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STOVE: A Predictive Model for Heat Transfer From Solid-Fuel Appliances

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Bureau of Standards National Engineering Laboratory Center for Fire Research Gaithersburg, MD 20899

February 1987



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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
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NOMENCLATURE

| F_{dA} | radiant exchange configuration factor | dimensionless |
|--------------------|---|----------------------|
| F ₁₂ | radiant exchange configuration factor | dimensionless |
| h | convection heat transfer coefficient | kW / m^2 · K |
| k | thermal conductivity | kW / m · K |
| L | characteristic length | m |
| Nu | Nusselt number | dimensionless |
| Pr | Prandtl number | dimensionless |
| R _i | thermal resistance | $m^2 \cdot K / kW$ |
| Ra | Raleigh number | dimensionless |
| R _{TOTAL} | total thermal resistance = ΣR_i | $m^2 \cdot K / kW$ |
| ģ | heat transfer rate | kW/m ² |
| Т | temperature | K |
| X | characteristic horizontal dimension | m |
| Y | characteristic vertical dimension | m |
| ϵ | emissivity | dimensionless |
| σ | Stephan-Boltzmann constant | $kW / m^2 \cdot K^4$ |

STOVE: A Predictive Model for Heat Transfer From Solid Fuel Appliances

Richard D. Peacock and Richard A. Dipert

Abstract

A computer implementation of a model to predict temperatures on wall and wall protector surfaces exposed to the heating of an appliance such as a solid fuel heating appliance is described. A steady state heat transfer model with flexibility to describe a generalized method of protection for a combustible wall surface is presented along with a computer program implementing the model.

Good agreement was found comparing the model predictions with data previously collected during full scale experiments conducted to evaluate the effectiveness of generic methods of wall protection in reducing temperatures on combustible wall surfaces.

Extensive references of research related to solid fuel heating safety are included.

Key words: Chimneys; fire models; fire safety; fire tests; flues; heat transfer; heating equipment; literature reviews; radiant energy; stoves; wood.

1. INTRODUCTION

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission and the U.S. Department of Energy, as part of a program to investigate safety risks involved with the use of solid fuel burning appliances, have sponsored experimental research at the Center for Fire Research (CFR) at the National Bureau of Standards (NBS) to identify hazards associated with solid fuel heating. The studies were conducted to provide information to improve safety practices for the use of the

appliances, and to provide data upon which to base improved codes and standards.

During the first years of the program, an accident survey, literature review, and codes and standards analysis were performed to establish accident patterns, to determine the types of risks involved with the use of wood burning appliances. and to ascertain the adequacy of existing codes and standards in addressing these risks [1-3]. Overwhelmingly, conditions related to installation, operation, and maintenance were responsible for the fire incidents studied. Only a small percentage of the fires was attributed to product design or product defects. Thus, safe installation and use of wood burning appliances is a critical requirement for preventing fire accidents involving the equipment. Much of the criteria for the installation and use of wood burning appliances are based upon data developed over forty years ago and do not provide information on materials of construction, or appliances available in the current market.

The present program at CFR includes research on:

- clearances to combustibles from appliances and chimney connectors [4];
- methods of protection to allow reduced clearances to walls and

Number in brackets refer to literature references listed in section 8 at the end of this report.

ceiling surfaces exposed to radiant heating by appliances and chimney connectors [5];

- temperatures developed in and around fireplaces with and without fireplace inserts installed [6,7];
- intensity and duration of chimney fires in factory-built and masonry chimneys [8];
- temperatures on combustible material surrounding chimney connectors passing through walls and / or connecting to chimneys [9], and;
- prediction of temperatures on surfaces of combustible walls
 exposed to heating from a typical radiant heating appliance.

This report, one of a series of reports providing information from the experimental program on wood burning safety at NBS, presents the results of the development of a computer based implementation of a model to predict temperatures on a wall surface exposed to heating from a radiant heating appliance such as a wood stove. The resulting computer program allows the user to specify thermal protection to reduce temperatures on the wall surface.

2. REVIEW OF PREVIOUS WORK

2.1 Fire Incidents Involving Wood Burning Appliances

Recent statistics on fires and injuries related to wood burning appliances are alarming:

| Year | Fires | Change From Previous Year | Deaths | Dollar Loss |
|------|---------|------------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| 1978 | 66,800 | | 250 | \$134 million |
| 1979 | 70,700 | +14% | 210 | \$175 million |
| 1980 | 112,000 | +58% | 350 | <u>-</u> - |
| 1981 | 130,100 | +16% | 290 | \$265 million |
| 1982 | 139,800 | +7% | 250 | \$257 million |
| 1983 | 140,600 | +0.6% | 280 | \$296 million |

Source: U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission [10, 11]

There were more fires in solid fuel burning equipment, and a larger percentage increase over previous years, than were reported for any other kind of heating equipment -- including gas, electric, and oil burning appliances [10-11].

This marked increase is attributed to the growing installation and use of wood burning stoves in homes throughout the United States and the fact that most homes are made of combustible construction. Clearly, accidental fires from wood burning appliances are an increasingly important problem.

2.2 Clearances in Existing Codes and Standards

Recommendations for minimum acceptable clearances to combustible materials for the installation of chimney, chimney connectors, and appliances are specified in the various model building codes and recommended practices manuals. Reference [12] is typical of the specifications found in the codes. For simplicity, a single, hopefully conservative clearance is given for each type of appliance installed without protection. No allowance is made for the size, heat output, heat transfer characteristics or other features unique to individual models. Similarly, only a few, specific methods of protection employed to allow reduction of these clearances are recommended.

Typically, 0.91 m of clearance is specified between radiant heaters and unprotected combustible construction. For residential solid fuel chimneys, typically 51 mm of clearance is required. Chimney connectors for solid fuel burning residential appliances require a clearance of at least 0.46 m to combustible materials. However, as with appliances, these clearances may be reduced by the use of appropriate protection applied either to the appliance or to the combustible surface.

The experimental basis for these code requirements is not, in many cases, quite so clear. Several experimental studies have been carried out to determine minimum acceptable clearances to combustible materials. Voigt [13], in a 1933 publication, recommends a minimum clearance of 0.30 m for chimney connectors 0.23 m in diameter. A more extensive study, performed by Underwriters Laboratories in 1943 [14], presents minimum safe clearances for

both unprotected surfaces and surfaces protected by various methods. Distances at which a maximum temperature rise of 50°C above room temperature is reached are presented as a function of the temperature of the exposed face of a heat producing appliance. The relative protection afforded by various materials used as heat barriers between the appliance and combustible surfaces is also examined. Lawson, Fox, and Webster [15] and Lawson and Simms [16] have studied the heating of wall panels and wood by radiation. With experimentation and theoretical predictions, they present safe clearances between flue pipes and wall surfaces as a function of the pipe diameter and the pipe surface temperature. To maintain a maximum wall temperature of 100°C, 0.15 m pipe should not exceed 350°C in surface temperature at a clearance of 0.46 m [15]. Loftus and Peacock [5] present the results of research studying clearances and methods of protection for wall and ceiling surfaces exposed to radiant heating appliances. A number of recommended methods of protection to reduce temperatures on combustible wall and ceiling surfaces to acceptable levels were found. In the study, appliance surface temperatures from 300 to 450°C were used.

These experimental studies established limits for two important parameters: appliance surface temperature and clearance to combustibles for unprotected and protected surfaces. Maximum appliance surface temperatures for the appliances studied ranged from 300 to 450°C; average appliance surface temperatures from 200 to 250°C. Minimum safe wall clearances for unprotected surfaces ranged from 0.31 to 0.91 m. Most of the current code provisions are only adequate for maximum appliance surface temperatures up to 300 to 350°C.

2.3 Temperatures Developed in Heating Systems

Tests made with prefabricated porcelain-enameled metal chimneys for solid or liquid fuel furnaces [17,18] established a limiting temperature rise of 190°C on the outer surface of the chimney for a flue gas temperature of 537°C. With this limitation, wood framing space 51 mm or more away from the chimney was considered safe. Satisfactory insulation of the chimneys to reduce the outer surface temperatures to acceptable levels was obtained with asbestos paper plies totalling about 45 mm in thickness. In the same study, some asbestos cement pipe coverings were also found to reduce heat transmission to the extent required for safety of nearby combustibles.

To establish performance requirements for lightweight prefabricated chimneys, tests were conducted with lined and unlined masonry chimneys having 102 mm thick walls [19,20]. Hazardous conditions on wood framing spaced 51 mm away from the chimney were noted with a continuous flue gas temperature of 482°C for the unlined chimney and 592°C for the lined chimney. However, these hazardous conditions were not reached in the lined chimney tests until after 13 hours. In order to study operating conditions with typical fuels, a number of firing tests [21] were conducted with heating appliances known to give high flue gas temperatures, using wood and soft coals as fuels. With a coalfired, jacketed type heater, gas temperatures ranging from 648 to 704°C were measured for an hour or more in the flue at the ceiling level above the heater.

Lawson, Fox, and Webster [15] presented results of tests to measure surface temperature of flue pipes. Measured for a variety of flue systems using solid fuels -- mostly coal and coke -- they report temperatures of about 150°C under "normal" conditions and temperatures as high as 815°C for over fire conditions.

Fox and Whittaker [21] report temperatures on metal flues of several heating appliances operated over a range likely to encountered in normal use. Maximum flue pipe surface temperatures ranged from 704 to 815°C at the appliance flue outlet, 360 to 510°C at a distance of 0.91 m from the appliance flue outlet, and 287 to 326°C at a distance of 1.8 m from the appliance flue outlet.

Shoub [17] concluded that combustible materials will be ignited if maintained in continued contact with a masonry chimney of 120 mm wall thickness with flue gas temperatures of 400°C.

In tests for the Department of Energy [4], temperatures ranging from 297 to 436°C during normal operation and 377 to 693°C during over fire conditions were noted on the surfaces of several wood burning appliances when tested to prescribed test methods [22]. A total of 11 different short term tests, ranging from 1.9 to 25.6 hours duration, were conducted to establish normal firing conditions in wood burning appliances [23]. An examination of the data from these tests shows spikes occurring at the beginning and end of tests and, apparently, whenever the door to the stove was opened. These sharp increases in temperature were attributed to a "high fire" in the morning and to

the rapid increase in active flaming when the door was opened for refueling the fire. The average stove surface temperature rise for normal burning ranged from 177 to 218°C, flue gases from 140 to 269°C, inner chimney wall surface 119 to 241°C, and the outer chimney wall surface 14 to 48°C.

2.4 Limiting Safe Temperatures on Combustible Surfaces

Listings of heat producing appliances and methods for setting clearances between appliances and combustible surfaces are based upon Underwriters

Laboratories listings [22]:

- maximum temperature rise of 65°C above room temperature on exposed surfaces; and
- maximum temperature rise of 50°C above room temperature on unexposed surfaces, such as beneath the appliance, floor protector, or wall mounted protective device.

These requirements are based upon the fact that while the ignition temperature of wood products is generally quoted to be on the order of 200°C [24], wood that is exposed to constant heating over a period of time may undergo a chemical change resulting in a much lowered ignition temperature and increased potential for self-ignition.

Mitchell [25] presents data on wood fiberboard exposed to temperatures as low as 109°C that resulted in ignition after prolonged exposure. MacLean

[26,27] reports charring of wood samples at temperatures as low as 93°C. He concludes that wood should not be exposed to temperatures appreciably higher than 66°C for long periods. McGuire [28] suggests that the maximum safe temperatures on the surface of a combustible material adjacent to a constant heat source should be no more than 100°C.

Clearly, the ignition of wood at moderately elevated temperatures is a complex phenomenon; the time of exposure is indeed an important parameter [29,30]. While exact limits recommended in the literature vary due to exposure time and details of the tests conducted, the numerous documented fires involving the ignition of wood members near low pressure steam pipes [31] suggest an upper temperature limit for wood exposed to long-term low-level heating should not be appreciably higher than 100°C.

Nearby combustible materials other than wall and ceiling surfaces, such as chairs or draperies must also be kept a sufficient distance from combustible materials to prevent ignition of the materials. The testing standards and model codes treat all combustibles with the same requirements. Thus, the 0.91 m clearance requirements in NFPA 211 and maximum temperature rise requirements in the Underwriters Laboratories testing standards apply equally well to other combustibles as well. Similarly, a temperature limit of 100°C is more than adequate to protect most combustibles used in furnishings.

2.5 Data for Model Validation

Much of the available literature related to wood heating safety provides a significant amount of data that can be used to compare theoretical predictions with experimental measurements. In the above literature, references [4], [5], and [9] provide measurements of appliance surface temperatures and wall surface temperatures and provide a full description of the experimental setup to be modeled. Reference [22] provides acceptable limits on combustible surface temperatures for use in predicting minimum clearances, maximum appliance surface temperatures, minimum acceptable protector thermal properties, and the like. These references will provide the majority of data for the comparison of theoretical predictions with measured temperatures on surfaces of appliances, on protector systems, and on combustible walls.

3. THEORETICAL BASIS FOR THE MODEL

Figure 1 presents a schematic diagram of a heating appliance / wall system with an arbitrary protection system between the appliance and the wall. Heat transfers from the hot stove surface through any intervening protection to the wall surface, through the wall, and to the cooler surroundings. A few assumptions, reasonable to the system being modeled, simplify the model considerably:

- The stove is operating at steady state conditions (thus, we assume the stove has been operating for a period of time and has reached a steady operating condition).
- Stove is at a constant uniform surface temperature.
- Heat transfer through air spaces in the system takes place by radiation and convection only.
- Heat transfer through solids in the system takes place by conduction only.

With these assumptions, a one-dimensional, steady state model of the stove / protector / wall heat transfer is appropriate. The only loss in generality of the predictive capability of the model is the inability to predict any time dependent behavior of the system. Since the intended purpose of the model is to study the fire safety of the stove / protector / wall system under worst case conditions, this loss is acceptable. By assuming steady state conditions with a constant stove temperature, the worst case conditions will be modeled.

