U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

JESSE H. JONES, Secretary

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

LYMAN J. BRIGGS, Director

National Bureau of Standards

OCT 1 1941

CALKING LEAD

COMMERCIAL STANDARD CS94-41

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A RECORDED VOLUNTARY STANDARD OF THE TRADE

UNITED STATES

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

WASHINGTON: 1941

PROMULGATION

of

COMMERCIAL STANDARD CS94-41

for

CALKING LEAD

On September 26, 1940, the Lead Industries Association proposed the establishment of a Commercial Standard for calking lead, and submitted a specification which the Association has used as a basis for its seal of approval. This specification was submitted to a number of leading distributor and user organizations for comment and was later adjusted to suit the composite recommendations of those concerned. In the absence of need for a general conference, the recommended standard was circulated on April 23, 1941, to manufacturers, distributors, and users for written approval. The trade has since accepted and approved for promulgation by the United States Department of Commerce, through the National Bureau of Standards, the standard as shown herein.

The standard is effective from June 25, 1941.

Promulgation recommended.

I. J. Fairchild, Chief, Division of Trade Standards.

Promulgated.

Lyman J. Briggs,
Director, National Bureau of Standards.

Promulgation approved.

Jesse H. Jones, Secretary of Commerce.

CALKING LEAD

COMMERCIAL STANDARD CS94-41

PURPOSE

1. The purpose of this Commercial Standard is to establish a nationally recognized specification for calking lead which shall serve to promote a better understanding between buyer and seller and to provide a basis for certification and labeling.

SCOPE

2. This standard covers chemical composition, certification, labeling, and packaging of one grade of calking lead available in pig, ingot, or wool form.

REQUIREMENTS

3. Lead for calking purposes shall contain not less than 99.73 percent of lead.

4. Maximum allowable impurities:

	Percent
Arsenic, antimony, and tin together	0.015
Copper	. 08
Zine	
Iron	
Bismuth	
Silver	. 02

PACKAGING

5. Pigs of calking lead shall weigh from 60 to 100 pounds each.

6. Ingots shall weight from 3 to 6 pounds and may be furnished singly, in groups linked together in readily separable segments, or in groups held together by adequate wiring or other convenient means.

7. Lead wool shall be loosely twisted into ropes and packed in

waterproof bags, or wound on reels, unless otherwise specified.

8. When delivered by common carrier, calking lead shall be packed to insure acceptance for safe transportation at lowest rate to the point of delivery.

CERTIFICATION AND LABELING

9. The producer's name or identification mark shall be clearly cast or stamped upon each piece of lead to be used for calking purposes or, in the case of lead wool or other forms that cannot be so marked, shall appear upon the label or package.

10. It is recommended that the following form of certification be

used on labels, tags, invoices, etc.:

The _____ Company certifies that this calking lead conforms to all the requirements of Commercial Standard CS94-41 as issued by the National Bureau of Standards of the U. S. Department of Commerce.

11. The Lead Industries Association, 420 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y., has a plan whereby it authorizes manufacturers to use the Association's seal of approval on each piece of lead or, in the case of lead wool or other forms that cannot be so marked, the seal of approval may be placed on the label or package of calking lead conforming to the Association's standard, which is currently identical in substance with this commercial standard. The seal is illustrated in figure 1.



FIGURE 1.—Seal of approval of the Lead Industries Association

EFFECTIVE DATE

The standard is effective from June 25, 1941.

STANDING COMMITTEE

The following individuals comprise the membership of the standing committee, which is to review, prior to circulation for acceptance, revisions proposed to keep the standard abreast of progress. Each organization nominated its own representatives. Comment concerning the standard and suggestions for revision may be addressed to any member of the committee or to the Division of Trade Standards, National Bureau of Standards, which acts as secretary for the committee.

Chairman:

Alfred P. Knapp, American Smelting & Refining Co., 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Producers:

CHARLES A. GEATTY, National Lead Co., 111 Broadway, New York, N. Y. WILLIAM F. MURDOCK, Eagle-Picher Sales Co., 435 Reading Road, Cincinnati, Ohio.

OSCAR E. PLANTEROTH, Marks Lissberger & Son, Inc., 23-01 Borden Ave., Long Island City, N. Y.

