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# **Tables of Dielectric Dispersion Data for Pure Liquids and Dilute Solutions**

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**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS**

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# Tables of Dielectric Dispersion Data for Pure Liquids and Dilute Solutions

Floyd Buckley and Arthur A. Maryott



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# Tables of Dielectric Dispersion Data for Pure Liquids and Dilute Solutions

Floyd Buckley and Arthur A. Maryott

Primary dielectric dispersion data and characteristic dispersion parameters are tabulated for almost 200 substances in the liquid state and for dilute aqueous and nonaqueous solutions with more than 150 solutes. There are 6 tables and 1 section of graphs. There are 4 tables for pure liquids, 2 containing summaries of the derived dispersion parameters and 2 containing the primary data. The section on graphs supplements the tables for pure liquids and contains reproductions of pertinent data that are available only in the form of graphs.

## 1. Introduction

This tabulation of the data on dielectric dispersion for pure liquids and dilute solutions is part of a general program at the National Bureau of Standards for the critical evaluation and compilation of data from selected fields of physics and chemistry. The first table of the series on dielectric properties, titled Table of Dielectric Constants of Pure Liquids, appeared as NBS Circular 514, and the second table, titled Table of Dielectric Constants and Electric Dipole Moments of Substances in the Gaseous State, appeared as NBS Circular 537. The preparation of additional tables of dielectric properties is in progress.

This tabulation contains primary dispersion data and derived dispersion parameters for pure

liquids and dilute solutions. Tables 1 to 4 pertain to pure liquids and consist of three parts: (1) Characteristic dispersion parameters (Cole-Cole<sup>1</sup> representation) are given in tables 1 and 2 for inorganic and organic substances, respectively; (2) original data from the literature are listed in the corresponding tables 3 and 4; and (3) pertinent data available in the literature in graphical form only are reproduced in a separate section. Only those graphs are reproduced that add significantly to the general picture of dispersion represented by tables 1 to 4. Tables 5 and 6 contain the numerical data and the derived dispersion parameters for dilute aqueous and nonaqueous solutions.

## 2. Representation of Dispersion Data for Pure Liquids<sup>2</sup>

At ordinary temperatures the dependence of the dielectric constant,  $\epsilon'$ , and the dielectric loss factor,  $\epsilon''$ , on frequency is, for a large class of compounds, adequately represented by the dispersion equations of Debye. For the compounds listed in tables 1 to 4, deviations from this behavior fall into one of the following types:

1. The plot of the complex dielectric constant  $\epsilon = \epsilon' - i\epsilon''$  in the complex plane is a segment of a semicircle. The loss curve  $\epsilon'' = f(\ln \lambda)$  has the characteristic Debye symmetry, but the maximum loss is reduced and the half-width of the absorption curve is increased.

2. The plot of  $\epsilon$  in the complex plane is asymmetrical over the entire range of dispersion.

3. The absorption near the high-frequency limit of the dispersion range is considerably larger, and the limiting value  $\epsilon'_{\lambda=0}$  is significantly smaller, than that predicted from the Debye equations.

Although it is to be expected that more extensive and accurate data will reveal a rather complex dependence of  $\epsilon'$  and  $\epsilon''$  on frequency and molecular structure, data at present available for compounds exhibiting the behavior of types 1 and 2 are adequately represented by the two empirical modifications of the Debye functions introduced by Cole (see footnote 1). For substances showing the behavior of type 3 the data can best be represented by superimposing two or more independent but overlapping dispersion curves.

### 2.1. Cole-Cole Representation

The general dispersion equation for the complex dielectric constant is

$$\epsilon = \epsilon' - i\epsilon'' = \epsilon_0 + \frac{\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0}{1 + (i\omega\tau)^{1-\alpha}}$$

where

$$\epsilon_0 = \epsilon \text{ for } \lambda = 0$$

$$\epsilon_\infty = \epsilon \text{ for } \lambda = \infty$$

$$\lambda = \text{wavelength in vacuum (or air)}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi \frac{c}{\lambda} \text{ (} c = \text{velocity of light in vacuum)}$$

$$\tau = \text{characteristic relaxation time}$$

$$\lambda_c = 2\pi c\tau = \text{critical wavelength}$$

$$\alpha = \text{distribution (relaxation time) parameter.}$$

<sup>1</sup> K. S. Cole and R. H. Cole, *J. Chem. Phys.* **9**, 341 (1941); D. W. Davidson and R. H. Cole, *J. Chem. Phys.* **19**, 1484 (1951).

<sup>2</sup> General discussions of dielectric phenomena are found in the following books and monographs:

P. Debye, *Polar molecules*, Chemical Catalog Co., New York, 1929 (new unrevised edition, Dover Publications, New York, N. Y., 1945).

C. P. Smyth, *Dielectric behaviour and structure* (McGraw-Hill Book Co., New York, N. Y., 1955).

C. J. F. Böttcher, *Theory of electric polarization* (Elsevier Publishing Co., New York, N. Y., 1952).

H. Fröhlich, *Theory of dielectrics* (Oxford Univ. Press, London, 1949).

W. F. Brown, Jr., *Dielectrics*, *Handbuch der Physik*, vol. 17 (Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1956).

The locus of  $\epsilon$  in the complex plane is a segment of a semicircle with the parametric representation:

$$\epsilon' - \epsilon_0 = \frac{\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0}{2} \cdot \left\{ 1 - \frac{\sinh [(1-\alpha) \ln \omega \tau]}{\cosh [(1-\alpha) \ln \omega \tau] + \sin \alpha \frac{\pi}{2}} \right\}$$

$$\epsilon'' = \frac{\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0}{2} \cdot \left\{ \frac{\cos \alpha \frac{\pi}{2}}{\cosh [(1-\alpha) \ln \omega \tau] + \sin \alpha \frac{\pi}{2}} \right\}$$

The locus can be easily drawn from the following:

(a) Coordinates of the center,

$$\epsilon' = \frac{\epsilon_\infty + \epsilon_0}{2}$$

$$\epsilon'' = -\frac{\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0}{2} \cdot \tan \alpha \frac{\pi}{2}$$

(b) Radius of the circle,

$$R = \frac{\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0}{2} \cdot \sec \alpha \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Useful characteristics of the dispersion curve are:

(a) Maximum loss factor,

$$\epsilon''_{\max} = \frac{\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0}{2} \cdot \tan (1-\alpha) \frac{\pi}{4}$$

(b) Critical wavelength for which  $\epsilon''$  is a maximum,

$$\frac{\lambda_c}{\lambda} = \left( \frac{v}{u} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}}$$

The geometrical significance of these dispersion parameters is shown in figure 1.

The graphs given in figures 2, 3, and 4, in conjunction with the parameters given in tables 1 and 2, permit a rapid estimation of  $\epsilon'$  and  $\epsilon''$  for any wavelength.

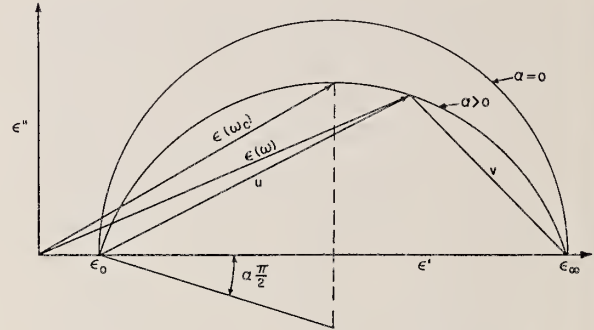


FIGURE 1. Representation in the complex plane of  $\epsilon = \epsilon_0 + (\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0) / [1 + (i \cdot \omega \tau)^{1-\alpha}]$ .

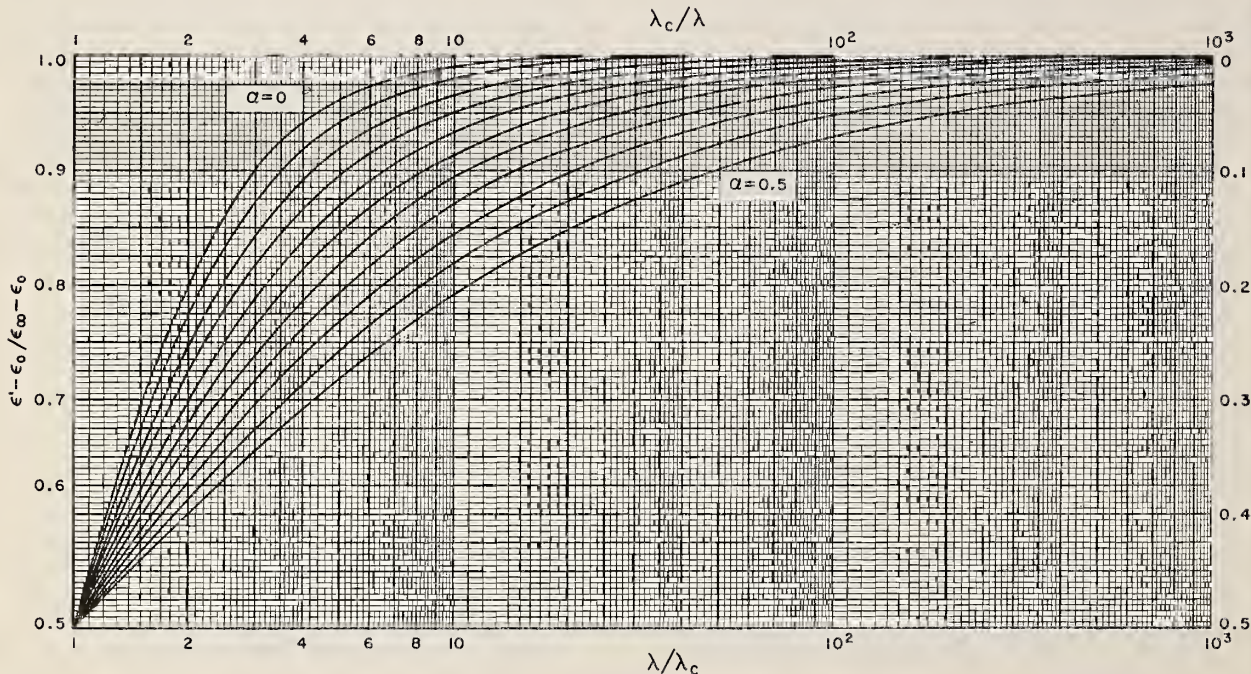


FIGURE 2. A family of dispersion curves.

The value of the Cole-Cole distribution parameter,  $\alpha$ , is given for intervals of 0.05. The scale of ordinates on the right is to be used in conjunction with the upper scale of abscissas.



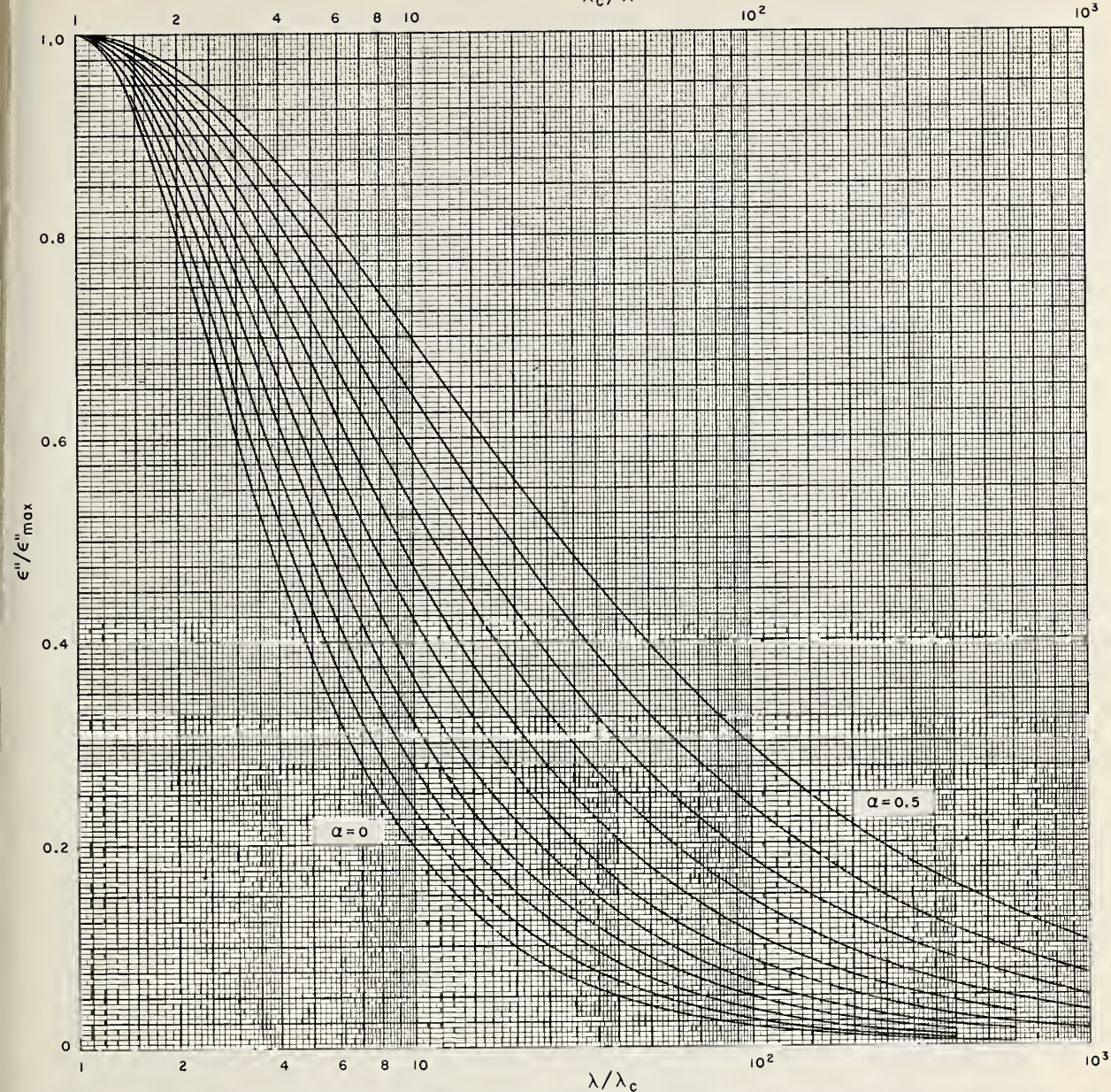


FIGURE 3. A family of absorption curves.

The value of the Cole-Cole distribution parameter,  $\alpha$ , is given for intervals of 0.05. The scale of ordinates on the right is to be used in conjunction with the upper scale of abscissas.

## 2.2. Cole-Davidson Representation

The parameters characterizing the Cole-Davidson representation (see footnote 1) are defined by

$$\epsilon = \epsilon' - i \cdot \epsilon'' = \epsilon_0 + \frac{\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0}{(1 + i \cdot \omega \tau)^\beta}$$

The parametric equations for the locus of  $\epsilon$  in the complex plane are:

$$\epsilon' - \epsilon_0 = (\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0) \cdot (\cos \varphi)^\beta \cdot \cos \beta \varphi$$

$$\epsilon'' = (\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0) \cdot (\cos \varphi)^\beta \cdot \sin \beta \varphi$$

$$\tan \varphi \equiv \omega \tau,$$

and in polar form,

$$R = (\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0) \cdot \left( \cos \frac{\theta}{\beta} \right)^\beta$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{\epsilon''}{\epsilon' - \epsilon_\infty} = \beta \varphi.$$

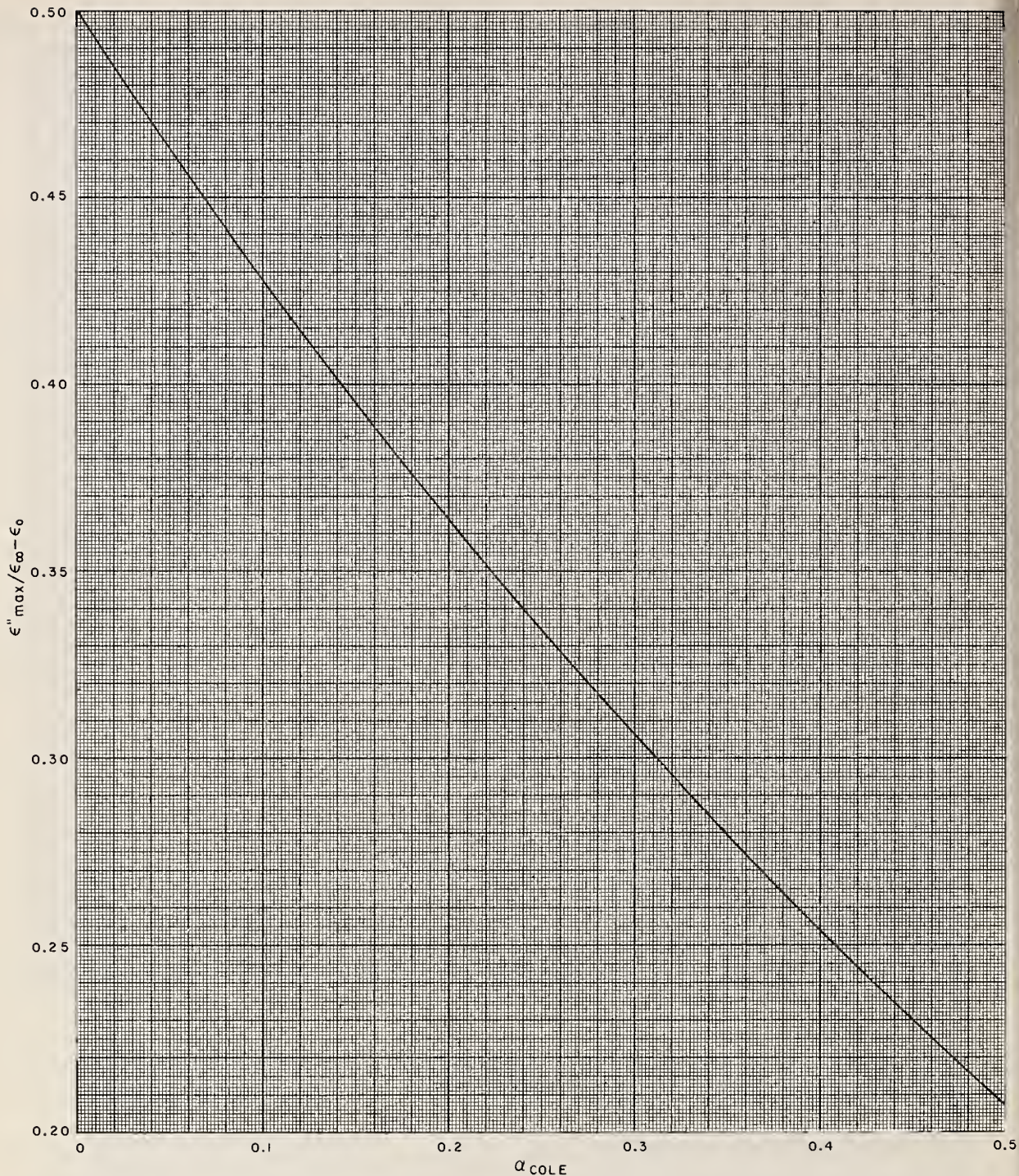


FIGURE 4. Relative maximum absorption as a function of the Cole-Cole distribution parameter,  $\alpha$ .

In this representation, if  $\beta < 1$ , the locus degenerates into a segment of a Debye semicircle for  $\omega \rightarrow 0$ , and into a segment of a straight line  $\theta = \beta(\pi/2)$  for  $\omega \rightarrow \infty$ . A family of loci,

$$R' = \frac{\epsilon - \epsilon_0}{\epsilon_{\infty} - \epsilon_0} = \left( \cos \frac{\theta}{\beta} \right)^{\beta},$$

is shown in figure 5.

The significance of the parameter  $\omega_c$  (or  $\lambda_c, \tau$ ) differs from that of the corresponding quantity in the Cole-Cole representation. In the latter case the condition that determines  $\omega_c$  is that  $\epsilon''$  shall be a maximum, whereas in this representation the condition is  $\theta = (\pi/4)$ . The relation  $\omega_c \tau = 1$  is sat-

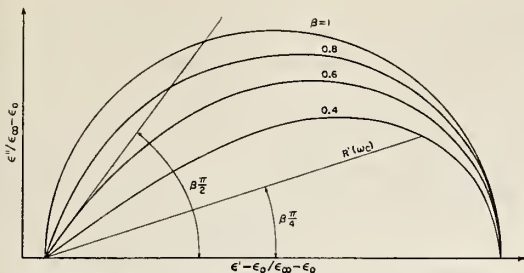


FIGURE 5. A family of curves representing  $(\epsilon'' - \epsilon_0)/(\epsilon_\infty - \epsilon_0) = 1/(1 + i \cdot \omega\tau)^\beta$ .

ified in both cases. The parameter  $\lambda_c$  for both representations appears in tables 1 and 2.

### 2.3. Debye Representation

The Debye representation is the special case,  $\alpha=0$ , of the Cole-Cole representation, or  $\beta=1$  of the Cole-Davidson representation.

### 2.4. Two or More Relaxation Times

Tentative assignments of the dispersion characteristics of a second dispersion region are given for a few compounds. These parameters satisfy the following relations, in which subscripts 1 and 2 denote the dispersion regions at low and high frequency, respectively. In the complex plane,

$$\epsilon = \epsilon' - i \cdot \epsilon'' = \epsilon_2 + \delta \epsilon$$

$$\delta \epsilon = \epsilon_1 - \epsilon_{10} = (\epsilon_1' - \epsilon_{10}) - i \cdot \epsilon_1'' = \frac{\epsilon_{1\infty} - \epsilon_{10}}{1 + i \cdot \omega\tau_1}$$

$$\epsilon_2 = \epsilon_2' - i \cdot \epsilon_2'' = \epsilon_{20} + \frac{\epsilon_{2\infty} - \epsilon_{20}}{1 + i \cdot \omega\tau_2}$$

so that

$$\delta \epsilon' = \epsilon_1' - \epsilon_{10} = \frac{\epsilon_{1\infty} - \epsilon_{10}}{1 + (\omega\tau_1)^2}$$

$$\delta \epsilon'' = \epsilon_1'' = \frac{\epsilon_{1\infty} - \epsilon_{10}}{1 + (\omega\tau_1)^2} \cdot \omega\tau_1$$

## 3. Representation of Dispersion Data for Dilute Solutions

### 3.1. Nonaqueous Solutions

3.11. *Cole-Cole Representation*: If the solvent has no loss then the dispersion equations in this representation are identical with those for the pure liquids, provided  $\epsilon'$  and  $\epsilon''$  are replaced by the corresponding incremental dielectric constant and loss,  $(\Delta\epsilon'/c)$  and  $(\Delta\epsilon''/c)$ . These quantities are defined by the relations

$$\epsilon_{12}' = \epsilon_1 + \left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right) \cdot c$$

$$\epsilon_{12}'' = \left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}\right) \cdot c$$

$$\tan \delta_{12} = \left(\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}\right) \cdot c.$$

The subscripts 12 and 1 refer to the solution and

$$\epsilon_2' = \epsilon' - \frac{\epsilon_{1\infty} - \epsilon_{10}}{1 + (\omega\tau_1)^2} = \epsilon_{20} + \frac{\epsilon_{2\infty} - \epsilon_{20}}{1 + (\omega\tau_2)^2}$$

$$\epsilon_2'' = \epsilon'' - \frac{\epsilon_{1\infty} - \epsilon_{10}}{1 + (\tau_1)^2 \omega} \cdot \omega\tau_1 = \frac{\epsilon_{2\infty} - \epsilon_{20}}{1 + (\omega\tau_2)^2} \cdot \omega\tau_2.$$

The geometrical significance of these relations is shown in figure 6 for the special case in which the dispersion in both regions is of the Debye type.

The method of representation can be extended to allow for more than two regions of dispersion and generalized to allow for  $\alpha_1 \neq 0$ . The dispersion parameters for successive regions of dispersion are distinguished in tables 1 and 2 by numbers in parentheses in the column for  $\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$ .

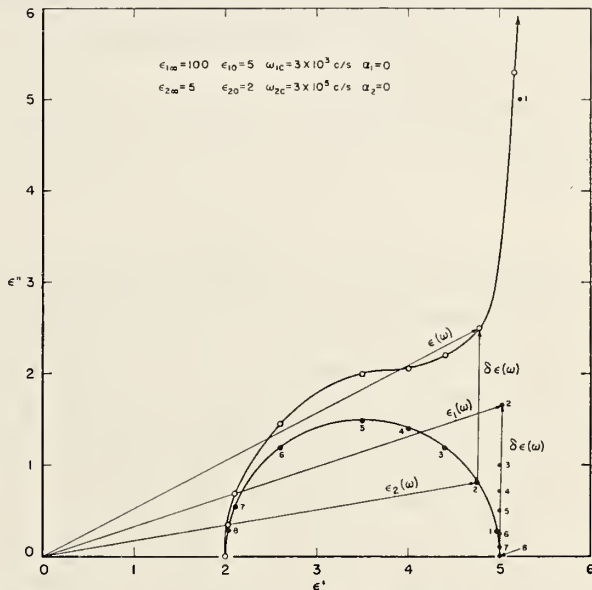


FIGURE 6. A Cole-Cole plot for the case of two times of relaxation.

The section of the plot that corresponds to low frequencies and the greater relaxation time is not drawn.

solvent, respectively,  $c$  denotes the concentration, and  $\delta$  the loss angle.

3.12. *Debye Representation*: This is the Cole-Cole representation for  $\alpha=0$ .

In those cases where only loss data were reported the critical wavelength was evaluated from one of the following equations:

$$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c} = \frac{(\epsilon_1 + 2)^2}{\epsilon_1} \cdot \frac{4\pi N\mu^2}{27 kT} \cdot \frac{\omega\tau}{1 + (\omega\tau)^2}$$

$$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c} = \left\{ \left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon}{c}\right)_\infty - \left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon}{c}\right)_0 \right\} \cdot \frac{\omega\tau}{1 + (\omega\tau)^2}.$$

### 3.2. Aqueous Solutions

The characteristic parameters listed in tables 5 and 6 are those of the Debye representation and have been determined for each solution.

## 4. Pure Liquids

Table 1. Dielectric dispersion parameters for pure inorganic liquids

Table 2. Dielectric dispersion parameters for pure organic liquids

### Chemical Formulas and the Order of Listing Compounds

Formulas for the inorganic substances are written in the usual manner and are arranged in alphabetical sequence. Those for the organic substances are written with carbon first and hydrogen, if present, second. Symbols for the remaining elements then follow in alphabetical order. The order of listing the compounds is determined firstly by the number of carbon atoms, secondly by the number of hydrogen atoms, and finally by the symbols of the remaining elements taken in alphabetical order.

All compounds are listed in tables 1 and 2, and an ordinal number is assigned to each compound to facilitate finding it in other sections of the tables.

### Dispersion Parameters

*Treatment of data:* The data for most substances are sufficiently limited in extent and lacking in confirmation to prevent an exact evaluation of the dispersion parameters. The supporting data referred to in tables 1 and 2 are very meager in many instances and consequently no attempt has been made to assign limits of accuracy to the derived quantities. The data of other authors are often inconsistent with the values given.

The parameters listed have been determined, when feasible, from Cole-Cole plots. If  $\epsilon_{\lambda=0}$  is not given the corresponding quantity is  $n_D^2$ . In some instances  $\epsilon_{\lambda=0}$  is the sum of  $n_D^2$  and a small contribution from atomic polarization. The parameters of the Cole-Davidson representation are given for a small number of compounds.

### Tabulated quantities:

$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$  (or  $\epsilon_{\infty}$ ) = the value of the complex dielectric constant  $\epsilon = \epsilon' - i\epsilon''$  for  $\lambda = \infty$ .

$\epsilon_{\lambda=0}$  (or  $\epsilon_0$ ) = the value of  $\epsilon$  for  $\lambda = 0$ .

$n_D^2$  = the square of the refractive index for the sodium-D line.

$\alpha$  = the distribution parameter in the representation  $\epsilon = \epsilon_0 + (\epsilon_{\infty} - \epsilon_0) / [1 + (i\lambda_c/\lambda)^{1-\alpha}]$ .

$\beta$  = the distribution parameter in the representation  $\epsilon = \epsilon_0 + (\epsilon_{\infty} - \epsilon_0) / (1 + i\lambda_c/\lambda)^{\beta}$ .

$\lambda_c$  = the critical wavelength characteristic of the dispersion.

### Notations:

$\epsilon_{\infty}$ : Boldface type denotes values taken from the "Table of Dielectric Constants of Pure Liquids" by A. A. Maryott and E. R. Smith, NBS Circular 514. Other values are those given by the authors cited.

( ): Parentheses denote that the value given is considerably more uncertain than the estimated error characteristic of this quantity.

[ ]: Brackets denote that the value is assumed.

( ): Numbers in parentheses preceding the values listed for  $\epsilon_0$  denote the successive dispersion regions.

*References and Bibliography:* The references in tables 1 and 2 refer only to the work upon which the selected parameters depend. All references in tables 1 to 4, and the section on graphical data, are assembled in a bibliography at the end of table 4.

TABLE 1. Dielectric dispersion parameters for pure inorganic liquids

No.	Substance	<i>t</i> (°C)	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	$\epsilon_{\lambda=0}$	$n_D^2$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References	
1	D <sub>2</sub> O Deuterium oxide 99.5%	5	85.8	5.5		0	3.84	48.2 Collie.	
		10	83.8	5.5		0	3.12		
		20	80.1	5.5	1.76	0	2.31		
		30	76.5	5.5		0	1.76		
		40	73.1	5.5		0	1.36		
		50	69.8	5.5		0	1.11		
		60	66.7	5.5		0	0.92 <sub>3</sub>		
2	H <sub>2</sub> O Water	0	88.2	5.0		0	3.34	53 Hasted.	
		10	84.0	5.0		0	2.43		
		20	80.4	5.2	1.78	0	1.78		
		30	76.5	5.2		0	1.36		
		40	73.1	5.6		0	1.10		
		50	70.7	5.8		0	0.91		
		60	66.2	5.9		0	.76		
		20	80.37		1.78	0	1.76		55 Poley.
									53 Hasted.
									52 Little.
3	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> Sulfuric acid	20	(110)	5	(2.04)	0.09	90	48, 46 Collie.	
								48 Abadie.	
							39 Slevogt.		
							53 Brand.		

\*Adjusted values.

TABLE 2.—Dielectric dispersion parameters for pure organic liquids

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\epsilon_{\lambda \rightarrow \infty}$	$\epsilon_{\lambda=0}$	$n_D^2$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
<b>C<sub>1</sub></b>								
1.	CBrCl <sub>3</sub> Bromotrichloromethane	0 20 40 60	2.447 2.405 2.364 2.343		2.39 2.35 2.31 2.27	0.24 .19 .15 .03	0.8 .6 .5 .4	56.3 Smyth et al.
2.	CBr <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> Dibromodichloromethane	20 40 60	2.55 2.508 2.461		2.45 2.43 2.38	0 0 0	.65 .5 .35	56.3 Smyth et al.
3.	CBr <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub> Dibromodifluoromethane	0 20	2.824 2.713		2.12 2.07	0.13 .10	.49 .43	56.3 Smyth et al.
4.	CBr <sub>3</sub> Cl Tribromochloromethane	60	2.601		2.56	0	.6	56.3 Smyth et al.
5.	CBr <sub>3</sub> F Tribromofluoromethane	0 20 40 60	3.092 2.996 2.902 2.822		2.55 2.50 2.46 2.41	0 0 0 0	1.49 1.15 0.96 .85	56.3 Smyth et al.
6.	CCl <sub>3</sub> F Trichlorofluoromethane	0 20	2.374 2.303		2.03 1.99	0 0	.45 .38	56.3 Smyth et al.
7.	CCl <sub>4</sub> Carbon tetrachloride	20	2.238		2.13		<.85	49 Whiffen. 47 Beaney.
8.	CS <sub>2</sub> Carbon disulfide	20	2.641		2.65		<.85	50 Whiffen. 47 Beaney.
9.	CHCl <sub>3</sub> Chloroform	25 -45.2	4.718 6.26		2.08 2.22	[0] [0]	(1.4) (4)	43 Conner. 53 Sircar.
10.	CH <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Formic acid	20	(110)	4.2	2.10	0	4.5	Table 4. 49 Burdun.
11.	CH <sub>3</sub> NO Formamide	-109.94 -103.24	82.17 77.70	9.8 9.6		0 0	1.53×10 <sup>3</sup> 9.3×10 <sup>2</sup>	55 Deunney.
12.	CH <sub>3</sub> O Methanol	-96.7 -86.0 -76.7	73.76 67.91 63.26	9.3 8.8 8.6		0 0 0	6.2×10 <sup>2</sup> 3.6×10 <sup>2</sup> 2.3×10 <sup>2</sup>	
		-10 0 10 20 30 40 50	40.37 37.98 35.75 33.64 31.65 29.73 28.03	6.3 6.1 5.9 5.7 5.5 5.2 5.0	1.77	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	20.2 16.0 12.6 10.0 8.0 6.5 5.4	52 Leane. (55 Pooley).
<b>C<sub>2</sub></b>								
13.	C <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub> Tetrachloroethylene	4	7.71		2.10	0.05	1.25	Table 4; Graphs.
14.	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub> 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	20 40	7.20 6.57		2.08 2.05	.03 .01	1.04 0.81	56.2 Smyth et al.
15.	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> BrCl 1-Bromo-1-chloroethane	20	7.20		2.07	0	1.02	55 Pooley.
16.	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Br <sub>2</sub> 1,2-Dibromoethane	25 55	4.76 4.58	2.63 2.56	2.36 2.30	.076 .038	2.18 1.43	Table 4. 52 Smyth et al.
17.	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> 1,2-Dichloroethane	1 25 55	11.66 10.16 8.66	2.41 2.35 2.28	2.12 2.08 2.03	.058 .046 0	1.83 1.31 0.85	52 Smyth et al.
18.	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Acetic acid							Table 4.

