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Nuclear Data

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS



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NUCLEAR DATA

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NUCLEAR DATA

A Collection of Experimental Values of Half-lives, Radiation Energies,
Relative Isotopic Abundances, Nuclear Moments, and Cross Sections

Compiled by
National Bureau of Standards Nuclear Data Group
Katharine Way, Marion Wood, Karin Thew
With the Help of Abstracts Prepared by Special Readers

[Issued April 25, 1951]



Supplement 1 (January to July 1950) to
National Bureau of Standards Circular 499

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The Bureau group, as before, owes a great deal to Bureau colleagues for their help and encouragement. They were assisted in particular by Millicent Scott Norloff and Lilla Fano, who worked on this supplement in its early stages and who are now with other Bureau groups.

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EXPLANATION OF SUPPLEMENT I

1. General Organization

The new data presented in Supplement I to *National Bureau of Standards Circular 499* are arranged in a way which will make possible easy incorporation into the big *Nuclear Data Table*. The printed pages are punched on the right hand side so that, if they are inserted between pages of the *Table*, the new information will be on a left hand page. It will thus lie just opposite the data of the *Table* which were printed on right hand pages only. Comparisons of new and old data without page turning will thus be possible in many cases. Unfortunately it was not possible, for reasons of economy, to spread the new material out so that there would be a one-to-one correspondence between the old and new pages. Those who make frequent use of the data may want to cut up the supplement and paste appropriate pieces on the blank pages opposite the pertinent pages of the big *Table*.

The new data are arranged in four columns. The first column on the left identifies the nucleus about which new information is given. In the style of the main *Table* the mass number is set in heavy type at the top, the charge number at the lower left, and the neutron number at the lower right. In cases of isomerism the half-life of the isomer in question is given just underneath the charge and neutron numbers. Since the half-life used in this column is for purposes of identification, the value given is the one which was placed first in the big *Table*. New (and possibly better) values of the half-life are listed in the second or data column.

In addition to new information about half-life values, the second column contains new data on radiations, moments, cross sections, etc. in the tabular style of *Circular 499*. A few new policies and categories of material covered are noted in the next section. Corrections to the main *Table* are indicated where errors have been noticed and data published in previous years which were unintentionally omitted have been included.

The third column has been used for comments, details of methods of production, or arguments for mass assignments. All statements in this column are condensations

of comments by experimenters with the exception of obvious cross reference guides and sentences in parentheses (). These last have been used occasionally to indicate remarks by the compilers to call attention to similarities, discrepancies, etc.

The fourth column contains the name of the senior author of the paper abstracted, the journal, volume, and page number. The year is given with the reference key (e.g. 50B7) in the second column. The references, with names of all authors, have all been collected in a list at the end of the table. Just preceding this list will be found a summary of the journals covered for this supplement. The intention was to survey all journals whose dates lay between January 1st and July 1st, 1950, but delay in receiving some of the foreign periodicals made it impossible to do this exactly.

In some cases data already listed in *Circular 499* from reports or other advance information were presented in more detailed form during the six month's period covered. To deal with such cases most economically a list was made of Additions to Old References which gives the old reference key used in the *Table* for the data in question followed by the newer and better reference.

2. Special Details

New Classes of Information Included. Several new types of data not tabulated in the main *Table* have been included in this supplement and will be reported in the later supplements, namely:

1. Nuclear scattering lengths
2. Packing fractions and mass differences
3. Notes on isotope shifts
4. Ranges of α particles in photographic emulsions
5. Information on nuclear reactions in the light elements, $Z \leq 20$

The last category is by far the largest. The data which come under it were omitted in *Circular 499* because of the compilation of W. F. Hornyak, T. Lauritsen, P. Morrison, and W. A. Fowler entitled *Energy Levels of Light Nuclei, III* and that of D. E. Alburger and E. M. Hafner on

Nuclear Energy Levels, Z-11 to 20, both of which appeared in the Reviews of Modern Physics for October 1950. This present supplement contains new data on light element nuclear reactions which appeared before July 1st and which were not included in the above compilations. It can therefore be used as a supplement to these excellent reviews. Some additional remarks on the low Z elements are made in the next two paragraphs.

Light Element Reactions. An attempt was made to follow the order and style of the compilation of Hornyak, et al., as much as possible. Studies of reactions leading to information about a product nucleus through Q values or γ -rays have been reported under the product in question. For instance, a study of the γ -rays accompanying the reaction $\text{Be}^9\text{-}\alpha\text{-n}$ is listed under C^{12} . Studies of reactions leading to information about the intermediate, compound nucleus are listed under the compound nucleus. The reaction in such cases is written with four members in order to make a differentiation, e.g. the notation $\text{C}^{12}\text{-d-p-C}^{13}$ indicates that information about N^{14} is being given. In the compilation of Hornyak, et al., cross sections are listed under the compound nucleus. The attempt to follow these compilers in this respect led to some difficulty since *Nuclear Data* gave neutron cross sections under the target nucleus. The rather unhappy compromise was decided upon of listing neutron cross sections in the previous manner and following Hornyak, et al., for charged particle cross sections.

Use of Mass Number as Superscript. In the main *Table*, a mass number as a superscript in listing reactions, e.g. $\text{Sb}^{123}\text{-n-}\gamma$, was used exclusively to denote the use of enriched material by the experimenter. In light particle reactions, however, a number of cases turn up in which the experimenter is fairly sure of the reacting isotope because of the energetics of the reaction or because of starting with a monoisotopic or nearly monoisotopic substance. In such cases it seemed to make the applications clearer if the superscript were used and accordingly this was done, e.g. $\text{N}^{15}\text{-p-}\alpha$, $\text{Na}^{23}\text{-d-p}$, $\text{C}^{12}\text{-p-pn}$.

Methods for Measuring γ Energies. In the main *Table* the measurement of γ -ray energies by means of a spectrometer through photo or Compton electrons was indicated by "s". If the experimenter definitely stated that energies of conversion electrons were measured, the designation was "sc". It now seems desirable to distinguish between different types of spectrometers and to state explicitly, where possible, whether measurements were made by means of conversion, photo, or Compton electrons. Accordingly the abbreviations "sl", " π ", and " $\pi\sqrt{2}$ " have been adopted to denote lens, semicircular, and double focusing spectrometers respectively, and the abbreviations "ce⁻", "pe⁻", and "Compt" to indicate conversion, photo, or Compton electrons.

Spin and Parity Assignments. It was the policy in the big *Table* to put spins on the disintegration schemes only when they had been measured directly. In the supplement, where only one paper is reported at a time, it seemed helpful and unambiguous to indicate the author's estimates of the spins and parities of the various levels.

Levels. An attempt was made in the main *Table* to record in the box for a given nucleus all the information about the levels of that nucleus which could be derived from the γ -rays accompanying the disintegration of any of its parents. In order to save space in the supplement, data on γ -rays have been listed only once, under the parent nuclei. It was felt that users of the *Table* would be warned of the existence of level information through the existing cross references and could easily make revisions of numbers where necessary.

Magnetic Moments. The policy in listing values of magnetic moments was to report them in such a way that they would be comparable with the values compiled by H. L. Poss which were used in the main *Table*. Poss calculated all magnetic moments without diamagnetic correction and took the value of the proton moment to be 2.7934 nuclear magnetons. In cases where frequencies have not been compared directly to the H^1 frequency, the following intermediate values have been used in calculating the μ values listed:

$$\nu(\text{Na}^{23})/\nu(\text{H}^1) = 0.26450 \quad 49\text{B7}$$

$$\nu(\text{D}^2)/\nu(\text{H}^1) = 0.307013 \quad 47\text{B29}$$

$$\nu(\text{B}^{11})/\nu(\text{H}^1) = 0.320827 \quad 49\text{A12}$$

The observed frequency ratios are given in all cases.

Methods of Production. An innovation in reporting reactions has been to give the lowest stated energy of the bombarding particle which produced the reaction. This has been placed just in front of the symbol for the incident particle. For instance Dy-10 Mev p-n means that the reaction Dy-p-n was found to take place with 10 Mev protons. It does not imply that a search was made for the threshold, merely that this was the lowest (possibly the only) energy used by the experimenter which led to the reaction in question.

Fission and Spallation. As in *Circular 499* information about fission and spallation processes has been omitted. This type of information includes identification of special products, yields of products, reaction cross sections, etc. It is planned to give a year's list of papers on such subjects in the next supplement.

3. New Abbreviations

b	coefficient in angular correlation function, $1 + b\cos^2\theta$.
$\text{Be}\gamma\text{n}$	measurement of γ -ray energy by observation of photo neutrons in Be. The neutron binding energy has been taken to be 1.87 Mev.
ce ⁻	conversion electron
Compt	Compton electron
$\text{D}\gamma\text{p}$, $\text{D}\gamma\text{n}$	measurement of γ -ray energy by observation of photo protons or photo neutrons in D. The deuteron binding energy has been taken to be 2.23 Mev.

f	packing fraction in units of 10^{-4} mass units
f	nuclear scattering length. Where possibility of confusion with the packing fraction occurs, a special note is made.
f	fission in abbreviations for methods of production or detection, such as Bi-f
Λ	order of transition. $\Lambda=1$ for electric dipole, 2 for electric quadrupole or magnetic dipole, etc.
ΔM	mass difference in mass units

μ	micron, 10^{-4} cm
pe ⁻	photo electron
sl	lens spectrometer
s π	180° spectrometer
s $\pi\sqrt{2}$	double focusing spectrometer
σ_{el}	elastic scattering cross section in barns
σ_s free	scattering cross section for free atom in barns. σ_s free = $[A^2/(A+1)^2]\sigma_s$ bound
σ_{in}	inelastic scattering cross section in barns. The energy loss is indicated.

Alphabetical Index to Elements

Element	Symbol	Z	Page	Element	Symbol	Z	Page
Actinium	Ac	89	47	Emanation (Radon)	Rn	86	47
Aluminum	Al	13	6	Erbium	Er	68	37
Americium	Am	95	49	Europium	Eu	63	33
Antimony	Sb	51	26	Fluorine	F	9	4
Argon	A	18	9	Francium	Fr	87	47
Arsenic	As	33	18	Gadolinium	Gd	64	34
Astatine	At	85	47	Gallium	Ga	31	17
Barium	Ba	56	29	Germanium	Ge	32	18
Berkelium	Bk	97	49	Gold	Au	79	42
Beryllium	Be	4	2	Hafnium	Hf	72	38
Bismuth	Bi	83	45,46	Helium	He	2	1
Boron	B	5	2	Holmium	Ho	67	36
Bromine	Br	35	19	Hydrogen	H	1	1
Cadmium	Cd	48	24	Indium	In	49	25
Calcium	Ca	20	9	Iodine	I	53	28
Californium	Cf	98	49	Iridium	Ir	77	41
Carbon	C	6	2,3	Iron	Fe	26	12
Cerium	Ce	58	30	Krypton	Kr	36	19
Cesium	Cs	55	29	Lanthanum	La	57	30
Chlorine	Cl	17	8	Lead	Pb	82	44,45
Chromium	Cr	24	11	Lithium	Li	3	2
Cobalt	Co	27	13	Lutetium	Lu	71	38
Copper	Cu	29	15,16				
Curium	Cm	96	49				
Dysprosium	Dy	66	35				

(continued on next page)

Alphabetical Index to Elements - continued

<i>Element</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Z</i>	<i>Page</i>	<i>Element</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Z</i>	<i>Page</i>
Magnesium -----	Mg	12	6	Samarium -----	Sm	62	32
Manganese -----	Mn	25	11, 12	Scandium -----	Sc	21	10
Mercury -----	Hg	80	43	Selenium -----	Se	34	18
Molybdenum -----	Mo	42	21	Silicon -----	Si	14	7
Neodymium -----	Nd	60	31	Silver -----	Ag	47	24
Neon -----	Ne	10	5	Sodium -----	Na	11	5
Neptunium -----	Np	93	49	Strontium -----	Sr	38	20
Neutron -----	n	0	-	Sulphur -----	S	16	7
Nickel -----	Ni	28	14	Tantalum -----	Ta	73	39
Niobium -----	Nb	41	21	Technetium -----	Tc	43	22
(Columbium)				Tellurium -----	Te	52	27
Nitrogen -----	N	7	3	Terbium -----	Tb	65	34, 35
Osmium -----	Os	76	40	Thallium -----	Tl	81	43
Oxygen -----	O	8	4	Thorium -----	Th	90	47, 48
Palladium -----	Pd	46	23	Thulium -----	Tm	69	37
Phosphorus -----	P	15	7	Tin -----	Sn	50	25
Platinum -----	Pt	78	42	Titanium -----	Ti	22	10
Plutonium -----	Pu	94	49	Uranium -----	U	92	48
Polonium -----	Po	84	46	Vanadium -----	V	23	10
Potassium -----	K	19	9	Wolfram -----	W	74	39
Praseodymium -----	Pr	59	31	(Tungsten)			
Promethium -----	Pm	61	32	Xenon -----	Xe	54	28
Protactinium -----	Pa	91	48	Ytterbium -----	Yb	70	38
Radium -----	Ra	88	47	Yttrium -----	Y	39	20
Radon (Emanation) -----	Rn	86	47	Zinc -----	Zn	30	17
Rhenium -----	Re	75	40	Zirconium -----	Zr	40	21
Rhodium -----	Rh	45	23				
Rubidium -----	Rb	37	20				
Ruthenium -----	Ru	44	23				

I HYDROGEN H

1-H
2-He

H	σ_s coh 1.76 $f = -3.75 \pm 0.03 \times 10^{-13}$ cm	50H3	From reflection at critical angle from liquid mirror.	D.J.Hughes, et al., PR 77, 291.
	σ_t (0.22-0.60 Mev) graph* σ_t (1.90-4.05 Mev) graph**	50B15	*C-d-n and **D-d-n sources. Paraffin and H ₂ O scatterers.	E.Bretscher, E.B.Martin, HPA 23, 15.
	σ_t (95 Mev) 0.073	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector.	J.DeJuren, N.Knable, PR 77, 806.
	σ_t (153 Mev) 0.047	50T9	Be-171 Mev p-n. Triple coincidence pc telescope.	A.E.Taylor, et al., Nature 165, 987.
1 1 0	μ Corrections to table	49G11 49T1	Factor of 10^{-3} omitted from values given in Bohr magnetons.	
2 1 1	I 1 I μ 0.857606 I	50L6	$\nu(H^2)/\nu(H^1)$ (D ₂ O; H ₂ O) = 0.1535059 ± 0.0000007.	E.C.Levinthal, PR 78, 204.
	μ 0.857615* I 0.857611** I	50L12	* $\nu(H^2)/\nu(H^1)$ (D ₂ O; paraffin oil) = 0.15350733 ± 0.00000025. ** $\nu(H^2)/\nu(H^1)$ (D ₂ O; H ₂ O) = 0.15350669 ± 0.00000025.	G.Lindström, PR 78, 817.
	q 0.00277	50N3	Used data of 40K10; re-calculated $\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2}$.	G.F.Newell, PR 78, 711 and 77, 141.
	σ_t (0.28-3.8 Mev) table for D ₂ O	50B15	C-d-n and D-d-n sources.	See H.
	σ_t (95 Mev) 0.104	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector	J.DeJuren, N.Knable, PR 77, 806.
	σ (2.65 Mev t,n)He ⁴ 0.41	50A18	t's from Li-n- α .	E.Almquist, Can. J. Res. 28A, 433.
3 1 2	β composite spectrum	50C14	Combined results of 49B22, 49C8, 49G7, 49H1 show allowed shape.	E.P.Cooper, F.T.Rogers, Jr., PR 77, 402.
	D-d-p Q=3.96	50I2	Based on Q=7.16 for Be-d- α .	D.R.Inglis, PR 78, 104.

2 HELIUM He

4 2 2	H ³ -p- γ yield Level: 21.6	50A8	Level from Breit-Wigner fit of yield data. Asymmetric γ 's with $E_\gamma > 17.5$.	H.V.Argo, et al., PR 78, 891.
	$\Delta M(D_2-He^4) = 256.04 \times 10^{-4}$ MU	50E5	Correction for small inhomogeneity in magnetic field.	H.Ewald, Z. Naturforsch. 5a, 1.

3 LITHIUM Li

3-Li 5-B
4-Be 6-C

Li	$\sigma(2.65 \text{ Mev } t, n)$	1.5	50A18	t's from Li-n- α .	E. Almquist, Can. J. Res. 28A, 433.
	Relative isotopic abundances		50H23	Abundances in LiI^+ .	R.F. Hibbs, Y-604.
	8 7.43% 7 92.57%				
8 3 5	$\text{Be}^9-\gamma-p$ σ threshold $\sim 18^*$		50T4	*Bethe's masses give 16.86. $E_\gamma \leq 24 \text{ Mev}$.	E.W. Titterton, Nature 165, 721.

4 BERYLLIUM Be

7 4 3	$[\lambda(\text{BeF}_2) - \lambda(\text{Be})] / \lambda(\text{Be}) = -1.7 \times 10^{-3}$		49L26		R.F. Leininger, et al., PR 76, 897.
	$[\lambda(\text{BeF}_2) - \lambda(\text{Be})] / \lambda(\text{Be}) = -1.0 \times 10^{-2}$		49B62		P. Benoist, et al., PR 76, 1000.
8 4 4	$\text{Be}^9-\gamma-p$ Broad level in $\text{Be}^8: \sim 3$		50T4	Histogram of α pair energies. Broad max. between 3 and 4 Mev.	E.W. Titterton, Nature 165, 721.
9 4 5	$\sigma_t(95 \text{ Mev})$	0.396	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector.	J. DeJuren, N. Knable, PR 77, 606.
	Be^9-p-p Level: 2.39		50R14		E.H. Rhoderick, Proc. Roy. Soc. A201, 348.
10 4 6	β^-	0.54	scin 50B5	Enriched sample.	P.R. Bell, J.M. Cassidy, PR 77, 301.
	Be^9-d-p $Q=4.68$		50I2	Based on $Q=7.16$ for Be-d- α .	D.R. Inglis, PR 78, 104.

5 BORON B

B	$\sigma_a(296^\circ) / \sigma_a(476^\circ) = 1.27$		49R14	Indicates 1/v absorber.	W. Ramm, Z. Naturforsch. 4a, 245.
10 5 5	I	3	Mic 50W3	q coupling of $\text{H}_3\text{B}^{10}\text{CO} = 3.4 \text{ Mc/sec}$.	M.T. Weiss, et al., PR 78, 202.

6 CARBON C

C	$\sigma_t(1-100 \text{ ev})$	4.8	50S29	Fast chopper.	W. Selove, et al., ANL-4397.
	$\sigma_t(20 \text{ kev})$	4.8	50M19	Li-p-n. Monotonic decrease	D.W. Miller, PR 78, 806.
	(1.4 Mev)	2.4		found from 20 kev-1.4 Mev.	
	$\sigma_t(0.22-4.05 \text{ Mev})$	table	50B15	C-d-n and D-d-n sources.	E. Bretscher, E.B. Martin, HPA 23, 15.
	$\sigma_t(0.6-2.0 \text{ Mev})$	graph	50F7	Li-p-n. Monotonic decrease.	G. Freier, et al., PR 78, 508.
	(2.5-4.9 Mev)	graph		D-d-n. Three maxima.	
	$\sigma_{in}(2.5 \text{ Mev})$	< 0.006	50B6	D-d-n. γ 's looked for.	L.E. Beghian, et al., PR 77, 286.
	$\sigma_t(95 \text{ Mev})$	0.498	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector.	J. DeJuren, N. Knable, PR 77, 606.
	σ_{in}	0.22		σ_{in} from poor geometry experiment.	
	$\sigma_t(153 \text{ Mev})$	0.330	50T9	Be-171 Mev p-n. Triple coincidence pc telescope.	A.E. Taylor, et al., Nature 165, 987.

(C continued on next page)

6 CARBON C (continued)

6-C
7-N

11 6 5	$C^{12}-p-d?$		50L15	Particle group of ~ 10 Mev observed. If d's, threshold = 16.7. $E_p = 31.5$.	C.Levinthal, et al., PR 78, 199
	$C^{12}-p-pn$ threshold = 18.5 ± 0.3	σ, f	50A14	$E_p = 0-350$ Mev. σ has peak of 82 mb at ~ 50 Mev.	L.Aamodt, et al., UCRL-526.
12 6 6	$Be^9-\alpha-n$ Max in E_n : 1.2?, 3.2, 4.8, 7.7		50W11	Consistent with levels in C^{12} at 2.5, 4.5, 7.1. Po α 's.	B.G.Whitmore, W.B.Baker, PR 78, 799.
	$Be^9-\alpha-n$ γ 's: 4.40, 7.2 (faint)		50P8	NaI scin pair spectrometer. No γ , 2-4 Mev. Po α 's.	R.W.Pringle, et al., PR 78, 827.
	$C^{12}-p-p$		50R14	No inelastic scattering for $E_p = 4.73$. Cellophane target.	E.H.Rhoderick, Proc. Roy. Soc., A201, 348.
	$N^{15}-p-\alpha$ $Q=4.96$		50F12	α 's compared to ThC α of range 4.798 cm.	J.M.Freeman, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 888.
13 6 7	Relative isotopic abundance $1.124 \pm 0.005\%$		50B14	From ratio 44/45, with highly purified CO_2 .	E.W.Becker, W.Vogell, Z.Naturforsch. 5a, 174.
14 6 8	τ	6360^y 5513	50M10	'With CO_2-CS_2 filled G-M counter. "With CO_2-CH_4 filled pc counter.	W.W.Miller, et al., PR 77, 714.
15 6 9	τ β^-	2.4^s 8.8	50H10	Produced by $C^{14}-2.8$ Mev d-p. Delayed γ ?	E.L.Hudspeth, et al., PR 77, 738.

7 NITROGEN N

N	σ_t (95 Mev)	0.570	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector.	J.DeJuren, N.Knable, PR 77, 606.
	σ_a (th n's)	0.1	50K6	Intensity of capture γ 's compared to intensity in Be.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 77, 723.
13 7 6	$C^{12}-p-pn-C^{11}$	σ, f	50A14	See C^{11} .	L.Aamodt, et al., UCRL-526.
14 7 7	μ	0.40368	50P8	$\nu(N^{14})/\nu(D^2)$ (HNO_3) $= 0.47070 \pm 0.00005$.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 77, 716
	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n, 2n) $10^{23}N$ for $E_n > 10.7$	1.9mb	50W12	L1-0.5 Mev d-n. E_n (max)=13.8.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
	$C^{12}-d-p-C^{13}$		50G11	p yield averaged over angle for $Q > -2.2$. $E_d = 14$.	H.E.Gove, et al., MIT Progress Report, April 1950.
15 7 8	Relative isotopic abundance N^{15}/N^{14} studied		50Y1	High ratio in radioactive minerals increases with age.	H.Yagoda, W.C.White, PR 78, 330(A).
	μ	-0.28301	50P8	$\nu(N^{15})/\nu(D^2)$ (NH_4OH) $= 0.86004 \pm 0.00004$.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 77, 716.
	$O^{18}-p-\alpha$ $Q=3.97$		50F12	α 's compared to ThC α of range 4.798 cm.	J.M.Freeman, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 888.

8 OXYGEN O

O	σ_t (0.26-0.65 Mev)	'graph	50B15	'C-d-n and "D-d-n sources.	E.Bretscher, E.B.Martin,
	σ_t (2.0-3.8 Mev)	"graph		H ₂ O and D ₂ O scatters used.	HPA 23, 15.
	σ_t (0.5-1.80 Mev)	'graph	50F7	'L1-p-n and "D-d-n sources.	G.Freier, et al., PR 78, 508.
	σ_t (2.5-4.8 Mev)	"graph		Resonances at 1.04, 1.33, 3.5 ?, 4.4.	
	σ_t (95 Mev)	0.663	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector.	J.DeJuren, N.Knable, PR 77, 606.
¹⁶ ₈ O	O ¹⁶ -p-p		50R14	No inelastic scattering for E _p = 4.73. Cellophane target.	E.H.Rhoderick, Proc. Roy. Soc. A201, 348.
	F ¹⁹ -p- α	Q=8.06	50F12	E _p = 0.840. α energies relative to α 's of L1-p- α (Q=17.28).	J.M.Freeman, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 668.
	F ¹⁹ -p- α	Q=8.068, 1.969	50S16	α energies relative to Po α as standard.	E.N.Strait, et al., PR 78, 337(A).
¹⁷ ₈ O	F ¹⁹ -d- α	Q=6.79, 6.03, 5.26, 2.81	50F13	Reaction distinguished from F-d-n-Ne ²⁰ \rightarrow O ¹⁶ + α reaction by observing ΔE_α with ΔE_d .	A.P.French, et al., Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 667.
	Ground state Q not studied				
¹⁸ ₈ O	Relative isotopic abundance	0.206 \pm 0.003%	50B14	Measured with very pure CO ₂ . Took account of all rare molecules.	E.W.Becker, W.Vogell, Z. Naturforsch. 5a, 174.

9 FLUORINE F

¹⁹ ₉ F	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,2n) 1.87 ^h F	0.0104	50W12	L1-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.6.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.	
	for E _n > 10.4					
	σ_{in} (2.5 Mev)	0.62	50B6	σ_{in} from intensity of 1.3 Mev γ 's (coincidence counters) and absolute n intensity (p recoil ic).	L.E.Beghian, et al., PR 77, 286.	
	F-n-n					
	Level: 1.3					
²⁰ ₉ F	β^-	5.03	s	50J4	*5.03 β^- linked with γ .	J.V.Jelley, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 538.
	γ_1	1.64	s, a		**Due to bremsstrahlung ?	
	γ_2	2.45	a		No lower energy γ with intensity \sim that of 1.64 γ .	
	$\gamma_1/\gamma_2=8$					
	$\beta\gamma$ coincidences*					
	$\gamma\gamma$ coincidences**					
	F ¹⁹ -d-p		50N8	*These levels may belong to O ¹⁶ -d-p reaction.	Y.A.Nemilov, L.I.Gedeonov, Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR 70, 219; NSA 4, #3525.	
	Levels: 1.08, 252*, 329*, 3.93*					
	F ¹⁹ -d-p		50S2	NO p groups from Q=4.4-6.4 with rel. int. > 0.05.	E.N.Strait, et al., MIT Prog. Rep., Jan. 1950.	
	Q=4.36, 3.70, 3.32, 3.06, 2.33					
	Levels: 0.66, 1.04, 1.30, 2.03					
	F ¹⁹ -n- γ		50K8	From capture γ energies.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.	
	Q=6.63					

10 NEON Ne

10-Ne
11-Na

20 10 10	F ¹⁹ -d-n Level: 9.7 for α emission	50F13	Reaction distinguished from F ¹⁹ -d- α reaction. See O ¹⁷ .	A.P.French, et al., Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 667.
	Na ²³ -p- α Q=2.35	50F12	E _p = 0.590. Magnetic analyzer calibrated with known α 's.	J.M.Freeman, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 668.
21 10 11	Ne ²⁰ -n- α Resonances at E _n =2.47, 2.96, 3.4?	50S25	E _n = 2.2-3.4.	C.P.Sikkema, Nature 165, 1016.
23 10 13	τ 40.2 ^s	50B28	Produced by Ne ²² -d-p. Ne ²² enriched to 96%.	50B28: H.Brown, V.Perez-Mendez PR 78, 812; 50P9: V.Perez-Mendez, H. Brown, PR 78, 812.
	β 7% 1.18 s π			
	93% 4.21 s π			
	γ ~ 2.8 a	50P9		

11 SODIUM Na

Na	Neutron scattering resonance E _o σ_o Γ 3000ev 550 ~ 170ev	50H9	From values obtained conclude I=2.	C.T.Hibdon, et al., PR 77, 730.
21 11 10	Ne ²⁰ -p- γ Resonance at E _p =1.165	47B18	This resonance is accompanied by the 20 ^s Na period.	K.J.Broström, et al., Nature 160, 498.
22 11 11	β^+ 0.542 s	50M6	Fermi plot linear to 0.025.	P.Macklin, et al., PR 78, 318(A)
	No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation	50S21		D.T.Stevenson, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 640(A).
	Ne ²¹ -p- γ Resonance at E _p =0.765	47B18		K.J.Broström, et al., Nature 160, 498.
23 11 12	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,p) 40.7 ^s Ne for E _n > 1 0.080 0.036 "0.001	50J3	'Li-0.75 Mev d-n. "B-0.75 Mev d-n. "Be-0.75 Mev d-n. Thick sample, corrected. n flux measured by U ²³⁸ fission; BF ₃ and H filled ic.	J.V.Jelley, E.B.Paul, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 112.
	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n, α) 12 ^s F for E _n > 1 0.119 0.095 "0.011			
	Ne ²² -p- γ ~ 20 resonance peaks for E _p =0.5-1.5	47B18		K.J.Broström, et al., Nature 160, 498.
24 11 13	τ 15.1 ^h	50C23	Ion exchange chemistry.	J.W.Cobble, private communication, June 1950.
	γ 2.755 s1;ce ⁻	50W2	Compared with Co ⁶⁰ 1.332 γ .	J.L.Wolfson, PR 78, 177.
	Crossover γ not found < 5x10 ⁻⁵ photons/disintegration	50B20	Consistent with assumption that 2.78 γ is emitted first.	G.R.Bishop, et al., PR 77, 416.
	No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation	50A15		R.A.Allen, H.Halban, Nature 164, 538.
	Na ²³ -d-p Levels: 0.71, 1.67	50N8	Protons detected by photo plate after traversing Al wedge.	Y.A.Nemilov, L.I.Gedeonov, Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR 70, 219, and NSA 4, #3525.
Na ²³ -d-p Q=4.77, 4.23, 3.45, 2.94, 2.22, 1.33, 0.96, 0.78, 0.50, 0.12	50W6	E _d = 2.0, 2.5, 3.0. Protons observed with pc. Ranges measured in air and Al.	W.D.Whitehead, N.P.Heydenburg, PR 78, 338(A).	