Distributors:

American Institute of Wholesale Plumbing & Heating Supply Associations, 43 E. State St., Battle Creek, Mich. Invited to name representative.

Central Supply Association, 228 N. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill. Invited to name representative.

Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago, Ill. Invited to name representative.

R. S. Jones, Federal Housing Administration, Washington, D. C.

J. W. Nicholson, City Purchasing Agent, Milwaukee, Wis. Representing National Association of Purchasing Agents. National Association of Master Plumbers, 917 15th St., NW., Washington,

D. C. Invited to name representative.

HISTORY OF PROJECT

On September 26, 1940, the Lead Industries Association requested the establishment of a commercial standard for calking lead and submitted as a basis for such a standard, a specification developed by the Association and used by it in authorizing the use of the Association's seal of approval on calking lead manufactured in conformance

with the specification.

Because the specification was well known to a large part of the trade, no public hearing for adjustment was believed necessary, but copies of the specification were submitted to approximately 300 interested producers, distributor, and user organizations for comment on December 4, 1940. Following suitable adjustment and unqualified endorsement by a number of those organizations, and in the absence of objection, the recommended commercial standard was submitted to the entire trade for written acceptance on April 23, 1941.

On June 10, 1941, the National Bureau of Standards announced that acceptances representing a satisfactory volume of business had been received and that the standard would become effective from

June 25, 1941.



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Date

Division of Trade Standards,

ACCEPTANCE OF COMMERCIAL STANDARD

If acceptance has not previously been filed, this sheet properly filled in, signed, and returned will provide for the recording of your organization as an acceptor of this commercial standard.

National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.		
Gentlemen:		
	nents on the reverse side of this she andard CS94-41 as our standard	
Production ¹	Distribution ¹ Us	se 1
of calking lead.		
We will assist in securing its cooperate with the standing ostandard when necessary.	general recognition and use, and vecommittee to effect revisions of	vill the
Signature of individual officer _		
, ·	(in ink)	
(Kindly typewrite	or print the following lines)	
Name and title of above officer.		
Organization	(Fill in exactly as it should be listed)	
Street address	·	
acceptances for all subsidiary companies and aff	y drawing lines through the other two. Please file seps iliates which should be listed separately as acceptors. s, etc., desiring to record their general approval, the wre.	In

TO THE ACCEPTOR

The following statements answer the usual questions arising in

connection with the acceptance and its significance:

1. Enforcement.—Commercial standards are commodity specifications voluntarily established by mutual consent of those concerned. They present a common basis of understanding between the producer, distributor, and consumer and should not be confused with any plan of governmental regulation or control. The United States Department of Commerce has no regulatory power in the enforcement of their provisions, but since they represent the will of the interested groups as a whole, their provisions through usage soon become established as trade customs, and are made effective through incorporation into sales contracts by means of labels, invoices and the like.

2. The acceptor's responsibility.—The purpose of commercial standards is to establish for specific commodities, nationally recognized grades or consumer criteria and the benefits therefrom will be measurable in direct proportion to their general recognition and actual use. Instances will occur when it may be necessary to deviate from the standard and the signing of an acceptance does not preclude such departures; however, such signature indicates an intention to follow the commercial standard where practicable, in the production, dis-

tribution, or consumption of the article in question.

3. The Department's responsibility.—The major function performed by the Department of Commerce in the voluntary establishment of commercial standards on a Nation-wide basis is fourfold: first, to act as an unbiased coordinator to bring all interested parties together for the mutually satisfactory adjustment of trade standards; second, to supply such assistance and advice as past experience with similar programs may suggest; third, to canvass and record the extent of acceptance and adherence to the standard on the part of producers, distributors, and users; and fourth, after acceptance, to publish and promulgate the standard for the information and guidance of buyers and sellers of the commodity.

4. Announcement and promulgation.—When the standard has been endorsed by a satisfactory majority of production or consumption in the absence of active, valid opposition, the success of the project is announced. If, however, in the opinion of the standing committee or the Department of Commerce, the support of any standard is inadequate, the right is reserved to withhold promulgation and

publication.