\* Supercooled; mp, -97.7 (50 Timmermans).

TABLE 2.—Dielectric dispersion parameters for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\epsilon_{\infty}$	$\epsilon_{\lambda=0}$	$n_D^2$	$\alpha_{\text{calc}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
19	$C_2H_5Br$ Bromoethane.....	1 25	10.23 9.20	2.25 2.20	2.05 2.01	0.064 .054	0.99 .38	Smyth et al.
20	$C_2H_5I$ Iodoethane.....	25	7.69		2.28	[0]	(1.4)	Conner.
21	$C_2H_5O$ Ethanol.....	-142.6 -135.9 -124.8 -117.6 -113.8	79.0 74.2 67.3 63.9 62.6	8.0 7.6 6.5 (6.0)		0 0 0 0 0	$5 \times 10^5$ $1.67 \times 10^6$ $3.97 \times 10^4$ $2.06 \times 10^4$ $1.63 \times 10^4$	Hasson; Graphs.
22	$C_2H_4O_2$ Ethylene glycol.....	-10 0 10 20 30 40 50	30.21 28.39 26.68 25.07 23.56 22.14 20.80	4.47 4.46 4.38 4.28 4.26 4.18 4.16	1.85	(0) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0) 0	(62.0) (48.6) (35.0) (27.0) (21.2) (16.7) (13.3)	Lane.
23	$C_3H_6Cl$ 3-Chloro-1-propene.....	10 20 30 40	40.7 38.7 36.7 34.9	2.25 2.06 3.16 3.45	2.05	(0.14) (.14) (.23) (.08)	(30) (20) (15) (10)	Yamamura.
24	$C_3H_6Cl_2$ 1,3-Dichloropropane.....	25	41.3	5.48	2.01	.08	21	MIT.
25	$C_3H_6Cl_2$ 2,2-Dichloropropane.....	25	(10.2)		2.09	[0]	(1.6)	Table 4. Conner.
26	$C_3H_6Cl_2O$ 2,3-Dichloro-1-propanol.....	2 20 40	12.88 11.42 10.24		2.03 2.00 1.97	0 0 0	1.47 1.23 0.99	Smyth et al.
27	$C_3H_6N_2O_4$ 1,3-Dichloro-2-propanol.....	60	35.0		2.00	0	2.6	Graphs. Graphs.
28	$C_3H_6N_2O_4$ 2,2-Dinitropropane.....							56.2 Smyth et al.
29	$C_3H_6O$ Acetone.....	1 20 40	23.29 21.20 19.29	1.93 1.90 0.87		0.03 0 0	0.75 .63 .52	Smyth et al.
30	$C_3H_6O$ 2-Propen-1-ol (Allyl alcohol).....	20	21.20	2.5	1.85	[0]	.65	Abadie; Graphs. Table 4.
31	$C_3H_6O_2$ Propionic acid.....	65 80	15.55 14.20	1.92 1.88		0 0	1.4 1.3	56.1 Smyth et al.
32	$C_3H_6O_3$ 1,3,5-Trifoxane.....	1 25 55	8.90 8.09 7.09	2.27 2.22 2.15	2.03 2.05 2.00	0.087 .087 .083	1.53 1.09 0.89	Table 4. Smyth et al.
33	$C_3H_7Br$ 1-Bromopropane.....	1 25 55	10.52 9.46 8.14	2.24 2.19 2.12	2.06 2.02 1.97	.03 .006 0	1.26 0.99 .72	Smyth et al.
34	$C_3H_7Br$ 2-Bromopropane.....	1 25 55	10.52 9.46 8.14	2.24 2.19 2.12	2.06 2.02 1.97	.03 .006 0	1.26 0.99 .72	Smyth et al.
35	$C_3H_7O$ 1-Propanol.....	b-156 b-150	(2) 6.35 (3) 3.55 (1) (71.6) (2) 5.80 (3) (3.40)	3.55 2.80 5.80 (3.40) 2.86		0 (0.3) 0 (0.27) (.3)	$1.5 \times 10^8$ $8.6 \times 10^5$ $2 \times 10^9$ $7.1 \times 10^8$ $1.2 \times 10^5$	Cole.

36	-----	2-Propanol	-----	5.70 5.56 5.94 6.40 5.53 5.62 5.30 4.6×10 <sup>4</sup> 1.2×10 <sup>7</sup> 1.22×10 <sup>8</sup> 6.7×10 <sup>3</sup>	0 (0.27) (-3) (0.27) (0.27) (0.27) (0.27)	80	Davidson.	51	2.81×10 <sup>4</sup> 1.17×10 <sup>4</sup> 4.51×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.7×10 <sup>3</sup>
37	-----	1,2-Propanediol	-----	4.7 40.5 36.8 32.6 (4.7) (5.3) (5.3) (5.0)	(0.0) (0.3) (0.3) (0.3)	70	Mizushima.	28, 27	(5.5×10 <sup>3</sup> ) (1.3×10 <sup>3</sup> ) (4.7×10 <sup>2</sup> ) (1.9×10 <sup>2</sup> )
38	-----	1,3-Propanediol	-----	20.8 20.1 47.1 44.5 42.7 39.5 (4.1) (31.8) (4.2) (5.6) (6.7)	(0.04) (-0.3)	55	Girard; Graphs. Koizumi.	32 53	2.65 3.23 4.0 3.9 3.8 (2.6)
39	-----	Glycerol	-----	19.0 65.3 84.1 80.0 60.1 57.7 53.8 55.4 49.5 45.7	[0]	55	Davidson.	51	4.71×10 <sup>3</sup> 7.73×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.70×10 <sup>4</sup> 3.56×10 <sup>4</sup> 3.17×10 <sup>4</sup> 3.98×10 <sup>4</sup> 7.26×10 <sup>4</sup>
40	-----	Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	-----	76.2 74.2 70.5 67.4 63.9 60.4	d [β] 0.550 0.566 0.595 0.593 0.603 0.608	32	White; Graphs.	51	1.81×10 <sup>11</sup> 2.35×10 <sup>10</sup> 3.51×10 <sup>9</sup> 4.46×10 <sup>8</sup> 2.36×10 <sup>7</sup> 2.14×10 <sup>6</sup>
41	-----	Furan	-----	2.55 3.095 2.954	(0)	(10)	MIT.	53	0.41 0.33
42	-----	Thiophene	-----	2.837 2.769 2.701 2.635	0	(2.05) 2.02	Smyth et al.	55.1	0.60 0.51 0.44 0.38
43	-----	Pyrrrole	-----	8.42 8.10 7.76 7.45	0.01	2.36 2.33 2.30 2.27	Smyth et al.	55.1	1.98 1.47 1.11 0.91
44	-----	1,4-Dichlorobutane	-----	9.64 8.90 7.98	.14 (2.31) (2.28) (2.25) (2.22)	2.15 2.11 2.07	Smyth et al.	52	2.45 1.77 1.16
45	-----	1,2-Dichloroisobutane	-----						

Table 4.

b Supercooled; mp, -126.1° C (50 Timmermans).  
 c Supercooled; mp, -89.5° C (50 Timmermans).  
 d  $t = \epsilon \rho + (\epsilon_{\infty} - \epsilon) / (1 + \omega \tau)^2$ .





60	2-Butanol	54.6 48.6 43.3 37.2 32.3 26.0 21.4	4.4 4.2 4.1 4.0 ----- ----- -----	0	3.8×10 <sup>8</sup> 1.45×10 <sup>7</sup> 1.27×10 <sup>6</sup> 1.07×10 <sup>5</sup> 1.75×10 <sup>4</sup> 5.7×10 <sup>3</sup> 4.9×10 <sup>2</sup>	55	Dannhauser; Graphs.
61	2-Methyl-1-propanol	20 15.8 (1) 56 (2) 5.5 (1) 51.8 (2) 4.8 (1) 48.8 (2) 4.5 (1) 44.9 (2) 4.3 40.4 36.6 32.2 27.6 25.2 20.8 21.3 18.5	3.5 5.5 3.5 4.8 3.4 4.5 3.4 4.3 3.2 4.4 4.0 3.4 3.1 2.9 2.7 3.1 3.1	0 (0.22) 0 (0.22) 0 (0.22) 0 (0.22) 0 (0.22) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8.3×10 <sup>9</sup> 2.18×10 <sup>8</sup> 4.30×10 <sup>7</sup> 7.2×10 <sup>6</sup> 6.45×10 <sup>5</sup> 8.7×10 <sup>4</sup> 7.08×10 <sup>3</sup> 9.6×10 <sup>2</sup> 6.73×10 <sup>1</sup> 1.20×10 <sup>0</sup> 3.08×10 <sup>-1</sup> 4.0×10 <sup>-2</sup> 1.73×10 <sup>-3</sup> 4.50×10 <sup>-4</sup>	44 55	Benoit. Dannhauser.
62	2-Methyl-2-propanol	4 25	4.70 4.24	0 0	0.53 .41	56.6	Smyth et al.
63	Ethyl ether					Table 4.	
64	Pyridine	1 20 40 60	2.32 2.30 2.28 2.26	0.04 0 0 0	1.69 1.37 1.12 0.90	55.1	Smyth et al.
65	3-Pentanone					Table 4.	
66	1-Bromopentane	1 25 55	6.88 6.31 5.70	0.17 .14 .11 <sub>g</sub>	2.33 2.28 1.65	52	Smyth et al.
67	1-Bromo-3-methyl-butane	25	5.93	[0]	(2.7)	43	Conner.
68	1-Chloro-3-methyl-butane	25	5.94	[0]	(1.8)	43	Conner.
69	2-Chloro-2-methyl-butane	25	(9.1)	[0]	(1.3)	43	Conner.
70	1-Pentanol	0.7 20	17.2 15.3	0 [0]	405 (140)	54	Reinisch. Benoit.
71	3-Methyl-1-butanol	-100 -80 -60 -40 -20 0	35.2 33.2 30.6 28.8 21.2 18.0	0.05 .11 0 0 0 0	4.75×10 <sup>8</sup> 6.23×10 <sup>6</sup> 2.6×10 <sup>5</sup> 5.0×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.5×10 <sup>2</sup> 4.55×10 <sup>0</sup>	44 54	Benoit. Reinisch.
72	2-Methyl-2-butanol	20	15.7	0	155	53	Brot; Graphs.
73	o-Dichlorobenzene					Table 4.	
74	Bromobenzene	1 25 55	5.74 5.39 4.96	0.11 <sub>g</sub> .09 .06 <sub>g</sub>	4.53 3.09 2.15	52	Smyth et al.
		22	5.43	0	3.20	55	Poley.

\* May contain 1 percent of water. † Supercooled; mp, -89° C (50 Timmermans). ‡ Supercooled; mp, (-115° C). § Supercooled; mp, (-108° C).

TABLE 2.—Dielectric dispersion parameters for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (° C)	$\epsilon_1 - \infty$	$\epsilon_1 - \nu$	$n_D^t$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_e$ (cm)	References
C <sub>6</sub> —Continued								
75	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	1 25 55	6.15 5.63 5.09	2.40 2.35 2.29	2.36 2.32 2.26	0.10 <sub>0</sub> .04 <sub>8</sub> .01 <sub>8</sub>	2.77 1.94 1.37	52 Smyth et al.
76	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ClO	22	5.69	2.56		0	2.22	55 Polcy.
77	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> F	21	5.44	2.33	2.15	0	1.05	Table 4, 55 Polcy.
78	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> I	21	4.64	2.76	2.62	0	5.13	55 Polcy.
79	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	20	35.74	4.07		0	8.6	55 Polcy.
80	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	20	35.74		2.40	[0]	(9)	43 Girard; Graphs. Table 4; Graphs.
81	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O	20	6.89		2.52	[0]	(3.7)	Table 4, 49 Fisher.
82	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>7</sub> N	1	(13.1)		2.30	0.08	3.2	55.1 Smyth et al.
83	$\gamma$ -Picoline	20 40 60	(12.2) (11.3) (10.5)		2.27 2.24 2.21	.05 .03 0	2.51 1.98 1.53	
84	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O	1 20 40 60	17.01 16.00 14.99 13.99	2.21 2.18 2.15 2.13	0.11 0.11 0.11 0.10		2.71 1.96 1.55 1.23	56.1 Smyth et al.
85	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Br	21	8.54	2.43		0	2.6	56 Dieringer.
86	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Cl	1 25 55	7.92 7.18	2.38 2.33	2.27 2.23 2.18	0.17 .10 <sub>8</sub> .07 <sub>3</sub>	5.90 3.67 2.45	52 Smyth et al.
87	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	21	8.02		2.23	0	4.5	56 Dieringer.
88	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub>	21				0	2.7	56 Dieringer.
89	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O	25	(1) 16.8 (2) 4.3	4.3 3.5	2.15	0	4.4	56 Dieringer. Table 4; Graphs.
90	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	45	(1) 15.3 (2) 4.1	4.1 3.4		0		56 Arnoult.
91	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>13</sub> Br	25	16.8	3.2		0	460	53 Reimisch.
92	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	20 40 60	14.70 12.25 10.30	2.27 2.25 2.23	1.97	0.05 .07 .10	20 12.6 8.2	56.4 Smyth et al.
93	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O	1 25 55	6.30 5.82 5.30	2.25 2.21 2.17	2.13 2.08 2.04	.15 <sub>9</sub> .17 <sub>2</sub> .14 <sub>8</sub>	4.38 2.96 2.00	52 Smyth et al.
	1-Hexane	20	1.890		1.89		<1.4	47 Bleaney.
	1-Hexanol	-40 -25 0.7	19.7 17.7 15.0	3.6 3.3 3.0		0	5.12×10 <sup>3</sup> 2.5×10 <sup>3</sup> 5.55×10 <sup>2</sup>	54 Reimisch.
		20	(1) 12.9 (2) 3.2	3.3 3.4	2.00	0	197 4	52 Bruma.



TABLE 2.—Dielectric dispersion parameters for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (° C)	$\epsilon_{\infty}$	$\epsilon_0$	$n_D$	$\alpha_{Colt}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
C <sub>8</sub> —Continued								
118	Ethyl benzene.....							Table 4.
119	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N 2,4,6-Trimethyl-pyridine ( $\gamma$ -Collidine).....	20 40 60	8.00 7.46 6.94	2.50 2.40 2.34	2.24	0.08 .09 .10	7.6 6.2 4.4	56.4 Smyth et al.
120	Octanoic acid (Caprylic acid).....							Table 4.
121	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> Br 1-Bromooctane.....	1 25 55	5.32 5.00 4.60	2.25 2.21 2.17	2.14 2.11 2.07	.24 <sub>s</sub> .22 <sub>s</sub> .22 <sub>s</sub>	6.78 4.09 2.58	52 Smyth et al.
122	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> Cl 1-Chlorooctane.....	1 25 55	5.47 5.05 4.55	2.20 2.15 2.10	2.08 2.04 2.00	.22 <sub>s</sub> .20 <sub>s</sub> .18 <sub>s</sub>	5.12 3.22 1.94	52 Smyth et al.
123	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> I 1-Iodoctane.....	1 25 55	4.90 4.62 4.27	2.37 2.33 2.28	2.24 2.21 2.16	.20 <sub>s</sub> .19 <sub>s</sub> .19 <sub>s</sub>	12.10 7.24 4.22	52 Smyth et al.
124	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> DO 1-Octanol-D-1.....	-15.5 0 25 49				0 0 0	2.50×10 <sup>8</sup> 1.07×10 <sup>8</sup> (100)	52 Corval; Graphs.
125	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O 1-Octanol.....	-15.5 0.7 25 49	13.40 12.00 9.8 7.80	3.10 2.10 3.10 3.10	2.04	0.05 0 0	2.07×10 <sup>8</sup> 9.5×10 <sup>8</sup> 2.56×10 <sup>8</sup> 78.9	53 Dalbert; Graphs.
126	2-Octanol.....	20	(1) 10.35 (2) 3.05	3.05 2.35	2.03	0 0	330 53	55 Lebrun
127	Butyl ether.....							
C <sub>9</sub>								
128	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>7</sub> N Quinoline.....	-36 -20 0.7 25 49	16.50 13.70 10.50 7.85 5.93	2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80	2.04	0.07 <sub>s</sub> .06 <sub>s</sub> .06 <sub>s</sub> 0	3.85×10 <sup>4</sup> 7.73×10 <sup>8</sup> 1.20×10 <sup>8</sup> 222	53 Dalbert; Graphs.
129	Isoquinoline.....	25 40 60	10.43 9.88 9.22	2.62	2.65 2.63 2.61 2.58	0.11 .09 .07 .07	14.5 8.4 5.63 3.72	Table 4; Graphs.
130	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>10</sub> Br 1-Bromononane.....	1 25 55	5.01 4.74 4.40	2.24 2.21 2.17	2.15 2.11 2.07	.24 <sub>s</sub> .24 <sub>s</sub> .22 <sub>s</sub>	9.10 5.36 2.97	55.1 Smyth et al.
131	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O 1-Nonanol.....	20	(1) 9.05 (2) 3.05	3.05	2.05	0 0	375 8.6	55 Lebrun; Graphs.
132	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Br 1-Bromonaphthalene.....	20.5 25 55	4.9 4.83 4.57	2.75 2.80 2.75	2.74 2.69	0 0.16 <sub>s</sub> .10 <sub>s</sub>	12 16.20 8.02	51 Meekbach. 52 Smyth et al.
133	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Cl 1-Chloronaphthalene.....	1 25 55	5.30 5.04 4.72	2.76 2.71 2.65	2.71 2.66 2.60	.18 <sub>s</sub> .08 <sub>s</sub> .06 <sub>s</sub>	20.50 9.24 5.23	52 Smyth et al.
134	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Eugenol.....	20	9.31		2.37	[0]	(57)	52 Fischer.
135	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>14</sub> 1-Methyl-4-Isopropylbenzene ( <i>p</i> -cymene).....	20	2.243		2.22	[0]	(1.8)	46 Whiffen.



TABLE 2.—Dielectric dispersion parameters for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (° C)	$\epsilon_1 - \epsilon_2$	$\epsilon_1 - \infty$	$\epsilon_1 - 0$	$n_D^2$	$\alpha_{\text{collo}}$	$\lambda_0$ (cm)	References
158	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O 8-Pentadecanone.....	50 65 80	6.4 6.2 5.64	2.3 2.3 2.3	2.05	0.11 .11 .10	6.2 4.7 4.7	55.6 Smyth et al. Table 4.	
159	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Methyl myristate.....							Table 4.	
160	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Hexadecanoic acid (Palmitic).....							Table 4.	
161	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>33</sub> Br 1-Bromohexadecane.....	25 55	3.68 3.46	2.21 2.17	2.13 2.10	.287 .248	13.10 5.78	52 Smyth et al. Table 4.	
162	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>33</sub> Cl 1-Chlorohexadecane.....							Table 4; Graphs.	
163	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>33</sub> O 1-Hexadecanol.....								
164	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O 9-Heptadecanone.....	55 70 85	5.5 5.2 4.9	2.3 2.3 2.3	2.05	.09 .08 .07	6.0 4.6 3.6	56.6 Smyth et al. Table 4; Graphs.	
165	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Methyl palmitate.....							Table 4; Graphs.	
166	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O Linoleic acid.....							Table 4.	
167	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Oleic acid.....							Table 4.	
168	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Dibutyl sebacate.....							Table 4.	
169	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>36</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Ethyl palmitate.....							Table 4; Graphs.	
170	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>36</sub> O Cetyl acetate.....	55 55 75	3.19 3.09 2.99	2.24 2.23 2.25	2.06	.29 .26 .24	2.5 2.1 1.7	52.8 Smyth et al. Table 4.	
171	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>38</sub> O 1-Octadecanol.....							Table 4.	
172	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>40</sub> O Phytol.....							Table 4; Graphs.	
173	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>40</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Octadecyl acetate.....	35 55 75	3.07 2.98 2.89	2.23 2.23 2.23	2.05	.29 .24 .19	2.8 2.2 1.8	52.8 Smyth et al. Table 4; Graphs.	
174	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>42</sub> O Di-dihydrocitronellyl ether.....							Table 4; Graphs.	
175	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>42</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Decyl ether.....	20 40	2.644 2.555		2.08	(.7) (.7)	(6.5) (4.4)	55.6 Smyth et al.	
176	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>42</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Monostearin.....	80 80	4.84 4.74	2.58 2.53	2.07	.22 .24	8.3 6.9	52.8 Smyth et al.	
177	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>42</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Ethyl abietate.....							Table 4.	
178	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>42</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Pnytyl acetate.....							Table 4; Graphs.	
179	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>50</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Dioctyl sebaeate.....							Table 4.	

180.....	$C_{28}H_{56}O_2$	Decyl stearate.....	$C_{28}$	40 60 80	2.81 2.73 2.65	2.16 2.15 2.15	2.04	.34 .26 .14	5.8 4.5 3.5	52.8 Smyth et al.
181.....	$C_{30}H_{60}O_4$	Ethylene dimyristate.....	$C_{30}$	70	2.98	2.19	2.05	.21	2.5	52.8 Smyth et al.
182.....	$C_{30}H_{60}O_2$	Tetradecyl palmitate.....	$C_{32}$	50	2.66	2.17	2.05	.24	4.5	52.8 Smyth et al.
183.....	$C_{32}H_{64}O_2$	Tetradecyl stearate.....	$C_{32}$	50 82	2.67 2.57	2.15 2.16		.14 .36	(4) (2.3)	52.8 Smyth et al.
184.....	$C_{34}H_{68}O_4$	Ethylene dipalmitate.....	$C_{34}$	75	2.89	2.23		.22	3.0	52.8 Smyth et al.
185.....	$C_{34}H_{68}O_2$	Cetyl stearate.....	$C_{38}$	60 80	2.61 2.54	2.13 2.13	2.06	.28 .13	3.8 2.7	52.8 Smyth et al.
186.....	$C_{38}H_{76}O_4$	Ethylene distearate.....	$C_{38}$	80	2.79	2.26		.22	3.4	52.8 Smyth et al.
187.....	$C_{39}H_{78}O_2$	Distearin.....	$C_{51}$	80 90	3.25 3.22	2.30 2.36	2.07	.31 .30	6.6 4.7	52.8 Smyth et al.
188.....	$C_{51}H_{102}O_4$	Tripalmitin.....	$C_{57}$							Table 4.
189.....	$C_{57}H_{108}O_6$	Triolein.....								Table 4.
190.....	$C_{57}H_{108}O_4$	Tristearin.....		80 90	2.74 2.73 <sub>5</sub>	2.18 2.18	2.07	.47 .47	7.8 7.8	52.8 Smyth et al.

Table 3. Dielectric dispersion data for pure inorganic liquids

Table 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids

*Tabulated Quantities:* In general, the real and imaginary parts of the complex dielectric constant  $\epsilon = \epsilon' - i \cdot \epsilon''$  are listed. For a few compounds the data are given, in part, as the real and imaginary parts of the complex refractive index  $n^* = n - i \cdot \kappa$ . The relation between  $\epsilon$  and  $n^*$  is  $\epsilon = n^{*2}$ .

TABLE 3. Dielectric dispersion data for pure inorganic liquids

No.	Substance		$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References	
1	D <sub>2</sub> O	Deuterium oxide (99.5%)	5	$\infty$	85.87		48 Collie.	
				10.0		1.52( $\kappa$ ) <sup>a</sup>		
				3.213	38.44	38.7		
					1.27	15.48	25.3	
			10	$\infty$	83.89		1.27( $\kappa$ )	
				10.0		45.34		38.5
				3.213	45.34	38.5		
					1.27	18.39	28.2	
			20	$\infty$	80.08		0.94( $\kappa$ )	
				10.0		55.42		35.2
				3.213	55.42	35.2		
					1.27	23.85	32.1	
			30	$\infty$	76.47		0.71( $\kappa$ )	
				10.0		60.26		29.5
				3.213	60.26	29.5		
					1.27	31.77	33.8	
			40	$\infty$	73.04		0.54( $\kappa$ )	
				10.0		61.52		23.5
				3.213	61.52	23.5		
					1.27	38.44	34.0	
50	$\infty$	69.78		0.43( $\kappa$ )				
	10.0		62.17		19.6			
	3.213	62.17	19.6					
60	$\infty$	66.68		0.34( $\kappa$ )				
	10.0		62.93		16.6			
	3.213	62.93	16.6					
		25 to 40	467			49 Fischer.		
		(20)	23.6 to 451			40 Divikovsky.		
2	H <sub>2</sub> O	Water	0	$\infty$	88.15		53 Halsted.	
				9.22	80.0	26.5		
				3.282	46.0	41.0		
					1.267	14.5	27.5	
			10	$\infty$	84.15		19.4	
				9.22	79.3	56.0		37.0
				3.282	79.3	37.0		
					1.267	22.0	33.0	
			20	$\infty$	80.36		13.9	
				9.22	77.8	63.0		31.5
				3.282	77.8	31.5		
					1.267	31.0	35.0	
			30	$\infty$	76.77		10.2	
				9.22	75.8	65.8		26.0
				3.282	75.8	26.0		
					1.267	38.7	35.5	
			40	$\infty$	73.35		8.4	
				9.22	73.0	66.3		20.5
				3.282	73.0	20.5		
					1.267	43.5	34.0	
50	$\infty$	70.10		6.5				
	9.22	69.7	65.5		16.5			
	3.282	69.7	16.5					
		1.267	48.0	31.0				
60	$\infty$	67.00		5.0				
	9.22	66.0	63.5		13.5			
	3.282	66.0	13.5					
		1.267	50.5	26.5				
		1.5	$\infty$	87.54		53 MIT.		
			$3 \times 10^3$	87.0	0.17			
			300	87.0	.61			
			100	86.5	2.77			
			10	80.5	25.0			
			3	38.0	39.1			

<sup>a</sup>  $\kappa$  = absorption coefficient.



TABLE 3. Dielectric dispersion data for pure inorganic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
5			$\infty$	86.13		
			100	85.2	2.3	
			10	80.2	22.1	
			3	41.	39.0	
15			$\infty$	82.23		
			100	81.0	1.7	
			10	78.8	16.2	
			3	49.	34.3	
25			$\infty$	78.54		
			$3 \times 10^3$	78.2	0.36	
			300	78.	.39	
			100	77.5	1.24	
			10	76.7	12.0	
35			$\infty$	75.04		
			100	74.0	0.93	
			10	74.0	9.4	
			3	58.	25.5	
45			$\infty$	71.70		
			100	71.0	0.75	
			10	70.7	7.5	
			3	59.	23.6	
55			$\infty$	68.53		
			100	68.	0.63	
			10	67.5	6.0	
			3	60.	21.6	
65			$\infty$	65.51		
			100	64.5	0.54	
			10	64.0	4.9	
			3	59.0	18.9	
75			$\infty$	62.62		
			100	61.	0.47	
			10	60.5	4.0	
			3	57.	16.0	
85			$\infty$	59.85		
			300	58.	0.17	
			100	57.	.42	
			10	56.5	3.1	
			3	54.	14.0	
95			$\infty$	57.19		
			100	52.	0.36	
			10	52.	2.4	
0			10.0	79.66	24.7	48 Collie.
			3.21	44.82	41.6	
			1.27	16.22	28.3	
10			10.0	78.07	17.5	
			3.21	53.85	37.6	
			1.27	22.33	32.3	
20			10.0	77.42	13.1	
			3.21	61.41	31.8	
			1.27	30.88	35.8	
30			10.0	76.78	9.8	
			3.21	63.31	25.5	
			1.27	38.43	36.0	
40			10.0	72.56	7.54	
			3.21	65.58	21.2	
			1.27	43.24	33.6	
50			10.0	68.44	5.80	
			3.21	63.13	17.1	
			1.27	48.26	30.6	
60			10.0	65.37	4.55	
			3.21	63.09	13.8	
			1.27	49.79	27.3	
75			10.0	60.49	3.30	
			3.21	60.70	10.5	
			1.27	51.71	22.3	
0			1.58	19.1	30.4	46 Saxton.
			1.24	14.5	25.6	
5			1.58	25.3	34.7	
			1.24	19.1	30.3	
10			1.58	31.9	37.0	
			1.24	24.4	33.5	
15			1.58	38.2	37.6	
			1.24	29.8	35.5	
20			1.58	44.1	37.2	
			1.24	35.0	36.2	

TABLE 3. Dielectric dispersion data for pure inorganic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
		25	1.58 1.24	48.8 39.9	35.8 36.0	
		30	1.58 1.24	52.7 44.2	33.5 35.2	
		35	1.58 1.24	55.6 48.0	31.0 33.6	
		40	1.58 1.24	57.8 51.3	28.1 31.5	
(20)			501	80.8	0.28	49 Burdun.
			436	80.2	-----	
			308	80.4	.45	
			216	80.4	.63	
			101	80.3	1.27	
			89.8	80.0	1.44	
			64.5	79.5	1.95	
			41.0	79.0	2.8	
			23.6	78.7	5.3	
			8.4	74.0	14.3	
			5.1	67.0	22.0	
			3.2	56.7	34.0	
			1.6	40.0	39.0	
		18.6	246	80.8	0.6	39 Slevogt.
		18.9	58.3	80.8	2.8	
		18.1	16.2	80.7	10.2	
		19.5	10.44	78.6	12.1	
		21	11.12 10.57 10.00 9.75 9.16	78.5 78.1 78.0 77.6 77.0	12.2 13.0 13.5 14.0 14.8	53 Little.
		19	9.35 6.10 3.58 2.8	78.0 73.2 61.8 55.3	12.1 18.1 26.5 33.9	39 Báz.
			( $n$ ) <sup>b</sup>	( $\kappa$ ) <sup>a</sup>		
		-8	1.24 0.62	-----	2.55 1.77	52 Lane.
		0	3.21 1.24 0.62	-----	2.89 2.77 2.04	
		10	3.21 1.24 0.62	-----	2.44 2.90 2.37	
		20	3.21 1.24 0.62	-----	2.00 2.86 2.59	
		30	3.21 1.24 0.62	-----	1.60 2.67 2.70	
		40	3.21 1.24 0.62	-----	1.29 2.41 2.70	
		50	3.21 1.24 0.62	-----	1.08 2.13 2.63	
				( $n$ ) <sup>b</sup>		
		17	10.4 4.6 2.5 1.5 0.66 .24 .10 .05 .014	9.0 8.77 8.41 7.84 6.02 3.63 2.62 2.22 2.15		47 Lindeman.
				( $n$ ) <sup>b</sup>		
		18	56.7 53.0 50.0 46.0 33.4 31.0 29.0 13.45	8.92 8.97 8.96 8.96 8.92 8.92 8.95 8.80		36 Ardenne.
		20	3.99 3.55 3.20 1.25 0.802	70.1 67.7 61.8 31.5 21.34	24.6 27.1 32.0 35.5 29.6	55 Poley.
(20?)			83.6	80.2	2.5	55.1 Yamamura.

<sup>a</sup>  $\kappa$  = absorption coefficient, <sup>b</sup>  $n$  = refractive index.