Mg	σ_{in} (2.5 Mev) 1.0 50B6 Mg-n-n Level: 1.35	σ_{in} from intensity of 1.35 Mev γ 's (coincidence counters) and absolute n intensity (p recoil).	L.E.Beghian, et al., PR 77, 268.
	Mg-p-p 50R14 Levels: 1.36, 1.82	σ for 1.36 level \sim 0.8 assuming isotropy.	E.H.Rhoderick, Proc. Roy. Soc. A201, 348.
24 12 12	Na ²³ -d-n 49M56 Q=9.23, 8.40, 7.99, 7.57, 5.07, 1.53, 0.59 Levels: 0.83, 1.24, 1.66, 4.16, 7.70, 8.64	$E_d=1.4$. Recoil p's detected by Ilford C ₂ plates.	C.E.Mandeville, PR 76, 436.
	Al ²⁷ -p- α 50F12 Q=1.58	$E_p=0.940$. Magnetic analyzer calibrated with known α 's.	J.M.Freeman, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 668.
25 12 13	Al ²⁷ -d- α 50F14 Q=6.62, 6.04, 5.68, 5.08, 4.75 Levels: 0.58, 0.94, 1.54, 1.87	$E_d=0.93$. Ionization chamber with air absorption cell.	A.P.French, P.B.Treacy, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 665.

13 ALUMINUM Al

Al	σ_t (84 Mev) 1.14 50B11 σ_{el} (84 Mev) 0.65 σ_{in} (84 Mev) 0.49	Be-190 Mev d-n. C-n-2n detection. σ_{el} from angular integration. σ_{in} from poor geometry experiment.	A.Bratenahl, et al., PR 77, 597.
	σ_t (95 Mev) 0.99 50D1 σ_{in} (95 Mev) 0.42	Be-190 Mev d-n. B1-f detector. σ_{in} from poor geometry exp.	J.DeJuren, N.Knable, PR 77, 606.
25 13 12	Mg ²⁴ -p- γ 50G1 Resonances at $E_p=0.222, 0.417$	Separated isotopes. β^+ detection with G-M counter.	T.Grottdal, et al., PR 77, 296.
26 13 13	Mg ²⁵ -d-n 50S17 Q=5.58, 3.58, 1.95, 0.45	$E_d=1.47$. Ilford C ₂ plates. Levels: 2.00, 3.63, 5.13.	C.P.Swann, et al., PR 78, 338(A).
27 13 14	σ (fast n, γ) ²⁶ Al 1-6mb 50H21 Resonances observed	L1-p-n. $E_n=0.15-0.70$.	R.L.Henkel, H.H.Barschall, PR 79, 218(A).
	Mg ²⁶ -d-n 50S30 Q to ground state = 5.68	$E_d=1.43$. Ilford C ₂ plates. Levels: 0.88, 1.92, 2.75, 3.65, 4.33, 5.32, 5.81.	C.P.Swann, C.E.Mandeville, PR 79, 240(A).
	Al ²⁷ -p-p 50L5 Spectrum of scattered p's continuous	$E_p=30.4$. Photo plate detection.	C.Levinthal, et al., PR 78, 199.
	Al ²⁷ -p-p 50R14 Levels: 0.80?, 0.97, 2.15	$E_p=4.57$. σ for 0.97 level \sim 0.12 assuming isotropy.	E.H.Rhoderick, Proc. Roy. Soc. A201, 348.
28 13 15	Al ²⁷ -n- γ 50K8 Q=7.72	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state predominant.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.
	Al ²⁷ -d-p 50W6 Q=5.72, 4.71, 4.35, 4.07, 3.49, 3.05, 2.69, 2.39, 2.08, 1.59, 0.94, 0.70, 0.40, 0.04.	$E_d=3.0$. Protons observed with argon filled pc. Ranges measured in air and Al.	W.D.Whitehead, N.P.Heydenburg, PR 78, 338(A).

14 SILICON Si

29 14 15	Si-n- γ Q=8.38	50K8	From capture γ energies.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.
30 14 16	Al ²⁷ - α -p Q=2.4, 0.0, -1.3, -2.6	50L10	py coincidence measurements.	H.H.Landon, PR 78, 338(A).
	Si-n- γ Q=11.00	50K8	From capture γ energies.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.

15 PHOSPHORUS P

32 15 17	β^- 1.718 s1 Bump at $\sim H_p=1000$	50A1	β shape constant over 5 half lives. No correction gives linear plot.	H.M.Agnew, PR 77, 655.
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16 SULPHUR S

S	σ_t (15-750 kev) Nine maxima observed	50P12		R.E.Peterson, et al., PR 79, 218(A).
	σ_{in} (2.5 Mev) 0.44 S-n-n Level: 2.35	50B6	σ_{in} from intensity of 2.35 Mev γ 's (coincidence counters) and absolute n intensity (p recoil ic).	L.E.Beghian, et al., PR 77, 286.
	Relative isotopic abundances	50H23		R.F.Hibbs, Y-604.
	32 95.00% 34 4.24 % 33 0.74% 36 0.017%			
	32 95.018% 34 4.215% 33 0.750% 36 0.017%	50M17	Meteoritic values. Constant for 10 different samples.	J.Macnamara, H.G.Thode, PR 78, 307.
	Marked variation in terrestrial S ³² /S ³⁴ ratio	49T20		H.G.Thode, et al., Can. J. Res. 27B, 361.
	No variation in S abundances in 4 meteoritic and 4 terrestrial samples	49T21		A.Trofimov, Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR 66, 181; NSA 4, #734.
33 16 17	S-n- γ Q=8.66	50K8	From capture γ energies. Assignment doubtful.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.
35 16 19	Fermi plot linear down to 6 kev	50G9	Used electrostatic spectrograph for low energies.	L.Gross, D.R.Hamilton, PR 78, 318(A).
	β^- 0.167 s π Fermi plot linear down to 4 kev	50L4		L.M.Langer, et al., PR 77, 798.

Cl	$\sigma_a(296^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ)=1.26$	49R14	Indicates $1/v$ absorber.	W.Ramm, Z. Naturforsch. 4a , 245.
	Neutron scattering resonance $E_0 \sim 73\text{ev}$	50H25		C.T.Hibdon, C.O.Muehlhause, PR 79 , 219(A).
	$\sigma_t(95\text{ Mev})$ 1.28	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector.	J.DeJuren, N.Knable PR 77 , 606.
	q coupling ratios $\text{TlCl}^{35}/\text{TlCl}^{37}$ 1.27 M	50Z3	Magnetic resonance.	H.Zeiger, et al., PR 78 , 340(A).
	$\text{RCl}^{35}/\text{RCl}^{37}$ 1.266	50D9	From resonances found with polycrystalline dichloroethylene in oscillator coil.	H.G.Dehmelt, H.Krüger, Naturwiss, 37 , 111.
	$\text{FCl}^{35}/\text{FCl}^{37}$ 1.270 Mic	49G25		D.A.Gilbert, et al., PR 76 , 1723.
	$\text{M}(\text{Cl}^{35})/\text{M}(\text{Cl}^{37})$ = 0.945978 ± 0.000004 Mic	49G25	Agrees well with mass ratio of Townes, et al., PR 73 , 1334 (1948).	See above.
³⁶ 17 19	Cl-n- γ Q= 8.56	50K8	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state weak.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78 , 481.
³⁷ 17 20	μ 0.6833 I	50P6	$\nu(\text{Cl}^{35})/\nu(\text{Cl}^{37})$ (HCl) = 1.2014 ± 0.0001 .	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 77 , 716.
³⁸ 17 21	Cl-n- γ Q= 6.11	50K8	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state weak.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78 , 481.
	τ 37.3^m	50C23	Ion exchange chemistry.	J.W.Cobble, private communication, June 1950.

18 ARGON A

36 18 18	$\sigma(\text{th n}, \gamma) 34.1^d \text{ A}$	6	50M5	2.6 kev X-rays counted in pc after decay of 1.78^d A . (σ corrected for abundance of A^{36} of 0.337%.)	G.E.McMurtrie, D.P.Crawford, PR 77, 840.
37 18 19	$\text{A}^{36}\text{-d-p}$ $Q=6.49, 5.05, 3.93, 2.95, 2.09, 1.86, 1.42, 0.64$		50Z2	Enrichment of 96% compared to 26% of 49D29. E_p measured with pc.	A.Zucker, W.W.Watson, PR 79, 241.
40 18 22	$f=-6.19 \pm 0.02$ $\Delta M(\text{Ca}^{40} - \text{A}^{40}) = 3.2 \pm 0.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ MU}$		50R11	From $\Delta f(\text{C}_3\text{H}_4 - \text{A}^{40})$.	T.R.Roberts, A.O.Nier, PR 79, 198(A).

19 POTASSIUM K

39 19 20	$\bar{\sigma}(\text{fast n}, 2n) 7.5^m \text{ K}$ for $E_n > 13.2$	~ 0.009	50W12	$\text{Li}-0.5 \text{ Mev d-n. } E_n(\text{max})=13.8.$	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
39, 41 19 20, 22	$g_{\text{I}}(\text{K}^{39})/g_{\text{I}}(\text{K}^{41})=1.8218$ $\Delta \nu(\text{K}^{39})/\Delta \nu(\text{K}^{41})=1.81788$		50O1	From h.f.s. studies of $J=1/2$, $\Delta m_{\text{I}}=+1$, $\Delta m_{\text{J}}=0$ transition.	S.A.Ochs, et al., PR 78, 184.
40 19 21	β 's /sec(gram of K)=30.5 E_{γ} /sec(gram of K)= 4.5		50S13	$\tau_{\beta}=13.2 \times 10^8 \text{ y}$. Internal Na standard.	F.W.Spiers, Nature 165, 356.
	β 's /sec(gram of K)=31 γ 's /sec(gram of K)= 3.6		50F9	Counters immersed in KCl solution. Na calibration.	W.R.Faust, PR 78, 624.
	β^- 1.36 s		50A7	K^{40} enriched to 7.13%; thin source. Spectral shape unallowed.	D.E.Alburger, PR 78, 629.
	$\tau_{\text{K}}=114 \times 10^8 \text{ y}$		50G19	From measurement of ratio of A to K in several minerals.	E.K.Gerling, et al., Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR 68, 553; NSA 4, #1824.
	K-n- γ Q=7.76		50K8	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state weak.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.
41 19 22	$\text{A}^{40}\text{-d-n}$ $Q=6.0, 4.6, 2.9, 1.6$ Levels 1.4, 3.1, 4.4		50W7	E_n measured by coincidence absorption of p recoils.	D.C.Worth, PR 78, 378.
42 19 23	K-n- γ Q=7.39		50K8	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state weak.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.

20 CALCIUM Ca

40 20 20	$\sigma_{\text{s coh}} 3.0$ $f^* = 0.49 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}$		50S24	Neutron diffraction studies. * Nuclear scattering length.	C.G.Shull, et al., ORNL-694, 34.
	$f^{**} = -6.11$ $\Delta M(\text{Ca}^{40} - \text{A}^{40}) = 3.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ MU}$		50R11	From $\Delta f(\text{C}_3\text{H}_4 - \text{Ca}^{40})$. ** Packing fraction.	T.R.Roberts, A.O.Nier, PR 79, 198(A).
44 20 24	$\sigma_{\text{s coh}} 0.4$ $f^* = 0.18 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}$		50S24	Neutron diffraction studies. * Nuclear scattering length.	See Ca^{40} .

21 SCANDIUM Sc

Sc	Relative isotopic abundances 41 < 0.001 % 46 < 0.002% 42, 43, 48, 49 < 0.0002% 44 < 0.0005% 47 < 0.01 %	50L3	Ms with electron multiplier for high sensitivity. Oxygen isotopes interfere with measurements of 46 and 47.	W.T.Leland, PR 77, 634.
44 21 23 2.44 ^d 3.96 ^h	τ 2.4 ^d γ 0.271 $s\pi; ce^-, pe^-$	50B52	Produced by K ⁴¹ -17 Mev α -n, chem.	J.A.Bruner, L.M.Langer, PR 79, 606. These results supersede those of J.A.Bruner, L.M.Langer, PR 79, 236(A). 50B35.
	τ 4.0 ^h β^+ 1.463 $s\pi$ γ 1.16 $s\pi; ce^-, pe^-$ $\beta^+/\gamma \sim 1/2$	50B52	$\beta\gamma$ coincidence rate indicates one β^+ . 2 nd β^+ of 50B35 now attributed to Sc ⁴³ . Fermi plot of 1.463 β^+ straight.	
45 21 24	μ 4.7494 I	50P5	$\nu(Sc^{45})/\nu(Na^{23})$ (Sc ₂ O ₃) = 0.9183 ± 0.0001.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 78, 471.
	μ 4.7504 I	50H15	$\nu(Sc^{45})/\nu(H^1)$ (ScCl ₃) = 0.242939 ± 0.000003	D.M.Hunten, PR 78, 806.
	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,2n)2.4 ^d and 3.9 ^h Sc ⁴⁴ for E _n > 9.2 0.039	50W12	Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
46 21 25	$\gamma\gamma$ polarization direction correlation observed	50M18	Results indicate two successive electric quadrupole transitions.	F.Metzger, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 551.
	$\gamma\gamma$ angular correlation scin No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation	50N5	b=0.13±0.04 indicating I=4,2,0	T.B.Novey, PR 78, 66.
	$\gamma\gamma$ delayed coincidences $\tau=13\mu s$	50N7	No delay found with Co ⁶⁰ .	B.D.Nag, et al., Nature 164, 1001.

22 TITANIUM Ti

45 22 23	Ti- γ -n threshold=13.3	50O2	From comparison with Cu ⁶³ threshold of 10.85 Mev.	W.E.Ogle, R.E.England, PR 78, 63.
46 22 24	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,2n)3.08 ^h Ti for E _n > 10 0.053	50W12	Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.

23 VANADIUM V

v	Neutron scattering resonance E ₀ σ_0 Γ ~ 2700ev ~ 420 ~ 780ev	50H25	Resonance scattering integral = 192 b. From Breit-Wigner formula, $\sigma_s=5.0, \sigma_s \text{coh}=0.03.$	M.Hamermesh, C.O.Muehlhause, PR 78, 175.
50 23 27	Relative isotopic abundance 0.28%	50H23		R.F.Hibbs, Y-604.
52 23 29	V-n- γ Q=7.30	50K8	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state weak.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., 78, 481.

49 24 25	Cr- γ -n threshold=13.4	5002	From comparison with Cu ⁶³ threshold of 10.85 Mev.	W.E.Ogle, R.E.England, PR 78, 63.
50 24 26	f=-7.96	50D5	From $\Delta f(C_2H-Cr^{50})=14.30$ and $f(C_2H)=6.336$.	H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 479.
52 24 28	f=-8.25	50D5	From $\Delta f(C_2H_2-Cr^{52})=17.47$ and $f(C_2H_2)=9.218$.	See above.
55 24 31	No 2 ^h activity observed	50M20	Reaction: Mn-16 Mev n-p, chem. If $\tau \sim 2^h$, $\sigma < 5 \times 10^{-5}$. If $\sigma > 10^{-2}$, $\tau < 15^m$ or $> 100^d$.	D.R.Miller, PR 78, 808.
	No 2 ^h activity observed	50N2	Reaction: Cr ⁵⁴ -d-p and Fe ⁵⁸ -n- α .	M.E.Nelson, M.L.Pool, PR 77, 682.

25 MANGANESE Mn

Mn	σ_s coh > 1.9 σ_s bound 1.87 σ_s free 1.80 σ_a (0.025ev) 13.5	50B12	σ 's from analysis of graphs for σ_t : $\sigma_t = 1.80 + 2.14/E_t^{1/2}$ $E = 10^{-2} - 10$ ev. $\sigma_t = 2.14/E_t^{1/2}$; $E_n = (2-4) \times 10^{-3}$ ev. Scattering length negative. See N1.	P.J.Bendt, I.W.Ruderman, PR 77, 575.																								
	$\sigma_a(296^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ) = 1.27$	49R14	Indicates 1/v absorber.	W.Ramm, Z. Naturforsch. 4a, 245.																								
	$E_o \sim 3000$ ev	50H9	Mn, Na resonances overlap.	C.T.Hibdon, et al., PR 77, 730.																								
51 25 26	τ 44.3 ^m p 26 ^d Cr	50B32	Produced by Cr-d-n.	W.H.Burgus, J.W.Kennedy, J. Chem. Phys. 18, 97.																								
54 25 29	Produced by Fe-pile n's ?	50A4	Found in spectroscopically pure Fe after Oak Ridge irradiation	T.Alper, L.duPreez, Nature 165, 689.																								
55 25 30	μ 3.4622 I	50P6	$\nu(Mn^{55})/\nu(Na^{23})$ (LiMnO ₄) = 0.9372 \pm 0.0001.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 77, 716.																								
	μ 3.4656 I	50C7	$\nu(Mn^{55})/\nu(H^1)$ [Ca(MnO ₄) ₂] = 0.24813 \pm 0.00014	W.H.Chambers, et al., PR 78, 640(A).																								
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>σ_t</th> <th>E_n</th> <th>Scatterer</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3.47</td> <td>7.7ev</td> <td>Hf^{even}</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.41</td> <td>10.0</td> <td>Sm¹⁵²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.38</td> <td>~ 15</td> <td>W¹⁸⁶</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.17</td> <td>115</td> <td>Co⁵⁹</td> </tr> <tr> <td>~ 17</td> <td>480</td> <td>Zn⁶⁷</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.15</td> <td>2400</td> <td>Cr⁵³</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.55</td> <td>~ 3500</td> <td>Na²³</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	σ_t	E_n	Scatterer	3.47	7.7ev	Hf ^{even}	3.41	10.0	Sm ¹⁵²	3.38	~ 15	W ¹⁸⁶	6.17	115	Co ⁵⁹	~ 17	480	Zn ⁶⁷	4.15	2400	Cr ⁵³	3.55	~ 3500	Na ²³	50M28	σ_t measured for neutrons selected by resonance scat- terers.	C.O.Muehlhause, AECU-659; NSA 4, #1515.
σ_t	E_n	Scatterer																										
3.47	7.7ev	Hf ^{even}																										
3.41	10.0	Sm ¹⁵²																										
3.38	~ 15	W ¹⁸⁶																										
6.17	115	Co ⁵⁹																										
~ 17	480	Zn ⁶⁷																										
4.15	2400	Cr ⁵³																										
3.55	~ 3500	Na ²³																										

(Mn continued on next page)

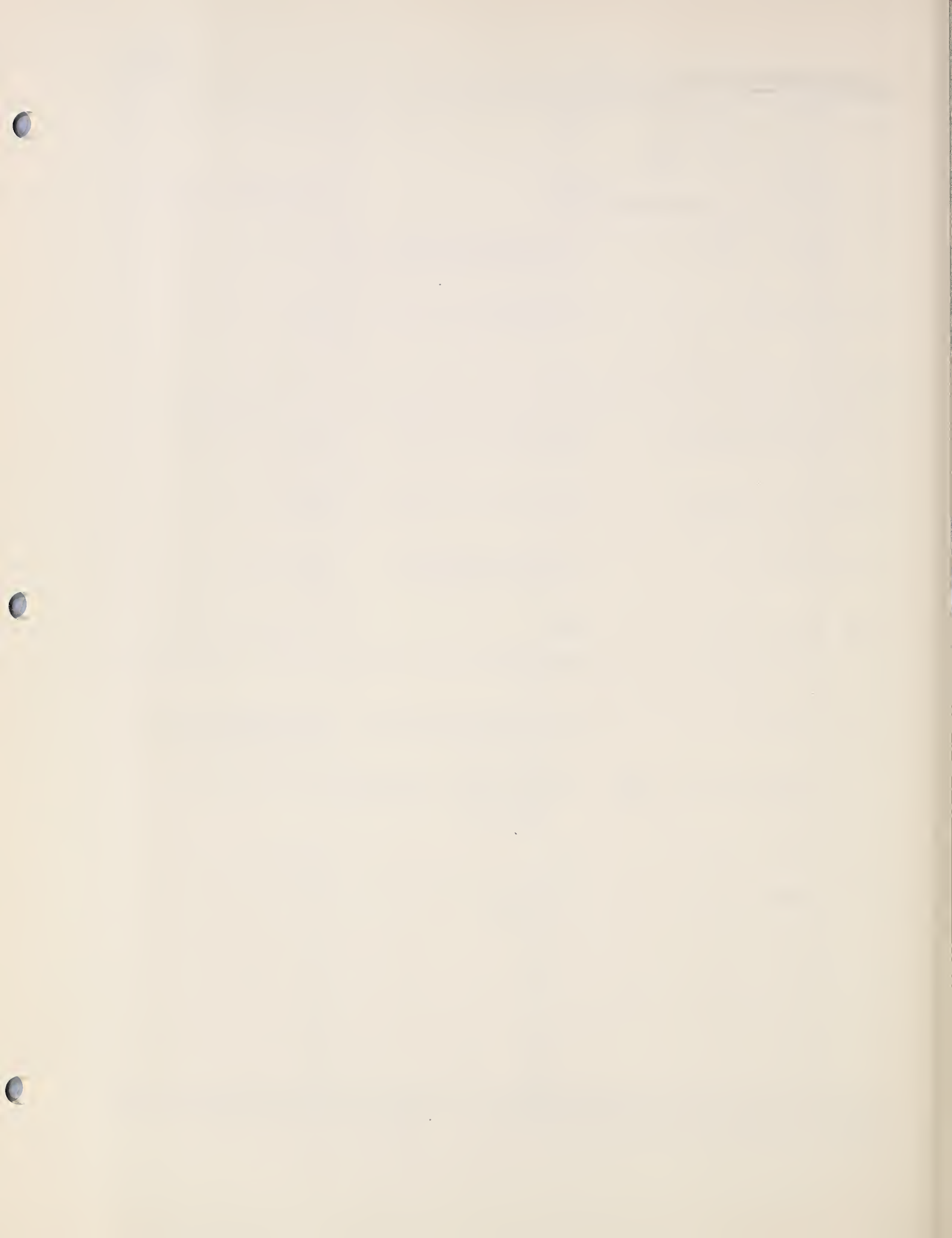
25 MANGANESE Mn (continued)

25-Mn
26-Fe

56 25 31	τ	2.586 ^h	50B20		G.R.Bishop, et al., PR 77, 416.
	γ	0.1% 0.2%	2.7 3.0	Dyp Dyp	
	Mn-d-p		50W8		W.D.Whitehead, N.P.Heydenburg, PR 78, 338(A).
		Q=5.01, 3.47, 3.13, 2.85, 0.48, 0.13, -0.19			
	Mn-n- γ	Q=7.25	50K8	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state predominant.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.
57 25 32	No activity		50N2	From Fe ⁵⁷ -fast n and Cr ⁵⁴ -20 Mev α .	M.E.Nelson, M.L.Pool, PR 77, 682.

26 IRON Fe

Fe	$\sigma_a(298^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ)=1.27$		49R14	Indicates 1/v absorber.	W.Ramm, Z. Naturforsch. 4a, 245.
53 26 27	β^+ γ ? weak if present	2.8 a	50N2	Produced by Cr ⁵⁰ -20 Mev α -n.	M.E.Nelson, M.L.Pool, PR 77, 682.
54 26 28	f=-8.03		50D5	From $\Delta f(C_2H_3-Fe^{54})=19.91$ and $f(C_2H_3)=11.887$.	H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 479.
55 26 29	Fe ⁵⁴ -d-p	Q=7.1	50H13		J.A.Harvey, PR 78, 345(A).
	Fe ⁵⁴ ?-n- γ	Q=9.28	50K8	Assigned to Fe ⁵⁴ . Natural Fe used.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.
56 26 30	f=-8.52		50D8	From $\Delta f(Si^{28}-Fe^{56})=3.32$ and $f(Si^{28})=-5.20$.	H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 386 and 78, 330(A).
	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,p) 2.6 ^h Mn for $E_n > 6$	¹ 0.094 _n 0.072	50W12	¹ Li-0.5 Mev d-n. $E_n(\max)=13.8$. ² B -0.5 Mev d-n. $E_n(\max)=13$. Barrier=6.8.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
57 26 31	Fe ⁵⁶ -d-p	Q=5.4	50H13		See Fe ⁵⁵ .
	Fe ⁵⁶ ?-n- γ	Q=7.63	50K8	Assigned to Fe ⁵⁶ . Natural Fe used.	See Fe ⁵⁵ .