ACCEPTORS

The organizations and individuals listed below have accepted this specification as their standard of practice in the production, distribution, and use of calking lead. Such endorsement does not signify that they may not find it necessary to deviate from the standard, nor that producers so listed guarantee all of their products in this field to conform with the requirements of this standard. Therefore, specific evidence of quality certification should be obtained where required.

ASSOCIATIONS

American Association of Engineers, Chicago, Ill.

Denver Master Plumbers Association, Committee on Standardization, Denver, Colo.

Lead Industries Association, New York,

Virginia Associated Plumbing & Heating Contractors, Inc., Richmond, Va.

FIRMS

Adams, Franklin O., Tampa, Fla.
Alpha Metal & Rolling Mills, Inc.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
Altfilisch, Charles, Decorah, Iowa.

American Radiator & Standard Sanitary

Corporation, Minneapolis, Minn. American Smelting & Refining Co., Federated Metals Division, New York, N. Y.

American Smelting & Refining Co., Lead Products Department, New

York, N. Y. Annand, J. D., Portland, Oreg.

Appleby Bros. & Whittaker Co., Harrisburg, Pa.

Lead Manufacturing Baker Co.,

Worcester, Mass. Balch & Lippert, Mass.
Beacham & LeGrand, Greenville, S. C.
Beardsley, Wallace P., Auburn, N. Y.
Beeson, Carroll O., Crawfordsville, Ind.
Bickford, Robert Turner, Elmira, N. Y.
Blake, Edgar Ovet, Evanston, Ill.
Blithe, Wasley Lesber, Philadelphia, Pa

Blithe, Wesley Lesher, Philadelphia, Pa.

Bogner, Harry, Milwaukee, Wis. Bond Supply Co., Kalamazoo, Mich. Boston Consolidated Gas Co., Boston,

Bowman Supply & Manufacturing Co.,

Inc., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Bradley Supply Co., Chicago, Ill. Brainerd, Harry B., New York, N. Y. (In principle.)

Braman, Dow & Co., Boston, Mass. Braseth & Houkom, Fargo, N. Dak. Brazer, Clarence W., New York, N. Y. Brown, Floyd W., Minneapolis, Minn. Brown, Louis A., Jr., Charlottesville, Va.

Brust & Brust, Milwaukee, Wis. Bucky, Fred W., Jr., Jacksonville, Fla. Buechner & Orth, St. Paul, Minn.

(In principle.) Buffalo Testing Laboratories, Buffalo, N. Y. (In principle.) Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mining & Con-

centrating Co., Kellogg, Idaho. California Oregon Power Co., Medford, Oreg.

Cambridge Gas Light Co., Cambridge, Mass.

Cambridge Smelting Co., Cambridge, Mass.

Camlet, J. Thomas, Passaic, N. J. Candela, R., New York, N. Y. Canfield Supply Co., Kingston, N. Y.

Cannon & Mullen, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Capitol Supply Co., Lincoln, Nebr.

Carroll, John, Ventnor, N. J. Central Plumbing Supply Co., The, Bridgeport, Conn.

Central Vermont Public Service Corporation, Rutland, Vt.

Chesebrough Manufacturing Co., Consolidated, New York, N. Y.
Chiaverini, Francis, Providence, R. I.

(In principle.)

Cities Service Oil Co. (Del.), Bartlesville, Okla.

Cleveland Lead Co., The, Cleveland, Ohio.

Coit, E., New York, N. Y. Cole Supply Co., Geo. H., Troy, N. Y. Colorado, Public Service Co. of, (Elec-

trical Operations), Denver, Colo. Columbia Pipe & Supply Co., Chicago, Ill.

Community Public Service Co., Ft. Worth, Tex.

& Cummings, Binghamton,

Conrow, H. S., Wichita, Kans. Conwell & Co., E. L., Philadelphia, Pa. (In principle.)

Coolidge, Shepley, Bulfinch & Abbott, Boston, Mass. Corlett, Will G., Oakland, Calif.

Cotton States Fertilizer Co., Macon, Ga. County Seat Plumbing Supply Co., Inc., White Plains, N. Y.

Cram & Ferguson, Boston, Mass. Crowell & Lancaster, Bangor, Maine. Crown Metal Co., Milwaukee, Wis. Dalziel Plumbing Supplies, San Francisco, Calif.

Danser Manufacturing & Supply Co., The, Weston, W. Va., and Clarksburg, W. Va.