TABLE 3. Dielectric dispersion data for pure inorganic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References				
3.....	$\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ Sulfuric acid.....	0	10.00	79.7	24.7	46 Collie.				
		5		80.0	20.7					
		10		78.1	17.4					
		15		77.6	15.0					
		20		77.4	13.1					
		25		77.2	11.1					
		30		76.8	9.8					
		35		75.5	8.5					
		40		72.6	7.5					
		50		68.4	5.7					
		60	64.7	4.5						
		70	61.9	3.6						
		80	59.4	3.1						
		90	57.0	2.6						
		100	54.4	2.2						
				0	9.72	80.0	24.8	43 Conner.		
				14		79.0	17.4			
				25		77.1	13.9			
				50		69.5	8.39			
				75		63.5	5.30			
				80		62.3	4.92			
				90		57.7	3.95			
				100		55.3	3.40			
				0		1.24	14.89		26.3	52 Lane.
				10			21.29		31.6	
				20	29.64		35.2			
				30	37.76		35.8			
				40	44.60		34.2			
				50	48.75		31.1			
				0	1.24			55.1 Srivastava.		
				30		0.86				
				24; 30		3.16				
				(20)		7.4				
				5 to 45		16.7				
				1 to 50		0.87				
				11.1		3 to 10				
				(20)		16.7				
				20		320 to 1002				
				20.5; 25.5		23.6; 450				
				24	1.65; 3.7					
				(20)	4					
				18	8.5 to 23.8					
				21 to 28	12.6 to 19					
				(15); 30; 50	23 to 73					
				17	220 to 300					
				17	268					
				14 to 20	36 to 321					
				(18)	4.8 to 20.5					
				22						
				20	$\infty$	(110)		53 Brand.		
					303.0	98	32			
					198.0	95	35			
					156.7	77	40			
					101.4	62.5	45.6			
					26.74	28	42			
					10.20	10	19			

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids

No.	Substance	$t$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References		
1.....	$\text{C}_1$ $\text{CBrCl}_3$ Bromotrichloromethane.....	0	$\infty$	2.447		56.3 Smyth et al.		
			3.22	2.441	0.014			
			1.24	2.426	.021			
		20	$\infty$	2.405				
			3.22	2.403	.012			
			1.24	2.389	.020			
		40	$\infty$	2.364				
			3.22	2.361	.0082			
			1.24	2.351	.0018			
		60	$\infty$	2.343				
			3.22	2.319	.0059			
			1.24	2.313	.0016			
2.....	$\text{C}_2$ $\text{CBr}_2\text{Cl}_2$ Dibromodichloromethane.....	25	$\infty$	2.542		56.3 Smyth et al.		
			10.0	2.541	<.003			
			3.22	2.540	.0136			
		40	1.24	2.524	.036			
			$\infty$	2.508				
			10.0	2.511	<.003			
		60	3.22	2.511	.011			
			1.24	2.494	.030			
			$\infty$	2.461				
				3.22	2.470		.006	
				1.24	2.455		.020	

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References			
C <sub>1</sub> —Continued									
3-----	CBr <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub> Dibromodifluoromethane-----	0	$\infty$	2.824		56.3 Smyth et al.			
			3.22	2.769	0.116				
			1.24	2.670	.088				
		20	$\infty$	2.713					
			3.22	2.676	.225				
			1.24	2.592	.193				
4-----	CBr <sub>2</sub> Cl    Trihromochloromethane-----	60	$\infty$	2.601		56.3 Smyth et al.			
			3.22	2.600	.009				
			1.24	2.593	.018				
5-----	CBr <sub>2</sub> F    Trihromodifluoromethane-----	0	$\infty$	3.092		56.3 Smyth et al.			
			10.0	3.080	.038				
			3.22	3.001	.213				
			1.24	2.776	.262				
			20	$\infty$	2.996				
				10.0	2.996		.030		
		3.22		2.994	.168				
		40	$\infty$	2.902					
			10.0	2.913	.022				
			3.22	2.884	.135				
		60	$\infty$	2.735	.215				
			3.22	2.822					
			1.24	2.804	.106				
		6-----	CCl <sub>3</sub> F    Trichlorofluoromethane-----	0	$\infty$		2.874		56.3 Smyth et al.
					3.22		2.873	.048	
					1.24		2.839	.113	
				20	$\infty$		2.803		
					3.22		2.297	.035	
1.24	2.270				.081				
7-----	CCl <sub>4</sub> Carbon tetrachloride-----	0	$\infty$	2.276		52.2 Smyth et al.			
			10.00	2.278					
			1.277	2.278					
			20	$\infty$	2.239				
				10.00	2.240				
				1.277	2.240				
		40	$\infty$	2.203					
			10.00	2.204					
			1.277	2.203					
		60	$\infty$	2.167					
			10.00	2.166					
			1.277	2.165					
		20	3.2	2.238 <sub>6</sub>	.00069		47 Bleaney.		
			1.35	2.239 <sub>0</sub>	.00175				
			0.85 to 3.33	(*)	(*)				
			10 to $\infty$						
			20	3.39					
			(20?)	3.27					
8-----	CS <sub>2</sub> Carbon disulfide-----	0	$\infty$	2.691		50.2 Smyth et al.			
			10.00	2.692					
			1.277	2.695					
		10	$\infty$	2.666					
			10.00	2.667					
			1.277	2.669					
		20	$\infty$	2.641					
			10.00	2.642					
			1.277	2.643					
		30	$\infty$	2.615					
			10.00	2.617					
			1.277	2.617					
		20	3.2	2.647 <sub>6</sub>	.00064		47 Bleaney.		
			1.35	2.647 <sub>7</sub>	.00191				
			0.85 to 3.33	(*)	(*)				
			20	3.27					
			(20?)						
9-----	CHCl <sub>3</sub> Chloroform-----	25	9.72	4.81	.37 <sub>9</sub>	43 Conner. 53 Fischer. 53 Sirkar. 53.2 Ghosh.			
			4.90	4.72	.0088				
			(?)	3.33					
		-60 to 35	3.18						
			10; 34	60 to 100					
10-----	CH <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Formic acid-----	10; 34	60 to 100			51 Sen.			

\*Graphs.

TABLE 4.—Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	<i>t</i> (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
<b>C<sub>1</sub>—Continued</b>						
11	CH <sub>3</sub> NO Formamide	(20)	501 436 308 216 101 89.8 64.5 41.0 23.6 8.4 5.1 3.2 1.6	110.5 107.6 108.0 109.0 110.0 108.5 108.0 107.0 93.6 77.7 58.0 37.2 13.5	2.4 — 4.9 5.8 8.0 10.8 15.8 21.0 40.8 44.4 56.0 43.0 34.0	49 Burdun.
12	CH <sub>3</sub> O Methanol	−10	∞ 3.21 1.24 0.62	40.37 7.20 6.75 6.05	5.66 3.76 2.88	52 Lane.
		0	∞ 3.21 1.24 0.62	37.98 7.41 6.78 6.03	6.52 4.06 2.88	
		10	∞ 3.21 1.24 0.62	35.75 7.78 6.81 6.05	7.36 4.36 2.98	
		20	∞ 3.21 1.24 0.62	33.64 8.33 6.88 6.02	8.16 4.74 3.14	
		30	∞ 3.21 1.24 0.62	31.65 9.07 6.93 6.03	8.92 5.14 3.30	
		40	∞ 3.21 1.24 0.62	29.29 9.94 6.97 6.04	9.66 5.58 3.47	
		50	∞ 3.21 1.24 0.62	28.03 11.08 7.08 6.10	10.28 6.00 3.64	
		20	3.99 3.51 3.20 1.25 0.802	9.72 8.68 7.78 5.98 5.68	10.20 9.14 7.69 4.48 3.23	55 Poley.
		25	3.20 1.25	8.18 6.04	8.00 4.13	
		−60	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 58	48 51 13	7 10	* 28, 27 Mizushima.
		−40	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 58	43 45 43 20	2 10 11	
		−20	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 58	39 40 40 26	1 4 10	
		0	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 58	35 37 37 29	1 2 7	
		−143 to 118	10 <sup>4</sup> to ∞	(**)(*)	(**)(*)	55 Denney.
		25	∞ 300 100 10 3	32.63 31.0 30.9 23.9 8.9	1.2 2.5 15.3 7.2	53 MIT.
		18.4	243 58.3 16.3 10.44	34.6 34.3 22.6 17.0	1.55 5.15 15.4 17.4	39 Slevogt.
		19.5				
		19.0	9.0 6.20 3.80 2.80	15.8 7.57 4.44 3.50	11.0 7.90 5.52 4.24	39 Báz.

\* Graphs. \*\* Table 2. \* Data also at 20° and 40° C.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References				
C <sub>1</sub> —Continued										
13.....	CH <sub>3</sub> O Methanol (continued)-----	18	56.0	b ( $n^2$ )		36 v. Ardenne.				
			53.2	31.4						
			51.5	32.4						
			51.1	32.3						
			49.3	31.8						
			49.0	31.6						
			34.9	29.9						
			34.2	30.0						
			34.0	29.5						
			13.45	22.7						
			20	436			0.790	49 Fischer.		
			25				.648			
			30				.545			
			40				.345			
					(20)		83.6	32.2	3.5	55 Yamamura.
					5		3.08	7.25	5.71	53 Koizumi.
				20		8.35	7.20			
				35		9.69	9.37			
				50		10.87	9.48			
				9	1.38	6.79	4.24	55 Okabayashi.		
		30	1.24			55.1 Srivastava.				
		(15 to 35)	7.4			52 Yamamura.				
		25	3.24			52 Yasumi.				
		40	1.08×10 <sup>3</sup>			50 Klages.				
		(16 to 18)	18 to 24			39 Divilkovsky.				
		(20)	440			39 Filipov.				
		(20)	1.65			39 Kebbel.				
		20	147 to 520			39 Malbaum.				
		24	2.8×10 <sup>3</sup>			37 Schmelzer.				
		(20)	340 to 1190			37 Zouckermann.				
		(20)	(2.8 to 7.6)×10 <sup>3</sup>			32 Malsch.				
C <sub>2</sub>										
13.....	C <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub> Tetrachloroethylene-----	20	0.8 to 3.3	(*)	(*)	50 Whiffen.				
14.....	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub> 1,1,1-Trichlorethane-----	4	∞	7.71		56.2 Smyth et al.				
			3.22	6.981	1.95					
			1.24	4.891	2.70					
			20	∞	7.20					
				10.00	7.242	0.49				
				3.22	6.720	1.52				
				1.24	5.007	2.49				
				40	∞	6.57				
				10.0	6.605	0.37				
				3.22	6.309	1.16				
				1.24	5.165	2.15				
				20	3.20	6.64	1.59	55 Poley.		
			1.25	5.20	2.42					
			0.802	4.02	2.44					
		25	9.72	7.02	0.64	43 Conner.				
15.....	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Br <sub>2</sub> Dibromoethane-----	25	∞	4.76		52.5 Smyth et al.				
			10.0	4.62	.46					
			3.22	4.02	.95	52.7				
			1.27	3.28	.80	52.4				
			40	∞	4.67					
				10.0	4.61	.37				
				3.22	4.17	.89				
				1.27	3.37	.86				
				55	∞	4.58				
				10.0	4.58	.31				
		3.22	4.23	.77						
		1.27	3.47	.89						
		25 to 70	3.18			53.2 Ghosh.				
16.....	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> BrCl 1-Bromo-2-chloroethane-----	-20 to -40	3.18			55 Ghosh.				
17.....	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> 1,2-Dichloroethane-----	1	∞	11.66		52.5 Smyth et al.				
			10.0	11.12	1.60					
			3.22	8.91	3.97	52.1				
			1.27	5.64	3.93	52.7				
			25	∞	10.16		52.4			
				10.0	9.98	1.00				
				3.22	9.01	2.79				
				1.27	6.14	3.70				
				40	∞	9.37				
				10.0	9.27	0.75				
				3.22	8.62	2.18				
				1.27	6.49	3.35				
				55	∞	8.66				
				10.0	8.63	0.57				
		3.22	8.24	1.77						
		1.27	6.67	2.96						
		3.3				53 Sircar.				
		-25 to 60	3.18			53.2 Ghosh.				

\*Graphs. <sup>b</sup>  $n$ -refractive index.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance		$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
<b>C<sub>2</sub>—Continued</b>							
18	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	Acetic acid	20	$\infty$ 9	6.15 4.72	0.95	52.2 Bruma.
19	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Br	Bromoethane	1	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	10.23 10.20 9.50 7.09	.80 2.14 3.46	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
			25	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	9.20 9.24 8.87 7.29	0.60 1.54 2.70	
			25	3			48 Crouch.
20	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> I	Iodoethane	25	$\infty$ 9.72	7.69 7.76	0.76	43 Conner.
21	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O	Ethanol	-10	$\infty$ 3.21 1.24 0.62	30.2 4.55 4.11 3.43	1.51 1.23 0.97	52 Lane.
			0	$\infty$ 3.21 1.24 0.62	28.39 4.56 4.14 3.43	1.69 1.32 1.01	
			10	$\infty$ 3.21 1.24 0.62	26.68 4.56 4.21 3.45	1.92 1.41 1.05	
			20	$\infty$ 3.21 1.24 0.62	25.07 4.54 4.23 3.45	2.23 1.55 1.04	
			30	$\infty$ 3.21 1.24 0.62	23.56 4.61 4.24 3.47	2.68 1.72 1.17	
			40	$\infty$ 3.21 1.24 0.62	22.14 4.80 4.27 3.46	3.22 1.99 1.25	
			50	$\infty$ 3.21 1.24 0.62	20.80 5.10 4.39 3.48	3.88 2.28 1.37	
			-60	$\infty$ $5 \times 10^3$ 950 308 59	41 39 24 9 3.1	4 21 9 2	* 28, 27 Mizushima.
			-40	$\infty$ $5 \times 10^3$ 950 308 59	35.7 32. 33. 17.5 4.0	3 9 15 4	
			-20	$\infty$ 950 308 59	31.2 31 26 6.0	3 13 6	
			-143 to -113	$6 \times 10^3$ to $\infty$	(**)(*)	(**)(*)	55 Hassion.
			21	3.99 3.55 3.20 1.25 0.802	4.84 4.75 4.59 4.13 3.89	2.91 2.77 2.50 1.42 1.30	55 Poley.
			25	$\infty$ 300 100 10 3	24.30 23.7 22.3 6.5 1.7	1.47 6.0 1.63 0.12	53 MIT.
			18.4 19.1 20 19.8	243 58.3 16.3 10.59	26.0 20.4 9.35 5.9	3.29 9.95 11.5 7.3	39 Slevogt.
			20	10.0 6.0 3.8 2.8	4.67 2.98 2.54 1.78	5.64 3.48 2.64 1.70	39 Báz.

\*Graphs. \*\*Table 2.  
• Data also at 0°, 20°, 40°, and 60° C.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>2</sub> —Continued						
21	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O Ethanol—Continued	18	55.5 52.6 51.7 48.6 32.1 13.4	[ $n_D^2$ ] <sup>b</sup> 22.4 22.2 21.2 20.8 17.0 8.4		36 v. Ardenne.
		20	518		1.237	49 Fischer.
		25			0.995	
		30			.826	
		40			.587	
		50			.411	
		0	182	27.7	9.1	33 Szymanowski.
		10		26.5	6.9	
		20		25.2	4.5	
		30		23.9	2.6	
		40		22.6	1.7	
		50		21.3	1.2	
		20	159	24.8	5.0	39 Sosinski.
		(20?)	83.6	23.0	8.3	55 Yamamura.
		18.5	16.66	7.56	7.2	44 Benoit.
		(20?)	12.60	5.5	7.8	48 Bolton.
		20	9.95		0.966 ( $n_k$ ) <sup>b</sup>	50 Honerjäger.
		25	3.24	4.08	2.58	52 Yasumi.
		5	3.08	4.37	1.93	53 Koizumi.
		20		4.38	2.19	
		35		4.46	2.70	
		50		4.71	3.79	
		8	1.38	4.25	1.42	55 Okabayashi.
		24	0.86	3.6	1.65	53 Hertel.
		30	1.24			55.1 Srivastava.
		5 to 35	7.4			52 Yamamura.
		40	1.08×10 <sup>3</sup>			50 Klages.
		?	30 to 105			44 Khmel'kova.
		16 to 18	18 to 24			39 Divilkovsky.
		(19 to 20)	440			39 Filipov.
		20	3×10 <sup>3</sup>			39 Panchenkov.
		18.7	4			37 Elle.
		20 to 40	5×10 <sup>3</sup>			37 Haekel.
		21	2.1×10 <sup>3</sup>			37 Schmelzer.
		(20)	(2 to 12)×10 <sup>2</sup>			37 Zoutckermann.
		(20)	(2.8 to 7.6)×10 <sup>3</sup>			32 Malsch.
22	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Ethylene glycol	25	$\infty$ 300 100 10 3	41.3 41 39 12 7		53 MIT.
					1.85	
					6.2	
					12.0	
					5.5	
		10	$\infty$ 14.16 7.86	40.7 12.65 7.06		53 Yamamura.
					12.48	
					9.79	
		20	$\infty$ 14.16 7.86	38.7 15.85 10.33		
					11.25	
					11.14	
		30	$\infty$ 14.16 7.86	36.7 20.56 12.59		
					10.85	
					10.7	
		40	$\infty$ 14.16 7.86	34.9 23.52 15.35		
					12.62	
					13.9	
		-20	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 718 308	46.5 36.7 29.4		28 Mizushima.
					2	
					16	
					17	
		0	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 718 308	44.3 44.3 42.0		
					1	
					4	
					6	
		20	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 718 308	44.3 41.3 41.3		
					1	
					2	
					2	
		40	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 718 308	37.7 37.7 37.7		
					1	
					2	
					1	
		25	(1 to 2)×10 <sup>3</sup>			39 Schmale.
23	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl 3-Chloropropene	-100 to 40	3.18			54.2 Ghosh.
24	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> 1,3-Dichloropropane (trimethylene chloride).	25	9.72	10.2	1.34	43 Conner.

<sup>b</sup> $n$ =refractive index.  $\kappa$ =absorption coefficient.



TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References			
C <sub>3</sub> —Continued									
25	2,2-Dichloropropane	2	$\infty$	12.58		56.2 Smyth et al.			
			3.22	10.77	4.05				
			1.24	6.427	5.3				
		20	$\infty$	11.42					
			3.22	10.12	3.10				
			1.24	6.766	4.7				
		40	$\infty$	10.24					
			3.22	9.54	2.27				
			1.24	6.993	4.1				
26	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> O 2,3-Dichloro-1-propanol	(20)	(45 to 600)	(*)	(*)	32 Girard.			
27	1,3-Dichloro-2-propanol	(20)	(45 to 600)	(*)	(*)	32 Girard.			
28	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> 2,2-Dinitropropane	60	$\infty$	35.0		56.2 Smyth et al.			
			10.0	33.6	8.0				
			3.22	22.4	15.7 $\pm$ 2				
		60	3.22	23.3	16.3				
			29	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O Acetone	25		$\infty$	20.7	53 Powles.
			490		0.0334		53 Fischer.		
29	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O Acetone	20	$\infty$	21.2		44 Benoit.			
			16.66	21.0	.88				
		(20?)	3.16	18.5	3.1	53 LeMontagner.			
		20	(3 to 12)	(*)	(*)	46 Ahadie.			
			5 to 65 (20)	(60 to 120)			51 Sen.		
		5 to 63 (20)	18			50 Imanov.			
			57 to 100			49 Sirkar.			
		25 (20)	(1 to 2) $\times 10^3$			39 Schmale.			
			(2.8 to 7.6) $\times 10^3$			32 Malsch.			
		1	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O Acetone	1	$\infty$	23.29		56.1 Smyth et al.	
					10.4	22.95	1.73		
					3.22	21.69	4.39		
				20	1.24	18.18	8.92		
$\infty$	21.20								
10.4	21.07				1.32				
40	3.22			20.51	3.55				
	1.24			17.75	7.78				
	$\infty$			19.29					
30	2-Propen-1-ol-(Allyl alcohol)			-50	10.4	19.29	1.02		
					3.22	18.58	2.63		
					1.24	16.72	6.15		
30	2-Propen-1-ol-(Allyl alcohol)	-50	5 $\times 10^3$	28.5	1	28 Mizushima.			
			781	20.3	13				
			308	10.6	5				
		-30	5 $\times 10^3$	27.3	<1				
			781	25.3	8				
			308	20.3	7				
		-10	5 $\times 10^3$	25.2	<1				
			781	25.2	3				
			308	25.2	3				
		10	5 $\times 10^3$	22.5	<1				
			781	22.5	<2				
			308	22.5	<1				
30	5 $\times 10^3$	19.4	<1						
	781	19.4	<2						
	308	19.4	<1						
31	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Propionic acid	65 to 110	(60 to 120)			51 Sen.			
32	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O <sub>3</sub> 1,3,5-Trioxane	65	$\infty$	15.55		56.5 Smyth et al.			
			10.4	15.75	2.16				
			3.22	13.11	5.27				
		80	1.24	8.51	6.80				
			$\infty$	14.20					
			10.4	15.04	1.62				
33	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Br 1-Bromopropane	1	3.22	12.29	4.36	52.5 Smyth et al.			
			1.24	8.00	5.97				
			$\infty$	8.90					
		25	10.0	8.57	0.93				
			3.22	7.39	2.53				
			1.27	5.07	2.86				
40	$\infty$	8.09							
	10.0	7.97	0.66						
	3.22	7.18	1.94						
55	1.27	5.46	2.53						
	$\infty$	7.59							
	10.0	7.48	0.53						
33	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Br 1-Bromopropane	1	3.22	7.00	1.63	52.1			
			1.27	5.52	2.36				
			$\infty$	7.09					
		25	10.0	7.06	0.44				
			3.22	6.79	1.33				
			1.27	5.52	2.18				

\*Graphs.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>3</sub> —Continued						
34-----	2-Bromopropane-----	1	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	10.52 9.88 9.26 6.45	1.02 2.82 4.08	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
		25	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	9.46 9.33 8.80 6.77	0.69 2.05 3.53	
		40	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	8.89 8.86 8.42 6.81	0.55 1.66 3.08	
		55	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	8.14 8.30 8.02 6.78	0.46 1.41 2.70	
35-----	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O 1-Propanol-----	156 to -120 -144 to -45	$6 \times 10^3$ to $1.5 \times 10^9$ $6 \times 10^3$ to $1.5 \times 10^9$	(**) (*) (**) (*)	(**) (*) (**) (*)	52 Cole, 51 Davidson.
		25	$\infty$ 300 100 10 3	20.1 19.0 16.0 3.7 2.3	3.8 6.7 2.5 0.21	53 MIT.
		20	$\infty$ 324 199 85 62 28.0 17.1 11.1 6.42 3.45 2.94	20.8 19.3 17.4 11.2 9.2 5.35 4.5 4.06 3.93 3.62 3.46		47 Girard.
		18 to 20	598 330 200 188 113 97 86 75 61.7 55 45 42.7 28.1 28.1 17.7 17.5	19.0 18.7 17.1 16.8 14.8 13.5 12.15 11.2 10.05 9.01 7.2 7.4 7.2 4.7 4.1 3.4	1.7 3.7 5.1 5.5 7.7 7.7 7.5 8.1 8.1 8.1 7.3 7.4 5.5 5.2 3.8 3.3	37 Abadie.
		-60	$5 \times 10^3$ 950 380 57.8	24.4 7 5 3	14 7 2 1	28, 27 Mizushima.
		-40	$5 \times 10^3$ 950 380 57.8	30 15 6.5 3.1	4 13 4 1	
		-20	$5 \times 10^3$ 950 380 57.8	27.5 24 11 3.1	3 8 9 2	
		0	$5 \times 10^3$ 950 308 57.8	24 25 17.5 3.9	3 3 9 3	
		19 18.3 18.8 18.5 20	1130 243 58.3 16.3 10.44	21.1 20.3 9.3 5.7 4.5	----- 4.83 9.4 4.65 3.81	39 Slevogt.
		20	77.67 70.91 60.19	14.8 13.7 12.2	8.3 8.9 9.1	56 Fischer.
		20 (20)	3 to 500 40 to 600	(*) (*)	(*) (*)	42 Abadie. 32 Girard. 36 Keutner.
		15 to 35	360 to 660			
		0	182	12.6	10.6	33 Szymanowski.
		10		15.4	10.1	
		20		17.4	7.5	
		30		17.4	4.5	
		40		16.8	3.0	
		50		16.2	1.8	

\*Graphs. \*\*Table 2.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>3</sub> —Continued						
35	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O 1-Propanol—Continued	22.7	70.82	14.9	8.1	39 Slätis.
		18	16.66	4.70	3.5	44 Benoit.
		5	3.08	3.42	1.06	53 Koizumi.
		20		3.45	1.30	
		35		3.50	1.72	
		50		3.61	2.36	
		(20?)	30 to 105			44 Khmel'kova.
		16 to 18	18 to 24			39 Divilkovsky.
		23.3	440			39 Fillipov.
		20	159			39 Sosinski.
		-60 to 60	500			37.2 Cavallaro.
		20 to 40	5×10 <sup>3</sup>			37 Hackel.
		19 to 21	2.1×10 <sup>3</sup>			37 Schmelzer.
		25	170 to 10 <sup>5</sup>			37 Schreck.
		(20)	(2.8 to 7.6)×10 <sup>3</sup>			32 Malsch.
36	2-Propanol	-100 to -73	6×10 <sup>3</sup> to ∞	(**)(*)	(**)(*)	55 Hassion.
		-60	5×10 <sup>3</sup>	15.5	14	427 Mizushima.
			950	6	6	
			308	4	1	
		-40	5×10 <sup>3</sup>	28	8	
			950	13	13	
			308	4.5	2	
		-20	5×10 <sup>3</sup>	28	<3	
			950	24	9	
			308	7.5	6	
		0	5×10 <sup>3</sup>	24	<3	
			950	24	3	
			308	16	9	
		20	5×10 <sup>3</sup>	20.5	<3	
			950	21	1	
			308	19	4	
		(20)	45 to 600	(*)	(*)	32 Girard.
		25	3.24	3.06	1.18	52 Yasumi.
37	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub> 1,2-Propanediol	10	∞	(35)		55.2 Yamamura.
			22.78	5.4	5.2	
			15.46	4.2	2.0	
			7.61	4.85	3.08	
		20	∞	(33)		
			49.16	27.72	8.4	
			22.82	6.9	7.4	
			15.18	5.2	4.3	
			7.63	5.32	4.23	
		30	∞	(31)		
			50.02	27.11	6.4	
			22.80	9.3	10.7	
			15.00	7.2	6.0	
			7.62	4.84	4.72	
		40	∞	(29)		
			49.14	25.95	8.4	
			22.83	11.9	10.2	
			15.00	8.7	4.8	
			7.64	6.50	5.0	
		-89 to -45	6×10 <sup>3</sup> to ∞	(**)(*)	(**)(*)	51 Davidson.
		-90 to -30	3×10 <sup>5</sup> to 3×10 <sup>7</sup>	(*)	(*)	32 White.
38	1,3-Propanediol	-95 to -40	3×10 <sup>5</sup> to 3×10 <sup>7</sup>	(*)	(*)	32 White.
39	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>3</sub> Glycerol	-80 to -40	10 <sup>3</sup> to 3×10 <sup>7</sup>			54 Schulze.
		-75 to -40	6×10 <sup>3</sup> to ∞	(**)(*)	(**)(*)	51 Davidson.
		0	6×10 <sup>4</sup>	48.20	0.99	53 Harris.
			3×10 <sup>4</sup>	48.10	2.14	
			2×10 <sup>4</sup>	47.86	3.5	
		-10	5×10 <sup>3</sup>	23	17	28 Mizushima.
			950	12	7	
			308	7	3	
			57.8	3	1	
		10	5×10 <sup>3</sup>	44	6	
			950	34	14	
			308	14	10	
			57.8	4	2	
		30	5×10 <sup>3</sup>	40.5	<3	
			950	42	5	
			308	38	17	
			57.8	9	7	
		50	950	37	<3	
			308	40	7	
			57.8	18.7	11	

\* Graphs. \*\* Table 2. <sup>d</sup> Data also at 40° and 60° C. <sup>e</sup> Data also at -50° C.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance		<i>t</i> (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>3</sub> —Continued							
39	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Glycerol—Continued	18	62.0 55.6 49.5 48.9 34.0 13.45	( <i>n</i> <sup>2</sup> ) 28.6 27.1 23.1 23.4 16.4 10.3		36 v. Ardenne.
			—30 to 20	(8 to 37.5) × 10 <sup>2</sup>			53 Litovitz.
			31	57 to 84			49 Sirkar.
			25	(3 to 9) × 10 <sup>3</sup>			36 Hiegemann.
			25	(1 to 2) × 10 <sup>3</sup>			36 Schmaks.
			—75 to 19	170 to 10 <sup>3</sup>			36 Schreck.
			24 to 40	410			35 Divilkovsky.
			15 to 70	12 to 14			33 Seeberger.
			—61 to 64	610			26 Mizushima.
C <sub>4</sub>							
40	C <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>6</sub>	Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	25	∞ 100 10 3	2.55 2.55 2.51 2.47	0.014 .090 .032	53 MIT.
41	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O	Furan	1	∞ 3.22 1.24	3.095 3.088 3.009	.129 .318	55.1 Smyth et al.
			20	∞ 3.22 1.24	2.954 2.958 2.920	.092 .245	
42	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>4</sub> S	Thiophene	1	∞ 10.7 3.22 1.24	2.837 2.823 2.816 2.370	.011 .082 .176	55.1 Smyth et al.
			20	∞ 10.7 3.22 1.24	2.769 2.764 2.752 2.697	.013 .064 .154	
			40	∞ 10.7 3.22 1.24	2.701 2.700 2.697 2.650	.006 .051 .124	
			60	∞ 10.7 3.22 1.24	2.635 2.634 2.603 2.582	.007 .038 .090	
43	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N	Pyrrole	1	∞ 10.7 3.22 1.24	8.42 8.370 6.575 4.482	1.11 2.33 2.22	55.1 Smyth et al.
			25	∞ 10.7 3.22 1.24	8.10 8.046 7.003 4.829	0.87 2.00 2.40	
			40	∞ 10.7 3.22 1.24	7.76 7.670 7.055 5.251	0.64 1.59 2.53	
			60	∞ 10.7 3.22 1.24	7.45 7.362 6.978 5.569	0.47 1.24 2.35	
44	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	1,4-Dichlorobutane	1	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	9.64 9.40 6.56 4.42	1.84 3.42 2.48	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
			25	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	8.90 9.06 7.09 4.79	1.21 2.86 2.73	
			40	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	8.44 8.70 7.30 5.08	0.90 2.45 2.80	
			55	∞ 10.0 1.27	7.98 7.28 5.36	2.00 2.80	

† 95% Glycerol, 5% water.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References				
C <sub>1</sub> —Continued										
45-----	1,2-Dichloroisohutane-----	-155.6	6×10 <sup>7</sup>	3.03	0.90	42 Turkevich.				
		-154.5		3.21	1.48					
		-147.9		6.54	5.62					
		-146.9		7.84	7.63					
		-145.3		12.00	9.90					
		-144.2		14.63	10.2					
		-143.0		18.17	7.16					
		-142.3		20.24	2.73					
		-140.1		19.79	2.52					
		-138.2		19.75	1.98					
		(glass)		-131.5	18.08		0.33			
		-126.7		17.36	.17					
		mp		(-108)	14.85		.36			
		-63.1		10.95	.87					
		-23.2		8.88	1.36					
		-22.8		7.13	4.06					
		-187.8		6×10 <sup>6</sup>	2.36		0.008			
		-156.4			2.75		.164			
		-147.9			4.63		1.44			
		-147.6			4.71		1.37			
		-146.4			5.54		2.78			
		-144.2			8.97		4.64			
		-143.5			9.70		5.4			
		-141.7			13.96		6.0			
		-140.0	17.81		5.03					
		-139.8	18.03		4.1					
		-139.1	18.60		2.54					
		-135.5	18.71		1.19					
		-134.1	18.38		0.62					
		-131.5	18.05		.44					
		-108.0	14.87		.056					
		-99.0	13.89		.041					
		-63.1	10.97		.11					
		-23.2	8.87		.154					
		-22.8	7.14		.416					
		-165.0	6×10 <sup>5</sup>		2.43		.085			
		-157.3			2.51		.082			
		-155.1			2.66		.148			
		-147.9			3.39		.60			
		-145.5			4.12		1.22			
		-144.4		4.65	1.69					
		-141.2		7.08	3.67					
		-140.8		7.66	4.05					
		-139.6		9.37	4.90					
		-138.5		11.45	5.44					
		-137.3		13.79	5.42					
		-136.5		15.29	4.97					
		-135.5		16.67	3.9					
		-134.1		17.68	2.72					
		-132.9		17.94	1.79					
		-131.5		17.93	1.09					
		-126.7		17.37	0.292					
		-108.0		14.87	.019					
		-99.0		13.88	.019					
-63.1	10.97	.023								
-23.2	8.83	.031								
-22.8	7.15	.057								
46-----	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O Tetrahydrofuran-----	1		$\infty$	8.90		55.1 Smyth et al.			
				3.22	8.38	1.44				
			1.24	6.92	2.95					
			$\infty$	8.20						
			3.22	7.87	1.13					
			1.24	6.91	2.14					
		20	$\infty$	7.60						
			3.22	7.30	0.81					
			1.24	6.67	1.66					
			40	$\infty$	6.40					
				10.0	6.41	0.42				
				1.25	4.91	1.60				
47-----	2-Butanone-----	0 to 65		$\infty$	6.04		51.2, 49 Sen.			
				10.0	6.06	0.33				
				3.22	5.81	.92				
			1.25	4.95	1.51					
			48-----	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Butyric acid-----	20	$\infty$		5.63		52.2 Bruma.
						10.0		5.71	0.24	
3.22	5.53	.69								
67 to 120	$\infty$	4.88								
	10.0	5.71			0.24					
	3.22	5.53			.69					
49-----	Ethyl acetate-----	3	$\infty$	5.22		52.8 Smyth et al.				
			10.0	5.21	0.53					
			1.25	4.91	1.60					
			20	$\infty$	6.40					
				10.0	6.06		0.33			
				3.22	5.81		.92			
		1.25		4.95	1.51					
		40		$\infty$	5.63					
				10.0	5.71		0.24			
			3.22	5.53	.69					
			1.25	4.88	1.31					
			60	$\infty$	5.22					
10.0	5.21			0.53						
3.22	4.91	1.60								

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References	
49-----	C <sub>4</sub> —Continued Ethyl acetate—Continued	30	$\infty$	5.94		56 Krishna.	
			75.0	6.00	0.04		
			60.0	5.98	.06		
			50.0	5.96	.10		
			42.9	5.93	.11		
			37.5	5.91	.11		
			33.3	5.90	.11		
			-60	37.5	4.24		.22
			-50		4.54		.40
			-40		5.10		.82
			-30		6.78		.59
			-20		7.09		.38
			-10		6.88		.25
			0		6.60		.19
			10		6.36		.16
20		6.12	.13				
30		5.91	.11				
50-----	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> Br 1-Bromobutane-----	1	$\infty$	7.57		52.5 Smyth et al.	
			10.0	7.18	1.15		
			3.22	5.53	2.26		
			1.27	4.02	2.00		
			25	$\infty$	6.93		
			10.0	6.74	0.79		
			3.22	5.70	1.87		
			1.27	4.10	1.97		
			40	$\infty$	6.57		
			10.0	6.44	0.63		
			3.22	5.61	1.60		
			1.27	4.20	1.84		
			55	$\infty$	6.24		
			10.0	6.20	0.51		
			3.22	5.47	1.38		
1.27	4.29	1.77					
51-----	1-Bromo-2-methyl propane-----	1	3			48 Crouch.	
			$\infty$	7.82			
			10.0	7.38	1.07		
			3.22	6.04	2.47		
			1.27	4.00	2.40		
			25	$\infty$	7.18		
			10.0	6.90	0.74		
			3.22	6.01	1.92		
			1.27	4.31	2.32		
			40	$\infty$	6.74		
			10.0	6.60	0.59		
			3.22	5.91	1.61		
			1.27	4.33	2.18		
			55	$\infty$	6.32		
			10.0	6.24	0.46		
3.22	5.78	1.35					
1.27	4.40	2.08					
52-----	2-Bromobutane-----	1	9.72			43 Conner.	
			$\infty$	9.43			
			10.0	9.52	1.46		
			3.22	7.59	3.36		
			1.27	4.83	3.39		
			25	$\infty$	8.64		
			10.0	8.75	0.98		
			3.22	7.63	2.53		
			1.27	5.27	3.28		
			40	$\infty$	8.15		
			10.0	8.30	0.78		
			3.22	7.45	2.07		
			1.27	5.39	3.03		
			55	$\infty$	7.65		
			10.0	7.90	0.62		
3.22	7.21	1.76					
1.27	5.49	2.75					
53-----	2-Bromo-2-methyl propane-----	1	9.72			43 Conner.	
			$\infty$	11.56			
			3.22	9.66	3.57		
			1.27	5.92	4.29		
			25	$\infty$	10.30		
			3.22	9.04	2.55		
			1.27	6.52	3.95		
			40	$\infty$	9.52		
			3.22	8.75	2.09		
			1.27	6.76	3.52		
			55	$\infty$	8.75		
			3.22	8.21	1.64		
			1.27	6.60	3.14		