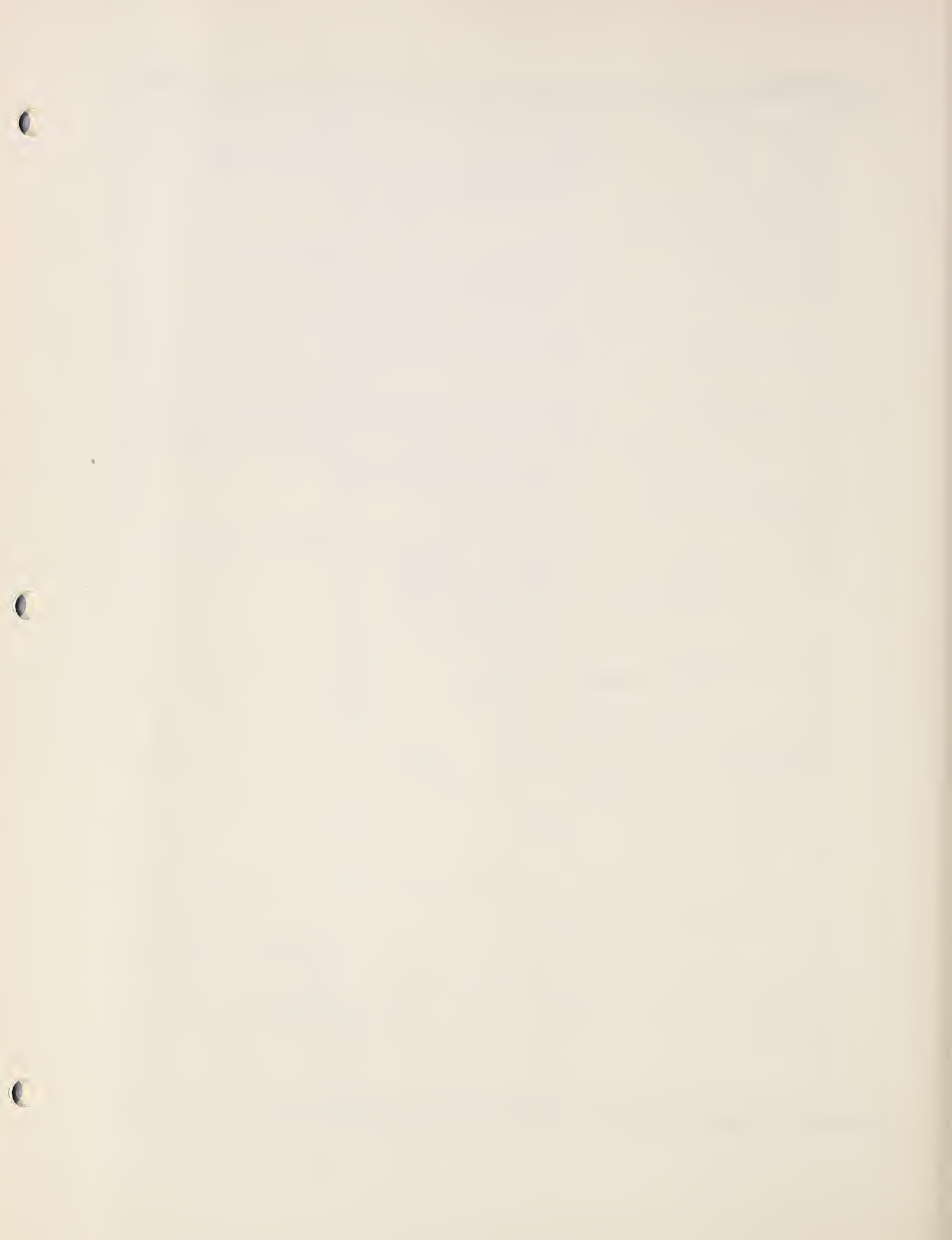


Co	σ_s coh	1.0	50S24	Neutron diffraction studies. Reflected n's highly polarized.	C.G.Shull, et al., ORNL-694,34.
	$\sigma(296^\circ)/\sigma(476^\circ)=1.27$		49R14	Indicates 1/v absorber.	W.Ramm, Z. Naturforsch. 4a, 245.
58 27 31 9.3 ^h	τ	8.8 ^h	50S22	8.8 ^h and 72 ^d isomers produced by: Mn-17 Mev α , Ni-18 Mevd, Ni-fast n, Co-18 Mev d, Co-fast n; chem.	K.Strauch, UCRL-659; PR 79, 487.
	γ	0.025 s1;ce ⁻ K/L=1.9			
	For Mn-17 Mev α reaction: $\sigma(\alpha,n)8.8^h\text{Co}/\sigma(\alpha,n)72^d\text{Co}=1.7$				
72 ^d	γ	0.805 s1;ce ⁻ $\alpha_k=2.5 \times 10^{-4}$	50S22		See above.
59 27 32	μ	4.6397 I	50P8	$\nu(\text{Co}^{59})/\nu(\text{Na}^{23})$ [$\text{K}_3\text{Co}(\text{CN})_6$] = 0.89709 \pm 0.00009 High μ puts odd p in f _{7/2} orbit.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 77, 716.
60 27 33 10.7 ^m	γ	0.0589 s π ,ce ⁻ K/L=3.5	50C10	Relative intensities from photographic plate.	R.L.Caldwell, ANL-4408 and PR 78, 407.
5.2 ^y	τ	5.1 ^y \pm 0.1	50B39		A.R.Brosi and B.H.Ketelle, private communication.
	γ_2	1.175 s1;ce ⁻	49A16		D.E.Alburger, PR 76, 435.
	γ_3	1.332 s1;ce ⁻			
	β_2	0.319 s1	50W9	Theoretical values of Rose for α_k 's for electric quadrupole are 1.55×10^{-4} and 1.18×10^{-4} respectively.	M.A.Waggoner, et al., PR 78, 295 and 79, 236(A).
	γ_2	$\alpha=1.73 \times 10^{-4}$			
	γ_3	$\alpha=1.29 \times 10^{-4}$			
	γ_2	1.174 s1;ce ⁻ $\alpha=2.32 \times 10^{-4}$	50D2	See above.	M.Deutsch, K.Siegbahn, Arkiv för Fysik 2, 9 and PR 77, 680.
	γ_3	1.338 s1;ce ⁻ $\alpha=1.83 \times 10^{-4}$			
	No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation		50A15		R.A.Allen, H.Halban, Nature 164, 538.
	No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation		50S21		D.T.Stevenson, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 640.
	No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation		50N5		T.B.Novey, PR 78, 66.
	No parity change in I=4,2,0 levels		50W10	$\gamma\gamma$ polarization direction correlation.	A.H.Williams, M.L.Wiedenbeck, PR 78, 822.
	No parity change in I=4,2,0 levels		50M18	$\gamma\gamma$ polarization direction correlation.	F.Metzger, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 551.
	No delayed $\beta\beta$, $\beta\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences, (0.005-1) μ s		50D6		M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.
	Co-d-p Q=5.19, 4.80, 4.38, 3.91, 3.46, 3.02, 2.39		50B40		W.O.Bateson, E.Pollard, PR 79, 241(A).
	Co-n- γ Q=7.73		50K8	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state weak.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.

Ni	σ_s coh $f=1.03 \times 10^{-12}$ cm*	13.5		50S24	Neutron diffraction studies. *Nuclear scattering amplitude.	C.G.Shull, et al., ORNL-694, 34.
	σ_s coh σ_s bound σ_s free σ_a (0.025ev)	> 13.9 18.0 17.4 5.0		50B12	From analysis of graphs for σ_t $\sigma_t = 17.4 + 0.79/E_n^{1/2}$, $E_n > 0.08$ ev $\sigma_t = 4.1 + 0.79/E_n^{1/2}$, $E_n = 0.002 - 0.005$ ev.	P.J.Bendt, I.W.Ruderman, PR 77, 575.
57 28 29	τ β^+ 50% γ e^- 1% of β^+ Co K X-ray	36.4 ^h 0.845 1.9 0.114	sl a,scin, γ n sl pc	50F10	Produced by Fe-30 Mev α ; chem. 2 γ 's in cascade, but not following β^+ . Only part of hard γ 's in coincidence with β^+ . β^+/K X-ray=1.0.	G.Friedlander, et al., BNL-51 (S-5), 46.
58 28 30	σ_s coh $f=1.48 \times 10^{-12}$ cm*	27.6		50S24	Neutron diffraction studies. *Nuclear scattering amplitude.	C.G.Shull, et al., ORNL-694, 34.
	$f=-8.09$			50D8	From $\Delta f(Si^{29}-Ni^{58})=3.07$ and $f(Si^{29})=-5.02$.	H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 386.
59 28 31	Ni^{58} -d-p Ni -n- γ	Q=6.8 Q=9.01		50H13 50K8	Value is for ground state. From capture γ energies. γ to ground state predominant.	J.A.Harvey, PR 78, 345(A). B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.
59,63 28 31,35	γ 100%* 17%* 17%* 17%* > 500 keV a	8 keV a 15 keV a 38 keV a 80 keV a	a a a a	50T5	Produced by Ni-n- γ , chem. Continuous β spectrum not found. *Relative to 8 keV γ .	D.G.Thomas, J.D.Kurbatov, PR 77, 151.
60 28 32	σ_s coh $f=0.28 \times 10^{-12}$ cm*	0.97		50S24	Neutron diffraction studies. *Nuclear scattering amplitude.	C.G.Shull et al., ORNL-694, 34.
	$f=-8.54$			50D8	From $\Delta f(Si^{30}-Ni^{60})=2.90$ and $f(Si^{30})=-5.64$.	H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 386.
61 28 33	Ni -n- γ	Q=8.55		50K8	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state predominant.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.
62 28 34	σ_s coh $f=-0.85 \times 10^{-12}$ cm*	9.1		50S24	Neutron diffraction studies. *Nuclear scattering amplitude.	C.G.Shull, et al., ORNL-694, 34.

Cu	$\sigma_a(296^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ)=1.26$	49R14	Indicates 1/v absorber.	W.Ramm, Z. Naturforsch, 4a, 245.
	σ_s coh > 6.6 σ_s bound 8.5 σ_s free 8.2 $\sigma_a(0.025\text{ev})$ 3.4 f positive (from Cu-Ni alloy)	50B12	σ 's from analysis of graphs for σ_t . $\sigma_t=8.2+0.54/E^{\frac{1}{2}}$; $E_n=0.06-10$ ev. $\sigma_t=1.9+0.54/E^{\frac{1}{2}}$; $E_n=0.002-0.004$ ev.	P.J.Bendt, I.W.Ruderman, PR 77, 575.
	$\sigma_t(84\text{ Mev})$ 2.15 $\sigma_{el}(84\text{ Mev})$ 1.37 $\sigma_{in}(84\text{ Mev})$ 0.83	50B11	Be-190 Mev d-n. C-n-2n detector. σ_{el} from angular integration, σ_{in} from poor geometry experiment.	A.Bratenahl, et al., PR 77, 597.
	$\sigma_t(95\text{ Mev})$ 2.00 $\sigma_{in}(95\text{ Mev})$ 0.78	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector. σ_{in} from poor geom. experiment.	J.DeJuren, N.Knable, PR 77, 606.
61 29 32	K X-rays/ $\beta^+=0.38\pm 0.08$	50B34	Previous result of 0.55(49B16) now corrected to 0.45 \pm 0.06.	R.Bouchez, et al, J. de phys. et rad. 11, 105.
	γ 5%* 0.070 $s\pi, s1; ce^-$ K/L = 10 7%* 0.279 $s1; pe^-$ 12%* 0.652 $s1; pe^-$ No harder γ	50B4	Produced by Ni-p-n, chem. *% of β^+ from comparison with annihilation γ . α_k for 0.07 γ assumed to be 0.10.	F.Boehm, et al. PR 77, 295.
	β^+ 4% 0.550 $s\pi$ 96% 1.205 $s\pi$ γ 0.93%* 0.076 $s\pi; ce^-$ 4.5%* 0.284 $s\pi; ce^-, pe^-$ 25%* 0.655 $s\pi; ce^-, pe^-$	5003	Produced by Ni-d-n, 2n; chem. Sources of $\sim 10^{-2}$ mg/cm ² . *% of β^+ . K capture %'s calculated for allowed transitions. Decay scheme gives $K/\beta^+=0.55$.	G.E.Owen, et al., PR 78, 686.
	<p>Proposed decay scheme:</p>			
	Negligible amount of Cu^{64} found in Cu^{61} made from Ni-d.	50C5	From study of Auger electrons.	C.S.Cook, C.H.Chang, PR 78, 171.
62 29 33	$Cu^{63}-\gamma-n$ threshold = 10.8	50M11	N^{14} and F^{19} $\gamma-n$ thresholds taken as 10.54 and 10.40.	J.McElhinney, W.E.Ogle, PR 78, 63.
	$Cu^{63}-n-2n$ f, σ threshold = 11.2	50F5	D-10.5 Mev d-n. Angle varied.	J.L.Fowler, J.M.Slye, Jr. PR 77, 787.

(Cu continued on next page)



63 29 34	q	-0.26±0.10	49B61	Recalculated from data of 36S7 and 48P11.	P.Brix, Z. Phys. 126, 725.
	Cu-p-p No inelastically scattered p's		50R14	Intensity of any inelastic <0.01 of elastic group. $E_p=4.73$	E.H.Rhoderick, Proc. Roy. Soc. A201, 348.
	$\sigma(14 \text{ Mev } n, 2n) 9.9^m \text{Cu}$	0.33	50F5	σ for β^+ activity only. Graph.	See Cu ⁶² .
	$\bar{\sigma}(\text{fast } n, 2n) 9.9^m \text{Cu}$ for $E_n > 10.9$	0.314 0.360	50W12	'Li-0.5 Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13.8$. "B -0.5 Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13$.	H.Waffler, HPA 23, 239.
	$\bar{\sigma}(\gamma, n) 9.9^m \text{Cu}$	~ 1 Mev b	49H44	$E_\gamma < 335$ Mev. 1/E spectrum and effective E_γ of 20 Mev assumed.	A.C.Helmholz, K.Strauch, PR 78, 88(A).
64 29 35	β^- and β^+ Fermi plots straight down to ~ 50 and ~ 100 keV, resp.		49L24	Sources 5 and 75 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$.	L.M.Langer, et al., PR 76, 1725.
	β^- and β^+ Fermi plots straight down to < 50 keV		49O6	Source ~ 10^{-4} $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$.	G.E.Owen, et al., PR 76, 1726.
	$(K+\beta^+)/\beta^- = 1.82 \pm 0.11$		50R12	From ms study of products.	J.H.Reynolds, PR 79, 243(A).
	Cu-n- γ Q=7.91		50K8	From capture γ energies. γ to ground state predominant.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 481.
65 29 36	q	-0.15±0.10	49B61	See Cu ⁶³ .	See Cu ⁶³ .
	Cu-p-p No inelastically scattered p's		50R14	See Cu ⁶³ .	See Cu ⁶³ .
	f=-7.87		50D5	From previous $\Delta f(\text{Pt}^{195}-\text{Cu}^{65})$ and new $\Delta f(\text{C}_3\text{H}_3-\text{Pt}^{195})$.	H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 479.
	$\bar{\sigma}(\text{fast } n, p) 2.65^h \text{Ni}$ for $E_n > 8$	0.029	50W12	Li-0.5 Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13.8$. Threshold=1.31, barrier=7.2.	H.Waffler, HPA 23, 239.
67 29 38	τ β^- $\gamma/\beta^- \sim 1$	58.5 ^h 0.54 a	50K5	Produced by Ni ⁶⁴ -20 Mev α -p and Zn ⁶⁷ -fast n-p; chem.	D.N.Kundu, M.L.Pool, PR 78, 488.

30 ZINC Zn

Zn	Isotope shifts of Zn ⁶⁶ and Zn ⁶⁸ relative to Zn ⁶⁴ have sense predicted by specific mass effect.	50C24		M.F.Crawford, et al., Can. J. Res. 28A, 138.
64 30 34	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,2n) ^{38m} Zn for E _n > 11.8	'0.190 "0.072	50W12	'Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8 "B- 0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.
65 30 35	β^+ 0.325 s1 γ 1.114 s1;pe ⁻ ,ce ⁻ ,Compt weak 1.38 s1;Compt	49M57		Weak γ at 0.17 or 0.08 depending on K or L origin in U. Weak γ 's due to impurities?
	γ 0.210 $\alpha \sim 0.1$ e ⁻ 0.200	50C15		$\beta^+\gamma$, β^+e^- coincidences. (Ncte Cu-p-n threshold of 2.16 of 48S33.)
66 30 36	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,p)4.34 ^m Cu for E _n > 6	'0.062 "0.058	50W12	'Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8 "B- 0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13. Barrier = 7.3.

31 GALLIUM Ga

Ga	E ₀ 100 ev 278 ev	$\sigma_0 \Gamma^2$ ~9,000	50L14	$\sigma_t = 7.3 + 0.35/E^{\frac{1}{2}}$. E _n =0.05-5 ev.	M.Levin, et al., CUD-47.
66 31 35	β^+ 1.7% 6.9% 4.3% 87%	0.40 0.88 1.4 4.14	s π s π s π s π	50M24	Produced by Cu- α -n. No 4.14 β^+ , 1.03 γ coincidences. If in cascade, τ of 1.03 γ > 1 μ s. 4.14 β^+ has allowed shape.
	γ strong	1.03 2.75 4.8	s π ;pe ⁻ ,Compt s π ;pe ⁻ ,Compt s π ;pe ⁻ ,Compt		
69,71 31 38,40	Discrepancies between $\mu(I)$ and $\mu(M)$ removed by correcting latter, assuming charge and μ spread over nuclear volume		50B37	$\mu(I)$:48P9. $\mu(M)$:48B17.	G.J.Béné, et al., PR 78, 86.
	Discrepancies between $\mu(I)$ and $\mu(M)$ confirmed to be about 0.7%. Correction of 50B37 inapplicable		50K10	Recalculated $\mu(M)$ ratios: $\mu(\text{Ga}^{69})/\mu(\text{H}^1) = 0.7148 \pm 0.0015$. $\mu(\text{Ga}^{71})/\mu(\text{H}^1) = 0.9078 \pm 0.0015$.	P.Kusch, PR 78, 615.
72 31 41	τ 14.08 ^h γ 0.13% 0.03%	3.05 3.35	Dyp Dyp	50B20	Intensities from Segrè-Helmholz formula are 0.04% assuming $\Lambda = 3$ and decay scheme of 48H23.
74,76 ? 31 43,45 ?	τ 14.5 ^d β^- 1.7 No γ			50H22	Produced by Ge-fast n-p, chem. No P or S impurity in target.

32 GERMANIUM Ge

70 32 38	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,p) 20.3 ^m Ga for E _n > 6	'0.071 "0.048	50W12	'Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8. "B -0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13. Barrier = 7.8.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,2n) 39.6 ^h Ge for E _n > 11.0	'0.396 "0.500	50W12	'Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8. "B -0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.	See above.

33 ARSENIC As

71 33 38	K γ	0.173	s; ce ⁻	50M25	Produced by Ga-23 Mev α-2n.	J.Y.Mei, et al., PR 79, 237(A).
72 33 39	β ⁺ γ	0.26 0.67 1.85 2.49 3.38 0.702 0.835	s s s s s s; ce ⁻ s; pe ⁻	50M25	Produced by Ga-23 Mev α-n. Many weak γ's out to ~ 3.0.	See above.
79 ?	τ	9 ^m		50B7	Produced by Se-23 Mev γ; chem.	F.D.S. Butement, Nature 165, 149.

34 SELENIUM Se

73 34 39	K 68% β ⁺ 32%			49H29	No γ.	H.H.Hopkins, Jr., PR 77, 717.
74 34 40	I	0 ?	Mic	50G5	No hyperfine structure.	S.Geschwind, et al., PR 78, 174.
76 34 42	ΔM(Se ⁷⁶ -Se ⁷⁴)=1.9984 MU $\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,p) 28 ^h As for E _n > 6	0.033		50G5 50W12	Assuming ΔM(Se ⁸⁰ -Se ⁷⁶)=4.0013, Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8. Barrier = 8.1.	See above. H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
77 34 43	I q	1/2 ? < 0.002	Mic	50G5	No hyperfine structure. See Se ⁷⁶ .	S.Geschwind, et al., PR 78, 174.
78 34 44	I	0 ?	Mic	50G5	No hyperfine structure. See above.	See above.
79 34 45	Relative abundance	< 0.01%		50G5		See above.
81 34 47 59 ^m	τ γ	57 ^m 0.104 α~∞	sπ; ce ⁻ K/L=3.9	49B59	Produced by Se-d-p; ms.	I.Bergström, S.Thulin, PR 76, 1718.
17 ^m	β ⁻	1.38	sπ	49B59		See above.
82 34 48	I	0 ?	Mic	50G5	No hyperfine structure. See Se ⁷⁶ .	S.Geschwind, et al., PR 78, 174.

79 35 44	$\bar{\sigma}(n, 2n) 6.4^m\text{Br}$ for $E_n > 10.7$	0.386	50W12	$L1-0.5$ Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13.8$	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
80 35 45 4.5 ^h	γ_1 γ_2	0.049 pc 0.037 pc $\alpha=1.3$	50R7		P.Rothwell, D.West, Proc. Phys. Soc. Lond., A63, 539.
	γ_1 γ_2	0.0481 sl 0.0363 sl	50L7	$\Lambda_1=3$ (magnetic), $\Lambda_2=1$ (electric) from conversion coefficients.	I.J.Lidofsky, et al., PR 78, 318(A).
	$\gamma\gamma$ angular correlation observed		50R13		L.I.Rusinov, E.I.Chuikin, Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR 68, 1029; NSA 4, # 1827.
18.5 ^m	β^-	1.99 sl	50L7	β spectrum has allowed shape.	I.J.Lidofsky, et al., PR 78, 318(A).
	$(K + \beta^+)/\beta^- = 0.090$		50R12	From ms study of products.	J.H.Reynolds, PR 79, 243(A).
81 35 46	$\bar{\sigma}(\text{pile n}, \gamma) 35.5^h\text{Br}$	2.8	50C23		J.W.Cobble, private communication, June 1950.
82 35 47	τ	35.9 ^h	50C23		See above.
	τ	36.0 ^h	50B10		E.Berne, PR 77, 568.
	$(K + \beta^+)/\beta^- < 0.0003$		50R12	From ms study of products.	J.H.Reynolds, PR 79, 243(A).
87 35 52	γ $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences	5.2 a	50S28		A.F.Stehney, N.Sugarman, ANL-4397.

36 KRYPTON Kr

81 36 45	τ	13 ^s	50K13	Grows from 4.7^hRb^{81} .	D.G.Karraker, D.H.Templeton, UCRL-460.
83 36 47 1.88 ^h	γ	0.0327 s; ce^- K/L=0.44	50B13	Kr fission products separated by ms. No 0.046 γ found.	I.Bergström, et al., PR 77, 851.
85 36 49 $\sim 10^y$	β^-	0.72 a	50P14	Fission Kr from old slug.	R.Powers, ISC-64.

37 RUBIDIUM Rb

37-Rb
38-Sr
39-Y

81 37 44	τ K β^+ γ	4.7 ^h 0.995 s 0.95 a	50K14	Produced by Br-18 Mev α ; chem, ms. Parent of ^{13}Kr .	D.G.Karraker, D.H.Templeton, UCRL-835.
82 37 45 6.3 ^h	β^+ γ	0.67 s 1.2 a ~0.7 a	50K14	Produced by Br-18 Mev α ; chem, ms.	See above.
84 37 47	τ K β^+ γ e^-	34 ^d 1.55 s 0.85 a ~0.37 s	50K14	Produced by Br-18 Mev α ; chem, ms.	See above.
86 37 49	$\beta\gamma$ angular correlation	b=0.06 scin	50S27	Results of 49F16 in error.	R.Stump, S.Frankel, PR 79, 243(A).
		b=0.04 scin	50N5	Averaged over whole β spectrum.	T.B.Novey, PR 78, 86.
		b=0.02 scin	50R6	Averaged over whole β spectrum.	S.L.Ridgway, PR 78, 821.
		b=0.09 sl	50S21	For β 's of 1/3 maximum energy.	D.T.Stevenson, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 640(A).
	β^- ~12%	0.5 a $\beta\gamma$	50M4	Produced by Rb-slow n; chem.	C.E.Mandeville, E.Shapiro, PR 77, 439.
87 37 50	β^- Hard γ ?	0.270 scin	50B38		P.R.Bell, et al., ORNL-694.

38 STRONTIUM Sr

85 38 47	γ Xe^- coincidences	0.185 α large 0.510	50C20	Produced by Rb-d, chem. No 0.510 γe^- coincidences. No 0.800 γ observed.	L.S.Cheng, J.D.Kurbatov, PR 79, 237(A).
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39 YTTRIUM Y

88 39 49 105 ^d	$\gamma\gamma$ angular correlation consistent with I=(2,1,0)		50B27	New measurements with scin counters. In agreement with large % of crossover γ .	E.L.Brady, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 558.
91 39 52 57 ^d	β^-	1.56 sl	50A1	Correction factors for $\Delta I=2$, yes, and $\Delta I=3$, no, ~ equally good.	H.M.Agnew, PR 77, 655.

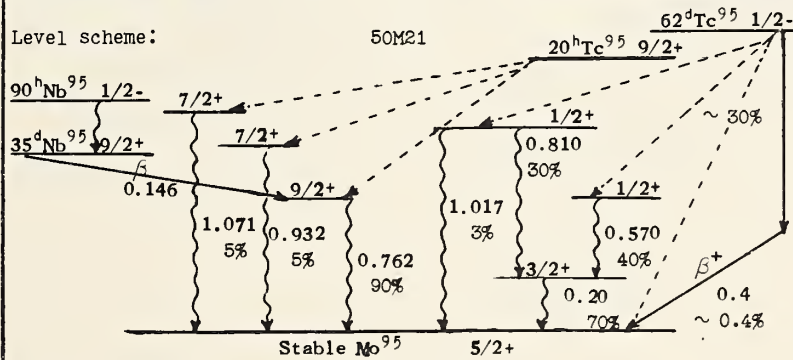
40 ZIRCONIUM Zr

87 40 47	τ β^+	1.5 ^h 2.41 s	5004	Produced by Nb-high energy p; chem.	G.D.O'Kelley, F.L.Reynolds, UCRL-550.
89 40 49	τ β^+	80 ^h 1.0 s	5004	Produced by Nb-high energy p.	See above.
90 40 50	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,2n) for $E_n > 12.2$	4.5 ^m Zr 0.128	50W12	Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E_n (max)=13.8.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
91 40 51	Zr ⁹⁰ -d-p	Q=5.0	50H13	From most energetic p group.	J.A.Harvey, PR 78, 345(A).
92 40 52	Zr ⁹¹ -d-p	Q=6.5	50H13		See above.
93 40 53	β^- τ β^-	~ 0.190 a ~ 5x10 ⁶ y 0.060 a	50B36 50S23	τ from ratio of activity to that of Zr ⁶⁵ produced in fission.	G.E.Boyd, Q.V.Larson, CRNL-685. E.P.Steinberg, L.E.Glendenin, PR 78, 624.

41 NIOBIUM Nb

93 41 52	μ	6.1451 I	50S11 (49A12)	ν (Nb ⁹³)/ ν (B ¹¹) = 0.71887 ± 0.00040.	(Nb ₂ O ₅) R.E.Sheriff, et al., PR 78, 476.
94 41 53	γ	0.0415 s π ;ce ⁻ K/L=0.31	50C10		R.L.Caldwell, PR 78, 407.
95 41 54 35 54	No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation		50S27		R.Stump, S.Frankel, PR 79, 243(A).

42 MOLYBDENUM Mo

95 42 53	Level scheme: 	50M21			H.Medicus, et al., HPA 23, 299. Spin and parity assignments by above authors.
97 42 55	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,p) for $E_n > 6$	76 ^m Nb 18mb	50W12	Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E_n (max)=13.8.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
99 42 57	γ	5* 0.138 10* 0.740 4* 0.782 2* 0.844	50M23	Fission Mo in equilibrium with Tc daughter used. * Relative intensities.	N. Marty, Comptes rendus 230, 1270.