Dayton Power & Light Co., The, Dayton, Ohio. Charles DeJarnette, Wagner, Des

Moines, Iowa. Delehanty, Andrew L., Albany, N. Y.

(In principle.) Detroit, City of, Public Lighting Commission, Detroit, Mich.

Division Lead Co., Chicago, Ill. Dodge, Stephen W., New York, N. Y. Dominquez Chemical Co., Compton, Calif.

Drake, Inc., George H., Buffalo, N. Y. Dubuque Supply Co., The R. A., St. Louis, Mo.

Duffy & Co., Edward W., Detroit, Mich.

Eagle-Picher Sales Co., The, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Eastern Plumbing Supply Co., Inc., The, Hartford, Conn.

Egyptian Supply Co., Inc., Christopher,

Eichenlaub, Geo. E., Erie, Pa. Eldridge, Charles William, Oswego,

N. Y. Ellis & Sons, Inc., Sol, Chicago, Ill. Englewood Plumbing Supply Co., Inc.,

Englewood, N. J.
English, Harold T., Hutchinson, Kans.
Espedahl, K. S., Columbia, S. C.

Evans Metal Co., Atlanta, Ga. Fall River Steam & Gas Pipe Co., Fall

River, Mass. Flannagan, Eric G., Henderson, N. C. Flemm Lead Co., Inc., The, Long Island City, N. Y.

Florida, University of, Gainesville, Fla. Foltz & Son, Herbert, Indianapolis, Ind. Freeport Plumbing & Heating Engineers, Freeport, N. Y.
Galloup Pipe & Supply Co., Battle

Creek, Mich.

Gardiner Metal Co., Chicago, Ill.

General Plumbing Supply Corporation, Coney Island, N. Y. Glaser Lead Co., Inc., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Grinnell Co., Inc., Providence, R. I.

Groeniger, Wm. C., Columbus, Ohio. Hahn, Stanley W., Silver Spring, Md. Hannaford, Frederick T., Gainesville, Fla.

Hannaford & Sons, Samuel, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Haralson & Mott, Ft. Smith, Ark. Harley & Ellington, Detroit, Mich. (In principle.)

Harper & West, Boston, Mass. Hasness, Carlisle D., Harrisburg, Pa. Haxby & Bissell, Minneapolis, Minn. Helfensteller, Hirsch & Watson, St. Louis, Mo.

Herron Co., The James H., Cleveland, Ohio. (In principle.)

Hess Co., Charles, New York, N. Y. Hoefler, Arthur Albert, N. Plainfield. N. J.

Holsman & Holsman, Chicago, Ill. Home Plumbing & Heating Co., Twin

Falls, Idaho. Hoppe, M. F., Washington, D. C. (In principle.)

Hudson Smelting & Refining Co., Newark, N. J.

Heating Hughes & Plumbing Co.. Minneapolis, Minn.

Hughes Supply Co., The, Mansfield, Ohio.

Hunt Co., Robert W., Chicago, Ill.
Hunting Co., The, Rochester, N. Y.,
and Auburn, N. Y.
Ideal Supply Co., Somerville, Mass.
Illinois, University of, Department of

Architecture, Urbana, Champaign, Ill (In principle.)

International Smelting & Refining Co.,

New York, N. Y.
Jahns Supply Co., Ft. Worth, Tex.
Joannes, Francis Y., New York, N. Y.
Johnson Plumbing Co., Texarkana, Ark.

Johnson Wallwork & Dukehart, Portland, Oreg.

Jokel-Coy-Thal, Toledo, Ohio. Kaelber, Wm. G., & L. A. Waasdorp, Rochester, N. Y

Kahn Bros., Brooklyn, N. Y. Kalispell Mercantile Co.,

Kalispell, Mont.

Kansas City Smelting Co., Kansas City, No.

Keich & O'Brien, Warren, Ohio. Knapp Supply Co., The, Muncie, Ind. Kohler Co., Kohler, Wis. (In principle.)

Kohn, Robert D., & Chas. Butler, Architects Associated, New York, N. Y.

Koller Bros. Co., The, Cleveland, Ohio. Kyle, Herbert S., Charleston, W. Va. Laclede Gas Light Co., The, St. Louis, Mo.