TABLE 4.—Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	<i>t</i> (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>4</sub> —Continued						
54.....	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> Cl 1-Chlorobutane.....	25	$\infty$ 9.72	7.24 6.97	 0.745	43 Conner.
55.....	1-Chloro-2-methyl propane.....	-189.7 -174.6 -172.2 -171.8 -171.1 -170.6 -169.2 -168.0 -166.4 -165.7 -164.9 (-162.6 (-138.2) -108.5 13.9	6×10 <sup>7</sup>	2.38 3.67 5.50 6.02 7.53 8.76 13.25 15.56 16.47 16.30 16.19 16.00 13.66 11.28 6.63	.02 1.49 4.48 5.20 6.81 7.54 8.06 5.03 1.89 1.04 0.66 .14 .018 .018 .054	42 Turkevitch.
	(glass) mp					
		-189.7 -185.0 -174.0 -171.6 -170.3 -168.6 -167.7 -166.1 -165.6 -164.7 -163.2 -162.3 -160.0 -138.2 -108.5 13.9	6×10 <sup>5</sup>	2.37 2.41 3.34 4.28 5.39 8.00 10.55 14.37 15.24 15.89 16.09 16.04 15.89 13.71 11.29 6.54	.024 .029 .53 1.45 2.52 4.25 4.99 3.81 2.94 1.78 0.80 .330 .165 .004 .011 .018	
	(glass)					
		-189.7 -173.4 -169.8 -167.0 -165.3 -164.0 -161.7 -159.2 -155.6 -138.2 -108.5 13.9	6×10 <sup>5</sup>	2.35 2.94 3.63 5.40 7.73 10.67 14.84 15.73 15.50 13.73 11.25 6.49	.02 .28 .99 2.70 4.25 4.3 3.07 1.06 0.193 .007 .013 .011	
56.....	2-Chloro-2-methyl propane.....	4	$\infty$ 10.1 3.22 1.25	10.72 11.02 10.11 7.04	 .90 <sub>3</sub> 2.6 4.68	52.2 Smyth et al.
		20	$\infty$ 10.1 3.22 1.25	9.87 10.06 9.48 7.17	 0.70 <sub>1</sub> 2.0 4.12	
		40	$\infty$ 10.1 3.22 1.25	8.90 9.01 8.82 7.25	 0.53 <sub>6</sub> 1.5 3.41	
		20	$\infty$ 3.20 1.25 .802	9.88 9.34 7.50 6.07	 2.31 3.64 3.97	55 Poley.
57.....	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> I 1-Iodobutane.....	25	$\infty$ 9.72	6.12 6.01	 1.35	43 Conner.
58.....	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> N Pyrrolidine.....	1	$\infty$ 3.22 1.24	9.29 5.095 3.777	 2.57 1.94	55.1 Smyth et al.
		20	$\infty$ 33.3 10.7 3.22 1.24	8.30 8.257 7.57 5.781 4.131	(0.57) 1.40 2.42 2.15	
		40	$\infty$ 33.3 10.7 3.22 1.24	7.36 7.282 7.24 6.118 4.425	(0.26) .71 1.91 2.04	
		60	$\infty$ 33.3 10.7 3.22 1.24	6.60 6.627 6.57 6.020 4.511	(0.16) .51 1.35 1.86	

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>4</sub> —Continued						
59.....	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O 1-Butanol.....	-139 to -3	1.5×10 <sup>4</sup> to ∞	(**) (*)	(**) (*)	55 Dannhauser. 54 Dannhauser.
		25	∞ 3×10 <sup>4</sup> 3×10 <sup>3</sup> 300 100 10	17.1 17.4 17.4 14.8 11.5 3.5	0.17 .42 4.0 6.3 1.7	53 MIT.
		19	∞	17.9		39 Slevogt.
		18.3	243	16.0	6.0 <sub>3</sub>	
		18.8	58.3	6.1	5.5 <sub>6</sub>	
		18.8	16.3	3.9	2.5 <sub>2</sub>	
		19.5	10.44	3.34	1.8 <sub>2</sub>	
		20	77.63 60.12	8.0 6.3	6.7 5.4	56 Fischer.
		(20)	45 to 600	(*)	(*)	32 Girard.
		20	9	3.74	1.10	52.2 Bruma.
		25	3.24	3.08	1.08	52 Yasumi.
		5	3.08	3.05	0.67	53 Koizumi.
		20		3.10	.81	
		35		3.19	1.17	
		50		3.29	1.35	
		25	3.00	3.04	0.64	48 Crouch.
		18	1.38	2.93	.57	55 Okabayashi.
		15 to 35	360 to 660			36 Keutner.
		23.9	446			39 Fillipov.
		20	147 to 520			39 Maibaum.
		20	159			39 Sosinski.
		18	(2.6 to 22)×10 <sup>2</sup>			37 Cavallaro.
		20 to 40	10 <sup>4</sup>			37 Hackel.
		21	5.6×10 <sup>3</sup>			37 Schmelzer.
		(20)	(1.85 to 1.22)×10 <sup>2</sup>			37 Zouckermann.
		17.9	(1.7 to 10)×10 <sup>4</sup>			36 Schreck.
60.....	2-Butanol.....	-121 to -4	1.5×10 <sup>4</sup> to ∞	(**)(*)	(**)(*)	55 Dannhauser.
		20	16.66	3.94	2.1	44 Benoit.
		(19?)	1.7×10 <sup>4</sup> to 2.7×10 <sup>6</sup>			36 Schreck.
61.....	2-Methyl-1-propanol.....	-137 to 0	1.5×10 <sup>4</sup> to ∞	(**)(*)	(**)(*)	55 Dannhauser.
		-50	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 57.8	10 4 3 2.8	12 2 1 0.4	28, 27 Mizushima.
		-30	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 57.8	23.5 7 4 2.8	8 10 1 0.6	
		-10	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 57.8	23.5 17 7 3	3 19 7 2	
		10	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 57.8	21 20 13 3.5	3 3 7 3	
		30	950 308 57.8	17 16.5 6.7	1 3 4	
		50	950 308 57.8	15 15 10.5	1 1 4	
		20	10 to 10 <sup>3</sup>	(*)	(*)	46 Häfelin.
		(20)	70 to 600	(*)	(*)	32 Girard.
		0	182	5.4		33 Szymanowski.
		10		8.6	8.45	
		20		11.9	8.40	
		30		13.6	5.56	
		40		13.7	3.54	
		50		13.25	2.14	
		25	3.24	2.94	1.01	52 Yasumi.

\*Graphs. \*\*Table 2.



TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References	
C <sub>4</sub> —Continued							
61	2-Methyl-1-propanol—Continued	5	3.08	2.89	0.51	53 Koizumi.	
		20		2.97	.73		
		35		3.08	1.00		
		50		3.24	1.25		
		23		1.38	2.86		0.54
	(20)	(1.7 to 2.7) × 10 <sup>4</sup>			36 Schreck.		
	25		180		34 Malsch.		
62	2-Methyl-2-propanol	30	$\infty$	10.9		56.5 Smyth et al.	
			10.0	3.55	1.56		
			3.22	2.966	0.670		
			1.25	2.77	.38		
		50	$\infty$	8.49			
			10.0	4.77			
			3.22	3.327	1.12		
			1.25	2.96	0.65		
		70	$\infty$	6.89			
			10.0	5.67	1.79		
			3.22	3.923	1.54		
			1.25	3.20	0.93		
		*25	7.43	3.09	.66		52 Yamamura.
		35	7.45	3.29	1.48		
		45	7.44	3.04	1.93		
25	3.24	2.80	0.85	52 Yasumi.			
26	3.08	2.87	.70	53 Koizumi.			
35		3.00	.86				
50		3.24	1.24				
26	1.38	2.82	0.45	55 Okabayashi.			
63	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O Ethyl ether	4	$\infty$	4.70		56.6 Smyth et al.	
			10.0	4.68	0.151		
			3.22	4.609	.429		
			1.25	4.30	1.03		
		25	$\infty$	4.24			
			10.0	4.239	0.110		
			3.22	4.184	.280		
			1.25	4.01	.705		
		20	$\infty$	4.335			32 Malsch.
		(20?)	7.6 × 10 <sup>3</sup>		(0)		
			4.8 × 10 <sup>3</sup>		(0)		
	2.8 × 10 <sup>3</sup>		0.00168				
19.7	1.06 × 10 <sup>3</sup>		.00451	37 Schmelzer.			
17.2	(10)	4.44	.0835	50 Imanov.			
	-10 to 28	(60 to 81)		49 Sen.			
C <sub>5</sub>							
64	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N Pyridine	1	$\infty$	14.65		55.1 Smyth et al.	
			3.22	11.49	4.79		
			1.24	6.740	5.46		
		20	$\infty$	13.55			
			10.7	13.25	1.42		
			3.22	11.62	3.74		
			1.24	7.386	5.24		
		40	$\infty$	12.45			
			10.7	12.32	1.00		
			3.22	11.32	3.53		
			1.24	7.969	5.10		
60	$\infty$	11.44					
	10.7	11.36	0.78				
	3.22	10.63	2.22				
	1.24	8.333	4.31				
65	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O 3-Pentanone	0 to 82	(60 to 120)			51.1 Sen.	
66	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Br 1-Bromopentane	1	$\infty$	6.88		52.5 Smyth et al.	
			10.0	6.15	1.10		
			3.22	4.30	1.72		
			1.27	3.30	1.39		
		25	$\infty$	6.31			
			10.0	5.95	0.79		
			3.22	4.53	1.60		
			1.27	3.47	1.45		
		40	$\infty$	6.00			
			10.0	5.77	0.63		
			3.22	4.57	1.49		
	1.27	3.47	1.39				

\* mp, 25.5° C Timmermans (50).

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
<b>C<sub>5</sub>—Continued</b>						
66	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Br 1-Bromopentane—Continued	55	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.70 5.58 4.55 3.59	0.51 1.34 1.43	
		75	10.0	5.27	0.38	
67	1-Bromo-3-methyl butane	25	$\infty$ 9.72	5.93 5.84	1.05	43 Conner.
		-150 to 20	3.33×10 <sup>3</sup>	(*)	(*)	46, 1 Schallamach.
68	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Cl 1-Chloro-3-methyl butane	25	$\infty$ 9.72	5.94 6.07	0.73	43 Conner.
69	2-Chloro-2-methyl butane	25	$\infty$ 9.72	(9.1) 6.95	.66	43 Conner.
70	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O 1-Pentanol	-60	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 57.8	5.5 4 3 2.6	5 1 0.4 .2	28, 27 Mizushima.
		-40	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 57.8	13 5 3 2.6	11 2 1 0.3	
		-20	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 57.8	19 10 4 2.6	3 6 2 1	
		0	5×10 <sup>3</sup> 950 308 57.8	17.5 17 7.5 2.7	3 5 6 1	
		20	950 308 57.8	16 13 2.8	1 5 2	
		40	950 308 57.8	13 13.5 5.7	1 2 3	
		60	950 308 57.8	11 12 9.3	1 1 3	
		0	182	3.9	4.58	33 Szymanowski.
		10		6.1	6.11	
		20		8.4	6.84	
		30		10.7	5.46	
		40		11.55	3.60	
		50		11.6	2.13	
		20	16.66	4.03	1.68	44 Benoit.
		(20)	45 to 600	(*)	(*)	32 Girard.
		5	3.08	2.75	0.49	53 Koizumi.
		20		2.83	.64	
		35		2.94	.91	
		50		3.05	1.13	
		15 to 35	360 to 660			36 Keutner.
		16 to 22	320 to 1002			41 Khodakov.
		20	147 to 520			39 Maibaum.
		20	159			39 Sosinski.
71	3-Methyl-1-butanol	-100 to 0.7	750 to $\infty$	(**)	(**)	54 Reinisch.
72	2-Methyl-2-butanol	(20?)	30 to 105			44 Khmel'kova.
<b>C<sub>6</sub></b>						
73	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> <i>o</i> -Dichlorobenzene	25.5	18 to 152			49 Fischer.
74	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Br Bromobenzene	1	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.74 5.17 3.62 2.95	1.12 1.36 0.82	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
		25	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.39 5.08 3.92 3.08	.76 1.34 0.94	
		40	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.18 5.02 4.06 3.08	.61 1.26 0.94	

\*Graphs. \*\*Table 2.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>6</sub> —Continued						
74.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Br Bromobenzene—Continued.....	55	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	4.96 4.86 4.16 3.18	0.48 1.12 1.05	
		75	10.0	4.71	0.38	
		20	3.99 3.55 3.20 1.25 0.802	4.32 4.16 4.06 3.00 2.82	1.36 1.42 1.40 0.98 .71	55 Poley.
		0	32 to 100			53 Ghosh.
		25	3			48 Crouch.
		20	16.7			44 Benoit.
75.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl Chlorobenzene.....	1	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	6.15 5.73	.88	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
		25	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.63 5.50 4.64 3.44	0.64 1.41 1.35	
		40	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.31 5.26 4.66 3.55	0.50 1.21 1.39	
		55	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.09 5.06 4.63 3.63	0.39 1.01 1.33	
		22	$\infty$ 3.99 3.55 3.20 1.25 0.802	5.67 4.93 4.79 4.59 3.37 2.96	1.32 1.42 1.49 1.39 1.06	55 Poley.
		20	78.01 70.64 60.45	5.66 5.69 5.72	0.108 .152 .158	56 Fischer.
		25	450	5.61	0.0149 <sub>3</sub>	53 Fischer.
		25	3	4.83	1.64	48 Crouch.
		25	32 to 100			53 Ghosh.
		-30 to 0	57 to 120			50 Sen.
		20 to 50	536			49 Fischer.
		25	(1 to 2) × 10 <sup>3</sup>			39 Schmale.
		(20)	(2.8 to 7.6) × 10 <sup>3</sup>			32 Malsch.
76.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ClO <i>p</i> -Chlorophenol.....		3.18			56 Ghosh.
77.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> F Fluorobenzene.....	21	$\infty$ 3.99 3.20 1.25 0.802	5.44 <sup>b</sup> 5.22 5.09 4.15 3.43	0.71 .95 1.54 1.48	55 Poley.
78.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> I Iodobenzene.....	21	$\infty$ 3.99 3.20 1.25 0.802	4.64 3.44 3.31 2.88 2.80	0.92 .875 .47 .36	55 Poley.
79.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> Nitrobenzene.....	25	$\infty$ 46.2 37.5 30.0 27.3 14.3 10.0	34.82 32.5 32.1 31.8 30.7 25.7 20.6	4.5 5.6 7.44 9.0 11.1 12.65	56 Clark.
		15	10.0	19.8	14.1	
		20		21.4	12.9	
		25		20.6	12.7	
		30		22.6	12.0	
		40		21.4	11.6	
		50		23.9	11.2	
		20	$\infty$ 3.99 3.55 3.20 1.25 0.802	35.73 10.15 8.53 7.45 4.73 4.05	12.36 10.91 9.51 4.58 3.26	55 Poley.
		25	$\infty$ 3 × 10 <sup>3</sup> 10	34.82 34.4 31.1	0.31 5.2	53 MIT.

<sup>b</sup> Laboratory of Physical Chemistry University Leiden, unpublished  
449583—58—6

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>6</sub> —Continued						
79	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> Nitrobenzene—Continued	20	78.09 70.58 60.86	35.9 36.2 35.1	5.3 5.3 5.9	56 Fischer.
		17	3 to 200	(*)	(*)	46, 43 Girard.
		18	$\infty$ 72 54.0 32.3 13.45	( $n^2$ ) <sup>b</sup> 36.4 34.0 33.5 31.5 26.5		36 v. Ardenne.
		20	441		0.553	49 Fischer.
		25			.491	
		30			.437	
		40			.339	
		50			.262	
		20	182	34.2	1.96	33 Szymanowski.
		30		32.3	1.40	
		40		30.8	1.07	
		50		29.6	0.82	
		60		26.58	.71	
		(17)	3.16	8.1	6.4	53 LeMontagner.
		25 to 42	532			53 Fischer.
		14	58 to 76			50 Choudhury.
		10 to 60	10			50 Heston.
		26.7	57 to 120			50 Sen.
		20.5	320 to 1002			41 Khodakov.
		16	$3 \times 10^3$			39 Panchenkov.
		25	(1 to 2) $\times 10^3$			39 Schmale.
80	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> Benzene	20	$\infty$ 3.33	2.2836 2.2841	[tan $\delta$ ] i 0.0005 .0004 i .0009 .0009	55 Hartshorn.
		20	3.2	i 2.2850 2.2835 2.2780	i .00057 .00050 .00035	47 Bleaney.
			1.35	i 2.2853 2.2828 2.2778	i .0017 .0012 .00087	
		20	1.27			50 Heston.
		1 to 60	1 to 10	2.284	.0011	
		20	0.85 to 3.33	(*)	(*)	50 Whiffen.
		(20)	3 to 17			46 Abadie.
		20	3.39			55 Takahashi.
		(20?)	3.27			55, 2 Srivastava.
81	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O Phenol	40 to 120	3.18			55 Ghosh.
82	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>7</sub> N Aniline	20	$\infty$	6.89		49 Fisher.
		20	603		0.0276 <sub>s</sub>	
		25			.0243 <sub>s</sub>	
		30			.0213 <sub>s</sub>	
		40			.0166 <sub>s</sub>	
		50			.0127 <sub>s</sub>	
		25	460		.0500	53 Fischer.
		42			.0343	
		14	58 to 77			50 Choudhury.
83	$\gamma$ -Picoline	1	$\infty$ 33.3	(13.1) 12.86	1.00	55, 1 Smyth et al.
		20	$\infty$ 33.3 10.7 3.22 1.24	(12.2) 12.06 11.59 8.165 4.355	0.71 2.16 4.14 3.72	
		40	$\infty$ 33.3 10.7 3.22 1.24	(11.3) 11.30 10.93 8.726 4.715	0.55 1.67 3.68 4.05	
		60	$\infty$ 33.3 10.7 3.22 1.24	(10.5) 10.57 10.29 8.893 5.432	0.40 1.21 3.04 4.36	

\*Graphs. <sup>b</sup>  $n$  = refractive index. <sup>i</sup> Different samples.

TABLE 4.—Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References				
C <sub>6</sub> —Continued										
84.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O..... Cyclohexanone.....	1	$\infty$	17.01		56.1 Smyth et al.				
			3.22	10.76	6.39					
			1.24	5.55	5.06					
		20	$\infty$	16.00						
			3.22	11.67	5.72					
			1.24	6.84	5.28					
		40	$\infty$	14.99						
			10.4	14.1	2.1					
			3.22	11.92	4.65					
		60	1.24	7.33	5.26					
			$\infty$	13.99						
			10.4	13.4	2.0					
21	3.22	11.81	3.65							
	1.24	7.94	5.16							
	14 to 67									
85.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Br Bromocyclohexane.....	1	$\infty$	8.54		52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1				
			10.0	7.57	2.24					
		25	$\infty$	7.92						
			10.0	7.42	1.70					
		40	$\infty$	7.55						
			10.0	7.24	1.42					
		55	$\infty$	7.18						
			10.0	7.02	1.16					
		75	10.0	6.68	0.91					
			14 to 67							
		86.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Cl Chlorocyclohexane.....	21	14 to 67			56 Dieringer.		
		87.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O Nitrocyclohexane.....	21	14 to 67			56 Dieringer.		
88.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> Cyclohexane.....	20	$\infty$	2.0250	[tan $\delta$ ]	55 Hartshorn.				
			3.33		0.0002					
			1.20		.0002					
		20	3.2	2.0244	.00005		47 Bleaney.			
		1.35	2.0248	.00019						
		20	0.85 to 3.33	(*)	(*)			50 Whiffen.		
89.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O Cyclohexanol.....	25	$6 \times 10^4$	16.8	0.15	56 Arnoult.				
			$3 \times 10^4$	16.8	.18					
			$1.5 \times 10^3$	16.8	.45					
			$8.5 \times 10^2$	16.8	.70					
			$5.0 \times 10^2$	16.7	1.08					
			$3.0 \times 10^2$	16.1	1.75					
			$1.88 \times 10^3$	15.94	2.61					
			909	14.50	4.8					
			625	12.2	6.2					
			417	10.0	6.4					
			313	8.0	6.1					
			185	5.73	4.12					
			113	4.65	2.55					
			60.4	4.42	2.20					
			42.9	4.10	1.67					
			21.6	3.77	0.96					
			9.09	3.31	.63					
			3.20	3.04	.38					
			45	$3 \times 10^4$	15.3		.09			
				$5.0 \times 10^3$	15.3		.40			
				$3.0 \times 10^3$	15.3		.86			
				$1.88 \times 10^3$	15.3		.97			
				909	15.3		1.94			
				625	15.0		2.2			
				417	14.8		2.85			
				313	13.0		4.8			
				185	10.55		5.5			
				113	8.7		5.2			
				60.4	5.97		4.35			
				42.9	5.0		2.92			
				21.6	4.16		1.75			
				9.09	3.57		1.01			
				3.20	3.26		0.54			
				-25 to 49	$3 \times 10^2$ to $3 \times 10^4$		(**)(*)	(**)(*)	53 Reinisch.	
				60 to 140	3.18				55 Ghosh.	
				90.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>3</sub> Paraldehyde.....		20	$\infty$	14.70	
			10.4					5.14	4.78	
			3.22					2.87	2.08	
			1.24					2.43	1.00	

\*Graphs. \*\*Table 2.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>6</sub> —Continued						
90.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>3</sub> Paraldehyde—Continued.....	40	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	12.25 6.54 3.21 2.42	4.24 2.26 1.09	
		60	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	10.30 7.26 3.74 2.53	3.36 2.56 1.15	
91.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> Br 1-Bromohexane.....	1	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	6.30 ----- 3.75 2.96	----- 1.37 1.07	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
		25	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.82 5.20 4.03 3.11	0.91 1.38 1.15	
		40	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	15.56 5.17 4.14 3.18	0.75 1.34 1.17	
		55	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.30 5.14 4.15 3.26	0.61 1.21 1.17	
92.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> 1-Hexane.....	20	$\infty$ 3.2 1.35	1.890 1.902 1.902	[tan $\delta$ ] 0.00034 .00076	47 Bleaney.
93.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O 1-Hexanol.....	-40 to 0.7	750 to $\infty$	(**)(*)	(**)(*)	54 Reinisch.
		-50 to 60	9	(*)	(*)	54 Brot.
		20	9.0	3.17 (**)	0.70 (**)	52.2 Bruma.
		-50 to 25	3.22	(*)	(*)	53 Brot.
		-50 to 50	1.25	(*)	(*)	55 Brot.
		15 to 35	360 to 660			36 Keutner.
94.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O <sub>2</sub> 2-Methyl-2-4-pentanediol.....	-70 to -20	3×10 <sup>5</sup> to 3×10 <sup>7</sup>	(*)	(*)	32 White.
95.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O <sub>6</sub> Sorbitol.....	80	40 to 3×10 <sup>3</sup>			34 Girard.
96.....	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>18</sub> OSi <sub>2</sub> Hexamethyl disiloxane.....	-60	$\infty$ 3.22 1.24	2.422 2.404 2.368	0.0200 .0430	55.2 Smyth et al.
		-40	$\infty$ 3.22 1.24	2.353 2.343 2.324	(.0152) (.0274)	
		-20	$\infty$ 3.22 1.24	2.290 2.285 2.279	.0111 .0205	
		2	$\infty$ 10.22 3.22 1.24	2.227 2.221 2.224 2.220	.0006 .0075 .0154	
		20	$\infty$ 10.22 6.17 3.22 1.24	2.179 2.178 2.180 2.179 2.178	.0004 .0014 .0050 .0123	
		40	$\infty$ 10.22 3.22 1.24	2.130 2.130 2.130 2.132	.0003 .0031 .0091	
C <sub>7</sub>						
97.....	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N Benzonitrile.....	21	$\infty$ 3.99 3.20 1.25 0.802	25.57 9.39 7.17 4.64 3.99	9.65 7.98 4.29 3.07	55 Poley.
		20	$\infty$	25.63		49 Fischer.
		25	514		0.2348	
		30			.2060	
		40			.1855	
		50			.1465 .1201	
98.....	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Cl Benzyl chloride.....	-20 to 120	3 to 100			54 Ghosh.

\*Graphs. \*\*Table 2.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
<b>C<sub>7</sub>—Continued</b>						
99----	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>8</sub> Toluene-----				[ $\tan \delta$ ]	
		-80	1.27		0.0147	46 Whiffen.
		-60			.0196	
		-40			.0236	
		-20			.0265	
		0			.0265	
		20			.0251	
		40			.0230	
		60			.0200	
		80			.0178	
		(19?)	10	2.41	.0205	46 Dunsmair.
		18.1	(10)			50 Imanov.
		-95 to 27	57 to 120			50 Sen.
		18	16.66			44 Benoit.
		(20?)	3.27	2.41	.053	55.2 Srivastava.
100----	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O Benzyl alcohol-----	-20	5 $\times$ 10 <sup>3</sup>	15.1	2	28 Mizushima.
			718	11.1	6	
			308	8.4	3	
		0	5 $\times$ 10 <sup>3</sup>	19.9	1	
			718	14.8	2	
			308	13.8	2	
		20	5 $\times$ 10 <sup>3</sup>	13.0	0.6	
			718	13.0	.9	
			308	13.0	.5	
		40	5 $\times$ 10 <sup>3</sup>	11.1	.6	
			718	11.0	.9	
			308	11.0	.4	
		20	77.78	10.9	4.8	56 Fischer.
			70.68	10.4	4.9	
			59.98	9.9	4.9	
		19	3 to 200	(*)	(*)	43 Girard.
		5 to 30	35 to 120			54 Ghosh.
		5 to 80	9.4 $\times$ 10 <sup>3</sup>			
101----	Methoxybenzene (anisole)-----	25	$\infty$	4.33		53 Fischer.
			457	4.36	0.00793	
		42		4.20	.00580	
102----	<i>o</i> -Cresol-----	18 to 84	34 to 44			52 Kastha.
		30 to 100	3.18			54.2 Ghosh.
103----	<i>m</i> -Cresol-----	18 to 84	34 to 44			52 Kastha.
		20 to 120	3.18			54.2 Ghosh.
104----	<i>p</i> -Cresol-----	16 to 87	34 to 44			52 Kastha.
		40 to 120	3.18			56 Ghosh.
105----	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub> <i>o</i> -Methoxyphenol-----	40 to 140	3.18			56 Ghosh.
106----	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>9</sub> N <i>m</i> -Toluidine-----	18	$\infty$	5.95		49 Fischer.
		20	584		.04130	
		25			.03500	
		30			.02996	
		40			.02200	
		50			.01711	
107----	Benzylamine-----	-40 to 100	3 to 125			54.1 Ghosh.
108----	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O 2-Heptanone-----	4	$\infty$	12.86		56.6 Smyth et al.
			10.0	12.26	2.80	
			3.22			
			1.25			
		25	$\infty$	11.68		
			10.0	11.55	1.84	
			3.22	8.939	4.00	
			1.25	4.86	4.00	
		50	$\infty$	10.41		
			10.0	10.40	1.20	
			3.22	9.069	3.00	
			1.25	5.78	3.99	
		70	$\infty$	9.49		
			10.0			
			3.22			
			1.25	6.17	3.50	
		75	$\infty$	9.28		
			10.0	9.37	0.77	
			3.22	8.686	2.15	
			1.25			
		1	$\infty$	13.01		56.1 Smyth et al.
			10.4	12.00	2.7	
			3.22	7.76	4.42	
			1.24	4.58	3.86	

\*Graphs.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References		
C <sub>7</sub> —Continued								
108....	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O 2-Heptanone—Continued.....	20	$\infty$	11.98				
			10.4	11.22	2.2			
			3.22	8.74	4.15			
					1.24	5.03	4.12	
		40	$\infty$	11.02				
			10.4	10.44	(0.90)			
			3.22	8.93	3.40			
					1.24	5.67	4.07	
		60	$\infty$	10.18				
			10.4	9.84	0.91			
			3.22	9.00	2.56			
					1.24	6.3	3.82	
109....	4-Heptanone.....	1	$\infty$	13.82				
			10.4	(11.43)	(3.62)			
			3.22	7.91	5.10			
					1.24	4.31	3.9	56.1 Smyth et al.
		20	$\infty$	12.67				
			10.4	12.00	2.2			
			3.22	8.58	4.61			
					1.24	4.83	4.3	
		40	$\infty$	11.61				
			10.4	11.06	1.6			
			3.22	9.25	3.67			
					1.24	5.54	4.07	
60	$\infty$	10.71						
	10.4	(9.82)	(0.92)					
	3.22	9.00	2.91					
			1.24	6.05	3.75			
		30 to 85	(60 to 120)			51.1 Sen.		
110....	5-Methyl-3-hexanone.....	30 to 95	(60 to 120)			51.1 Sen.		
111....	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Isoamyl acetate.....	20	$\infty$	4.72				
			10.0	4.61	0.42			
			3.22	4.10	.87			
					1.25	3.35	1.04	
		50	$\infty$	4.34				
			10.0	4.33	0.27			
3.22	4.82		.64					
			1.25	3.41	.88			
112....	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>15</sub> Br 1-Bromoheptane.....	1	$\infty$	5.74				
			10.0	4.57	1.06			
			3.22	3.37	1.17			
					1.27	2.78	0.77	52.5 Smyth et al.
		25	$\infty$	5.33				
			10.0	4.53	.86			
			3.22	3.56	1.11			
					1.27	2.89	0.87	
		40	$\infty$	5.11				
			10.0	4.50	.75			
			3.22	3.68	1.08			
					1.27	2.99	0.91	
55	$\infty$	4.90						
	10.0	4.47	.67					
	3.22	3.71	1.01					
			1.27	3.03	0.95			
75	$\infty$	(7.26)						
	10.0	4.42	.51					
113....	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>16</sub> 1-Heptane.....	20	$\infty$	1.924	[tan $\delta$ ]			
			3.2	1.9220	0.00037			
			1.35	1.9223	.00076			
			1.27	1.920	.00060	47 Bleaney.		
						50 Heston.		
114....	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O 1-Heptanol.....	0	$3.8 \times 10^4$	14.0	.31			
			$2.7 \times 10^4$	14.0	.34			
			$7.5 \times 10^3$	13.90	.87			
			$3.8 \times 10^3$	13.55	2.16			
			$2.1 \times 10^3$	12.65	3.33			
			$1.43 \times 10^3$	11.54	4.35			
			$1.07 \times 10^3$	10.5				
			860	9.43				
			749	8.77	5.17			
			374.5	5.26	4.00			
			249.7	4.50	3.07			
			187.3	3.78	2.43			
			122.0	3.52	1.80			
			59.1	3.36	1.13			
			44.08	3.26	1.04			
21.66	2.94	0.55						
9.51	2.85	.40						
3.19	2.46	.211						



TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
<b>C<sub>7</sub>—Continued</b>						
114....	C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O 1-Heptanol—Continued.....	20	3×10 <sup>4</sup> 2.38×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.5×10 <sup>3</sup> 810 650 553 431 313 231.7 188 153 104 78.7 60.15 43.8 21.6 17.23 9.46 3.17	11.70 11.6 11.45 10.9 10.43 10.0 9.2 7.86 7.05 6.09 5.25 4.19 3.85 3.49 3.44 3.12 3.09 2.99 2.62	0.94 1.64 2.70 3.10 3.48 4. 4.86 4.22 4.13 3.71 2.94 2.53 1.94 1.70 1.09 0.88 .66 .36	55 Lebrun.
		-34 to 50	7.5×10 <sup>2</sup> to 3.8×10 <sup>3</sup>	(*)	(*)	51 Oppenheim.
		20	9.	2.98	0.55	52.2 Bruma.
		-35 to 60	9.0	(*)	(*)	54 Brot.
		-35 to 25	3.22	(*)	(*)	53 Brot.
		-50 to 50	1.25	(*)	(*)	55 Brot.
<b>C<sub>8</sub></b>						
115....	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O Acetophenone.....	20	∞ 10.4 3.22 1.24	18.66 (12.8) 5.62 3.63	(6.1) 3.5 2.2	56.1 Smyth et al.
		40	∞ 10.4 3.22 1.24	17.77 13.0 6.67 4.11	5.0 4.2 2.8	
		60	∞ 10.4 3.22 1.24	16.88 13.0 7.66 4.35	5.9 4.4 3.3	
		25 to 42	490			53.2 Fischer.
116....	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>10</sub> <i>o</i> -Xylene.....	-25 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140	1.27		[tan δ] 0.052 .054 .057 .058 .057 .059 .049 .044 .040 .035	46 Whiffen.
		-20 to 0	30 to 120			53.1 Ghosh.
117....	<i>m</i> -Xylenc.....	-30	30 to 120			53.1 Ghosh.
118....	Ethyl benzene.....	-95 to 27	60 to 120			50 Sen.
119....	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N 2,4,6-Trimethyl pyridine ( $\gamma$ -Colli- dine).	20	∞ 10.4 3.22 1.24	8.00 6.15 3.37 2.71	2.07 1.67 0.77	56.5 Smyth et al.
		40	∞ 10.4 3.22 1.24	7.46 6.06 3.75 2.75	1.71 1.80 0.95	
		60	∞ 10.4 3.22 1.24	6.94 5.95 4.09 2.85	1.40 1.90 1.03	
120....	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Octanoic acid (Caprylic acid).....	20	∞ 9.	2.45 2.44	0.05	52.2 Bruma.
121....	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> Br 1-Bromooctanc.....	1	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.32 4.10 3.10 2.74	.97 .93 0.57	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
		25	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.00 4.14 3.28 2.79	.84 .90 .69	
		40	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	4.80 4.17 3.41 2.810	.75 .90 .73	