<p>92 ? 43 49?</p>	<p>τ 44^m γ_1 0.389 s1;ce⁻ γ_2 1.51 s1;Compt</p>	<p>50M21</p>	<p>Produced by Mo-6.8 Mev p; chem. τ (γ_1) found with spectrometer, τ (γ_2) not determined.</p>	<p>H.Medicus, et al., HPA 23, 299.</p>
<p>?</p>	<p>τ 51.5^m γ 0.0344 s1;ce⁻ K/L=1.2</p>	<p>50M21</p>	<p>Produced by Mo-4.9 Mev p and Mo-6.4 Mev d; chem. γ converted in Tc. Not p 53^m β^+.</p>	<p>See above.</p>
<p>94 43 51</p>	<p>τ 52.5^m β^+ 0.9 ? s1 2.41 s1 γ 21* 0.874 s1;ce⁻,Compt $\alpha_K=0.001$ 2.5* 1.85 s1;Compt 0.8* 2.73 s1;Compt 0.3* 3.27 s1;Compt All β^+ in coincidence with γ's. * Relative number of quanta</p>	<p>50M21</p>	<p>Proposed decay scheme: </p>	<p>See above. 1.5γ listed under 44^mTc above could belong here. 52.5^m τ measured for β^+. γ's through 9 cm Pb have $\tau=51^m$. Produced by Mo-6.8 Mev p; chem.</p>
<p>95 43 52 62^d</p>	<p>τ 60^d β^+ ~0.4% 0.40 cc γ 70* 0.201 s1;ce⁻,pe⁻ 40* 0.570 s1;pe⁻,Compt 30* 0.810 s1;pe⁻,Compt 3* 1.017 s1;Compt;a coin * Relative number of quanta</p>	<p>50M21</p>	<p>Produced by Mo-6.8 Mev p; chem. $\alpha = 0.036$ K/L = 7.1 $\alpha = 0.0022$ $\alpha = 0.0010$ Decay scheme same as that in table. See also Mo⁹⁵.</p>	<p>See above.</p>
<p>20^h</p>	<p>γ ~ 90* 0.762 s1;ce⁻ ~ 5* 0.932 s1;ce⁻ 0.948 ? s1;ce⁻ ~ 5* 1.071 s1;ce⁻ * Relative number of ce⁻</p>	<p>50M21</p>	<p>No $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences. $\gamma/X \sim 1$. No β^+ in cc. Produced by Mo-6.8 Mev p; chem. For decay scheme see Mo⁹⁵.</p>	<p>See above.</p>
<p>96 43 53</p>	<p>τ 4.35^d γ 25* 0.312 s1;ce⁻ K/L=6.4 123* 0.771 } s1;ce⁻,pe⁻ 91* 0.806 } $\alpha=6 \times 10^{-4}$ 100* 0.842 } 10* 1.119 s1;ce⁻,pe⁻ $\alpha=2.7 \times 10^{-4}$ * Relative number of ce⁻</p>	<p>50M21</p>	<p>Proposed decay scheme: </p>	<p>See above. Produced by Mo-6.8 Mev p; chem. Continuous e⁻ spectrum accounted for at least in part by back scattering and Compton effect. End point is 0.8. If 0.312γ were from highest level, branching with 1.119γ would cause very low intensity.</p>
<p>97 43 54</p>	<p>γ 0.0958 s1;ce⁻ K/(L+M)=1.6</p>	<p>50M21</p>	<p></p>	<p>See above.</p>
<p>99 43 56</p>	<p>β^- 0.30 s1</p>	<p>50K2</p>	<p>No γ, no e⁻.</p>	<p>B.H.Ketella, J.W.Ruch, PR 77, 565.</p>

44 RUTHENIUM Ru

97 44 53	γ	0.217	sl;pe ⁻	50M28		J.Y.Me1, et al., PR 79, 237(A).
103 44 59	β^-	strong weak	0.205 0.670	sl sl	50S28	A.J.Saur, et al., PR 79, 237(A).
	β^-	90% 10%	0.204 0.684	sl sl	50M28	J.Y.Me1, et al., PR 79, 237(A).
	γ		0.494	sl;pe ⁻ ,ce ⁻		
	β^-	92%* 8%	0.15 0.68	a a	50M4	* From $\beta\gamma$ coincidence rate. ** From βe^- coincidence rate.
	γ		0.52	a $\beta\gamma$ $\alpha=0.04$ **		No $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences. Hard β not in coincidence with γ .
106 44 62	β^-		0.0392	sl	50A1	No γ . H.M.Agnew, PR 77, 655.

45 RHODIUM Rh

103 45 58 57 ^m	e ⁻	0.037	sl	50S28	Interpreted as L line of 0.040 γ since no 0.057e ⁻ 's are found.	A.J.Saur, et al., PR 79, 237(A).
	e ⁻	0.035	sl	50M28	L line; K and M Lines also reported at meeting.	J.Y.Me1, et al., PR 79, 237(A).
103 45 58 stable	$\sigma(\leq 20$ Mev $\gamma, p)$ threshold ~ 8		3.5×10^{-3}	50C2	Angular and energy distribution of protons studied.	N.W.Curtis, et al., PR 77, 290.
104 45 59 44 59	No γ			47C17	All electromagnetic radiation attributed to bremsstrahlung.	B.N.Cacciapuoti, Nuovo Cim. 4, 31.
106 45 61	γ	> 2.23	Dyn	50G14		M.Goldhaber, E.der Mateosian, BNL-51 (S-5), 82.
	No delayed $\beta\beta$, $\beta\gamma$, or $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences, (0.005-1) μ s			50D6		M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.
	$\gamma\gamma$ angular correlation			50B27	Correlation coefficients one half those expected for level spins of 0, 2, 0 in Pd ¹⁰⁶ .	E.L.Brady, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 558.
	$\gamma\gamma$ polarization direction correlation			(1) 50M18 (2) 50W10	J.A.Spiers, PR 78, 75 (50S14) suggests results indicate 1.25 Mev level is double.	(1) F.Metzger, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 551. (2) A.H.Williams, M.L.Wiedenbeck, PR 78, 822.

46 PALLADIUM Pd

104 46 58	f = -6.12 \pm 0.05			50D5	From $\Delta f(\text{Pd}^{104}-\text{C}_2\text{H}_2)=15.34\pm 0.04$ and $f(\text{C}_2\text{H}_2)=9.218\pm 0.017$.	H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 479.
108 46 62	f = -5.85 \pm 0.04			50D5	From $\Delta f(\text{Pd}^{108}-\text{C}_2\text{H}_3)=17.74\pm 0.03$ and $f(\text{C}_2\text{H}_3)=11.887\pm 0.018$.	See above.
109 46 63	Mass assignment of 13 ^h activity by ms			50B18		I.Bergstrom, et al., Arkiv för Fysik 1, 281.

Ag	$\sigma_a(296^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ)=1.23$	49R14	σ_a decreases as $1/v$.	W.Ramm, Z.Naturforsch. 4a, 245.	
	σ_o (Doppler corrected) 10,000 Γ_o 0.17ev E_o 5.17ev	50S5	Transmission measurements with time-of-flight spectrometer.	W.Selove, PR 77, 557.	
	Ag- γ -p $E_p(\text{max})=13$, peak at 7	50D3		B.C.Diven, G.M.Almy, PR 79, 242.	
? 47 ?	Activities of $6^m, 11^m, 35^m$ Hard β 's, some γ 's	50C21	Produced by Ag-8.5 Mev d; chem.	C.Chamie, J. de phys. et rad. (8) 11, 77.	
109 47 62	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,p) ^{13}Pd for $E_n > 6$	7.5mb 5.9mb	50W12	L1-0.5 Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13.8$. B -0.5 Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13$. Barrier = 9.8.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
110 47 63 24 ^s	γ 0.66 scin	50C8		E.C.Campbell, M.Goodrich, PR 78, 640(A).	
110 47 63 225 ^d	γ 1.67 < E_γ < 2.23	50D7		E.der Mateosian, M.Goldhaber, PR 78, 326(A).	
	Mass assignment by ms	50B18		I.Bergström, et al., Arkiv för Fysik 1, 281.	

48 CADMIUM Cd

Cd	$\sigma_a(296^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ)=0.93$	49R14		W.Ramm, Z.Naturforsch. 4a, 245.
109 48 61	γ 0.0875 $s\pi, ce^-$ 0.0863 ? $s\pi, ce^-$	50C22	Produced by Cd ¹⁰⁸ -pile n's.	J.M.Cork, et al., PR 79, 238(A).
111 48 63	μ -0.5923 I	49P24	$\nu(\text{Cd}^{111})/\nu(\text{Na}^{23})$ (CdCl ₂) = 0.8016 ± 0.0001.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 76, 1728.
111 48 63 48 ^m	γ_2 $\tau=0.081\mu\text{s}$	50D6		M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.
113 48 65	μ -0.6196 I	49P24	$\nu(\text{Cd}^{113})/\nu(\text{Na}^{23})$ (CdCl ₂) = 0.8386 ± 0.0001.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 76, 1728.
115 48 67 2.33 ^d	γ 0.3355 0.3437 0.4519 0.3489 0.5591 0.3693 0.7131 } $s\pi; ce^-$	50C22	Produced by Cd ¹¹⁴ -pile n's. All γ 's converted in In.	J.M.Cork, et al., PR 79, 238(A).
	γ 0.495 0.529	50A9	Previously reported as one γ at 0.520.	D.E.Alburger, et al., BNL-64 (8-8).
115 48 67 43 ^d	β^- 1.53 s,a γ 0.5253 ? s,a	50C22		J.M.Cork, et al., PR 79, 238(A).

49 INDIUM In

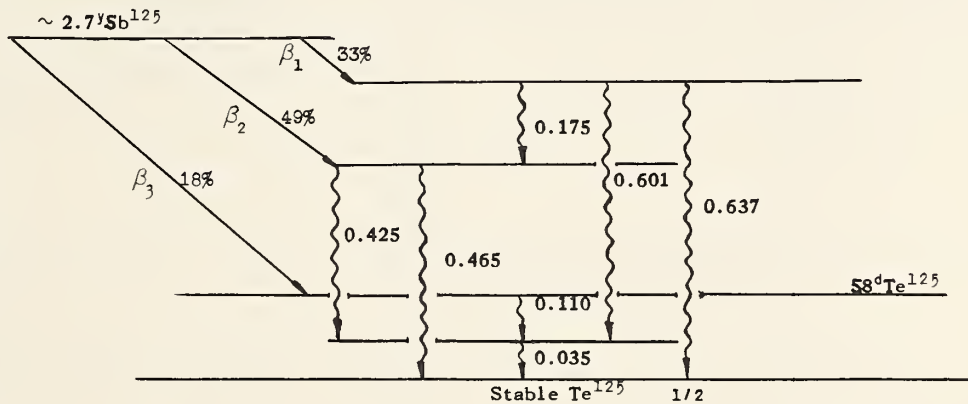
113 49 64	q	1.144	M	50M2	No higher moments. Striking similarity to In ¹¹⁵ .	A.K.Mann, P.Kusch, PR 77, 427.
115 49 66	q	1.161	M	50M2	No higher moments.	See above.
116 49 67	β_1^- 21%	0.60		50S12		H. Slätis, et al., PR 78, 498.
	β_2^- 28%	0.87				No transition observed between 54 ^m and 13 ^s states.
	β_3^- 51%	1.00				$\beta\gamma$ coincidence rate consistent with decay scheme.
	γ 3%	0.137	K/L large			E (disintegration)=3.38 ± 0.05.
		25%				
		54%				
		75%				
		21%				
		25%				

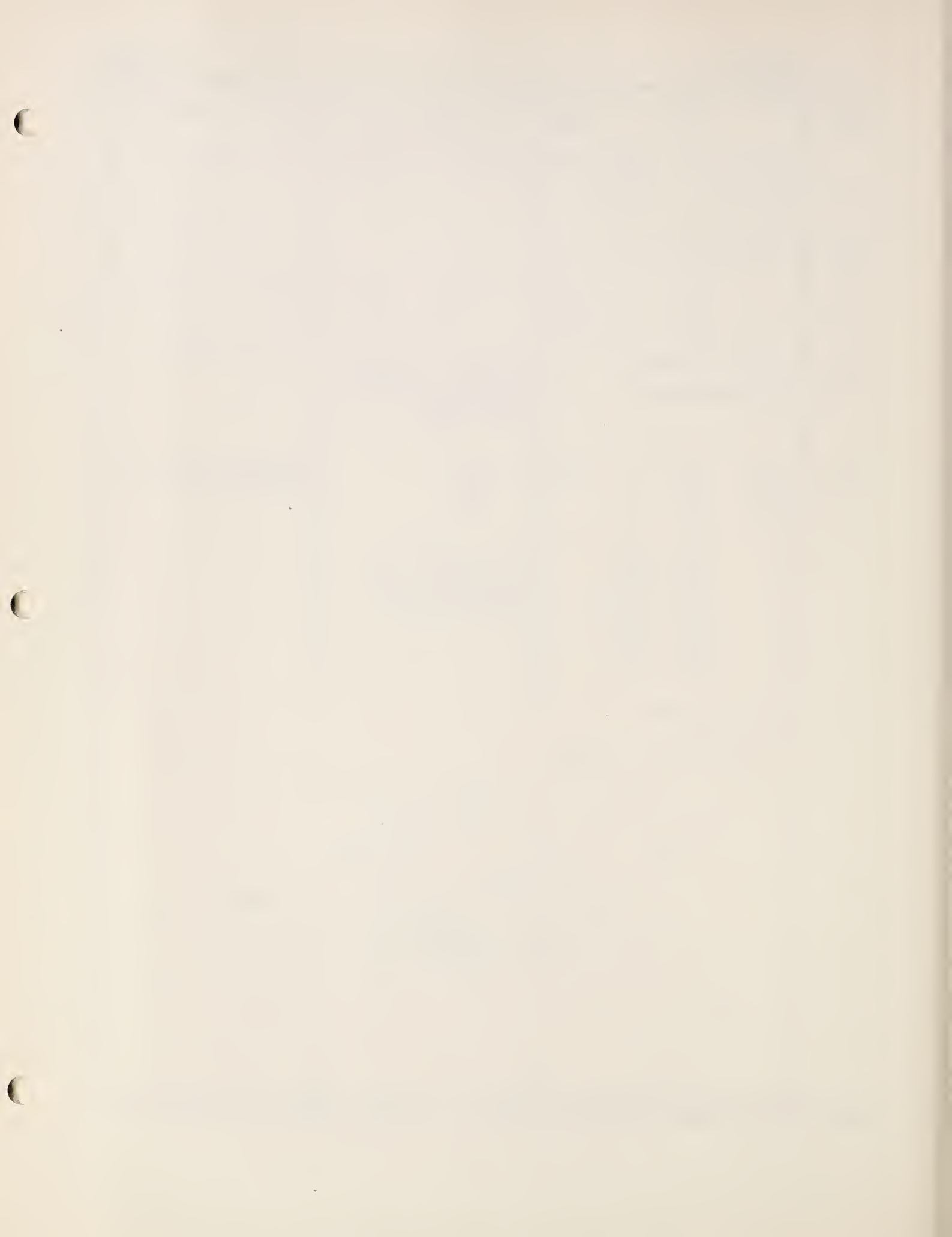
50 TIN Sn

Sn	σ_t (95 Mev)	3.18		50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector.	J.DeJuren, N.Knable, PR 77, 606.
? ? 50 ? 4.5 ^h	p 70 ^m In			50L11	Produced by Sb->100 Mev d,chem.	M.Lindner, I.Perlman, PR 78, 499.
115 50 65	μ	-0.9134	I	49P24 (49B7)	$\nu(\text{Sn}^{115})/\nu(\text{Na}^{23})$ (SnCl ₂) = 1.2362 ± 0.0001.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 76, 1728.
117 50 67 14.5 ^d	γ Sn ¹¹⁶ -n- γ Sn ¹¹⁷ -n-n	0.152	si;ce ⁻	50N6	Pile yields from two reactions about equal.	C.N.Nelson, et al., ORNL-685, 50.
Stable	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,p) for E _n >6	1.95 ^h	0.8mb	50W12	Li-0.5 Mev d-n, E _n (max)=13.8. Threshold=1.17, barrier=10.3.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
119 50 69	τ γ Sn ¹¹⁸ -n- γ chem	279 ^d 0.064	si;ce ⁻	50N6		C.N.Nelson, et al., ORNL-685, 50.
123 50 73	τ β^-	136 ^d 1.42	si	50K11	Only e ⁻ 's observed attributed to 0.390 γ of In ¹¹³ . β shape indicates $\Delta I=2$, yes.	B.H.Ketelle, et al., PR 79, 242(A).
124 50 74	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,2n) for E _n >8.5	39.5 ^m Sn	≥0.471	50W12	Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8. 130 ^d isomer not included.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
125 50 75	τ β^-	9.9 ^d 2.33	si	50K11	See Sn ¹²³ . β shape indicates $\Delta I=2$, yes.	B.H.Ketelle, et al., PR 79, 242(A).

121 51 70	μ	3.3426	I	50P5 (49B7)	$\nu(\text{Sb}^{121})/\nu(\text{Na}^{23})$ (NaSbF ₆) = 0.9048 ± 0.0001.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 78, 471.
	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n, 2n) 17 ^m Sb for E _n > 9.25	> 0.380 > 0.656		50W12	⁶ Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8. ¹⁰ B -0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
122 51 71 2.8 ^d	No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation			50R8	b = + 0.011 ± 0.013.	S.L.Ridgway, PR 78, 821.
123 51 72	μ	2.5340	I	50P5 (47B29)	$\nu(\text{Sb}^{123})/\nu(\text{D}^2)$ (NaSbF ₆) = 0.8442 ± 0.0001.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 78, 471.
124 51 73 60 ^d	$\beta\gamma$ angular correlation No $\gamma\gamma$ angular correlation			50R8	Probably connected with most energetic β . Re-analysis of β spectrum using forbidden shapes suggested. b = -0.168 ± 0.025.	S.L.Ridgway, PR 78, 821.
125 51 74	β_1 33% β_2 49% β_3 18%	0.128 0.299 0.616	sl sl sl	50S19	ft = 8.1x10 ⁶ 7.6x10 ⁷ 2.4x10 ⁹	K.Siegbahn, W.Forsling, Arkiv för Fysik 1, 505.
	γ_1 γ_2 γ_3 γ_4 γ_5 γ_6 γ_7	0.035 0.110 0.175 ~ 0.425 ~ 0.465 0.601 ~ 0.637	sl; ce ⁻ sl; ce ⁻ sl; ce ⁻ sl; ce ⁻ , pe ⁻ sl; pe ⁻ sl; pe ⁻ sl; pe ⁻		$\gamma_4/\gamma_5 = 3$. $\gamma_6/\gamma_7 = 2$. e ⁻ at 22.4 Kev interpreted as Auger line. Coincidence measurements support decay scheme.	

Proposed decay scheme:





119 52 67	K γ	1.6 a	50L11	Produced by Sb-100 Mev d.	M.Lindner, I.Perlman, PR 78, 499.
121 52 69 143 ^d	γ_1 γ_2	0.082 $s\pi, ce^-$ $\alpha \sim \infty$ K/L=0.75 0.213 $s\pi, ce^-$ $\alpha_K=0.09$ K/L=7.3	50K4	Produced by Sb-d; chem. Double slit π spectrograph used for e^-e^- coincidences. γ_1 assumed completely converted. Unconverted 0.0365 γ , if present, < 2% of total X and γ .	R.Katz, R.D.Hill, M.Goldhaber, PR 78, 9.
	$e_1^-e_2^-$ and $e_1^-\gamma_2$ coincidences				
	No $\gamma\gamma$ delayed coincidences ($5 \times 10^{-3}-1$) μ^s		50D6		M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.
17 ^d	γ	0.610 $\alpha_K=0.004$	50K4		R.Katz, R.D.Hill, M.Goldhaber, PR 78, 9.
123 52 71 $\sim 100^d$	γ_1 γ_2	0.0885 $s\pi, ce^-$ $\alpha \sim \infty$ K/L=0.68 0.159 $s\pi, ce^-; a$ $\alpha_K=0.18$ K/L=8.9	50K4	Produced by Sb-d; chem, and Te ¹²² -n- γ . See Te ¹²¹ . Correction to table: $\tau = 90^d$ 49H25	See above.
	$e_1^-e_2^-$ and $e_1^-\gamma_2$ coincidences				
	No $\gamma\gamma$ delayed coincidences ($5 \times 10^{-3}-1$) μ^s		50D6		M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.
	No $\gamma\gamma$ delayed coincidences Delay < $3 \times 10^{-3}\mu^s$		50M22		F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
Stable	I $\mu(\text{Te}^{123})/\mu(\text{Te}^{125})=0.88$	1/2 S	50F8	Visible region studied with enriched materials.	G.R.Fowles, PR 78, 744.
125 52 73 58 ^d	γ_2 γ_1	0.035 $s1; ce^-$ 0.110 $s1; ce^-$ K/(L+M)=1.1		e^- at 22.4 Kev interpreted as Auger line. See Sb ¹²⁵	K.Siegbahn, W.Forsling, Arkiv för Fysik 1, 505.
	No $\gamma\gamma$ delayed coincidences ($5 \times 10^{-3}-1$) μ^s		50D6		M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.
Stable	I	1/2 S	50F8	See Te ¹²³ .	See Te ¹²³ .
128 52 76	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n, 2n) 9.3^hTe for $E_n > 8.5$	0.390	50W12	Li-0.5 Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13.8$. 90 ^d activity did not appear.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
130 52 78	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n, 2n) 72^m and 32^dTe for $E_n > 7.5$	0.653	50W12		See above.
	τ	$1.4 \times 10^{21}y$ for double β decay	50I3	From relative isotopic abundances of Xe in old Te ores.	M.G.Inghram, J.H.Reynolds PR 78, 822.

53 74	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n, 2n) ^{134}I for $E_n > 9.3$	^{463}mb " ^{587}mb	50W12	$^{\text{Li}}\text{I}-0.5$ Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13.8$. $^{\text{B}}\text{I}-0.5$ Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13$.	H. Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n, p) $^{9.3}\text{Te}$ for $E_n > 6$	$\geq 6.9\text{mb}$		$^{\text{Li}}\text{I}-0.5$ Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=13.8$. Threshold ~ 0 , barrier=10.6.	
53 75	$K/\beta^- = 0.053$		50R12	Ms study of product Te and Xe.	J.H. Reynolds, PR 79, 243(A).
53 76	β ~ 0.12 pc γ 0.039 pc $\alpha_K \sim 6$ K/L ~ 40 $\beta\gamma$ and βX coincidences		50B31		C.J. Borkowski, A.R. Brosi, ORNL-607, 52.
53 81	τ 54.7 ^m		50P10	Produced by $^{\text{U}235}$ fission.	A.C. Pappas, MIT Progress Report, April 1950, 29.

54 XENON Xe

54 71	τ 20 ^h K γ weak 0.6 a I K X-ray a		50A5	Produced by $^{\text{Te}122}\text{-}\alpha$ -n, chem. Few β^+ if any.	L.D. Anderson, M.L. Pobl, PR 77, 142.
54 73 34 ^d	τ 32 ^d		50A5	Produced by $^{\text{Te}124}\text{-}\alpha$ -n, chem.	See above.
54 75	I 1/2 S μ -0.7725 I		50K9 50P5 (49B7)	Infra-red lines of separated isotope studied. $\nu(^{\text{Xe}129})/\nu(^{\text{Na}23})$ ($\text{Xe}+\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$) $= 1.0456 \pm 0.0001$.	J. Koch, E. Rasmussen, PR 77, 722. W.G. Proctor, F.C. Yu, PR 78, 471.
54 77 $\sim 12^{\text{d}}$	τ 11.5 ^d γ 0.163 K/L=4.5		50C8	Product of $^{\text{Cs}131}$ produced from $^{\text{Ba}131}$.	L.S. Cheng, J.D. Kurbatov, PR 78, 319(A).
stable	I 3/2 S q ~ 0.15		50K9	Isotope shift \sim that for Kr but of reversed order, heavier Xe isotopes having greater λ .	See $^{\text{Xe}129}$.
54 79	τ 5.270 ^d γ 0.0824 0.0836 0.0952? 0.236		50M15 49T4	Details of work reported in 49M25. τ determined by ms abundance comparisons. γ rays omitted from table.	J. Macnamara, C.B. Collins, H.G. Thode, PR 78, 129. S. Thulin, et al., PR 76, 871.

133 55 78	No α activity	49B46	$\tau_a > 4 \times 10^{15} \text{y}$. Photographic plate.	E.Bestenreiner, E.Brada, Nature 164, 919.
134 55 79 3.15 ^h 2.3 ^y	γ 0.1280 s π ;ce ⁻ K/L=0.64	50C10	K-L and L-M energy differences fit Cs and not Ba.	R.L.Caldwell, PR 78, 407.
	No βe^- , $\beta\gamma$, or $\gamma\gamma$ delays between (5×10^{-3} and 5) μs	50D6.		M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.
	No $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences Delay < $3 \times 10^{-3} \mu\text{s}$	49B39		R.E.Bell, H.E.Petch, PR 76, 1409.
	No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation	50S21		D.T.Stevenson, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 640(A).
	No $\gamma\gamma$ polarization direction correlation	50W10		A.H.Williams, M.L.Wiedenbeck, PR 78, 822.
	$\gamma\gamma$ polarization direction correlation observed	50M18	Results indicate same parity of levels in main cascade.	F.Metzger, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 551.
	$\gamma\gamma$ angular correlation consistent with I=4,2,0	50B27	Complexity of decay scheme makes conclusions difficult.	E.L.Brady, M.Deutsch, PR 78, 558.
	Possible γ scheme			
137 55 82	β^- 0.523 s1 shape consistent with $\Delta I=2$, yes	50A1	High energy β 's not studied. ft=4.41x10 ⁹ .	H.M.Agnew, PR 77, 655.
	γ 0.6614 s π ;ce ⁻ ± 0.0007	50L9	From comparison with Au line measured by DuMond.	L.M.Langer, R.D.Moffat PR 78, 74.

56 BARIUM Ba

128 ? 56 72 ?	τ 2.4 ^d β^+ ~ 3 a e^- 0.3 a γ	50F11	Tentative assignment based on absence of 5.5 ^h daughter. Produced by Cs-85 Mev p.	R.W.Fink, D.H.Templeton, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 72, 2818.
	τ 2.4 ^d β^+ 3.1 a	50T8	Produced by Cs-250 Mev p.	C.C.Thomas, E.O.Wiig, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 72, 2818.
129 56 73	τ 2.0 ^h β^+	50F11	Assignment from evidence for 31 ^h Cs daughter. See Ba ¹²⁸ .	See Ba ¹²⁸ .
	τ 1.8 ^h β^+	50T8	See Ba ¹²⁸ .	See Ba ¹²⁸ .
131 56 75	γ 0.497 s1,pe ⁻ Several less intense γ 's	50D4	Cs ¹³¹ removed. Ba ¹³³ allowed to decay.	E.B.Dale, et al., PR 78, 640(A).

57 77	134	τ K 56% β^+ 44% K X-ray No γ , no e^-	6.5 ^m 2.7 a a	50J5	Assignment from 60 Mev threshold for Ce parent from La-p-6n and fact that La ¹³³ and La ¹³⁵ have been identified by ms. d 72 ^h Ce.	B.M.Jones, UCRL-656.
57 81	138	γ Less than 0.4 particles with E > 0.1/sec/gm La	1.05 scin	50P7	0.7 γ 's/sec/gm La. If one γ per disintegration, $\tau = 1.2 \times 10^{11}$ y	R.W.Pringle, et al., PR 78, 303.
57 82	139	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n,p) 84 ^m Ba for E _n > 6	1.1mb	50W12	L1-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8. Threshold=1.65?, barrier=11.0.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
57 83	140	τ γ 4%* 0.1%*	40.0 ^h 2.55 Dyp 2.9 Dyp	50B20	* % of disintegrations. Measured relative to Na ²⁴ , ThC ⁿ , etc.	G.R.Bishop, et al., PR 77, 416.