3.1 Radiative Heat Transfer

For heat exchange between two surfaces, the net radiative heat transfer between surfaces 1 and 2 is given by [32]:

$$\dot{q} = \frac{\sigma (T_1^4 - T_2^4)}{\frac{1 - \epsilon_1}{\epsilon_1} + \frac{1}{F_{12}} + \frac{1 - \epsilon_2}{\epsilon_2}}$$
(1)

 F_{12} , the configuration factor for radiative exchange between surface 1 and surface 2, is defined as the fraction of the radiation leaving surface 1 which is intercepted by surface 2. Compilations of configuration factors are available in the literature [33,34]. For the stove / wall protector geometry, the following equations are appropriate. The configuration factor for a differential element to a plane parallel rectangle with the normal to the element passing through the corner of the rectangle is given by [33]:

$$F_{dA} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{X}{(1+X^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} + an^{-1} \frac{Y}{(1+X^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{Y}{(1+Y^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} + an^{-1} \frac{X}{(1+Y^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right]$$
(2)

where X = (width of rectangle) / (distance from rectangle to element) and <math>Y = (height of rectangle) / (distance from rectangle to element). Since the configuration factor for a surface equals the sum of configuration factors for any subdivision of the surface, the configuration factor for any point (X_W, Y_W) on the wall (or first protector) surface can be defined from equation (2) as

$$F_{12} = F_{dA}(X_{W}^{-1}X_{S}, Y_{W}^{-1}Y_{S}) - F_{dA}(X_{W}^{-1}X_{S}^{-1}W_{S}, Y_{W}^{-1}Y_{S}) + F_{dA}(X_{W}^{-1}X_{S}^{-1}W_{S}^{-1}Y_$$

For radiant heat exchange between two identical, directly opposed rectangles (such as two protective surfaces of the same size), the configuration factor is given by [33]

$$F_{12} = \frac{2}{\pi XY} \left[\ln \left[\frac{(1+X^2)(1+Y^2)}{1+X^2+Y^2} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} + X(1+Y^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{X}{(1+Y^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right] + Y(1+X^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \tan^{-1} \frac{Y}{(1+X^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} - X \tan^{-1} X - Y \tan^{-1} Y \right]$$

$$(4)$$

3.2 Convective Heat Transfer

For convective heat transfer between two surfaces separated by an air space, the net heat exchange by convection is given by

$$\dot{q} = h (T_1 - T_2)$$
 (5)

where h is the convective heat transfer coefficient. For free convection at

the surface of a vertical surface (such as the wall, appliance, or protector surface), h can be found from the equations [35]

$$Nu_{L} = \frac{h L}{k} = \left[0.825 + \frac{0.387 \text{ Ra}_{L}^{1/6}}{\left[1 + (0.492/\text{Pr})^{9/16} \right]^{8/27}} \right]^{2}$$
 (6)

3.3 Conductive Heat Transfer

For solids, the net heat exchange by conduction is given by

$$\dot{q} = \frac{k}{L} \left(T_1 - T_2 \right) \tag{7}$$

While for some materials, the thermal conductivity, k, is a function of temperature, for most materials, the assumption that k is a constant leads to inconsequential loss in generality. For instance, for aluminum, the thermal conductivity changes by only 25% over a temperature range from -170°C to well over 2000°C

3.4 Solution of the Equations for an Arbitrary Protection System

At steady state, the heat transferred from the appliance to the outside, figure 2, is equal to the heat transferred through any element or group of elements within the system, or

$$\dot{q}_{TOTAL} = \frac{(T_S - T_O)}{R_{TOTAL}} = \dot{q}_i = \frac{(T_i - T_{i+1})}{R_i}$$
 (8)

Equations (1), (5), and (7) can be expressed as in equivalent resistance forms as

(Conduction)
$$R_i = \frac{L}{K}$$
 (9)

(Convection)
$$R_{i} = \frac{1}{h}$$
 (10)

(Radiation)
$$R_{i} = \frac{\frac{1 - \epsilon_{1}}{\epsilon_{1}} + \frac{1}{F_{12}} + \frac{1 - \epsilon_{2}}{\epsilon_{2}}}{\sigma (T_{1}^{2} + T_{2}^{2}) (T_{1} + T_{2})}$$
(11)

For the current problem, these equations can be combined into two as

(Solids)
$$R_{i} = \frac{L}{K}$$
 (12)

(Airspaces)
$$R_{i} = \frac{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{\sigma (T^{2} + T^{2}) (T + T)}{1 - \epsilon_{1}}}}{\frac{1 - \epsilon_{1}}{\epsilon_{1}} + \frac{1}{F_{12}} + \frac{1 - \epsilon_{2}}{\epsilon_{2}}}$$

Thus, the solution method with a given appliance temperature, $T_{\rm S}$, and a given temperature of the surroundings, $T_{\rm O}$, begins by assuming temperatures for the intermediate surfaces, calculating individual resistances from equations (12) and (13) to determine the total resistance, $R_{\rm TOTAL}$, calculating the total heat flow rate from equation (8), and comparing the total heat flow rate to the individual heats. If the calculated individual rates are sufficiently close to the calculated total heat flow rate, the steady state solution has been obtained. If any of the individual heats are different from the total heat, new estimates for each of the intermediate temperatures are made and the process is repeated until sufficient agreement has been found. Reference [36] provides a number of methods for making best guess estimates for the next iteration toward the solution. For the current problem, a simple linear search is used where one variable at a time is changed until a local optimum is found.

A number of literature sources are available to allow determination of the physical data required for the input (for instance, for the thermal conductivity and emissivity). References [32] and [33] provide extensive listings of thermal and material properties for common materials.

4. COMPUTER IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MODEL

Included as Appendix A is a listing of the FORTRAN (written in ANSI standard FORTRAN 77) program implementing the model as described above. The general structure of the program is illustrated in figure 3.

Program input (detailed in Appendix B) takes the form of different key words with arguments to specify values which depend upon the key word. In most cases, the order of the key words is unimportant. A description of each of the input key words and values which go on the same line are presented below:

STOVE <height> <width> <emissivity> <temperature>

AIRSPACE <thickness> <emissivity>

FOR <variable> = <lower> <upper> <increment>

PROTECTOR <thickness> <height> <width> <k> <emissivity> <temperature>

A sample input for the program follows:

FOR: TSTOVE = 473.15 673.15 10.

STOVE: 0.9 0.5 0.5 473.15

AIRSPACE: 0.91 0.9

ALUMINUM SHEET: 0.00254 3.0 3.0 177. 0.9

AIRSPACE: 0.0254 0.9

ALUMINUM SHEET: 0.00254 3.0 3.0 177. 0.9

AIRSPACE: 0.0254 0.9

GYPSUM WALLBOARD: 0.0127 3.0 3.0 0.17 0.9 F/G INSULATION: 0.0916 3.0 3.0 0.038 0.9 BRICK OUTSIDE: 0.0916 3.0 3.0 0.72 0.9

AIRSPACE: 273.15

END:

This input specifies a series of calculations to be done for a stove temperature ranging from 200°C to 400°C (473.15 to 673.15 K in the input above) for a wall protection system consisting of two aluminum sheets spaced 25 mm (0.00254 m in the input above) apart and placed 25 mm from an insulated outside wall of a house. A clearance of 0.91 m from the appliance to the first aluminum sheet is specified. A sample output from the program, using this sample data set, is presented in table 1. Calculated temperatures on all surfaces from the stove to the outdoors are shown along with the specified sizes and thermal properties of the materials used for the walls and protectors. Execution time, of course, depends upon the computer in use. On a typical desk top personal computer, execution of the above test case required less than 1.5 minutes.

5. COMPARISON OF THE MODEL PREDICTIONS WITH EXPERIMENTAL DATA

Figure 4 presents a comparison of calculated temperatures on the surfaces of wall protectors and on the surfaces of combustible walls with experimentally measured values taken from references [4] and [5]. To assess the predictive capabilities of the model, a range of conditions from the experimental studies were simulated. Wall materials used in these experimental studies ranged from uninsulated gypsum wallboard to a fully insulated stud wall with a brick facing on the exterior. A number of different wall protection methods were taken from reference [5], varying from a simple sheet metal protector to a sheet metal / insulation board / air space composite protector or a ventilated brick protector. A simple cross plot of

the calculated values and the experimental values illustrates the agreement of the model's predictions with experimental data obtained in earlier studies.

Agreement of the calculated values with the experimentally measured values, stated as

((
$$T_{calculated}$$
 - $T_{measured}$) / $T_{calculated}$) * 100

with temperatures expressed in absolute, averaged within less than 1 percent. Individual agreement, however ranged from 5 percent low (calculated values lower than experimental) to 4 percent high. Much of the disparity in the comparison can be explained by the choice of ambient conditions for the experimental tests. All the data in the two reports were described in terms of temperature rise above ambient conditions. Since the experimental calculations are based upon absolute temperatures, some assumptions had to be made for the ambient temperatures in the surroundings during the tests. A variation in ambient temperature of 15°C could change the calculated surface temperatures on the wall surfaces by as much as ±10 percent. Thus, the agreement illustrated in figure 5 is excellent in light of the possible variation in the calculations depending upon the assumed ambient temperature.

6. MODEL CAPABILITIES AND EXAMPLES

A theoretical model for predicting the heat transfer between the appliance and the wall surfaces can be a useful tool not only in the design of appliances and wall protection devices but also in the design of future experiments to study clearances and reduced clearances for wood burning

appliances. This section presents some examples of the use of the model in predicting temperatures and clearances from combustibles for both protected and unprotected wall surfaces.

6.1 Heat Transfer From Appliance to an Unprotected Wall

Figure 5 shows calculated wall surface temperatures as a function of appliance / wall clearance for a medium size appliance (an appliance 0.5 by 0.5 m on the side parallel to the wall surface) adjacent to an unprotected wall surface for appliance surface temperatures from 150 to 350°C. For these calculations, the outside air temperature (temperature of the surroundings) was assumed equal to 0°C. The wall consisted of 12 mm gypsum wallboard, a 92 mm stud space with glass fiber insulation, and a 92 mm common brick facing on the outside of the wall exposed to the outdoors. At an appliance clearance of 0.91 m, appliance surface temperatures greater than about 300 °C would lead to temperatures on the wall in excess of the recommended limit [22] of 50°C above room ambient temperature at a point on the wall directly centered behind the appliance. Since, in an earlier study [4], average appliance surface temperatures of about 200 °C were noted, a sufficient margin of safety is indicated for an appliance this size.

6.2 Heat Transfer From Appliance to a Sheet Metal Protected Wall

Figures 6 and 7 show calculated wall surface temperatures as a function of appliance / wall clearance for a medium size appliance (an appliance 0.5 by 0.5 m on the side parallel to the wall surface) adjacent to a protected wall surface for appliance surface temperatures from 150 to 350°C. As before, the outside air temperature was assumed equal to 0°C. The wall protector consisted of two sheets of aluminum (2.5 mm in thickness) separated by a ventilated 25 mm air space. The wall protector was spaced from the wall by a ventilated 25 mm air space. The wall consisted of 12 mm gypsum wallboard, a 92 mm stud space with glass fiber insulation, and a 92 mm common brick facing on the outside of the wall exposed to the outdoors. With the surfaces of the protector painted black and at an appliance clearance of 0.91 m, appliance surface temperatures greater than about 300°C would lead to temperatures on the wall in excess of the recommended limit of 50°C above room ambient temperature -- in fact, about the same as the case with no protection. However, when the surfaces of the protector are left unpainted (shiny aluminum surfaces), appliance surface temperatures higher than 350°C are required to raise the temperature of the wall surface above acceptable limits. Conversely, the clearance of the appliance to the wall could be reduced from 0.91 m to 0.3 m with an average appliance surface temperature of 200°C.

6.3 Heat Transfer From Appliance to a Masonry Protected Wall

Figure 8 shows calculated wall surface temperatures as a function of appliance / wall clearance for the same appliance (an appliance 0.5 by 0.5 m on the side parallel to the wall surface) adjacent to a protected wall surface for appliance surface temperatures from 150 to 350°C. Again, the outside air temperature was assumed equal to 0°C. The wall protector consisted of a 92 mm thick solid brick wall was spaced from the wall by a ventilated 25 mm air space. The wall consisted of 12 mm gypsum wallboard, a 92 mm stud space with glass fiber insulation, and a 92 mm common brick facing on the outside of the wall exposed to the outdoors. With the surfaces of the protector painted black and at an appliance clearance of 0.91 m, appliance surface temperatures greater than about 300°C would lead to temperatures on the wall in excess of the recommended limit of 50°C above room ambient temperature -- again not significantly lower than in wall surface temperatures than for the unprotected wall. Note, however, one of the major thermal characteristics of a masonry wall protection system -- high thermal mass -- is not accounted for in a steady state prediction.

7. USES FOR AND LIMITATIONS OF THE MODEL

A model was developed to predict temperatures on protected and unprotected wall surfaces exposed to heating from a (primarily) radiant heating appliance. A one-dimensional, steady state model of appliance / protector / wall heat transfer showed agreement within an average of less than 1 percent

when compared to experimental results from earlier laboratory studies. A range of building materials typical of residential construction, along with a number of different wall protection methods were simulated in the comparison. As a guideline to the range of applicability of the model, the variations of the thermal properties used in the comparisons were

| k: | 0.038 | to | 177 | W/m · K |
|---------------------|--------|----|-----|---------|
| ϵ : | 0.1 | to | 0.9 | |
| airspace thickness: | 0.1 | to | 1.0 | m |
| solid thickness: | 0.0025 | to | 0.1 | m |

Improvements in the program implementation of the model are possible. The simple linear search for the solution of the equations is certainly not the most efficient method. A number of search methods have been described in the literature [36]. An n-dimensional simplex search where the next guess for a given variable depends upon the values of the other n-l variables would improve the execution speed of the program. Additional improvements would be realized with any of a number of acceleration methods, also available in the literature [36]. Of course, a more complicated, harder to understand and modify program would result.