\*Graphs.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
<b>C<sub>8</sub>—Continued</b>						
121---	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> Br 1-Bromooctane-----	55	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	4.60 4.18 3.48 2.92	.67 .87 .75	
122---	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> Cl 1-Chlorooctane-----	1	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.47 4.35 3.22 2.76	.90 1.09 0.74	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
		25	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.05 4.43 3.50 2.89	.68 1.04 0.86	
		40	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	4.80 4.40 3.61 2.95	.59 .96 .87	
		55	$\infty$ 10.0	4.55 4.32	.52	
			3.22 1.27	3.63 3.01	.86 .88	
		75	10.0	4.22	.41	
		24.5	8 to 150			42 Klages.
123---	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> I 1-Iodooctane-----	1	$\infty$ 3.22 1.27	4.90 2.78 2.54	.64 .35	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.7 52.4
		25	$\infty$ 3.22 1.27	4.62 2.97 2.59	.72 .44	
		40	$\infty$ 3.22 1.27	4.44 3.03 2.62	.72 .49	
		55	$\infty$ 3.22 1.27	4.27 3.07 2.65	.70 .52	
124---	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> DO 1-Octanol-D-1-----	-15 to 50	750 1.8×10 <sup>8</sup>	(*)	(*)	52 Corval.
125---	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O 1-Octanol-----	0	3.8×10 <sup>4</sup> 2.7×10 <sup>4</sup> 7.5×10 <sup>3</sup> 3.8×10 <sup>3</sup> 2.1×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.43×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.07×10 <sup>3</sup> 860 749 374.5 249.7 187.3 122.0 59.1 44.08 21.66 9.51 3.19	12.2 12.1 12.10 11.6 10.70 9.34 8.33 7.31 6.12 4.41 3.69 3.54 3.27 3.07 2.99 2.78 2.64 2.40	.27 .38 .89 2.10 3.25 4.01 4.30 4.24 2.96 2.14 1.90 1.26 0.83 .72 .434 .34 .167	55.1 Lebrun.
		20	3×10 <sup>4</sup> 2.38×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.50×10 <sup>3</sup> 810 650 553 431 313 231.7 188 153 104 78.7 60.15 43.8 21.6 17.23 9.46 3.17	10.35 10.25 10.05 9.41 8.90 8.26 7.6 6.45 5.61 5.13 4.49 3.77 3.54 3.30 3.14 2.99 2.85 2.87 2.52	.94 1.44 2.64 2.97 3.24 3.6 3.70 3.64 3.28 2.80 2.24 1.89 1.40 1.27 0.76 .68 .52 .28	55.2 Lebrun.
		2.5	12.5 9.04	2.683 2.644	.382 .324	56.5 Smyth et al.
		6	1.25	2.38	.135	
		25	12.5 9.04 3.22 1.25	2.841 2.736 2.584 2.56	.603 .513 .323 .22	

\*Graphs.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
<b>C<sub>8</sub>—Continued</b>						
125	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O 1-Octanol—Continued	50	12.5 9.04 3.22 1.25	3.172 2.976 2.662 2.65	1.02 0.855 .496 .56	
		87	1.25	2.76	.56	
		20	9.	2.84	.43	52.2 Bruma.
		-15 to 49	750 to 3.7×10 <sup>3</sup>	(*)	(*)	53 Dalbert.
		20	3 to 2×10 <sup>3</sup>	(*)	(*)	42 Girard.
		-20 to 60	9.0	(*)	(*)	54 Brot.
		-50 to 50	1.25	(*)	(*)	55 Brot.
		-6 to 20	3×10 <sup>4</sup> to ∞			52 Hamon.
		40	1.08×10 <sup>3</sup>			50 Klages.
		(?)	30 to 105			44 Khmel'kova.
		25	9.72			43 Conner.
		-14 to 24	6×10 <sup>5</sup> to 6×10 <sup>7</sup>			36 Smyth.
126	2-Octanol	-36 to 49		(*)	(*)	53 Dalbert.
		-60 to 60	2.6×10 <sup>3</sup>			37 Cavallaro.
		25	9.72			43 Conner.
127	Butyl ether	-130 to 20	1.5×10 <sup>3</sup>	(*)	(*)	46 Schallamach.
<b>C<sub>9</sub></b>						
128	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>7</sub> N Quinoline	1	∞ 33.3 3.22 1.24	9.70 9.325 3.532 3.227	2.19 1.42 0.75	55.1 Smyth et al.
		20	∞ 33.3 3.22 1.24	9.03 8.896 3.904 3.226	1.27 1.93 1.04	
		40	∞ 33.3 3.22 1.24	8.40 8.473 4.398 3.276	0.86 2.27 1.29	
		60	∞ 33.3 3.22 1.24	7.81 8.082 4.898 3.441	0.64 2.32 1.63	
129	Isoquinoline	25	∞ 33.3 3.22 1.24	10.43 9.834 3.821 3.242	2.16 1.85 1.00	55.1 Smyth et al.
		40	∞ 33.3 3.22 1.24	9.88 9.714 4.038 3.267	1.65 2.20 1.20	
		60	∞ 33.3 3.22 1.24	9.22 9.307 4.563 3.339	1.10 2.53 1.55	
130	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>19</sub> Br 1-Bromononane	1	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	5.01 3.77 2.84 2.57	0.92 .76 .46	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
		25	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	4.74 3.86 3.05 2.66	.81 .82 .57	
		40	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	4.57 3.91 3.17 2.73	.73 .83 .63	
		55	∞ 10.0 3.22 1.27	4.40 3.93 3.16 2.77	.65 .76 .66	
131	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O 1-Nonanol	0	3.8×10 <sup>4</sup> 2.7×10 <sup>4</sup> 7.5×10 <sup>3</sup> 3.8×10 <sup>3</sup> 2.1×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.43×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.07×10 <sup>3</sup> 860 749 374.5 249.7 187.3 122.0 59.1 44.08 21.66 9.51 3.19	11. 11. 10.85 10.10 8.75 7.40 6.60 5.70 5.55 3.84 3.57 3.23 3.14 3.04 2.92 2.70 2.60 2.36	.30 .42 .96 2.25 3.25 3.63 3.70 3.37 3.36 2.21 1.65 1.27 0.96 .75 .61 .37 .23 .14	55.1 Lebrun.

\*Graphs.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>9</sub> —Continued						
131	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O 1-Nonanol—Continued	20	3×10 <sup>4</sup> 2.38×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.50×10 <sup>3</sup> 810 650 553 431 313 231.7 188 153 104 78.7 60.15 43.8 21.6 17.23 9.46 3.17	9.05 8.85 8.68 8.04 7.53 7.04 6.22 5.55 4.89 4.37 3.96 3.55 3.38 3.17 3.12 2.90 2.81 2.72 2.47	0.94 1.47 2.30 2.67 2.86 2.95 3.02 2.90 2.54 2.15 1.86 1.48 1.13 0.99 .60 .56 .46 .25	55 Lebrun.
		-5 to 60 -5 to 20 -50 to 50	9.0 3.22 1.25	(*) (*) (*)	(*) (*) (*)	54 Brot. 53 Brot. 55 Brot.
C <sub>10</sub>						
132	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Br 1-Bromonaphthalene	1 25 40 55 75 20 20.5 20.5 20 25 30 40 50	3.22 $\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27 $\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27 $\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27 54.88 52.92 5.90 5.74 1.3 to 80 529	2.99 4.83 3.76 3.02 2.89 4.70 3.90 3.07 2.87 4.57 4.00 3.12 2.87 4.04 4.78 4.76 4.70 [ $n$ ] <sup>b</sup> 2.177 2.178 1.825 1.827 (*)	0.36 .81 .51 .21 .77 .59 .25 .71 .66 .31 .56 4.27 4.46 4.76 0.0835 0.0738 .0661 .0521 .0423	52.7 Smyth et al. 52.5 52.1 52.7 52.4 56 Fischer. 51 Meckbach. 49 Fischer.
133	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Cl 1-Chloronaphthalene	1 25 40 55 75 20	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27 $\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27 $\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27 77.63 70.52 60.22	5.30 3.97 3.16 2.83 5.04 4.16 3.08 2.80 4.88 4.22 3.13 2.80 4.72 4.29 3.24 2.83 4.35 4.87 4.86 4.85	1.06 0.49 .19 .86 .63 .28 .75 .70 .33 .64 .76 .37 2.92 2.93 3.62	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4 56 Fischer.
134	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Eugenol	20	78.23 70.61 60.90	6.7 6.3 6.0	3.2 3.1 3.5	56 Fischer.
135	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>14</sub> 1-Methyl-4-isopropyl benzene ( <i>p</i> -cymene)	-70 -50 -30 -10 10 30 50 70 100 150	1.27		[ $(\tan \delta)/c$ ] <sup>j</sup> 0.0049 .0067 .0080 .0087 .0090 .0089 .0085 .0081 .0073 .0061	46 Whiffen.

\*Graphs. <sup>b</sup>  $n$ =refractive index. <sup>j</sup>[( $\tan \delta$ )/ $c$ ]=specific loss tangent;  $c$ =moles/100 ml.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance		$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References		
C <sub>10</sub> —Continued									
136	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O	Citral	-150 to 20	3.33×10 <sup>3</sup>	(*)	(*)	46.1 Schallamach.		
137	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	Geranic acid	-140 to 20	9.23×10 <sup>3</sup>	(*)	(*)	46.1 Schallamach.		
138	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>18</sub>	<i>trans</i> -Decahydronaphthalene	20	0.85 to 3.33	(*)	(*)	50 Whiffen.		
139	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O	Geraniol	-150 to 50	3.33×10 <sup>3</sup>	(*)	(*)	46.1 Schallamach.		
140	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>21</sub> Br	1-Bromodecane	1	$\infty$	4.75		52.5 Smyth et al.		
				10.0	3.42	0.72			
				3.22	2.71	.63			
						1.27	2.50	.32	52.7
									52.4
			25	$\infty$	4.44				
				10.0	3.52	.57			
				3.22	2.88	.71			
						1.27	2.59	.42	
			40	$\infty$	4.28				
				10.0	3.54	.50			
				3.22	2.97	.71			
						1.27	2.59	.47	
			55	$\infty$	4.12				
				10.0	3.54	.45			
				3.22	3.05	.69			
						1.27	2.63	.51	
			75	$\infty$	4.12				
10.0	3.53	.38							
141	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>21</sub> Cl	1-Chlorodecane	24.5	8 to 150			42 Klages.		
142	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O	1-Decanol	20	3×10 <sup>4</sup>	7.75		55.2 Lebrun.		
				2.38×10 <sup>3</sup>	7.6	.72			
				1.50×10 <sup>3</sup>	7.56	.97			
				810	7.15	1.74			
				650	6.76	1.86			
				553	6.5	2.08			
				431	6.06	2.16			
				313	5.41	2.32			
				231.7	4.89	2.22			
				188	4.42	2.09			
				153	4.05	1.84			
				104	3.68	1.55			
				78.7	3.50	1.36			
				60.15	3.32	1.14			
				43.8	3.24	0.95			
				21.6	2.97	.67			
				17.23	2.86	.57			
				9.46	2.72	.45			
				3.17	2.49	.26			
				25	3×10 <sup>5</sup>	7.80			55.1 Lebrun.
					3×10 <sup>4</sup>	7.80			
					5×10 <sup>3</sup>	7.78		.25	
					3.0×10 <sup>3</sup>	7.72		.44	
					1.43×10 <sup>3</sup>	7.60		.94	
					910	7.33		1.35	
					630	7.00		1.86	
					313	5.08		2.32	
					185	4.27		2.05	
					104.2	3.49		1.43	
					60	3.25		1.18	
					9.1	2.76		0.44	
				3.20	2.48	.20			
				2.5	10.0	2.54		.231	56.4 Smyth et al.
1.25	2.353	.105							
20	10.0	2.68	.34						
	3.22	2.48	.29						
	1.25	2.365	.134						
40	10.0	2.92	.527						
	3.22	2.574	.356						
	1.25	2.41	.20						
60	10.0	3.21	.747						
	3.22	2.672	.481						
	1.25	2.47	.29						
82	1.25	2.58	.41						
	9.0	2.78	.40						
20	3 to 2.2×10 <sup>5</sup>	(*)	(*)	52.2 Bruma.					
	9.0	(*)	(*)						
	1.25	(*)	(*)						
C <sub>11</sub>									
143	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O	1-Undecanol	25	3×10 <sup>3</sup>	6.45		55.1 Lebrun.		
				3×10 <sup>4</sup>	6.45				
				5×10 <sup>3</sup>	6.41	0.19			
				3.0×10 <sup>3</sup>	6.40	.31			
				1.43×10 <sup>3</sup>	6.33	.65			

\*Graphs.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
C <sub>11</sub> —Continued						
143	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O 1-Undecanol—Continued		910 630 313 185 104.2 60. 9.1 3.20	6.16 6.04 4.81 4.01 3.46 3.32 2.79 2.46	0.98 1.20 1.62 1.51 1.16 1.02 0.42 .20	
C <sub>12</sub>						
144	C <sub>12</sub> F <sub>20</sub> O Perfluorodihexyl ether	25	$\infty$ 100 10 3	1.87 1.86 1.86 1.85	.0055 .0122 .092	53 MIT.
145	C <sub>12</sub> F <sub>27</sub> N Heptacosafuorotributyl amine	25	$\infty$ 300 100 10 3	1.85 <sub>5</sub> 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85	.0011 .0025 .0028 .0020	53 MIT.
146	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>9</sub> Cl 3-Chlorobiphenyl	24.5	8 to 150			42 Klages.
147	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O 2-Acetonaphthone	60	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	13.03 4.73 3.65 3.43	2.49 1.16 0.60	56, 1 Smyth et al.
		70	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	12.49 5.24 3.65 3.42	2.83 1.36 0.68	
		80	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	12.15 5.63 3.83 3.47	3.29 1.57 0.78	
		90	$\infty$ 3.22 1.24	12.01 3.88 3.47	1.71 0.87	
148	Phenyl ether	40	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	3.61 3.56 3.43 3.17	.123 .295 .397	56.1 Smyth et al.
		60	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	3.47 3.46 3.39 3.18	.085 .222 .360	
		80	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	3.35 3.35 3.31 3.19	.061 .162 .312	
		10 to 50	3			50 Dodd.
149	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Geranyl acetate	-70 to 20	112			46.2 Schallamach.
150	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>24</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Dodecanoic acid (Lauric)	(?)	1 to 50	(*)	(*)	54 Buchanan.
151	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>25</sub> Br 1-Bromododecane	1	$\infty$ 10.60 8.75 3.22 1.27	4.31 3.60 3.00 2.52 2.40	0.65 .64 .42 .23	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1
		25	$\infty$ 12.74 10.60 8.75 3.22 1.27	4.07 3.08 3.27 3.20 2.64 2.43	.53 .57 .58 .51 .31	
		40	$\infty$ 12.74 10.60 8.75 3.22 1.27	3.93 3.10 3.32 3.26 2.69 2.45	.45 .52 .55 .54 .36	
		55	$\infty$ 12.74 10.60 8.75 3.22 1.27	3.80 3.11 3.32 3.29 2.75 2.49	.40 .45 .50 .54 .40	
		75	12.74 10.0 8.75	3.26 3.27 3.28	.25 .39 .40	

\*Graphs.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
<b>C<sub>12</sub>—Continued</b>						
152....	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>25</sub> Cl 1-Chlorododecane.....	1	$\infty$ 1.27	4.45 2.45	0.32	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.4
		25	$\infty$ 1.27	4.17 2.50	.41	
		40	$\infty$ 1.27	3.99 2.55	.45	
		55	$\infty$ 1.27	3.85 2.58	.49	
		-10 to 20	1.08×10 <sup>3</sup>			50 Klages.
153....	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>26</sub> O 1-Dodecanol.....	25	3×10 <sup>5</sup> 3×10 <sup>4</sup> 5×10 <sup>3</sup> 3.0×10 <sup>3</sup> 1.43×10 <sup>3</sup> 910 630 313 185 104.2 60. 9.1 3.20	6.37 6.35 6.30 6.35 6.16 5.95 5.72 4.19 3.46 3.16 3.00 2.68 2.44	.23 .35 .79 1.12 1.32 1.59 1.35 0.99 .71 .34 .167	55.1 Lebrun.
		25	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	6.5 2.575 2.446 2.347	.300 .192 .121	56.4 Smyth et al.
		55	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	4.56 2.844 2.585 2.427	.525 .327 .201	
		85	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	4.00 3.323 2.80 2.539	.644 .44 .312	
		20 to 60	9.0 3.22	(*)	(*)	54 Brot.
		-50 to 50	1.25	(*)	(*)	55 Brot.
		25 to 50	3.12×10 <sup>3</sup>			50 Klages.
		40	1.08×10 <sup>3</sup>			
<b>C<sub>13</sub></b>						
154....	C <sub>13</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O Benzophenone.....	50	$\infty$ 3.22 1.25	11.4 3.72 3.23	1.60 1.25	* 56.6 Smyth et al.
		70	$\infty$ 3.22 1.25	11.3 4.10 3.30	2.23 1.26	
		85	$\infty$ 3.22 1.25	10.12 4.45 3.41	2.55 1.38	
		60	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	10.91 6.21 3.82 3.37	3.92 1.91 0.95	† 56.1 Smyth et al.
		70	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	10.54 6.96 3.91 3.38	3.86 2.10 1.10	
		80	$\infty$ 10.4 3.22 1.24	10.23 7.51 4.24 3.38	3.56 2.33 1.22	
		90	$\infty$ 3.22 1.24	9.99 4.44 3.39	2.52 1.33	
155....	C <sub>13</sub> H <sub>26</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Methyl laurate.....	20	9.	3.44	0.18	52.2 Bruma.
<b>C<sub>14</sub></b>						
156....	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>28</sub> Br 1-Bromotetradecane.....	1	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.27	4.04 2.52 2.37	0.37 .19	52.5 Smyth et al. 52.1 52.7 52.4
		25	$\infty$ 10.60 3.22 1.27	3.84 3.08 2.64 2.40	.53 .47 .26	

\*Graphs. †mp=48.2 (mp 48.1, Timmermans (50)). ‡mp=47.4.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References				
<b>C<sub>14</sub>—Continued</b>										
156	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>28</sub> Br 1-Bromotetradecane—Continued	40	$\infty$	3.73						
			10.60	3.10	.45					
			3.22	2.69	.49					
					1.27	2.40	.30			
		55	$\infty$	3.61						
			10.60	3.11	.40					
			3.22	2.75	.50					
					1.27	2.42	.33			
		75	10.60	3.26	.29					
					56.4 Smyth et al.					
157	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O 1-Tetradecanol		40	$\infty$		4.66	.320			
		10.0		2.632		.18				
		3.22		2.45		.132				
						1.25	2.381			
		60	1.25	2.43		.16				
			80	$\infty$		3.69	.44			
				10.0		3.01	.26			
		1.25		2.515						
		<b>C<sub>15</sub></b>								
158	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O 8-Pentadecanone	45	$\infty$	-----	-----	56.6 Smyth et al.				
			10.0	-----	-----					
			3.22	-----	-----					
					1.25		2.74	.833		
		50	$\infty$	-----	-----					
			10.0	5.137	1.60					
			3.22	3.43	1.4					
					1.25		-----	-----		
		65	$\infty$	-----	-----					
			10.0	5.240	1.30					
			3.22	3.62	1.46					
					1.25		-----	-----		
		80	$\infty$	-----	-----					
			10.0	5.116	1.05					
			3.22	3.76	1.41					
			1.25	-----	-----					
82	$\infty$	-----	-----							
	10.0	-----	-----							
	3.22	-----	-----							
			1.25	2.81	1.02					
159	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>30</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Methyl myristate	20	9.	3.24	0.16	52.2 Bruma.				
<b>C<sub>16</sub></b>										
160	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Hexadecanoic acid (Palmitic)	19 to 75	254			47 Aref'ev.				
			8 to 50	(*)	(*)	54 Buchanan.				
161	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>33</sub> Br 1-Bromohexadecane	25	$\infty$	3.68		52.5 Smyth et al.				
			10.0	2.96	0.38					
			3.22	2.52	.37					
					1.27		2.35	.21		
		40	$\infty$	3.57						
			10.0	3.00	.34					
			3.22	2.57	.40					
					1.27		2.38	.25		
		55	$\infty$	3.46						
			10.0	3.02	.30					
			3.22	2.62	.41					
					1.27		2.39	.28		
		75	10.0	3.04	.25					
								56.4 Smyth et al.		
			162	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>33</sub> Cl 1-Chlorohexadecane	24.5		8 to 150			
163	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O 1-Hexadecanol	55			$\infty$	3.77				
					10.0	2.689	.338			
					3.22	2.482	.234			
							1.25		2.37	.163
		70			$\infty$	3.50				
					10.0	2.837	.390			
					3.22	2.573	.287			
							1.25		2.41	.209
		82			1.25	2.44	.241			
					50 Klages. 52 Hamon.					
50 to 70	1.08×10 <sup>3</sup>					(*)	(*)			
<b>C<sub>17</sub></b>										
164	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O 9-Heptadecanone	55	$\infty$	5.43		56.6 Smyth et al.				
			10.0	4.49	1.34					
			3.22	3.19	1.11					
			1.25	2.60	0.67					

\*Graphs.



TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	<i>t</i> (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
<b>C<sub>17</sub>—Continued</b>						
164	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O 9-Heptadecanone—Continued	70	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	5.13 4.56 3.32	1.13 1.15	
		80	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	4.93 4.58 3.44 2.74	0.903 1.12 0.79	
165	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Methyl palmitate	31 to 65	3.2 to 30	(*)	(*)	54 Buchanan.
<b>C<sub>18</sub></b>						
166	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Linoleic acid	-85 to 120 -10 to 40	344 64			45 Stepanenko. 53 Bogdanov.
167	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Oleic acid	-110 to 100	344			45 Stepanenko.
168	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>34</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Dibutyl sebacate	25	$\infty$ $3 \times 10^4$ $3 \times 10^3$ 100 10	4.59 4.58 4.56 4.55 3.80	0.0014 .0073 .174 .81	53 MIT.
169	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>36</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Ethyl palmitate	26 to 75	3.2 to 30	(*)	(*)	54 Buchanan.
170	Cetyl acetate	35	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	3.19 2.97 2.76 2.56	0.22 .27 .27	52.8 Smyth et al.
		55	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	3.09 2.94 2.76 2.56	.20 .25 .27	
		75	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.99 2.89 2.75 2.56	.15 .22 .27	
171	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>38</sub> O 1-Octadecanol	60	$\infty$ 10.0 1.25	3.34 2.661 2.356	.293 .152	56.3 Smyth et al.
		85	$\infty$ 10.0 1.25	3.124 2.853 2.448	.285 .214	
<b>C<sub>20</sub></b>						
172	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>40</sub> O Phytol	-150 to 50	$3.33 \times 10^3$	(*)	(*)	46.2 Schallamach.
173	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>40</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Octadecyl acetate	35	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	3.07 2.92 2.68 2.51	0.21 .22 .25	52.8 Smyth et al.
		55	$\infty$ 10.0 1.25	2.98 2.85 2.52	.17 .25	
		75	$\infty$ 10.0 1.25	2.89 2.80 2.52	.14 .14	
174	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>42</sub> O Di-dihydrocitronellyl ether	-130 to 20	$1.50 \times 10^5$	(*)	(*)	46.1 Schallamach.
175	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>42</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Decyl ether	20	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.644 2.357 2.238 2.193	0.144 .103 .13	56.6 Smyth et al.
		40	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.565 2.392 2.247 2.181	.146 .114 .13	
		60	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.489 2.256 2.169	.116 .13	
<b>C<sub>21</sub></b>						
176	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>42</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Monostearin	80	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	4.84 3.75 3.13 2.87	.81 .64 .45	52.8 Smyth et al.
		90	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	4.74 3.87 3.22 2.87	.73 .68 .48	
<b>C<sub>22</sub></b>						
177	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>32</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Ethyl abietate	-70 to 20	$3 \times 10^5$ to $3 \times 10^7$			40 Morgan.
178	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>42</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Phytlyl acetate	-190 to 50	$1.12 \times 10^2$ to $1.09 \times 10^5$	(*)	(*)	46.2 Schallamach.

\*Graphs.

TABLE 4. Dielectric dispersion data for pure organic liquids—Continued

No.	Substance	$t$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	References
	<b>C<sub>25</sub></b>					
179....	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>50</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Diocetyl sebacate.....	26	$\infty$ 3 $\times 10^4$ 3 $\times 10^3$ 100 10	4.05 4.01 4.00 3.77 2.75	0.0028 .022 .39 .36	53 MIT.
	<b>C<sub>28</sub></b>					
180....	C <sub>28</sub> H <sub>56</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Decyl stearate.....	40	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.81 2.58 2.40 2.29	.181 .168 .135	52.8 Smyth et al.
		60	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.73 2.58 2.41 2.29	.164 .178 .140	
		80	$\infty$ 10.0 1.25	2.65 2.56 2.26	.143 .140	
	<b>C<sub>30</sub></b>					
181....	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>58</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Ethylene dimyristate.....	70	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.98 2.87 2.64 2.44	.23 .28 .26	52.8 Smyth et al.
		80	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22	2.98 2.87 2.66	.22 .20	
182....	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>60</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Tetradecyl palmitate.....	50	$\infty$ 10.0 1.25	2.66 2.52 2.30	.176 .156	52.8 Smyth et al.
		82	$\infty$ 10.0 1.25	2.72 2.54 2.28	.152 .16	
	<b>C<sub>32</sub></b>					
183....	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>64</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Tetradecyl stearate.....	50	$\infty$ 1.25	2.67 2.28	.126	52.8 Smyth et al.
		82	$\infty$ 1.25	2.57 2.28	.145	
	<b>C<sub>34</sub></b>					
184....	C <sub>34</sub> H <sub>68</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Ethylene dipalmitate.....	75	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.89 2.77 2.58 2.41	.20 .22 .21	52.8 Smyth et al.
185....	C <sub>34</sub> H <sub>68</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Cetyl stearate.....	60	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.61 2.46 2.35 2.28	.130 .141 .126	52.8 Smyth et al.
		80	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.54 2.47 2.36 2.26	.118 .138 .140	
	<b>C<sub>38</sub></b>					
186....	C <sub>38</sub> H <sub>74</sub> O <sub>4</sub> Ethylene distearate.....	80	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.79 2.69 2.53 2.39	.18 .19 .15	52.8 Smyth et al.
	<b>C<sub>39</sub></b>					
187....	C <sub>39</sub> H <sub>76</sub> O <sub>5</sub> Distearin.....	80	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	3.25 2.88 2.65 2.48	.305 .272 .204	52.8 Smyth et al.
		90	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	3.22 2.92 2.67 2.49	.272 .282 .226	
	<b>C<sub>51</sub></b>					
188....	C <sub>51</sub> H <sub>98</sub> O <sub>6</sub> Tripalmitin.....	-45 to 120	63.8			52 Bogdanov.
	<b>C<sub>57</sub></b>					
189....	C <sub>57</sub> H <sub>104</sub> O <sub>6</sub> Triolein.....	-50 to 93	344			45 Stepanenko.
190....	C <sub>57</sub> H <sub>110</sub> O <sub>6</sub> Tristearin.....	80	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.74 2.49 2.39 2.31	.124 .124 .089	52.8 Smyth et al.
		90	$\infty$ 10.0 3.22 1.25	2.735 2.49 2.39 2.31	.124 .122 .088	
		-40 to 83	344			45 Stepanenko.

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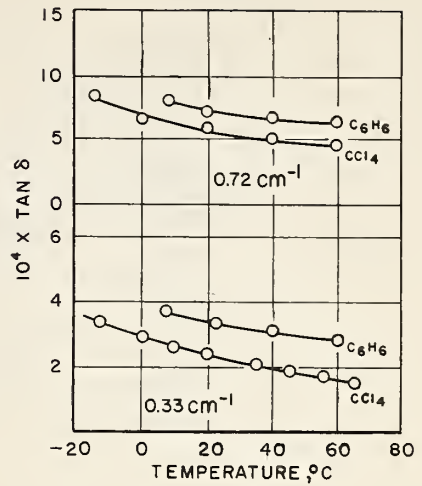
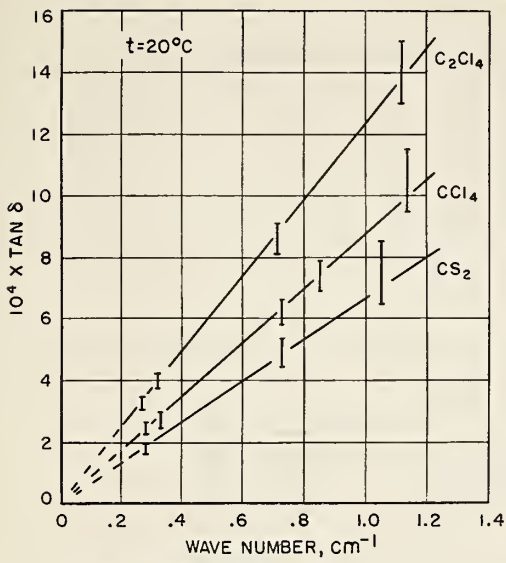
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### **Graphical Representations of Dielectric Data for Pure Liquids**

The graphs are placed in the order of the ordinal numbers assigned in tables 1 to 4.

The graphs are reproductions from the literature, but have been relabeled to conform to a consistent nomenclature.



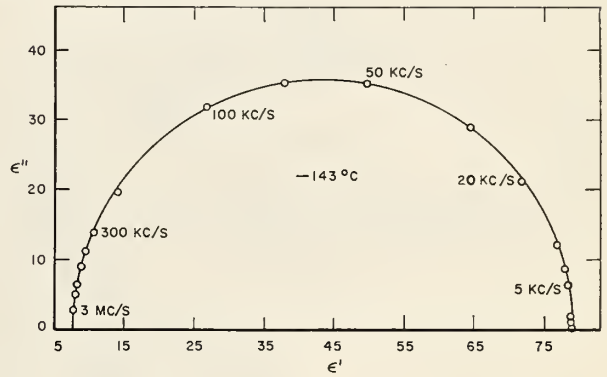
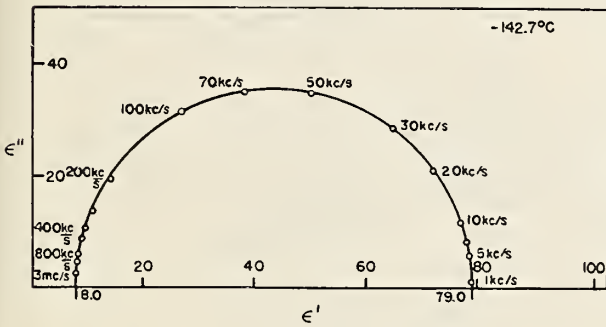
No. 8. CS<sub>2</sub>, Carbon disulfide. Cf. No. 7.

No. 13. C<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>4</sub>, Tetrachloroethylene. Cf. No. 7.

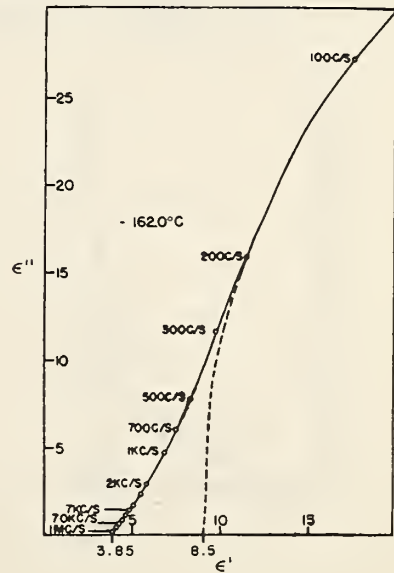
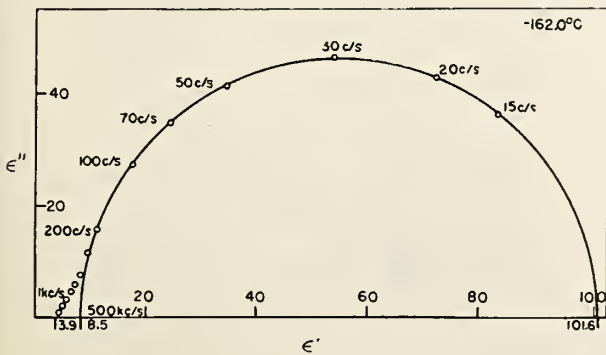
No. 21. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O, Ethanol.