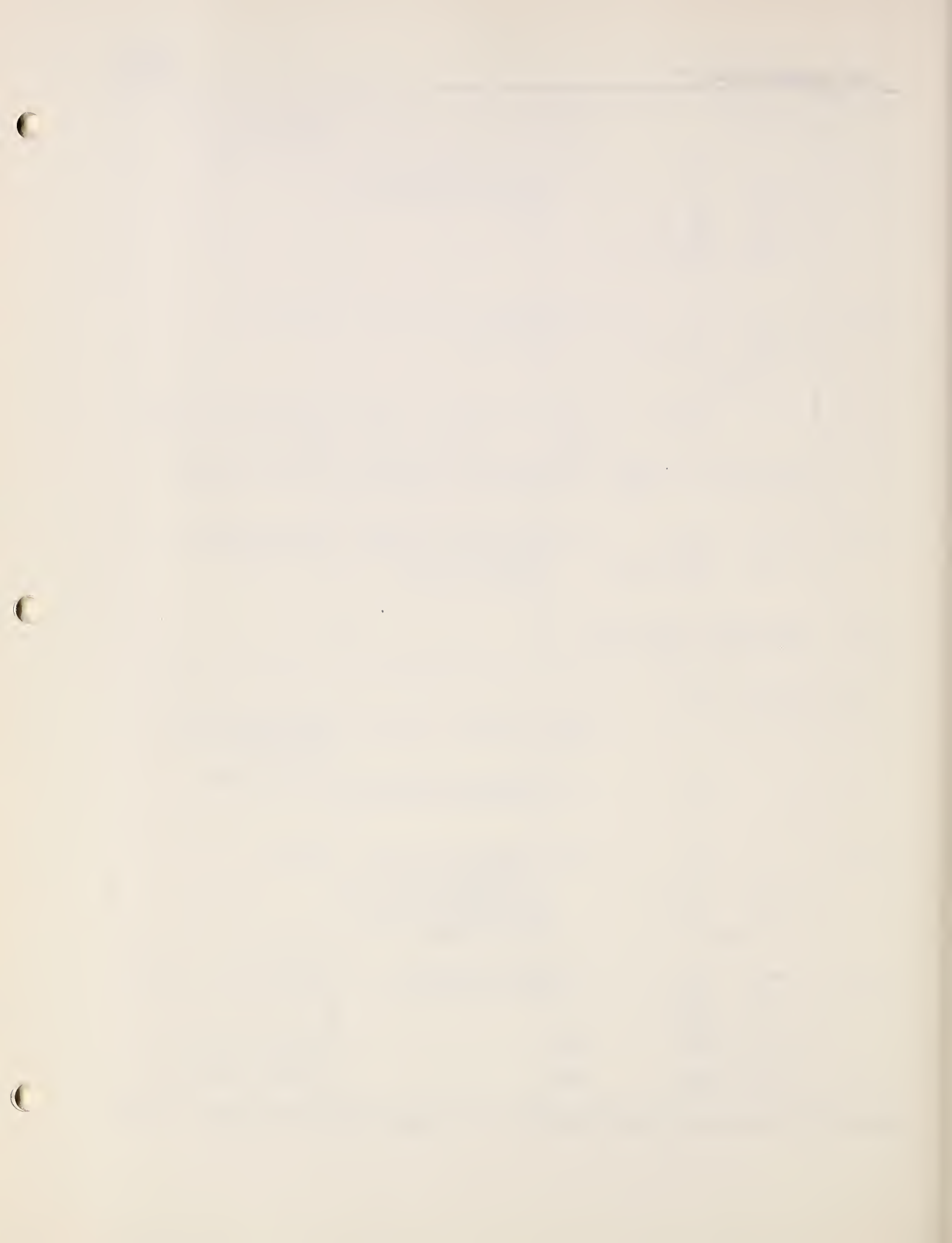
58 CERIUM Ce

58 75	133	τ K β^+ γ	6.3 ^h 1.3 a 1.8 a	50J5	Produced by La-70 Mev p,7n; chem. Assignment from known daughter and above threshold. Possible e ⁻ . p 4 ^h La.	B.M.Jones, UCRL-656.
58 76	134	τ K, no γ	72.0 ^h	50J5	Produced by La-60 Mev p,6n; chem. See La ¹³⁴ .	See above.
58 77	135	τ β^+ < 1%	22 ^h 0.8 a	50J5	Produced by La-50 Mev p,5n; chem.	See above.
58 79	137	e ⁻	0.24 a	50J5		See above.
58 80	138	σ (th n, γ) > 120 ^d Ce/ σ (th n, γ) 28 ^d Ce = 1.4		50M9	Abundances of 47I9 assumed. Pile irradiated samples studied after decay of 28 ^d Ce.	A.J.Moses, D.S.Martin, Jr., ISC-77.
58 83	141	β^- γ Other weak γ 's	0.24 a $\beta\gamma$ 0.56 s π 0.146 s π ;pe ⁻ ,ce ⁻ 0.315 s π ;pe ⁻	49T12	This paper incompletely reported in table. Decay scheme of table proposed here. Suggest 0.146 γ delayed. No $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences.	M.Ter-Pogossian, et al., PR 76, 909.
		τ	33.1 ^d	49W23		D.Walker, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A62, 799.
58 84	142	σ (~1 Mev n, γ)	3.6mb	50H6	Given in table as 1.2mb.	D.J.Hughes, D.Sherman, PR 78, 632.
58 85	143	β^- γ	~ 1.1 a 0.040 a 0.20 a 0.87 a	50S8	13.8 ^h Pr daughter was repeatedly removed. Each β accompanied by ~ 0.18 Mev of γ energy.	E.Shapiro, C.E.Mandeville, PR 78, 319(A).

Pr	No α activity	49B46	$\tau_{\alpha} > 1.3 \times 10^{15} \text{y}$. Photo plate.	E. Bestenreiner, E. Broda, Nature 164, 658.
138 59 79	τ 2.0 ^h K 1.00* β^+ 0.14 1.4 a e ⁻ 0.04 0.24 a γ 0.22 0.16 a 0.38 0.50 a 0.75 1.3 a	50J5	* Relative abundances of radiations from absorption data. Produced by Ce-30 Mev p-3n; chem.	B.M. Jones, UCRL-656.
139 59 80	τ 4.5 ^h K 1.00* β^+ 0.08 1.0 a γ 0.04 1.0 a p 140 ^d Ce	50J5	Produced by Ce-20 Mev p-2n; chem. No e ⁻ observed.	See above.
141 59 82	μ 4.5669 I	50C12 (49B7)	$\nu(\text{Pr}^{141})/\nu(\text{Na}^{23})$ [Pr(NO ₃) ₃] = 1.2362 ± 0.0006.	W.H. Chambers, et al., PR 78, 482.
	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n, 2n) 3.5 ^m Pr for E _n > 9.4	¹ 0.374 ¹¹ 0.486	50W12 Li-0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.8. B -0.5 Mev d-n. E _n (max)=13.	H. Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
142 59 83	β^- 20% 0.66 s π 80% 2.23 s π γ weak 0.135 s π ; pe ⁻ , ce ⁻ 1.59 s π ; pe ⁻	50R8	Suggests that 4 γ 's of 48C23 are in parallel with 1.59 γ and that these follow 0.66 β^- .	E.R. Rae, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 293.
143 59 84	Reference for $\tau = 13.7^d$ should be 49F18 instead of 49B56			

60 NEODYMIUM Nd

Nd	No α activity	49B46	$\tau_{\alpha} > 2.6 \times 10^{14} \text{y}$. Photo plate.	E. Bestenreiner, E. Broda, Nature 164, 658.
138 ?	τ 22 ^m β^+ 2.4 a e ⁻ ?	50J5	Produced by Pr-40 Mev p. Chemistry shows it a rare earth.	B.M. Jones, UCRL-656.
139 60 79	τ 5.5 ^h K 1.00* β^+ 0.11 3.1 a e ⁻ 0.03 0.28 a γ 0.10 1.3 a p 140 ^d Ce	50J5	Produced by Pr-40 Mev p-3n; ion exchange. * Relative abundances of radiations from absorption data. Small amount of Pr ¹³⁹ may have been present.	See Nd ¹³⁸ .
147 60 87	β^- 33% 0.17 a 87% 0.78 a γ strong 0.035 a 0.58 a	50M7	Both β^- 's coupled with γ 's. No β^- coincidences.	C.E. Mandeville, PR 78, 319(A).
	No $\beta\gamma$ delays between 3x10 ⁻⁸ - 10 ⁻³ s	49M55		F.K. McGowan, ORNL-481, 30.
149 60 89	No $\beta\gamma$ delays between 3x10 ⁻⁸ - 10 ⁻³ s	49M26		F.K. McGowan, ORNL-366, 34.



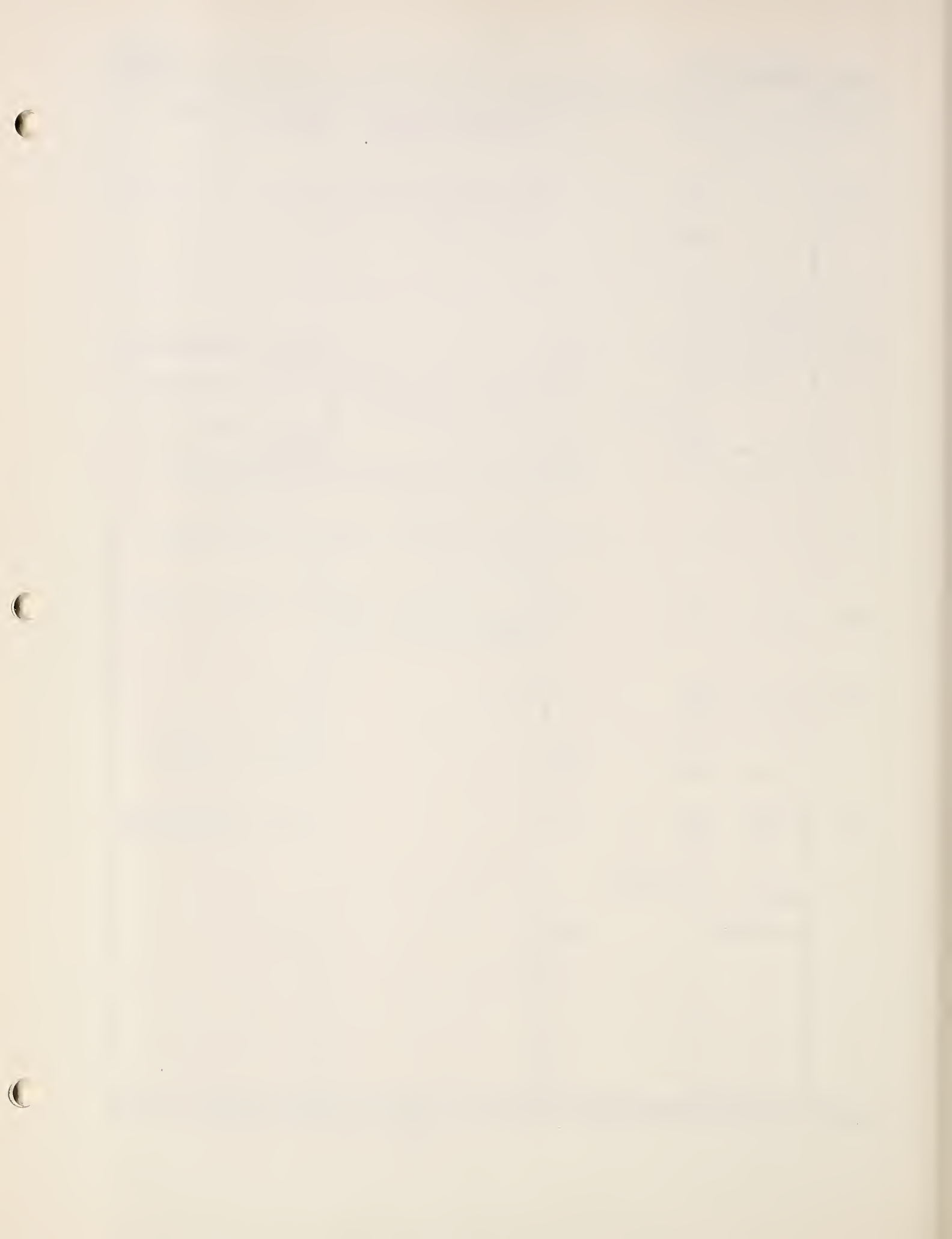
61 PROMETHIUM Pm

61-Pm
62-Sm

143 61 82	τ 285 ^d $\gamma \sim 30\%$ 0.95 a K and L X-rays	50W8	Produced by Pr-15Mev α -2n; ion exchange. No other activity with $\tau > 5^m$. No α .	G.Wilkinson, H.G.Hicks, UCRL-751.
147 61 86	τ 2.26 ^y	50I1	From fission yield of Sm ¹⁴⁷ assuming smooth yield curve.	M.G.Inghram, et al., AECD-2759.
	β^- 0.229 s1	50A1	Fermi plot linear.	H.M.Agnew, PR 77, 655.

62 SAMARIUM Sm

Sm	$\sigma_a(296^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ)=1.00$	49R14		W.Ramm, Z. Naturforsch. 4a, 245.
	α Range = 7.05 μ (1.13 cm air)	49H40	Ilford C2 plates. Long range α 's due to Po impurity.	C.Haenny, et al., HPA 22, 611.
	τ_a 6.7 $\times 10^{11y}$ α Range = 7.04 μ	49P25	Ilford C2 plates.	E.Piccioni, Comptes rendus 229, 117.
	No second α group	49B46	Intensity of any 2 nd group is < 1% of 1.13 cm group.	E.Bestenreiner, E.Bröda, Nature 164, 658.
? 62 ?	τ 8 ^m	50B7	Produced by Sm-23 Mev γ , chem. Radiation not α 's.	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.
149 62 87	$\sigma(\text{pile n}, \gamma)$ 47,000	50I1	From ms measurement of fission yields assuming smooth yield curve.	M.G.Inghram, et al., AECD-2759.
151 62 89	τ 122 ^y $\sigma(\text{pile n}, \gamma)$ 7,200	50I1	See above.	See above.
	β^- 0.0755 s1	50A1	Fermi plot linear.	H.M.Agnew, PR 77, 655.
	$\beta\gamma$ delay < 0.002 μ^s	50M22		F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
153 62 91	β^- 67% 0.68 s1 33% 0.80 s1	50H17		J.M.Hill, L.R.Shepherd, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 126.
	γ 0.1015 s1, ce ⁻ $\alpha \sim 2.5, K/L \sim 5$			
	$\beta\gamma$ delay < 0.1 μ^s			
	$\beta\gamma$ delay < 0.002 μ^s	50M22		See Sm ¹⁵¹ .

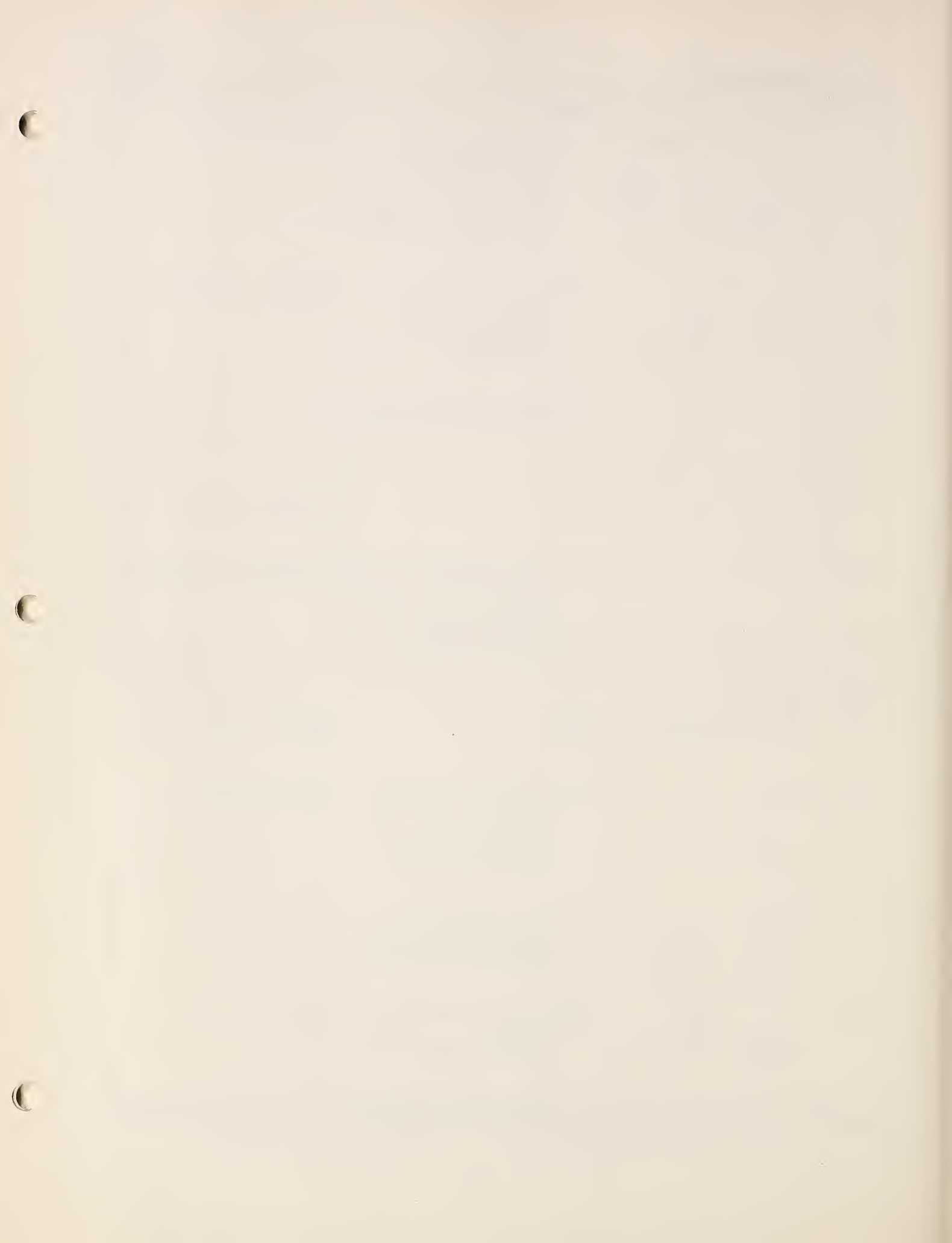


Eu	$\sigma_a(296^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ) = 1.58$	49R14	Decrease $>1/v$.	W.Ramm, Z. Naturforsch.4a, 245.														
¹⁵⁰ ₆₃ ⁸⁷	τ 15 ^h	50B7	Produced by Eu-23 Mev γ ; chem.	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.														
¹⁵² ₆₃ ⁸⁹ 9.2 ^h	β^- 1.880 s1 K γ weak ~ 0.120 s1; $p\bar{e}, ce^-$ 0.41 s1; pe^- 0.82 s1; pe^- 0.94 s1; pe^- Sm K X-ray crit. a	50H17	$\sim 0.9\gamma/\beta = 0.5$. $e^- \gamma$ but no $\beta \gamma$ coincidences. $\gamma \gamma$ coincidences connected with $\sim 0.13\gamma$.	J.M.Hill, L.R.Shepherd, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 128.														
^{152,154} ₆₃ ⁹¹	β^- complex 1.58 s1 γ 's in agreement with those of 48S24	50H17	Xe^- coincidences. e^- 's of 0.120 γ in coincidence with γ of ~ 1 Mev. $\beta \gamma$ coincidences for $E_\beta < 0.7$. $E_\gamma(\text{total}) \sim 1.3$.	See above.														
	γ (kev) <table style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td>Gd</td><td>Sm</td></tr><tr><td>123.2</td><td>122.0</td></tr><tr><td>336.4</td><td>244.3</td></tr><tr><td>343.8</td><td>720.4</td></tr><tr><td>448.4</td><td>964</td></tr><tr><td>778</td><td>1,086</td></tr><tr><td>1,116</td><td></td></tr></table>	Gd	Sm	123.2	122.0	336.4	244.3	343.8	720.4	448.4	964	778	1,086	1,116		50C4	Gd and Sm indicate that the γ 's appear to be converted in these elements. All measurements by photographic spectrometer.	J.M.Cork, et al., PR 77, 848.
Gd	Sm																	
123.2	122.0																	
336.4	244.3																	
343.8	720.4																	
448.4	964																	
778	1,086																	
1,116																		
^{154,155}	β^- 0.14 s1 0.25 0.59 0.90 1.88 γ 0.085 s1 0.101 0.725 1.005 1.288	50K12	$\beta \gamma$ and βe^- coincidences. 0.145 β coincident with 0.085 or 0.101 γ . 0.145 β and 0.250 β probably belong to Eu ¹⁵⁵ .	B.H.Ketelle, ORNL-807, 50.														
¹⁵⁵ ₆₃ ⁹²	β^- 0.23	50w10	Correction. Table value = 2.23.	L.Winsberg, NNES 9, paper 199.														
^{159 ?} _{63 ?} ^{96 ?}	τ 17 ^m	50B7	Produced by Gd-23 Mev γ .	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.														

Gd	$\sigma_a(296^\circ)/\sigma_a(478^\circ) = 1.49$	49R14	σ_a decreases faster than $1/v$.	W.Ramm, Z. Naturforsch.4a, 245.
	Relative isotopic abundances	50L3	Mass spectrometer with electron multiplier used for high sensitivity.	W.T.Leland, PR 77, 834.
	152 0.20% 157 15.64%		149 <0.001% 159 <0.002%	
	154 2.16% 158 24.96%		150 <0.0005% 161 <0.001%	
	155 14.68% 160 22.01%		151 <0.0003% 162 <0.002%	
	156 20.36%		153 <0.0005%	
¹⁵¹ ₆₄ ⁸⁷	τ 150 ^d	50H18	τ determined from ratio of 0.265 γ to 0.106 γ at two times 590 days apart.	R.E.Hein, A.F.Voigt, ISC-80; AECU-843.
	K, no β^+		Produced by Eu-d-2n, chem, ion exchange.	
	γ 0.265 a			
	e ⁻ 0.220 a			
	Eu K X-ray crit a			
¹⁵³ ₆₄ ⁸⁹	τ 236 ^d	50H18	Produced by Eu-d-2n, Gd-n- γ , chem, ion exchange.	See above.
	K, no β^+			
	γ 0.106 a			
	e ⁻ a			
	Xe ⁻ coincidences			
	Eu K X-ray crit a			
	No delays observed	50M22		F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
¹⁵⁵ ₆₄ ⁹¹	σ (pile n, γ) 41,000	50I1	From ms measurement of fission yield assuming smooth yield curve.	M.G.Inghram, et al., AECU-2759.
¹⁵⁷ ₆₄ ⁹³	σ (pile n, γ) 59,500	50I1	E _n probably greater than in experiment of 47L19.	

65 TERBIUM Tb

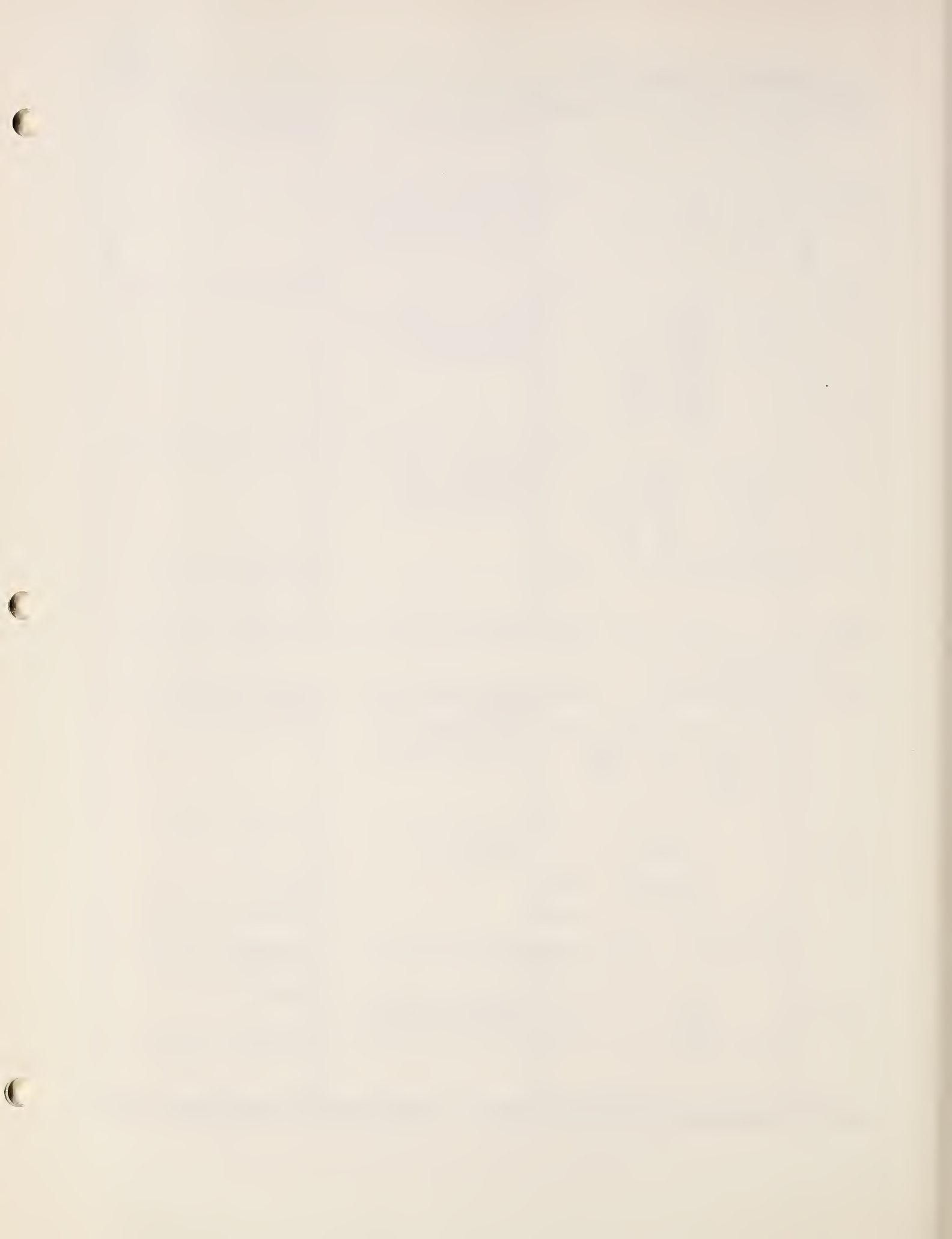
Tb	α/K capture $<5 \times 10^{-6}$ for isotopes 153 through 157, and 160	50W13		G.Wilkinson, UCRL-635; PR 79, 815.
¹⁵³ ₆₅ ⁸⁸	K, no β^+	50W13	* % relative to K X-ray.	G.Wilkinson, H.G.Hicks, UCRL-421; PR 79, 815.
	γ 10%* 0.23 a		Produced by Eu-31 Mev α -2n, chem. Assignment based on α yields.	
	$\Sigma\%$ 1.2 a		Genetic relationship with Gd ¹⁵³ not established.	
	e ⁻ $\Sigma\%$ 0.15 a			
	0.1% \sim 0.3 a			
	K,L X-rays a			
¹⁵⁴ ₆₅ ⁸⁹	β^+ 0.4%* 2.6 a,s	50W13	Produced by Eu-19 Mev α -n and Gd-10 Mev p-n, chem.	See above.
	γ 3% 1.3 a		Assignment based on yields.	
	e ⁻ 10% 0.13 a,s		Hard e ⁻ may be β^- to Dy ¹⁵⁴ .	
	$\Sigma\%$ 0.8 a,s			
	K, L X-rays a			
¹⁵⁵ ₆₅ ⁹⁰	τ 190 ^d	50W13	Produced by Eu-19 Mev α -2n, chem.	See above.
	γ 30%* 1.4 a		Assignment based on yields.	
	e ⁻ 40% 0.1 a			
	K,L X-rays a			
			(Tb continued on next page)	

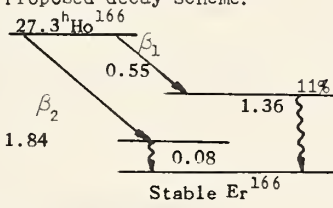


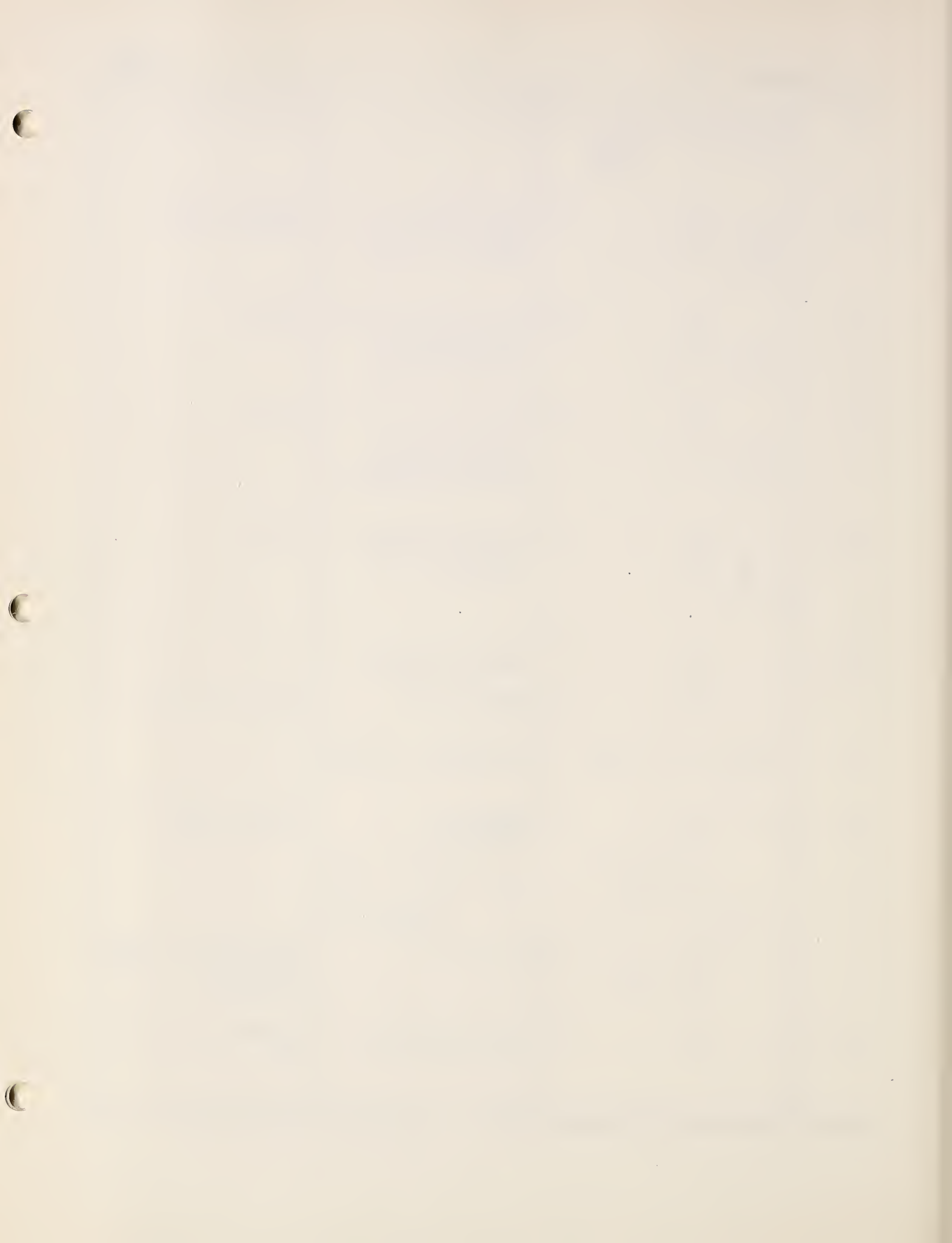
156 65 91	τ 5.0 ^h β^+ 20%* 1.3 a K,L X-rays a	50W13	Produced by Eu-19 Mev α -n and Gd-10 Mev p-n. Assignment based on yield.	G.Wilkinson, H.G.Hicks, UCRL-421; PR 79, 815. * % relative to K X-ray.
157 ? 65 92?	τ 4.7 ^d γ 30%* 1.4 a e^- ~20% 0.09 a ~10% 0.2 a K,L X-rays a	50W13	Produced by Gd-10 Mev p-n, chem. Could be Tb ¹⁵⁷ or Tb ¹⁵⁸ . (Tb ¹⁵⁷ seems unlikely if $E_{dis} > 1.4$. 3.6 ^m activity (38P5) was possibly Gd ¹⁶¹ .)	See above.
160 65 95	τ 71 ^d β^- 16% 0.396 s π 41% 0.521 s π 43% 0.860 s π γ 0.085 s π ;ce ⁻ 0.200 s π ;ce ⁻ 0.300 s π ;ce ⁻ 0.886 s π ;ce ⁻ 0.970 s π ;ce ⁻	50B19	γ of 0.212 not found. No β^+ . Highly purified sample from Oak Ridge bombarded in Argonne pile.	S.B.Burson, et al., PR 77, 403.
	τ 76 ^d γ 86.5 297.8 92.6 375.2 176.2 391.0 196.4 410.3 214.7 876 282.0 962	50C17	Highly purified sample from G.Boyd. Decay scheme based on differences proposed.	J.M.Cork, et al., PR 78, 304.
	No $\beta\gamma$ delays between .03 μ s and 1000 μ s	49M55		F.K.McGowan, ORNL-481, 30.
162,163	τ 22 ^m	50B7	Produced by Dy-23 Mev γ .	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.