8. REFERENCES

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Table 1. Sample Output From STOVE

DOUBLE ALUMINUM PLATE, ALL SURFACES PAINTED BLACK

NUMBER OF NODES IN CALCULATION: 10

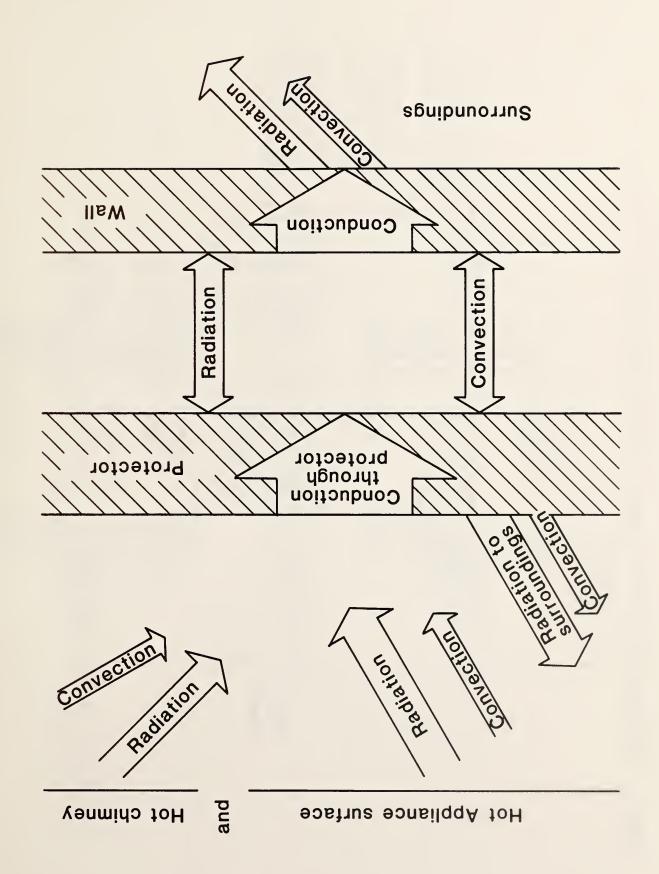
POINT ON WALL: (X): 0.000 (Y): 0.000

SERIES OF CALCULATIONS FOR VARIABLE TSTOVE: 473.150 673.150 20.000

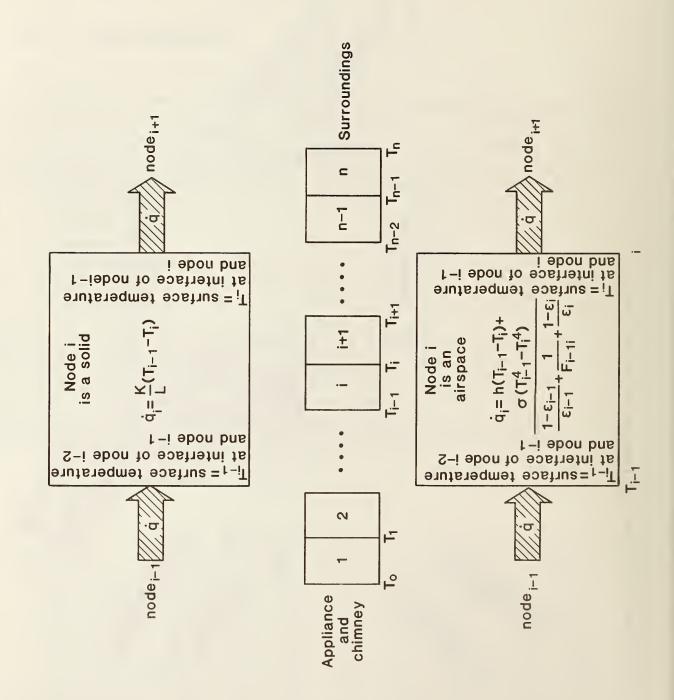
| I | MATERIAL | HEIGHT (m) | WIDTH (m) | THICK (m) | EMISS | K (W/m⋅K) | TEMPERATURE (°C) |
|---|------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|--------------|------------------|
| • | amoun | 0.50 | 0.50 | | | | |
| 0 | STOVE | 0.50 | 0.50 | | 0.90 | | 200.00 |
| 1 | AIRSPACE | | | 0.91 | 0.90 | | |
| 2 | ALUMINUM SHEET | 3.00 | 3.00 | 0.00 | 0.90 | 177.000 | |
| 3 | AIRSPACE | | | 0.03 | 0.90 | | |
| 4 | ALUMINUM SHEET | 3.00 | 3.00 | 0.00 | 0.90 | 177.000 | |
| 5 | AIRSPACE | | | 0.03 | 0.90 | | |
| 6 | GYPSUM WALLBOARD | 3.00 | 3.00 | 0.01 | 0.90 | 0.170 | |
| 7 | INSULATION | 3.00 | 3.00 | 0.09 | 0.90 | 0.038 | |
| 8 | BRICK OUTSIDE | 3.00 | 3.00 | 0.09 | 0.90 | 0.720 | |
| 9 | AIRSPACE | 3.00 | 3.30 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 3.720 | 0.00 |

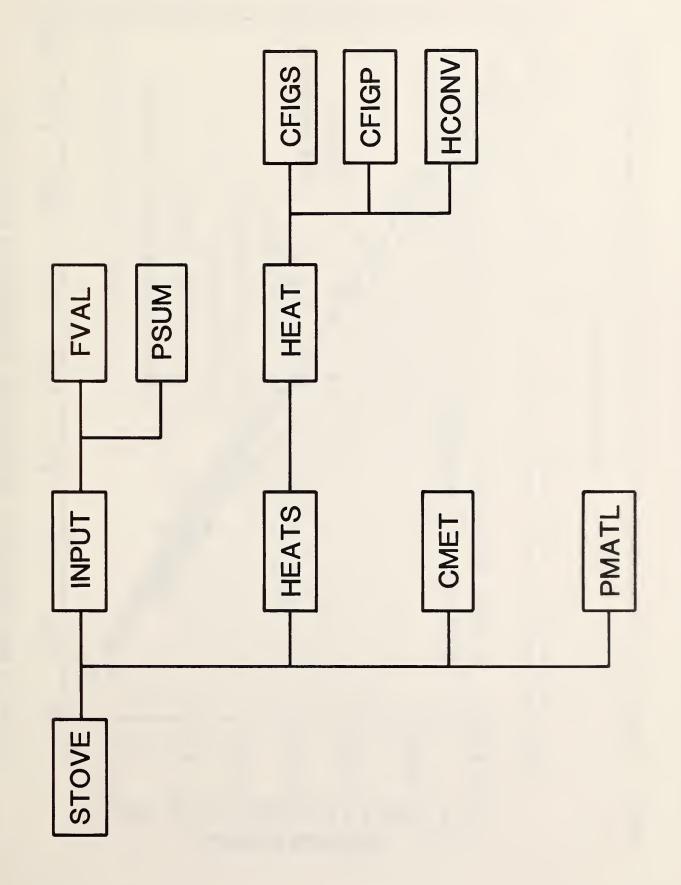
- 0: STOVE / AIRSPACE
- 1: AIRSPACE / ALUMINUM SHEET
- 2: ALUMINUM SHEET / AIRSPACE
- 3: AIRSPACE / ALUMINUM SHEET
- 4: ALUMINUM SHEET / AIRSPACE
- 5: AIRSPACE / GYPSUM WALLBOARD
- 6: GYPSUM WALLBOARD / INSULATION
- 7: INSULATION / BRICK OUTSIDE
- 8: BRICK OUTSIDE / AIRSPACE
- 9: AIRSPACE

| TSTOVE | (°C) | (1) (°C) | (2) (°C) | (3) (°C) | (4) (°C) | (5) (°C) | (6) (°C) | (7) (°C) | (8) (°C) | (°C) |
|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------|
| 473.150 | 200.0 | 33.1 | 33.1 | 31.6 | 31.6 | 30.1 | 29.3 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 0.0 |
| 493.150 | 220.0 | 38.7 | 38.7 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 35.3 | 34.4 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 0.0 |
| 513.150 | 240.0 | 44.7 | 44.7 | 42.8 | 42.8 | 41.0 | 39.9 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 0.0 |
| 533.150 | 260.0 | 51.1 | 51.1 | 49.0 | 49.0 | 47.0 | 45.7 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 0.0 |
| 553.150 | 280.0 | 57.8 | 57.8 | 55.6 | 55.6 | 53.4 | 51.9 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 0.0 |
| 573.150 | 300.0 | 64.8 | 64.8 | 62.5 | 62.5 | 60.1 | 58.5 | 6.0 | 3.2 | 0.0 |
| 593.150 | 320.0 | 72.2 | 72.2 | 69.7 | 69.7 | 67.2 | 65.4 | 6.7 | 3.6 | 0.0 |
| 613.150 | 340.0 | 79.9 | 79.9 | 77.3 | 77.3 | 74.6 | 72.6 | 7.4 | 3.9 | 0.0 |
| 633.150 | 360.0 | 87.8 | 87.8 | 85.1 | 85.1 | 82.3 | 80.1 | 8.1 | 4.3 | 0.0 |
| 653.150 | 380.0 | 96.0 | 96.0 | 93.2 | 93.2 | 90.3 | 87.8 | 8.8 | 4.7 | 0.0 |
| 673.150 | 400.0 | 104.3 | 104.3 | 101.5 | 101.5 | 98.5 | 95.8 | 9.6 | 5.0 | 0.0 |

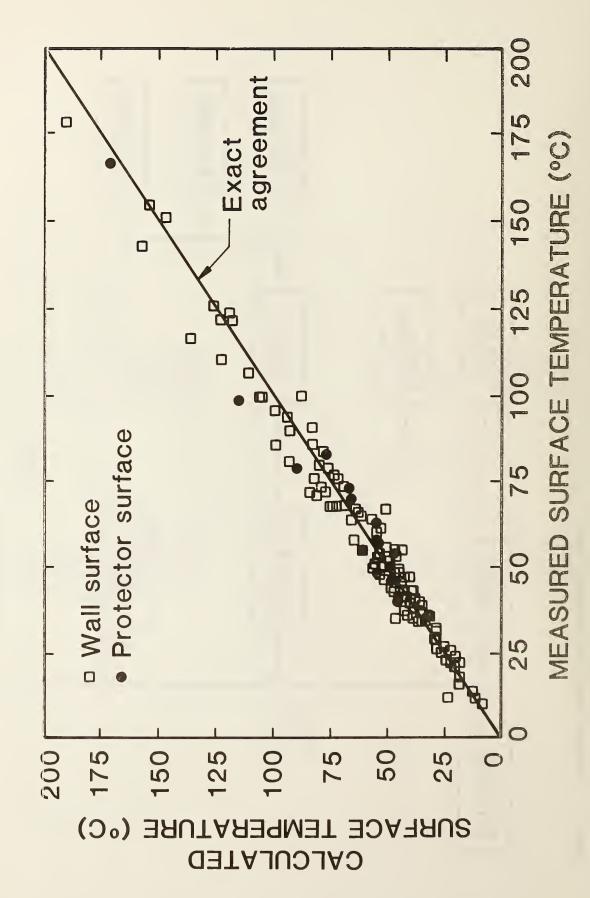


Node Model Representation of Stove / Protector / Wall System Figure 2.

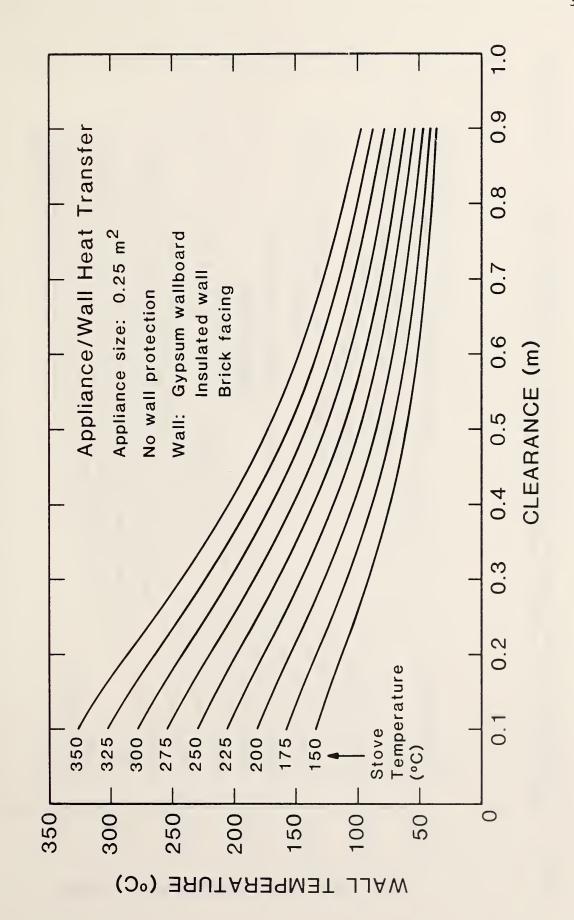




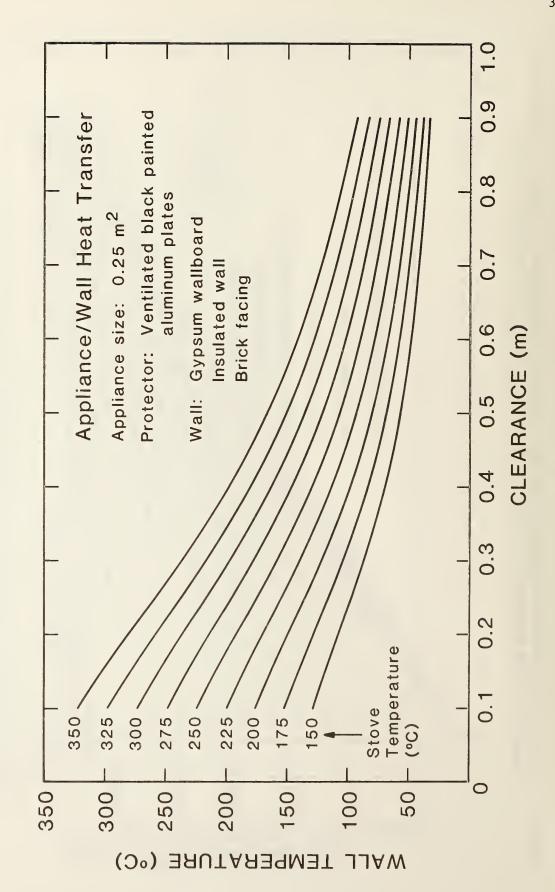
Comparison of Calculated Wall and Protector Surface Temperatures With Experimental Results Figure 4.