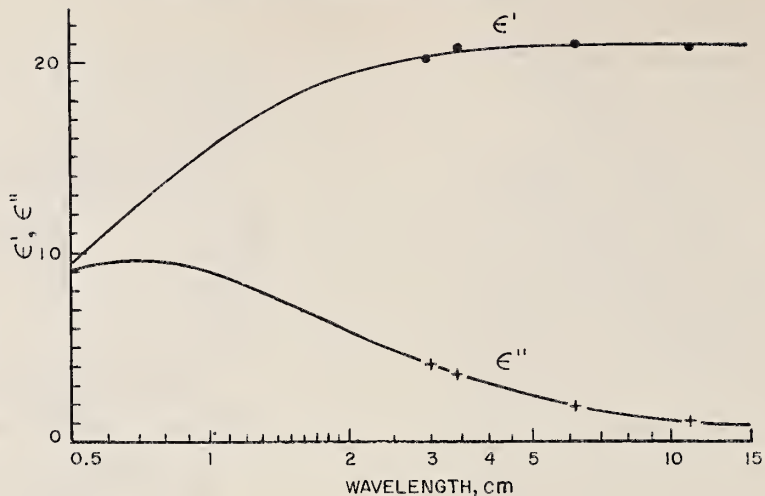
Hassion (55).

Hassion (53).



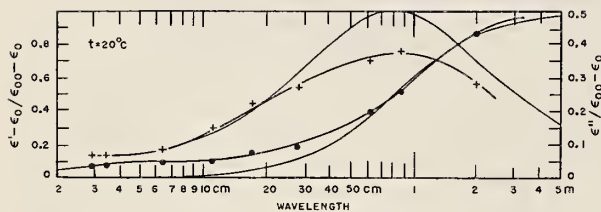
C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O, Ethanol (1% H<sub>2</sub>O). Hassion (53).



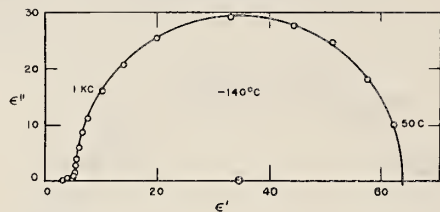


No. 35.  $C_3H_8O$ , 1-Propanol.

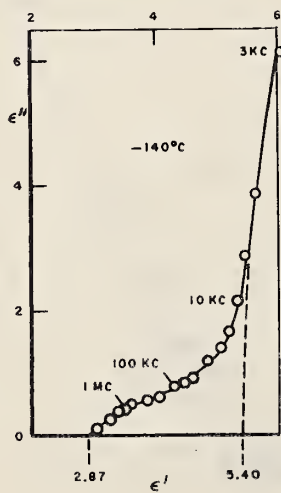
Girard (42).



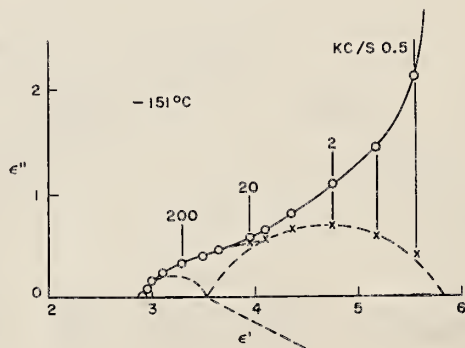
Davidson (51).



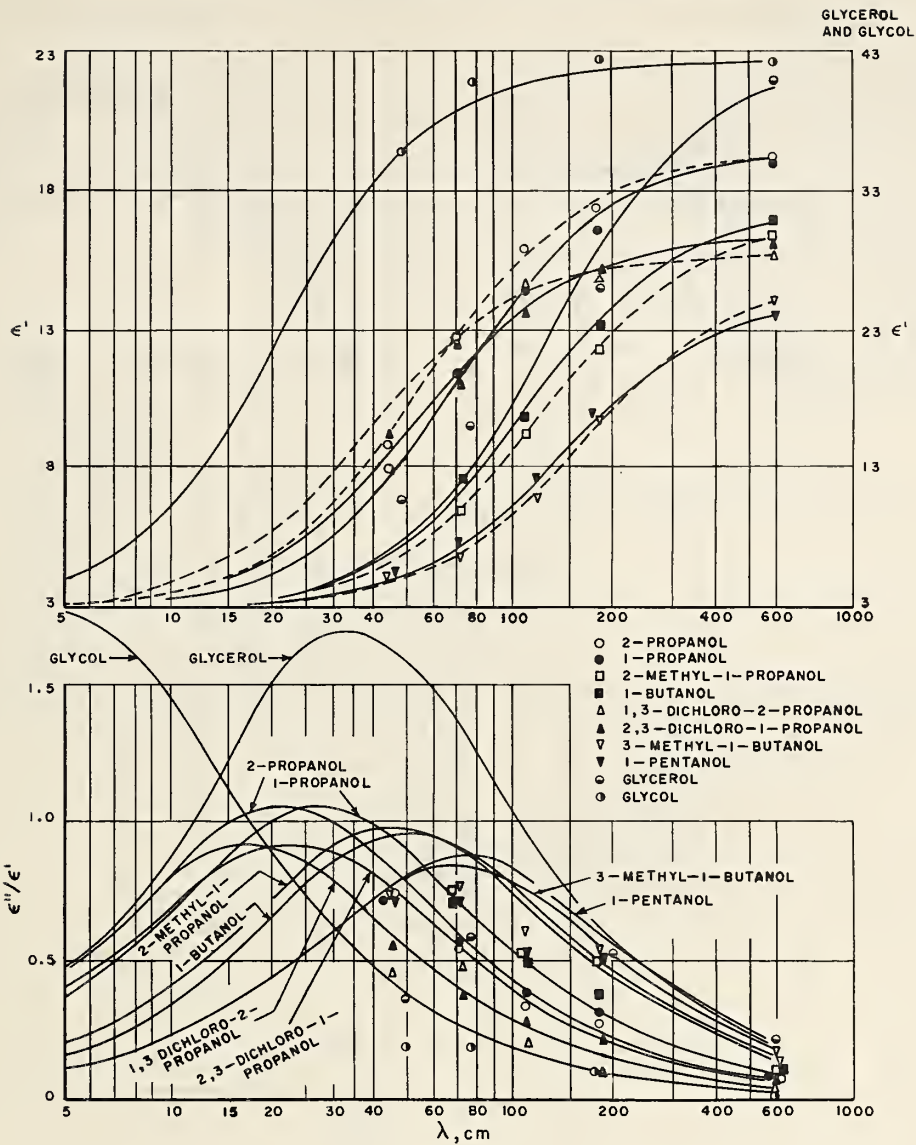
Davidson (51).



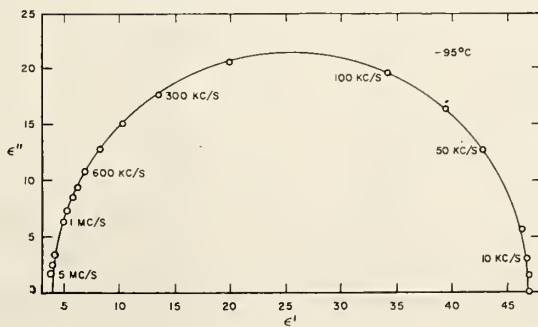
Cole (52).



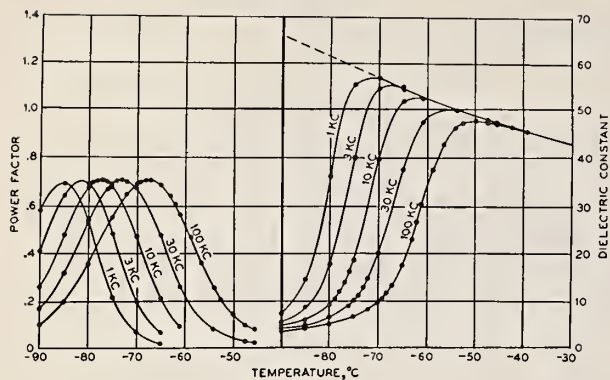




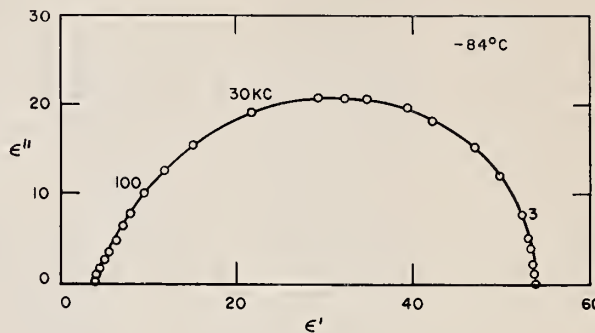
No. 36.  $C_3H_8O$ , 2-Propanol. Hassion (55).



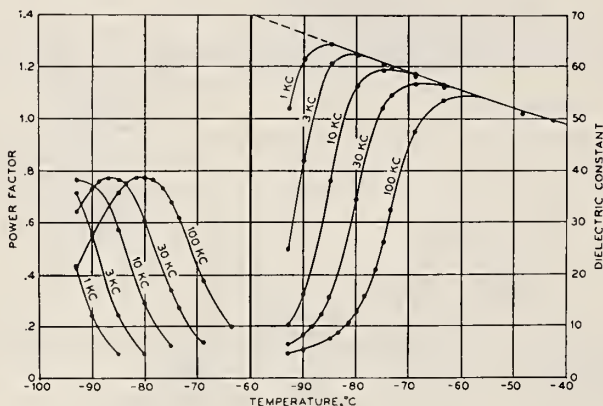
White (32).



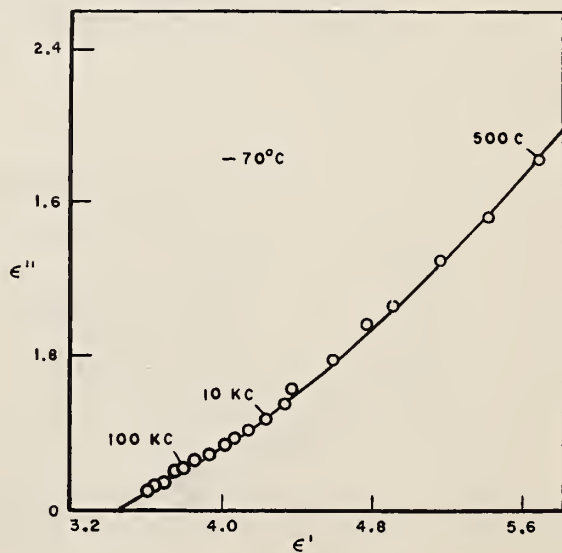
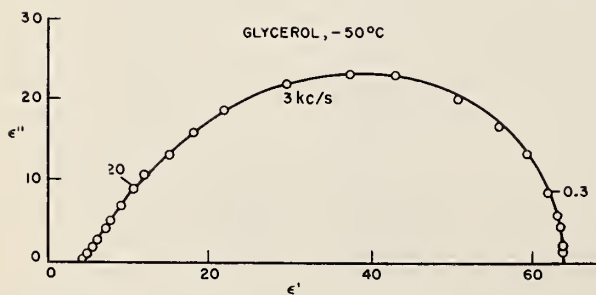
Davidson (51).

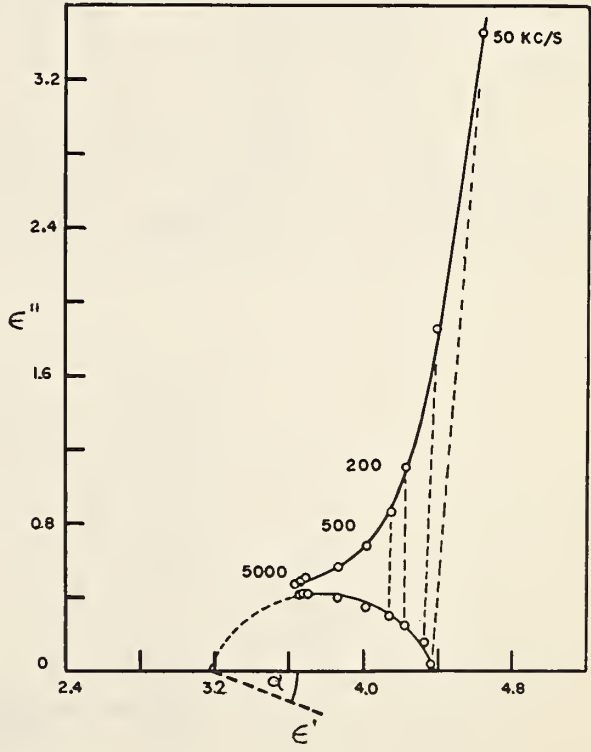
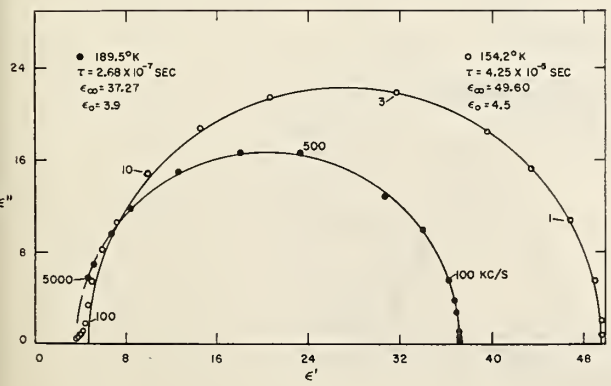
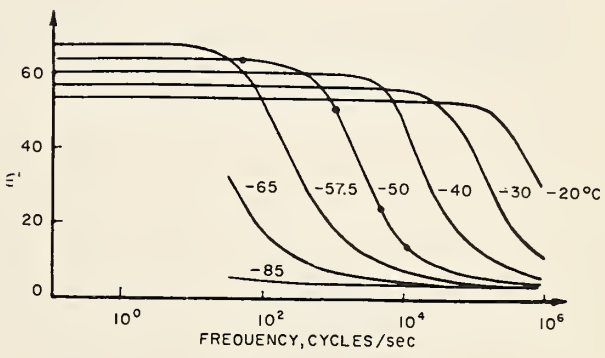
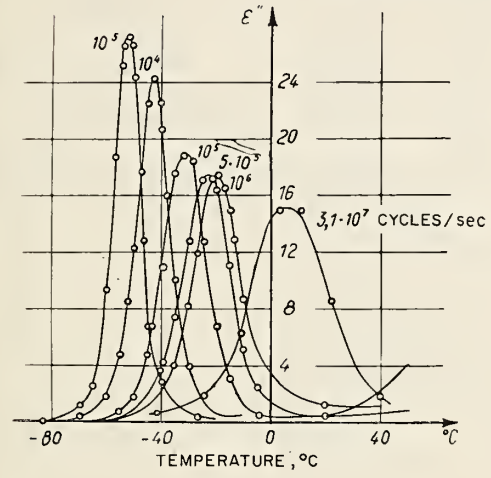
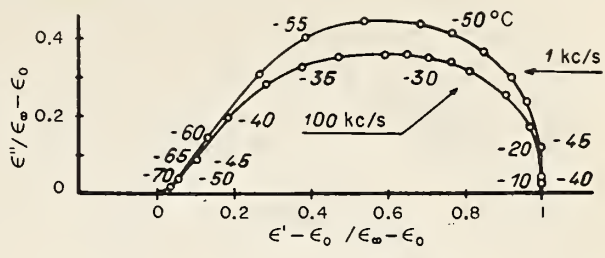
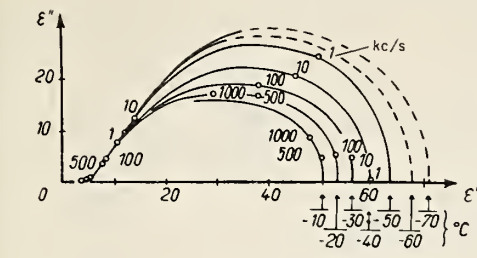


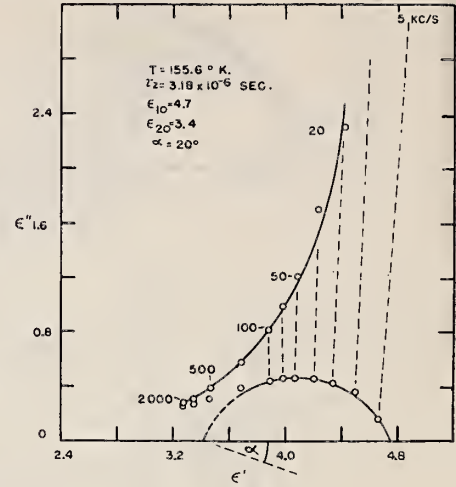
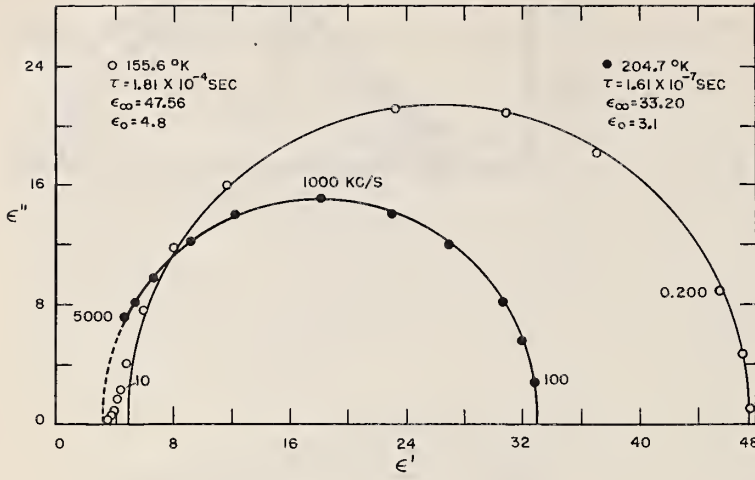
No. 38.  $C_3H_8O_2$ , 1,3-Propanediol. White (32).



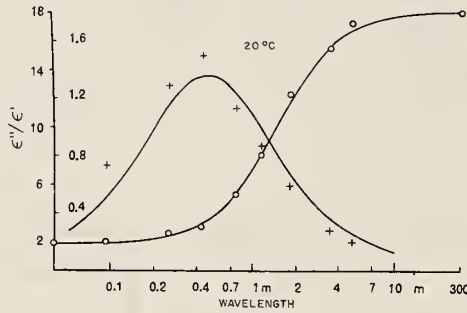
No. 39.  $C_3H_8O_3$ , Glycerol. Davidson (51).



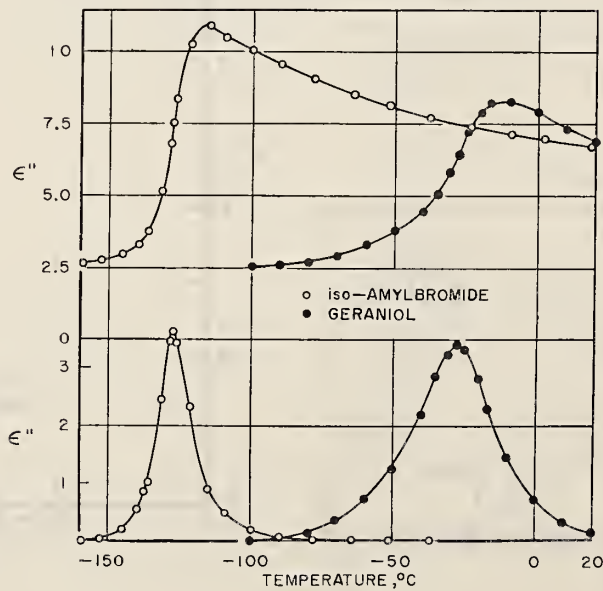


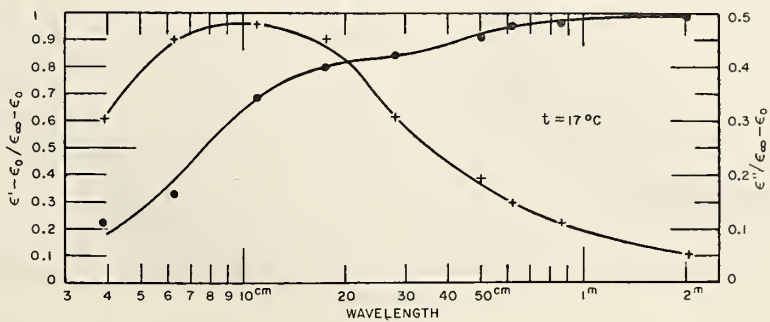
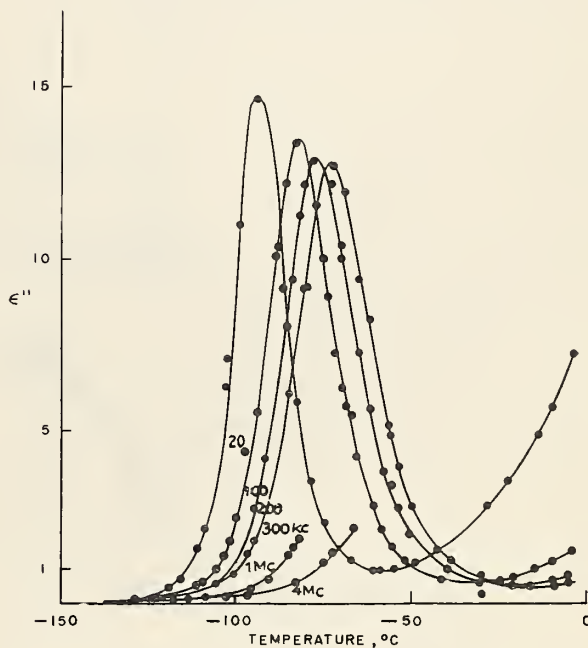
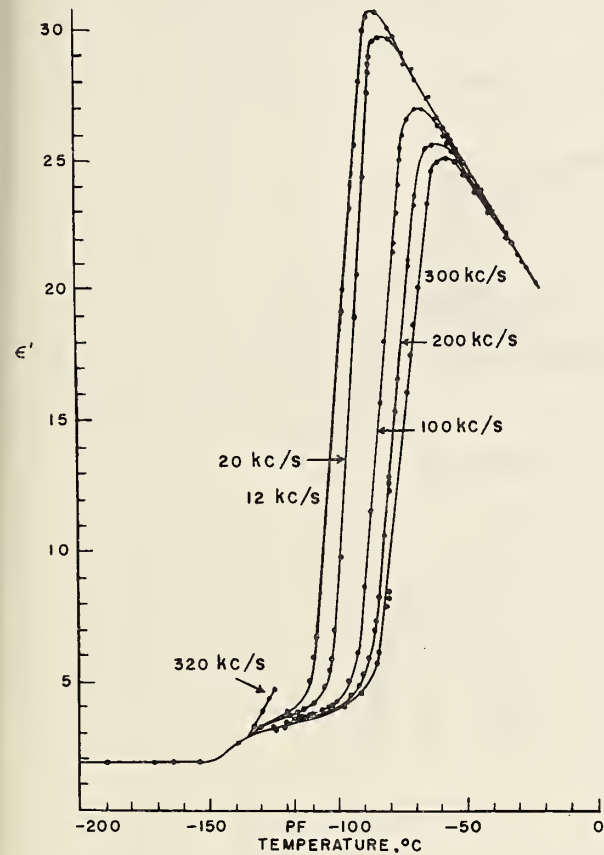
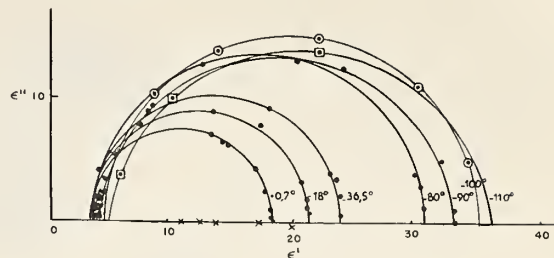
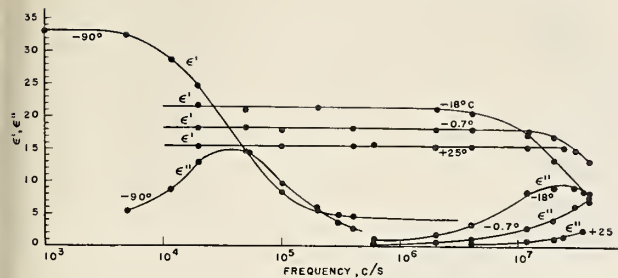


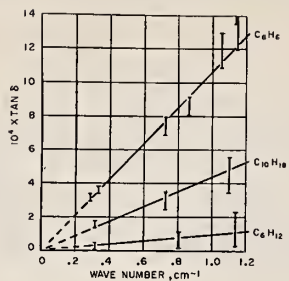
Häfelin (46)



No. 67.  $C_3H_{11}Br$ , 1-Bromo-3-methyl butane. Schallmach (46.0).

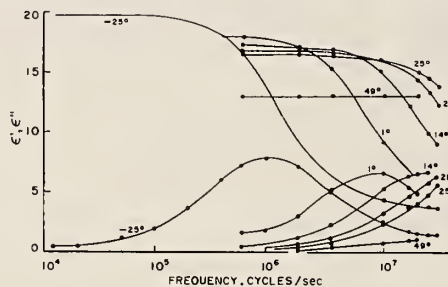




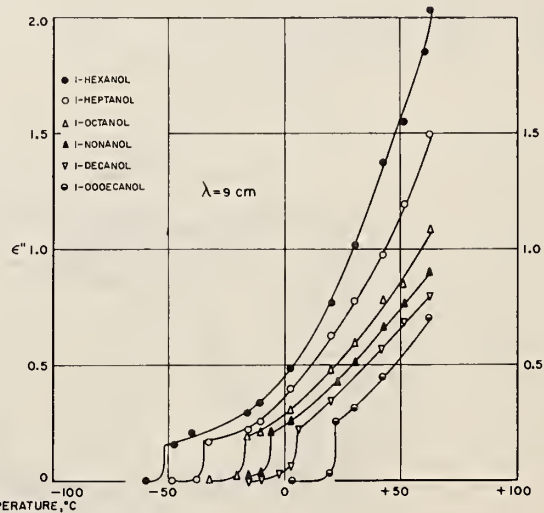
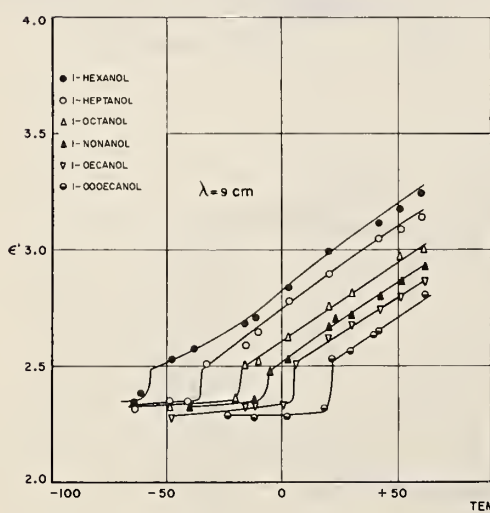
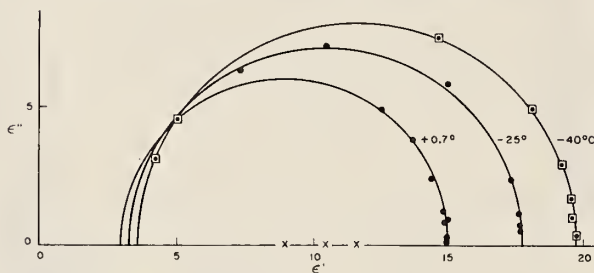


No. 88.  $C_6H_{12}$ , Cyclohexane. Cf. No. 80.

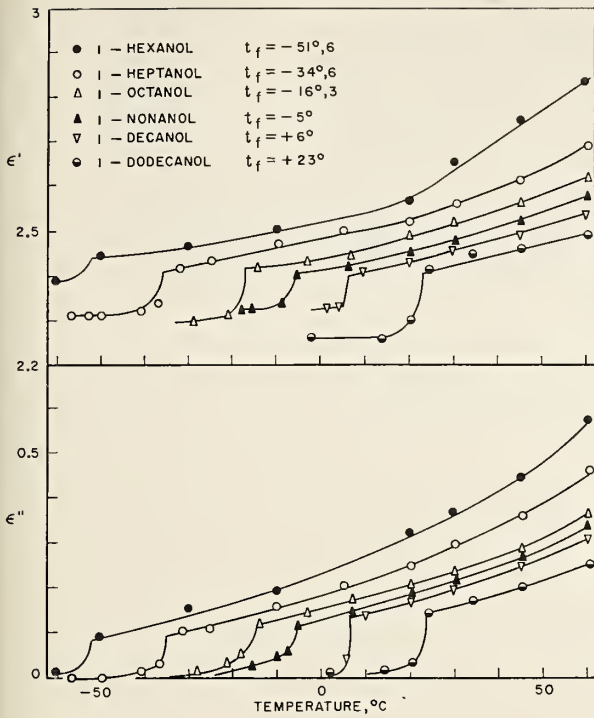
No. 89.  $C_6H_{12}O$ , Cyclohexanol. Reinisch (53).



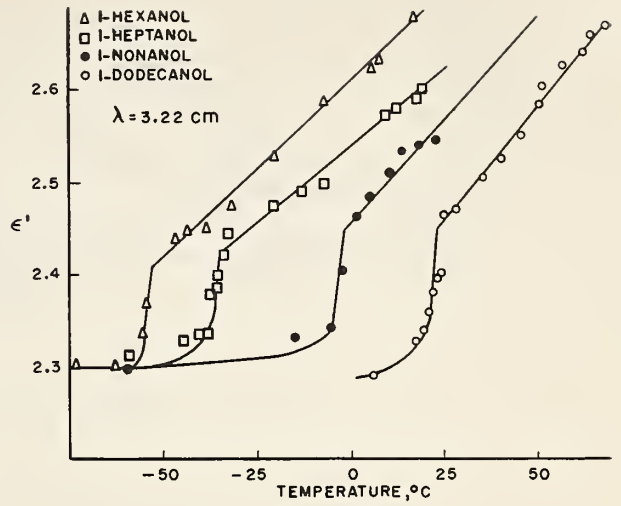
No. 93.  $C_6H_{14}O$ , 1-Hexanol. Reinisch (54).



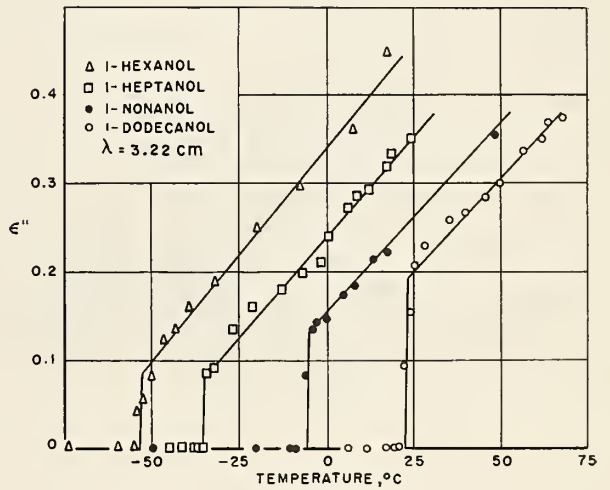
Brot (54).



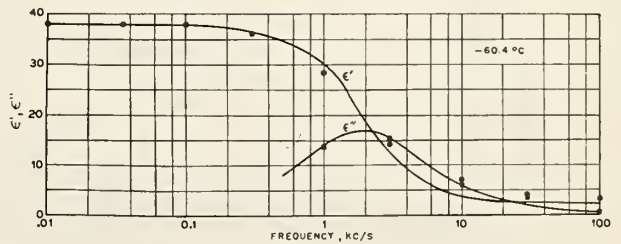
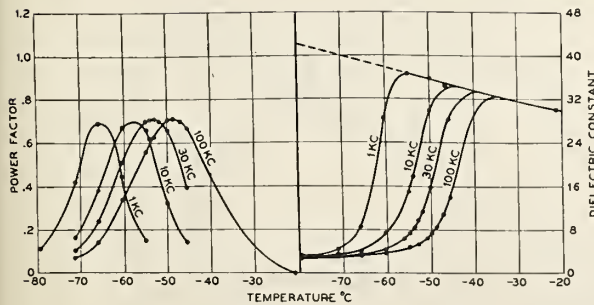
Brot (55).

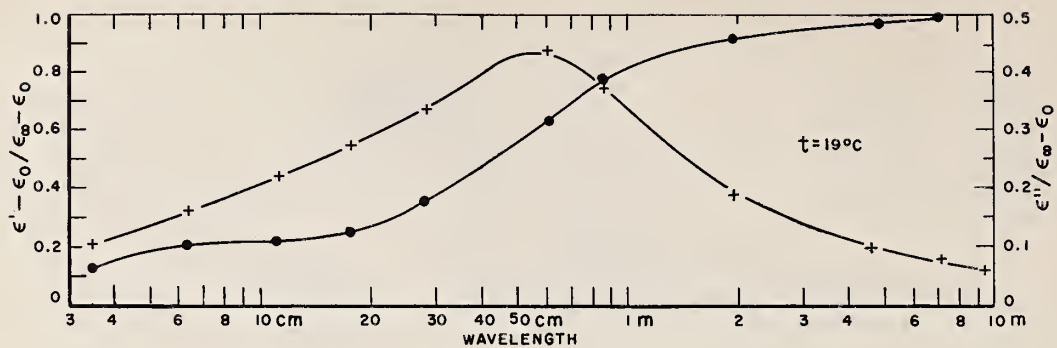


Brot (53).