66 DYSPROSIUM Dy

Dy	$\sigma_a(276^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ)=1.28$ Relative isotopic abundances 156 0.064% 162 25.36% 158 0.105% 163 24.91% 160 2.36% 164 28.47% 161 18.73%	49R14 50L3	Probably decreases faster than 1/v. Mass spectrometer with electron multiplier used for high sensitivity.	W.Ramm, Z.Naturforsch. 4a, 245. W.T.Leland, PR 77, 634.
165 66 99 1.25 ^m 2.42 ^h	γ 0.1090 s π ;ce ⁻ K/L=0.08 γ 0.0878 s π ;ce ⁻ ~ 0.275 s π ;ce ⁻ $\beta\gamma$ delay < 0.003 μ s	50C1Q 50C10 50M22	K/L from photo plate intensities.	R.L.Caldwell, PR 78, 407. See above. F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
	$\sigma(\text{th n}, \gamma) 82^h \text{Dy}$ 4,400	50B30	Based on $\sigma(\text{th n}, \gamma) 2.42^h \text{Dy} = 2620$.	F.D.S.Butement, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 532.
166 66 100	τ 82 ^h β^- 0.22 a γ < 0.05 a $\beta\gamma$ delay < 0.003 μ s	50B30 50M22	Produced by Dy-n- γ , n- γ . Activity proportional to square of n flux. p 27 ^h Ho.	See above. F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.



Ho	Relative isotopic abundances	50L3	See Dy.	W.T.Leland, PR 77, 634.
	161, 162, 163, 164	<0.04 %		
	166, 167, 168	<0.001%		
	169	<0.004%		
160 67 93	τ 22.5 ^m	50W13	* % of K X-ray. Produced by Tb-38 Mev α -3n, chem. Assignment from α yield.	G.Wilkinson, H.G.Hicks, UCRL-877; PR 79, 815.
	β^+ 0.5%* ~ 1.3 a			
	γ 100%* ~ 1.2 a			
	e^- 10%* 0.17 a			
	K, L X-rays a			
161 67 94	τ 4.6 ^h	50W13	Produced by Tb-19 Mev α -2n, Dy-10 Mev p-n, and Dy-19 Mev d-2n; chem. Assignment from α yields.	See above.
	γ 100%* 1.1 a			
	e^- 10%* 0.1 a			
	K, L X-rays a			
162 67 95	τ 65.0 ^d	50W13	Produced by Tb-19 Mev α -n, Dy-10 Mev p-n, and Dy-19 Mev d-2n; chem. Assignment from α yields. (4.6 ^h , 65 ^d now interchanged.)	See above.
	β^- 15%* 0.8 a,s			
	γ <10%* ~ 1 a			
	e^- 10%* 0.1 a			
	K, L X-rays a			
163 67 96	τ 5.2 ^d	50W13	Produced by Dy-10 Mev p-n, Dy-19 Mev d-n, 2n; chem. Not produced by Tb- α or Ho-fast n.	See above.
	γ 10%* ~ 0.5 a			
	25%* 1.4 a			
	e^- 4%* 0.4 a			
	K, L X-rays a			
164 67 97	τ 34.0 ^m	50W13	Produced by Dy-10 Mev p-n, chemistry inconclusive.	See above.
	β^- 0.95 a			
	τ 41.5 ^m	50W12	Produced by Ho-n-2n.	H.Wäffler, HPA 23, 239.
165 67 98	$\bar{\sigma}$ (fast n, 2n) 41.5 ^m Hp for $E_n > 6.5$	50W12	L1-0.5 Mev d-n. E_n (max)=13.8. B -0.5 Mev d-n. E_n (max)=13.	See above.
	'1.04			
	"0.35			
166 67 99	β_1^- ~10% 0.55 s1	50S20	Proposed decay scheme: 	K.Siegbahn, H.Slätis, Arkiv för Fysik 1, 559.
	β_2^- 1.84 s1			
	γ 0.080 s1; pe ⁻ , ce ⁻ α_L ~ 0.4 K/L < 1 11% 1.36 s1; pe ⁻			
	βe^- coincidences. Delay < 0.3 ^{μs}			
	β^- 1.84	50A12	$\beta\gamma$ coincidences.	N.M.Anton'eva, et al., Doklady Akad. Nauk S.S.S.R. 70, 397; NSA 4, # 3215.
	γ 0.081 α large			
	1.5 α 0			
169 ? 67 ?	τ 44 ^m	50B7	Produced by Er-23 Mev γ . Might be Er ¹⁶³ or Er ¹⁶⁵ .	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.



Er	Relative isotopic abundances	50L3	Mass spectrometer with electron multiplier used for high sensitivity.	W.T.Leland, PR 77, 834.
	162 0.154% 167 22.82%			
	164 1.60 % 168 27.02%		160 < 0.005% 169 < 0.15%	
	165 - - 170 15.04%		161 < 0.01 % 171 < 0.01%	
	168 33.36 %		163 < 0.01 % 172 < 0.01%	
	162 0.136% 167 22.94%	50H4	160 < 0.0008% 169 < 0.008 %	R.J.Hayden, et al., PR 77, 299.
	164 1.56 % 168 27.07%		161 < 0.0008% 171 < 0.005 %	
	168 33.41 % 170 14.88%		163 < 0.0009% 172 < 0.0014%	
	Extremely pure sample		165 < 0.003 %	
68 ¹⁶³ ₉₅	τ 11.2 ^h	50W16	Produced by Dy-38 Mev α , and not by Ho-19 Mev d; ion exchange.	G.Wilkinson, H.G.Hicks, UCRL-744.
	γ 20%		p 5.1 ^d Ho.	
	e^- 0.1%			
	K,L X-rays			
68 ¹⁶⁹ ₁₀₁	β 0.33 scin	49B60	Allowed shape.	P.R.Bell, J.Cassidy, ORNL-481, 15.
68 ? ? 2.5 ^s	γ 0.185 scin	50C18	Two conversion peaks from pile irradiated very pure Er.	E.C.Campbell, J.H.Kahn, ORNL-694, 15.

69 THULIUM Tm

69 ¹⁷⁰ ₁₀₁	τ 12 ^d	50A1	Fermi plot slightly concave. No correction factors fit.	H.M.Agnew, PR 77, 655.
	β^- 0.990 s1			
	γ 0.0854 s1;ce ⁻			
	$\beta\gamma$ angular correlation	50N5	b = -0.26 in $1+b \cos^2\theta$ when X-rays are eliminated.	T.B.Novey, PR 78, 66.
	Coincidence studies support 49F13.			
	γ 0.0848 s π ,ce ⁻	50C10		R.L.Caldwell, PR 78, 407.
	βe^- delay = 0.0016 ^{μs}	50B16	73 kev ce ⁻ of 85 kev γ .	R.E.Bell, R.L.Graham, PR 78, 490.
	γ 0.198 s1;pe ⁻	50G16	Last group may be double.	P.J.Grant, Nature 165, 1018.
	0.360 s1; Compt			
	~ 0.550 s1; Compt			
69 ? ?	τ 19 ^m	50B7	Produced by Yb-23 Mev γ .	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.

70 YTTERBIUM Yb

Yb	Relative isotopic abundances	50L3	Mass spectrometer with electron multiplier	W.T.Leland, PR 77, 634.
	168 0.13% 173 16.08%		166 < 0.001 % 175 < 0.005 %	
	170 3.03% 174 31.91%		167 < 0.0005% 177 < 0.001 %	
	171 14.27% 176 12.80%		169 < 0.0005% 178 < 0.0005%	
	172 21.77%			
¹⁶⁹ ₇₀ ⁹⁹	τ 31.8 ^d	49W23		D.Walker, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A62, 799.
¹⁷⁵ ₇₀ ¹⁰⁵	γ 0.1375 0.2826 0.2589 0.3963 $s\pi, ce^-$	50C16	Lines are converted in Lu.	J.M.Cork, et al., PR 78, 95.
	$\beta\gamma$ delay < 0.004 ^{μs}	50M22		F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
¹⁷⁷ ₇₀ ¹⁰⁷	γ 0.150 scin K/L=3	50M22		See above.

71 LUTETIUM Lu

Lu	Relative isotopic abundances	50H4	173 < 0.008% 177 < 0.006%	R.J.Hayden, et al., PR 77, 299.
	175 97.40% 176 2.60%		174 < 0.008% 178 < 0.006%	
¹⁷⁷ ₇₁ ¹⁰⁶	β^- 0.475 s γ_3 0.112 $s; ce^-$ γ_2 0.205 $s; ce^-$	50A13	$\alpha_K:\alpha_L:\alpha_M = 1:2:0.5$ for γ_3 . L line only of γ_2 observed.	N.M.Anton'eva, et al., Doklady Akad. Nauk, S.S.S.R. 70, 597; NSA 4, # 3216.
^{178 ?}	τ 8 ^h	50B7	Produced by Hf-23 Mev γ ; chem.	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.
^{179 ?}	τ 22 ⁿ	50B7	Produced by Hf-23 Mev γ ; chem.	See above.

72 HAFNIUM Hf

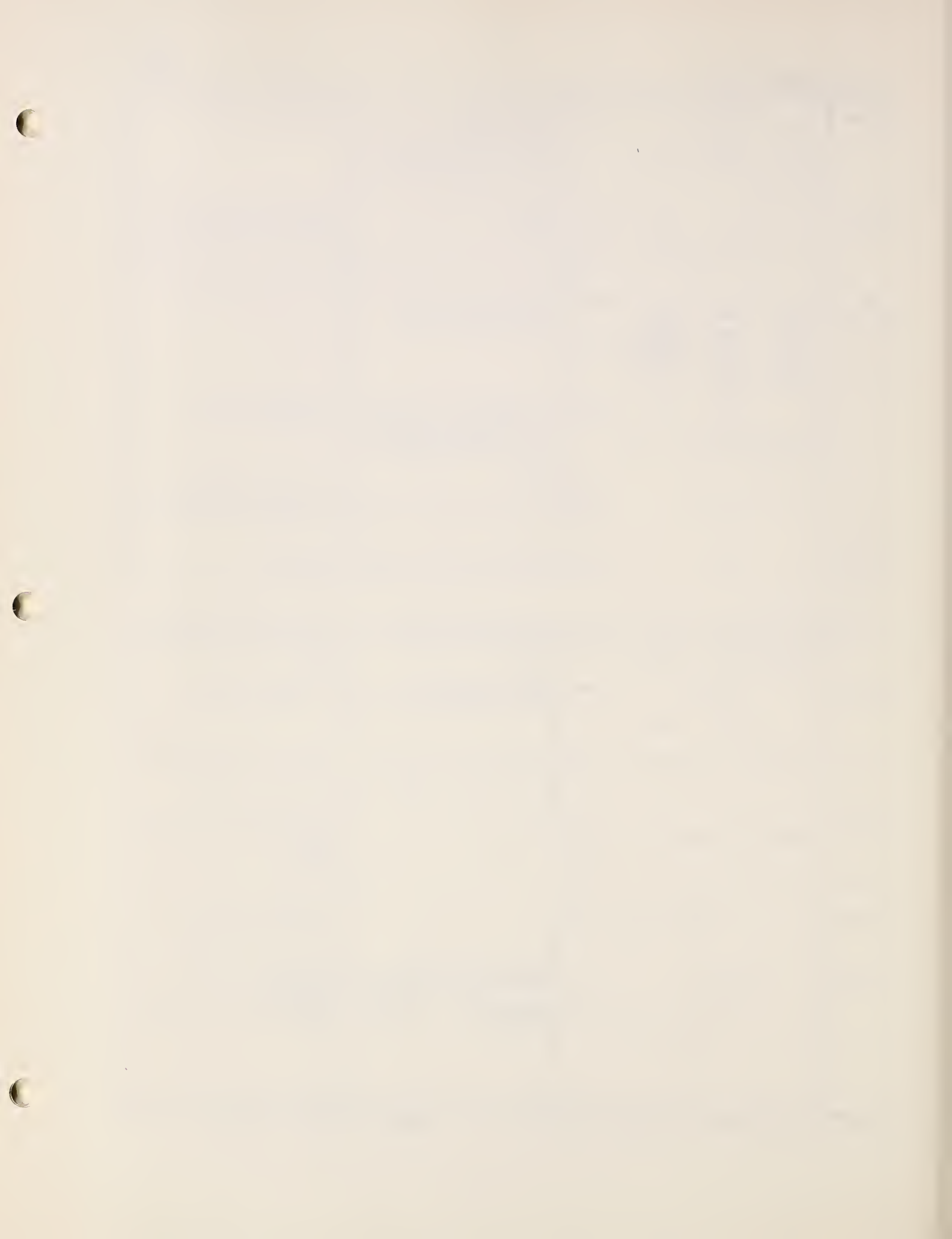
¹⁸¹ ₇₂ ¹⁰⁹ ₄₆ ^d	$\gamma\gamma$ delay of 0.011 ^{μs}	50B24	Hard and soft γ 's follow 22 ^{μs} state but no γ precedes it.	W.C.Barber, PR 78, 82(A) and 641(A).
	$\gamma\gamma$ delay of 0.011 ^{μs} γ 0.132 scin K/L=1.2	50M22	0.132 γ has $\tau=22^{\mu s}$. 0.011 ^{μs} state not found in 5.5 ^h Hf.	F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
	No delayed or instantaneous coincidences for $E_\gamma > 0.25$	49L22	No counts with 1 mm Pb in front of both counters.	A.Lundby, PR 76, 1809.
	γ_2 0.1327 K/L ~ 1 γ_3 0.1357 K/L ~ 0.2 γ_4 0.3445 $s\pi, ce^-$ γ_5 0.4810 γ_6 0.612	50C9	Coincident: $\gamma_2\gamma_4, \gamma_2\gamma_5, \gamma_3\gamma_4$. Non-coincident: $\gamma_4\gamma_5$. K line only of γ_4 observed. γ 's of 0.089 and 0.342 with Lu K,L,M differences observed.	J.M.Cork, et al., PR 78, 299.
	$\gamma_5/\gamma_4=3.5$ $\gamma_5/\gamma_4\sim 2.5$	49J5 49C11	References interchanged on table.	
5.5 ^h	τ 5.5 ^h β^- 0.445 $a\beta e^-$ ~ 0.70 a γ 's 0.130 ? a 0.340 a 0.470 a	50B25	No delayed coincidences. 0.087 γ in 46 ^d Hf ¹⁸¹ reported by 49J5 interpreted as transition to 5.5 ^h state.	S.B.Burson, K.W.Blair, PR 78, 89(A) and ANL-4397.

73 TANTALUM Ta

178,179	τ β^+ 3%* γ 3% e^- 50% K, L X-rays	9.35 ^m 1.06 a ~ 1.5 a 0.08 a	50W1	*% of K X-ray. Produced by Hf-10 Mev p and decay of ^{21}dW ; chem. (E_{dis} very large for Ta^{179} . E_{e^-} ~ same as that of ^{19}Sf .)	G.Wilkinson, UCRL-825.
181 73 108	$\sigma(14 \text{ Mev d,p})$	0.140	50G11	Proton yield averaged over angle.	H.E.Gove, et al., MIT Progress Report, April 1950, 86.
	$\sigma(15 \text{ Mev d,p})$	^{117}dTa 0.89	50S18	Based on $\sigma[\text{Al(d,p}\alpha)\text{Na}^{24}]$ 47C14.	K.H.Sun, et al., PR 78, 338(A).
182 73 109 117 ^d	γ 0.0460 0.0844 0.1975 0.0584 0.0998 0.2211 0.0653 0.1132 0.2280 0.0672 0.1515 0.2623 0.0748 0.1784	} $s\pi, ce^-$	50C16	Conversion lines reinterpreted taking account of fine structure in L lines.	J.M.Cork, et al., PR 78, 95.
	β^- 0.5 a γ 1.2 a Hard γ 's/ $0.5\beta \sim 1.2$ $e^-/\beta \sim 0.7$		50E2	From comparisons with Sc and Co and $\beta\gamma$, $\beta\beta$ coincidences. $\beta\gamma/\beta = \text{constant}$ showing all β and soft e^- coincide with hard γ .	D.W.Engelkemeir, et al., ANL-447Z.
	No delays	$> 0.004\mu\text{s}$	50M22		F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
183 ? 73 110 ?	τ	6 ^d	50B7	Produced by W-23 Mev γ ; chem.	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.
185 ? 73 112 ?	τ	48 ^m	50B7	Produced by W-23 Mev γ ; chem.	See above.

74 WOLFRAM W

W	Neutron resonance at 18 ev assigned to W^{186} . $\Gamma=0.039$	49G9	Unintentionally omitted in table.	M.Goldhaber, et al., BNL-C-9, 96.	
178,179	τ $\gamma \sim 2\%*$ p 9.3 ^m Ta chem	21.0 ^d 0.27	50W1	*% of K X-ray. No e^- . Produced by Ta-50 Mev p; chem.	G.Wilkinson, UCRL-825.
182 74 108	Ta-14 Mev d-n. $E_n(\text{max})=14.5$		50P11	Some evidence for n groups.	R.A.Peck, Jr., PR 78, 338(A).
183 74 109 stable	I 1/2 S $\Delta f(W^{183}-Ni^{61})=8.49 \pm 0.02$		50F8	Sample enriched to 90% in W^{183} .	G.R.Fowles, PR 78, 744.
186 74 112	$\Delta f(W^{186}-Ni^{62})=9.03 \pm 0.02$		50D8		H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 386. See above.
187 74 113	γ K/L=5 $\tau=0.55\mu\text{s}$	0.133 scin	50M22		F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
188 74 114	τ p Re^{188}	months	50L8	Produced by W-n- γ , n- γ . Observed only through daughter.	M.Lindner, J.S.Coleman; PR 78, 87.
	τ γ	$\sim 90^d$ $1.67 < E < 2.23 \gamma n$	50A9	Produced by W-n. Assignment tentative.	D.E.Alburger, et al., BNL-64 (S-8).



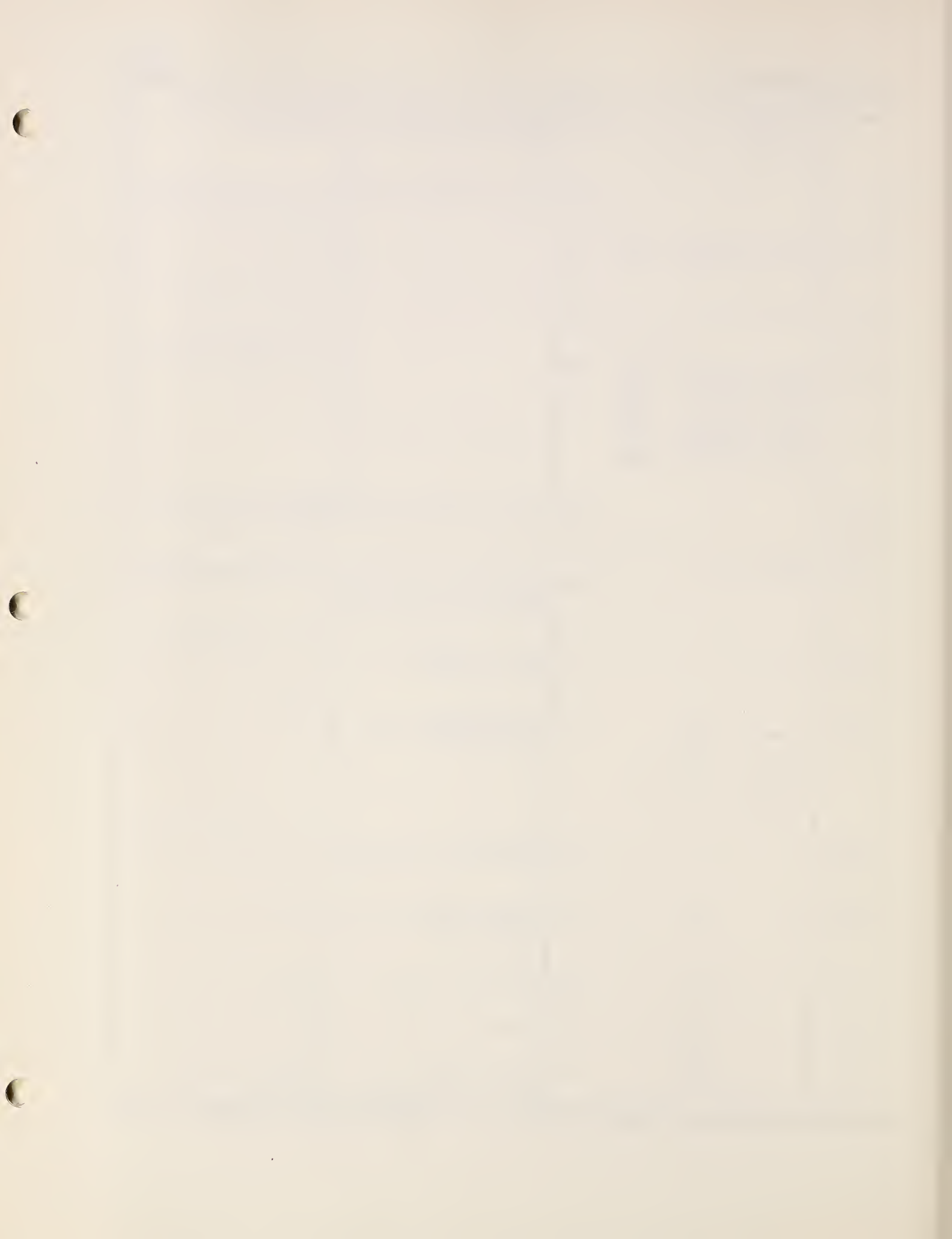
75 RHENIUM Re

75-Re
76-Os

Re	$E_0(n, \gamma)$ in eV 2.15 (Re ¹⁸⁵), 4.5, 5.9, 7.2, 11.2, 13.2, 17.6	50H19	Possibly others at 20.5, 34, 40, 52, 75, 156, 270, 580, 1800.	W.W.Havens, Jr., et al., CUD-38 and 45.
75 ? ?	τ ~ 1 ^h	50C11	Produced by Os-19 Mev d, chem.	T.C.Chu, UCRL-624; PR 79, 582.
185 75 110	$\sigma(32 \text{ Mev } \alpha, n) 41.5^h \text{ Ir}$ 0.21 $\sigma(32 \text{ Mev } \alpha, 2n) 11.8^h \text{ Ir}$ 1.2	50C11		See above.
186 75 111	$\beta\gamma$ delay < 0.004 ^{μs}	50M22		F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
187 75 112	$\sigma(22 \text{ Mev } \alpha, n) 12.6^d \text{ Ir}$ 0.24 $\sigma(32 \text{ Mev } \alpha, n) 12.6^d \text{ Ir}$ 0.15 $\sigma(22 \text{ Mev } \alpha, n) 3.2^h \text{ Ir}$ 0.01 $\sigma(32 \text{ Mev } \alpha, n) 3.2^h \text{ Ir}$ 0.006 $\sigma(22 \text{ Mev } \alpha, 3n) 41.5^h \text{ Ir}$ 0.13 $\sigma(32 \text{ Mev } \alpha, 3n) 41.5^h \text{ Ir}$ 0.81 $\sigma(22 \text{ Mev } \alpha, 4n) 11.8^h \text{ Ir}$ 0.009	50C11		T.C.Chu, UCRL-624; PR 79, 582.
189, 191	τ 17 ^m	50B7	Produced by Os-23 Mev γ , chem.	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.

76 OSMIUM Os

76 ? ?	τ 50 ^d	50C11	Produced by Re-38 Mev α , chem. Milked from Ir's. Not 95 ^d Os.	T.C.Chu, UCRL-624; PR 79, 582.
182 76 106	τ 24 ^h K, no β^+	50J5	Produced by Re-40 Mev p-4n, chem. p 12.7 ^h Re.	B.M.Jones, UCRL-656, PR 80, 99.
183 76 107	τ 12.0 ^h γ 18%* 0.34 a 10% 1.6 a e^- 18% 0.15 a ~ 1% 0.42 a K, L X-rays	50J5	* % of K X-ray. Produced by Re-25 Mev p-3n, chem. p Re ¹⁸³ .	See above.
187 ? 76 111 ?	τ 35 ^h	50C11	Produced by Re-38 Mev α , chem. Milked from Ir's. d 11.8 ^h Ir?	T.C.Chu, UCRL-624; PR 79, 582.
190 ? 76 114 ?	τ_1 6 ^h τ_2 9.5 ^m	50C11	Produced by Re-38 Mev α , chem. 6 ^h Os possibly d 12.6 ^d Ir. 9.5 ^m Os d 3.2 ^h Ir.	See above.
191 76 115	τ 16.0 ^d	50C11	Produced by Os-19 Mev d.	See above.
193 76 117	τ 30.6 ^h β^- 1.15 a	50C11	Produced by Os-19 Mev d.	See above.
194 76 118	τ months p 19 ^h Ir	50L8	Produced by Os-n- γ , n- γ . Os ¹⁹⁴ not observed directly.	M.Lindner, J.S.Coleman, PR 78, 67.