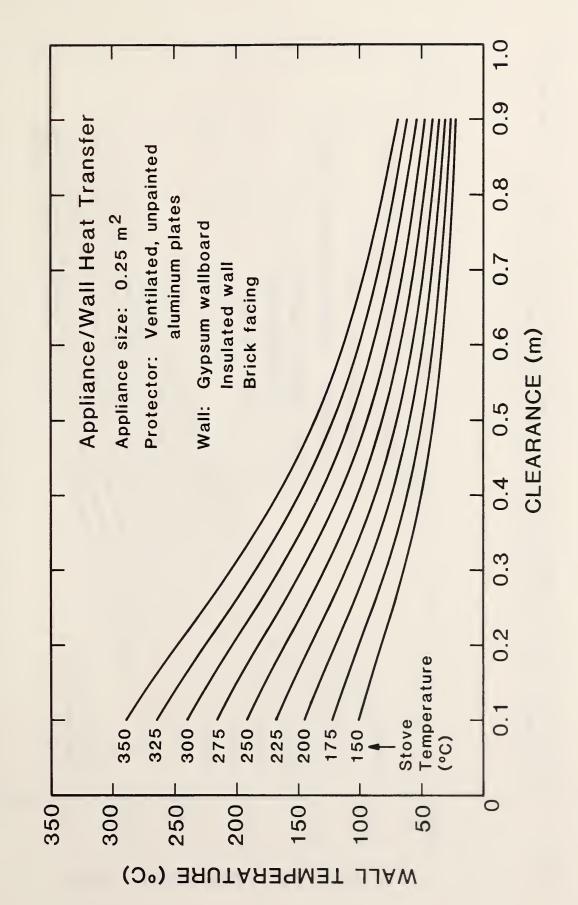
Predicted Wall Surface Temperatures for Heat Transfer From Appliance Surface to an Unprotected Combustible Wall Surface Figure 5.



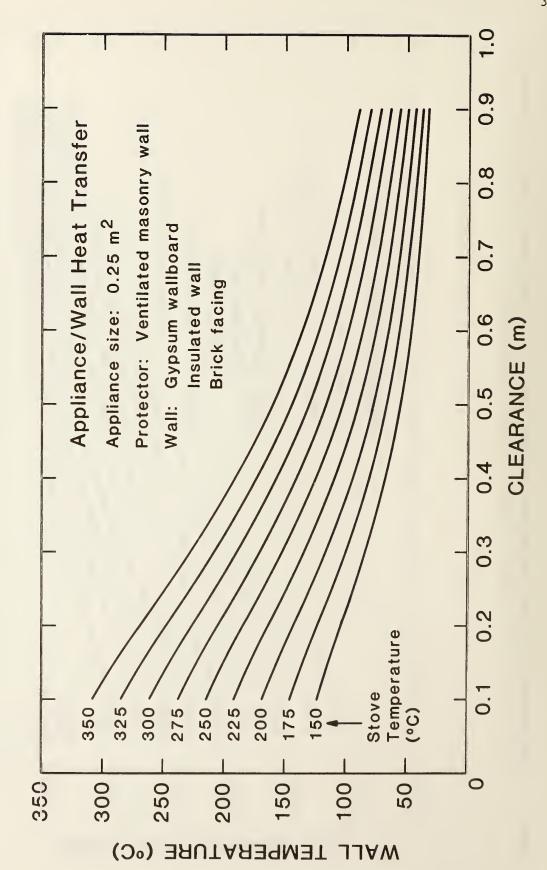
Predicted Wall Surface Temperatures for Heat Transfer From Appliance Surface to a Combustible Wall Protected With a Double Aluminum Sheet Wall Protector (Painted Black) Figure 6.



Predicted Wall Surface Temperatures for Heat Transfer From Appliance Surface to a Combustible Wall Protected With a Double Aluminum Sheet Wall Protector Figure 7.



Predicted Wall Surface Temperatures for Heat Transfer From Appliance Surface to a Combustible Wall Protected With a Solid Masonry Wall Protector With A Ventilated Air Space Figure 8.



