54265	54282			
Jun 07	-33	-30726.3	-37.9	54252	54265†			
May 07	-33	-306738.7	-37.9	54238	54252			
May 07	-33	-306091.0	-38.1	54221	54238†			
Apr 07	-33	-304951.6	-38.3	54191	54221			
Mar 07	-33	-304262.2	-38.1	54173	54191			
Mar 07	-33	-303764.3	-38.3	54160	54173†			
Feb 07	-33	-302691.9	-38.3	54132	54160			
Jan 07	-33	-302079.1	-38.3	54116	54132			
Jan 07	-33	-301501.6	-38.5	54101	54116†			
Dec 06	-33	-300847.1	-38.5	54084	54101			
Dec 06	-33	-300303.9	-38.8	54070	54084†			
Nov 06	-33	-299799.5	-38.8	54057	54070			
Nov 06	-33	-299129.7	-39.4	54040	54057†			
Oct 06	-33	-298459.9	-39.4	54023	54040			
Oct 06	-33	-297916.7	-38.8	54009	54023†			
Sep 06	-33	-297606.3	-38.8	54001	54009			
Sep 06	-33	-296759.3	-38.5	53979	54001†			
Aug 06	-33	-295565.8	-38.5	53948	53979			

<sup>†</sup> Rate change in mid-month

<sup>††</sup> Rate change one day early

<sup>\*</sup>Provisional value