Larrick, Thomas, Athens, Ohio.

Laboratories, Inc., Seattle, Laucks Wash.

Lawrence, Holford & Allyn, Portland, Oreg.

Lebanon Plumbing Supply Co., Inc., Lebanon, Pa.

Levy, Will, St. Louis, Mo.

Lissberger & Son, Inc., Marks, Long Island City, N. Y.

Main Supply Co., The, Cincinnati,

Ohio.

Maine, University of, Department of Chamical Engineering. Chemistry & Chemical Engineering, Orono, Maine. (In principle.)
Malone Plumbing Supply Co., S. S.,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mann & Co., Hutchinson, Kans. principle.)

Martin & Son, A. Oscar, Doylestown,

Massena & duPont, Wilmington, Del. Mauran, Russell, Crowell & Mullgardt, St. Louis, Mo.

Messer Co., James A., Washington, D. C.

Meyer, Gerber Plumbing & Heating Supply Co., Chicago, Ill. Mid-West Supply Co., Chicago, Ill. Miller & Yeager, Terre Haute, Ind.

Milwaukee Water Works, Milwaukee,

Milwaukee Lead Works, Milwaukee,

Wis. Mineola Plumbing Supply Co., Inc.,

Mineola, N. Y. Mission Pipe Supply Co., San Diego,

Calif. Mitchell, Charles J., Providence, R. I. Molther, F. R., Ancon, Canal Zone. Montgomery, Ward & Co., Chicago, Ill. Muhlenberg Bros., Reading, Pa. Mundie, Jensen, Bourke & Havens,

Chicago, Ill.

Murdock Manufacturing & Supply Co.,

The, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Murphy, Inc., J. L., New York, N. Y.

Murray, Earl O., Birmingham, Ala.

National Lead Co., New York, N. Y.

Nelson Co., N. O., St. Louis, Mo.

Neptune Supply Corporation, Atlantic

City, N. J.

New Jersey Engineering & Supply Co., Passaic, N. J.

New Mexico State College of A.-M. A., State College, N. Mex. (In principle.)

Nichols, Edward J., Madison, Nebr. North American Smelting Co., Inc., Philadelphia, Pa.

North Shore Gas Co., Waukegan, Ill. North Side Plumbing & Heating, Indianapolis, Ind.

Northern Indiana Supply Co., Inc., Kokomo, Ind.

Northwest Lead Co., Seattle, Wash. O'Rourke Plumbing & Heating Co., W. R., Walla Walla, Wash.

Pacific Gas & Electric Co., San Francisco, Calif.

Pancoast, Russell T., Miami Beach, Fla.

Penn Reading Supply Co., Reading, Pa.

Penniman & Browne, Baltimore, Md. Pepper, Geo. W., Jr., Philadelphia, Pa. Philadelphia Electric Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Pitkin, Inc., Lucius, New York, N. Y. (In principle.)

Plumbing Wholesale Co., Jackson, Miss. Proudfoot Rawson-Brooks & Borg, Des Moines, Iowa.

Public Service Electric & Gas Co., Newark, N. J.

Raffel's Plumbing & Heating Supply House, Chicago, Ill.

Rayl Co., Detroit, Mich. Reese & Co., Reading, Pa.

Ritchie & Associates, James H., Boston, Mass.

River Smelting & Refining Co., The, Cleveland, Ohio.

Rochester Gas & Electric Corporation, Rochester, N. Y. Rochester Lead Works, Inc., Rochester,

N. Y.

Rockford Plumbing Supply Co., Rockford, Ill.

Rom Co., The Robert, Milwaukee, Wis. Ross-Willoughby Co., The, Columbus, Ohio.

Sales & Co., Murray W., Detroit, Mich.

Schoeppe, Edward, Philadelphia, Pa. Schulzke, William H., Moline, Ill. Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Seashore Supply Co., Atlantic City, N. J. Sidells, Arthur F., & Ellis M. Keppel,

Warren, Ohio. Silverstein & Pinsof, Inc., Chicago, Ill. Sleeper, Harold R., New York, N. Y. Smith, Emery & Co., San Francisco,

Calif.

Smolka Co., Inc., New York, N. Y. Southern California Edison Co., Ltd., Los Angeles, Calif.