Appendix A: Program Listing of STOVE

```
1
           PROGRAM STOVE
                                                                                                1
2
    C
                                                                                                2
3
                                                                                                3
    C
           99999999
    lc.
                           0
 4
           ഉള്ളെ
                                                                                                4
5
    C
           0000
                       999999
                                  0000000
                                             000 0
                                                       000000
    C
           9999999
                        ഉള്ള
                                                       @ @@@
                                                                                                6
6
                                  @@@ @
                                             000
 7
    |C
                0000
                        9999
                                  999
                                             999
                                                       000000
                                       0
                                                 @
    lc
                9999
8
                        ഉള്ള
                                  ഉള്ള
                                       0
                                              9999
                                                                                                8
9
    C
           99999999
                        9999
                                  000000
                                                       999999
                                                                                                9
    İc
10
                                                                                               10
11
     c
                                                                                               11
         THIS PROGRAMS CALCULATES AN ENERGY BALANCE ON A STOVE / WALL SYSTEM
    lc
                                                                                               12
12
13
    |c
         ASSUMING STEADY STATE CONDITIONS, WITH AN ARBITRARY NUMBER OF WALL
                                                                                               13
14
    İc
         PROTECTORS BETWEEN THE STOVE AND THE WALL
                                                                                               14
15
    C
                                                                                               15
16
           INCLUDE 'STOVE.CMN'
                                                                                               16
17
           CHARACTER CMET*5, PMATL*60, VERSN*7
                                                                                               17
18
           LOGICAL THRU1, NOTYET, THEEND
                                                                                               18
           DATA VERSN /'86.0108'/
19
                                                                                               19
20
                                                                                               20
21
    |C
         INITIALIZE EVERYTHING TO DEFAULT CONDITIONS, READ INPUT FOR CASE
                                                                                               21
22
    lc
                                                                                               22
23
           OEPS=0.00001
                                                                                               23
24
           EPS=0.0001
                                                                                               24
25
           TSTEP1=2.
                                                                                               25
26
           TSTEP2=2.
                                                                                               26
27
    10
           CALL INPUT (THEEND)
                                                                                               27
28
           IF (.NOT. THEEND) THEN
                                                                                               2.8
29
             XSTOVE=WSTOVE/2.
                                                                                               29
30
              YSTOVE=0.
                                                                                               30
31
              IF (.NOT.FULPRT) THEN
                                                                                               31
                WRITE (6,11) (I,PMATL(MATL(I),MATL(I+1)),I=0,N-1),N,MATL(N)
                                                                                               32
32
33
                WRITE (6,12) VNAME, (I, I=0, N)
                                                                                               33
               WRITE (6,8) ' ',(' (°C) ',I=0,N)
WRITE (6,8) ('-----',I=-1,N)
34
                                                                                               34
35
                                                                                               35
                                                                                               36
36
              END IF
              NCALCS=MAX(INT((VUPPER-VLOWER)/VINCR+0.5)+1,1)
                                                                                               37
37
              DO 100 ICALC=1, NCALCS
                                                                                               38
38
              VARVAL=VLOWER+VINCR*(ICALC-1)
                                                                                               39
39
40
                                                                                               40
         SET NEXT VALUE OF VARIABLE TO BE INCREMENTED
                                                                                               41
41
    C
                                                                                               42
42
    |C
43
              IF (IVAR.EQ.1) THEN
                                                                                               43
                                                                                               44
44
               XWALL=VARVAL
45
              ELSE IF (IVAR.EQ.2) THEN
                                                                                               45
                                                                                               46
46
                YWALL=VARVAL
47
                                                                                               47
              ELSE IF (IVAR.EQ.3) THEN
                T(0)=VARVAL
                                                                                               48
48
                                                                                               49
49
              ELSE IF (IVAR.EQ.4) THEN
                                                                                               50
                L(ISUB)=VARVAL
50
                                                                                               51
51
                IF (ISUB.EQ.1) ZSTOVE=VARVAL
                                                                                               52
              ELSE IF (IVAR.EQ.5) THEN
52
                                                                                               53
53
                WIDTH(ISUB)=VARVAL
                                                                                               54
54
                IF (ISUB.EQ.0) WSTOVE=VARVAL
                                                                                               55
55
                XSTOVE=WSTOVE/2.
                                                                                               56
56
              ELSE IF (IVAR.EQ.6) THEN
                                                                                               57
                HEIGHT(ISUB)=VARVAL
57
                                                                                               58
                IF (ISUB.EQ.0) HSTOVE=VARVAL
58
              ELSE IF (IVAR.EQ.7) THEN
                                                                                               59
59
                                                                                               60
60
                K(ISUB)=VARVAL
                                                                                               61
61
              ELSE IF (IVAR.EQ.8) THEN
                                                                                               62
62
                EMMIS(ISUB)=VARVAL
                                                                                               63
              END IF
63
                                                                                               64
64
     C
                                                                                               65
          INITIALIZE THE COUNTERS TO ZERO
65
     lc
                                                                                               66
66
     C
                                                                                               67
              ITER=0
67
                                                                                               68
    C
68
                                                                                               69
          INITIALIZE TEMPERATURE GUESSES TO WORST CASE CONDITIONS
69
     C
                                                                                               70
    C
70
```

```
71
 71
              DO 20 I=1,N-1
                                                                                               72
 72
     120
              T(I)=T(N)
 73
              TDIFF=T(0)-T(N)
                                                                                               73
 74
              TGOAL=T(N)
                                                                                               74
                                                                                               75
 75
      C
          DETERMINE NEXT GUESS FOR TEMPERATURES
                                                                                               76
 76
     C
 77
     C
                                                                                               77
                                                                                               78
 78
              DO 30 I=1,N-1
 79
      130
              T(I)=T(I)+TDIFF/N
                                                                                               79
 80
      C
                                                                                               នព
 81
      lc
          CALCULATE TOTAL RESISTANCE AND HEAT FLOW FROM GUESSED TEMPERATURES
                                                                                               81
 82
     C
                                                                                               82
 83
               CALL HEATS
                                                                                               83
 84
      40
               INNER=0
                                                                                               84
 85
                                                                                               85
     lc
 86
     C
          CALCULATE WITH NEWLY GUESSED TEMPERATURES AND HEATS
                                                                                               86
 87
                                                                                               87
      lc.
 88
              DO 60 I=1,N
                                                                                               88
              TINC=ABS(TDIFF/N/TSTEP1)
 89
                                                                                               89
 90
              TINCI=TINC
                                                                                               90
 91
              QSIGN=DSIGN(1.D0,Q(1)-QTOTAL)
                                                                                               91
 92
     C
                                                                                               92
         GO THROUGH INNER ITERATION LOOP AT LEAST ONCE FOR SOME FORCED
 93
     lc
                                                                                               93
 94
     C IMPROVEMENT
                                                                                               94
 95
     lc
                                                                                               95
 96
               THRU1=.FALSE.
                                                                                               96
 97
      50
              IF (.NOT. (ABS((Q(I)-QTOTAL)/QTOTAL).LE.QEPS.AND.THRU1)) THEN
                                                                                               97
 98
                 INNER=INNER+1
                                                                                               98
 99
                THRU1=.TRUE.
                                                                                               99
100
                 IF (ABS((Q(I)-QTOTAL)/QTOTAL).GT.QEPS) NOTYET=.TRUE.
                                                                                              100
101
                IF (MATL(I).NE.'AIRSPACE') THEN
                                                                                              101
102
     |C
                                                                                              102
103
     |C
          HEAT TRANSFER IS CONDUCTION, CALCULATE TEMPERATURE
                                                                                              103
104
      lc.
                                                                                              104
                   T(I)=T(I-1)-QTOTAL*R(I)
105
                                                                                              105
106
                                                                                              106
107
      lc
                                                                                              107
108
      |C
          HEAT TRANSFER IS BY CONVECTION & RADIATION, SEARCH FOR TEMPERATURE
                                                                                              108
      lc.
109
                                                                                              109
110
                   T(I)=T(I)+QSIGN*TINC
                                                                                              110
111
      |C
                                                                                              111
112
     |C
          RECALCULATE THE HEAT FLOW AND COMPARE TO TOTAL HEAT
                                                                                               112
113
      lc
                                                                                              113
114
                   CALL HEAT(I)
                                                                                              114
                   IF (DSIGN(1.D0,Q(I)-QTOTAL).NE.QSIGN) THEN
115
                                                                                              115
116
                     TINCI=TINCI/TSTEP2
                                                                                               116
117
                     TINC=TINCI
                                                                                              117
118
                     QSIGN=DSIGN(1.D0,Q(I)-QTOTAL)
                                                                                              118
119
                   ELSE
                                                                                              119
                     TINC=TINC*2.
120
                                                                                               120
121
                   END IF
                                                                                               121
122
                   GO TO 50
                                                                                               122
123
                END IF
                                                                                               123
124
               END IF
                                                                                               124
125
                                                                                               125
      lc
126
      c
          RECALCULATE TOTAL HEAT WITH THE NEW TEMPERATURES AND PROCEED
                                                                                               126
127
      lc
                                                                                               127
128
               CALL HEATS
                                                                                               128
129
      60
               CONTINUE
                                                                                               129
130
      C
                                                                                               130
          IF DEBUG IS ON, PRINT OUT A SUMMARY OF THE ITERATION
131
      lc
                                                                                               131
132
      lc.
                                                                                               132
133
               ITER=ITER+1
                                                                                               133
               IF (DEBUG.AND.NOTYET) THEN
134
                                                                                               134
135
                 WRITE (6,7) ITER, INNER
                                                                                               135
                 WRITE (6, '(1X,A,F7.2)') 'STOVE TEMPERATURE: ',T(0)-273.15
136
                                                                                               136
                 WRITE (6,'(1X,A,F8.2,A,F8.3)') 'TOTAL HEAT: ',QTOTAL,
137
                                                                                               137
                                                   TOTAL RESISTANCE: ',RTOTAL
138
                                                                                               138
139
                 WRITE (6,3)
                                                                                               139
140
                 DO 70 I=1,N
                                                                                               140
```

```
141
                IF (MATL(I).EQ.'AIRSPACE'.AND.I.EQ.1) THEN
                                                                                              141
142
                  WRITE (6,5) MATL(I),T(I)-273.15,R(I),Q(I),CF(I)
                                                                                              142
143
                 ELSE IF (MATL(I).EQ.'AIRSPACE'.AND.I.NE.1) THEN
                                                                                              143
144
                  WRITE (6,1) MATL(I),T(I)-273.15,R(I),Q(I),H(I),CF(I)
                                                                                              144
145
                                                                                              145
146
                  WRITE (6,2) MATL(I), T(I)-273.15, R(I), Q(I)
                                                                                              146
147
                 END IF
                                                                                              147
     70
                CONTINUE
148
                                                                                              148
149
                 TDIFF=T(N)-TGOAL
                                                                                              149
150
                WRITE (6,'(1X,A7,F10.3,A)') 'TDIFF: ',TDIFF,
                                                                                              150
151
           2
                                              CMET(TDIFF/TGOAL, EPS)
                                                                                              151
                WRITE (6,6) 'QMET: ',(Q(I)-QTOTAL,
152
                                                                                              152
153
           2
                             CMET((Q(I)-QTOTAL)/QTOTAL, EPS), I=1, N)
                                                                                              153
154
              END IF
                                                                                              154
155
              TDIFF=T(N)-TGOAL
                                                                                              155
156
              T(N)=TGOAL
                                                                                              156
157
                                                                                              157
158
     c
          IF ANY OF THE INDIVIDUAL HEATS HAVEN'T CONVERGED ON THE FINAL VALUE,
                                                                                              158
          CONTINUE WITH THE PROCESS UNTIL ALL ARE EQUAL
159
     lc
                                                                                              159
160
     C
                                                                                              160
161
              NOTYET= FALSE.
                                                                                              161
162
              DO 80 I=1,N
                                                                                              162
163
              IF (ABS((Q(I)-QTOTAL)/QTOTAL).GT.EPS) NOTYET=.TRUE.
                                                                                              163
164
     80
              CONTINUE
                                                                                              164
165
              IF (ABS(TDIFF)/TGOAL.GT.EPS) NOTYET=.TRUE.
                                                                                              165
166
              IF (NOTYET) GO TO 40
                                                                                              166
167
                                                                                              167
168
     C
          THE SOLUTION HAS BEEN FOUND, PRINT IT OUT
                                                                                              168
169
                                                                                              169
170
              IF (.NOT.FULPRT) THEN
                                                                                              170
171
                 WRITE (6,9) VARVAL, (T(I)-273.15, I=0, N)
                                                                                              171
              ELSE
                                                                                              172
172
173
                 WRITE (6,4) TITLE
                                                                                              173
174
                 WRITE (6,'(1X,A,I3)') 'ITERATIONS: ',ITER
                                                                                              174
175
                 WRITE (6,'(1X,3A,F8.3)') 'VARIED VARIABLE: ',VNAME,' = ',
                                                                                              175
176
                                           VARVAL
                                                                                              176
                 WRITE (6,'(1X,A,F7.2)') 'STOVE TEMPERATURE: ',T(0)-273.15
                                                                                              177
177
                 WRITE (6,'(1X,A,F8.2,A,F8.3)') 'TOTAL HEAT: ',QTOTAL,
178
                                                                                              178
                                                     TOTAL RESISTANCE: ', RTOTAL
                                                                                              179
179
                                                                                              180
180
                 WRITE (6,3)
181
                 DO 90 I=1.N
                                                                                              181
182
                 IF (MATL(I).EQ.'AIRSPACE'.AND.I.EQ.1) THEN
                                                                                              182
                   WRITE (6,5) MATL(I),T(I)-273.15,R(I),Q(I),Q(I)
                                                                                              183
183
184
                 ELSE IF (MATL(I).EQ.'AIRSPACE'.AND.I.NE.1) THEN
                                                                                              184
185
                   QCONV=(T(I-1)-T(I))/CONV(I)
                                                                                              185
                                                                                              186
186
                   QRAD=(T(I-1)-T(I))/RAD(I)
187
                   WRITE (6,1) MATL(I), T(I)-273.15, R(I), Q(I), QCONV, QRAD
                                                                                              187
                                                                                              188
188
                 ELSE
189
                   WRITE (6,2) MATL(I), T(I)-273.15, R(I), Q(I)
                                                                                              189
                                                                                              190
190
                 END IF
191
     90
                 CONTINUE
                                                                                              191
                WRITE (6,4) 'TEMPERATURES ARE OF COOLER SIDE OF NODE'
                                                                                              192
192
                                                                                              193
193
              END IF
                                                                                              194
194
     100
              CONTINUE
                                                                                              195
195
              GO TO 10
             END IF
                                                                                              196
196
                                                                                              197
197
             STOP
198
             FORMAT (1X,A10,2X,F10.2,3X,F10.3,2X,F10.3,3X,F10.3,3X,F10.3)
                                                                                              198
             FORMAT (1X,A10,2X,F10.2,3X,F10.3,2X,F10.3)
                                                                                              199
199
                                                                              CONV
                                                                                              200
200
      |3
            FORMAT ('OMATERIAL
                                     TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE HEAT
                                                                                              201
201
            2ECTION
                      RADIATION',/)
            FORMAT ('0',A)
202
                                                                                              203
203
      5
             FORMAT (1X,A10,2X,F10.2,3X,F10.3,2X,F10.3,16X,F10.3)
             FORMAT (1X,A7,4(F10.3,A5,:),/,10(8X,4(F10.3,A5,:),/))
                                                                                              204
204
      16
                                                                                              205
             FORMAT ('0ITERATION: ', 13,'
205
      7
                                                  INNER LOOP: ', I3)
                                                                                              206
206
      8
             FORMAT (' ',A10,20(A7,:))
             FORMAT (' ',F10.3,20(F6.1,1X,:))
                                                                                              207
207
      9
            FORMAT ('0',/,20('',16,': ',A,/)/)
FORMAT ('',A10,20(' (',12,')',:))
                                                                                              208
208
      11
                                                                                              209
209
      12
                                                                                              210
210
```

```
SUBROUTINE INPUT (THEEND)
211
     C
212
             000000
213
     lc
214
     C
              9999
                                                           0
              0000
                        000000
                                  000000
                                                       000000
215
                                            666 6
     lc
216
     C
              6666
                        @ @@@
                                  @@@ @
                                            999
                                                 @
                                                        0000
                                                                                               6
                          000
                                  eee e
                                            eee e
                                                        6666
217
     lc
              മരമര
                       a
                                                                                               8
218
     C
              0000
                       @ @@@
                                  000000
                                            @@@ @
                                                        0000
219
     İc
             000000
                       @ @@@
                                  666
                                            999999
                                                        0000
                                                                                               9
220
     Ic
                                  000
                                                                                              10
221
     C
                                                                                              11
222
     C
          PURPOSE: INPUTS DATA DESCRIBING THE STOVE / WALL PROTECTION SYSTEM
                                                                                              12
223
     C
                    TO BE MODELED
                                                                                              13
224
                                                                                              14
            INCLUDE 'STOVE, CMN'
225
                                                                                              15
226
            PARAMETER (NVAR=8)
                                                                                              16
227
            CHARACTER VAR(NVAR)*6, IN*80, KEYWD*80
                                                                                              17
228
            INTEGER VLEN(NVAR)
                                                                                              18
229
            LOGICAL THEEND, HAVEX, HAVEY
                                                                                              19
            DATA (VAR(I), VLEN(I), I=1, NVAR) /'XWALL',5,'YWALL',5,'TSTOVE',6,
230
                                                                                              20
231
           2 'THICK ',5,'WIDTH ',5,'HEIGHT',6,'K
                                                      ',1,'EMMIS',5/
                                                                                              21
     lc
232
                                                                                              22
233
     C
         LOOK FOR A KEYWORD OR END OF FILE
                                                                                              23
234
     lc
                                                                                              24
235
            THEEND=.TRUE.
                                                                                              25
236
            HAVEX=.FALSE.
                                                                                              26
            HAVEY=.FALSE.
237
                                                                                              27
238
            TITLE='STOVE / WALL PROTECTOR HEAT TRANSFER MODEL'
                                                                                              28
239
            N=0
                                                                                              29
240
            IVAR=0
                                                                                              30
            VNAME=' '
241
                                                                                              31
242
     10
            READ (5,'(A80)',END=30) IN
                                                                                              32
            THEEND= . FALSE .
243
                                                                                              33
244
            IS=INDEX(IN,': ')
                                                                                              34
245
            IF (IS.GT.1) THEN
                                                                                              35
246
              KEYWD=IN(1:IS-1)
                                                                                              36
247
              IF (KEYWD.NE.'END') THEN
                                                                                              37
     C
248
                                                                                              38
          XWALL ... X POSITION OF POINT ON THE WALL
249
     lc
                                                                                              39
250
                                                                                              40
251
                IF (KEYWD.EQ.'XWALL') THEN
                                                                                              41
252
                   ICHR=IS+2
                                                                                              42
2.53
                  XWALL=FVAL(IN,ICHR)
                                                                                              43
254
                  HAVEX=.TRUE.
                                                                                              44
255
                                                                                              45
256
          YWALL ... Y POSITION OF POINT ON THE WALL
                                                                                              46
257
                                                                                              47
258
                ELSE IF (KEYWD.EQ.'YWALL') THEN
                                                                                              48
259
                  ICHR=IS+2
                                                                                              49
260
                   YWALL=FVAL(IN,ICHR)
                                                                                              50
                  HAVEY=.TRUE.
261
                                                                                              51
262
                                                                                              52
263
     C
          AIRSPACE ... AN AIR SPACE BETWEEN TWO SOLID PROTECTORS
                                                                                              53
264
     |C
                                                                                              54
265
                ELSE IF (KEYWD.EQ.'AIRSPACE') THEN
                                                                                              55
266
                  N=N+1
                                                                                              56
267
                  MATL(N)='AIRSPACE'
                                                                                              57
268
                   ICHR=IS+2
                                                                                              58
269
                   V1=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                              59
270
                  V2=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                              60
271
                   V3=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                              61
272
                   IF (V2.EQ.0..AND.V3.EQ.0.) THEN
                                                                                              62
273
                    T(N)=V1
                                                                                              63
274
                    EMMIS(N)=1.0
                                                                                              64
275
                     HEIGHT(N)=0.
                                                                                              65
276
                   ELSE
                                                                                              66
277
                     L(N)=V1
                                                                                              67
278
                     EMMIS(N)=V2
                                                                                              68
279
                     IF (EMMIS(N).EQ.O.) EMMIS(N)=1.0
                                                                                              69
280
                     T(N)=V3
                                                                                              70
```

```
281
                     HEIGHT(N)=HEIGHT(N-1)
                                                                                                71
282
                     WIDTH(N)=WIDTH(N-1)
                                                                                                72
                                                                                                73
283
                   END IF
                                                                                                74
284
     c
          STOVE ... THE HOT STOVE SURFACE
285
     |c
                                                                                                75
286
      [C
                                                                                                76
287
                 ELSE IF (KEYWD.EQ.'STOVE') THEN
                                                                                                77
288
                   MATL(0)='STOVE'
                                                                                                78
289
                   ICHR=IS+2
                                                                                                79
                   EMMIS(0)=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
290
                                                                                                80
291
                   IF (EMMIS(0).EQ.0.) EMMIS(N)=1.0
                                                                                                81
292
                   HEIGHT(0)=FVAL(IN,ICHR)
                                                                                                82
293
                   WIDTH(0)=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                                83
                   T(0)=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                                84
294
295
                                                                                                85
          FOR ... SPECIFIES A SERIES OF CALCULATIONS TO BE DONE
296
      lc
                                                                                                86
297
      c
                                                                                                87
298
                 ELSE IF (KEYWD, EQ. 'FOR') THEN
                                                                                                88
299
                   IVAR=0
                                                                                                89
                                                                                                90
300
                   ISUB=0
301
                   DO 20 I=1, NVAR
                                                                                                91
302
                   J=INDEX(IN, VAR(I)(1:VLEN(I)))
                                                                                                92
                   IF (J.NE.O.AND.IN(J-1:J-1).EQ.'') IVAR=I
                                                                                                93
303
304
      20
                   CONTINUE
                                                                                                94
305
                                                                                                95
                   IR=0
306
                   ICHR=IS+2
                                                                                                96
307
                   IF (IVAR.EQ.0) THEN
                                                                                                97
308
                     WRITE (6,1) IN
                                                                                                98
309
                     GO TO 10
                                                                                                99
                                                                                               100
310
      lc
      C
          IF IT'S A VARIABLE WITH SUBSCRIPT, MAKE SURE ONE'S THERE
                                                                                               101
311
                                                                                               102
312
     C
313
                   ELSE IF (IVAR.GE.4) THEN
                                                                                               103
314
                                                                                               104
                     IL=INDEX(IN,'(')
315
                      IR=INDEX(IN,')')
                                                                                               105
316
                     IF (IL.EQ.O.OR.IR.EQ.O.OR.IL.GT.IR) THEN
                                                                                               106
317
                        WRITE (6,2) IN
                                                                                               107
318
                        GO TO 10
                                                                                               108
                                                                                               109
319
                     END IF
320
                     ISUB=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                               110
                                                                                               111
321
                   END IF
322
                                                                                               112
                   ICHR=IR+1
                                                                                               113
323
                   VLOWER=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
324
                   VUPPER=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                               114
                                                                                               115
325
                   VINCR=FVAL(IN,ICHR)
326
                   IF ((VLOWER.NE.VUPPER.AND.VINCR.EQ.0)
                                                                                               116
                                                                                               117
                      .OR. (VLOWER.EQ. VUPPER.AND. VINCR.NE.0)
327
            2
328
            3
                      .OR. (VUPPER.GT. VLOWER, AND. VINCR.LT.0)
                                                                                               118
                                                                                               119
329
                      .OR.(VUPPER.LT.VLOWER.AND.VINCR.GT.0)) THEN
                                                                                               120
330
                     WRITE (6,4) IN
331
                     GO TO 10
                                                                                               121
                                                                                               122
332
                   END IF
                                                                                               123
333
                   VNAME=VAR(IVAR)
                   VNAME(VLEN(IVAR)+1:VLEN(IVAR)+1+IR-IL)=IN(IL:IR)
                                                                                               124
334
335
                                                                                               125
      c
           DEBUG ... TURN DEBUG PRINT ON OR OFF
                                                                                               126
336
      lc
                                                                                               127
337
      C
                                                                                               128
                 ELSE IF (KEYWD.EQ.'DEBUG') THEN
338
                   IF (INDEX(IN, 'OFF').NE.0) DEBUG=.FALSE.
                                                                                               129
339
                   IF (INDEX(IN, 'ON').NE.0) DEBUG=.TRUE.
                                                                                               130
340
                                                                                               131
341
      lc
                                                                                               132
           PRINTOUT ... SPECIFY LEVEL OF PRINTOUT
342
      c
                                                                                               133
343
      lc
                                                                                               134
344
                 ELSE IF (KEYWD.EQ.'PRINTOUT') THEN
                   IF (INDEX(IN, 'FULL').NE.0) FULPRT=.TRUE.
                                                                                               135
345
                                                                                               136
                   IF (INDEX(IN, 'FULL'), EQ.0) FULPRT=.FALSE.
346
                                                                                               137
347
      C
           TITLE ... SPECIFY A TITLE FOR THE PRINTOUT
                                                                                               138
      |c
348
                                                                                               139
349
      C
                                                                                               140
350
                 ELSE IF (KEYWD.EO.'TITLE') THEN
```

```
141
351
                  TITLE=IN(IS+2:80)
352
     C
                                                                                              142
          IF IT'S NOT ONE OF THE RECOGNIZED KEYWORDS, ASSUME A SOLID PROTECTOR
                                                                                              143
353
     C
     lc
                                                                                              144
354
355
                ELSE
                                                                                              145
                                                                                              146
356
                  N=N+1
357
                  ICHR=IS+2
                                                                                              147
358
                  MATL(N)=IN(1:IS-1)
                                                                                              148
359
                  L(N)=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                              149
360
                  HEIGHT(N)=FVAL(IN,ICHR)
                                                                                              150
                                                                                              151
361
                  WIDTH(N)=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
362
                  K(N)=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                              152
363
                  EMMIS(N)=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                              153
364
                  T(N)=FVAL(IN, ICHR)
                                                                                              154
                                                                                              155
365
                  IF (L(N).EQ.0..OR.HEIGHT(N).EQ.0..OR.WIDTH(N).EQ.0..OR.
366
                  K(N).EQ.O..OR.EMMIS(N).EQ.O.) THEN
                                                                                              156
367
                    WRITE (6,3) IN
                                                                                              157
368
                     N=N-1
                                                                                              158
                                                                                              159
369
                    GO TO 10
370
                  END IF
                                                                                              160
371
                END IF
                                                                                              161
372
                GO TO 10
                                                                                              162
373
              END IF
                                                                                              163
374
            END IF
                                                                                              164
375
     lc
                                                                                              165
376
     IC
          DATA HAS BEEN READ IN, CHECK CONSISTENCY OF DATA INPUT
                                                                                              166
377
                                                                                              167
378
     130
            IF (THEEND) THEN
                                                                                              168
379
              RETURN
                                                                                              169
380
            ELSE IF (N.LE.1) THEN
                                                                                              170
              WRITE (6,*) 'DATA INPUT ERROR, TOO FEW NODES SPECIFIED.'
381
                                                                                              171
382
                                                                                              172
              IF (DEBUG.AND.IVAR.NE.O) THEN
383
                                                                                              173
384
                 IF (IVAR.LT.4) THEN
                                                                                              174
                  WRITE (6,5) VAR(IVAR), VLOWER, VUPPER, VINCR
385
                                                                                              175
386
                                                                                              176
                  WRITE (6,6) VAR(IVAR), ISUB, VLOWER, VUPPER, VINCR
387
                                                                                              177
388
                END IF
                                                                                              178
389
              END IF
                                                                                              179
390
              DO 40 I=1.N
                                                                                              180
391
              IF (DEBUG) CALL PSUM(I)
                                                                                              181
392
               IF (MATL(I).EQ. 'AIRSPACE') THEN
                                                                                              182
                IF ((L(I).LE.O..AND.I.NE.N).OR.(HEIGHT(I).LE.O..AND.I.NE.N)
393
                                                                                              183
394
           2 .OR. (HEIGHT(I).NE.O..AND.I.EQ.N).OR.EMMIS(I).LE.O.) THEN
                                                                                              184
                   WRITE (6,'(1X,A,13)') 'INCORRECTLY SPECIFIED AIR SPACE.', I
395
                                                                                              185
                   STOP 'INPUT DATA ERRORS, AIR SPACE'
396
                                                                                              186
397
                 END IF
                                                                                              187
398
              ELSE
                                                                                              188
399
                 IF (L(I).LE.O..OR.HEIGHT(I).LE.O..OR.WIDTH(I).LE.O..OR.
                                                                                              189
400
                 K(I).LE.O..OR.EMMIS(I).LE.O.) THEN
                                                                                              190
                   WRITE (6,'(1X,A,I3)') 'INCORRECTLY SPECIFIED PROTECTOR.',I
401
                                                                                              191
402
                   STOP 'INPUT DATA ERRORS, SOLID PROTECTOR'
                                                                                              192
403
                END IF
                                                                                              193
404
              END IF
                                                                                              194
405
      40
              CONTINUE
                                                                                              195
406
               IF (XWALL.LT.O..OR.YWALL.LT.O.) THEN
                                                                                              196
                 WRITE (6,*) 'INCORRECTLY SPECIFIED POINT ON WALL.'
407
                                                                                              197
408
                 STOP 'DATA INPUT ERRORS, XWALL & YWALL'
                                                                                              198
409
               END IF
                                                                                              199
410
               IF (T(0).LE.T(N)) THEN
                                                                                              200
411
                 WRITE (6,*) 'INCORRECTLY SPECIFIED ENDPOINT TEMPERATURES.'
                                                                                              201
412
                 STOP 'DATA INPUT ERRORS, T(0) & T(N)'
                                                                                              202
413
              END IF
                                                                                              203
414
               IF (T(0).LE.O..OR.WIDTH(0).LE.O..OR.HEIGHT(0).LE.O..OR.EMMIS(0)
                                                                                              204
415
                                                                                              205
            2 LE.O.) THEN
416
                 WRITE (6,*) 'INCORRECTLY SPECIFIED STOVE PARAMETERS.'
                                                                                              206
417
                 STOP 'DATA INPUT ERRORS, STOVE'
                                                                                              207
              END IF
                                                                                              208
418
419
             END IF
                                                                                              209
420
            IF (MATL(N).EQ.'AIRSPACE') HEIGHT(N)=HEIGHT(N-1)
                                                                                              210
```

```
421
            ZSTOVE=L(1)
                                                                                            211
422
            HSTOVE=HEIGHT(0)
                                                                                            212
423
            WSTOVE=WIDTH(0)
                                                                                            213
     C
424
                                                                                            214
425
     c
          IF NOT POSITION HAS BEEN SPECIFIED, USE MIDPOINT OF STOVE
                                                                                            215
426
                                                                                            216
427
            IF (.NOT. HAVEX) THEN
                                                                                            217
428
              XWALL=WSTOVE/2.
                                                                                            218
429
            END IF
                                                                                            219
430
            IF (.NOT. HAVEY) THEN
                                                                                            220
431
              YWALL=HSTOVE/2.
                                                                                            221
432
            END IF
                                                                                            222
433
                                                                                            223
     lc
          IF NO INCREMENT HAS BEEN SPECIFIED, MAKE ONE UP
434
                                                                                            224
435
     c
                                                                                            225
436
            IF (IVAR.EQ.0) THEN
                                                                                            226
437
              IVAR=1
                                                                                            227
438
              VLOWER=XWALL
                                                                                            228
439
              VUPPER=XWALL
                                                                                            229
440
              VINCR=1.0
                                                                                            230
441
            END IF
                                                                                            231
442
                                                                                            232
443
          PRINT OUT A DESCRIPTION OF THE STOVE / WALL SYSTEM AS SPECIFIED
     lc
                                                                                            233
444
                                                                                            234
445
            WRITE (6,11) TITLE, N+1, XWALL, YWALL
                                                                                            235
446
            IF (IVAR.GT.O.AND.IVAR.LT.4) THEN
                                                                                            236
447
              WRITE (6,5) VAR(IVAR), VLOWER, VUPPER, VINCR
                                                                                            237
            ELSE IF (IVAR.GT.4) THEN
448
                                                                                            238
449
              WRITE (6,6) VAR(IVAR), ISUB, VLOWER, VUPPER, VINCR
                                                                                            239
450
            END IF
                                                                                            240
            WRITE (6,12)
451
                                                                                            241
452
            DO 50 I=0,N
                                                                                            242
453
            IF (I.EQ.O.OR.I.EQ.N) THEN
                                                                                            243
454
              IF (MATL(I).EQ.'STOVE') THEN
                                                                                            244
455
               WRITE (6,13) I,MATL(I),HEIGHT(I),WIDTH(I),EMMIS(I),T(I)-273.15
                                                                                            245
456
              ELSE IF (MATL(I).EQ.'AIRSPACE') THEN
                                                                                            246
457
                WRITE (6,14) I,MATL(I),L(I),EMMIS(I),T(I)-273.15
                                                                                            247
458
                                                                                            248
459
                WRITE (6,15) I, MATL(I), HEIGHT(I), WIDTH(I), L(I), EMMIS(I), K(I),
                                                                                            249
460
                T(I)-273.15
                                                                                            250
461
                                                                                            251
              END IF
462
            ELSE
                                                                                            252
463
              IF (MATL(I).EQ,'STOVE') THEN
                                                                                            253
464
               WRITE (6,13) I, MATL(I), HEIGHT(I), WIDTH(I), EMMIS(I)
                                                                                            2.54
465
              ELSE IF (MATL(I).EQ.'AIRSPACE') THEN
                                                                                            255
                                                                                            256
466
                WRITE (6,14) I,MATL(I),L(I),EMMIS(I)
                                                                                            257
467
                                                                                            258
468
                WRITE (6.15) I.MATL(I).HEIGHT(I).WIDTH(I).L(I).EMMIS(I).K(I)
469
              END IF
                                                                                            259
            END IF
                                                                                            260
470
471
     50
            CONTINUE
                                                                                            261
472
            RETURN
                                                                                            262
473
                                                                                            263
474
            FORMAT ('OSYNTAX ERROR ON ''FOR'' STATEMENT, ILLEGAL OR NO VARIABL
                                                                                            264
     1
                                                                                            265
475
           2E SPECIFIED.',/,' ',A79,//)
            FORMAT ('OSYNTAX ERROR ON ''FOR'' STATEMENT, SUBSCRIPT REQUIRED FO
                                                                                            266
476
     12
           2R VARIABLE SPECIFIED.',/,' ',A79,//)
                                                                                            267
477
478
           FORMAT ('OSYNTAX ERROR ON STATEMENT, UNRECOGNIZED KEYWORD.',/,
                                                                                            268
     lз
           2 ' ',A79,//)
                                                                                            269
479
480
            FORMAT ('OSYNTAX ERROR ON ''FOR'' STATEMENT, RANGE AND INCREMENT I
                                                                                            270
           2NCONSISTENT.',/,' ',A79,//)
                                                                                            271
481
482
     15
            FORMAT ('OSERIES OF CALCULATIONS FOR VARIABLE ',A,': ',3F10.3)
                                                                                            272
                                                                                            273
483
            FORMAT ('OSERIES OF CALCULATIONS FOR VARIABLE ',A,'(',12,
     16
                                                                                            274
484
           2 '): ',3F10.3)
485
           FORMAT ('1', A, //,
                                                                                            275
     111
                                                                                            276
           2 ' NUMBER OF NODES IN CALCULATION: ', I2, /, ' POINT ON WALL: (X):',
486
487
           3 F10.3, T41, '(Y):', F10.3)
                                                                                            277
           FORMAT ('01 MATERIAL
                                                 HEIGHT WIDTH THICK
                                                                                            278
     112
                                                                           EMISS
488
                 K TEMPERATURE',/,
489
                                                                                            279
490
           3
                                                   (m)
                                                            (m)
                                                                    (m)
                                                                                            280
```