77 187 110	τ 11.8 ^h β^+ 0.2%* 2.2 s γ 75%* 1.3 a e^- 22%* 0.28 s,a 2.5%* 1.2 s,a K,L X-rays p 35 ^h Os ?	50C11	* % of K X-ray Produced by Re- α ; f, σ , chem and Os-19 Mev d. See Re ¹⁸⁵ and Re ¹⁸⁷ for σ 's from enriched samples. High proportion of L X-rays. (Bohr-Wheeler E _d is ~ 1 Mev.)	T.C.Chu, UCRL-824; PR 79, 582.
77 188 111	τ 41.5 ^h β^+ 0.2%* 2 s,a γ 55%* 1.8 a e^- 8%* 0.16 s,a 0.7%* 0.85 s,a	50C11	Produced by Re- α ; f, σ , chem and Os-19 Mev d. See Re ¹⁸⁵ and Re ¹⁸⁷ for σ 's. (Bohr-Wheeler E _d is ~ 1.5 Mev.)	See above.
77 189 ? 112 ?	τ >100 ^d	50C11	Produced by Re-40 Mev α ; chem.	See above.
77 190 113	τ 3.2 ^h β^+ 1.7 s e^- 0.2 s,a 0.8 s p 9.5 ^m Os	50C11	Produced by Re- α ; f, σ , chem and Os-19 Mev d. See Re ¹⁸⁷ . Yield very similar to that of 12.8 ^d activity. (Bohr-Wheeler E _d is ~ 1 Mev.)	See above.
77 190 113 10.7 ^d	τ 12.6 ^d γ 45%* 0.17 a 42%* 0.55 a e^- 7%* 0.17 a 4%* 0.5 a K [?] ,L X-rays p 8 ^h Os	50C11	Produced by Re- α ; f, σ , chem and Os-19 Mev d. • See Re ¹⁸⁷ .	See above.
77 192 115 1.42 ^m	γ 0.0574 s π ,ce ⁻	50C10	No ce ⁻ from a 30 kev line.	R.L.Caldwell, PR 78, 407.
77 192 115 70 ^d	τ 74.7 ^d No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation No delayed $\beta\beta$, $\beta\gamma$, or $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences, (0.005-1) ^{μs}	50C11 49G21 50D6	Produced by Os-19 Mev d.	T.C.Chu, UCRL-824, PR 79, 582. R.L.Garvin, PR 76, 1876. M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.
77 194 117 19.0 ^h	No ce ⁻ between 20 and 275 kev	50C10		R.L.Caldwell, PR 78, 407.
195,197	τ 66 ^m	50B7	Produced by Pt-23 Mev γ ; chem.	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165, 149.

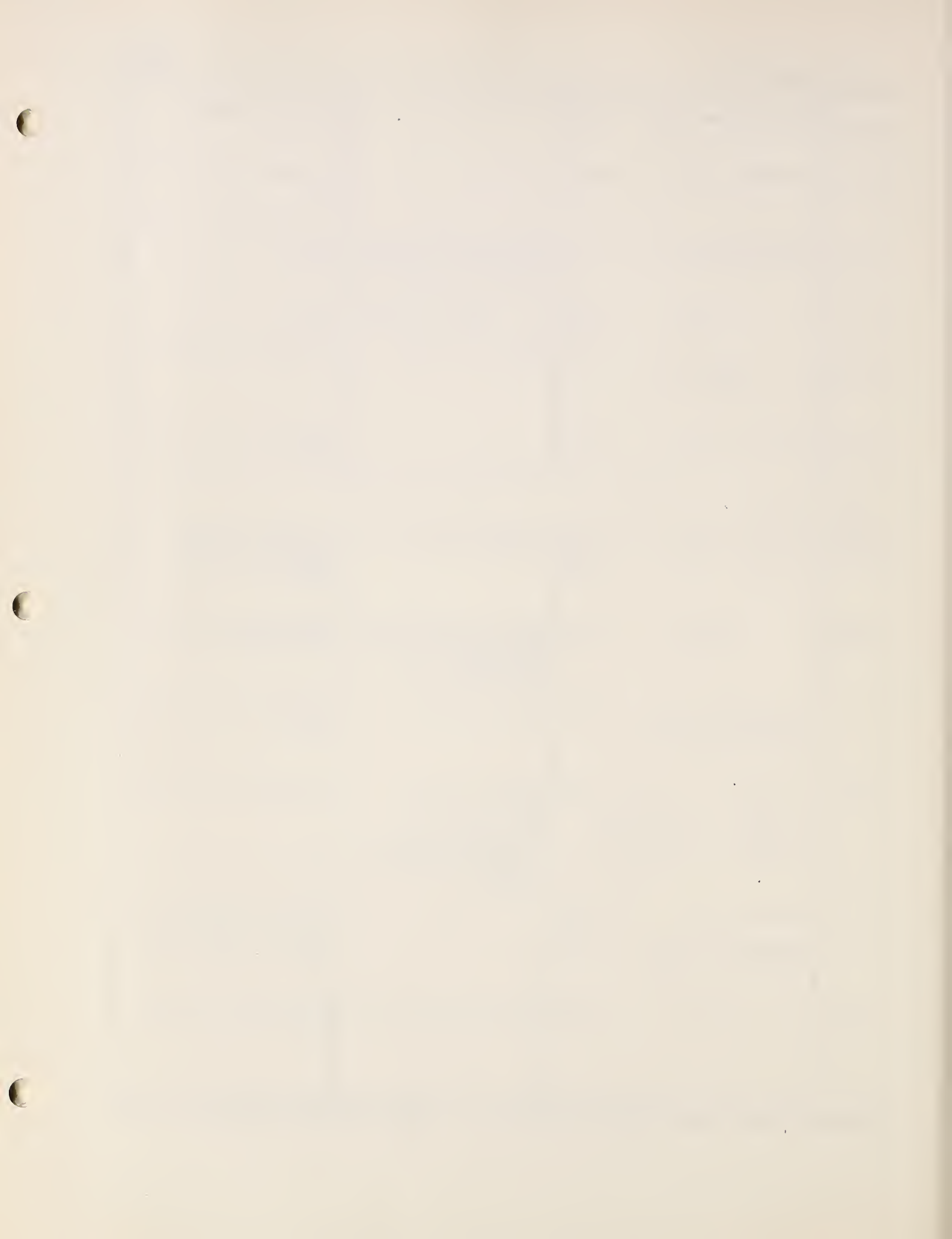
78 PLATINUM Pt

78-Pt
79-Au

78 112	190 Relative abundance 0.012%	49L25		W.T.Leland, PR 76, 992.
78 114	192 $\Delta f(\text{Pt}^{192}-\text{Zn}^{64}) = 9.24$	50D8		H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 388.
78 117	195 $f = 1.36 \pm 0.04$ $\Delta f(\text{Pt}^{195}-\text{Cu}^{65}) = 9.23$	50D5	From $\Delta f(\text{C}_3\text{H}_3-\text{Pt}^{195}) = 7.86$ and $f(\text{C}_3\text{H}_3) = 9.219$ assuming $\text{Pt}^{195}-\text{Pt}^{196}$ is integral.	H.E.Duckworth, et al., PR 78, 479.
	μ 0.6005 I	49P24	$\nu(\text{Pt}^{195})/\nu(\text{Na}^{23})$ (H_2PtCl_2) = 0.8127 ± 0.0001 .	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 76, 1728.
78 119 ?	197 ? τ 82^d β^- ~ 0.54 a γ ~ 0.6 a	50C3	Produced by Pt-n- γ ; chem.	J.M.Cork, et al., PR 77, 843.
78 120	198 $\Delta f(\text{Pt}^{198}-\text{Zn}^{66}) = 9.43$	50D8		H.E.Duckworth et al., PR 78, 388.

79 GOLD Au

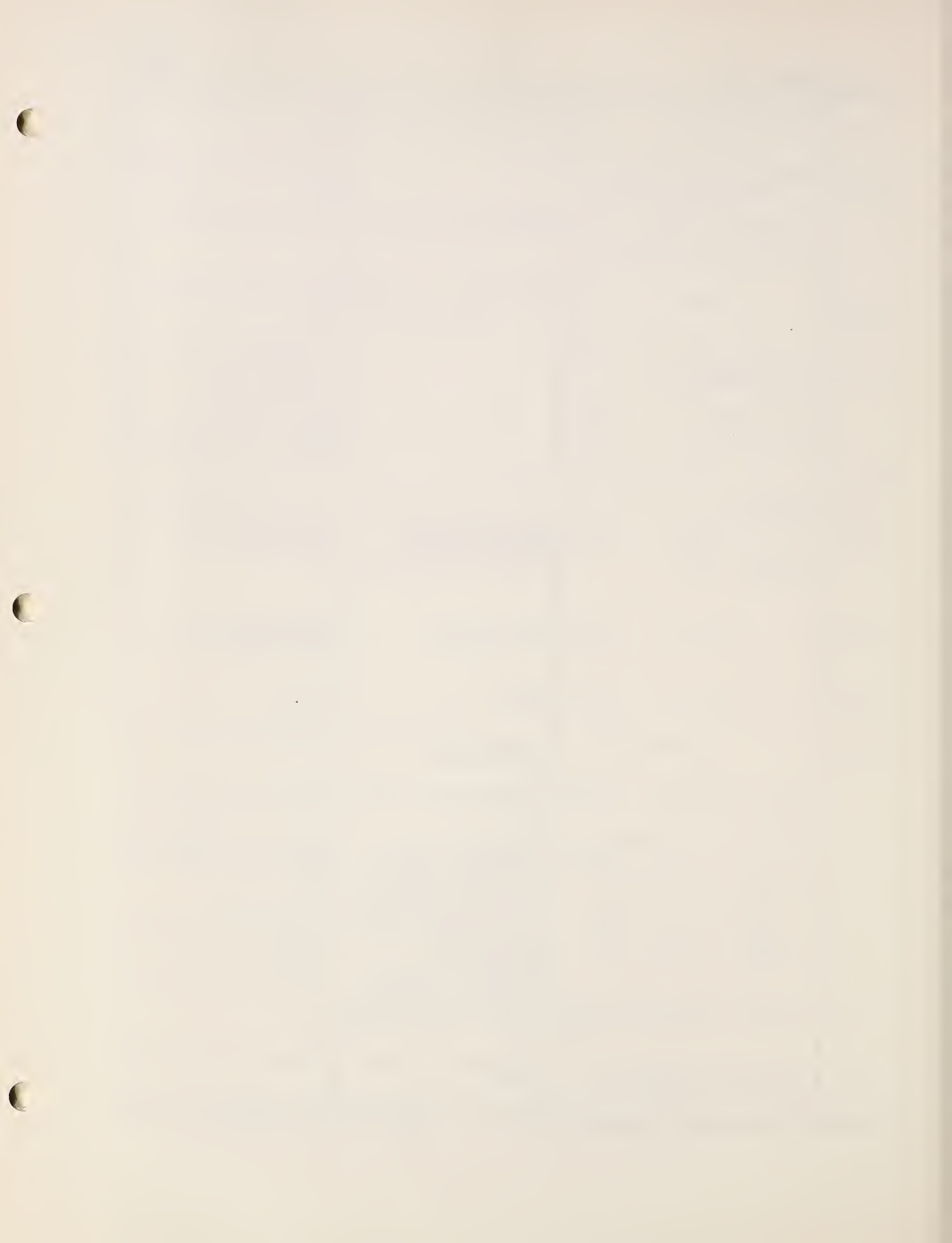
79 119	198 No $\beta\gamma$ angular correlation	50R6, 50S27	$b = 0.004 \pm 0.015$.	S.L.Ridgway, PR 78, 821. R.Stump, S.Frankel, PR 79, 243(A).
79 119 ?	198 ? e^- 0.044 s 0.058 s	49T19	Interpreted as K and L lines of γ 's of 0.125 and 0.072 respectively. Produced by Au-pile n's.	B.V.Thosar, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A62 , 739.
	$\beta\gamma$ delay of $0.04\mu\text{s}$ found in 4^h activity produced by Au-n- γ and Au-d-n	50J7	Not produced by Au-p.	P.S.Jastram, et al., PR 79, 243(A).
79 120	199 γ_1 65.0 γ_2 76.6 γ_6 131.4 γ_3 98.3 γ_7 133.7 γ_4 103.0 γ_8 138.6 γ_5 129.2 γ_9 157.6	50C3	Produced by Pt-n- γ , n- γ . K/L ~ 1 for γ_4 and γ_9 K/L $\ll 1$ for $\gamma_5, \gamma_6, \gamma_8$ All lines interpreted as converted in Hg. (Note 0.128 γ assigned to Pt ¹⁹³ on table.)	J.M.Cork, et al., PR 77, 843.
	$\beta\gamma$ delay $< 0.005\mu\text{s}$	50M22		F.K.McGowan, ORNL-694, 19.
	No delayed $\beta\beta$, $\beta\gamma$, or $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences, $(0.005-1)\mu\text{s}$	50D8		M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.
79 122 ?	201 ? τ 27^m	50B7	Produced by Hg-23 Mev γ ; chem.	F.D.S.Butement, Nature 165 , 149.



Hg	$\sigma_a(276^\circ)/\sigma_a(476^\circ)=1.35$ 49R14	σ_a decreases faster than $1/v$.	W.Ramm, Z. Naturforsch. 4a , 245.
¹⁹⁷ ₈₀ ¹¹⁷ ²⁵ h	Angular correlation of L e ⁻ 's of 0.135 and 0.165 γ 's observed 50F3 0.135 γ (K/L < 1) delayed by 0.007 μ s 50M12 0.165 γ (K/L ~ 0.1) precedes delay	b = 0.24. 0.165 γ may have appreciable lifetime.	H.Frauenfelder, et al., PR 77, 557. F.K.McGowan, PR 78, 325(A).
¹⁹⁹ ₈₀ ¹¹⁹ stable	μ 0.4994 I 49P24	$\nu(\text{Hg}^{199})/\nu(\text{D}^2)$ (HgNO ₃) = 1.1647 \pm 0.0001.	W.G.Proctor, F.C.Yu, PR 76, 1728.
²⁰³ ₈₀ ¹²³	Mass assignment of 43.5 ^d activity by ms. 50B18 $\beta\gamma$ delay < 0.02 μ s 50B3 $\beta\gamma$ delay < 0.003 μ s 50D8		I.Bergström, et al., Arkiv för Fysik 1 , 281. D.Binder, PR 77, 291. M.Deutsch, W.E.Wright, PR 77, 139.

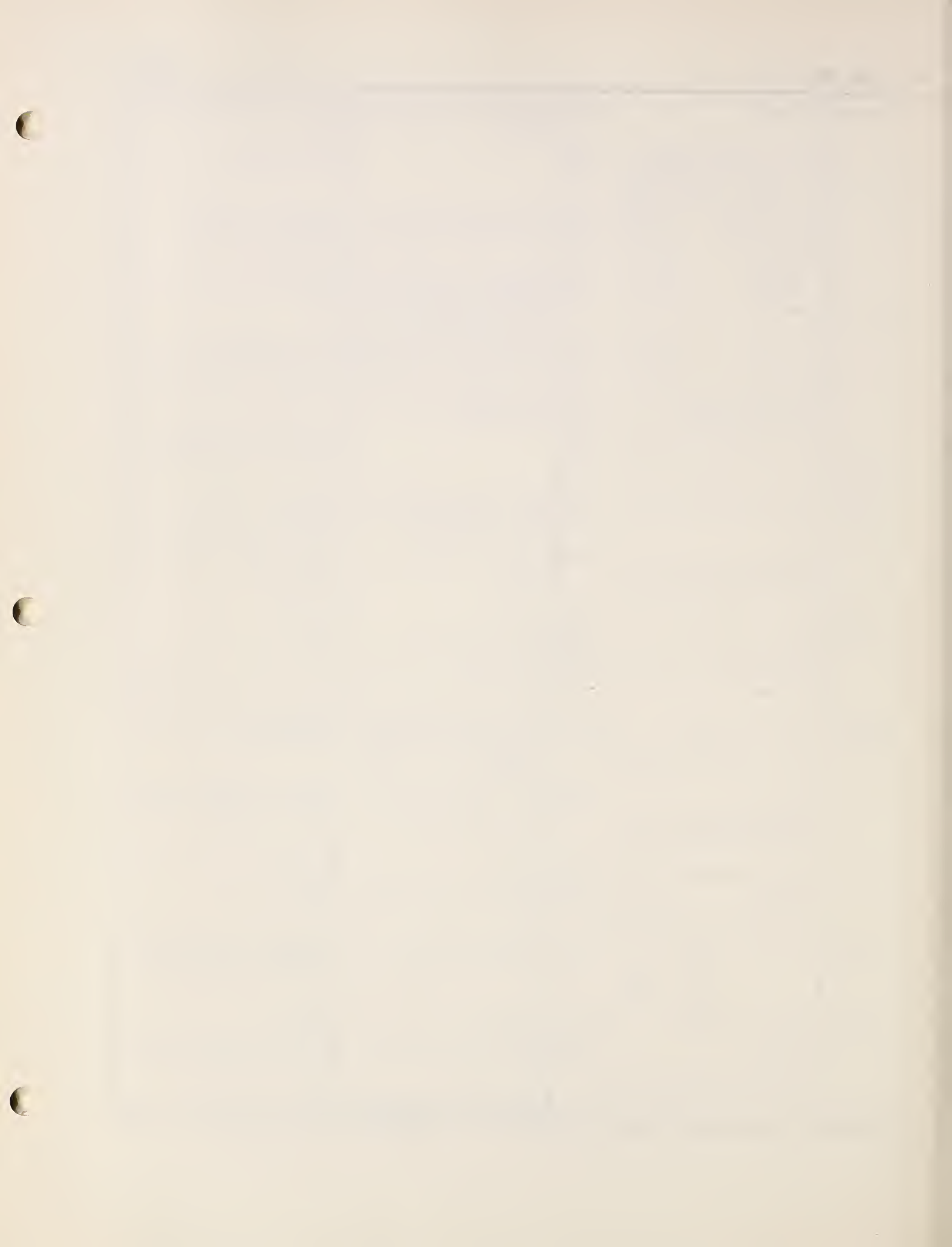
81 THALLIUM Tl

²⁰² ₈₁ ¹²¹	τ 11.50 ^d 50W17 γ 80%* 0.435 s, a e ⁻ 10% 0.35 K, L X-rays	Produced by Hg-d; chem. *Relative to K X-ray. L X-ray more intense than K.	G.Wilkinson, UCRL-750. PR 79, 1014.																								
²⁰⁴ ₈₁ ¹²³	β^- 0.85 a 50E3	Feather analysis.	H.D.Evans, Proc. Phys. Soc. Lond., A63 , 575.																								
²⁰⁷ ₈₁ ¹²⁶	β^- 1.44 a 50E3	See above.	See above.																								
²⁰⁸ ₈₁ ¹²⁷	γ_X 2.615 s; pe ⁻ , ce ⁻ 50W2 3.2 Mev γ not found Dyp 50B20 Intensities, % of disintegrations 50M27 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>γ</th> <th>I(γ)*</th> <th>I(e_K⁻)**</th> <th>α_K***</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>7.2-11.2</td> <td>2.64</td> <td>0.29</td> </tr> <tr> <td>L</td> <td>18-26</td> <td>1.84</td> <td>0.084</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M</td> <td>65-95</td> <td>1.34</td> <td>0.017</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P</td> <td>12.5-18</td> <td>0.26</td> <td>0.017</td> </tr> <tr> <td>X</td> <td>100</td> <td>0.18</td> <td>0.18</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> G K/L=6.3 From I(ce _K ⁻) of 48M30 M K/L=3.7 and I(ce _L ⁻) of 39F4	γ	I(γ)*	I(e _K ⁻)**	α_K ***	G	7.2-11.2	2.64	0.29	L	18-26	1.84	0.084	M	65-95	1.34	0.017	P	12.5-18	0.26	0.017	X	100	0.18	0.18	Compared with Au ¹⁹⁸ 0.4112 γ and Co ⁶⁰ 1.332 γ . < 0.001 photons per disintegration. Lower limits of I(γ) from heights of pe ⁻ lines from thick targets of Au, Th. Upper limits are these values times 1.46 except for X. This factor gives I(γ)+I(ce ⁻) = 83% for F line of Pb ²¹² q.v. Comparison with theoretical values of α_K of Rose, et al., indicates I=4,3,3,1,0 for levels of table in descending order.	J.Wolfson, PR 78, 176. G.R.Bishop, et al., PR 77, 416. D.G.E.Martin, H.O.W.Richardson, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63 , 223. *Unconverted γ 's. **Values from 48M30. Not in table. ***For mean value of I(γ).
γ	I(γ)*	I(e _K ⁻)**	α_K ***																								
G	7.2-11.2	2.64	0.29																								
L	18-26	1.84	0.084																								
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P	12.5-18	0.26	0.017																								
X	100	0.18	0.18																								
²¹⁰ ₈₁ ¹²⁹	γ 's with E > 2.8 reported by 37D3 and 37N4 not found by Dyp 50B20	< 0.05 photons per disintegration.	G.R.Bishop, et al., PR 77, 416.																								



Pb	$\tau_a > 3 \times 10^{15} \text{y}$	49J10	No activity found with photo plates.	K.Jenkner, E.Broda, Nature 164, 412.
	Relative isotopic abundances	50H23		R.F.Hibbs, Y-604.
	204 1.37% 207 20.82%			
	208 26.26% 208 51.55%			
	σ_t (0.26-0.66 Mev) table*	50B15	*C-d-n and **D-d-n sources.	E.Bretscher, E.B.Martin HPA 23, 15.
	σ_t (2.35 Mev) 6.02**			
	σ_t (84 Mev) 4.47	50B11	Be-190 Mev d-n. C-n-2n detection. σ_{el} from integration over angle. σ_{in} from poor geometry experiment.	A.Bratenahl, et al., PR 77, 597.
	σ_{el} (84 Mev) 2.79			
	σ_{in} (84 Mev) 1.83			
	σ_t (95 Mev) 4.48	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. B1-f detector; σ_{in} from poor geometry exper.	J.DeJuren, N.Knable, PR 77, 606.
	σ_{in} (95 Mev) 1.79			
	Isotope shifts studied with enriched materials	50G20	$(\nu_{206} - \nu_{204}) / (\nu_{208} - \nu_{206}) = 0.90$ for two lines.	F.E.Geiger, Jr., PR 79, 212(A).
204 82 122 68 ^m	$\gamma\gamma$ angular correlation found	50G13		M.Goldhaber, et al., BNL-51, 61.
205 82 123	Pb ²⁰⁶ - γ -n threshold = 8.25	50P13	Based on Cu ⁶³ - γ -n threshold = 10.9. n's detected.	H.Palevsky, A.O.Hanson, PR 79, 242(A).
	Pb ²⁰⁶ -d-t Q=-1.83, -2.10, -2.67, -3.62	50H18	Levels: 0.27, 0.84, 1.79. $E_d = 14$.	J.A.Harvey, MIT Progress Report, April 1950.
206 82 124	Pb ²⁰⁷ - γ -n threshold = 6.95	50P13	See Pb ²⁰⁵ .	See Pb ²⁰⁵ .
	Pb ²⁰⁷ -d-t Q=-0.42, -1.28, -1.79, -2.13, -2.64, -3.45	50H18	Levels: 0.86, 1.37, 1.71, 2.22, 3.03.	See Pb ²⁰⁵ .
	σ_t studied	50A17	Average level spacing ~50 kev.	R.K.Adair, et al., PR 79, 218(A).
207 82 125	Pb ²⁰⁶ -n- γ Q=6.68 50K7,50K8		Normal Pb used. Two capture γ 's found. Lower energy γ attributed to Pb ²⁰⁷ , higher to Pb ²⁰⁸ .	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 77 and 78, 481.
	$\sigma[\text{Pb}^{207}(\text{th n}, \gamma)] / \sigma[\text{Pb}^{206}(\text{th n}, \gamma)] = 7$			
	Pb ²⁰⁶ -d-p Q=4.48, 3.86, 3.53, 1.73, 0.88, 0.06, -0.18, -0.80	50H18	Levels: 0.62, 0.95, 2.75, 3.60, 4.42, 4.66, 5.28.	See Pb ²⁰⁵ . Also PR 79, 241(A) and PR 78, 345(A).
	Pb ²⁰⁸ - γ -n threshold = 7.44	50P13	See Pb ²⁰⁵ .	See Pb ²⁰⁵ .
	Pb ²⁰⁸ -d-t Q=-1.10, -1.71, -2.05, -2.71, -3.43	50H18	Levels: 0.61, 0.95, 1.61, 2.33.	See Pb ²⁰⁵ .
207 ?	τ 0.9 ^s	50C8	Produced by Pb-pile n's.	E.C.Campbell, M. Goodrich, PR 78, 640(A); ORNL-577, 21.
	γ 0.5 scin			
	1.0 scin			
208 82 126	Pb ²⁰⁷ -n- γ Q=7.37 50K7,50K8		See Pb ²⁰⁷ .	See Pb ²⁰⁷ .
	Pb ²⁰⁷ -d-p Q=5.14, 1.77, 1.54, 0.01, -0.30, -0.95	50H18	Levels: 3.37, 3.60, 5.13, 5.44, 6.09.	See Pb ²⁰⁵ . Also PR 79, 241(A) and PR 78, 345(A).