Southern California Gas Co., Los Angeles, Calif. Southern California Telephone Co., Los

Angeles, Calif.

Specification Record, Chicago, Ill. Standard Plumbing Supply Co., Inc., Minneapolis, Minn.

State Plumbing Supply Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Staten Island Edison Corporation, St.

George, Staten Island, N. Y.

Staten Island Supply Co., Inc., West New Brighton, S. I., N. Y. Staub, John F., Houston, Tex.

Stauffer Chemical Co., Los Angeles, Calif.

Steinmann, Robert, Cincinnati, Ohio. Summers Hardware & Supply Co., Johnson City, Tenn.

Sun Oil Co., Philadelphia, Pa., and Whitaker, Courtney L., Dravosburg, Marcus Hook, Pa.

Tallman Co., University City, Mo. Taylor, Ellery K., Haddonfield, N. J. Taylor & Wheeler, Fresno, Calif.

Tennessee Copper Co., Copperhill,

Tenn. Thorne, Henry Calder, Ithaca, N. Y. Thornley Supply Co., The, Pawtucket,

Toye Supply Co., E. W., Winona, Minn. Twining Laboratories, The, Fresno,

Calif.

Van Denberg Supply Co., Rockford, Ill. Victory White Metal Co., The, Cleveland, Ohio.
Vogel, Willis A., Toledo, Ohio.
Vogel & Sons Co., P. A., Louisville, Ky.
Wanner Bros., Baltimore, Md.

Warren Balderston Co., Trenton, N. J. Warren Plumbers Supply Co., Inc., Jersey City, N. J. Weber & Co., Inc., C. L., Philadelphia,

Pa.

Weil-McLain Co., Chicago, Ill. Welch, Carroll E., Huntington, N. Y. Wensley Metal Products Co., Denver, Colo.

Westchester Square Plumbing Supply Co., Inc., New York, N. Y.

Pa.

Wischmeyer, William F., St. Louis, Mo. Wisconsin Electric Power Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

Wood & Son, E. J., Clarksburg, W. Va. Woolcock Plumbing & Heating Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Worthington Co., The Geo., Cleveland, Ohio.

Wright & Wright, Detroit, Mich. (In principle.)

Yelton-Weaver Supply Co., Springfield, Ill.

Young Gasoline & Refining Co., The, Lexington, Ky. (In principle.) Zimmerman, A. C., Pasadena, Calif.

U. S. GOVERNMENT

Agriculture, Department of, Washington, D. C.

Federal Loan Agency, Federal Housing Administration, Washington, D. C. Guam, Government of, Guam.

Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

Veterans' Administration, Washington, D. C. War Department, Washington, D. C.

COMMERCIAL STANDARDS

CS No. CS. No. Item 52-35. Mohair pile fabrics (100-percent mohair plain velvet, 100 per-cent mohair plain frieze, and 50-percent mohair plain frieze). 0-40. Commercial standards and their value to business (third edition). -32. Clinical thermometers (second edition). 2-30. Mopsticks. 3-40. Stoddard solvent (third edition). 4-29. Staple porcelain (all-clay) plumbing fixtures. 5-40. Pipe nipples; brass, copper, steel, and wrought 53-35. Colors and finishes for cast stone. 54–35. Mattresses for hospitals. 55–35. Mattresses for institutions. 56-41. Oak flooring (second edition). 57-40. Book cloths, buckrams, and impregnated fabiron. 6-31. Wrought-iron pipe nipples (second edition).
Superseded by CS5-40.
7-29. Standard weight malleable iron or steel ries for bookbinding purposes except library bindings (second edition). 58-36. Woven elastic fabrics for use in overalls (overscrewed unions. all elastic webbing). 8-41. Gage blanks (third edition). 9-33. Builders' template hardware (second edition). 59-41. Woven textile fabrics-testing and reporting (third edition). 10-29. Brass pipe nipples. Superseded by CS5-40. 11-41. Moisture regains of cotton yarns (second 60-36. Hardwood dimension lumber. 61-37. Wood-slat venetian blinds. edition).
12-40. Fuel oils (fifth edition).
13-39. Dress patterns (second edition).
14-39. Boys' button-on waists, shirts, junior and polo 62–38. Colors for kitchen accessories. 63–38. Colors for bathroom accessories. 64-37. Walnut vencers. 65-38. Wool and part-wool fabrics. shirts (made from woven fabrics) (second 66-38. Marking of articles made wholly or in part of edition). platinum. Men's pajamas. Marking articles made of karat gold. 67-38. 16-29. 17-42. Wallpaper. 68-38. Liquid hypochlorite disinfectant, deodorant, and germicide. Diamond core drill fittings (third edition). 18–29. Hickory golf shafts. 19–32. Foundry patterns of wood (second edition). 20–36. Staple vitreous china plumbing fixtures (sec-69-38. Pine oil disinfectant. 70-41. Phenolic disinfectant (emulsifying type) (sceond edition) (published with CS71-41).
 71-41. Phenolic disinfectant (soluble type) (second edition) (published with CS70-41). ond edition) cocks, and stoppers (fourth edition).