| 491 | | 4 (W/m K) (°C)',/,'',78('-'),/) | 1 | 281 |
|-----|----|--|---|-----|
| 492 | 13 | FORMAT (1X, I2, 2X, A, T26, 1X, F6. 2, T35, F6. 2, T51, F6. 2, T70, F7. 2) | 1 | 282 |
| 493 | 14 | FORMAT (1X, I2, 2X, A, T43, F6.2, T51, F6.2, T70, F7.2) | 1 | 283 |
| 494 | 15 | FORMAT (1X, I2, 2X, A, T26, 1X, 4(F6.2, 2X), F8.3, 2X, F8.2) | 1 | 284 |
| 495 | 1 | END | | 285 |

```
496
            DOUBLE PRECISION FUNCTION FVAL (IN, ICHR)
497
     lc
                                                                                                 2
            99999999
498
     C
                                               666
                                                                                                 3
     İc
            0000
499
                                               000
500
     C
            agga
                        999
                                   999999
                                                                                                 5
                                               666
501
     İc
            89999999
                        999
                             0
                                               000
                                                                                                 6
                                        @
                                   999999
502
     lc
            9999
                        eee e
                                               000
                                                                                                 7
503
     C
            9999
                         9999
                                   999 9
                                               000
            8999
                                   999999
                                                                                                 9
504
     c
                          66
                                               666
505
     C
                                                                                                10
     C
          ARGUMENTS: IN:
                                STRING CONTAINING (MAYBE) NUMBER
506
                                                                                                11
507
     C
                       ICHR:
                                (INPUT) BEGINNING CHARACTER POSITION
                                                                                                12
508
     C
                                (OUTPUT) NEXT CHARACTER POSITION
                                                                                                13
509
     C
                                                                                                14
510
     |C
          PURPOSE: DECODE NEXT NUMBER IN STRING AS A DOUBLE PRECISION VALUE
                                                                                                15
511
     C
                                                                                                16
            IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, O-Z)
512
                                                                                                17
513
            CHARACTER IN*(*), FORMAT*10
                                                                                                18
514
            IL=LEN(IN)
                                                                                                19
                                                                                                20
515
            IFIRST=ICHR
            DO 20 I=IFIRST,IL
                                                                                                21
516
            IF ((IN(I:I).GE.'0'.AND.IN(I:I).LE.'9').OR.IN(I:I).EQ.'.'
517
                                                                                                22
518
           2 .OR.IN(I:I).EQ.'+'.OR.IN(I:I).EQ.'-' ) THEN
                                                                                                23
                                                                                                24
519
     C
520
          THERE IS A NUMBER ON THE CARD, FIND OUT WHAT IT IS
                                                                                                25
521
     C
                                                                                                26
522
              DO 10 J=I,IL
                                                                                                27
523
     C
                                                                                                28
          IF WE FIND THE END OF THE NUMBER, READ IT FROM THE LINE
                                                                                                29
524
     lc
525
     C
                                                                                                30
           IF ((IN(J:J).LT.'0'.OR.IN(J:J).GT.'9').AND.IN(J:J).NE.'.'
2 .AND.IN(J:J).NE.'+'.AND.IN(J:J).NE.'-' ) THEN
526
                                                                                                31
527
                                                                                                32
                 WRITE (FORMAT, 30) J-I
                                                                                                33
528
529
                 READ (IN(I:J-1), FORMAT) VAL
                                                                                                34
                                                                                                35
530
                 FVAL=VAL
                 ICHR=J
                                                                                                36
531
532
                 RETURN
                                                                                                37
              END IF
                                                                                                38
533
534
     10
               CONTINUE
                                                                                                39
                                                                                                40
535
     IC.
536
     |C
          IF WE GET TO THE END OF THE LINE WITHOUT FINDING END OF NUMBER,
                                                                                                41
                                                                                                42
537
     lc.
          JUST READ THE NUMBER
538
                                                                                                43
                                                                                                44
539
               WRITE (FORMAT, 30) IL-I+1
                                                                                                45
540
               READ (IN(I:IL), FORMAT) VAL
               FVAL=VAL
                                                                                                46
541
                                                                                                47
              ICHR=J
542
543
               RETURN
                                                                                                48
                                                                                                49
            END IF
544
545
     20
            CONTINUE
                                                                                                50
                                                                                                51
546
     lc.
                                                                                                52
547
     C
           IF NO NUMBER IS ON THE CARD, JUST RETURN A O.
                                                                                                53
548
     c
                                                                                                54
549
             FVAL=0.
                                                                                                55
550
            RETURN
                                                                                                56
551
     lc.
                                                                                                57
552
     30
             FORMAT ('(F', I2.2,'.0)')
                                                                                                58
553
            END
```