(Pb continued on next page)

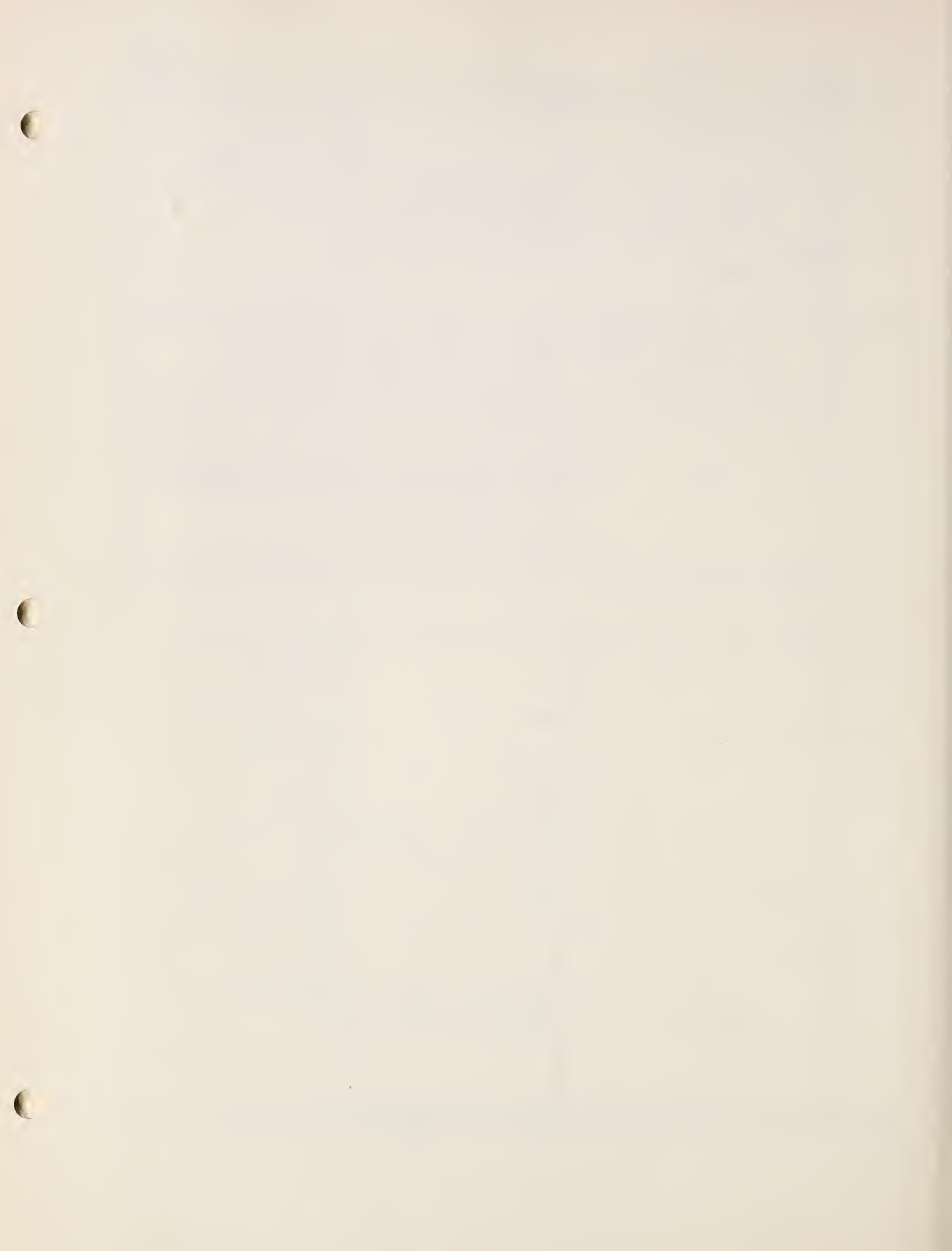


209 82 127	Pb ²⁰⁸ -d-p Q=1.65, 0.90?, 0.09, -0.38, -0.89	50H16	Levels: 0.75?, 1.56, 2.03, 2.54.	See Pb ²⁰⁵ . Also PR 79, 241(A) and PR 78, 345(A).
210 82 128	L X-rays 100* α_1 10.8 keV 45* β_4 12.7 95* $\beta_{1,2}$ 13.0 40* β_3 13.3 Other weak lines at 7.1, 7.4, 8.0, 8.9, 9.5 keV *Relative intensities	49S46	β spectrum shows (atoms ionized in L _I)/(atoms ionized in L _{III}) = 31. Suggest that passage of e ⁻ 's from L _{III} to L _I accounts for high intensity of β_3 and β_4 relative to α_1 .	L. Salgueiro, M. Valadares, Portugaliae Physica 3, 21.
212 82 130	Intensities, % of disintegrations γ E γ I(γ)* I(e ⁻ _K) I(e ⁻ _L) α_K K/L Δ	50M27		D.G.E. Martin, H.O.W. Richardson, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 223.
	F 0.238 30.1-44 31.3** 5.7*** 0.71 5.5 1 mag?			*Unconverted γ 's.
	H 0.300 3.3-4.8 1.2*** 0.2*** 0.25 6.0 1 mag?			**Value from 48M30.
	See Tl ²⁰⁸ for notes on I(γ)		α_K is for higher value of I(γ).	***Value from 39F4. Not in table.
	$\beta_1 \sim 83\%$ (not 88% as in table)	48M30	Estimated value from intensity of β_2 and γ 's.	D.G.E. Martin, H.O.W. Richardson, Proc. Roy. Soc. A, 195, 287.
	β_1 0.340 s	49G26	Double spectrometer measurement of β 's coincident with Fc ⁻ 's. Fermi plot straight.	L.V. Groshev, L.Y. Shavtvalov, Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR 68, 257; NSA 4, #1767.
214 82 132	γ 's Table of 86 conversion lines with energies between 0.584 and 1.438	49L28	Radon used as source. Multipolarity of lines indicated.	G.D. Latyshev, et al., Izv. Akad. Nauk, Ser. Fiz. 13, 428; Chem. Abst. 44, 3364f (1950).

83 BISMUTH BI

206 83 123	γ 1.67 < E γ < 2.23	50D7		E. der Mateosian, M. Goldhaber, PR 78, 328(A).
208 83 125	Bi-d-t Q=-1.17, -1.76, -2.18	50H16	Levels: 0.59, 1.01.	J.A. Harvey, MIT Progress Report, April 1950, 67.
209 83 126	τ_a > 3x10 ¹⁵ y	49J10	Search for α 's with photo plate.	K. Jenkner, E. Broda, Nature 164, 412.
	μ 4.0399 I	50P5	$\nu(\text{Bi}^{209})/\nu(\text{D}^2)$ [Bi(NO ₃) ₃] = 1.0488 ± 0.0001	W.G. Proctor, F.C. Yu, PR 78, 471.
	σ (14 Mev d,p) 0.145 for Q > 2.2	50G11	Proton yield averaged over angle.	H.E. Gove, et al., MIT Progress Report, April 1950, 86.
210 83 127	Bi-d-p Q=1.95, 0.3, -0.3, -0.8	50H16	Levels: 1.65, 2.2, 2.8.	See Bi ²⁰⁸ . Also PR 79, 241(A) and PR 78, 481.
long	τ > 25 ^y α 5.12 ic p 4.2 ^m Tl	50N4	Produced by Bi-n, chem and not by Pb-20 Mev d. α and β activity observed after decay of 5 ^d RaE.	H.M. Neumann, et al., PR 77, 720.

(Bi continued on next page)

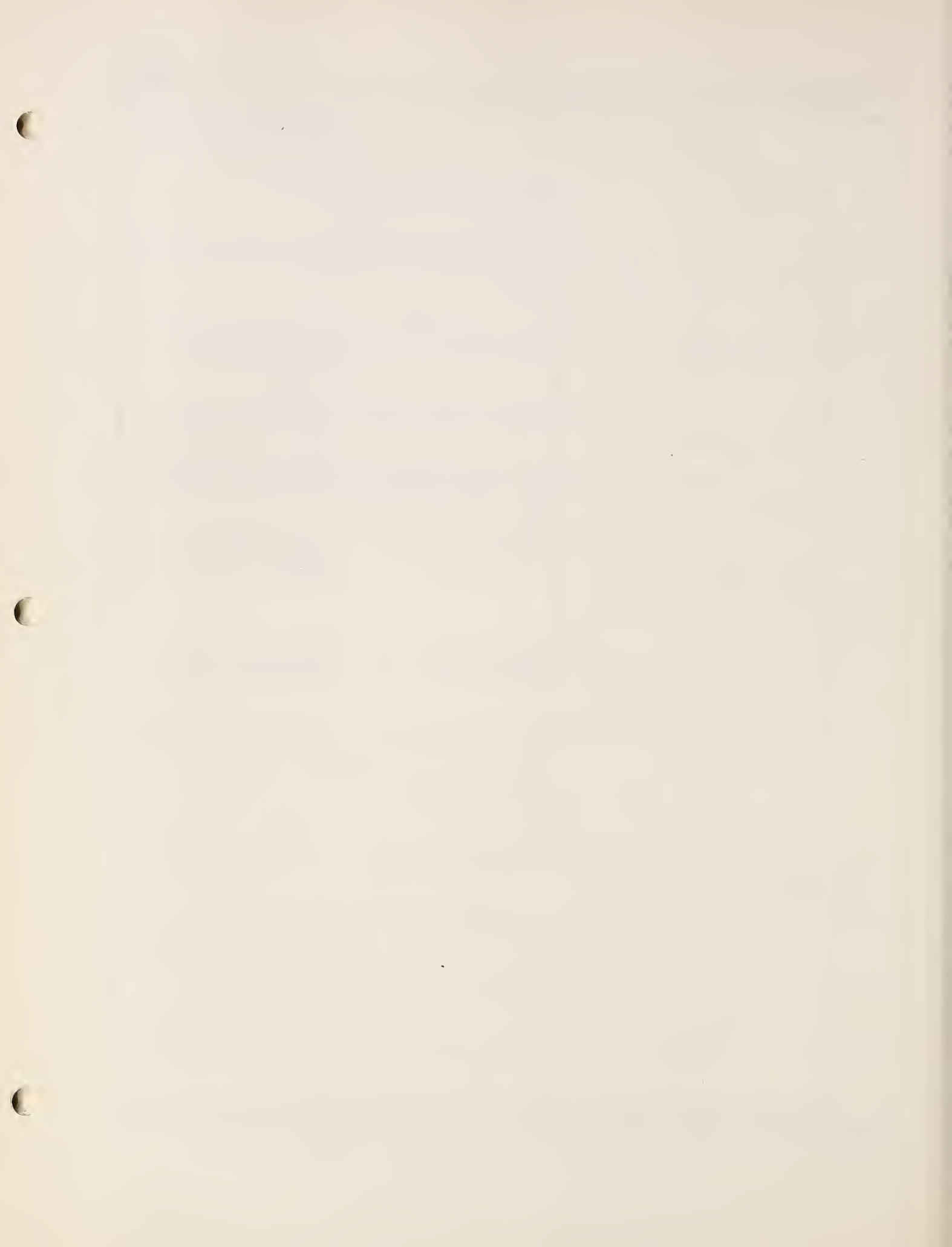


83 BISMUTH Bi (continued)

210 83 127 4.85 ^d	β^- 8% 1.080 s 1.165 s γ 0.080 a; s, ce ⁻	49Z3		A.S.Zavel'skii, et al., J. Exp. Theor. Phys. USSR 19, 1136. Phys. Abst. 53, #3363 (1950).
	Bi-n- γ E_γ (max)=4.17	50K7	From capture γ studies. Single weak, unusually broad peak.	B.B.Kinsey, et al., PR 78, 77.
212 83 129	γ (0 line) 0.721 $I(\gamma)^*$ $I(e_K^-)^{**}$ a_K^{***} 5.7-8.3% 0.106% 0.015	50M27	*Unconverted γ 's per β disint. ** Value from 48M30. Not in table. ***For mean value of $I(\gamma)$. See Tl ²⁰⁸ .	D.G.E.Martin, H.O.W.Richardson, Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond., A63, 223.
214 83 131	Monochromatic β^+ observed from pair production of 1.527 and 1.620 γ 's	48L17	$E_{\beta^+} = mv - 2mc^2 + B$, where B is binding energy of e ⁻ in shell.	G.D.Latyshev, et al., Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR 63, 511. Guide to Russ. Sci. Lit. 3, 37 (1950).
	γ 's Table of 86 conversion lines with energies between 0.584 and 1.438	49L28	Radon used as source. Multipolarity of lines indicated.	G.D.Latyshev, et al., Izv. Akad. Nauk, Ser. Fiz 13, 428. Chem. Abst. 44, 3364f (1950).
	γ 's 1.414, 1.760, 2.198 K conversion spectra show fine structure separation of 6.2 kev	48G23	1.414 γ has two components of 2.4 kev separation. Satellites weaker on high energy side.	V.V.Ge1, et al., Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR 63, 239. Guide to Russ. Sci. Lit. 3, 33 (1950).
	γ 1.414 L and M conversion spectra show separations of 2.5 and 6.0 kev $a_K: a_L: a_M = 5.4: 1: 0.33$ (K conversion)/(pair formation) = 440*	49L29	*Previous value was 625. Conversion ratios indicate 0 - 0 transition.	G.D.Latyshev, et al., Izv. Akad. Nauk, SSSR, Ser Fiz 13, 340. Phys. Abst. 52, #7253 (1949).
	γ 1.760 (K conversion)/(pair formation)=250 2.198 (K conversion)/(pair formation)=140	48G24	Ratios are $\sim 1/2$ theoretical quadrupole values, $\sim 1/10$ dipole values.	V.V.Ge1, et al., Izv. Akad. Nauk, SSSR, Ser. Fiz. 12, 729. Phys. Abst. 52, #7250 (1949).
	γ 's 0.606, 1.120, 1.414, 1.760 No fine structure found	50B42	Resolving power 0.5-0.2%. Source on 5 μ Al foil avoids distortions from glass ampoule.	A.A.Bashilov, et al., Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR 70, 793. NSA 4, #3800 (1950).
	γ 1* 2.208 s; pe ⁻ 0.4* 2.452 s; pe ⁻	50W2	Au and Co lines taken as standards. *Relative inten.	J.L.Wolfson, PR 78, 176.
	γ of ~ 3 Mev not found <0.001 photons per disintegration	50B20	Expected from long range α 's. Detection by photo p's in D.	G.R.Bishop, et al., PR 77, 416.

84 POLONIUM Po

208 84 124	τ 2.93 ^y	50T3	Observed over 3 y period with ic calibrated by Th ²³⁰ .	D.H.Templeton, UCRL-616 and PR 78, 312.
209 84 125	α 4.90 $K/\alpha \sim 0.1$	50PGS	K/α from L X-rays (D.G.Karraker, D.H.Templeton, unpublished data).	I.Perlman, et al., PR 77, 26.
210 84 126	γ 0.803 s; ce ⁻ , pe ⁻ $K/L=3.7$	50A19	only one γ found.	D.E.Alburger, BNL-64 (S-6), 1.



85 ASTATINE At

85 211 126	Auger e^- / Po^{211} $\alpha=0.093$	50G22	From ratio of ($\alpha + e^-$) tracks to total number of α tracks in photo plate.	L.S.Germain, PR 78, 90(A) and UCRL-770; PR 80, 937.
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86 RADON Rn

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87 FRANCIUM Fr

87 222 135	τ β^-	14.8 ^m	50H20	Produced by Th^{232} -100 Mev p, chem. Assignment from energies of α daughters.	E.K.Hyde, A.Ghiorso, UCRL-593.
87 223 136	γ_1 27%* γ_2 8% L X-ray 25%	0.0486 crit a ~ 0.330 a crit a	50L13	*Quanta per disintegration from calibrated counters and Ac source of known intensity. From X-ray intensity and fluor. yield conclude γ_1 is in cascade with most β 's.	M.Lecoin, et al., J. de phys. et rad. (8) 11, 227.

88 RADIUM Ra

88 228 140	γ L X-ray ~ 4%	~ 0.030 a	49L27		M.Lecoin, et al., J. de phys. et rad. (8) 10, 390.
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89 ACTINIUM Ac

89 226 137	τ	29 ^h	50S9		K.Street, Jr., quoted in UCRL-589 and PR 78, 476.
89 227 138	$\beta^- < 2\%$ with 3 keV $< E_\beta < 40$ keV γ_1 0.22%* γ_2 0.2% $e^- \sim 10\%$ L X-ray 5%	0.0368 a ~ 0.300 a ~ 0.012 cc	50L13	*See Fr ²²³ . If X-rays due to conversion of γ_1 , expect 17 keV e^- 's in ~ 12% of disintegrations. Then expect β 's to ground in 88% of disintegrations. Not found. γ_2 may be connected with α emission.	M.Lecoin, et al., J. de phys. et rad. (8) 11, 227.

90 THORIUM Th

90 227 137	Intensities, % of disintegrations (L X-ray)	E_γ (keV) 14.5 50 120 280	$I(\gamma)^*$ 11 3 13 50	50R10	*Photons per disintegration measured with Xe counter whose absolute efficiency was calc. Rough agreement with two earlier measurements.	M.Riou, J. de phys. et rad. (8) 11, 185.
90 228 138	Intensities, % of disintegrations (L X-ray)	E_γ (keV) ~ 14 84.0 86.5	$I(\gamma)^*$ 7 1.8 0.7	$I(e^-)^{**}$ 4.4 1.7	$I(e^-)^{**}$ α_L L/M 0.6 2.4 7.3 0.2 2.4 8.5	*See above. See above. **41810 J.Surugue, CR 213, 172 (1941). $I(e^-)$ in disagreement with α particle %'s. $I(L X-ray)$ in agreement if fluorescence yield = 0.37.

(Th continued on next page)

90 THORIUM Th (continued)

90 138 (continued)	228 e ⁻ 7.6% Compare I(e _L ⁻ + e _M ⁻)=8.9% from 50R10	50A11	From photo plate tracks of e ⁻ 's with common origin with α's.	G.Albouy, J.Teillac, CR 230, 945.
90 140	230 Intensities, % E _γ (kev) 49C34*,50R10** I(γ)* I(γ)** (L X-rays) ~ 14 11 9 68 0.85 0.5 140 0.33 240 0.05 }0.3		Same type discrepancy here as noted for Th ²²⁸ . High conversion of γ's indicates big spin change not reflected by α particle %'s.	50R10. See Th ²²⁷ . 49C34. I.Curie, J. de phys. et rad. (8) 10, 381.
90 142	232 α Range=15.1μ*	49K39	*In Ilford B1 emulsion. Cf. U ²³⁴ and U ²³⁸ .	H.Korsching, Z. Naturforsch. 4a, 583.

91 PROTACTINIUM Pa

91 139	230 τ _α 1400y* α ~ 3.4x10 ⁻³ %* p 29 ^h Ac ²²⁶ , chem	50M8	*Assuming K/β ⁻ = 10. Ac separated from large amounts of Pa ²³⁰ and identified by α of daughter.	W.W.Meinke, G.T.Seaborg, UCRL-589 and PR 78, 475.
91 144	235 τ 23.7m β 1.4 a No γ's detected a	50M8	Produced by U-9 Mev p-α and U-19 Mev d-αn, chem.	See above.

92 URANIUM U

U	σ _t 4.92	50D1	Be-190 Mev d-n. Bi-f detector.	J.DeJuren, N.Knable, PR 77, 808.
92 141	233 σ(d,xn)Np	50M14	Approximate values given for E _d =15 and 50 Mev.	L.B.Magnusson, et al., PR 78, 383.
92 142	234 α Range=19.0μ*	49K39	*In Ilford B1 emulsion. Cf. U ²³⁸ and Th ²³² .	H.Korsching, Z. Naturforsch. 4a, 583.
92 143	235 σ(d,xn)Np	50M14	Approximate values given for E _d =45, 70, and 100 Mev.	L.B.Magnusson, et al., PR 78, 383.
	α 10% 4.576 ic	50PGS	Highly separated U ²³⁵ sample.	I.Perlman, et al., PR 77, 28.
92 146	238 σ(d,xn)Np	50M14	Approximate values given for E _d =45 and 120 Mev.	L.B.Magnusson, et al., PR 78, 383.
	α Range=16.3μ*	49K39	*In Ilford B1 emulsion. Cf. U ²³⁴ and Th ²³² .	H.Korsching, Z.Naturforsch. 4a, 583.

93 NEPTUNIUM Np

93-Np 96-Cm
94-Pu 97-Bk
95-Am 98-Cf

231 93 138	τ α p 38 ^m Pa ²²⁷	50 ^m 6.28	ic	50M14	Produced by U ²³³ -45 Mev d-4n. α pulse analysis.	L.B.Magnusson, et al., PR 78, 363.
232 ? 93 139?	τ γ 's X-rays	13 ^m	a a	50M14	Produced by U ²³³ -17 Mev d-3n. Assignment preliminary. U daughter not yet looked for.	See above.
233 93 140	τ $\alpha \sim 10^{-3}\%$ * γ ? K,L X-rays	35 ^m 5.53	ic a a	50M14	Produced by U ²³³ -15 Mev d-2n, U ²³⁵ -45 Mev d-4n, chem. No U daughter activity found. *Assuming one L X-ray/dis.	See above.
235 93 142	$\alpha \sim 5 \times 10^{-3}\%$			50PGS		I.Perlman, et al., PR 77, 26.

94 PLUTONIUM Pu

232 94 138	K > 85% α < 15%			50PGS		I.Perlman, et al., PR 77, 26.
234 94 140	$\alpha \sim 3\%$			50PGS		See above.
239 94 141	α_0 $\alpha_1 \sim 30\%$	5.147 ~ 5.100	$s\pi$ $s\pi$	50R9	Based on α_1 (ThC) = 6.089. Possibly weaker α groups.	S.Rosenblum, et al., Comptes rendus 230, 638.

95 AMERICIUM Am

239 95 144	$\alpha \sim 0.01\%$			50PGS		I.Perlman, et al., PR 77, 26.
241 95 146	$\alpha\gamma$ coincidences			50PGS	Preliminary measurements.	See above.
242 95 147 16 ^h	β	0.63	a	50G8		J.M.Grunlund, et al., PR 78, 69.

96 CURIUM Cm

240 96 144	K < 20% α > 80%			50PGS		I.Perlman, et al., PR 77, 26.
242 96 146	τ	162 ^d		50H14	Produced by Am ²⁴¹ -n- $\gamma\beta$.	G.C.Hanna, et al., PR 78, 617.
244 96 148	τ α	$\sim 10^y$ 5.78		50PGS	Produced by Am ²⁴¹ -38 Mev α . Assignment based on unpublished data.	I.Perlman, et al., PR 77, 26.

97 BERKELIUM Bk

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98 CALIFORNIUM Cf

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List of Journals, Volumes and Numbers, Surveyed for Supplement I, January to July, 1950

<i>Journal</i>	<i>Abbreviation Used</i>	<i>Volume, Numbers</i>
Annalen der Physik	Ann. Phys., Lpz.	7, Nos. 1-6*
Annales de Physique	Ann. Phys., Paris	5, Jan.-June
Arkiv för Fysik	Arkiv för Fysik	1, Nos. 1-6 (1949,1950) 2, No. 1.
Canadian Journal of Research	Can. J. Research	28A, Nos. 1-4
Comptes rendus hebdomadaires des séances de l'academie des sciences	Comptes rendus	230, Nos. 1-28
Guide to Russian Scientific Periodical Literature	Guide to Russ. Sci. Lit.	3, Nos. 1-6
Helvetica Physica Acta	Helv. Phys. Acta HPA**	23, Nos. 1-4
Indian Journal of Physics	Indian J. Phys.	24, Nos. 1-4
Journal of American Chemical Society	J. Am. Chem. Soc.	72, Nos. 1-8
Journal de physique et le radium	J. de phys. et rad.	Series (8), 11, Nos. 1-8
Journal of Chemical Physics	J. Chem. Phys.	18, Nos. 1-8
Nature	Nature	165, Nos. 4184-4208
Die Naturwissenschaften	Naturwiss.	37, Nos. 1-12
Nuclear Science Abstracts	NSA	4, Nos. 1-12
Nuovo Cimento	Nuovo Cim.	7, Nos. 1-3
Philosophical Magazine	Phil. Mag.	41, Nos. 312-317
Physica	Physica	16, Nos. 1-5
Physical Review	Phys. Rev. PR**	77, Nos. 1-8 78, Nos. 1-8
Physics Abstracts	Phys. Abst.	53, Nos. 625-630
Portugaliae Physica	Portugaliae Physica	3, No. 1 (1949)
Proceedings of the Cambridge Philosophical Society	Proc. Camb. Phil. Soc.	46, Nos. 1, 2
Proceedings of the Physical Society	Proc. Phys. Soc., Lond.	A63, Nos. 361-366
Proceedings of the Royal Society of London	Proc. Roy. Soc.	A200, Nos. 1060-1063, (1949, 1950) A201, Nos. 1064-1067 A202, No. 1068
Zeitschrift für Naturforschung	Z. Naturforsch.	5a, Nos. 1-6 5b, Nos. 1-4
Zeitschrift für Physik	Z. Phys.	127, Nos. 1-5 128, No. 1

* All numbers are inclusive.

All dates are 1950 except where otherwise noted.

** These abbreviations are used in the body of the supplement.

Additions to Old References

The following is a list of better references for data already reported in the *Table* from private communications, reports, abstracts, or other advance information.

<u>Reference Key Used in Table</u>	<u>New Reference</u>
1946	
46G31	All neutron energies listed in this reference are average values. Sinh $\sqrt{2E} \cdot e^{-E}$ gives the energy distribution of the prompt fission neutrons used where $E=E_n$ in Mev (TID-235).
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48I7	E. N. Jensen, L. J. Laslett, R. T. Nichols, W. W. Pratt, Phys. Rev. 79 , 243(A).
48J10	A. H. Jaffey, E. K. Hyde, AECD-2794; NSA 4 , #1563.
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49A7	D. E. Alburger, Phys. Rev. 76 , 435.
49B57	H. Brown, V. Perez-Mendez, Phys. Rev. 78 , 649.
49C15	J. M. Cork, H. B. Keller, W. C. Rutledge, A. E. Stoddard, Phys. Rev. 78 , 95.
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- 48Q23 V. V. Gei, G. D. Latyshev, M. V. Pasechnik, *Doklady Akad. Nauk, SSSR*, **63**, 239.
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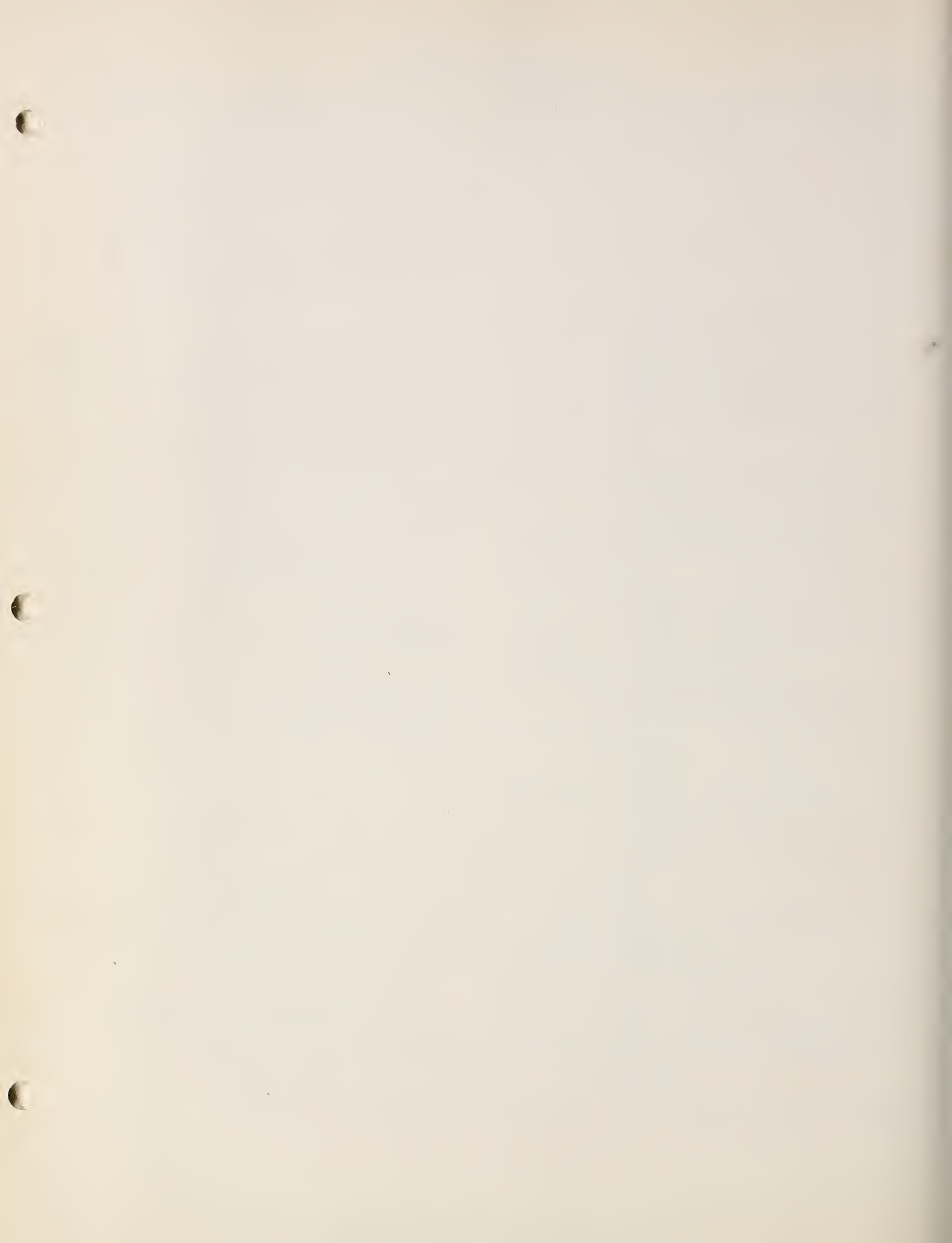
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