22-40. Builders' hardware (noncomplete). hardware (nontemplate) (second 72-38. Household insecticide (liquid spray type). 73-38. Old growth Douglas fir standard stock doors. 74-39. Solid hardwood wall paneling. edition). 23-30, Feldspar. 24-30. Standard screw threads.25-30. Special screw threads. 75-39. Automatic mechanical-draft oil burners designed for domestic installations 26-30. Aromatic red cedar closet lining. 27-36. Mirrors (second edition). 76-39. Hardwood interior trim and molding. 27-36. Mirrors (second edition). 28-32. Cotton fabric tents, tarpaulins, and covers. 29-31. Staple seats for water-closet bowls. 77-40. Sanitary cast-iron enameled ware. 78-40. Ground and polished lenses for sun glasses (second edition) (published with CS79-40). 29-31. Staple seats in water-close towns.
30-31. Colors for sanitary were.
31-38. Wood shingles (fourth edition).
32-31. Cotton cloth for rubber and pyroxylin coating.
33-32. Knit underwear (exclusive of rayon). 79-40. Blown, drawn, and dropped lenses for sun glasses (second edition) (published with CS78-40). 80-41. Electric direction signal systems other than 34-31. Bag, case, and strap leather. semaphore type for commercial and other vehicles subject to special motor vehicle 35-31. Plywood (hardwood and eastern red cedar). 36-33. Fourdrinier wire cloth (second edition). laws (after market). 37-31. Steel bone plates and screws. 81-41. Adverse-weather lamps for vehicles (after 38-32. Hospital rubber sheeting. Wool and part wool blankets (second edition).
(Withdrawn as commercial standard, July market). 39-37. 82-41. Inner-controlled spotlamps for vehicles (after 14, 1941). 40–32. Surgeons' rubber gloves. market). 83–41. Clearance, marker, and identification lamps for vehicles (after market). 84–41. Electric tail lamps for vehicles (after market). 85–41. Electric license-plate lamps for vehicles (after 41-32. Surgeons' latex gloves. 42-35. Fiber insulating board (second edition). 43-32. Grading of sulphonated oils. market). 44-32. Apple wraps. 45-40. Douglas fir plywood (domestic grades) (fourth 86-41. Electric stop lamps for vehicles (after market). 88-41. Liquid-burning flarters.
88-41. Liquid-burning flares.
89-40. Hardwood stair treads and risers.
90- (Reserved for power shovels and cranes).
91-41. Factory-fitted Douglas-fir entrance doors. edition). 46-40. Hosiery lengths and sizes (third edition).
47-34. Marking of gold-filled and rolled-gold-plate articles other than watch cases. 48-40. Domestic burners for Pennsylvania anthra-cite (underfeed type) (second edition). 49-34. Chip board, laminated chip board, and mis-cellaneous boards for bookbinding purposes. 92-41. Cedar, cypress, and redwood tank stock lumber. 93-41. Portable electric drills (exclusive of high-fre-50-34. Binders board for bookbinding and other quency). 94-41. Calking lead. purposes.
51-35. Marking articles made of silver in combination with gold. 95–41. Lead pipe. 96–41. Lead traps and bends.

Notice.—Those interested in commercial standards with a view toward accepting them as a basis of everyday practice may secure copies of the above standards, while the supply lasts, by addressing the Division of Trade Standards, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C.

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