| 554 | | SUBROUTI | INE HEATS | | | | | - 1 | 1 |
|-----|----|------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|------|----|
| 555 | C | | | | | | | | 2 |
| 556 | C | 0000 | 3 | | | | | | 3 |
| 557 | C | 6666 | 3 | | 0 | | | | 4 |
| 558 | C | 6666 | 999999 | 000000 | 999999 | 000000 | | ļ | 5 |
| 559 | C | 00000000 | 999 9 | 0 | 0000 | 666 | | | 6 |
| 560 | C | 6666 | 800000 | 000000 | 8888 | 000000 | | | 7 |
| 561 | C | 6666 | 3 6 | 6 666 | 0000 | 666 | | | 8 |
| 562 | C | 0000 | 999999 | 000000 | 0000 | 000000 | | | 9 |
| 563 | c | | | | | | | | 10 |
| 564 | [C | ARGUMENTS: | : NONE | | | | | - 1 | 11 |
| 565 | c | | | | | | | | 12 |
| 566 | C | PURPOSE: | CALCULATES | TOTAL HEAT | AND TOTAL | RESISTANCE | THROUGH | WALL | 13 |
| 567 | c | | PROTECTORS | | | | | | 14 |
| 568 | C | | | | | | | j | 15 |
| 569 | | INCLUDE | 'STOVE.CMN' | | | | | j | 16 |
| 570 | c | | | | | | | | 17 |
| 571 | C | JUST SUM U | UP RESISTANC | ES TO MAKE | UP TOTAL | RESISTANCE | | ĺ | 18 |
| 572 | İc | | | | | | | j | 19 |
| 573 | İ | RTOTAL=0 | 0. | | | | | j | 20 |
| 574 | ĺ | DO 10 I= | =1,N | | | | | | 21 |
| 575 | ĺ | CALL HEA | AT(I) | | | | | | 22 |
| 576 | 10 | RTOTAL= | RTOTAL+R(I) | | | | | Ì | 23 |
| 577 | İc | | | | | | | j | 24 |
| 578 | C | TOTAL HEAT | T IS JUST DE | LTA T / TO | TAL RESIST | TANCE | | İ | 25 |
| 579 | İc | | | | | | | i | 26 |
| 580 | İ | QTOTAL= | (T(0)-T(N))/ | RTOTAL | | | | i | 27 |
| 581 | İ | RETURN | | | | | | | 28 |
| 582 | ĺ | END | | | | | | | 29 |

```
583
            SUBROUTINE HEAT(I)
584
     lc
                                                                                                 2
585
     lc.
            9999
                    @
                                                                                                 3
586
     lc
            0000
                                                  @
587
     lc
            0000
                    0
                        0000000
                                   000000
                                              000000
                                                                                                 5
588
     C
             99999999
                        @ @@@
                                               0000
                                                                                                 6
589
     lc
            മരമെ
                        000000
                                   000000
                    @
                                               8988
                                                                                                 7
590
            0000
                                   689
                                               0000
                                                                                                 8
     C
            ഒരെ
                        000000
591
     lc:
                    æ
                                   0000000
                                               agga
                                                                                                9
592
     C
                                                                                               10
                         I: ELEMENT NUMBER
593
     |C
          ARGUMENTS:
                                                                                               11
594
     [C
                                                                                               12
595
     lc
          PURPOSE: CALCULATES HEAT THROUGH ELEMENT NUMBER I
                                                                                               13
596
     lc
                                                                                               14
            INCLUDE 'STOVE.CMN'
597
                                                                                               15
            DATA SIGMA / 5.67D-8 /
598
                                                                                               16
            IF (MATL(I).NE.'AIRSPACE') THEN
599
                                                                                               17
     lc
                                                                                               18
600
601
     c
          MATERIAL IS A SOLID, CONDUCTION ONLY
                                                                                               19
602
                                                                                                20
     lc
603
                                                                                                21
              R(I)=L(I)/K(I)
604
            ELSE IF (MATL(I).EQ.'AIRSPACE'.AND.I.EQ.1) THEN
                                                                                                22
605
     C
                                                                                                23
606
     C
          MATERIAL IS AND AIRSPACE NEXT TO STOVE, CALCULATE FOR POINT ON WALL
                                                                                                24
607
                                                                                                25
608
              XNOTS=XWALL-(XSTOVE-WSTOVE*.5)
                                                                                                26
609
               YNOTS=YWALL-YSTOVE
                                                                                                2.7
610
               ZNOTS=ZSTOVE
                                                                                                28
               CF(I)=CFIGS(XNOTS, YNOTS, ZNOTS)-CFIGS(XNOTS-WSTOVE, YNOTS, ZNOTS)
                                                                                                29
611
612
                     +CFIGS(XNOTS-WSTOVE, YNOTS-HSTOVE, ZNOTS)
                                                                                                30
613
            3
                     -CFIGS(XNOTS, YNOTS-HSTOVE, ZNOTS)
                                                                                                31
614
              RAD(I)=1./(CF(I)*SIGMA*EMMIS(I)*(T(I-1)**2+T(I)**2)
                                                                                                32
615
                          *(T(I-1)+T(I)))
                                                                                                33
              RMTEMP=293.15
                                                                                                34
616
              RLOSS=(T(I-1)-T(I))/((T(I)**4-RMTEMP**4)*SIGMA*EMMIS(I)
                                                                                                35
617
                     *(1-CF(I)))
618
                                                                                                36
619
               R(I)=1./(1./RAD(I)-1./RLOSS)
                                                                                                37
             ELSE IF (MATL(I).EQ.'AIRSPACE'.AND.I.NE.N) THEN
                                                                                                38
620
621
                                                                                                39
622
     lc
          MATERIAL IS AN AIRSPACE, BUT NOT NEXT TO STOVE
                                                                                                40
623
      [C
                                                                                                41
                                                                                                42
624
               CF(I)=CFIGP(HEIGHT(I), WIDTH(I), L(I))
625
               H(I)=HCONV(T(I-1),T(I),HEIGHT(I))
                                                                                                43
                                                                                                44
626
               CONV(I)=1./H(I)
                                                                                                45
               RAD(I)=1./(CF(I)*SIGMA*EMMIS(I)*(T(I-1)**2+T(I)**2)
627
628
                          *(T(I-1)+T(I)))
                                                                                                46
               R(I)=1./(1./CONV(I)+1./RAD(I))
                                                                                                47
629
630
                                                                                                48
                                                                                                49
631
          MATERIAL IS AN AIRSPACE AND LAST ELEMENT ... THE GREAT OUTDOORS
                                                                                                50
632
      c
                                                                                                51
633
      C
                                                                                                52
634
               CF(I)=1.
635
               H(I)=HCONV(T(I-1),T(I),HEIGHT(I))
                                                                                                53
                                                                                                54
636
               CONV(I)=1./H(I)
637
               RAD(I)=1./(CF(I)*SIGMA*EMMIS(I)*(T(I-1)**2+T(I)**2)
                                                                                                55
                                                                                                56
                          *(T(I-1)+T(I)))
638
                                                                                                57
639
               R(I)=1./(1./CONV(I)+1./RAD(I))
                                                                                                58
             END IF
640
                                                                                                59
641
             Q(I)=(T(I-1)-T(I))/R(I)
642
             RETURN
                                                                                                60
                                                                                                61
643
             END
```

| 644 | | DOUBLE PREC | ISION FUN | CTION CF | IGS (A,B,C) | | | 1 |
|-----|---|--------------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------------|---------|----|
| 645 | c | | | | | | | 2 |
| 646 | c | 00000000 | 0000 | 9999 | | | | 3 |
| 647 | C | 0000 | 0 | | 0 | | | 4 |
| 648 | C | 0 0000 | 888888 | 9999 | 999999 | 000000 | | 5 |
| 649 | c | @ | 9999 | 9999 | 999999 | 999 | | 6 |
| 650 | C | 0 0000 | 8888 | 9999 | @ | 889898 | | 7 |
| 651 | C | 0 0000 | 8888 | 9999 | <u> </u> | 000 | | 8 |
| 652 | c | 00000000 | 8888 | 0000 | 9999 9 | 999999 | | 9 |
| 653 | c | | | | 99999999 | | | 10 |
| 654 | c | | | | | | | 11 |
| 655 | c | ARGUMENTS: | A: WIDT | H OF REC | TANGLE | • | | 12 |
| 656 | C | | B: HEIG | HT OF RE | CTANGLE | | | 13 |
| 657 | C | | C: DIST | ANCE TO | POINT OF CAL | CULATION | | 14 |
| 658 | C | | | | | | | 15 |
| 659 | C | PURPOSE: CAL | CULATES F | ADIATION | CONFIGURATI | ON FACTOR FOR | A PLANE | 16 |
| 660 | C | ELE | MENT TO A | PLANE I | PARALLEL RECT | ANGLE. | | 17 |
| 661 | C | | | | | | | 18 |
| 662 | c | SOURCE: THER | MAL RADIA | TION HEA | T TRANSFER, | SEIGEL & HOWE | ELL. | 19 |
| 663 | C | | | | | | | 20 |
| 664 | | IMPLICIT DO | UBLE PREC | ISION (A | A-H,O-Z) | | | 21 |
| 665 | | PI=3.14159 | | | | | | 22 |
| 666 | | X=A/C | | | | | | 23 |
| 667 | | Y=B/C | | | | | | 24 |
| 668 | | CFIGS=1./(2 | *PI)*(X/S | QRT(1+X | **2)*ATAN(Y/S | SQRT(1+X**2)) | | 25 |
| 669 | | 2 + Y/SQRT(1 | +Y**2)*A | AN(X/SQE | RT(1+Y**2))) | | | 26 |
| 670 | | RETURN | | | | | | 27 |
| 671 | | END | | | | | | 28 |