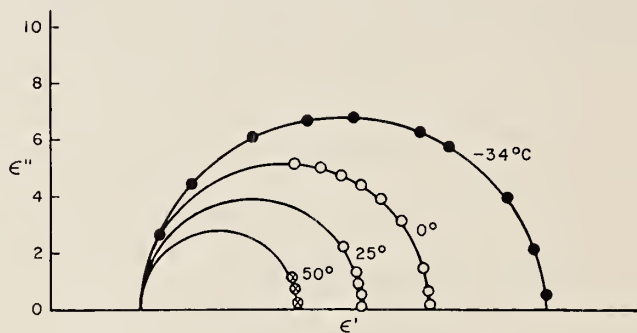
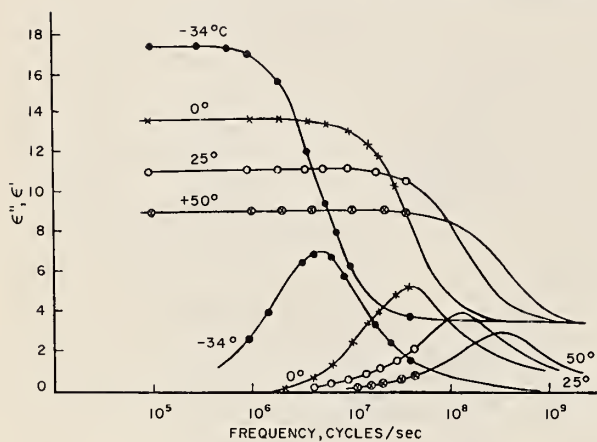


No. 94. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, 2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol. White (32).

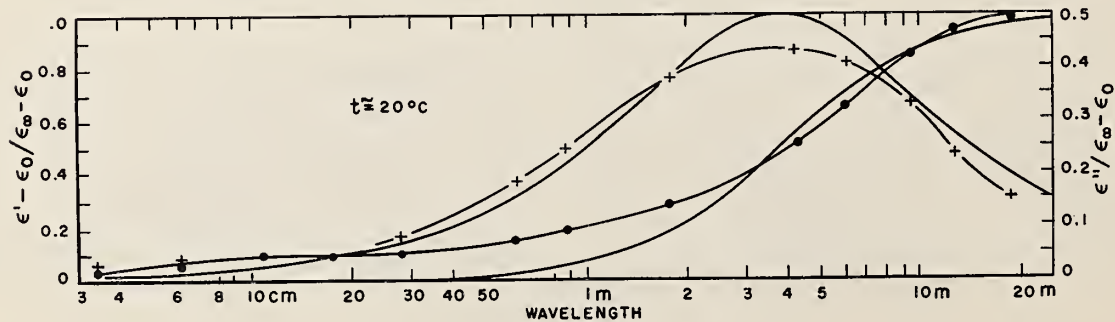




No. 114.  $C_7H_{16}O$ , 1-Heptanol. Oppenheim (51). Cf. No. 67.

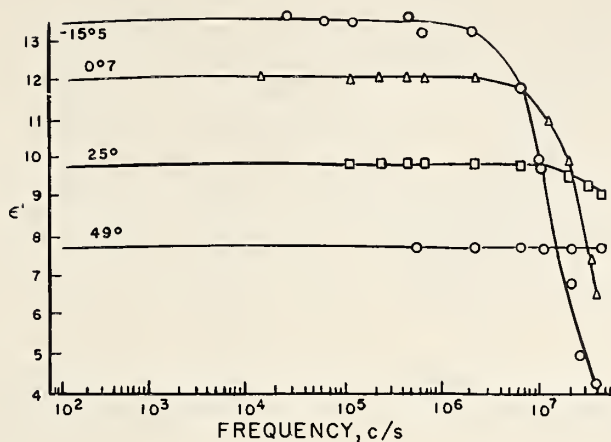


No. 124.  $C_8H_{17}DO$ , 1-Octanol-D-1. Corval (52).

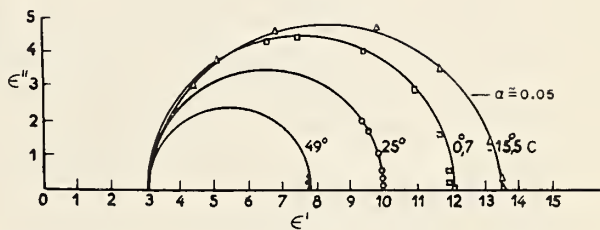
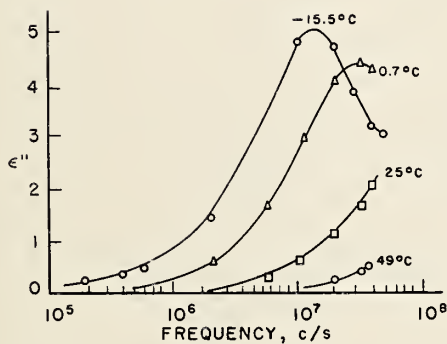




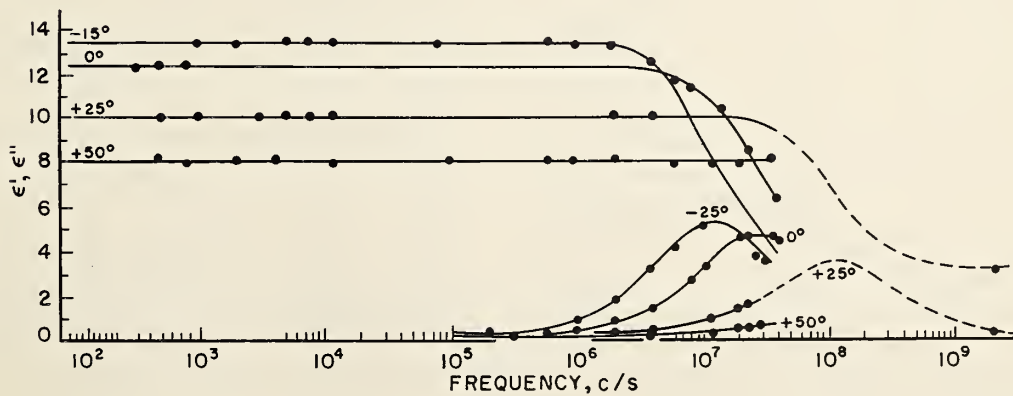
Girard (42). Cf. No. 70.

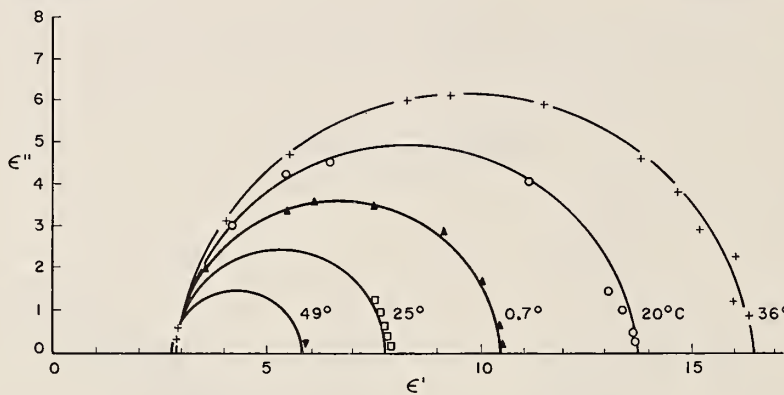
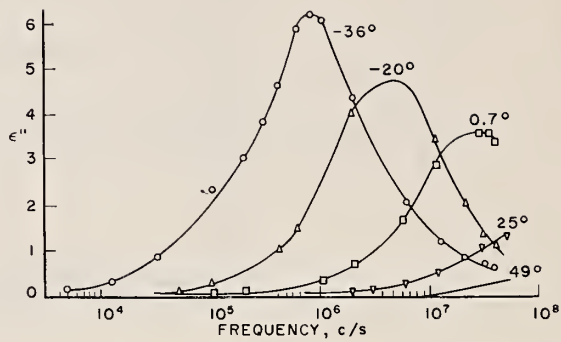
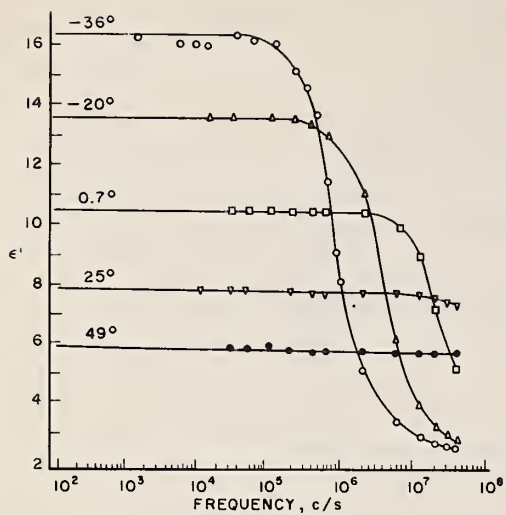


Dalbert (53). Cf. No. 67.

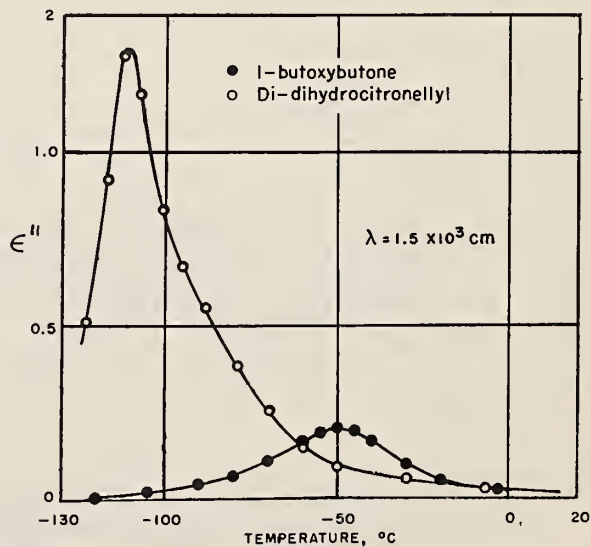
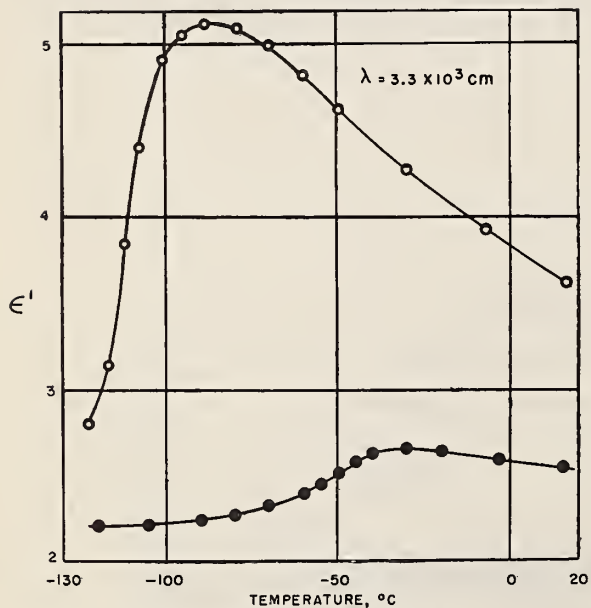


Dalbert (53).

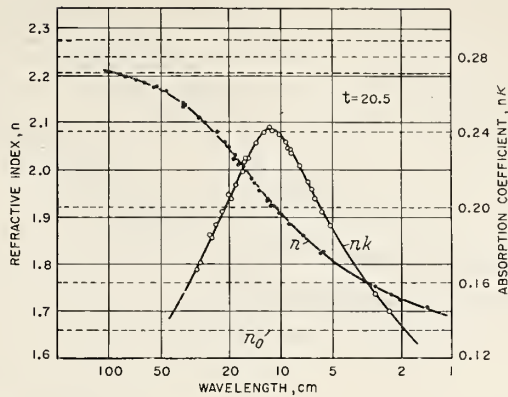




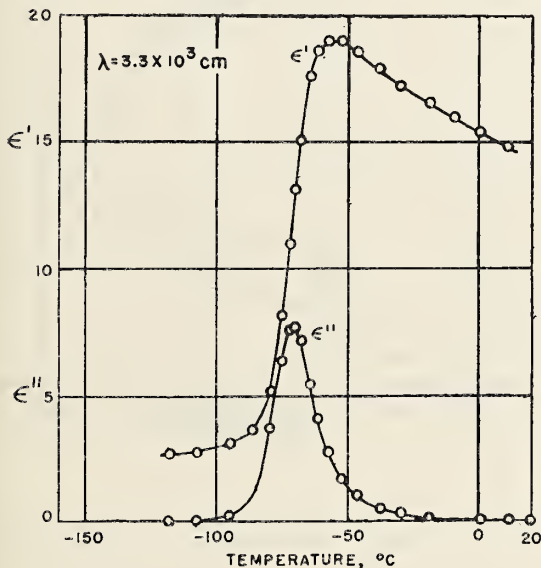
No. 127.  $C_8H_{18}O$ , Butyl ether. Schallamach (46.1).



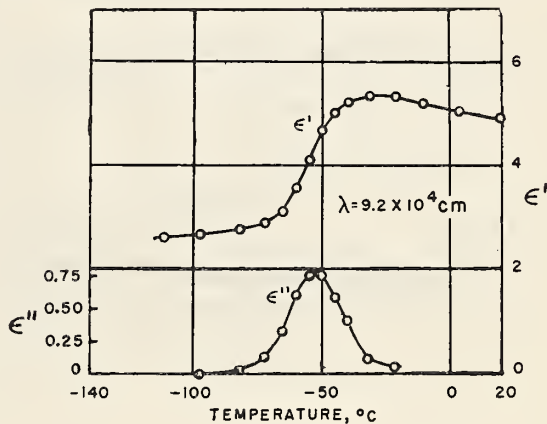
No. 131.  $C_9H_{20}O$ , 1-Nonanol. Cf. No. 93.



No. 136.  $C_{10}H_{16}O$ , Citral. Schallmach (46.1).

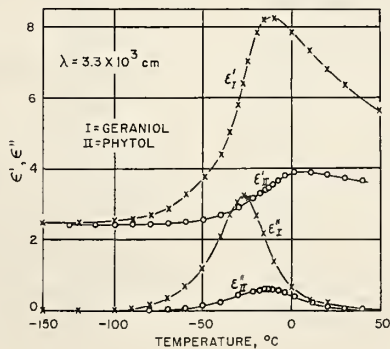


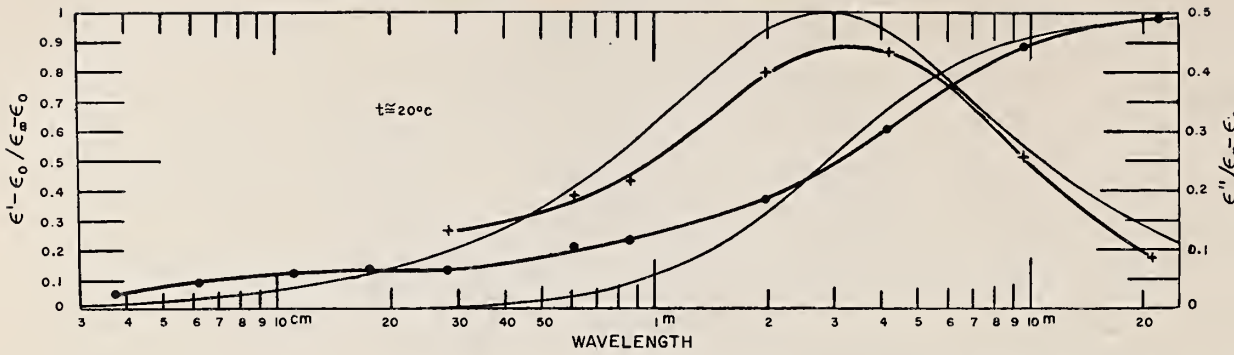
No. 137.  $C_{10}H_{16}O_2$ , Geranic acid. Schallmach (46.1).



No. 138.  $C_{10}H_{18}$ , *trans*-Decalhydronaphthalene. Cf. No. 80.

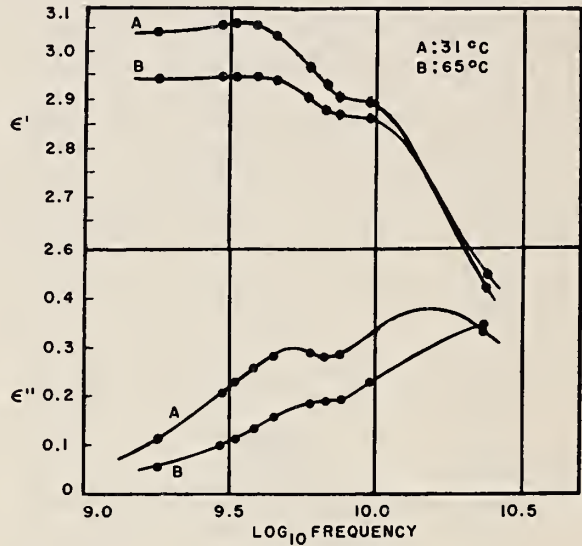
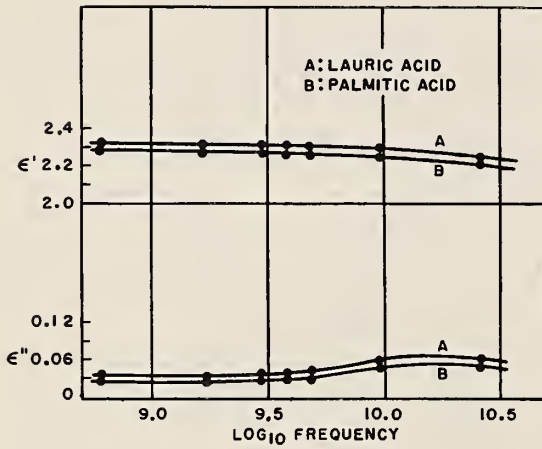
No. 139.  $C_{10}H_{18}O$ , Geraniol. Schallmach (46.2).





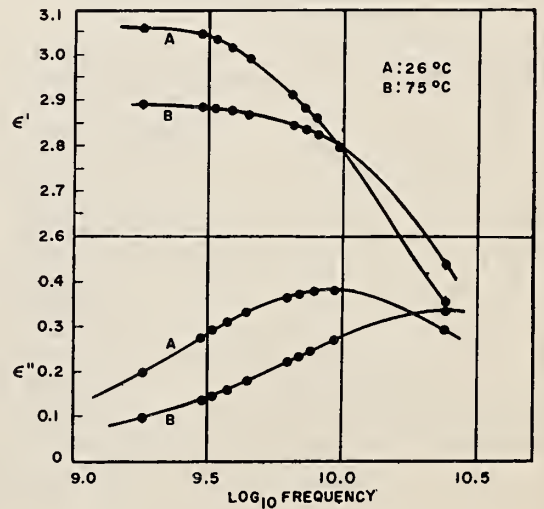
No. 165.  $C_{17}H_{34}O_2$ , Methyl palmitate. Buchanan (54).

No. 150.  $C_{12}H_{24}O_2$ , Dodecanoic acid (Lauric). Buchanan (54).

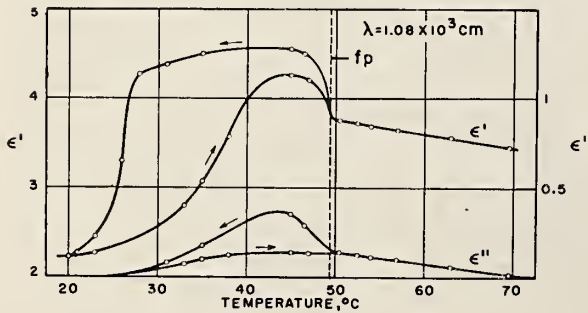


No. 169.  $C_{18}H_{36}O_2$ , Ethyl palmitate. Buchanan (54).

No. 153.  $C_{12}H_{26}O$ , 1-Dodecanol. Cf. No. 93.



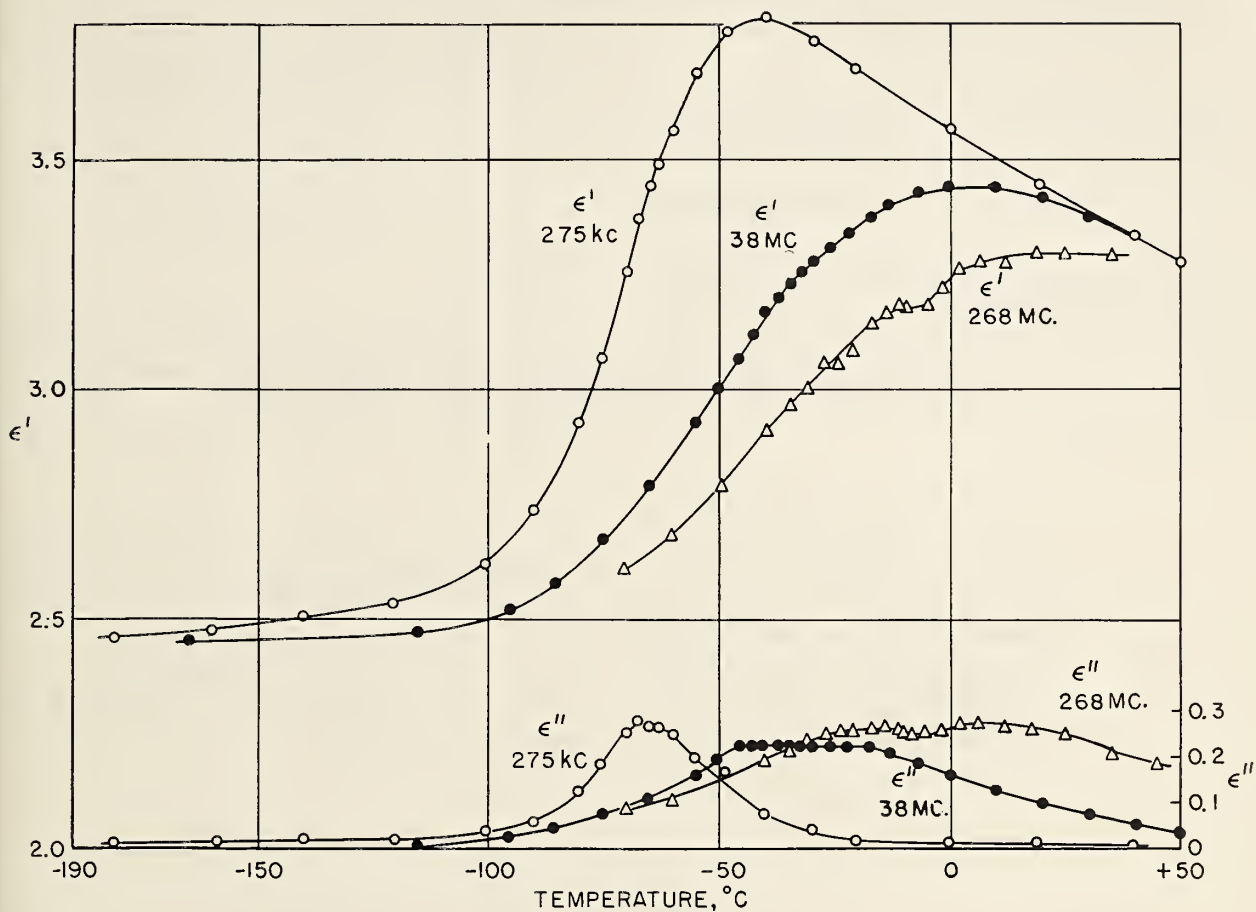
No. 163.  $C_{16}H_{34}O$ , 1-Hexadecanol. Klages (50).



No. 172.  $C_{20}H_{40}O$ , Phytol. Cf. No. 139.

No. 174.  $C_{20}H_{42}O$ , Di-dihydrocitronellyl ether. Cf. No. 127.

No. 178.  $C_{22}H_{42}O_2$ , Phytol acetate. Schallamach (46.2).



## 5. Dilute Solutions

Table 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions

Table 6. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute aqueous solutions

### *Chemical Formulas and Order of Listing of Compounds*

The listing of solutes follows the scheme described for tables 1 to 4. The same scheme is adopted for the solvents under a given compound.

### *Dispersion Parameters for Nonaqueous Solutions*

*Treatment of data:* The data for most solutions are either so limited or varied that a critical evaluation of the dispersion parameters is impractical. The values listed in tables 5 and 6 are in most instances those reported by the authors. They have been determined in the great majority of cases from Cole-Cole plots.

### *Tabulated quantities:*

$(\Delta\epsilon/c)_\infty$  = the value of the incremental dielectric constant for  $\lambda = \infty$ .

$(\Delta\epsilon/c)_0$  = the value of the incremental dielectric constant for  $\lambda = 0$ .

$\Delta\epsilon'/c$  = the incremental dielectric constant defined by the relation  $\epsilon'_{12} = \epsilon'_1 + (\Delta\epsilon'/c) \cdot c$ , where  $c$  is the concentration, and the subscripts 12 and 1 refer to the solution and solvent, respectively.

$\Delta\epsilon''/c$  = the incremental dielectric loss defined by the relation  $\epsilon''_{12} = (\Delta\epsilon''/c) \cdot c$ .

$\Delta \tan \delta/c$  = the incremental loss tangent defined by the relation  $\tan \delta_{12} = (\Delta \tan \delta/c) \cdot c$ .

$\alpha$  = the distribution parameter of the Cole-Cole representation.

$\lambda_c$  = the critical wavelength characteristic of the dispersion.

### *Notations:*

$(\Delta\epsilon'/c)(\ )$ ,  $(\Delta\epsilon''/c)(\ )$ : The symbols m, x, and w in the parentheses following the data listed for  $\Delta\epsilon'/c$  and  $\Delta\epsilon''/c$  denote the concentration units, molarity, mole fraction, and weight fraction, respectively.

[ ]: Brackets denote that the value is assumed.

### *Dispersion Parameters for Aqueous Solutions*

The quantities tabulated are the Debye parameters for the individual solutions.

### *References and Bibliography*

All references are collected in a bibliography at the end of the tables.

TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions

Solution	$t$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
$\text{CHCl}_3$	$\text{C}_1$	430						0	0.94	49.1 Fischer. 50.2 Whiffen.
Solvent: Carbon tetrachloride	23	3.65					0.0137(m)			
	20	1.65					.080			
		1.41					.032			
		0.885					.034			
Carbon disulfide	20	3.34					.0100(m)		.51	50.2 Whiffen.
		1.41					.025			
		0.885					.030			
		.625					.034			
Benzene	23	430								
	20	3.65					.023(m)		1.34	49.1 Fischer. 50.2 Whiffen.
		1.65					.034			
		1.41					.032			
Cyclohexane	19	1.22					.0326(m)			48 Powles.
		0.80					.0256			
	19	3.09					.0085(m)		1.45	46 Jackson.
		3.06					.0289			
1-Heptane	20	3.348					.0118		0.60	50.2 Whiffen.
		1.41					.029			
		0.885					.033			
		.625					.034			
$\text{CH}_2\text{O}$	-70	1.27					.041(m)		2.17	46.2 Whiffen.
	-60						.042		1.70	
	-50						.042		1.51	
	-40						.041		1.26	
	-30						.038		1.00	
	-20						.033		0.88	
	-10						.028		.72	
	0						.028		.68	
	10						.023		.64	
	20						.023		.58	
	40						.020		.51	
	80						.017		.45	
$\text{CH}_3\text{Br}$	Formic acid	25.6						[0]	3.2	48 Potopenko.
		Solvent: 1,4-Dioxane								
$\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$	Bromomethane	9.65						[0]	0.34	54 LeFevre.
		Solvent: Carbon tetrachloride								
$\text{CH}_2\text{I}$	Chloromethane	9.65						[0]	.34	54 LeFevre.
		Solvent: Carbon tetrachloride								
$\text{CH}_2\text{I}$	Iodomethane	9.65						[0]	.47	54 LeFevre.
		Solvent: Carbon tetrachloride								

TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{Calc}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
<b>CH<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>2</sub></b> C <sub>1</sub> —Continued Nitromethane Solvents: Carbon tetrachloride....	22	9.65					0.84(w)	[0]	0.58	54
	10	0.866					.207	[0]	1.14	56
	20						.216			LeFevre.
	30						.219			Clark.
	40						.214			
	19	3.26 1.27					.091(m) .196	[0]	0.74	46.1
	18.5	3.25 1.25					.102(m) .197	0	.82	46
	10	0.866					.231(m)	[0]	.80	56
	20						.228			Clark.
	30						.211			
40						.186				
<b>CH<sub>4</sub>O</b> Methanol Solvent: Benzene.....	23	430								49.1
	(20)	400 to 450								Fischer.
	25	1.25; 3.20								39
	4	10.7 1.24	4.48	0.00	3.66(x) 2.54	0.18(x) 1.63		0.10	.86	56
	20	30 10.7 1.24	3.58	-.09	3.60 3.62 2.66	0.09 .16 1.41		.07	.67	
	40	10.7 1.24	3.18	.00	3.18 2.68	0.13 1.29		.00	.58	
	20	3.22 1.27	2.50	.19	2.4(x) 1.97	0.32(x) .76		.12	.45	52
	40	3.22 1.27	2.23	.19	2.12 1.85	.26 .63		.12	.40	
	60	3.22 1.27	1.99	.19	1.95 1.73	.20 .52		.11	.34	
	20	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.43	.04	2.25(w) 2.16 1.45	.23(w) .54 .90		.16	.83	
40	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.18	.04	2.08(w) 1.98 1.38	.17(w) .42 .82		.17	.67		
60	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.00	.04	1.92(w) 1.82 1.14	.15(w) .33 .74		.17	.56		
<b>C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N</b> Acetonitrile Solvents: Carbon tetrachloride.... Benzene.....	22	9.65					1.35(w)	[0]	.53	54
	18.5	3.25 1.25					0.0919(m) .213	[0]	.47	46



$C_2H_4Cl_2$	23	430							49.1 Fischer.
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....									
$C_2H_4Br_2$	23	430							49.1 Fischer.
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....									
$C_2H_4O_2$	(20?)	25.6							48 Potopenko.
Acetic acid								[ $\eta$ ]	4.9
<i>Solvent:</i> 1,4-Dioxane.....									
$C_2H_6Br$	0	3.22 1.27	5.40	-0.06	4.98(x) 3.35	1.47(x) 1.75	0.02		50 Franklin.
Bromoethane	20	3.22 1.27	5.20	-0.06	4.68 3.40	1.06 1.54	.2		
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	40	3.22 1.27	5.00	-0.07	4.26 3.35	0.78 1.31	.2		
Cyclohexane.....	0	3.22 1.27	4.50	.14	4.05(x) 2.85	0.80(x) 1.10	.2		
	20	3.22 1.27	4.30	.13	3.73 2.85	0.60 .95	.2	.4	
	40	3.22 1.27	4.10	.12	3.39 2.80	.45 .81	.2		
1-Heptane.....	0	3.22 1.27	3.10	.15	3.08 3.10	.48(x) .78	.05		
	20	3.22 1.27	3.00	.14	2.76 2.80	.36 .66	.1	.3	
	40	3.22 1.27	(2.90)	.13	2.49 2.40	.27 .56	.26		
Hexadecane.....	20	3.22 1.27	1.45	.04	1.37(x) 1.20	.28(x) .33	.2	.4	
	30	3.22 1.27	1.40	.04	1.29 1.08	.24 .29	.3		
	40	3.22 1.27	1.37	.04	1.24 0.95	.20 .25	.3		
$C_2H_6O$									49.1 Fischer.
Ethanol	23	430							39 Fillipov.
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	(20)	400 to 450							55 Poley.
	21	1.25 to 3.99							
$C_3H_6Cl_2$	2	30. 10.7 6.6 1.24	4.20	.04	4.20(x) 4.05 4.10 3.18	.07(x) .19 .33 1.22	.21	.48	56 Holland.
$C_3$									
2,2-Dichloropropane	20	30. 10.7 6.6 1.24	3.80	.04	3.79 3.68 3.70 2.90	0.05 .15 .22 1.05	.22	.45	
<i>Solvent:</i> 1-Heptane.....	40	30. 10.7 6.6 1.24	3.42	.05	3.42 3.30 3.30 2.82	0.04 .11 .17 .84	.20	.34	

TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{Calc}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References	
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_2$ C <sub>3</sub> —Continued 2,2-Dichloropropane—Con. Solvents—Continued Nujol <sup>a</sup>	40	30.	3.71	0.17	3.51(x)	0.10		0.0	0.51		
		10.7			3.70	.28					
		6.6			3.68	.44					
		3.22			3.68	.55					
		1.24			2.78	1.22					
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}$ Acetone Solvents: Benzene	60	30.	3.14	.17	3.04	0.07		.0	.41		
		10.7			3.17	.22					
		6.6			3.15	.31					
		3.22			3.02	.34					
		1.24			2.98	1.08					
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$ 1-Hexane 2,2-Dinitropropane. Solvents: 1-Heptane	23	430								49.1 Fischer.	
		380								37 Holzmüller.	
	19	9.09									46 Jackson.
		3.06					0.0256(m)				
		1.23					.0854				
	19	3.26					.067(m)				46.1 Whiffen.
		1.27					.143				
		3.25					.0778(m)				46 Cripwell.
	18.5	1.27					.168				
		1.22					.154(m)				
	(30)	3.15									48 Powles.
		380									56.1 Murty.
	24	30.				10.9(x)	0.26(x)		0.06	.73	56 Holland.
10.7					11.4	.95					
6.6					10.8	1.44					
1.24					7.9	4.46					
30					10.2	0.20					
10.7					10.2	.70					
6.6					8.50	1.93					
3.22					8.2	2.84					
1.24						3.69					
30						0.15					
10.7					.55						
20	6.6					.26					
	1.24					3.15					
	30.					0.62(x)					
	10.7				11.7(x)	1.78					
	6.6				11.2	2.44					
	3.22				11.3	2.84					
	1.24					4.84					
						5.7					
	30.					0.44					
	10.7					11.1	0.44				
40	6.6					1.27					
	3.22					11.0					
	1.24					11.0	1.82				
						9.6	2.22				
						6.2	4.10				
	30.					11.1	0.44				
	10.7					11.0	1.27				
	6.6					11.0	1.82				
	3.22					9.6	2.22				
	1.24					6.2	4.10				
60	30.					10.4					
	10.7					10.2					
	6.6					9.8					
	3.22					9.0					
	1.24					6.7					
						10.27					
						11.00					
						10.14					
						9.11					
						12.13					
						11.34					
						10.27					



TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{color}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References	
$C_4H_9Cl$ $C_4$ —Continued 2-Chloro-2-methylpropane— Continued <i>Solvents</i> —Continued 1-Heptane	0	5.59 3.22 1.27	4.00	0.22	3.70(x) 3.74 3.45	0.34(x) .56 .98		0.3	-----	50 Franklin.	
	20	5.59 3.22 1.27	3.56	.20	3.50 3.50 2.90	.26 .45 .75		.2	0.3		
	40	5.59 3.22 1.27	3.26	.19	3.28 3.10 2.45	.19 .34 .64		.2	-----		
	20	3.22 1.27	1.85	.06	1.64(x) 1.70	.27(x) .50				50 Franklin.	
	30	3.22 1.27	1.80	.06	1.54 1.60	.24 .43					
	40	3.22 1.27	1.70	.05	1.46 1.55	.22 .36					
	$C_4H_9I$ 2-Iodo-2-methylpropane	20	9.65					0.214(w)	[0]	0.94	54 LeFevre.
		(20)	400 to 450								39 Filipov.
	$C_4H_{10}O$ <i>Solvent</i> : Carbon tetrachloride 1-Butanol <i>Solvent</i> : Benzene 2-Methyl-1-propanol <i>Solvent</i> : Benzene $C_5$ Pyridine <i>Solvents</i> : Carbon tetrachloride 1, 4-Dioxane Benzene Cyclohexane 1-Hexane 1-Heptane	20	10 to 500						[0]	(6)	46 Häfeltn.
		25	340								53 Hase.
25		340								53 Hase.	
25		340								53 Hase.	
25		340								53 Hase.	
25		340								53 Hase.	
1		33.3 10.7 6.6 1.24	4.08	.20	4.08(x) 4.10 3.90 3.50	0.06(x) .19 .35 1.26		0.05	0.46	55.1 Holland.	
20		33.3 10.7 6.6 1.24	3.67	.17	3.68(x) 3.70 3.66 3.26	0.05(x) .15 .25 1.06		.04	.42		
40		33.3 10.7 6.6 1.24	3.37	.17	3.38(x) 3.40 3.32 3.00	0.04(x) .11 .17 .86		.06	.36		
$C_6H_8O$ Cyclopentanone <i>Solvents</i> : Benzene 1-Hexane		24.1	380								37 Holzmüller.
	24.1	380								37 Holzmüller.	

2-Pentanone									
<i>Solvents:</i>									
Benzene.....	24.1	380							37 Holzmueller.
1-Hexane.....	24.1	380							37 Holzmueller.
3-Pentanone									
<i>Solvents:</i>									
Benzene.....	23	430							49.1 Fischer.
1-Hexane.....	24.1	380							37 Holzmueller.
1-Hexane.....	24.1	380							37 Holzmueller.
<b>C<sub>8</sub></b>									
C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>4</sub> FN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> 1-Fluoro-2,4-dinitrobenzene									
<i>Solvent:</i>									
Benzene.....	30	3.15		7.47	.256				(4)
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{Br}_2$ <i>o</i> -Dibromobenzene									(0.3)
<i>Solvent:</i>									
Benzene.....	23	430							56 Rao.
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{Cl}_2$ <i>o</i> -Dichlorobenzene									
<i>Solvents:</i>									
Carbon tetrachloride.....	24	382							49.1 Fischer.
Benzene.....	23	430							
1-Hexane.....	24	382							36 Martin.
Decalin.....	24	382							49.1 Fischer.
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{ClNO}_2$ 1-Chloro-4-nitrobenzene									
<i>Solvent:</i>									
Carbon tetrachloride.....	20	9.65						1.40(w)	4.7
Bromobenzene									
<i>Solvents:</i>									
Carbon tetrachloride.....	23	430							49.1 Fischer.
Benzene.....	24	9.65							
19	48.5							0.285(w)	2.26
	26.2							.0071(m)	1.98
	9.09							.012	
	3.06							.0289	
	1.23							.0724	
	3.65							.0663	
	1.69							.053(m)	
	0.885							.001	
	.625							.043	
	3.26							.054	
	1.27							.658	
	1.22							.0599(m)	
10 to 40									
Cyclohexane.....	20	1.65						.092(m)	1.96
		0.885						.047	
		.625						.089	

TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{calc}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$										
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$ —Continued										
Chlorobenzene										
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride	25	450								53.1 Fischer.
	25	340								53 Hase.
	14	0.65					0.33 (w)	[0]	1.62	54 LeFevre.
1,4-Dioxane	25	340								53 Hase.
Benzene	23	430								49.1; 49.2 Fischer.
	25	340								53 Hase.
	30	3.15								56.2 Murty.
	20	3.65					.048 (m)	0	1.56	50.2 Whiffen.
		1.65					.063			
		1.11					.061			
		0.885					.04			
		.625					.045			
	19	3.26					.046 (m)	0	1.41	46.1 Whiffen.
		1.27					.063			
	18.5	3.25					.056 (m)	0	2.05	46 Cripwell.
		1.25					.053			
Cyclohexane	25	340								
	19	1.65					.064 (m)	0	1.47	53 Hase.
		0.885					.055			50.2 Whiffen.
		.625					.051			
1-Hexane	25	340								53 Hase.
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{ClO}$										
<i>Solvent:</i> o-Chlorophenol	25;42	454								54 Fischer.
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{F}$										
Fluorobenzene										
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene	14	9.65								54 LeFevre.
	30	3.15					.203 (w)	[0]	1.02	56.2 Murty.
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{I}$										
Iodobenzene										
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride	14	9.65								54 LeFevre.
1,4-Dioxane	25	340								53 Hase.
Benzene	25	340								53 Hase.
	30	3.15								56.2 Murty.
Cyclohexane	25	340								53 Hase.
1-Hexane	25	340								53 Hase.
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$										
Nitrobenzene										
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride	25;42	5.32								53.2 Fischer.
	25	340								53 Hase.

3.65	3.65	0	2.87	50.2	Whiffen.
1.41	1.41				
0.885	0.885				
.625	.625				
3.65	3.65	0	1.62	50.2	Whiffen.
1.41	1.41				
0.885	0.885				
.625	.625				
340	340				
430	430				
340	340				
48.5	48.5	0	2.18	53	Hase.
25.2	25.2				
9.09	9.09				
3.06	3.06				
1.23	1.23				
10.2	10.2	0	2.15	46	Jackson.
3.26	3.26				
1.25	1.25				
1.25 to 3.99	1.25 to 3.99				
3.65	3.65	0	2.41	55	Poley.
1.65	1.65				
0.885	0.885				
.625	.625				
3.26	3.26	0	2.17	50.2	Whiffen.
1.27	1.27				
3.25	3.25	0	2.45	46	Cripwell.
1.25	1.25				
9.65	9.65	0	2.07	54	LeFevre.
3.15	3.15	[0]			
340	340				
3.65	3.65	0	1.79	56.1	Murty.
1.65	1.65				
1.41	1.41				
0.885	0.885				
.625	.625				
340	340				
3.65	3.65	0	1.28	53	Hase.
1.65	1.65				
1.41	1.41				
0.885	0.885				
.625	.625				
340	340				
454	454				
25	25				
454	454				
25; 42	25; 42				
460	460				
430	430				
23	23				
430	430				
23	23				
430	430				

Carbon disulfide.....

1,4-Dioxane.....

Benzene.....

Cyclohexane.....

1-Hexane.....

1-Heptane.....

*o*-Nitrophenol

*Solvent:*

Carbon tetrachloride....

Phenol

*Solvent:*

Carbon tetrachloride....

Aniline

*Solvents:*

Carbon tetrachloride....

Benzene.....

1,4-Benzene diamine.....

*Solvent:*

Benzene.....

TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
<b>C<sub>6</sub>—Continued</b>										
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O Cyclohexanone	25	473						[0]	1.64	56 Dieringer.
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride	24.1	380						0	1.23	37 Holzmüller.
Benzene	19	3.26 1.27					0.165(cm) .251			46.1 Whiffen.
Cyclohexane	18.5	3.25 1.25					.215(cm) .220	0	1.98	46 Cripwell.
1-Hexane	25	473						[0]	0.83	56 Dieringer.
24.1	380									37 Holzmüller.
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Br Bromocyclohexane										
<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride	25	473						[0]	2.6	56 Dieringer.
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Cl Chlorocyclohexane										
<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride	25	473						[0]	2.0	56 Dieringer.
25	340									53 Hase.
1,4-Dioxane	25	340								53 Hase.
Benzene	25	340								53 Hase.
Cyclohexane	25	340								53 Hase.
1-Hexane	25	340								53 Hase.
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Nitrocyclohexane										
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride	25	473						[0]	2.73	56 Dieringer.
Cyclohexane	25	473						[0]	1.56	56 Dieringer.
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O 3,3-Dimethyl-2-Butanone (Pinacoln)										
<i>Solvents:</i> Benzene	24.1	380								37 Holzmüller.
1-Hexane	24.1	380								37 Holzmüller.
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>3</sub> Paraaldehyde										
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene	(22)	10; 25								50 LeFevre.
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O 1-Hexanol										
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
C <sub>7</sub> Benzonitrile	24	382								36 Martin.
C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N Benzonitrile										
<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride	25; 42 14	476 9.65						[0]	3.20	53.2 Fischer. 54 LeFevre.



C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O	Benzene..... Benzaldehyde <i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	23	430				49.1 Fischer.
C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	Salicylaldehyde <i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride.....	25	454				49.1 Fischer.
C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Cl	$\alpha$ -Chlorotoluene (benzyl chloride) <i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	23	430				49.1 Fischer.
C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>7</sub> I	<i>p</i> -Iodotoluene <i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride.....	25	340				53 Hase.
	1,4-Dioxane.....	25	340				53 Hase.
	Benzene.....	25	340				53 Hase.
	Cyclohexane.....	25	340				53 Hase.
	1-Hexane.....	25	340				53 Hase.
C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>7</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	<i>p</i> -Nitrotoluene <i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	22	9.65	2.31(w)	[0]	3.6	54 LeFevre.
C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	Toluene <i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride.....	22	9.65	0.015(w)	[0]	1.26	54 LeFevre.
	Toluene.....	19	3.26 1.27	.00175(m) .0024	0	1.38	46.1 Whiffen.
C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O	Methoxybenzene (Anisole) <i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride.....	25; 42	458				53.2 Fischer.
	Benzene.....	25	340				53 Hase.
	<i>o</i> -Cresol	23	430				49.1 Fischer.
C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride.....	25	454				54 Fischer.
	<i>o</i> -Methoxyphenol (Guaiacol) <i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride.....	25	447				54 Fischer.
C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>9</sub> N	Benzylamine <i>Solvents:</i> Benzene.....	23	430				49.1 Fischer.
	<i>o</i> -Toluidine <i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	23	430				49.1 Fischer.
	<i>m</i> -Toluidine <i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	23	430				49.1 Fischer.
	<i>p</i> -Toluidine <i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	23	430				49.1 Fischer.
	Benzene.....	23	430				49.1 Fischer.

TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
$C_7H_{14}O$										
C <sub>7</sub> —Continued										
4-Heptanone										
Solvent:	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
Benzene.....	24.1	380								37 Holzmüller.
2,4-Dimethyl-3-pentanone										
Solvent:	24.1	380								37 Holzmüller.
Benzene.....	24.1	380								37 Holzmüller.
1-Hexane.....										
Heptanal										
Solvent:	24.1	380								37 Holzmüller.
Benzene.....	24.1	380								37 Holzmüller.
1-Hexane.....										
1-Bromoheptane										
Solvent:	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
Benzene.....										
C <sub>8</sub>										
p-Xylene dihydromide										
Solvent:	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
Benzene.....										
p-Xylene dichloride										
Solvent:	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
Benzene.....										
Acetophenone										
Solvent:	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
Benzene.....										
Carbon tetrachloride....	25; 42	480								53.2 Fischer.
Benzene.....	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
Phenyl acetate	(30)	3.15								56.1 Murty.
C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub>										
Solvent:	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
Benzene.....										
Methyl benzoate										
Solvent:	20	3.65								50.2 Whiffen.
Benzene.....		1.65								
		1.41								
		0.885								
		.625								
	19	3.26								46.1 Whiffen.
		1.27								
	18.5	3.25								46 Crippwell.
		1.25								
	20	3.65								50.2 Whiffen.
		1.65								
		1.41								
		0.885								
		.625								
	20	3.65								50.2 Whiffen.
		1.65								
		1.41								
		0.885								
		.625								



TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
<b>C<sub>6</sub></b> —Continued										
1-Heptane—Continued										
Solvents—Continued										
1-Hexadecane	60	10.0 5.59 3.22 1.27	2.66 <sup>b</sup>	0.30	2.65 2.44 1.96 1.60	0.38 .53 .72 .73		0.16	1.39	
	20	5.59 3.22 1.27	1.50	.10	1.04 (x) 0.73 .35	.41 (x) .20 .27		.30	3.64	
	40	5.59 3.22 1.27	1.40	.10	1.00 0.78 .40	.36 .37 .33		.39	3.00	
	60	5.59 3.22 1.27	1.30	.10	.96 .79 .44	.32 .35 .36		.29	2.55	
C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>17</sub> Cl										49.1 Fischer.
1-Chlorooctane	23	430								
Solvent: Benzene										
C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O										49.1 Fischer. 36 Martin.
1-Octanol	23	430								
Solvent: Benzene	24	382								
Butyl ether										49.3 Fischer.
Solvent: Benzene	23									
C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N										49.3 Fischer.
Dibutylamine	23									
Solvent: Benzene										
<b>C<sub>9</sub></b>										
C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>2</sub>										49.1 Fischer. 50.2 Whiffen.
Ethyl benzoate	23	430						0	2.43	
Solvent: Benzene	20	3.65 1.65 0.885 .625					0.088(m) .085 .057 .046			
	19	3.26 1.27					.089(m) .078	0	2.26	46.1 Whiffen.
	18.5	3.25 1.25					.115(m) .077	0	3.32	46 Cripwell.
Cyclohexane	20	3.65 1.65 1.41 0.885 .625					.082(m) .074 .065 .053 .043	0	2.60	50.2 Whiffen.
C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>11</sub> Cl										49.1 Fischer.
3-Chloropropylbenzene	23	430								
Solvent: Benzene										

C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O	5-Nonanone	23	430							49.1	Fischer.		
	<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....												
C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Br	C <sub>10</sub>	12	9.65										
		23	430										
	1-Bromonaphthalene <i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride... Benzene..... 1-Heptane.....	20	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.35	.69	2.20(x) 1.78 0.90	.36(x) .85 .59						
		20	3.25 1.65 1.27 0.88 .60										
		-70	1.27										
		-60											
		-50											
		-40											
		-30											
		-20											
		-10											
0													
10													
20													
40													
60													
80													
C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Cl	2-Bromonaphthalene <i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride... 1-Chloronaphthalene... Benzene..... 1-Heptane.....	14	9.65										
		23	430										
	1-Chloronaphthalene <i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride... Benzene..... 1-Heptane.....	20	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.48	.65	2.42(x) 1.90 1.20	.38(x) .78 .71						
		40	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.31	.65	2.29 1.90 1.26	.28 .66 .71						
		60	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.13	.65	2.12 1.90 1.34	.22 .55 .71						
		2.5	10.0 3.22 1.27	1.98	.37	0.91(x) .55 .51	.44(x) .26 .17						
		20	10.0 3.22 1.27	1.88	.37	1.05 0.63 .53	.51 .32 .23						
		40	10.0 3.22 1.27	1.77	.37	1.19 0.71 .53	.50 .38 .26						
		60	10.0 3.22 1.27	1.65	.37	1.33 0.78 .55	.43 .43 .30						
		C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Br	C <sub>10</sub>	12	9.65								
				23	430								
1-Bromonaphthalene <i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride... Benzene..... 1-Heptane.....	20		10.0 3.22 1.27	2.35	.69	2.20(x) 1.78 0.90	.36(x) .85 .59						
	20		3.25 1.65 1.27 0.88 .60										
	-70		1.27										
	-60												
	-50												
	-40												
	-30												
	-20												
	-10												
0													
10													
20													
40													
60													
80													
C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Cl	2-Bromonaphthalene <i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride... 1-Chloronaphthalene... Benzene..... 1-Heptane.....	14	9.65										
		23	430										
	1-Chloronaphthalene <i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride... Benzene..... 1-Heptane.....	20	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.48	.65	2.42(x) 1.90 1.20	.38(x) .78 .71						
		40	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.31	.65	2.29 1.90 1.26	.28 .66 .71						
		60	10.0 3.22 1.27	2.13	.65	2.12 1.90 1.34	.22 .55 .71						
		2.5	10.0 3.22 1.27	1.98	.37	0.91(x) .55 .51	.44(x) .26 .17						
		20	10.0 3.22 1.27	1.88	.37	1.05 0.63 .53	.51 .32 .23						
		40	10.0 3.22 1.27	1.77	.37	1.19 0.71 .53	.50 .38 .26						
		60	10.0 3.22 1.27	1.65	.37	1.33 0.78 .55	.43 .43 .30						

TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	<i>t</i> (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{Cole}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
<b>C<sub>10</sub></b> —Continued										
2-Chloronaphthalene										
<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride...	12	9.65					0.50(w)	[0]	3.8	54 LeFevre.
1-Fluoronaphthalene										
<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride...	14	9.65					.30(w)	[0]	2.8	54 LeFevre.
2-Fluoronaphthalene										
<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride...	15	9.65					.40(w)	[0]	3.4	54 LeFevre.
1-Iodonaphthalene										
<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride...	12	9.65					.232(w)	[0]	4.4	54 LeFevre.
2-Iodonaphthalene										
<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride...	12	9.65					.30(w)	[0]	5.1	54 LeFevre.
<b>C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>7</sub>NO<sub>2</sub></b>										
1-Nitronaphthalene										
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride...	20	9.65					2.52(w)	[0]	3.6	54 LeFevre.
Benzenesol	15	9.65					1.28(w)	[0]	3.2	
<b>C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N</b>										
1-Naphthylamine										
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene...	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
<b>C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>13</sub>O<sub>2</sub></b>										
4-Allyl-1-hydroxy-2-methoxybenzene (Eugenol)										
<i>Solvent:</i> Carbon tetrachloride...	25	455								54 Fischer.
<b>C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O</b>										
Camphor										
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride...	20	3.34 1.65 1.84 0.885 .625					0.211(m) .235 .212 .178 .130	0	2.02	50.2 Whiffen.
Carbon disulfide	20	3.24 1.64 1.41 0.885 .625					.159(m) .228 .219 .202 .163	0	1.41	
Tetrachloroethylene	20	3.34 1.65 1.41 0.885 .625					.190(m) .219 .183 .159 .120	0	2.02	
Methyl cyclopentane	20	3.34 1.41 0.835 .625					.131(m) .245 .237 .198	0	1.09	

Benzene.....	20	3.34 1.65 1.41 0.885 .625							1.79		
Cyclohexane.....	15	9.65							1.83	54 LaFevre, 50.2 Whiffen,	
	20	3.65 1.65 1.41 0.885 .625							1.84		
	12	10.0								48 Whiffen.	
	25								0 <sup>a</sup> 1.39(10°) 1.17(30°) 1.00(50°) 0.85(70°)		
	37										
	51										
	66										
	10	3.3									
	32										
	46										
	64										
	10	1.3									
	29										
	46										
	62										
	21	5.59 3.22 1.27	9.70 <sup>d</sup>	0.21	3.66(x) 7.70 4.03	1.88(x) 3.29 3.53		0.14	1.72	50 Franklin.	
1-Heptane.....	20	3.26 1.65 1.27 0.88 .60							1.23	48 Whiffen.	
	-70	1.27									
	-60								4.71 3.96 3.30 2.92 2.54 2.26 2.07 1.70 1.51 1.32 1.06 0.91 .77	46.2 Whiffen.	
	-50										
	-40										
	-30										
	-20										
	-10										
	0										
	10										
	20										
	40										
	60										
	80										
C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>21</sub> Cl 1-Chlorodecane											
Solvent: Benzene.....	23	430								49.1 Fischer.	
C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>17</sub> O 1-Decanol											
Solvent: Carbon tetrachloride...	20 to 40	1.25 to 10.0								56.1 Rathmann.	
Nujols.....	20 to 60	1.25 to 10.0									
C <sub>11</sub>											
C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O 2-Undecanone											
Solvent: Benzene.....	24.1	380								37 Holzmdtler.	
1-Hexane	24.1	380								37 Holzmdtler.	

<sup>a</sup> Purified mineral oil.  
<sup>b</sup> From interpolated data.  
<sup>c</sup> Calculated from the dilute solution approximation of the Debye equation with  $\mu=3.00D$ .

TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon''}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \text{tan } \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
$C_{11}$ —Continued										
6-Undecanone										
<i>Solvents:</i> Benzene.....	24.1	380								37 Holz Müller.
1-Hexane.....	24.1	380								37 Holz Müller.
$C_{12}$										
4-Chlorobiphenyl										
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	22	9.65					0.26(w)	[0]	6.0	54 LeFevre.
Iodobiphenyl										
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride.....	25	340								53 Hase.
1,4-Dioxane.....	25	340								53 Hase.
Benzene.....	25	340								53 Hase.
Cyclohexane.....	25	340								53 Hase.
1-Hexane.....	25	340								53 Hase.
4-Nitrobiphenyl										
$C_{12}H_6N_2$										
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	22	9.65					1.97(w)	[0]	6.6	54 LeFevre.
Phenyl ether										
$C_{12}H_{10}O$										
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	23									49.3 Fischer.
Diphenylamine										
$C_{12}H_{11}N$										
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	23									49.3 Fischer.
4,4'-Diaminobiphenyl										
$C_{12}H_{12}N_2$										
<i>Solvent:</i> Benzene.....	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
1-Chlorododecane										
$C_{12}H_{25}Cl$										
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride.....	25	340								53 Hase.
1,4-Dioxane.....	25	340								53 Hase.
Benzene.....	23	430								49.1 Fischer.
Cyclohexane.....	25	340								53 Hase.
n-Hexane.....	25	340								53 Hase.
$C_{13}$										
Benzophenone										
$C_{13}H_{10}O$										
<i>Solvents:</i> Carbon tetrachloride.....	10	3.25					0.219(m)			56 Clark.
	20						.225			
	30						.217			



-10											
18		(1.2 to 34)									
44		(0.86 to 220)									
		(1.2 to 17)									
24.1	Benzene.....	380									
23		(450?)									
19		375									
		48.6									
		25.2									
		9.09									
		3.06									
		1.23									
19		3.26									
		1.27									
18.5		3.25									
		1.25									
20		1.65									
		1.41									
		0.885									
		.625									
19		1.22									
		0.80									
10		3.25									
15											
20											
25											
30											
18		(0.86 to 34)									
(30)		3.15									
20	Cyclohexane.....	3.65									
		1.65									
		1.44									
		0.885									
		.625									
24.1	1-Hexane.....	380									
18		(0.86 to 10)									
20	1-Heptane.....	10.0				7.09		0.90		6.60	
		3.22								4.7	
		1.25								2.06	
40		10.0				6.12		.90		6.30	
		3.22								5.2	
		1.25								2.47	
20	1-Heptane - benzene 50:50.....	10.0				10.9		1.1		9.67	
		3.22								6.3	
		1.25								2.65	
40		12.5				9.70		1.1		9.62	
		10.0								9.38	
		3.22								6.9	
		1.25								3.28	
23	$C_{14}H_{10}Cl_2O_2$ 1,8 - Dichloroanthraquinone Solvent: Benzene.....	430									
23	2,3 - Dichloroanthraquinone. Solvent: Benzene.....	430									

TABLE 5. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute nonaqueous solutions—Continued

Solution	$t$ (°C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_{\infty}$	$\left(\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}\right)_0$	$\frac{\Delta\epsilon'}{c}$	$\frac{\Delta \tan \delta}{c}$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References
<b>C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>2</sub></b>									
C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>2</sub>									
C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>2</sub> —Continued									
1-Chloroanthraquinone									
Solvent:									
Benzene	23	430							49.1 Fischer.
2-Chloroanthraquinone									
Solvent:									
Benzene	23	430							49.1 Fischer.
3,3'-Dimethyl-4-iodobiphenyl									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	25	340							53 Hase.
2,2'-Dimethyl-4-iodobiphenyl									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	25	340							53 Hase.
3,3'-Dimethoxy-4-iodobiphenyl									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	25	340							53 Hase.
3,3'-Dimethylbiphenyl									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	25	340							53 Hase.
2,2'-Dimethylbiphenyl									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	25	340							53 Hase.
4,4'-Dimethoxybiphenyl									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	25	340							53 Hase.
3,3'-Dimethoxybiphenyl									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	25	340							53 Hase.
<b>C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub></b>									
C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O <sub>2</sub>									
Bromotetradecane									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	20	10.0 3.22 1.27	4.20	0.0	2.68(x) 1.18 0.41	1.46(x) 1.27 0.80	0.20	6.7	52 Curtiss.
1-Heptane									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	40	10.0 3.22 1.27	3.76	.0	2.70 1.46 0.54	1.20 1.28 0.95	.19	4.7	
1-Heptane									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	60	10.0 3.22	3.34	.0	2.76 1.60	.98 1.18	.18	3.3	
1-Heptane									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	4	10.0 5.59	3.40	.59	2.62(x) 2.52	1.00(x) 0.92			
1-Heptane									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	20	10.0 5.59 3.22 1.27	3.22	.59	2.60 2.38 1.72 1.00	.83 .89 .96 .71	.18	4.1	
1-Heptane									
Solvent:									
Carbon tetrachloride	40	10.0 5.59 3.22	3.00	.59	2.55 2.28 1.82	.70 .76 .86	.18	3.1	

	Paraffin.....	60	10.0 5.59 3.22 1.27	2.79	.59	2.63 2.16 1.94 1.23	.65 .66 .76 .81	.19	2.4	
		4	3.22 1.27	1.60	.11	0.27(x) .22	.21(x) .12	.38	35	
		20	10.0 5.59 3.22 1.27	1.46	.11	.69 .61 .34 .25 .21	.36 .34 .25 .16	.36	19	
		40	10.0 5.59 3.22 1.27	1.32	.11	.66 .59 .32 .33 .20	.34 .32 .30 .21	.32	12	
		60	10.0 5.59 3.22 1.27	1.15	.11	.73 .68 .42 .20	.32 .35 .32 .24	.27	6.6	
		25	340							53 Hase.
		25	340							53 Hase.
		23	430							49.1 Fischer.
		23	430							49.1 Fischer.
		23	430							49.1 Fischer.
		24	382							36 Martin.
		20	(1 to 10)							52 Srivastava.
		25	340							53 Hase.
		25	340							53 Hase.
		25	340							53 Hase.

TABLE 6. Dielectric dispersion parameters and numerical data for dilute aqueous solutions

Solute	$t$ ( $^{\circ}$ C)	$\lambda$ (cm)	Concentration, moles per liter	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	$\epsilon_{\lambda=0}$	$\alpha_{\text{Cole}}$	$\lambda_c$ (cm)	References						
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_7\text{N}$ Ethyl amine.....	25	9.22	0.6	72.4	12.9	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.77	52 Haggis.						
		3.175		57.6	30.0											
		1.264		30.1	33.1											
		3.175	1.16	55.2	30.8	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.84							
		1.265		27.9	31.7											
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{N}_2$ Ethylenediamine.....	25	9.22	0.525	74.3	12.0	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.75							
		3.175		59.7	29.2											
		1.264		31.3	33.0											
		9.22		71.0	12.5					$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5					
		9.22	1.57	68.5	13.5	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	2.06							
		3.175		51.5	30.2											
		1.264		24.7	29.5											
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_8\text{O}$ 1-Propanol.....	25	9.22	0.33	72.6	12.5	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.69							
		3.175		61.3	29.3											
		1.264		31.6	33.3											
		9.22		.66	70.7					13.0	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.81		
					3.175						58.2	30.2				
					1.264						29.5	32.0				
		9.22	1.0	70.0	14.6	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.94							
		3.175		54.9	30.3											
		1.264		27.1	31.3											
2-Propanol.....	25	9.22	0.33	74.8	11.5	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.63							
					31.6					33.8						
		9.22		.66	72.3					11.0	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.73		
					1.264						28.9	32.3				
		1.264	1.0	26.2	30.7	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.85							
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{O}_2$ Propionic acid.....	25	9.22	0.5	73.3	12.7	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.66							
		3.175		59.1	28.5											
		1.264		31.4	33.3											
		9.22		1.0	69.4					13.4	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.77		
					3.175						55.4	28.5				
					1.264						28.9	31.4				
		9.22	1.5	65.7	13.0	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.91							
		3.175		51.4	28.7											
		1.264		26.4	29.6											
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_9\text{N}$ 1-Propylamine.....	25	1.264	0.33	31.8	33.7	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$										
			.66	28.8	31.6											
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$ 2-Methyl-2-propanol.....	25	9.22	.33	73.7	12.9	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.74							
		3.175		59.9	29.6											
		1.264		31.6	33.3											
		9.22		.66	71.6					14.6	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.90		
		3.175		55.1	30.1											
		9.22	1.0	69.9	15.3	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	2.06							
		3.175		50.4	30.2											
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{O}_4$ Glutaric acid.....	25	9.22	0.33	73.6	13.1	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.63							
		3.175		60.6	28.4											
		1.264		32.5	33.1											
		9.22		1.0	65.6					13.1	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.71		
		3.175		53.5	26.2											
		1.264		28.6	28.8											
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$ 1-Pentanone.....	25	9.22	0.17	75.2	10.6	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.62							
		3.175		62.2	29.0											
		1.264		33.2	35.0											
		9.22		.33	74.6					10.8	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.67		
		3.175		61.1	29.3											
		1.264		31.6	34.1											
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{O}$ Phenol.....	25	9.22	.25	74.6	11.5	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.62							
		3.175		61.3	28.2											
		1.264		32.1	33.6											
		9.22		.5	71.3					12.1	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.67		
		3.175		58.4	27.9											
		1.264		29.1	31.2											
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_7\text{N}$ Aniline.....	25	9.22	.125	75.5	10.3	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.58							
		3.175		62.9	28.4											
		1.264		33.6	35.2											
		9.22		.25	74.1					10.4	$\epsilon_{\lambda=\infty}$	5.5	0	1.61		
		3.175		61.9	28.3											
		1.264		32.5	34.2											

a Adjusted.

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## THE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

The scope of activities of the National Bureau of Standards at its headquarters in Washington, D. C., and its major laboratories in Boulder, Colorado, is suggested in the following listing of the divisions and sections engaged in technical work. In general, each section carries out specialized research, development, and engineering in the field indicated by its title. A brief description of the activities, and of the resultant publications, appears on the inside front cover.

### WASHINGTON, D. C.

**Electricity and Electronics.** Resistance and Reactance. Electron Devices. Electrical Instruments. Magnetic Measurements. Dielectrics. Engineering Electronics. Electronic Instrumentation. Electrochemistry.

**Optics and Metrology.** Photometry and Colorimetry. Optical Instruments. Photographic Technology. Length. Engineering Metrology.

**Heat.** Temperature Physics. Thermodynamics. Cryogenic Physics. Rheology. Engine Fuels. Free Radicals Research.

**Atomic and Radiation Physics.** Spectroscopy. Radiometry. Mass Spectrometry. Solid State Physics. Electron Physics. Atomic Physics. Neutron Physics. Radiation Physics. Radioactivity. X-rays. High Energy Radiation. Nucleonic Instrumentation. Radiological Equipment.

**Chemistry.** Organic Coatings. Surface Chemistry. Organic Chemistry. Analytical Chemistry. Inorganic Chemistry. Electrodeposition. Molecular Structure and Properties of Gases. Physical Chemistry. Thermochemistry. Spectrochemistry. Pure Substances.

**Mechanics.** Sound. Mechanical Instruments. Fluid Mechanics. Engineering Mechanics. Mass and Scale. Capacity, Density, and Fluid Meters. Combustion Controls.

**Organic and Fibrous Materials.** Rubber. Textiles. Paper. Leather. Testing and Specifications. Polymer Structure. Plastics. Dental Research.

**Metallurgy.** Thermal Metallurgy. Chemical Metallurgy. Mechanical Metallurgy. Corrosion. Metal Physics.

**Mineral Products.** Engineering Ceramics. Glass. Refractories. Enameled Metals. Concreting Materials. Constitution and Microstructure.

**Building Technology.** Structural Engineering. Fire Protection. Air Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration. Floor, Roof, and Wall Coverings. Codes and Safety Standards. Heat Transfer.

**Applied Mathematics.** Numerical Analysis. Computation. Statistical Engineering. Mathematical Physics.

**Data Processing Systems.** SEAC Engineering Group. Components and Techniques. Digital Circuitry. Digital Systems. Analog Systems. Application Engineering.

● Office of Basic Instrumentation

● Office of Weights and Measures

### BOULDER, COLORADO

**Cryogenic Engineering.** Cryogenic Equipment. Cryogenic Processes. Properties of Materials. Gas Liquefaction.

**Radio Propagation Physics.** Upper Atmosphere Research. Ionospheric Research. Regular Propagation Services. Sun-Earth Relationships. VHF Research.

**Radio Propagation Engineering.** Data Reduction Instrumentation. Modulation Systems. Navigation Systems. Radio Noise. Tropospheric Measurements. Tropospheric Analysis. Radio Systems Application Engineering. Radio Meteorology.

**Radio Standards.** High Frequency Electrical Standards. Radio Broadcast Service. High Frequency Impedance Standards. Electronic Calibration Center. Microwave Physics. Microwave Circuit Standards.