| 672 | | DOUBLE PREC | CISION FUNC | TION CFI | GP (A,B,C) | | | 1 | 1 |
|-----|----|---------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|---|----|
| | ļc | | | | | | | | 2 |
| 674 | ļc | 99999999 | 0000 | 0000 | | | | | 3 |
| 675 | С | <u>0</u> 0000 | @ | | @ | | | | 4 |
| 676 | С | 9999 9 | 000000 | 6666 | 899999 | 000000 | | | 5 |
| 677 | C | @ | @ @@ | 6666 | 899999 | @ @ @ | | | 6 |
| 678 | C | 0 0000 | 0000 | 9 999 | @ | @@ @ | | | 7 |
| 679 | C | 0 0000 | 0000 | @ @@@ | 999 999999 | 000000 | | | 8 |
| 680 | [C | 99999999 | 0000 | 9999 | 0000 | @@ | | | 9 |
| 681 | [C | | | | 99999999 | @@ @ | | | 10 |
| 682 | [C | | | | | | | | 11 |
| 683 | [C | ARGUMENTS: | A: WIDTH | OF RECT | ANGLE | | | | 12 |
| 684 | [C | | B: HEIGH | T OF REC | TANGLE | | | | 13 |
| 685 | [C | | C: DISTA | NCE BETW | EEN RECTANG | LES | | | 14 |
| 686 | [C | | | | | | | | 15 |
| 687 | C | PURPOSE: CA | LCULATES RA | DIATION | CONFIGURATION | ON FACTOR | FOR TWO | | 16 |
| 688 | C | ID | ENTICAL, PA | RALLEL, | DIRECTLY OF | POSED REC | TANGLES. | | 17 |
| 689 | C | | | | | | | | 18 |
| 690 | C | SOURCE: THE | RMAL RADIAT | ION HEAT | TRANSFER, | SEIGEL & 1 | HOWELL. | | 19 |
| 691 | C | | | | | | | | 20 |
| 692 | | IMPLICIT D | OUBLE PRECI | SION (A- | H,O-Z) | | | | 21 |
| 693 | | PI=3.14159 | | | | | | | 22 |
| 694 | | X=A/C | | | | | | ļ | 23 |
| 695 | ł | Y=B/C | | | | | | | 24 |
| 696 | | CFIGP=2./(| PI*X*Y)*(LC | G(((1+X* | X)*(1+Y*Y)) | /(1+X*X+Y | *Y))**0.5 + | | 25 |
| 697 | | 2 X*SQRT(1+ | Y*Y)*ATAN(X | /SQRT(1+ | ·Y*Y)) + | | | | 26 |
| 698 | | 3 Y*SQRT(1+ | X*X)*ATAN(Y | //SQRT(1+ | ·X*X)) - | | | | 27 |
| 699 | | 4 X*ATAN(X) | - Y*ATAN(Y | ()) | | | | | 28 |
| 700 | | RETURN | | | | | | | 29 |
| 701 | | END | | | | | | | 30 |

```
DOUBLE PRECISION FUNCTION HCONV(T1, T2, L)
                                                                                                      1
702
703
     İc
                                                                                                      2
704
     |C
             0000
                     0
                                                                                                      3
705
     C
             0000
                     0
                                                                                                      4
                         000000
                                    999999
706
     |C
             0000
                     0
                                                000000
                                                           @@@ @
                                                                                                      5
707
     lc
             99999999
                         0
                             999
                                    9 999
                                                0
                                                   000
                                                           999
                                                                                                      6
708
     C
             0000
                     @
                         0
                                    9 999
                                                @
                                                   999
                                                           @@@ @
                                                                                                      7
             0000
                     0
                             000
                                    000 0
                                                   000
                                                                                                      8
709
     C
                         0
                                                @
                                                            0000
710
     C
             0000
                     @
                         999999
                                    000000
                                                0
                                                   000
                                                             66
                                                                                                      9
711
     lc.
                                                                                                     10
712
     C
           ARGUMENTS:
                          T1: TEMPERATURE OF HOTTER SURFACE
                                                                                                     11
                          T2: TEMPERATURE OF COOLER SURFACE
713
     C
                                                                                                     12
714
      C
                                HEIGHT OF SURFACES
                                                                                                     13
715
     lc.
                                                                                                     14
           PURPOSE: CALCULATES FREE CONVECTION HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT FOR
716
     C
                                                                                                     15
                      A VERTICAL SURFACE.
717
     lc
                                                                                                     16
718
     C
                                                                                                     17
          SOURCE: FUNDAMENTALS OF HEAT TRANSFER, INCORPERA & DEWITT.
719
     IC
                                                                                                     18
720
     C
                                                                                                     19
721
             IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
                                                                                                     20
722
             DOUBLE PRECISION K, NU, L, NUSELT
                                                                                                     21
723
             DIMENSION C(3,5)
                                                                                                     22
724
             DATA ((C(I,J),J=1,5),I=1,3) /
                                                                                                     23
            2 -.381021E-2, .132063E-3, -.117332E-6, .687499E-10, -.127680E-13
3,-.167333E-4, .143076E-6, -.249135E-10, .781850E-13, -.127693E-16
4,-.501195E-5, .468550E-7, .881329E-10,-.117315E-13, .307192E-17
725
                                                                                                     24
726
                                                                                                     25
727
                                                                                                     26
728
            5 /
                                                                                                     27
729
             TF=(T1+T2)/2
                                                                                                     28
730
             DELTAT=(T1-T2)
                                                                                                     29
731
             K=C(1,1)+C(1,2)*TF+C(1,3)*TF*TF+C(1,4)*TF**3+C(1,5)*TF**4
                                                                                                     30
732
             ALPHA=C(2,1)+C(2,2)*TF+C(2,3)*TF*TF+C(2,4)*TF**3+C(2,5)*TF**4
                                                                                                     31
             NU=C(3,1)+C(3,2)*TF+C(3,3)*TF*TF+C(3,4)*TF**3+C(3,5)*TF**4
733
                                                                                                     32
734
             PR=NU/ALPHA
                                                                                                     33
735
             RA=9.8*(1./TF)*ABS(DELTAT)*L**3/(NU*ALPHA)
                                                                                                     34
736
             NUSELT=(0.825+0.387*RA**(1./6.)/(1.+(0.492/PR)**(9./16.))
                                                                                                     35
737
            2 **(8./27.))**2
                                                                                                     36
             HCONV=NUSELT*K/L
738
                                                                                                     37
739
             RETURN
                                                                                                     38
             END
740
                                                                                                     39
```

| 741 | | CHARACTER*5 FUNCTION CMET(VALUE, EPS) | | 1 |
|-----|----|--|---|---|
| 742 | C | | | 2 |
| 743 | C | 63636363 | | 3 |
| 744 | C | @ @@@@ [| | 4 |
| 745 | C | 0 0000 000000 0000000 0000000 0000000 0000 | | 5 |
| 746 | C | 0 | | 6 |
| 747 | C | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | | 7 |
| 748 | C | 8 888 8 8 888 8 | | 8 |
| 749 | C | 00003000 0 0000 000000 00000 00000 | | 9 |
| 750 | [C | | 1 | 0 |
| 751 | C | ARGUMENTS: VALUE: NUMBER TO BE EVALUATED | 1 | 1 |
| 752 | C | EPS: ACCEPTANCE CRITERION FOR VALUE | 1 | 2 |
| 753 | C | | 1 | 3 |
| 754 | C | PURPOSE: FUNCTIONS RETURNS A CHARACTER INDICATION OF WHETHER THE | 1 | 4 |
| 755 | [C | VALUE IS WITHIN LIMITS. USED FOR DEBUG PRINTOUT | 1 | 5 |
| 756 | C | | 1 | |
| 757 | | IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z) | 1 | 7 |
| 758 | 1 | IF (ABS(VALUE), LE.EPS) THEN | 1 | 8 |
| 759 | | CMET='(IN) ' | 1 | 9 |
| 760 | | ELSE | 2 | 0 |
| 761 | 1 | CMET='(OUT)' | 2 | 1 |
| 762 | | END IF | 2 | 2 |
| 763 | 1 | RETURN | 2 | 3 |
| 764 | | END | 2 | 4 |

```
SUBROUTINE PSUM(I)
                                                                                            1
765
755
757
                                                                                            3
     C
           EEEEEEEE
     Ic
           6666 6
7.68
                                                                                            5
                      888888
                                 2022232 2 228
     C
759
770
     C
            8888888
                       888
                                 288 €
                                          222 9 9
                                                                                            6
     C
                                 988 8
771
            8888
                       666666
                                          8 8 8 8
                                 222 2 3 2 228
772
     İc
           9999
                        999
                                                                                            9
                                 255 3 3 505538
773
     C
           8888
                       999999
771
     C
                                                                                           10
         ARGUMENTS: I: SURFACE NUMBER FOR SUMMARY PRINTOUT
775
     (C
775
     C
777
     C PURPOSE: FRINTS OUT ALL THE VARIABLES IN THE COMMON BLOCK, USED
                                                                                           13
778
     0
           FOR DEBUG FRINTOUT.
                                                                                           14
779
                                                                                           15
7.80
           INCLUDE 'STOVE.QAN'
                                                                                           15
781
           WRITE (5,10) I, MATL(I), I(I), R(I), L(I), K(I), E(I), CF(I), EMMIS(I),
                                                                                           17
           2 Q(I),CONV(I),RAD(I),HEIGHT(I),WIDTE(I),XSTOVE,YSTOVE,ZSTOVE,
7.5.2
                                                                                           18
753
           3 WSTOVE, HSTOVE, MMALL, YMALL, RTOTAL, QTOTAL, N
                                                                                           19
784
           RETURN
                                                                                           20
765
                                                                                           21
    10
           FORMAT ('OCURRENT VALUES FOR SPACE ',12,' MATERIAL IS ',A,/,
7 8 5
                                                                                           2.2
787
           2 ' TEMPERATURE: ',F10.3,T41, 'RESISTANCE: ',F10.3,/,
                                                                                           23
           3 ' THICKNESS: ',F10.3,T41, 'THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY: ',E12.5,/,
7.5.5
                                                                                           2.5
789
           4 ' E:',F10.3,T41,'CONFIGURATION FACTOR:',F10.3,/,
                                                                                           25
           5 ' EMISSIVITY: ',F10.3,T41,' INDIVIDUAL EEAT: ',F10.3,/,
                                                                                           25
7.90
           6 ' CONV. RESISTANCE: ',F10.3,T41,'RAD. RESISTANCE: ',F10.3,/,
791
                                                                                           27
792
           7 ' HEIGHT:',F10.3,T41,'WIDTE:',F10.3,/,
                                                                                           25
           8 ' XSTOVE: ',F10.3,T31, 'YSTOVE: ',F10.3,T61, 'ZSTOVE: ',F10.3,/,
793
                                                                                           29
794
          9 ' WSTOVE: ',F10.3,T31, 'ESTOVE: ',F10.3,/,
                                                                                           30
          * ' XMALL: ',F10.3,T31,'YMALL: ',F10.3,/,
1 ' RTOTAL:',F10.3,T31,'QTOTAL:',F10.3,T61,'N: ',I10)
795
                                                                                           31
795
                                                                                           32
797
          ED
                                                                                           33
```

| 798 | CHARACTER*60 FUNCTION PMATL(MATL1,MATL2) | 1 |
|-----|--|--------|
| 799 | İc | 2 |
| 800 | C @@@@@@@@ @@@ | 3 |
| 801 | C 6666 6 6 668 | 4 |
| 802 | C 6666 6 666666 666666 666666 666 | 5 |
| 803 | C 66666666 6 6 666 6 666 | 6 |
| 804 | C @@@@ @ @ @@@ @@@@@@ @@@@ | 7 |
| 805 | C @@@@ @ @@@@ @ @@@ @@@@ | 8 |
| 806 | C 6666 6 666 66666 6666 666 | 9 |
| 807 | ic | 10 |
| 808 | lc . | 11 |
| 809 | C ARGUMENTS: MATL1: DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL CLOSER TO APPLIANCE | 12 |
| 810 | C MATL2: DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL FURTHER AWAY FROM APPLIA | NCE 13 |
| 811 | lc | 14 |
| 812 | C PURPOSE: CREATES A CONCATENATED DESCRIPTION OF TWO MATERIALS FOR | 15 |
| 813 | C PRINTOUT | 16 |
| 814 | lc | 17 |
| 815 | CHARACTER*40 MATL1, MATL2 | 18 |
| 816 | PMATL=MATL1 | 19 |
| 817 | DO 10 I=40,1,-1 | 20 |
| 818 | IF (MATL1(I:I).NE.'') THEN | 21 |
| 819 | PMATL(I+1:I+3)=' / ' | 22 |
| 820 | GO TO 20 | 23 |
| 821 | END IF | 24 |
| 822 | 10 CONTINUE | 25 |
| 823 | PMATL=' ' | 26 |
| 824 | 20 DO 30 I=40,1,-1 | 27 |
| 825 | IF (PMATL(I:I).NE.'') THEN | 28 |
| 826 | PMATL(I+2:60)=MATL2 | 29 |
| 827 | RETURN | 30 |
| 828 | END IF | 31 |
| 829 | 30 CONTINUE | 32 |
| 830 | PMATL=MATL2 | 33 |
| 831 | RETURN | 34 |
| 832 | END | 35 |

| | C COMMON BLOCK FOR PROGRAM STOVE | |
|----|--|----|
| | C | |
| 1 | IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z) | 1 |
| 2 | | 2 |
| 3 | PARAMETER (MAXPRO=20) | 3 |
| 4 | C | 4 |
| 5 | DOUBLE PRECISION L,K | 5 |
| 6 | CHARACTER MATL*40, VNAME*10, TITLE*80 | 6 |
| 7 | LOGICAL DEBUG, FULPRT | 7 |
| 8 | COMMON /NSTOVE/ T(0:MAXPRO),R(0:MAXPRO),L(0:MAXPRO),K(0:MAXPRO), | 8 |
| 9 | 2 H(0:MAXPRO), CF(0:MAXPRO), EMMIS(0:MAXPRO), Q(0:MAXPRO), | 9 |
| 10 | 3 CONV(0:MAXPRO),RAD(0:MAXPRO),HEIGHT(0:MAXPRO),WIDTH(0:MAXPRO), | 10 |
| 11 | 4 XSTOVE, YSTOVE, ZSTOVE, WSTOVE, HSTOVE, XWALL, YWALL, RTOTAL, QTOTAL, N, | 11 |
| 12 | 5 IVAR, ISUB, VLOWER, VUPPER, VINCR, DEBUG, FULPRT | 12 |
| 13 | COMMON /CSTOVE/ MATL(0:MAXPRO), VNAME, TITLE | 13 |
| 14 | lc l | 14 |

Appendix B: Data Input for STOVE

The data input for stove takes the form of six different key words with arguments to specify values which depend upon the key word. In most cases, the order of the key words is unimportant, except as noted below. A description of each of the input key words and values which go on the same line are presented below:

STOVE <height> <width> <emissivity> <temperature>

AIRSPACE <thickness> <emissivity>

FOR <variable> = <lower> <upper> <increment>

XWALL <x position>
YWALL <y position>

PROTECTOR <thickness> <height> <width> <k> <emissivity> <temperature>

BOLDFACE type are required key words. Words in

brackets> specify numeric inputs as follows:

<height> specifies the height of the stove or protector in meters.

<increment> specifies the amount to increment the variable <variable> in
 the FOR statement for each calculation to be performed. The
 first calculation is done with <variable> equal to the value
 <lower>; the second calculation is done with <variable> equal
 to the value <lower> + <increment> and so forth until the
 value of <variable> is greater than or equal to the value of

<upper>. The units for the number are the same as those for
the variable <variable>.

<k>

specifies the thermal conductivity of the solid protector in $\mbox{W/m} \cdot \mbox{K}\,.$

<lower>

specifies the beginning value of the variable <variable> in the FOR statement for each calculation to be performed. The first calculation is done with <variable> equal to the value <lower>; the second calculation is done with <variable> equal to the value <lower> + <increment> and so forth until the value of <variable> is greater than or equal to the value of <upper>. The units for the number are the same as those for the variable <variable>.

<temperature>

specifies the temperature of the stove surface, protector, or airspace in K. Temperatures are only specified for the stove surface (surface number 0) and for the outermost surface or airspace (surface number N).

<thickness>

specifies the thickness of the material (for a protector) or the distance between surfaces (for an airspace).

<variable>

specifies the variable to be incremented in each calculation to be done. The first calculation is done with <variable> equal to the value <lower>; the second calculation is done

with <variable> equal to the value <lower> + <increment> and so forth until the value of <variable> is greater than or equal to the value of <upper>. Legal variables which may be used are: T(0) -- the stove temperature, width(i), k(i), xwall, ywall, emissivity(i), height(i), l(i).

<width>

specifies the width of the stove or protector in meters.

<x position>

specifies the x position of the point on the wall at which the calculation is to done in meters.

<y position>

specifies the y position of the point on the wall at which the calculation is to done in meters.

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